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October 3, 2014

The Honorable Charles T. Hagel Secretary of Defense

Dear Secretary Hagel:

In a letter to you dated December 5, 2013, my office announced its review of the procurement of a fleet of twenty G222 (C-27A) aircraft for use in Afghanistan, at a cost of \$486 million.¹ This program was terminated in March 2013, after sustained, serious performance, maintenance, and spare parts problems and the planes were grounded.

It has recently come to my attention that the sixteen G222s accepted and delivered to Afghanistan which were for some time sitting idle on a tarmac at the Kabul International Airport—were turned over to the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) and have since been scrapped. A letter concerning this development was sent to the Secretary of the Air Force and is attached.² I have been informed that the remaining four G222 aircraft at Ramstein Air Force Base, Germany were not turned over to DLA for scrapping, and that a final decision on the fate of those planes has not yet been made.

Our review of the procurement of the G222 fleet is on-going. In my recent letter to the Secretary of the Air Force, I asked about plans for the disposition of the four remaining planes located in Germany. The SIGAR review team anticipated having an on-site inspection of the G222s as part of that overall procurement and lessons learned review. I request, therefore, that your office provide me with sufficient advance notice of any change in the status of the four remaining G222s.

I am submitting this request pursuant to my authority under Public Law No. 110-181, as amended, and the Inspector General Act of 1978, as amended. Provide the requested information to Jack Mitchell, Director of the Office of Special Projects, at the second seco

, if you have any questions.

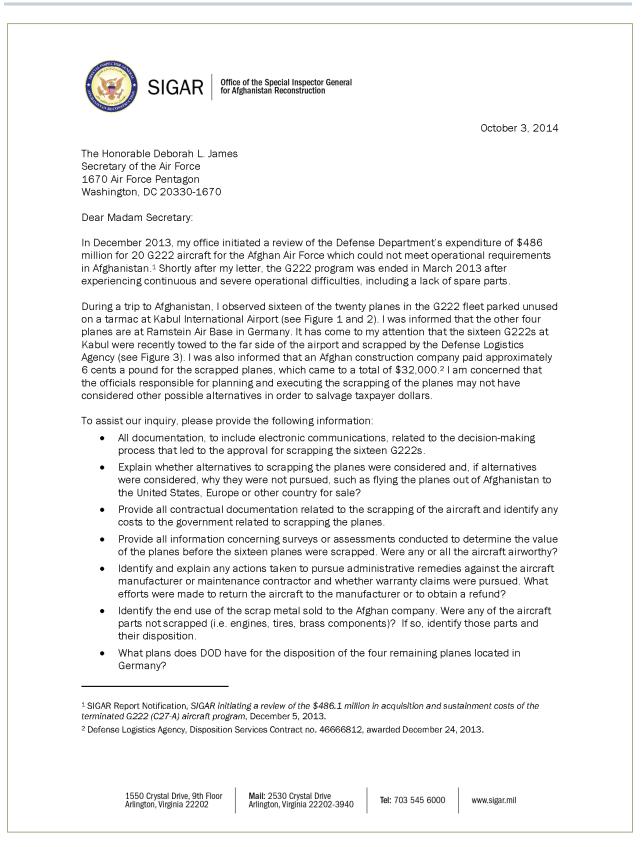
Sincerely,

John F. Sopko Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction

¹ SIGAR-15-02-SP, Scrapping of the G222 Fleet at Kabul Airport, October 3, 2014, see Attachment I.

² SIGAR-SP-19, Lessons Learned Review of the G222 (C-27A) Aircraft Program, see Attachment II.

ATTACHMENT I: SIGAR-15-02-SP INQUIRY LETTER: SCRAPPING OF G222 FLEET AT KABUL AIRPORT, DATED 03 OCTOBER 2014



Please provide your response no later than October 17, 2014. I am submitting this request pursuant to my authority under Public Law No. 110-181, as amended, and the Inspector General Act of 1978, as amended. Provide the requested information to Jack Mitchell, Director of the Office of Special Projects, at john.h.mitchell161.civ@mail.mil or contact him at (703) 545-5964, if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

John F. Sopko Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction

CC:

The Honorable Charles T. Hagel Secretary of Defense

General Lloyd J. Austin III Commander, U.S. Central Command

General John F. Campbell Commander, U.S. Forces–Afghanistan and Commander, International Security Assistance Force

SIGAR-15-02-SP Inquiry Letter: Scrapping of G222 Fleet at Kabul Airport

ATTACHMENT I: PICTURES OF THE G222 FLEET AT KABUL INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT, KABUL, AFGHANISTAN



Figure 1 – G222 Fleet Kabul, Afghanistan



Figure 2 – Special Inspector General John Sopko inspects the abandoned G222 Fleet at Kabul International Airport in November 2013

SIGAR-15-02-SP Inquiry Letter: Scrapping of G222 Fleet at Kabul Airport



Figure 3 - G222 shredded scrap Kabul, Afghanistan August 2014

SIGAR-15-02-SP Inquiry Letter: Scrapping of G222 Fleet at Kabul Airport

ATTACHMENT II: SIGAR SP-19, LESSONS LEARNED REVIEW OF THE G222 (C-27A) AIRCRAFT PROGRAM, DATED DECEMBER 5, 2013



In November 2013, I visited Afghanistan and met with Brigadier General John Michel, Commanding General for the NATO Air Training Command-Afghanistan, who explained what went wrong with the G222 program and shared the results of a "lessons learned" review designed to help prevent similar mistakes in the future.

Despite the actions taken by the NATO Air Training Command-Afghanistan, Congress remains interested in, why DOD purchased aircraft that apparently could not be sustained and what will happen to the G222s currently sitting unused at the Kabul International Airport and in Ramstein Air Force Base Germany. Therefore, SIGAR is launching a review of the terminated G222 aircraft program in response to these congressional concerns and the need to ensure that the U.S. government does not repeat the mistakes made throughout this nearly half billion dollar program.

Per our agency procedures, we coordinated this notification with other oversight bodies, and obtained information on completed and ongoing audits related to our proposed objectives. We appreciate that supporting this oversight project will require the time and attention of agency staff, and we will try to avoid duplicative requests for information and meetings.

The enclosure provides information on the objectives and planned work for this review. Please notify the appropriate individuals of this review. We would appreciate if arrangements could be made to conduct an entrance conference during the week of December 22, 2013. Please contact my Director (Acting) of Special Projects, Jerry W. Clark, at 703-545-5965 or at jerry.w.clark50.civ@mail.mil if you have any additional questions and to make these arrangements.

Sincerely,

Tyle

John F. Sopko Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction

Enclosure

cc:

Lieutenant General Mark A Milley Commander, International Security Assistance Force Joint Command

Major General Kevin R. Wendel Commanding General, Combined Security Transition Command-Afghanistan

Brigadier General John Michel Commanding General for the NATO Air Training Command-Afghanistan

The Honorable Jamie E. Morin Assistant Secretary of the Air Force (Financial Management and Comptroller)

OFFICE OF THE SPECIAL INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR AFGHANISTAN RECONSTRUCTION (SIGAR) NOTIFICATION OF SPECIAL PROJECT

SUBJECT

Lessons Learned Review of the G222 (C-27A) Aircraft Program

SPECIAL PROJECT CODE

SIGAR-SP-19

BACKGROUND

The drawdown of United States and coalition military forces from Afghanistan by December 2014 requires the successful transition of military responsibilities to the Afghan National Security Forces. Senior U.S. leaders have noted that providing close air support, evacuating the wounded, and resuppling military units are only possible in Afghanistan with aircraft, but the Afghan Air Force (AAF) has encounted many challenges establishing air capabilities to assume the duties previously provided by coalition forces.

In September 2008, the U.S. Air Force contracted with Alenia North America³ to provide 20 G222 (C-27A) aircraft to the AAF. On January 31, 2013, the Department of Defense Inspector General (DODIG) reported that the G222 Project Management Office (PMO) and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Training Mission–Afghanistan/Combined Security Transition Command – Afghanistan (NTM-A/CSTC-A) did not properly manage the effort to obtain the spare parts needed to keep the aircraft flightworthy Despite spending \$486.1 million on the program, DODIG reported that the aircraft flew only 234 of the 4,500 required hours from January through September 2012. The DODIG also concluded that an additional \$200 million in Afghanistan Security Forces Funds might have to be spent on spare parts for the aircraft to meet operational requirements, noting that several critical spare parts for the aircraft were unavailable. In December 2012, the Program Executive Office for Air Force Mobility Programs at the Air Force Life Cycle Management Center notified the contract to that it would not issue a follow-on sustainment contract. The Program Executive Office also indicated that the AAF would use an alternate aircraft to meet its long-term medium airlift requirement, effectively ending the G222 program in March 2013.

Since then, the NATO Air Training Command – Afghanistan (NATC-A) conducted a "lessons learned" exercise that outlines many of the problems experienced by the G222 program. This exercise, along with the other reviews completed by DODIG and NATC-A, can provide a basis for analyzing the challenges that led to the termination of the program and help prevent similar mistakes from reoccurring in other major major AAF purchases.

OBJECTIVES

SIGAR will:

- 1. Review the decision to provide 20 G222s to the AAF.
- 2. Determine the total amount spent to procure, operate, sustain, and dispose of the G222s.
- 3. Review future plans (disposal or otherwise) for the G222s.
- Evaluate what processes and controls have been put in place to prevent similar challenges from affecting future AAF purchases.

³ A subsidiary of Alenia Aermacchi.

ANTICIPATED LOCATIONS TO BE VISITED

We plan to conduct fieldwork in Washington, DC, and possible locations in Afghanistan.

SIGAR CONTACTS

- Jerry W. Clark, Director (Acting) of Special Projects, 703-545-5965, jerry.w.clark50.civ@mail.mil
- Nicolaus R. Heun, Senior Analyst, 703-545-6111, nicolaus.r.heun.civ@mail.mil