This document is made available through the declassification efforts and research of John Greenewald, Jr., creator of:

The Black Vault



The Black Vault is the largest online Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) document clearinghouse in the world. The research efforts here are responsible for the declassification of hundreds of thousands of pages released by the U.S. Government & Military.

Discover the Truth at: http://www.theblackvault.com



Federal Bureau of Investigation

Washington, D.C. 20535

April 26, 2013



Subject: File Number HQ 94-3-2

FOIPA No.

The enclosed documents were reviewed under the Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA), Title 5, United States Code, Section 552/552a. Deletions have been made to protect information which is exempt from disclosure, with the appropriate exemptions noted on the page next to the excision. In addition, a deleted page information sheet was inserted in the file to indicate where pages were withheld entirely. The exemptions used to withhold information are marked below and explained on the enclosed Explanation of Exemptions:

	Section 552	Section 552a
(b)(1)	(b)(7)(A)	(d)(5)
(b)(2)	(b)(7)(B)	(j)(2)
(b)(3)	▽ (b)(7)(C)	(k)(1)
	☞ (b)(7)(D)	(k)(2)
	▽ (b)(7)(E)	(k)(3)
	(b)(7)(F)	(k)(4)
(b)(4)	(b)(8)	(k)(5)
(b)(5)	(b)(9)	(k)(6)
▽ (b)(6)		(k)(7)

543 page(s) were reviewed and 542 page(s) are being released.

Γ	Document(s) were lo	cated which originated with, or contained information concerning other Government
	agency(ies) [OGA].	This information has been:

referred to the OGA for review and direct response to you.

referred to the OGA for consultation. The FBI will correspond with you regarding this information when the consultation is finished.

In accordance with standard FBI practice and pursuant to FOIA exemption (b)(7)(E) and Privacy Act exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. § 552/552a (b)(7)(E)/(j)(2)], this response neither confirms nor denies the existence of your subject's name on any watch lists.

For your information, Congress excluded three discrete categories of law enforcement and national security records from the requirements of the FOIA. See 5 U.S. C. § 552(c) (2006 & Supp. IV (2010). This response is limited to those records that are subject to the requirements of the FOIA. This is a standard

notification that is given to all our requesters and should not be taken as an indication that excluded records do, or do not, exist.

You have the right to appeal any denials in this release. Appeals should be directed in writing to the Director, Office of Information Policy (OIP), U.S. Department of Justice,1425 New York Ave., NW, Suite 11050, Washington, D.C. 20530-0001, or you may submit an appeal through OIP's eFOIA portal at http://www.justice.gov/oip/efoia-portal.html. Your appeal must be received by OIP within sixty (60) days from the date of this letter in order to be considered timely. The envelope and the letter should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Appeal." Please cite the FOIPA Request Number assigned to your request so that it may be easily identified.

The enclosed material is from the main investigative file(s) in which the subject(s) of your request was the focus of the investigation. Our search located additional references, in files relating to other individuals, or matters, which may or may not be about your subject(s). Our experience has shown when ident, references usually contain information similar to the information processed in the main file(s). Because of our significant backlog, we have given priority to processing only the main investigative file(s). If you want the references, you must submit a separate request for them in writing, and they will be reviewed at a later date, as time and resources permit.

See additional information which follows.

Sincerely,

David M. Hardy
Section Chief
Record/Information
Dissemination Section
Records Management Division

Enclosure(s)

You are advised that this release contains FBI Headquarters File Number 94-3-2, sections 1 through 5 identifiable with the subject of your request and are being released on the enclosed CD.

Upon receipt of the enclosed CD-ROM, please go to www.pay.gov to make an electronic payment* in the amount of \$15.00, or make a check or money order payable to the Federal Bureau of Investigation and mail it to the Work Process Unit, Record/Information Dissemination Section, Records Management Division, Federal Bureau of Investigation, 170 Marcel Drive, Winchester, VA 22602. Please include the FOIPA Request Number(s) with your payment. Failure to pay for this release will close any pending FBI FOIPA requests from you. Nonpayment will also cause an automatic denial of any future FOIPA requests.

This concludes the processing of FOIPA request number

*Pay.gov is a secure web-based application that accepts credit card and ACH payments online, and is hosted by the United States Department of Treasury, Financial Management Service. For frequent FOIPA requesters, it is recommended to create a Pay.gov account to retain an online history of payments made through Pay.gov and to retain specific information for future payments. To make an electronic payment, complete the FBI Freedom of Information Act and Privacy Act Form located on Pay.gov. Please note: if a refund is necessary, there is less processing time to refund a credit card payment than an ACH payment.

lir. Nathan . JOHN EDGAR HOOVE Lir. Tolson ... DIRECTOR Mr. Benghman Federal Bureau of Investigation Mr. Clazz . U. S. Department of Justice SJT:AM Mashington, D. C. Mr. Forworth June 19, 1936. MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR INVESTIGATOR Re: It was suggested by Miss Gandy that the next issue of the Investigator, which will be published about the time the SAC conference is being held in the first part of July, contain a special article devoted to SAC Gus Jones. It will be recalled that Mr. Jones completes his tmentieth year in the service of the FBI in July, 1936. I believe this suggestion is an excellent one and have instructed Mr. Joseph to arrange for a picture to be taken of Mr. Jones during the time he is attending the conference, and in this connection it is suggested that in addition to an informal picture, a picture be taken of the Director congratulating SAC Jones upon the completion of his twentieth year. In discussing this matter with Miss Gandy, it was agreed that such a feature might well be carried in the succeeding issues of the Investigator, and if approved, I will instruct Mr. Joseph to secure a list of the older employees, both clerical and Special Agents, with the view to running at least one in each issue. I believe such an article will be of considerable interest to the Field service. Respectfully. RECORDED BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WUL 211936 A. M. JUL 21 1956 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF WATER

By

pt



Federal Bureau of Investigation

United States Bepartment of Instice

SJT:AM

Washington, N. C. August 17, 1936.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Re: INVESTIGATOR

It has been suggested, and approved by the directors of the Athletic Association, that the Investigator be issued but six times a year, instead of monthly as heretofore. It is believed that this will effect a considerable savings in time in the compilation and mimeographing of this publication.

All work on the Investigator, both in the compilation and in the printing, is being done outside of regular office hours, and all costs of paper, mailing, etc., are being borne by the association.

Respectfully,

01/2/1

S. J. Tracy.

RECORDED

AUG 29 1935

AUG 26 1936 . 1.

AUG 26 1936 . 1.

SIESTICE

SIESTICE

SIESTICE

FILE

Mr. Bauzhman

Mr. Clegs

Mr. Coxey

Mr. Dawsey

Mr. Dawsey

Mr. Egan

Mr. Egan

Mr. Herbo

Mr. Herbo

Mr. Herbo

Mr. Joseph

Mr. Gester

Mr. Nichole

Mr. Schilder

Mr. Tama

Mr. Tama

Mr. Tracy

Mies Gardy

Mr. Nathan .

Mr. Toleon.

Federal Bureau of Investigation Athletic Association U. S. Department of Instice Pennsylvania Avenue at Ninth Street, N. W.

Washington, D. C. August 17, 1936.

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. JOSEPH

MR. RENNEBERGER

The Board of Directors of the Athletic Association has voted to issue the Investigator every two months, instead of monthly as in the past. The July issue now being in the process of printing, the following issues should be for the month of September and every two months thereafter.

All work in connection with the compilation, printing, and mailing of the Investigator must be done after regular office hours.

Very truly yours,

President.

RECORDED

1.U/ 10 1936 P.M.

NOV 11 1936

FILE

Mr. Nathen Mr. Tolson JOHN EDGAR HOOVER Mr. Baughman DIRECTOR Federal Bureau of Investigation Mr. Coffey Mr. Dawsey ____ M. S. Department of Justice EAT: TMF Mr. Edwards -----Mr. Cgan Mashington, D. C. Mr. Foxworth ... Mr. Harbo L August 13, 1936 Mr. Joseph Mr. Nichcle MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR Mr. Qalua With reference to the attached suggested letter addressed to all Agents in Charge, requesting the names of the representatives of the field offices designated to furnish naterial for the Investigator be furnished to the Bureau and issuing instructions which should be strictly adhered to", I believe it might be well to have this letter prepared for the signature of the President of the Athletic Association or the Editor of the Investigator. I have in mind that in so far as it can be done without divorcing the Athletic Association from the Bureau, matters pertaining to the organization and operation of the Athletic Association should be handled with your approval, of course, through the President or other appropriate officer of the Association, in order to prevent any charge being made at any time that the Bureau is utilizing any portion of its appropriation, equipment, stationery, etc., for the operation of the Athletic Association. Respectfully / le all anch matt SEP 8 1936 P. H. U. S DEPART TENT OF JUSTICE 1936 FILE

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER

Jederal Bureau of Investigation U. S. Department of Instice Washington, D. C.

Special Agent in Charge,

Dear Sir:

For the purpose of the record, it is desired that you advise the Bureau the name of the employee who is the representative for The Investigator in your office. In the event your office has not submitted a news article this month, your representative should be instructed to transmit this material immediately.

Hereafter when it becomes impossible by reason of transfer or other causes for your representative to contribute an article from your office, it will be incumbent upon you to notify the Bureau of this fact and to name a successor.

The manner in which this monthly article is to be submitted is set forth on page 14, Volume 5, Number 5, of The Investigator and the rules as laid down there should be strictly adhered to.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover, Director.

94-3-2-15

Federal Bureau of Investigation

M. S. Department of Justice

506 Fletcher Trust Bldg. Indianapolis, Ind. August 28, 1936.

R. E. Joseph. Editor in Chief, The Investigator. FBI Athletic Association, Federal Bureau of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice.

Dear sir:

In Volume 5, No. 6 of The Investigator, I read with interest the "FBIdentities" as it related to SAC. Gus Jones of San Antonio, Texas; inwhich it was stated that he has served longer with the Bureau than any other employee. If the date of affiliation of Mr. Jones with the Bureau is correctly stated therein, I wish to state that it is my under standing that I have had a longer period of service with the Bureau. I became affiliated with the Bureau in February 1915 as a Local White Slave Officer, under Director A. Bruce Bielaski, Hon. Thomas Watt Gregory then being the Attorney General. At that time our credentials consisted of Written ones and a silver colored badge, describing us as being a "Local White Slave Officer. I entered the service of the Bureau at the age of 22 and have been with it continuously since that date.

Very truly yours.

RECORDEI

INDEXED

NOT 11 1036

NOV 9 1936 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

P. M.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE WASHINGTON, D. C.

REJ:PM

January 26, 1937.

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

In keeping with the past policy of adding the names of all the members attending the TBI National Police Academy, I am attaching the list of the Police enrollees of the current school with the recommendation that their names be added to the following mailing lists:

- (1) FBI Law Enforcement Bulletin
- (2) General mailing list
- (3) Investigator mailing list.

Respectfully,

R. E. Joseph.

BEINERUND

94-3-2-45

14

Land Mark of Best

HENRY SUYDAM
SPECIAL EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Department of Justice Washington

February 15, 1937

Mr. Nethan Mr. Tolson

Mr. Baughman

Mr. Foxworth Mr. Glavin Mr. Marko Mr. Joseph

Mr. Nichols....... Mr. Quinz.....

Mr. Schilder

Mr. Tracy encourage.
Mics Gazdy.execution

Mr. Egen.

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. JOHN EDGAR HOOVER DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Mr. Roger Hawthorne, Correspondent of the Associated

Press, has asked me whether it would be possible for him to obtain a copy of the most recent issue of "The Investigator."

deun drydau

Henry Suydam, Special Executive Assistant to the Attorney General.

no. This is strictly an association publication of available only to its members a.

W137

RECORDED & INDEXED

94-3-2-	46
FEDCRAL BUREAU OF I	IVESTIGATION
FEB 16 1937	A. M.
LI PARIXENT	OF JUSTICE
TOLSON RUS. W. RRACT	FILE

CT: ACS

94-3-2-46

February 17, 1937.

RECORDED

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. HENRY SUYDAM, SPECIAL EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

In response to your memorandum of February 15th concerning the request of Mr. Roger Hawthorne of the Associated Press for a copy of the most recent issue of "The Investigator", please be advised that this publication is issued by the FBI Athletic Association and copies are made available only to members of the Association who are employed in the Bureau.

Very truly yours.

يلايد الله السائلة ال

John Edgar Hoover, Director.

FEB 1. 0 1937

1- Joseph

May 29, 1937.

09

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. THACY MR. JOSEPH

In reading the current issue of "The Investigator," I was carticularly impressed with the fact that only nineteen offices out of our entire group of field offices were represented in the publication. This is a very bad showing, and I do want some steps to be taken to see that each field office has each month a report to be included in "The Investigator." I think that this should be taken up not only by letters with the Epecial Agents in Charge, but when our Special Agents in Charge are in for conference the latter part of June and July I would like to have special reference made to this matter. If the publication is to serve the purpose for which it was originally intended, it should be comprehensive, and all field offices should be represented in each issue.

I would like also to suggest that a copy of the publication be sent to the nearest of kin of each of the Agents who have been killed in the service of the Bureau.

I would like further to suggest that a copy of the publication be sent to Congressmen Houston, whose remarks are printed in full in "The Investigator" as delivered upon the floor of the House.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover, Director.

RECORDED

94-3-2-69

JHM: JYC

June 5, 1937.

Tent to all SACs and Supervisors 6/5/37

Dear Sir:

Nany of the Field Divisions are not contributing regularly to the Investigator. The editorial staff is giwing of its time and labor to give you a publication which it feels you would want and in which you would be interested. Every bit of this work must be, and is, done on overtime because of its unofficial nature. We of the staff are glad to do our part, but in order to produce a publication which is truly representative of the entire personnel we must have regular contributions from all of the Field Divisions. This is a "we" publication and is designed to reflect the news both at the Seat of Government and in the Field.

In order that more and better issues of the Investigator may be published in the future, you are requested to bring this letter to the attention of all personnel assigned to your office. You should designate an appropriate representative to see personally that regular contributions are submitted and advise the editors of the individual so designated. All material must be submitted to the Bureau not later than the tenth of each month.

Very truly yours,

R. E. Joseph, Fditor.

RECORDED

94-3-2-97

JUN 30 1937 19 M.

1 3, La PARTS of the

MW

fre

December 13, 1937.

Mr. David D. Celdwell, Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Caldwell:-

Mr. Tolson has referred to me the copy of

The Rescript of Gamma Eta Gamma for November, 1937.

I enjoyed very much reading the article concerning the Gamma Eta Gamma alumni in the Federal

Bureau of Investigation, and I indeed appreciate your than a courtesy in sending this volume to as.

With the Season's Greetings,

Sincerely,

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION MAIL DEC 1 5 1937 FEBERAL SUBERIUSE INFOST CONTURE N. S. DEPARTMENT OF JEST IN

In secretaria.

机构 建铁铁 化水流

at lester i

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Room	5744		17	19		1937	•
* E		÷					
To:		Mr. Mr. Chie Miss Mr. Mr. Mr. Mr. Mr.	ctor Natha Clegg Tamm Glavi f Cle Gand Tracy Schil Harbo Foxwo Renne Nicho	n rk y der rth berg	Mr. Nothing Mr. Tolson Mr. Crees. Mr. Crowl Mr. Crowl Mr. Crowl Mr. Egen	TAR SESSEE STREET SESSE STREET SESSEE STREET SESSE STREET SESSEE STREET SESSEE STREET SESSEE STREET SESSEE STREET SESSEE STREET SESSE STRE	
		File	s Sec	tion ffer	Mr. Molach		
See M		معج	For	Appr	Mr. Sobida Mr. Tambi Otorand	Retur	n
	ر در مورس		190/s		,	1 TE 1	
گوری کچر		لارم	<u> </u>				~
	~h						-
			-	C	lyde To	lson	-

Mr. Folson, Room 5744. If you have not already, seen this, it may be of interest to

M BECLW

RECORDED

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION P. M.

U.S. CERTIFICENT OF JUSTIC

EOF POR

Fi

M

8

ENCLOSURE

94-3-2-127

334

ITEM (S)

CAN NOT

BE SCANNED

DESCRIPTION

BOOK "The RESCRIPT OF GAMMA ETA GAMMA"

The RESCRIPT of GAMMA ETA GAMMA



Report of the Twenty-Sixth Witan
William Tyler Page . . .
On the President's Powers

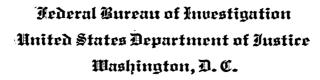
AUTUMN ISSUE - NOVEMBER, 1937

94-3-2-129 Changed to 62-26116



John Edgar Hoover DIRECTOR nederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice Mashington, D. C. September 27. LAH:BG MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR The Executive Conference, those present being Messrs. E. A. Tamm, Quinn Tamm, Nichols, Lawler, Laud, Glavin, Hince and Rosen, considered again the question of the furnishing of copies of The Investigator to graduates of the BI National Police Academy. 13) It was pointed out that sometime ago the Bureau established the regulation that graduates of the Academy should not be furnished The Investigator unless they paid the one dollar per year membership in the FBI Recreational Association. The Conference was advised that approximately 20 of the graduates subscribed to the Association by paying the one dollar fee. Accordingly, it was suggested to the Conference that there is considerable additional work required in maintaining the FBI NPA section of The Investigator when, as a matter of fact, only about 20 of the graduates receive it. Messrs. Clegg, Glavin, Lawler and Hince were in favor of furnishing The Investigator free of charge to all graduates. Messrs. E. A. Tarm, Quinn Tarm, Rosen and Ladd were in favor of continuing the present policy of furnishing The Investigator only to those who join the Recreational Association. It was suggested, in the event the Director approves furnishing The Investigator only to those who pay for it, that consideration be given to bringing up the matter of subscriptions to the Investigator before the Annual Retraining School in order to increase the number of copies received by the graduates and, in that way, to make the special NPA section worthwhile. Respectfully, FOR THE CONFERENCE RECORDED A Chairman -40 148,84 long W. R. Glavin, Secretary EDERAL BUREAU

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER DIRECTOR



QT:mac

November 4, 1940

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Mr. E. A. Tames Mr. Foxworth

H

JORDED GOPY

Mr. Clegg

The Executive Conference, Messrs. E. A. Tam, Nathan, Clegg, Ladd, Nichols, Glavin, Rosen, Tracy and Quinn Tama being present, considered again the problem presented by the transmittel of "The Investigator" to graduates of the National Police Academy. As you know at the present time "The Investigator" is transmitted only to those graduates who pay the annual dollar subscription. There are only 35 police officers who have sent their dollar in for subscription.

Mr. Quinn Tarm recommended that the Bureau discontinue at the end of the year the sending of "The Investigator" to the NPA Graduates and maintain "The Investigator" as a purely Bureau publication.

Messrs. E. A. Tamm, Nathan, Ladd, Rosen and Tracy feel that the present policy should continue and that those who subscribe to "The Investigator" should be permitted to receive it.

Messrs. Clegg, Nichols and Glavin feel that "The Investigator" is a vital part of the contact by the Bureau with the personnel of the NPA and recommend that "The Investigator" be sent free of charge to all graduates of the Police Academy.

> Respectfully, For the Conference,

Clyde Tolson, Chairman

avin, Secretary

NOV 12 19/10

TM

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HENEINIS UNCLASSIFIED , 23,013 DATE 7-17- 90 BY SAS CLIPAS

RECORDED

PERSONAL ATTENTION

SAC	ALBANY	DETROIT	MEMPHIS	PROVIDENCE
ì	ATLANTA	EL PASO	MIAMI	RICHMOND
ı	BALTIMORE	GRAND RAPIDS	MILWAUKEE	ST. LOUIS
•	BIRMINGHAM	HONOLULU	NEWARK	ST. PAUL
	BOSTON	HOUSTON	NEW HAVEN	SALT LAKE CITY
	BUFFALO	HUNTINGTON	NEW ORLEANS	SAN ANTONIO
	BUTTE	INDIANAPOLIS	NEW YORK	SAN DIEGO
	CHARLOTTE	JACKSON	NORFOLK	SAN FRANCISCO
	CHICAGO	JUNEAU	OKLAHOMA CITY	SAN JUAN
	CINCINNATI	KANSAS CITY	ОМАНА	SAVANNAH
	CLEVELAND	KNOXVILLE	PHILADELPHIA	SEATTLE
	DALLAS	LITTLE ROCK	PHOENIX	SIOUX FALLS
	DENVER	LOS ANGELES	PITTSBURGH	SPRINGFIELD
: :	DES MOINES	LOUISVILLE)	PORTLAND	WASHINGTON, D. C.
	Dear Sir:	,		QUANTICO

I was amazed to note the lack of interest in The Investigator displayed by so many of the Special Agents in Charge as indicated by the failure to submit contributions for the January 15th issue of The Investigator.

I have specifically noted that no contribution was included from Baltimore, Birmingham, Boston, Dallas, Denver, Des Moines, Detroit, Houston, Indianapolis, Louisville, Miami, Newark, New Orleans, New York, Phoenix, Providence, Richmond, Salt Lake City, San Antonio, San Juan, or Seattle. Also due to a delinquency in submitting material on time the contributions from Albany, Buffalo, Cleveland, Juneau, Knoxville, Portland, and St. Louis, had to be set up in a separate section as "Stragglers."

The Investigator staff has advised you that an issue wild be published on the fifteenth of each month, and this schedule is nightly adhered to. You have also been instructed that contributions should be forwarded in order to be received at washington before the twentieth of each month for the issue to be published on the fifteenth of the following month.

AN 1942

the material from your office rould be prepared and submitted on time and wold that material received after the twentieth could not be published. It would appear unnecessary for The Investigator staff or me to continually follow up the Field on a matter of this importance.

1-29-42

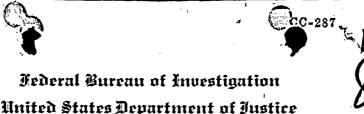
I do hope that through the personal interest and supervision of the Special Agents in Charge we may have a one hundred per cent contribution to The Investigator in the future.

Very truly yours,

J. Ea. Moorer

John Edgar Hoover Director





Washington, D. C.

July 1, 1942

RHL:FG

MEMORANDUM	E ∪B	THE	DIRECTOR
_MOMOUNDOM -	run.	7111	DAIMOTOI

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin_V
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Kramer
Mr. McGuire
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nesse
Miss Beahm
D

The Executive Conference consisting of Messrs. E. A. Tamm, L. B. Nichols, R. P. Kramer, R. C. Hendon, H. H. Clegg, S. J Tracy, C. H. Carson, D. M. Ladd, and R. H. Laughlin considered the Miss Gandy suggestion made by Lawrence W. Towner of the Identification Division with regard to changing the procedure in mailing out the "Investigator." At the present time the copies of the Investigator are stamped in the Mechanical Section with the name of each individual belonging to the FBIRA and they are then sorted in the Movement Section of the Chief Clerk's Office in accordance with the assignment of the individual employees.

Mr. Towner pointed out that in making this distribution for the latest issue a total of 77 man hours were required and he suggests that a list of the members of the FBIRA be arranged according to Division and copies of the list sent with an appropriate supply of the "Investigator" to each Division and Field Office for distribution. The Conference believes that the time and effort necessary to keep a list up to date would be as much if not more trouble than the present system, and therefore, recommends unfavorably as to this suggestion.

Mr. Laughlin offered the suggestion that the "Investigator" be made available to each and every employee of the Bureau regardless of whether or not they were a member of the FBIRA. Mr. Laughlin pointed out that the "Investigator," while certainly a magazine of the FBIRA, was also a semiofficial publication of the Bureau; and that in view of the amount of effort necessary to be sure that the "Investigator" was sent only to those who were members of the FBIRA and the further fact that by far the majority of employees are members, it should be made available to each employee. The rest of the Conference was opposed to this suggestion.

> Respectfully, FOR THE CONFERENCE

OPVICTORY

JUL 1118 12

Clyde Tolson Chairman

RECORDED EN EN LESSEL! JUL 1.6 1942 U.S. BEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN SCION

1826 Irving St., N.W. Washington, D.C. June 22, 1942

Mr. Quinn Tamm, Pres. F.B.I.R.A. Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

Please excuse my presumption in this matter, but inasmuch as I am new to the Bureau I know of no other to whom I can present the problem which arose last night. I am a member of student group #28 in the identification division, midnight shift, and of three weeks' experience. Last night four members of my class and myself were assigned to assist in the Chief Clerk's Office in order that the <u>Investigator</u> could go into the mails today. There were four men from another division, and two from the Chief Clerk's Staff, a total of eleven men working all night, or seventy-seven man hours. Despite this expenditure, the work was not completed.

While I was assisting, it occurred to me that a large amount of man hours was being wasted on a task which could be done in one fourth the time, and perhaps less. Today I have worked out a very simple system which you may have used and discarded, but which to me seems far more efficient than the present mode. Therefore I have decided to submit it to you in the hope that it will be received in the same spirit in which it is profferred My plan, is as follows:

1. Make a list of the members of the Bureau who belong to the Bureau's recreational association arranged according to the divisions in which they work, or field office as the case may be with the compiled from the present membership list and the files in the Chief Clerk's Office.

2. Have this list broken down so as to maintain a separate list for each division and have it run off each month rather than have the names printed on the Investigator. This list should be posted each month where the employees get there issues, and they should check their names as their issues are received.

3. With this list, and the count in each individual section, the sorter! could quickly match the number of names with a like number of copies, label the pile, and either have it sent to the respective section at the seat of government, or with a similar list to the field office.

4. The changes in personnel could be handled as they are filed in the Chief Clerk's Office, thus removing the necessity of a laborious search through the card index each month, and thereby saving many hours of useless work.

I'll stake my clerkship that I could cut down the monthly time on that job from nearly eighty hours to ten hours, an annual saving of eight-hundred and forty hours after the original compilation

is made, KECORDED 80

Lawrence W. Towne

Sincerely

INDEXED

Clyde

Tolson

PROORDED 94-3-2-445

November 4, 1942

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. HOOVER CUNNINGHAM PATTERSON TOLSON EGAN PENNINGTON FITCH TAMM, E. A. RENNEBERGER HARBO SKOUSEN CLEGG GLAVIN HENDON STRICKLAND LADD HINCE TAMM. Q. NICHOLS KIMBALL TIMM ROSEN KRAMER TRAYNOR TRACY LAUGHLIN, R. H. WACKS ALDEN McGUIRE WAIKART CARSON -MUMFORD COFFEY NEASE.

Dear Sir:

I have approved a recommendation of the Executive Conference that a weekly edition of the Investigator be published for the Seat of Government. I think that with the tremendous expansion of the Bureau such a publication is most desirable and should be a great assistance in keeping all of our people informed regarding various Bureau activities.

A suggestion has also been made, which I highly endorse, to the effect that interesting information pertaining to Bureau work be set forth in the weekly edition of the Investigator. Accordingly, it is desired that the issuing of weekly papers by the various Divisions be discontinued; that material which has heretofore appeared in the weekly papers be published with other material from other Divisions in a weekly issue of the Investi-

Mr. Tolson gator. Mr. E. A. Tamm Mr. Clegg___ It will be incumbent upon each Division and each Section in the Mr. Glavin Bureau to designate one person to submit items regarding that individual Mr. Ladd Section and Division to the Crime Records Section where the weekly issue Mr. Nichols of the Investigator will be edited. Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy___ Yours truly, Mr. Carson Communications Section Mr. Coffey___ Mr. Hendon_ Mr. Kramer__ Mr. McGuire_ Mr. Quinn Temm John Edgar Hoover Mr. Nesse HOUSE LEAVING OF INVESTIGATION Director U. A. DEPARTMENT OF RESIDEN Miss Gandy



RKC:MR:IC

Nederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice Mashington, D. C.

January 4, 1943

	Mr. Tolson	
	Mr. E.A. Tamm_	
A	Mr. Clegg	
1.1%	Mr. Glavin	
(/>	Mr. Ladd	
X.	Mr. Nichols	
ν	Mr. Rosen	
	Mr. Carson	
(~
•	Mr. Colley	
	Mr Handon	

CC-287

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. NICHOLS

DISTRIBUTION OF PBI THIS WEEK Tie. Room

Mr. Nease

Mr. Harbo

Mr. Holloman Mr. McGuire .

Mr. Quinn Tamm

Miss Beahm There has been some difficulty in recent Miss Gandy weeks in distributing copies of the TBI This Week to personnel here at the seat of government. Some weeks there have been too many issues printed, with the result that a supply was left over, and in some instances not enough issues were printed to give complete distribution.

The complaint has been voiced that entirely too many copies have been printed up and that as many as 1,200 to 1,400 ments have been left giver to pile up in the supply room downcopies have, been left over to pile up in the supply room down-stairs. As a result of this information the Mechanical Section printed up only 3,000 copies of the January 2nd issue instead of 6,000, the previous number. Three thousand seven hundred of these were sent to the Identification Division and 1,100 were sent to the Files Division, which left something less than 200 copies to be distributed to Divisions Two, Three, part of Four, Five and Six. This number was entirely inadequate.

A check with the Supply Section reveals that when the publication was first started apparently some difficulties in proper distribution were encountered, and the second and third weeks as many as from 300 to 400 extra copies were received in the Supply Section. Since that time, however, namely, in the last month, there have been between 100 and 300 extra copies each week. In no instance has the extra supply each week been returned to the Supply Section in one bunch. Small bundles of 15, 25, 50, or 70 copies have trickled back downstairs anywhere from three or four days to a week after a particular issue has been distributed.

We have checked individually with the various divisions to get a true picture of any removed or insufficient copies which they receive each week. FORDEFENSE

DIVISION I. The seventh floor messenger Bom esti-BUY dozen copies left each week. (For distribution Antroses the copies which go to the Technical Laboratory are being

handled through the seventh floor messenger room along with interpretation Division copies.) Mr. Engert's office advises that the Identification Division could probably use a few more copies each week since they do not have a sufficient supply to send copies to their personnel who are on sick leave.

DIVISION II. Mr. Clegg's office advises that they have no extra copies each week.

DIVISION III. Mr. Glavin's office informs us that they have probably 10 to 20 extra copies each week.

DIVISION IV. Distribution to Division Four is handled through the fifth floor messenger room, and Mr. Stone advises that they sometimes have as many as 200 copies left over.

DIVISION V. The messenger room in Division Five informs us that they sometimes have as many as 25 extra copies, but that generally they do not have a sufficient supply for complete distribution.

DIVISION VI. Mr. Rosen's office advises that that division is usually short a few copies.

A check with the Chief Clerk's Office reveals that, as of Monday, December 28, 1942, 5,736 employees were then working at the seat of government, including those on the field pay rolls. In order that everyone may have the opportunity to secure an issue each week, it is recommended that in the future 6,000 copies of this publication be multilithed each issue.

This publication is becoming well established and our personnel looks forward each week to it. A number of complaints were received on Saturday, January 2, that many had not received their copies. This should be remedied immediately by running off a sufficient number each week.

Respectfully,

J. J. McGuire

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER



RKC:RLY

Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice Washington, D. C.

Mashington, D. C. January 29, 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. NICHOLS

RE: Investigator and FBI This Week

Since the establishment of the weekly newspaper, the "FBI This Week," a few slight difficulties
have been encountered in some of the larger Divisions of
the Bureau from the standpoint of news contributions.

Hany of the correspondents send in the same type of material
for both publications and in several instances duplicate copies
have been made, one copy going to Supervisor Carter for the
Investigator and the other copy for the "FBI This Week." This
is, of course, most undesirable and arrangements are being
perfected to avoid these difficulties in the future. Agent
Carter has conferred with Mr. Engert in the Identification
Division and all of the correspondents from the various shifts
and Sections in Division One will meet for a short school of
instruction Monday afternoon, February 1, 1943, at 3:15 p.M.,
where Mr. Carter will go over some of these problems with them.

We will point out the type of material best suited for the Investigator contrasted to that which is more desirable for the "FBI This Week." We will emphasize that the "FBI This Week" is a news sheet and is better adapted to the short news items and items of purely local and transitory interest. Here the day to day events can be reported. What is good today may be dead copy next month. We will advise them to be on the lookout for small news items and to establish contacts and sources of information throughout their particular Sections in order that all of the activities of all the employees may be adequately covered.

On the other hand some of the thoughts to be kept in mind in preparing copy for the Investigator are as follows:
Being a monthly magazine the Investigator is not addited to 1943 timely news stories or small happenings of the day which lose their importance when read a month or six weeks later. Things to look for in preparing copy for the Investigator are human interest stories, biographical material, unusual personalities, good photographs, and any latent talents and abilities among the employees that could be brought into play. These would include. (a) poem

TORVICTORY that could be brought into play. These would include, (a) poems, (b) Cartoons, (c) Short short-stories, and (d) Etchings or other art works as well as unusual pictures.

1943

Mr. E.A. Tamm Mr. Clegg_ Mr. Glavin Mr. Ladd Mr. Nickovs Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy_ Mr. Carson_ Mr. Coffey Mr. Hendon Mr. Kramer Mr. Machine Mr. Harbo Mr. Quinn Tamm Tele. Room Mr. Nease_ Miss Beahm_ Miss Gandy_

Mr. Tolson

BUY SONDS STAMPS

6 1 FEB

It is planned that this type of short school will be held only for the large Divisions in the Bureau where some difficulty has been encountered in securing representive and well written news items.

RECOMMENDATION: In line with the above plan it is further recommended that a conference be held at some not too distant date to which all of the correspondents at the Seat of Government shall be invited to attend. On the program we shall go into some detail explaining the various problems that we experience from the editorial standpoint. We shall explain completely what happens to their news items from the time they are written until they are retyped on the work sheet, how photographs are handled, what stages the completed Investigator goes through in being approved, and what happens to it after it reaches the Photography Laboratory and the Mechanical Section. This school would be climaxed by a tour from the Crime Records Section to the Photography Laboratory down to the Mechanical Section. The complete story would be explained in detail.

At the class room conference preceding the tour, there are a number of very pertinent matters which could be explained to the news writers--points that would save considerable time, both for them and for the editorial staff of the Investigator. Many of the Bureau's policies in connection with what news is best and what news can not be used would be explained. I think this program, if handled properly, would be quite instructive and would result in a higher quality of contributions from the various Divisions.

Respectfully,

J. J. McGuire

off.

Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice

DKB:RLG

Birmingham, Alabama January 2, 1943

YIL

PERSONAL HAD CONFIDENTIAL

Mr. Ros.

Mr. Traci

Mr. Krane,

Mr. McGu^{*} ; Mr. Quic. ;

Mr. Noos. Miss Ganls

Piles en a

Director, FBI

RE: YON THE BUREAU'S NEWS FRONT

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to Bureau letter dated December 5, 1942, No. 186, Series 1942, and particularly to that portion thereof which states that under no circumstances are copies of this publication to be given to members of the press.

I can understand the Bureau's regulation in this respect and believe that it is a wise rule. However, it has occurred to me on looking through "On the Bureau's News Front" that a great many of the little items mentioned therein make extremely good news copy. For example, the item contained in the December 5, 1942, issue concerning the vagrant who "registered for war" contains a good deal of human interest as does the item contained in the December 26th issue concerning the citizen of Juncos, Puerto Rico, who burned some Selective Service lists because his name was not included thereon.

It is realized that these small items are of no particular moment, but release of them from time to time to newspapers would certainly serve to keep the Bureau's name constantly before the public. Under existing conditions newspaper men call at my office daily. On numerous occasions it is necessary to tell them that no news is available, and it is only occasionally that it is possible to make a release.

In the Birmingham Field Division we are endeavoring to use newspaper publicity both as a part of the program to sell the Bureau to the public and to obtain additional investigative work. It would be of tremendous assistance in this program if it were possible to release small human interest items of the type contained in "On the Bureau's News Front." It is suggested that a similar collection of items be furnished to the Field weekly for this purpose. If it is felt that to make such a release would be burdensome, it is suggested that the items included in "On the Bureau's News Front" be designated or marked for release when the Bureau feels that it would be proper to furnish such items to the newspapers.

ON 811108 BY 10267 NLS

RECORDED &

261

94-3-2-18 JAN 12 1943

no Lyated

ن ا ا که اهل ال کخ

02-

To Director
RE: "On the Bureau's News Front"

1-2-43

I personally feel that "On the Bureau's News Front" is one of the best things of its kind I have seen. It is extremely interesting and well written and receives very favorable attention from the personnel of this office. There is no doubt in my mind that items similarly contained therein would be of interest to the general public.

Very truly yours,

O. X. Brown

D. K. BROWN, SAC

If 1/4/43 I told Brown of to give items orally to Juess but not to how out they progen (like memphis office did to Jock Carley)



RKC:IC

Tederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice Washington, D. C.

June 9, 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR WR. NICHOLS

Re: Harvey Haines, Identification
Division

Mt.	Cless
Mr.	Coffey
	Glavin
Mr.	Ladd
	Nichols
Mr,	Rosen
Mr.	Tracy
	Carson
Mr.,	Harbo
Mr.	Hendep
Mr.	McGui
Mr.	Mumfor
Mr.	Piper
Mr.	Quion Tamm_
Tele	. Room
Mr,	Nesse
	Beahm
Miss	Gandy

This is to advise that Harvey Haines has contacted Special Agent Carter several times in the past two months with suggestions and ideas of how he thinks the Investigator can be improved and thereby create greater reader interest among the Bureau personnel. Several of Haines' ideas are not believed practical at this time, but he has taken a keen and progressive interest in the Investigator and several of his suggestions have been good.

For instance, he suggests that in utilizing photographs we always try to have the persons smiling. He has suggested a "hobby column" and has pointed out that it might be desirable to have the various types of information classified and broken down by sections--for instance; all marriages in one section, births would be in another, personality sketches would be in another, etc.

Mr. Haines has taken the trouble to draw up suggested layout pages for future issues. He is an art student, has had considerable training in art, and therefore, is in a position to give constructive suggestions.

Mr. Haines has made the suggestion that the Investigator be handled much like a college magazine; that is, employees in the various divisions at the seat of government who have had experience in journalism and on high school or college newspapers can serve as an editorial staff working under the leadership of the editor. They would gather together their make-up for each issue after working hours, contributing their time voluntarily of course.

BUY
STAMPS

BONDS

APONDS

STAMPS

Agent Carter pointed out to Mr. Haines that this plan would not be at all practical due to the fact that BUY we have the multilith method of reproducing the Hypestigator

RECORDED

3 JUN 2115-37

and it is necessary that a relatively small staff handle it in order that the make-up can be properly handled. On the other hand, if we used regular printing equipment a newspaper type staff could work much easier.

It is recommended the attached letter be forwarded to Mr. Haines for his interest in the Investigator.

Respectfully,

J. J. Starke

Attachment

94-3-2-501 CHANGED TO 80-7-1876X

FEB 271964

va/mB

LBN: GDC

Kederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice

Washington, D. C.

June 2, 1943

INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS LNULASSIFIED DE MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR 长323,013

Mr. Piper_ The Executive Conference consisting of Messrs. Mr. Quinn Tamm_ E. A. Tamm, Rosen, Tracy, Ladd, Acers, Hendon, Quinn Tamm, Tele. Room_ Coffey, Glavin and Nichols considered the oral suggestion Mr. Nesse of Mr. Nicholsoto the effect that the format of the monthly Miss Beahm issue of "The Investigator" be changed. It was pointed out Miss Gandy_ that we have a weekly issue of "The Investigator" here at the Seat of Government; that many of the Field Offices already-haveweekly papers and there is an increasing trend which is being encouraged on the part of all Field Offices wherein the size of the office would warrant it.

It was Mr. Nichols' suggestion that The Investigator! be cut down from 50 to 60 pages to from 26 to 32 pages which would make dess work at the Seat of Government and that articles his general interest to the entire service be carried in "The Investigator." For example, the present divisional setup of news regarding the Seat of Government and each Field Office would be eliminated. In its stead there would be a \feature article on some Unit or Division of the Bureau. There would be a feature article on some office. The first page would be devoted to a message from the Director. Interesting investigative cases would be written up such as the Kinnie Wagner case, the Max Stephan case, the manner in which Peter Krug was handled. The interesting and anecdotal developments in investigations would be featured. Feature articles would be carried of an informative nature on individual phases of the Bureau's work. For example, a discussion of the Bureau's communications system, it is believed, would be highly interesting. Individual phases of the work of the Technical Laboratory would be developed such as the use of the spectrograph, fiber examinations, hair examinations, examinations of abrasive material. Contributions would be sought from oldtimers of the Bureau comparing the Bureau 20 years ago with the Bureau of today. A special feature would be devoted to family combinations in the service such as brothers, mother and daughter, father and son. section would be devoted to letters to the Editor. There would be a section on hobbies. Another section under some such title as "The Meanest Man I Ever Knew." or "My Most Interesting Experience." This would deal with write-ups of individuals in Bureau cases. One page would be devoted to marriages; another section would be devoted to FORVICTORY births throughout the entire field. Vaterial on transfers would

BUY be eliminated completely. Baby pictures would be eliminated completely. Detely. We would restrict material on contributions from indiunited pletely. We would restrict material on contributions from indi-graphs vidual Field Offices but instead would ask each Field Office to

CC-28-

Mr. Tolson_ Mr. E. A. Tamm_ Mr. Clegg_ Mr. Coffey_ Mr. Glavin

r. Rosen

Mr. Tracy Mr. Carson

Mr. Harbo

Mr. Hendon

Mr. McGuire_

Mr. Mumford

RECORDED

Memo for the Director ..

furnish maybe 150 to 200 words and then ask each office to submit feature material on certain phases of the work of that office which are peculiar to the locality.

It was pointed out that it was felt this would become a medium of not only conveying more information to the entire personnel of the Bureau but it would be more instructive than the present form of "The Investigator" and it would be possible to do more toward building up and pointing out the traditions of the service. It was further pointed out to the Conference that sufficient notations could be made on the first page which would prohibit the republication of the data contained therein. It was further pointed out that if this suggestion was adopted the first few issues would be more or less of an experimental nature and from these might come additional suggestions which would make "The Investigator" serve a more worth-while purpose. It was further pointed out that if, after a trial of a few issues, the new form did not work out as expected we could always go back to the form presently used. It was further pointed out that the material in "The Investigator" is usually from two to three weeks old by the time it appears in print and in some instances it is even older than this; that with the advent of Field Office's papers and the Seat of Government issue of "The Investigator" known as 'FBI This Week" the present form of "The Investigator" will become less and less valuable as time goes on.

Messrs. E. A. Tamm and Nichols were in favor of the adoption of this suggestion. The remaining members of the Conference were in favor of continuing the "Investigator" in its present form.

James and michals

Respectfully submitted. For the Conference

Clyde Tolson lhai rman

der Ic

MEMORANDUM

Filen

Re: Investigator

With the inauguration of "FBI This Week" and weekly newspapers in field offices, the time has come when the format of the Investigator should be changed.

- 1. Instead of 50-60 pages, cut down size to 24-26 pages.
 - (a) Magazine arrangement: The present divisional news at Seat of Government and large field office section would be eliminated.
- 2. Stress "feature" material and play down day to day events. Each article would carry the writer's by-line.
 - (a) One page for statement by Director in each issue.
 - (b) Feature interesting investigative cases, for instance, Krug case, Kinnie Wagner case, etc.
 - (c) Play up interesting and anecdotal happenings
 RECORDED 943-250
 during investigations.

 E B
 - (d) Print articles at various times of tromative nature, for instance, the spectrograph, the single fingerprint section, the communications section.
 - (f) Contributions from old-timers designing with experiences of yesterday.

52JUL 131943463

- (g) Family combinations in the service (mother-daughter, father-son, etc).
- (h) Occasional columns such as "The meanest man I ever knew" or "My most interesting experience."
- (i) Letters to the editor's column.
- (j) Cartoons, illustrations, photographs.
- (k) Hobby column
- 3. Field office contributions.
 - (a) Field notes would be limited to fewer words.
 - (b) They would be instructed to submit only notices of births, marriages, and interesting anecdotal material. Transfers, and all other incidental material would be eliminated.
- 4. Organization of material.
 - (a) Magazine would be divided into sections. All marriages briefly announced in one place, births in another, brief field notes in another, etc.

OHN EDGAR HOOVER



In Pral Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice Washington, D. C.

June 26, 1943

WAD: IC

ps

MENORANDUM FOR MR. NICHOLS

In accordance with the new policy for "The Investigator"
you will recall that articles are to be published dealing with some
phase of Bureau activity. These articles for the most part can best
be prepared by employees in the divisions or field offices supplying
the subject matter for the articles. Thus the task of the Crime Records
Section would be, for the most part, editorial and would be restricted to
general direction and planning of editorial policies. It is believed that
this procedure would materially decrease the amount of time spent at the
Seat of Government in editing "The Investigator."

You will recall also that the suggestion has been made that feature articles submitted by Special Agents from time to time carry the Agent's by-line. It is believed that this policy will stimulate a great deal of interest among employees in the field and should be a means of assuring the contributions.

RECOMMENDATION: That a policy be inaugurated whereby letters are directed under the Director's signature to Assistant Directors and SAC's requesting that they designate someone in their respective divisions or field offices to prepare a suggested article and submit it by a designated dead line. In special instances where there is reason to believe that a particular individual could furnish an interesting article the letter over the Director's signature might be addressed to him personally requesting that he make the contribution.

lettom franks

Respectfully,

J. Starke

RECORDED 94-3-1

B 1943

g (N° 20-2 and 1920). The Cart of the Administration and Administration of the Administr

BECORDED 94-3-2, 50 July 1, 1943

had h

Ur. S. J. Tracy Federal Bureau of Investigation Tashington, D. C.

Dear Stanley:

In accordance with the policy which has been developed for "The Investigator," it is contemplated that a series of articles will be published concerning the different Divisions of the Bureau on various phases of Eureau activity. This policy will be inaugurated in the August issue. It is planned that an article will be devoted to the Identification Division and will be illustrated by photographs of the new location at the Armory.

I desire, therefore, that you designate someone in your Division to prepare an article, 1,000 to 1,500 words in length, which will provide a summary of the history, as well as the current activities, of the Identification Division.

The article should be submitted to the Crine Records Section not later than July 15, 1943.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Mr. Tolson	Sincerely yours,	
Mr. E. A. Tamm_		
Mr. Clegg		
Mr. Coffey	,	
Mr. Glavin		
Mr. Ladd COMMUNICATIONS SECTION	13th 13th	
Ma Nichala	12 161 6 16	
Mr. Rosen MAILED	19 8 8 V	
Mr. Tracy + JUL -2 1943 *	11211 7 19 10 V	
Mr. Acers A Jul & 1540	W. Alle Co	
Mr. Carson FEBRU RUSEAU DE INVESTIGATION	137 20%	
Mr. Harbo FEDERAL BUZEAU OF INVESTIGATION U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	THE PROPERTY OF	
Mr. Hendo	Ello.	
Mr. Mumford	· •	
Mr. Starke	,	
Mr. Quinn Tamm	, h	
Mr. Nease	\mathcal{N}	
Miss Gandy		
ワンス コローエーカーソル3		

July 8, 1943

1.14

Miss Gandy_

PROVIDENCE MEMPHIS DETROIT SAC ALBANY RICHMOND MIAMI EL PASO ATLANTA ST. LOUIS GRAND RAPIDS MILWAUKEE BALTIMORE ST. PAUL BIRMINGHAM HONOLULU NEWARK SALT LAKE CITY NEW HAVEN HOUSTON BOSTON SAN ANTONIO NEW ORLEANS BUFFALO HUNTINGTON SAN DIEGO NEW YORK INDIANAPOLIS BUTTE SAN FRANCISCO NORFOLK CHARLOTTE JACKSON OKLAHOMA CITY SAN JUAN JUNEAU CHICAGO SAVANNAH KANSAS CITY OMAHA CINCINNATI PHILADELPHIA SEATTLE CLEVELAND KNOXVILLE SIOUX FALLS LITTLE ROCK PHOENIX DALLAS SPRINGFIELD DENVER LOS ANGELES PITTSBURGH WASHINGTON, D. C. PORTLAND LOUISVILLE DES MOINES QUANTICO

Re: The Investigator

With the inauguration of weekly and bi-weekly newspapers in many field offices and at the Seat of Government, it is believed that a change in the format of the Investigator is desirable.

Effective immediately, the size of the Investigator is being reduced from its usual fifty or sixty pages to from twenty-six to thirty-two pages. This necessitates several changes in make-up and subject matter. Feature articles, anecdotal material, poems, short stories, cartoons, and

Mr. Tolsprief news items will continue to be used. The divisional arrangement of Mr. E. AthTames covering the Bureau headquarters is being entirely eliminated. Mr. Cleggontributions from each field office will be reduced in content Mr. Coffey__ RECORDED In future issues "feature" material will predominate a Mr. Laddnews articles, which usually are interesting today but "dead" hext week, will Mr. Nichabt be used. The place of day to day events, such as most shorts activities. Mr. Rosethe west to Nichabs fers, etc., is in the weekly publications which are issued Mr. Tracher Christian bence are more timely media. Remember that the Investigator Mr. Carsen published several weeks after the contributions are first written. Visualize Mr. Harbnow much today's the will have lost its flavor a month from now. Many new Mr. Hendon happenings will have crased today's news from your memory. If your -contribution vean Agrand the test of time and still be interesting, it is Mr. Mumford EOWOTE PRIMITE OF WHOE Mr. Piper Mr. Starke__ si Jul 13 M Mr. Quinn Tamm_ Mr. Nease

What is desirable from the standpoint of good contributions? Here is a list of suggestions although it mentions only a few of the possibilities:

- 1. Births.
- 2. Marriages
- 3. Humorous occurrences
- 4. Good photographs
- 5. Cartoons
- 6. Poems
- 7. Odd complaints coming in at a field office
- 8. Interesting backgrounds of personnel, previous occupations and training
- 9. Hobbies
- 10. Family combinations in the Bureau
- 11. Early experiences of old-timers in the Bureau
- 12. Examples of rumor and hysteria
- 13. Unusual investigations of Special Agents
- 14. Agents outwitting criminals
- 15. Examples of initiative, resourcefulness, devotion to duty

Correspondents should bear in mind that a contribution in many of the above categories may be used as a feature article on a page by itself, under the by-line of the reporter. Good pictures help tell the story. As in the past, contributions are to be in the mails by the 20th of each month.

Future issues of the Investigator will be departmentalized with the majority of each issue made up of feature articles, all births in one place, marriages in another, brief field notes in another, etc.

Various members of our personnel may be called upon to contribute articles from time to time of an informative nature. For instance, plans call for feature stories upon some of our interesting investigative cases. Articles might be printed on the spectrograph, the single fingerprint section, the communications section and many other phases of the FBI's work.

The Investigator is the official organ of the FBI Recreation Association and serves as an informative, entertaining, and morale-building medium in the Bureau. I do hope that our personnel will furnish even more worth-while contributions to this magazine than it has in the past.

I want each Special Agent in Charge to bring this letter to the attention of all employees as soon as possible. It is particularly desirable that the more experienced employees in the service be aware of its contents as well as those preparing the Investigator contributions.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

July 8, 1943

PATTERSON CARSON MEMORANDUM FOR MR. HOOVER PENNINGTON TOLSON CUNNINGHAM EGAN RENNEBERGER TAMM, E. A. FITCH ROGERS CLEGG COFFEY HARBO SKOUSEN GLAVIN HENDON STARKE STRICKLAND LADD HINCE NICHOLS LARMOYEUX TAMM. Q. TIMM ROSEN LAUGHLIN. R. H. WACKS TRACY MARTIN McGUIRE WELCH ACERS MUMFORD ALDEN BURTON NEASE CALLAN NUGENT

U.T. Le

Re: The Investigator

With the inauguration of weekly and bi-weekly newspapers in many field offices and at the Seat of Government, it is believed that a change in the format of the Investigator is desirable.

Effective immediately, the size of the Investigator is being reduced from its usual fifty or sixty pages to from twenty-six to thirty-two pages. This pecessitates several changes in make-up and subject matter. Mr. TolFeature articles, anecdotal material, poems, short stories, cartoons, and Mr. E. ariffarmews items will continue to be used. The divisional arrangement of Mr. Clethe news covering the Bureau neauquations and an content Mr. Corcontributions from each field office will be reduced in content RECORDED 94 Mr. Clethe news covering the Bureau headquarters is being entirely eliminated. In future issues "feature" material will predominate and strictly Mr. Ladd Mr. Nichews articles, which usually are interesting today but "dead" hext week, Mr. Rosnot be used. The place for day to day events, such as most sports activities;3 Mr. Trache weather, transfers elections which are issued Mr. Acemore frequently and neace are more timely pedia. Remember that the Investigator Mr. Carion published several weeks After EhD contributions are first written. Visualize Mr. Harhow much today's news will have lost its flavor a month from now. Many new Mr. Hendon happenings will have crased today's news from your memory. If your Mr. Mumford contribution can stand the test of time and still be interesting, it is Mr. Starke a worth-while soreal sureau of investigation Mr. Quinn Tamm Mr. Nease_ Miss Gandy



LBN:RC

Iederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice Washington, D. C.

June 23, 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Mr. Piper_ The Executive Conference considered the matter Mr. Quinn Tamm of Mews sheets put out by the various Bureau Offices. was the general consensus of the members of the Conference that this is an excellent idea. Mr. Nichols pointed out Miss Boahm the possibility, unless the copy is carefully read prior to publication, of some embarrassment resulting from items in Field Office papers. It was suggested that thought be given to having a copy referred to the Bureau prior to pubMcation.

It was the view of all members of the Conference, however, that the delay caused by sending the material to Washington would possibly defeat the purpose of the paper in the field and as an alternative it was unanimously recommended by Messrs. E. A. Tamm, Glavin, Hince, Hendon, Carson, Tracy, Ladd, Rosen, Acers, and Nichols who were in attendance, that a letter be forwarded to all Special Agents in Charge placing upon them the responsibility of seeing that proper copy is used.

If approved, a letter is attached to all Special Agents in Charge.

Respectfully. For the Conference

Clyde Tolson, Chairman

avin. Secretary

Attachment A Jacket

CC- Mr. Glavin

FORVICTORY

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 33,3101

31 1943

RECORDED

99 MI GRITH THE GRONDSENN

Mr. Tolson

Mr. Clegg

Mr. Coffey. Mr. Glavin

ir. Ladd

Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy

Mr. Carson_ Mr. Harbo_ Mr. Hendon Mr. McGuire

Mr. Mumford

Tele. Room

Mr. Nesse

Mr. E. A. Tamm_

CC-287



LBN:RC

Hederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice

... Washington, D. C.

September 8, 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

The Executive Conference, sonsisting of Messrs. Rosen, Mumford, Ladd Carson, Coffey, Acers, Quinn Tamm, Hendon, Tracy, and Nichols, considered the suggestion made by Mr. Led fauthier that additional copies of the attached article taken from the current issue of The Investigator be distributed as follows:

Mr. E. A. Tamm_ Mr. Clegg_ Mr. Coffey Mr. Tracy Mr. Acers Mr. Carson Mr. Harbo Mr. Hendo Mr. Mumford Mr. duinn Tamm Tele. Room Mr. Nease_ Miss Beahm Miss Gandy

Mr. Tolson_

C-287

ı. To newspapers .

To magazines

To employees who desire copies for friends and relatives at home.

It would be impractical, of course, to distribute copies of this to newspapers or magazines. Messrs. Coffey, Tracy, recommended that sufficient copies of The Investigator be reprinted if necessary in order that employees who desire to send complete copies of The Investigator to their parents may do so.

Messrs. Rosen, Mumford, Ladd, Hince, Carson, Acers, Quinn Tamm, Hendon and Nichols recommended that reprints be made available of the article itself for those employees in the Identification Divi sion who desire to send copies to their homes. A copy of the reprin together with a complete copy of The Investigator is attached.

Attachment CC- Mr. Glavin

FORDEFENSE

Respectfully, For the Conference Clyde Tolson, Chairman Secretary 1943

October 4, 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. HOOVER BURTON McGUIRE TOLSON CALLAN MUMFORD TAMM, E. A. CARSON NEASE CLEGG CUNNINGHAM PATTERSON COFFEY EGAN PENNINGTON GLAVIN FITCH RENNEBERGER LADD HARBO ROGERS NICHOLS HENDON SKOUSEN ROSEN STARKE HINCE TRACY LARMOYEUX STRICKLAND ACERS LAUGHLIN, R. H. TAMM, Q. ALDEN LONG TIMM BELLINO MARTIN WELCH

RE: THE INVESTIGATOR

With the inauguration of the new policy concerning the Investigator, it has become necessary to make several changes in the instructions pertaining to the submission of contributions,

- 1. In the future, contributions are not to be submitted on make-up sheets as previously, but rather on plain bond paper.
- 2. Items submitted should be divided in accordance with the general divisions of the magazine. For example, all items concerning sports activities should be submitted as a unit on one or more sheets of paper. Similarly, items concerning social activities, distinguished service, marriages, births and so on should be divided into sections similar to those of the magazine itself.
- 3. It should be noted that items concerning marriages and births must of necessity be brief because of the large number of such items submitted each month.

 INDIVID RECORDED 94-3-2-54

A. Photographs should be submitted wherever possible, and captions enough of prepared to the photographs and pasted on the reverse side.

Negatives should accompany the photographs in every instance for the best possible reproduction

5. No effort should be made to make up a layout, inasmuch as this work; is handled in the Cartographic Section and must be done in a uniform marmar in order to be usable.

380CT 12 1943 67 30 1

Nichol

Harbo

6. Contributions should be submitted to the Crime Records Section no later than the tenth day of each month,

As has been previously indicated, the items appearing in the Investigator should be those of general interest to the Bureau, inasmuch as news material of purely local interest at the Seat of Government is handled in "FBI This Week."

It is my desire that you follow these instructions closely in order that the editing and compilation of the Investigator may be facilitated to the utmost.

Very truly yours,

E. Hoover

John Edgar Hoover Director

October 12, 1943

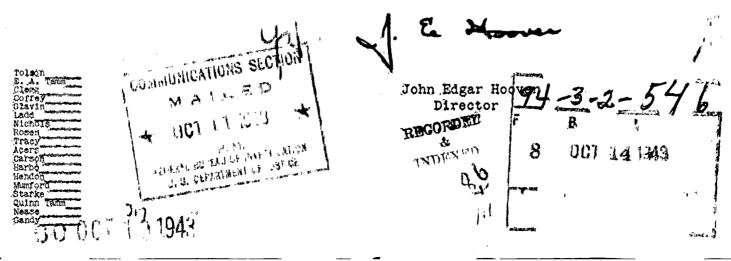
BALTIMORE
BIRMINGHAM
BOSTON
BUFFALO
CHARLOTTE
CLEVELAND
DALLAS
DETROIT
EL PASO
HOUSTON
JACKSON
LOS ANGELES
MIAMI

MILWAUKEE
NEWARK
NEW YORK
PHILADELPHIA
PITTSBURGH
RICHMOND
ST. PAUL
SALT LAKE CITY
SAN ANTONIO
SAN FRANCISCO
SEATTLE
SPRINGFIELD

It is contemplated that a future issue of "The Investigator" will have as its feature a running picture story of the FBI Quarterly Police Conferences and the Mobilization Plan for National Defense from the inception of the project until the present time. This article will also include FBI Civilian Defense Courses and FBI War Traffic Schools for Police. It is contemplated that the picture story will include informal photographs of police groups attending the Conferences, which pictures would also show the Special Agents in Charge and/or other Bureau representatives.

It is accordingly requested that you forward to the Bureau at your earliest convenience any available informal photographs which were taken in the past at Police Conferences and War Traffic Schools. The Bureau has a sufficient quantity of such photographs in connection with Civilian Defense Courses for Police.

Very truly yours,



October 4, 1943

SAC	ALBANY	DETROIT	MEMPHIS	RICHMOND
DAO	ATLANTA	EL PASO	MIAMI	ST. LOUIS
	BALTIMORE	GRAND RAPIDS	MILWAUKEE	ST. PAUL
	BIRMINGHAM	HONOLULU	NEWARK	SALT LAKE CITY
	BOSTON	HOUSTON	NEW HAVEN	SAN ANTONIO
	BUFFALO	HUNTINGTON	NEW ORLEANS	SAN DIEGO
	BUTTE	INDIANAPOLIS	NEW YORK	SAN FRANCISCO
	CHARLOTTE	JACKSON	'NORFOLK	SAN JUAN
	CHICAGO	JUNEAU	OKLAHOMA CITY	Savannah
	CINCINNATI	KANSAS CITY	ОМАНА	SEATTLE
	CLEVELAND	KNOXVILLE	PHILADELPHIA	SIOUX FALLS
	DALLAS	LITTLE ROCK	PHOENIX	SPRINGFIELD
	DENVER	LOS ANGELES	PITTSBURGH	SYRACUSE
	DES MOINES	LOUISVILLE	PORTLAND	WASHINGTON, D. C.
ı	DDD W0 11(10	1	PROVIDENCE	QUANTICO
		and the same of th		•

INVESTIGATOR - SUBMISSION OF MATERIAL FOR

With the inauguration of the new policy concerning the Investigator, it has become necessary to make several changes in the instructions pertaining to the submission of contributions.

- 1. In the future sontributions are not to be submitted on make-up sheets which have been previously furnished to the field but rather on plain (bond paper.
- 2. Items submitted should be divided in accordance with the general divisions of the magazine itself. For example, all items concerning sports activities should be submitted as a unit on one sheet of paper. Similarly, items concerning social activities, distinguished service, marriages, births, and so on should be divided into sections similar to those of the magazine itself.

3. Aphotographs should be submitted wherever possible and captions should be prepared for the photographs and pasted on the reverse side. 16 OCT 11 1943

4. Negatives should accompany the photographs in every instance for the best possible reproduction. CATIONS SECTION

No effort should be made to arrange the photographs in any Massign of Payout inasmuch as this work is handled in the Cartographic

FELERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LISTICE

6. Contributions should be submitted no later than the tenth day of each month.

It is my desire that you follow these instructions closely in order that the editing and compilation of the Investigator may be facilitated to the utmost.

Very truly yours,

E. Hoover

John Edgar Hoover Director

4 __



Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Iustice Washington, D. C.

September 27, 1943

RCH: DW

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nic Mr.
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Acers
Mr. Carson
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Starke

Mr. Quinn Tamm The Executive Conference consisting of Messrs. Tele. Room Tolson, E. A. Tamm, Tracy, Glavin, Coffey, Acers, Carson, Mr. Nesse Hince, Clega, Hendon and Rosen considered the distrixu, tion of the Investigator. It had been suggested that the Investigator be distributed to all employees of the Bureau irrespective of their membership in the FRI Recred Association. At the present time of course the dollar mimbership dues in the Association entitle an individual to the receipt of the Investigator. At the present time there are approximately 4000 employees who are not members of the FRIPA. This large number is undoubtedly due to the fact that memberships are solicited in December and the early part of the following year and no membership drives are made throughout the year. Since we have had a large number of employees enter on duty throughout the course of this year, most of them have not obtained memberships.

Ployees were based upon the premise that it would cost very little since the printing of each copy amounts to about 5d. It was stated that the Investigator is prepared, edited and published on Bureau time under a decision from the Department of Justice and as such each employee should receive it. It was also pointed out that it requires the services of 25 employees for approximately one day in order to distribute the Investigator by name as at present. If sent to all employees the only distribution requirement would be that a sufficient number of unaddressed copies be sent to each field office and each section to take care of all employees.

Free .

REVICTORY
BUY
WAR
WAR
STANDS

532 T 19 1943 33 00 6 to 3

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN #

It would also be more expensive to distribute the Investigator to everyone since the 4000 additional copies would cost \$200 which amounts to more than the value of the services of the 25 employees presently required to handle its distribution. It might also be pointed out that most of the time of these 25 employees is spent after hours.

•

CC - Mr. Glavin

Respectfully, For the fonference

Clyde Tolson Chairman

W. Janjin Spary)

	that memberships		DÖ=11	Mr. Tolson Mr. E. A. Tamm.
W.	779.20	intefer		Mr. Clegg Mr. Coffey Mr. Glavin
	JJS:ncp	qui	m Silena	Mr. Ladd Mr. Nichols
	horania	FEDERAL BUREAU OF INV	ESTIGATION	Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy
· 1		ď.		Mr. Carson
- water field		DATE_ <u>Septemb</u>	ner_23,_1943	Mr. Hendon Mr. Mumford Mr. Harbo
.	F	"MEMORANDUM FOR MR.	NICHOLANN	Mr. Starke Mr. Quinn Tamm
CT	1			Tele. Room
577.73			1	Miss Beahm Miss Gandy
Mua		reference to the att e to Mr. Acers regar		m from
Lak	the Investigato	r, I would like to p approximately 4.000	oint out that a or more employed	t the present es of the
HOR	Bureau who are the Investigator	not members of the F r. Generally speaki	BIRA and who are ng, when members	e not receiving ship in the
(L)	about 100 per c	ted once a year, the ent. It is felt tha	it the great maje	ority of the
	persons not mem of Government.	bers of the FBIRA ar	re employees her	e at the Seat
	With	the change in the fo would be a splendid	rmat of the Inve	estigator, tance in the
`	lend of personne.	l for the building obuted to every emplo	of morale if the	Investigator
	lof membership i	n the FBIRA. I feel nd as such, should h	that the FBIRA ave the entire	is a Bureau interest of
	the Bureau at h	the employees of the	t very little to Bureau and wou	ld definitely
	distributed gen	saver, and thus, a merally to every empl	oyee since Mr.	e same were
0		cates that once a morking 6 hours to han		of the publi-
n Wh	A STATE OF THE STA	nk the Bureau has gr	rown so large th	at the old
O.	rule of distrib	uting the Investigat	tor only to member	ers of the
P	In ad	dition, the Investig	rator is an officed; ted and nublic	cial publica-
	time under a de	cision from the Depo loyee is entitled to	irtment of Justi	ce and as such,
C	RECOM	MENDATION: It is re	commended that	the tead of
8 KV 13	I the Investigato	e Investigator to the r be distributed to	every employ ce	or the seauice
9.2750	and that suffic employee, who	ient copies be sent	each field offi	ce for each
Or .	Attachment.		J. J. Burke	San Jours
1	(INFORMATIVE	MEMORANDUM NOT TO BE	SENT TOUR LESS SECT	i () i + j · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Mr. Tolson Mr. E. A. Tamm Mr. Clegg Mr. Glavin_ Mr. Ladd JWM: MAH Mr. Nichols Mr. Rosen__ Mr. Tracy___ UREAU OF INVESTIGATION Mr. Carson Mr. Coffey Mr. Hendon DATE September 14, 1943 Mr. Kramer__ Mr. McGuire Mr. Harbo__ - MEMO FOR MR. ACER Mr. Quinn Tamm__ Tele, Room OF INVESTIGATORS DISTRIBUTION Mr. Nease___ Miss Beahm At the present time approximately 8,000 copies of the Miss Gandy Investigator are printed and distributed to Bureau employees each month. In this connection, the Movement Section has considerable work to do in searching the Investigators through the Movement fecords, ascertaining where the employee is assigned and then distributing the Investigator to that place of assignment. In order to handle the Investigators, once a month in the Movement Section, it is necessary for approximately 25 employees, including 12 borrowed from the Files Section, to work approximately 6 hours. In addition to requiring almost a full work day of 25 employees, the necessary work in the Movement Section in handling the Investigators makes it impractical for the Movement Section employees to handle any current work while they are being distributed. Mr. Renneberger has advised that each Investigator costs roughly 5 cents to print. RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the Investigator be distributed throughout the Field on a percentage basis, which would eliminate the necessity for the Movement Section's handling them. The amount of work that this procedure would save is believed to be obvious. Respectfully. RECORDED. (INFORMATIVE MEMORANDUM - NOT TO BE SENT TO FILES SECTION)

P

November 27, 1943

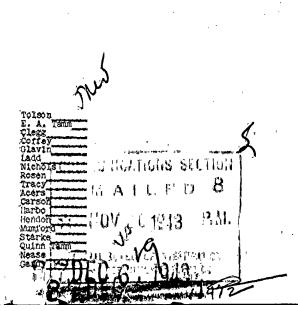
MR. NICHOLS

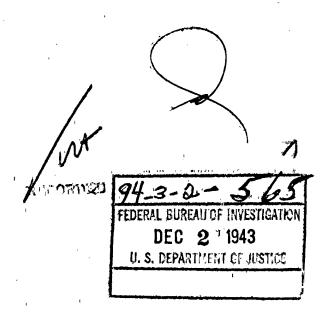
I am informed that many Special Agepts have expressed a preference for the general arrangement of the Investigator along the lines of the previous issues, when the news items were subdivided by field offices, rather than the present form and organization of this publication. The suggestion has been received that most of the Agents are interested in the movement and activities of personnel whenever such information can be disclosed, and the incorporation of these news items, as heretofore, would greatly increase the interest of the field employees in the Investigator.

It is desired that you give this matter appropriate consideration and that you submit a recommendation relative thereto.

Yery truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director





JPM/e.la

Rederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice

Washington, D. C.

October 30, 1943

Wood

CC-287

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. GLAVIN

RE: SUGGESTION -

Dedication of December, 1943, OINVESTIGATOR to Parents of Employees

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm_
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr., Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Acers
Mr. Carson
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Starke
Mr. Quinn Tamm_
Tele. Room
Mr. Nesse
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

It is felt from a morale standpoint, it would be highly desirable for the Bureau to extend its efforts in appealing to the parents of our employees. As you know, the vast majority of them was come from the various states in the Union, are in Washington, D. C., away from home, and consequently they are continually being subjected to pressure by their parents to return home for trivial and non-compelling reasons. If the parents fully realize the extent of the employees' contribution to the war effort by virtue of their employment in the Federal Bureau of Investigation, we could materially reduce our turnover problem since there are so many resignations based on the request of parents that employees return home.

Many of the parents are extremely proud of the fact that their children are employed by the Bureau and I know from personal experience that parents speak of their children who are employed in the Federal Bureau of Investigation with the same pride as they would members of the same family in the Armed Forces. As a matter of fact, in talking to the employees, they admit their parents are extremely proud of their association with the Bureau.

RECORDED 21-3-2-5

Furthering this thought and more firmly welding the thoughts of the Bureau into the minds of the parents, I think it would be angexcellent idea if we dedicated our December, 1943, Investigator to all of the parents of all of our employees. Employees should be urged to send copies home to their parents and if the December issue of the Investigator is anything like the September issue, I know that the parents would be delighted to receive them. I think this issue was an excellent one and is the type of thing which would appeal to the parents. As a collateral suggestion, I think it would be well to emphasize the work in the Identification Division where so many of our employees are work-

FORVICTORY
BUY
WAR
BONDS
STAMPS

ing so that the parents would be able to get a first hand picture of the actual conditions of employment in the FBI Annex. We might even show some representative photographs of the Government dormitories where living facilities are

9 DEC 21 1943

available and at the same time stress the various benefits we have for employees such as the nursing service, the cafeterias indicating the prices and representative menus, the FBIRA, and matters of that type.

Respectfully,

J. P. Mohr

wea unamously approved approve

COPY

New York, N. Y.
December 29, 1943

JD: EMC

MEMORANDUM TO C. H. CARSON

BACKGROUND:

In response to the telephonic request of Supervisor V.P. Keay of December 28, 1943, I am submitting my views herewith concerning the recommendation of the Legal Attache of Montevideo, Uruguay that all Legal Attaches' offices be furnished with copies of "The Investigator".

DETAILS:

In considering this recommendation, I believe that certain factors should be taken into consideration by the Bureau. I believe that before such a recommendation could be accepted, that the Bureau should agree to it with the knowledge that persons other than Bureau employees in each of these countries might sooner or later observe this publication either in the possession of the Bureau employees or lying about offices assigned to Bureau employees in various American missions. It was my observation that there are no Legal Attaches' offices in Latin America where personnel outside of the Bureau's employees did not have free and easy access. These persons included State Department personnel interested in intelligence activities; personnel of the Military and Naval Attaches' offices; personnel of the Commercial Attache's offices; as well as informants visiting the Legal Attache's offices on official business. It is possible that under some circumstances it would not injure the Bureau's program if any of the above types of persons happened to see copies of "The Investigator" in the possession of Bureau employees or any offices assigned to Bureau employees. However, there are some countries where there is a definite feeling of hostility between various types of persons listed above and the Bureau's employees. With such a feeling of hostility present, the Bureau would be taking a serious gamble in sending copies of "The Investigator" to such places.

Persons hostile to the Bureau's program in Latin America would quickly use such an incident (that is the noting of official employee's organ) to citicize the tact and discreetness of an organization which so openly admitted the presence of its employees in a foreign country where their presence was supposed to be unknown but to a few officials. Officials, the Bureau should realize that these same persons who would be cititical are the type who themselves are most indiscreet in their discussion the Bureau's activities in Latin America.

Having the above factors in mind, it is my belief that if the Bureau decides to send "The Investigator" to some Legal Attaches' offices, the following offices should be excepted due to the hostility of some of the

5331111 5 5KM

HORLES IS UNITASSITURED

134 1135 NISEP LS

MEMO - C. H. CARSON December 29, 1943 official personnel in thos countries: Argentina, Colonel Lang and members of his office; Bolivia, Assistant Military Attaches formerly attached to Colonel Lang in Argentina; Brazil, Third Secretary Elim O'Shaughnessy; Colombia, Arthur Bliss Lane, Ambassador; Costa Rica, Fay Desportes, Ambassador; Mexico, United States Ambassador Messersmith and Raleigh Gibson, Second Secretary; Nicaragua, United States Ambassador James B. Stewart and Assistant Military Attache Robert A. Hitch; Paraguay, United States Ambassador Wesley Frost; Peru, Assistant Naval Attache E. K. Thompson; Venezuela, Assistant Military Attache and the Assistant Naval Attache. The persons listed above are, in the writer's opinion, individuals who, if they learned of the presence of "The Investigator" in the Legal Attaches' offices, would use this factor to ridicule and embarrass the Bureau's activities in the respective countries. This might be done either by way of gossip among official circles or even in some instances, by written report to the State Department, the Army or the Navy. The next factor I believe the Bureau should consider is the feeling of the particular country towards the presence of Bureau agents within its borders. In sending such an official organ to its personnel, I believe the Bureau should consider the possibility of local censorship of the diplomatic pouch with the local authorities leaning that the official organ of the FBI is being sent to the American Embassy. Consequently, where there are no representatives of the Bureau in a country known to the officials of that country, I do not believe the Bureau should take the risk of sending its official employees' organ to that country. Under this factor, it would eliminate the sending of "The Investigator" to the Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Quatemala and, of course, Panama and Honduras. The renaining five Latin American republics have, to the writer's knowledge, official cognizance of the presence of Bureau employees either as liaison officers with the local police or as representatives in the American Embassy. Consequently, I see no present objection to the sending of "The Investigator" to Chile, Cuba, Ecuador, Haiti and Uruguay as long as the Bureau's known representatives remain within the borders of these five countries. Respectfully, Jerome Doyle Special Delivery (cc: Sent to Bureau 1/6/44 as original misplaced or lost.)



ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREN IS UNCLASSIFIED.

Rederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice Washington, D. C.

C-287

CHC:LH

January 11, 1944.

SIS REPRESENTATIVES

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Mr. Tracy Mr. Acers

Ir. Harbo

Mr. Hendon

Mr. Mumford Mr. Starke

Mr. Quinn Tamm

Tele. Room

Mr. Nease

Miss Beahm The Executive Conference, consisting of Messrs. Tolson. E. A. Tamm, Clegg, Ladd, Rosen, Glavin, Tracy, Hendon, Hince, Q. Tamm. Mumford, and Carson, considered a suggestion received from the Bureauts Legal Attache at Montevideo, Uruguay to the effect that the Bureau should. for morale purposes, distribute copies of "The Investigator" to those Bureau agents assigned as Legal Attaches or Assistant Legal Attaches in Latin America. The suggestion contemplated that the agents assigned in the embassies as Legal Attaches or Assistant Legal Attaches could, upon certain occasions, discreetly display the Investigator to the undercover men.

Mr. Carson pointed out that Special Agent Jerome Doyle was asked for a recommendation with regard to this matter in view of his recent survey The Conference was advised that Mr. Doyle has stated he is of the opinion that adoption of this suggestion as to all of these countries would be extremely dangerous and most inadvisable in view of the fact that this magazine would be treated as personal property and might be lost or misplaced or left lying about offices assigned to Bureau employees where it would come to the attention of unauthorized persons. The Conference was advised that Mr. Doyle pointed out that in some of the countries, namely, Chile, Ecuador, Haiti, and Uruguay, it would be, in his opinion, at the present time reasonably safe to adopt this procedure with regard to the agents in the open. Mr. Doyle recommended against sending the Investigator to any of the agents in any of the countries other than those named above. RECORDED 194 -3-2 -580X

Mr. Carson pointed out to the Conference that, in his opinion, the suggestion would be dangerous for all countries and that any rule adopted 15 APR 29 1944 should be uniform.

It was pointed out to the Conference that Mrs. Elizabeth Tyler of Brookline, Massachusetts has suggested to SAC Soucy of the Boston Office that the wives of special agents on SIS assignment should receive the Investigator while their husbands are out of the country on SIS. Mrs. Tyler's husband is

Victorial agent presently assigned on SIS. It was recommended to the Conference BUY that this procedure be adopted with regard to married agents who are on BUY SIS provided the agent involved in each instance indicates to the Bureau WAR that he desires that his wife receive the Investigator while he is

8. 1911 Sust 1/25/44

Z ECORDED COPY FILED

Memorandum for the Director

absent on assignment.

CONFERENCE RECOMMENDATIONS:

The Conference unanimously recommends that:

- 1. No Investigators be sent to any Bureau personnel assigned in foreign countries;
- 2. The Investigator be mailed by the Bureau to the wives of special agents or other personnel engaged on SIS, provided the employee involved in each instance states he desires the Investigator sent to his wife while he is out of the country.

If you approve, the above procedure will be followed.

Re Fo

turn send it to

the husbands.

K

Respectfully, For the Conference,

Clyde Tolson, Chairman

V. B. Clavin, -Spergtary



February 7, 1944

Memorandum Number 21, Series 1944

MEMORANDUM FOR ALL FBI LEGAL ATTACHES

RE: "INVESTIGATOR"

In accordance with several suggestions, the Bureau has arranged to send the "Investigator" to the wives of any personnel on confidential assignment who are members of the FBI Recreation Association and who desire that this magazine be so forwarded to their wives.

It is accordingly desired that you canvass the married employees assigned to your office and ascertain those who desire this magazine forwarded to their wives, together with the address to which it should be sent. All personnel having the magazine so forwarded should instruct their wives that the magazine must not, under any circumstances, be forwarded to the employee while on assignment.

Very truly yours,

DECTYDENTED BY 1036N MPS

Ce. Hoover

John Edgar Hoover Director

Tolson

Clegs
Coffey
Co

1 11 11 276

94-3-2-597

March 8, 1944

SAO, Huntington

Res "ON THE DUREAU'S HEYS FRONT"

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to your letter of February 21, 1944, transmitting a comment concerning the Bureau's "News Front" made by a reporter of the Theeling News Register.

Thile the observation is of course valid in the sense that stories released to the press should contain factual data sufficient to identify the individual involved, you should bear in mind that the "News Front" is not prepared for distribution to the press. Thile it may from time to time be useful to you in your discussions with your press contacts, under no circumstances should it be handed to a press representative as a formal release of the Bureau.

Your attention is directed to Bureau letter to all Special Agents in Charge, dated December 5, 1942, in which you were specifically instructed that under no circumstances are copies of this publication to be given to members of the press. It is imperative that in the future you follow Bureau instructions in this regard.

Very truly yours,

CC - Des Manie John Edgar Hoover Director

Communications attend "he Mark of the Mark of t

Rederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice Post Office Box 1956 Huntington 17, West Virginia February 21, 1944 Director, FBI "ON THE BUREAU'S NEWS FRONT" Dear Sir: Copies of the above publication have been from time to time given to a reporter for the Wheeling News Register, Wheeling, West Virginia. It is thought that a recent comment by this reporter would be of interest to you. This comment was to the effect that the bulletin contained a number of interesting items, some being particularly good because of their local interest, but that in only a few of the stories published in the News Front were the persons arrested identified. It was his reporter's idea that good ethics demanded that his paper "give foundation to our yarns" by giving more details concerning the individual arrested such as his identity, age, place of residence, and subsequent disposition, the main idea being that such facts would give more substance to the report. This information is being passed on for your consideration. Very truly yours. E. E. KUHNEL. Special Agent in Charge LLL:HBB 80-17 RECORDED ENCL N



Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice

Mashington, D. C. January 19, 1944

Mr. E A. Tamen_
Mr. Cleskton
MA Glavin V
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Colley
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Kram
Mr. McGuite
Mr. Harbo V
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room

CC-287 / OMr. Tolson V

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

The Executive Conference, consisting of Messrs.

E. A. Tamm, Glavin, Quinn Tamm, Mumford, Coffey, Carson,
Acers, Hendon, Tracy, Hince, Rosen, Ladd and Nichols,
considered the present format of the Investigator, it
being pointed out that there has been some complaint about
the new form of the Investigator.

Following the receipt of this complaint, considerable thought and consideration have been given to the format. In addition, general inquiries have been made in In-Service School, and it appears that the opinions are rather evenly divided. The chief complaint to the present form of the Investigator is that it does not carry enough news on the movement of Agents, and we had endeavored to get away from putting the news down by field office. It was pointed out that in the future the news of field offices will be presented under field office headings. The

With reference to the publishing of more detailed information on the movements of Agents and transfers. Messrs. Quinn Tamm, Mumford, Coffey, Carson, Acers, Hendon, Tracy, Hince, Rosen, and Ladd were of the opinion we should publish such information on movements as it is submitted by the field. Messrs. E. A. Tamm View and Nichols were opposed to publishing movement information.

It was unanimously agreed by the Conference that we would not return to our old form, but we would endeavor to give a personal touch to the Investigator by setting forth more anecdote material in the method used in preparing "FBI This Week."

There is attached hereto a detailed memorandum prepared by Mr. Starke reviewing the pro's and con's of the Investigator I thought you might be interested in reading. If approved, the foregoing suggestions will be carried out.

RECORDED 194-3-2-602

Respectfully For the Conf

For the Conference, 29 MAR 13 1944

Clyde Tolson, Chairman

W. R. Glavin, Secretary

Let in 66-25-37

april

BUY UNITED PANIS BONDS STAMPS

Attachment Fad ATolson



Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice

Washington, D. C.

December 27, 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. NICHOL

Mr. E. A. Tamm_
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. McGuire
Mr. Mumford

Mr. Piper_

Mr. Tolson

CC-287

consideration was made and a recommendation submitted.

I have purposely held up in preparing my recommendation to you in an attempt to learn some of the observations of the field Agents.

READERS' OPINIONS

The first information in any concrete form indicating any dissatisfaction was the Director's memorandum. On the other hand, I had received a number of very favorable oral comments made by field Agents attending In-Service. We received a letter in September from SAC Fletcher at Seattle expressing the consensus of opinion among employees of that office "that the new format of the Investigator is more readable, interesting and generally attractive than before, and that increased use of photographs is a desirable feature."

The first comment which was noted other than the Director's memorandum regarding the preference to the old style was in the memorandum of November 10, 1943, from SA Hugh Mac Millan to Mr. Ladd on his two weeks' field training at Newark, in which he stated Many Agents stated they preferred the former general arrangement of the Investigator instead of the more recent issues which do not subdivide the news according to offices. It was suggested that the pictures utilized in the present publication are interesting but that most agents were interested in the movement and activities of personnel whenever such information could be disclosed. It was further suggested that if this feature was incorporated into the present publication that it would be greatly improved in their original publication that it would be greatly improved in their original RECORDED

Since the receipt of the Director's memoral and IRave I purposely called for expressions at two In-Significant 18184 ses,

W 9 1941 549

Salar Control

on Saturday, December 4, and December 11. At both sessions it was the consensus of opinion that the present format is more readable and interesting and is generally read more today than ever before. It was the opinion of approximately 75 per cent of the Agents in the December 4 class, however, that personal items should be listed by field offices, showing transfers, births and marriages, so they could keep track of their acquaintances. Particular mention was made of the wives of Agents desiring this information.

Of the December 11 class approximately 50 per cent were in favor of the new format as it is today. The other 50 per cent felt the personal items were also desirable.

I have mentioned this to several SAC's while talking to them on other matters and find a general preference for the personal items, transfers, etc.

There have been three issues of the Investigator published with the new format. The Christmas issue makes number four. Many compliments have been received, particularly from the Seat of Government. The new format, without question, lends itself to reading. It is new -- a professional touch and style. It is an attempt to sell the Bureau not only to the public but to our own employees. It is a chance for every office to "show off" its wares. The response in photographic material has been splendid. Since I have mentioned this matter in In-Service we sent to many field offices a teletype requesting that material be submitted for the January issue. In response, for the first time, we have received several letters from SAC's.

One from Knoxville states that inquiry of a <u>portion</u> of the clerical and Agent personnel revealed these employees were unanimously in favor of a return to the former organization of material; namely, the practice of listing under each office the items forwarded.

The SAC at Kansas City said on December 15, 1943, "We are not unmindful of the fact that material for the Investigator was due; however, we have made a diligent effort to assemble items for submission at this time but did not discover anything which we thought would be acceptable to the editorial staff of the Investigator. We will continue our efforts along this line in order that this office might share in the success of this publication." (This is a most uncooperative, unconstructive and sarcastic reply.)

The SAC at Huntington on December 4, 1943, wrote that "everyone seems to be particularly interested in the transfers, and news items by field divisions rather than under the present system would appeal to the readers." He also suggested that humorous incidents involving personnel are of interest to the readers.

Memorandum for Mr. Nichols

Mr. Soucy at Boston has written on December 11 that the personnel of his office feels many of the features of the present style are excellent and the Investigator as a whole is made more attractive. He points out, however, that the Investigator has lost a certain quality of intimacy. Agents have always relied upon it to keep them posted on activities — transfers and interesting items. He does not feel that the Investigator should go back to its old form but suggests an attempt be made to working in by field

EDITORIAL AND PRINTING

offices the personal items. (This is a very constructive letter.)

The New Format

- 1. Under the present style Investigator it is possible to put out an issue utilizing 32 pages and both the inside and outside of the front and back covers.
- 2. It is more work from the editorial and composition viewpoint, and articles as a rule are prepared at the Seat of Government and an attempt is made to do a better job of "laying out" photographs, etc.
 - 3. It is possible to get to the field and Seat of Government personnel messages, etc.
 - 4. Interesting to all who read.

The Old Format

- 1. Today, with 57 field offices and seven divisions at the Seat of Government with many sections and over 13,000 employees, it is impossible to do any justice to each field office and division in less than 60 to 70 pages. The last issues of the Investigator under the old style format were running 50 to 60 pages in length. During the last months of the old style there was considerable criticism made by offices due to the "cutting" of contributions, which had to be done extensively to keep the issue down within some reason. Larger offices like New York, while given two or three pages of space, always felt that if Sioux Falls, an office with ten or twenty Agents, received three fourths of a column New York, with several hundred, was entitled to an equal amount of space for the same number of employees. This is an impossibility.
- 2. The old format uses the psychology of a small-town weekly newspaper -- publish the local gossip, get in names even if it's just to mention that "John Smith drove his team to town today and bought a sack of flour and saw Lawyer Jones." This is good psychology and shouldn't be overlooked. I think we went far astray of this in the present format.

Conclusions:

- 1. The field wants personalized items set up by field offices.
- 2. The present format is a definite improvement so far as it goes.
- 3. The Seat of Government generally approves of the present format as is.
- 4. We must make some change to try to please a larger number of people.

Recommendation:

1. That we do not revert to the old format of the Investigator but that we add to the present to give it the "personal item" touch by field division. We can do this without too much additional space -- 4 or 5 pages -- if gossip, anecdotes and the like are omitted and we stick to news items pertaining to transfers, marriages, births, etc. This can be done by the method used in FBI This Week of typing items on large paper and photographing it down quite extensively. This should overcome the major objections.

Secretary,

Secretary,

J. J. Branke

J. J.

NO. 68 ES 1944

	March 13,]	L 944	SERIES
HOOVER	BAUGHMAN	HARBO	PATTERSON
TOLSON	BEACH	HENDON	_ PENNINGTON
TAMM, E. A.	BELLINO	HINCE	PFAFMAN ·
CLEGG	BLACKBURN	JONES	RENNEBERGER
COFFEY	BURTON	LARMOYEUX	ROGERS
GLAVIN	CALLAN	LAÚGHLIN, R. H.	SKOUSEN
LADD	CARLSON	LONG	STRICKLAND
NICHOLS	CARSON	MARTIN	TAMM, Q.
ROSEN	CONRAD	McGUIRE	THORNTON
TRACY	CUNNINGHAM	MOHR	TIMM'
ACERS	DOWNING	MUMFORD	WELCH
ALDEN	EGAN	NEASE	
APPEL	FITCH	PARSONS	
	TOLSON TAMM, E. A. CLEGG COFFEY GLAVIN LADD NICHOLS ROSEN TRACY ACERS ALDEN	HOOVER BAUGHMAN TOLSON BEACH TAMM, E. A. BELLINO CLEGC BLACKBURN COFFEY BURTON GLAVIN CALLAN LADD CARLSON NICHOLS CARSON ROSEN CONRAD TRACY CUNNINGHAM ACERS DOWNING ALDEN EGAN	TOLSON BEACH HENDON TAMM, E. A. BELLING HINCE CLEGG BLACKBURN JONES COFFEY BURTON LARMOYEUX GLAVIN CALLAN LAUGHLIN, R. H. LADD CARLSON LONG NICHOLS CARSON MARTIN ROSEN CONRAD MCGUIRE TRACY CUNNINGHAM MOHR ACERS DOWNING MUMFORD ALDEN EGAN NEASE

THE INVESTIGATOR

as you know, The Investigator has been published for several months now under a new format in which an effort has been made to publish items of general interest to the majority of employees of the Bureau. Items submitted by field offices concerning births, marriages and social events have been published in separate sections and every effort is made to give each field office a proportionate amount of space.

The Bureau has received many commendatory references to the new format although the suggestion has been made by some that The Investigator should revert to the old format. The principal objections naised have concerned the fact that items have not been carried by office, and detailed data on transfers have been omitted. In planning the new format the editors of the Investigator deliberately departed from the old setup. First of all. the majority of our field offices now have their own papers and the new format is designed to cover the over-all items of interest in the service. A monthly report of the Movement Clerk would be most uninteresting and as a matter of sic policy would be undesirable. Likewise, since we are confronted with hortage and a shortage of personnel we have been forced to limit to 52 pages as compared to 55 to 70 pages required under an Bure you can readily appreciate the problems entailed marter of the new format come up in your di ly what the situation is.

deluda only those it

on 8 will bond paper and appear in a single section.

For example: items concerning births on one sheet, thos concerning marriages on another, sports on another, etc. Insofar as possible it would be appreciated if negatives of pictures could be submitted which do not have to be returned, however, this is not an ironclad rule and whenever it is desired that a negative be returned, the Bureau should be advised when same is submitted. Negatives are preferable to photographs since much better results can be obtained in reproduction.

Very truly yours,

4 E ***

John Edgar Hoover Director

4,5

ide C. A. Tamma

He C. Configur

He C. Configu

LBN:RC

Mr. Dare

74-3-2-609 Warch 18, 1944

BECORTELL

I'r. Kenneth Logan Tederal Bureau of Investigation N. S. Department of Justice 940 First National Building Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Dear Mr. Loyant

I wish to acknowledge your recent communication wherein you point out that a large percentage of the employees dislike The Investigator in its present form and that as a consequence only four of the clerical employees have joined the FBI Recreation Association.

The present form of The Investigator was adopted when it became necessary to restrict the publication to approximately 36 pages each issue, and with the advent of a good many local papers put out by the various field offices the need for as much space seemed to no longer exist. On the whole, the new format has been well received and the principal criticism has been directed at the failure of the new format to include details on transfers of Agents. I am sure you can appreciate the space limitations and, of course, publishing information on transfers would not be worthwhile unless complete details were given, which would be generally undesirable.

For your information, this matter will be the subject of discussion at the forthcoming conference of Special Agents in Charge.

Very truly yours,

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

John Edgar Hoover
Director

V

New York

Tolson
E. A. Tamm
Clegg
Coffey
Quavin
Ladd
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Acers
Carson
Harbo
Henden
Wumford
Starke
Quinn Tamm
Hease
Gandy

was represent to higher

57 MAR 2 9 1944 9 5/

Tederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma February 26, 1944

Director, FBI

Attention: Mr. D. M. LADD

Assistant Director

Re: Investigator

Dear Sir:

I desire to call your attention to the fact that during the recent contact of employees, both clerical and Agents assigned to this office, to obtain subscriptions for the Investigator for the calendar year 1944, it was found that a large percentage of the employees disliked the Investigator in its present form. At the present time there are only four clerical employees assigned to this office who have subscribed to the Investigator. It was further determined that a large number of those who have subscribed have done so because of their loyalty to the Bureau and their desire to see the Investigator continued, although they do not approve of the form in which it is presently published. During a recent Agents Conference several of the Agents expressed their opinions regarding the Investigator in its present form and the manner in which it was formerly set up. They stated that their prime interest in subscribing to the Investigator was to keep track of incidents taking place in other field divisions, such as transfers of Agents, as well as the interesting news items concerning the Agents and other employees with whom they are personally acquainted. The Agents pointed out that an Agent's acquaintance among the personnel of the Bureau usually covers a large number of field divisions, and they have too many personal friends to maintain correspondence with each of them individually.

The writer has always subscribed to the Investigator, and will continue to do so as long as it is published by the Bureau; however, I agree with the concensus of the employees assigned to this office that in its present form it does not have the appeal that it did in past years, and it is recommended that the Bureau give serious consideration to changing the form of the Investigator to meet the desires of the majority of the employees.

Very truly yours,

Jewill J

SAC

A STATE OF THE STA

RECORDED

94-3-2-609

27 MR 24 1944

53MAR 27 1944 41

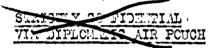
KL/ms

A. Tamm FFICE OF DIRECTOR Mr. Clegg_ FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Mr. Coffey_ Mr. Glavin March 17, 1944. Mr. Ladd Mr. Nich Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy_ Mr. Hoover: Mr. Acers Mr. Carson From a thoughtful reading of Mr. Harbo Logan's letter it would appear Mr. Hendon_ that he has a sincere desire to Mr. Mumford offer a constructive criticism. Mr. Starke C The letter which has been preparedMr. Quinn Tahm for your signature has a decidedly Tele. Room_ sarcastic tone - and if sincere Mr. Nease__ suggestions are met with this re- Miss Beshm_ ception I believe a great deal of Miss Gandy harm will be done and eventually the very source of the Bureau's material for growth will be cut off. Mr. Logan makes the statement that the personnel of his office have "subscribed to the Investigator" and exception is taken to that phraseology, in the letter for your signature. As a matter of fact the member. ship dues in the FBIRA of Field employees actually amount to a subscription, to the Investigator - as that/is the only benefit. they receive from membership in the Association. RECORDED hwg

STANDARD FORM NO. 64 ffice Memorandum · united states govern LBN:RC TO THE DIRECTOR DATE THE EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE SUBJECT: Mr. Jones . The Executive Conference, consisting of Messrs. Mr. Quinn Tamm. Tolson, Rosen, Mumford, Clegg, Hendon, Carson, Hince, Quinn Tamm, Tracy, Ladd, and Nichols reconsidered the matter of distributing The Investigator to Bureau employees who are on military leave outside the United States. A recheck was made with Colonel Forney by the Liaison Section, who advised that the Army would now appreciate the Bureau sending such material as The Investigator to enlisted personnel in the armed services because it would be a definite aid to the morale of these men. It would not be possible to send The Investigator to all former employees on military leave since we do not have their addresses and we have been told by the Adjutant General that the addresses cannot be secured as they change frequently. The Conference accordingly recommended that The Investigator be sent to every employee on military leave outside the country who requests same and furnishes his This will be sent out monthly by the Crime Records address. Section. Respectfully, For the Conference Mr. Tolson Clegg Clyde Tolson, Chairman avin, Secretary Judand ho RECORDED 201944 56MAY 1

OFFICE OF THE LEGAL ATTACHE

THE AMERICAN EMBASSY MONTEVIDEO, URUGUÂY December 2, 1943



Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to Bureau Memoranda 116 and 125, dated October 23 and November 13, 1943, respectively, in which the Bureau advised that it yould welcome suggestions and recommendations from the Legal Attaches and other SIS personnel regarding matters effecting morale and interest in the Bureau's work.

A suggestion has been received by the writer, and it is desired to submit it for the information of the Bureau. As the Bureau is aware, the SIS personnel are keenly interested in receiving informative news from home and in receiving American publications in order that each employee may keep fully informed concerning not only developments effecting his own family and home environment but news concerning the general home front situation in the United States. It is felt that if the Bureau publication, "The Investigator", could be furnished to each Legal Attache for discreet circulation along the SIS personnel, each employee would be keenly interested in learning of the new developments, both in the field offices and at the seat of government. It has been my observation that the investigator has always been an object of great interest in the States, and its contribution to morale in the field has been substantial. It is believed that its contribution would be even greater if this publication could be made available to the SIS personnel, as each employee would feel that he is keeping currently edvised concerning his contacts and friends in the States.

This suggestion is being submitted for the Eureau's consideration, and should the Eureau act favorably upon it it is respectfully requested that one copy each of "The Investigator" for the past six months be furnished to this office. The Eureau may be assured that the circulation of this publication will be done in a most diffract manner.

938 1130) FP 134

:W!!:Jg 111-0

Swot 1/24/44

53MAY 6 1944.

Very truly yours,

Edwar dy martin

EDUARD J. MARAIT, Legal Attache.

RECORDED

SS MAYAY I LIGHAA

Mario Kina

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR
JBG:VD



Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice Washington, D. C.

December 21, 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. NICHOL

Mr. Glavin

Mr. Ladd

Mr. Nichols

Mr. Rosen

Mr. Tracy

Mr. Carson

Mr. Harbo

Mr. Hendon

Mr. McGuire

Mr. Mumford

Mr. Quinn Tamm

Tele. Room

Mr. Nease

Miss Beahm

Mr. Tolson_

Mr. Clegg_____ Mr. Colley___

Mr. E. A. Tamm_

C-287

Mr. E. A. Soucy, Special Agent in Charge of the Boston Field Office, wrote the Bureau and pointed out that Mrs. Elizabeth Tyler, 109 Babcock Street, Brookline, Massachusetts, the wife of a Special Agent presently on confidential assignment, is desirous of keeping up with the activities of the Bureau's personnel through the Investigator," Since her husband has gone on this assignment, she has not seen an "Investigator," and Mr. Soucy pointed out that he thought it might be a good idea for this material to be made available to the wives of Special Agents so engaged.

I go along with Mr. Soucy's observation, and feel that the morale of the families of the Special Agents presently away from home would be helped considerably if this material were made available to them. I understand that the Special Agents so engaged do not receive these copies, even though they may be members of the FBIRA, while they are out of the country. However, upon their return, they are made available to them if they so desire in the SIS Section where they have accumulated during their absence. It is felt that it would be rather a simple task to obtain the addresses of the wives of the Agents, members of the FBIRA engaged in SIS work, and Mr. Renneberger could add these addresses to his mailing list for this booklet.

RECORDED & INDEXED

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that SIS

furnish the addresses of the wives of Special Agents engaged in confidential assignment to Mr. Renneberger for inclusion in the mailing list of the "Investigator." APR 29

chambria conto.

ent to Mr. Renneberger for of the "Investigator."APR 29
Respectfully,

J. Starke

\V .

BUY BUY WINTED FACES BONDS STAMPS

4 MAY 12 1904

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Offic Memorandum · UNITED STATE GOVERNMENT

DATE: May 3, 1944

) to : Mr. Nichols

FROM: Ur. Jones

SUBJECT: Re: JUNE ISSUE OF DINVESTICATION

We have prepared a feature article' for the June issue of the "Investigator" entitled "Women of the FBI," and it is thought that it might be well to make this the theme of the entire issue.

In that connection you will recall that portraits of approximately sixteen employees were furnished to Vernon Pope for possible use in connection with an article to appear in "Cosmopolitan" magazine. It is suggested that these photographs could be used to prepare an interesting cover for the issue showing only the faces of the various girls. The photographs, of course, would not be identified.

It might also be well to use the same theme for the Director's message for June.

If this idea is satisfactory, the cover and Director's message will be prepared in the immediate future MAY 9 344

1944 19

- 12 X

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

: M. A. Jones

, DATE: Warch 29, 1944

FROM :

E. D. Mason

SUBJECT:

O Investigator

In accordance with your instructions to ascertain whether the Investigator can be sent to young men in the armed forces serving overseas, the writer contacted Supervisor Reynolds of the Liaison Section. Later, Supervisor Fletcher of that Section advised that a memorandum is being prepared reflecting the viewpoint of the War Department in this regard. The War Department stated that there is absolutely no objection to providing members of the armed forces with a copy of the Investigator and, as a matter-of-fact, such service is appreciated.

Your attention is also invited to the letter from Corporal Howard F. Mahler, an employee of the Newark Field Office now on military leave who indicated that he had been receiving the Newark Field Office paper "Synopsis" while at the Anzio Beachhead in Italy. Corporal Mahler pointed out how much he enjoyed receiving that paper.

Bureau File 94-3-2-483 contained an Executive Conference memorandum dated March 20, 1943, in which the Conference recommended and the Director approved that the Investigator should not be sent to members of the FBIRA in the armed forces outside the continental limits of the United States. The Conference also recommended that it should be sent only upon the written request of employees in the United States.

In view of the War Department's attitude and the fact that the Bureau has received many letters requesting the Investigator, it is believed that the Executive Conference at this time might desire to consider the matter again with a view to providing this publication to emplayees regardless of where they are stationed if they request it. It is believed the Executive Conference might also wish to provide a loophole so that issues of this publication might, from time to time, be sent to deserving young men corresponding with the Director even though they might never have specifically requested the magazine.

32 MAY 25 19

Wang.

51 JUN 26 19 18 18

Z

HY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

DATE March 25, 1944

June E

RE: MAILING COPIES OF INVESTIGATORY
TO BUREAU EMPLOYEES NOW IN THE

Miss Beahm Mass Cor

Mr. Tolson Mr. E. A. Tamm.

Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy

Mr. Carson Mr. Hendon

Mr. Mumford

Mr. Harbo Mr. Starke Mr. Quinn Tamm Tele. Room Mr. Nease

Special Agent E. D. Mason orally requested that MID be contacted to determine if there is any objection to mailing copies of the Investigator to Bureau employees now in the Armed Forces and overseas.

MEMORANDUM FOR MR

ARMED FORCES

Colonel L. R. Forney stated that there is definitely no objection to the mailing of the Investigator to Bureau employees in the United States or overseas with the Armed Forces. Furthermore, he stated, that the United States Army would appreciate the Bureau's efforts to have material such as the Investigator forwarded to enlisted personnel in the Armed Forces because it would be a definite aid to the morale of those men.

It is suggested that this information be forwarded to Mr. Mason.

afort t

Respectfully,

J.a. Fletcher

F. A. Fletcher

RECURDED

32 NY 25 1944

EX - 30

3\
1 JUL 4 (1) 1944

FAF:ems

RMATIVE MEMORANDUM - NOT TO BE SENT TO FILES SECTION)

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Memorandum • united states government

Mr. Nicho

DATE: July 5, 1944

FROM : Mr. Jones

SUBJECT: The "Investigator"

You will recall that slightly over one year ago the Executive Conference, at your suggestion, approved a new format for the "Investigator." At that time the magazine was reduced considerably in size, and we broke away from the former system, which set up all of the material according to Field Offices. We also ceased running transfer information. Beginning about one year ago, we began making the "Investigator" as nearly a feature magazine as possible. That is, we cut out a lot of the personal information, which would be of interest to a limited number of people, and started using more featured material, which, it was felt, would be of a general interest to a large percentage of those receiving the publication.

On the whole, the response from the Field and the Seat of Government has been quite favorable to the new format of the "Investigator." We have, however, from time to time received a few complaints. The matter was considered again by the Executive Conference on January 19, 1944, and the Conference unanimously agreed that we would not return to the old form of the "Investigator," but that an effort would be made to give a personal touch to the magazine by setting forth more anecdote material, such as that used in "FBI This Week." The Director approved the recommendation of the Executive Conference. An effort has been made, during the first six months of this year, to make the "Investigator" more interesting.

Attached hereto are the first six issues of the current calendar year, and it is felt that the covers are definitely attractive and that the contents of each issue are quite good indeed. The photographs, while some could be improved somewhat, are believed to be about as good as we can get from the process which must be used.

Ever since the new format was instituted, we have been attempting to get constructive suggestions from Special Agents and the Special Agents in Charge so that the "Investigator" can be improved even more. It has almost been uniformly true that those who have griped the most about the "Investigator" have had the least to offer in the way of constructive ideas for improvement. I desire to set forth desire the comments of the Special Agents in Charge:

First SAC School

1. A suggestion was made that births and marriages are already available in the Bureau, and that these can be obtained in the Chief Clerk's office. This are already available of the chief Clerk's office. the Chief Clerk's office. This suggestion obviously has some nerit

2011

July 5, 1944 Memorandum for Mr. Nichols and is being followed at the present time. 2. A suggestion was made that the Field Office publications be routed to all offices, the thought apparently being that this would, in a sense, take the place of the "Investigator." Some Field Offices, of course, do route their publications to other offices, but it is not believed wise for the Bureau to encourage each office to send a copy of its publication to all other offices. One SAC suggested that the material be set up by Field Offices as in the past, and that in any particular issue have only about ten offices represented. This suggestion is not believed to be practical in the least. xxxx. There would be howls of protest from the offices not represented in any particular issue. 4. SAC Nathan suggested that we run more individual articles and that the magazine be made more of a feature magazine than it is at the present time. This suggestion is believed to be quite good and every effort is being made to run as much special feature material as possible. SAC Danner suggested that instead of the "Investigator" 5. coming out each month, we run a yearly publication somewhat in the form of a college yearbook. This yearly publication would contain the highlights of the year's activities. This suggestion is not believed to be of much value since the "Investigator," as it is at the present time, is most valuable from the standpoint of morale. The yearly publication would, of course, not be so valuable in this regard. SAC Scheidt suggested that when some Agent or clerical employee writes a good article for the "Investigator" that a letter of thanks be sent to the employee. This suggestion has a good deal of merit and is being followed at the present time. Second SAC School 1. SAC Bobbitt observed that the employee's wives take a great deal of interest in the "Investigator" and that there should be a separate section in the magazine for the wives. While this suggestion does have some merit, it is felt that in view of space limitations no consideration should be given to it at the present time. In other words, since the magazine is one for Bureau employees, it is felt that until more space is available all of it should be devoted to employees. SAC Brantley, it will be recalled, was quite critical of the new format of the "Investigator" at one time. During SAC School, he at first stated that he had no suggestions to offer for improvement. Later during the discussion, however, he commented that some of the pictures were too frivolous. 3. SAC Hallford commented on the delay in the publication of pictures. This comment is well taken and of course every effort is being made to publish pictures as promptly as possible. 4. SAC Starke comments that we should give more consideration - 2 -

to the types of pictures which are used and which are submitted for the "Investigator." He referred particularly to the fact that many of the pictures contained no expression, etc.

5. Assistant SAC Donegan, New York office, mentioned that some of the pictures used in the "Investigator" are quite good.

- 6. SAC Thornton remarked that all babies look alike, and that, therefore, we should not run baby pictures. As you know, baby pictures were cut out of the "Investigator" long ago.

 Mr. Thornton also observed that many of the costume pictures in the "Investigator" look silly and that we might get some criticism by running too many foolish pictures, such as, men dancing with men, etc. Mr. Thornton observed that a good many copies of the "Investigator" go to former employees now in the Service, and that the reaction might not be too good. It is felt that this observation is sound and in the future we do not propose to use any pictures of a frivolous nature which might result in criticism.
- 7. SAC Lopez commented that all material on one office was not in one place. While this observation has some merit, it is pointed out that the "Investigator" is just thirty-two pages in length and that it takes very little time to go through the whole publication. Then too, because of the reproduction process in the Mechanical Section, we must try to group photographs together as nearly as possible. This, at times, results in spreading out the material on a particular office. Then too, we are putting the names of offices to in big type and this should facilitate finding material on an office which an employee is particularly interested in.
- 8. Another SAC suggested that the Field should be allowed to get back fifty per cent of its "Investigator" contribution for athletic equipment, etc., instead of twenty per cent, as at the present time. It is felt that the officers of the Recreation Association may desire to look into this suggestion.

9. Another SAC commented that he did not like the "Investigator," but could not think of any suggestions for improving it, in view of the restrictions at the Bureau.

10. SAC Brown stated that the "Investigator" was five times better than in the past and that we are definitely on the right track.

You will recall that at both SAC Schools you specifically requested the SAC's to take the matter up in their respective offices and to send us in some good concrete suggestions for the improvement of the "Investigator." Since SAC Schools, I have mentioned the same matter before the In-Service Classes. It is significant, I feel, that to date not a single letter has come in from the SAC's in response to your request.

The following comments were made concerning the "Investigator" at the Assistant SAC School last Saturday:

July 5, 1944

Memorandum for Mr. Nichols

1. The suggestion was made that we run no more "chamber of commerce" pictures. I take this suggestion to mean that we run no more general pictures of scenery which do not contain Bureau personnel. This suggestion is believed to have merit and in the future we will keep it in mind.

2. One of the Assistant SAC's suggested that instead of submitting material to the "Investigator" each month, the Field Offices simply mark interesting items in the Field Office publications which are sent in so that these marked items can be used for the "Investigator." I might comment that we have always followed the policy of glancing over the Field Office publications and using anything of value for the "Investigator." I do not feel, however, that instructions should go forth to the Field along this line, inasmuch as it would tend to lessen interest in the "Investigator."

You will recall that the consensus of opinion among the Assistant SAC's was to the effect that the "Investigator" is now on the right track and that we should continue it as it is at present -- that is, that it should remain a more or less feature magazine, but should retain the personal touch.

I might mention that at the last six or seven In-Service Classes I have sounded them out on the current format of the "Investigator." Generally speaking, the classes seem to be in favor of a feature magazine. Many have favored keeping it as it is and some have voted in favor of cutting out all of the personal items, such as, weddings and births which are contained in it at the present time. Few constructive suggestions have been given, however.

Recommendation:

1. In the absence of any really constructive, concrete suggestions on the part of the Field or the Seat of Government, I recommend that we continue the "Investigator" under its present format.

2. I recommend that we gradually make the "Investigator" even more of a feature magazine than it is at the present time by including more articles on the Bureau's work and interesting incidents and cases handled by Bureau employees.

3. I recommend that as a general rule we cut out so-called general pictures which do not pertain directly to the Bureau's work.

4. It is recommended that we omit from the "Investigator" so-called frivolous pictures which might result in criticism during a period of war. It is felt safe, however, to run general pictures on social and sport activities.



Office Memorandum · united states government

.TO

MR. H. H. CLEGG

DATE:

September 9, 1944

FROM

GEORGE H. TREADWELL

SUBJECT:

SPECIAL AGENT EARLE WA BURKE

IN-SERVICE CLASS #69

SUGGESTION

r. Telso r. Clegg r. Coffey r. Coffey r. Cladd r. Nichols r. Rosen r. Trace r. Carson

When interviewed during In Service training, Agent Burke stated that he has observed in issues of the Investigator that a large percentage of the pictures published are of parties and various types of social activities of personnel in the various field divisions.

Burke states that while these are of interest to Bureau personnel, that he feels that due to the distribution of this magazine and the fact that copies get into the hands of persons other than Bureau employees, such pictures might prove embarraising to the Bureau during the present war emergency. He bases this belief on the fact that persons in organizations antagonistic to the Bureau could make use of such photographs to criticize the Bureau as being an organization engaging largely in social activities or otherwise embarrass the Bureau with unfavorable comments and criticisms.

Burke suggests that the number of such pictures be kept at a minimum in future issues of the Investigator.

Perundan &

INDEXED F. 23-2-

in which

id

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United STATES GOVERNMENT

ro : Mr. Nichols

DATE: June 15, 1944

FROM : Mr. Jones

SUBJECT: Re: The "Investigator"

J. J.

While talking with Mr. Tracy this morning in connection with a possible feature on the Identification Division's Twentieth Anniversary, he made a suggestion that it might be well when features appear on the various divisions of the Bureau to have the Mechanical Section make up reprints of these features for the employees to distribute to their families and friends.

You will recall that the Identification Division feature which appeared in the July-August 1943 issue of the "Investigator" was reprinted and Mr. Tracy stated that these five thousand copies had been sent all over the country.

RECOMMENDATION: It is suggested that when a feature appears in the "Investigator" concerning one of the divisions of the Bureau, that the pages devoted to this feature be run off as a reprint in order that it might be available for this purpose. It would not involve any additional preparation, inasmuch as the plates are already made up and could be easily used to run off additional copies.

ADDENDUM; LBN:HBM; 6/19/44

The Executives' Conference consisting of Messrs. E. A. Tamm, Hince, Ladd, Rosen, Hendon, Clegg, Acers, Coffey, Carson, Quinn Tamm, Glavin and Nichols considered the foregoing suggestion and recommend unanimously its adoption.

194-3-2-663
33 NOV 8 1944

4)

21/

Ty Table of

Mr N'e San Training

Mr. Cor on
Mr. Cor on
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Mumford
Mr. dones
Mr. Quinn Tanman
Mr. Noase
Mr. Noase
Miss Candy

Vr. B. A. T. . m



Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Instice

500 Widener Building Philadelphia 5, Pennsylvania October 14, 1944

30 Bay 2

Mr. L. B. Nichols
Assistant Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Nichols:

In accordance with our last conversation, I am taking advantage of your suggestion that I send directly to you any ideas that I may have concerning features that might assist in the publishing of the Investigator.

In reading the various Field Office publications, from familiarity with conditions in the Philadelphia Field Division, and from notations appearing in the "Investigator" itself, it is obvious that bowling is being enthusiastically taken up by a large majority of Bureau personnel.

Recently in Philadelphia the opening of the bowling season brought out over one hundred girls and men. Therefore, is should like to suggest that the "Investigator" sponsor a hation-wide bowling tournament in each Field Division, with each office on a certain designated date having its team of five men, or three men and two girls, or a team of five men and five girls, bowl against a certain number of other offices.

It would make it more interesting to start the Field Divisions off geographically, with six or seven teams bowling in one section for elimination purposes. Any way would be satisfactory just so it could be arranged that eight Field Divisions would be left for the second round, at which time two teams would bowl in each bracket, bringing four teams up to the semi-finals and, of course, two teams for the finals.

The SACs or a designated Supervisor could be responsible for the sending in of the scores, and the "Investigator" could

FOP VICTORY
BUY
WAR
BONDS
STAMPS

1 1 1944

INDEXED 94-3-2 - 18 NOV 8 194

EX-10 MARCH

W

Mr. L. B. Nichols October 14, 1944 Page: Two

print them with appropriate pictures, and, if possible, present a plaque or cup to the winning Field Division. This, as an annual event, I feel certain would stimulate interest and put the "Investigator" itself in a position of being a governing organ of employees' activities.

No doubt, there are many improvements that you will want to make in the suggested plan if you are of the opinion that it bears merit. In any event, I want you to know I am constantly on the outlook for any ideas or suggestions that might assist you in this work.

Sincerely,

WALTER V MCLAUGH

pecial Arent

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

WCS:dah ffice Memorandum •

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: October 25, 1944

Mr. Nichols

FROM:

Mr. Jones

SUBJECT:

Suggestions for the Investigator

You will recall the suggestions which have been received from a number of SACs concerning the featuring of outstanding Bureau cases, which suggestions are being adopted for is sues of the Investigator in the immediate future. In this connection, SAC W. A. Murphy has suggested that a special feature appear each month written by the Bureau's older and more experienced employees concerning their most interesting experience in the FRI.

Such articles could be limited to approximately 500 words and should no doubt include articles from both older SACs as well as older Special Agents.

CONCLUSION: It is believed SAC Murphy's suggestion has considerable merit and that a feature of this kind would prove very popular.

Mr. E. A. Tamm Mr. Clegg Mr. Coffey Mr. Glavin M Nichol Mr. Carson Mr. Hendon Mr. Jones Mr. Quina Tamm Tele. Room Mr. Nease

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

ice Memorandum • United States Government

LBN: HE

TO

THE DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE

SUBJECT:

The Executive Conference consisting of Messrs. Tolson, Gurnea, Clegg, Hendon, Coffey, Carson, E. A. Tamm, Tracy, Glavin and Nichols considered SAC Murphy's oral suggestion to the effect that the Investigator carry a feature article each month written by one of the Bureau's older and more experienced

employees setting forth his most interesting experiences in the

Bureau.

The Conference, with the exception of Messrs. Clegg and Nichols, were opposed to this on the basis that individuals would claim credit; it would make for hard feelings since only a limited number could be published.

Messrs. Clegg and Nichols recommended approval on condition that the articles omit names and not carry the name of the author.

> Respectfully, For the Conference

Clude Tolson, Chairman

#lavin, Secretary

CC

Mr. Tolson

Mr. Clegg

CORDE

DATE: October 27, 1944

tuce Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

20.

DATE: August 3,

Mr. E. A. Tamin Mr. Clegg

Mr. Mumford

. Mr. Nichols

FROM : M. A. Jones

The "Investigator" SUBJECT: Re:

> A suggestion has recently been made with refer-Nease ende to the "Investigator" format which I believe deberves consideration. As you know, in the past we have devoted approximately two pages in each issue to the Blessed Events" section and three or four pages to the Widdle Aisle." While these features are of some interest to the employees involved, it is not felt that they are of general interest to the field or employees at the Seat of Government.

In a recent In-Service Course the suggestion was made that these sections be omitted from the "Investigator." It was definitely felt that this was a good suggestion and that to omit these sections will make it possible to include more material of more lasting and general Anterest.

For example, it is suggested that the policy be inaugurated of including a section which might be entitled Rest Case of the Month," in which we could publish an interesting case which would be taken from a recent interesting case writeup, and which could be illustrated by photographs if available, or if not, by drawings prepared in the Cartographic Section. type of feature would not only be of general interest to the field, but it would also be of value to Agents and officials making speeches.

RECOMMENDATION: It is suggested that the sections the "Middle Asle" and "Blessed Events" be eliminated from the "Investigator" beginning with the October issue and that a section entitled "Best Case of the Month" be inaugurated at the same time.



Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice

Indianapolis, Indiana November 21, 1944



Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

h response to your invitation to submit suggestions at any time, I offer the following matters for your consideration.

It is believed that a special edition of the "FBI This Week" or the "Newsfront" should be prepared at regular intervals, possibly monthly, for distribution by mail not only to Bureau employees but also to the parents of each clerical employee at the Seat of Government. It is not suggested that it/would be necessary to make this issue, which could be called the "Home Edition," more elaborate, and it is believed it should continue to cite inter-Esting notes on the Bureau's official work. Further, it should summarize the Eureau's social activities during the period, listing athletic, intra-mural, land sports events, naming the individuals concerned and giving their home town in the story.

Naturally, the relatives of Bureau personnel are among its best salesmen, and this would provide them with facts and would also make them feel closer to the Bureau. Possibly more important, it would demonstrate to the parent or immediate relative the full scope of the Bureau's social activities and would thus give the parent more confidence in the youth's present and future in the Bureau. It is felt that this would decrease the clerical turnover since it would reduce the number of cases where children are asked to come home by misunderstanding parents.

As a corollary to this proposal, it is suggested that each clerical employee whose father, brother, or sister is directly connected with law enforcement be placed on the regular Bareau mailing list. This information could be obtained from the clerical employees themselves or from their files and a letter could be addressed to them stating that they are being placed on the mailing list in view of the many factors which make the Bureau's work of interest to them.

It is believed that the adoption of these suggestions would enhance the pleasant relationship between the Bureau, its employees and their families, and would also serve the Bureau itself.

PVICTORY

RECORDED INDEXE

Special Agent

Clarence W. Moore

NOVEMBER 28, 1944

1

TITE IN WANT OF

MR. TOLSON

W. R. GLAVIN

PRINTING OF IBI LAN ENFORCEMENT BULLETIN. INVESTIGATOR, AND TEST THIS WEEK

I have discussed in some detail with Messra, Jones, McGuire, and Renneberger the difficulties which we have experienced in the past concerning the issue dates of the abovementioned publications. Considerable difficulty has been experienced particularly in the past two months in getting these publications out on time. The main difficulties arose through graduation of the NPA and the rush publication we had on the Special Agents Handbook which necessarily had to take precedence over the printing of the above-mentioned booklets.

With reference to the Law Enforcement Bulletin, the December issue of the Law Enforcement Bulletin will be out tomorrow, November 29. I have ascertained that it takes the full time services of 10 people 20 days to get out the Law Enforcement Bulletin. Part of the bulletin is prepared on multigraph and part of "the insert" is prepared on the multilith machines. It is necessary to set up at least 60 drums for the multigraph reproduction of this bulletin. It takes the services of two or three people setting up thesendrums and it takes about an hour to set up a drum. These people are included in the 10 aforementioned. It takes approximately 3 days for 14 photographers to do the necessary photographic work and the remainder of the time is spent on the actual running off of the copy on the multigraph and multilith machines. It is felt that if the Law Enforcement Bulletin gets to Mr. Renneberger by the 10th of the month, there will be no difficulty in getting it out by the first of the following month.

INVESTIGATOR. With reference to the Investigator, it was ascertained that the November issue of the Investigaterroan be completed by Thursday, November 30. It takes at least the services of 10 employees a period of 8 days to get out the Investigator. The Investigator under present procedure usually is received by Mr. Renneberger on or about the 10th of the month and should be out by the last day of the month. This gives was both the Law Egforcement Bulletin and the Investigator to be run and handled at THE THE THE Mr. Tolson some time.
Mr. E. A. Tamme some time.
Mr. Close

It is my recommendation, this recommendation be concurred Ar. Nichols In by Messrs. Jones, McGuire and Renneberger, that the material for trees the Investigator get to Mr. Benneberger by the first of the month carson so he can get it out by the 20th of the month. In this way we Jeres of time as we do now.

With reference to the Christmas issue of the Investigator, if Mr. Renneberger gets this issue by the 5th of December, we will be able to have it out and in the mail by the 20th. With reference to the regular January issue of the Investigator, if this issue is received by the Mechanical Section by the first of January, we will be able to get the Investigator out by the 20th of January. We will be able to do this regularly which will assure delivery of the magazine for the month in question to the employees during that month.

THIS WEEK. With reference to This Week, this is always a push or a rush job. We make 6,000 copies of this booklet and it usually consists of 20 pages. It takes the full time of 10 employees 2 full days to get this booklet out. If we can have the material for This Week in the Mechanical Section before the close of business on Thursday of each week, we can get it out before the close of business on Saturday of each week. If it comes down late Friday, there is absolutely nothing that can be done to get the booklet out on Saturday without putting on an extra shift to run from midnight to 8:00 in the morning. This is due to the fact that you have got to give the sheets time to dry after being multilithed, have to give the photographers time to make the negatives, they have to be opaqued, the prints have to be photographed and then they have to do the assembling work.

ADDITIONAL NEEDS. In connection with the employees needed in the Mechanical Section, under our present set-up, getting the Law Enforcement Bulletin out once every two months, we would need 4 additional multilith operators to insure meeting deadline dates. After the first of January when the Law Enforcement Bulletin comes out each month, it will be necessary to have 8 additional people. Therefore, it will be necessary to increase the staff of the printing unit of the Mechanical Section, which numbers 40 at this time, to 52 people so that we can meet all the deadlines, take care of expedite work and get this material out on time after the first of the year.

I approve. We must get these out on thee.

Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clesk
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Carson
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Mendon

January 9, 1945

MEMO FOR MR	がいしてはなり	ALDEN	HARBO	PARSONS
MEMO LOU MU		• • • • • • •		
	Tolson	BAUGHMAN	HENDON	PENNINGTON
	TAMM, E. A.	Callan	HINCE	PFAFMAN
	CLEGG	CARLSON	Jones '	RENNEBERGER
	COFFEY	CARSON	LAUGHLIN, R. H.	ROCERS
	CONNELLEY	CARTWRIGHT	LONG	SCHLENKER
	GLAVIN	CONRAD	MARTIN	STRICKLAND
	LADD	CUNNINGHAM	McGUIRE	TAMM, Q.
	NICHOLS	DOWNING	MOHR	WELCH
	ROSEN	EGAN	MUMFORD	
	TRACY	FITCH	NAUGHTEN	t
	ACERS	GURNEA	NEASE	

RE: THE INVESTIGATOR

A number of employees have submitted very worthwhile suggestions for the improvement of the Investigator. In order to advise you of the most recent policies in connection with this publication, the following information is being set forth:

- 1. NEW DEAD LINE DATE. Effective February 1, 1945, it is desired that all contributions for the Investigator be submitted by the first day of the month. This will make it possible to use contributions in the current issue of the Investigator instead of using them two months later, as in the past.
- 2. CHANGE IN EDITORIAL POLICIES. As you know the Investigator was originally designed as an informal, personalized news letter for Bureau personnel. When the number of employees was small this was considered very effective. However, with the Bureau's growth it has been necessary to make certain changes, in the format and editorial policies of the Investigator.

First: In a thirty-two page publication, it was found impossible to include a sufficient number of employees on a personalized basis to make the publication interesting to the entire of the entire o

Second Stories on marriages blessed events and pictures of children wave received in such volume that only a part of them could possibly by used. In fairness to everyone this type of news had to be eliminated entitlely.

Third: The newer employees representing considerably more than half the semination of the Bureau's personnel felt the need for more background on the Bureau.

There were many suggestions that the Investigator include outstanding cases from the kidnaping bank robbery era so that the Bureau's past contribution fightly betting derstood and appreciated.

Leut 6

Fourth: It was felt that there should be more cartoons, poetry, stories, etc. introduced in the Investigator. Many field office publications have been made attractive and interesting through a generous use of cartoons, illustrations and short narratives, and in recent months this type of material has also been included in the Investigator.

Fifth: Although the Investigator can no longer rely exclusively on informal, personalized news for reading interest, it is nevertheless desirable to feature as much social and "name news" as space will permit. However, all articles of this kind should have real news interest and relate to some incident or event which will make the item attractive to Bureau employees generally regardless of whether the person involved is known or not. Interesting hobbies or outstanding accomplishments of Bureau employees in extracurricular activities make good material for the new Investigator feature, "Headlines in the News."

3. PHOTOGRAPHS FOR THE INVESTIGATOR. Both the negative and print should be submitted with a cover letter indicating whether or not the picture should be returned. Subject matter for photographs should be carefully selected. In recent months excerpts from both "The Investigator" and "FBI This Week" have appeared in the public press which emphasizes the need for avoiding any photographs or statements which would reflect derogatorily upon the Bureau or its personnel. Photographs showing bottles which are obviously not of the soft drink variety will not be used. Photographs which might be interpreted as reflecting unfavorably on the attitudes and taste of Bureau personnel should be avoided. This would also apply to jokes, cartoons, short stories or any material which relies on profanity or borderline themes for its effect.

TRANSFERS, RESIGNATIONS, ETC. The very nature of the Bureau's work makes it undesirable to refer to transfers and the movement of Bureau personnel in the Investigator. While many transfers might be entirely satisfactory to mention, there are, nevertheless, many others which could not be mentioned without jeopardizing the Bureau's interests, and therefore, as a matter of policy, it is desired that this type of information be excluded from the Investigator. For policy reasons it is also desired that references to resignations and sick leave be avoided.

The above information is being set out with the thought that it may be of assistance to you in preparing contributions to the Investigator in the future. It is desired that this publication be made as useful and worthwhile as possible, and any suggestions which you may have to further improve it should be brought to the Bureau's attention immediately.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

SAC	ALBANY	DES MOINES	MEMPHIS	RICHMOND
	ANCHORAGE	DETROIT	MIAMI	ST. LOUIS
7	ATLANTA	EL PASO	MILWAUKEE	ST. PAUL
•	BALTIMORE	GRAND RAPIDS	NEWARK	SALT LAKE CITY
	BIRMINGHAM	HONOLULU	NEW HAVEN	SAN ANTONIO
	BOSTON	HOUSTON	NEW ORLEANS	SAN DIEGO
	BUFFALO	HUNTINGTON	NEW YORK	SAN FRANCISCO
	BUTTE	INDIANAPOLIS	NORFOLK	SAN JUAN
	CHARLOTTE	JACKSON	OKLAHOMA CITY	SAVANNAH
	CHICAGO	KANSAS CITY	OMAHA	SEATTLE
	CINCINNATI	KNOXVILLE	PHILADELPHIA	SIOUX FALLS
	CLEVELAND	LITTLE ROCK	PHOENIX	SPRINGFIELD
1	DALLAS	LOS ANGELES	PITTSBURGH	SYRACUSE
	DENVER	LOUISVILLE	PORTLAND	WASHINGTON, D. C.
			PROVIDENCE	QUANTICO

RE: THE INVESTIGATOR

A number of employees have submitted very worthwhile suggestions for the improvement of the Investigator. In order to advise you of the most recent policies in connection with this publication, the following information is being set forth:

- 1. NEW DEAD LINE DATE. Effective February 1, 1945, it is desired that all contributions for the Investigator be submitted by the first day of the month. This will make it possible to use contributions in the current issue of the Investigator instead of using them two months later, as in the past.
- 2. CHANGE IN EDITORIAL POLICIES. As you know the Investigator was originally designed as an informal, personalized news letter for Bureau personnel. When the number of employees was small this was considered very effective. However, with the Bureau's growth it has been necessary to make certain changes in the format and editorial policies of the Investigator.

First: In a thirty-two page publication, it was found impossible to include a sufficient number of employees on a personalized basis to make the publication interesting to the entire Bureau, therefore news of more general reading interest had to be willized.

RECORDED

Second: Stories on marriages, blessed events and pictures of children were received in such volume that only a part of them could possibly be used.

In fairness to everyone this type of news had to be eliminated entirely.

Third: The never employees representing considerably than half of the Bureau's personnel felt the need for more background in the Bureau. There were many suggestions that the Investigator include outstanding cases from the kidnaping - bank robbery era so that the Bureau's past contribution might be better understood and appreciated.

Sent to

Mr. Glavin

Mumfor

Fourth: It was felt that there should be more cartoons, poetry, stories, etc. introduced in the Investigator. Many field office publications have been made attractive and interesting through a generous use of cartoons, illustrations and short narratives, and in recent months this type of material has also been included in the Investigator.

Fifth: Although the Investigator can no longer rely exclusively on informal, personalized news for reading interest, it is nevertheless desirable to feature as much social and "name news" as space will permit. However, all articles of this kind should have real news interest and relate to some incident or event which will make the item attractive to Bureau employees generally regardless of whether the person involved is known or not. Interesting hobbies or outstanding accomplishments of Bureau employees in extracurricular activities make good material for the new Investigator feature, "Headlines in the News."

- 3. PHOTOGRAPHS FOR THE INVESTIGATOR. Both the negative and print should be submitted with a cover letter indicating whether or not the picture should be returned. Subject matter for photographs should be carefully selected. In recent months excerpts from both "The Investigator" and "FBI This Week" have appeared in the public press which emphasizes the need for avoiding any photographs or statements which would reflect derogatorily upon the Bureau or its personnel. Photographs showing bottles which are obviously not of the soft drink variety will not be used. Photographs which might be interpreted as reflecting unfavorably on the attitudes and taste of Bureau personnel should be avoided. This would also apply to jokes, cartoons, short stories or any material which relies on profanity or borderline themes for its effect.
- 4. TRANSFERS, RESIGNATIONS, ETC. The very nature of the Bureau's work makes it undesirable to refer to transfers and the movement of Bureau personnel in the Investigator. While many transfers might be entirely satisfactory to mention, there are, nevertheless, many others which could not be mentioned without jeopardizing the Bureau's interests, and therefore, as a matter of policy, it is desired that this type of information be excluded from the Investigator. For policy reasons it is also desired that references to resignations and sick leave be avoided.

The above information is being set out with the thought that it may be of assistance to you in preparing contributions to the Investigator in the future. It is desired that this publication be made as useful and worthwhile as possible, and any suggestions which you may have to further improve it should be brought to the Bureau's attention immediately.

Very truly yours,

1

John Edgar Hoover Director

Office Memorandum · united states government

TO : Mr. 14 chode NY

DATE: December 14, 1944

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: Re: FBI This Week

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Clegs
Mr. Clegs
Mr. Clegs
Mr. Cley
Mr. Clavin
Mr. Cald
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Carson
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Orson
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Orson
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Orson
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Jones
Mr. Jones
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Neáse
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Reference is made to the suggestion from Special Mr. Agent Clarence W. Moore to have several issues of The Investigator or FBI This Week put out in a form of a "Home Mr. Adition" which could be sent to the parents and relatives of Bureau employees. This, of course, is a very worthwhile suggestion and a conference has been held with the employees working on The Investigator and FBI This Week for the purpose of devising the most effective means of putting over a Home Edition.

It is the consensus of opinion among these employees that it would be most difficult to make The Investigator appealing to all employees both at the Seat of Government and in the field as a Home Edition. As you know, we have been featuring one field office at a time showing the pictures of the employees and setting forth interesting information concerning the city where the field office headquarters are located. It is believed that relatives of field employees would only be interested in material which dealt more or less directly with individual employees and the office where they are employed. It would therefore be impossible to make a 32-page issue of The Investigator effective for any substantial number of the Bureau's field personnel.

Book March

However, something could be done here in Vashington. It is being suggested that seven issues of FBI This Teek (spread out over a four-month period) be devoted to each of the seven Divisions of the Bureau here at the Seat of Government. For example, one issue would be published on Division One, and the cover as well as all sixteen pages of the context would deal with interesting intimate facts relating to the Identification Division. Because of the excellent pictures which have been taken in the past on all Divisions throughout the Bureau, it might also be desirable to incorporate three or four pages of pictures in the Home Edition issue. This would mean that the they presently used. Other Divisions could be interspersed every two or three weeks until the categories. issue would have to be printed on a better grade of paper than every two or three weeks until the entire Bureau had been covered. 4 Each Home Edition could contain a message from the Director emphasizing the importance of the work in that particular division and expressing the Bureau's interest in the employees who have come to Washington to render a valuable contribution to the par effort. Each issue should also contain a reference to the

Mr. Nichols

December 14, 1944

special services available to employees, such as the Health Service, FBIRA, Personnel Counsel Service, etc., and these could be written up differently for each Home Edition so as not to become stereotype.

CONCLUSION: If it meets with your approval, seven issues of FBI This Week will be reserved as Home Editions and will be published at intervals of two or three weeks until each division of the Bureau has been covered.

See hypping on a soin

Office Memorandum · UNITED ST. ES GOVERNMENT

TO

THE DIRECTOR

FROM :

The Executives Conference

SUBJECT:

The Executives Conference consisting of Messrs. Tolson Mr. Tracy Tramm, Rosen, Ladd, Clegg, Tracy, Glavin, Hendon, Coffey, and Nichols Mr. More considered further the suggestion of Special Agent Clarence Welloore Mr. Munto regarding the possibility of a home edition of either the FBI This Wr. Quin Week or The Investigator. The Conference was unanimous in the view Mr. Nesse that a home edition to accomplish the purposes, should extend only Miss Gandy to the FBI This Week and not The Investigator.

The Conference was likewise unanimous in featuring several issues during the year of the overall activities of the Bureau, bringing in the Nursing Service, the activities of the FBI Recreational Association and the like. It was specifically agreed that a special issue shortly after the first of the year should be devoted to the work of the FBI Recreational Association, and that plans be set for a Mother's Day edition later on.

If approved, steps will be taken to implement this suggestion.

Respectfully, For the Conference

DATE: December 15,, 1944

Clyde Tolson

E. A. Tamm

dr.

INDEXED 94-3-2-700

56MAR 1 3 1945

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

tice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERN

Mr. Nichols TO

J DATE; March 2

FROM: M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: Suggested Director's Message for the Home Edition of

This Week" coming out on March 10, 1945

As you know, the first Home Edition of "FBI This Week" will come out a week from Saturday, March 10, 1945. As you suggested, a message from the Director has been prepared for approval setting forth the purpose of the Home Edition series and commending the work of the employees in the Identification Division which is covered in the first issue.

52MAR 1

RECORDED IX DEXED 14

DIRECTOR'S MESSAGE FOR FIRST HOME EDITION

This is the first in a series of seven Home Editions of the "FBI This Week" dedicated to the friends and relatives of Bureau employees. It was thought that the parents, brothers, sisters and friends of those who are working in the Bureau might be interested in seeing an inside picture of the functions and facilities of the FBI.

This first issue tells the story of the Identification Division. This is the largest fingerprint clearinghouse in the world and to make it function effectively and efficiently requires the finest calibre of personnel available.

Their contribution to the security of the home front is one of the most important tasks being performed behind the lines in this war. By checking the constant stream of finger-print cards, the background of dangerous individuals seeking employment in war plants is revealed, undesirable persons are excluded from the Armed Services, unknown American dead from the battlefields of the world are identified, and fugitives from justice are being located at the rate of more than 1,000 per month.

I am sure you will enjoy reading about the work of these employees who are living in the Nation's Capital and participating in the supremely important task of keeping America strong.

94-3-2-701

Office Memorandum • United States Government

MR. NIĆHOM

FROM:

M. A. Jones

E EDITIONS OF FBI THIS WEEK

DATE: FEBRUARY 10, 1945

At a recent meeting of all the reporters for FBI This Week, the "home editions!" which the Director recently approved were discussed.

It was felt that the only way a publication could be made attractive to a large number of parents and relatives would be through the liberal use of photographs and captions similar to the features which have appeared in the Univertigator on the various divisions at the Seat of Government. It was recalled that the reprint on the Identification Division, for example, was extremely popular and several thousand copies were sent home by employees. It was felt that straight reading material would not be of interest to the relatives of employees unless the name of each employee appeared somewhere in the publication. This, of course, would be physically impossible.

Since a great deal of the photographic material on the various divisions is already available and it would take only a little additional work to bring the material up-to-date, it is felt that this would be the most effective way of putting over the home edition. All of the employees seem most anxious that these issues not only show pictures of the personnel but "tell the story" of the kind of work they do so that their relatives can gain some appreciation of the size of the Bureau and the importance of the Bureau's work. They also wanted the Bureau's service facilities to be emphasized such as personnel counselors, Health Service, FBIRA recreation, etc.

If the above suggestions meet with the Bureau's approval, the home editions will be built along these lines. In order to allow adequate time for preparation, the following schedule for home editions was tentatively set:

HOME EDITION DEVOTED TO

Division One Division Seven Division Five Division Six Division Three 'Division Two Division Four

ALL MATERIAL MUST

BE IN BY

PUBLICATION DATE

February & February 24 April 28 May 12 30 MAR 22 1945 May 26 May 12/ N May 26 June 9 June 16 June 30

ffice Memorandum • United States Government

FROM:

SUBJECT:

As you know, we have been developing a new format for the FBI This Week for the past several months. There were $lak{\mathbb{K}}$ numerous suggestions last summer that steps be taken to get away from the rather stiff and stilted style which many of the Division reporters were using in submitting news for this publication. In November a meeting was held with all reporters and the general consensus was that the material should be of more general reading interest instead of so much personalized news so that employees would enjoy reading the entire magazine regardless of the Division in which they appen to work. To do this, greater responsibility was placed upon the reporters in the various Divisions. were instructed on how to set up copy, insert cartoons, illustrations, etc., how to break up the space for better eye-appeal, and were encouraged to go out after new headings and new ideas which would add to the value of the magazine from a morale-building standpoint.

Last week another meeting was held with all reporters. There seems to be a much more favorable and enthusiastic attitude toward the FBI This Week under the new format. The reporters themselves are much more interested and there are now approximately 75 employees contributing regularly. Mr. Gauthier was asked to speak to the group on how to improve their cartoons and briefly discuss the procedure followed in printing FBI This Week so that all of the reporters could appreciate the problems involved.

Space allotments have been made to each Division and a chief reporter in each Division is assigned the task of cutting the contributions until they fit the space allowed. These chief reporters meet with their assistants once a week to make certain that space allocations for the various units in each Division are receiving equitable representation. The limitation of FBI This Week to approximately 16 pages makes it impossible to report on every unit throughout the Bureau every week. However, all Divisions, through their chief reporters, are apparently handling this matter successfully by making certain no unit is neglected.

<u>CONCLUSION</u>: Based on the comments of the reporters in the various Divisions, it would appear that the new FBI This Week format is proving to be of wider reading interest among employees than heretofore. It is therefore believed that the new procedure and policies inaugurated last November should be continued. 94-3-2-704

26 APR 10 1945/11 NO 1860

DATE: FEBRUARY ,10

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER



Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice Mashington, D. C.

May 17, 1945

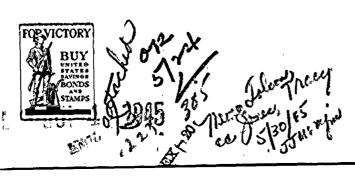
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Wichols
Mr. Roses
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Penningtyn
Mr. Quion Tamri
Mr. Nesse

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

RE: "THE INVESTIGATOR"

I have for some time thought that it would be desirable for the FBI Recreation Association to have more control over the publication of the Recreation Association's publication "The Investigator". I believe that if some such control were vested in the Recreation Association, it might be possible to work out a long-range program (at least on a yearly basis) of material to be used for cover designs and for the purpose of preparing articles of interest. it on a long-range or yearly basis, the Officers of the Association could determine at the beginning of the year that a series of twelve photographs of Government buildings of interest to the field generally, such as the Capitol, Supreme Court Building, Pentagon, and other such buildings might be used as covers for that particular year. Another year photographs of some of the capitols of the various states might be used, etc. Likewise, it might be possible for the newly elected officers each January to designate certain articles to be prepared for future issues of The Investigator. I have in mind that the new officers in January might write to the San Diego office and advise that office that they should prepare a feature article for publication in the August issue - to the Chicago office and advise them to prepare a feature article on some phase of life in Chicago for the September issue, etc.

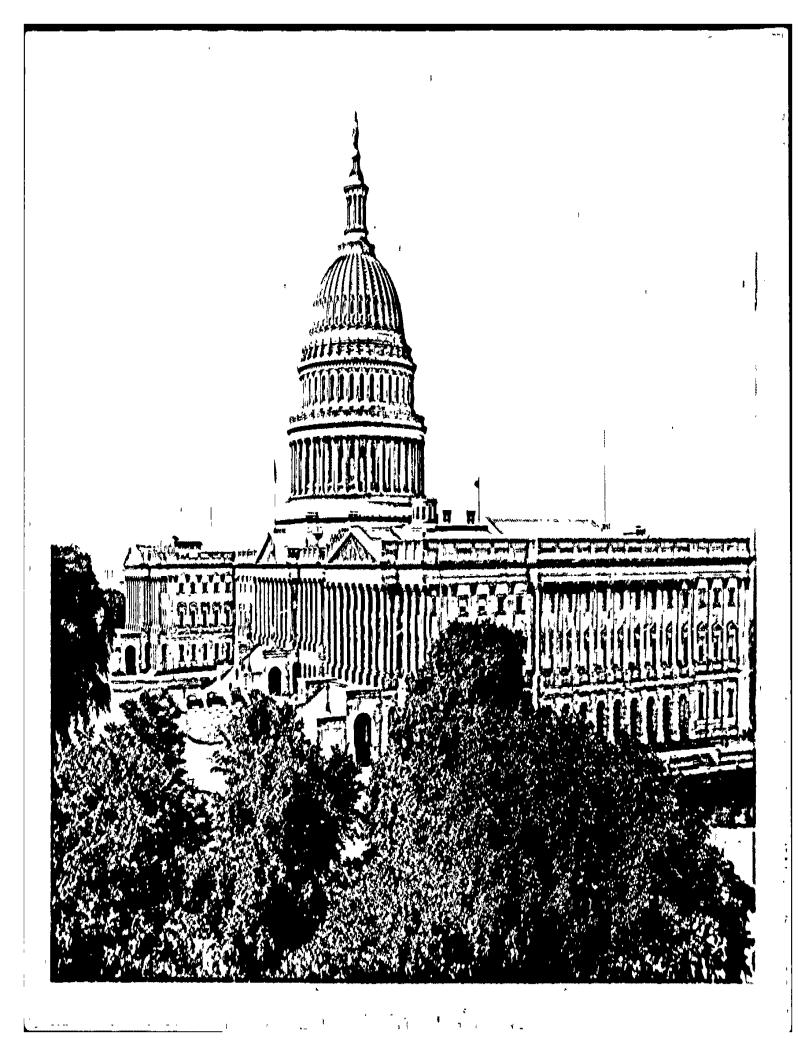
With that idea in mind, I would like to recommend that although the writing and publication of "The Investigator" remain in the Crime Records Section as it now is, that prior to the publication of each issue it be reviewed by the President of the Recreation Association and that the editors of The Investigator work closely with the officers of the Recreation Association for the purpose of making some long-rapge plan for this publication during the incumbency of the officers of the FBI Recreation Association.



Respectfully.

A D. M. LADD

94-3-2-ENCLOSURE



94-3-2-718

Office Memorandum • united states government

JJM:mjm

To: Mr. Tolson

FROM: Mr. Nichols

SUBJECT:

I have noted Mr. Ladd's suggestion that the President of the FBIRA have more control over the publication, "The Investigator." This is an excellent suggestion. For years we have borne the brunt of leadership and have asked for help. I think by having the President assume more responsibility, we may add some new ideas and life into the blood stream of our publication.

DATE: May 30 1945

Mr. Tolson

Mr. C. A. Taum

Mr. Clegg

Mr. Coffey

Mr. Glavin

Mr. Ladd

Mr. Michols

Mr. Rosen

Mr. Tracy

Mr. Carson

Mr. Tracy

Mr. Egan

Mr. Hemion

Mr. Pennington

Mr. Pennington

Mr. Nease

Mr. Nease

Mr. Nease

Mr. Nease

Mr. Scantan

Mr. Nease

Mr. Scantan

Mr. Scantan

Mr. Scantan

Mr. Scantan

Accordingly, each future issue will be made available to Mr. Treey for review, and we welcome any ideas or suggestions he may have. Since he will be in this building for Executives' Conference from day to day, we will see that he is notified in advance so that he can review future issues while he is over here in this building. This should enable us to keep our deadlines, as we do not have very much time in which to push each issue through every month.

CC Mr. Jones Mr. Tracy

Hora 161 RECORDED 191-3-2-719

50 JUN 30 1945⁷

Office Memorandum • united states government

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: Nay 24, 1945

FROM:

A. E. Leonard

SUBJECT: "INVESTIGATOR"

During an interview with Special Agent John B. O'Connell he pointed out that he does not receive his "Investigator" regularly in the Philadelphia Office, although he is a member of the FBIRA. For the Bureau's consideration he suggests the following procedure with reference to distribution of the "Investigator" to the Field Offices: That each Field Office keep its own list of members in the FBIRA, and that the Bureau keep only a record as to the number of "Investigators" to be sent to each Field Office. For example, 80 copies might be sent to the Philadelphia Office, and the Chief Clerk would then distribute the "Investigator" and see that each member received his copy.

He was thanked for the suggestion and advised that it would be for

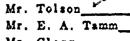
warded to the interested Bureau officials.

32 30 1945

Stranger and

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Worr
Mr. Carson
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Jones
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Viss Gandy





Mr. Clegg___ Mr. Glavin

Mr. Ladd____

Mr. Nichols_

Mr. Rosen___ Mr. Tracy__

Mr. Carson_

Mr. Coffey_

Mr. Hendon_

Mr. Kramer__

Mr. Quinn Tamm_

Miss Beahm_

Miss Gandy_



QT: hmg

Kederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice Washington, D. C.

May 31, 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

The Executive Conference, Messrs. Tolson, Glavin, Hendon, McGuire, Ladd, Morgan, Long, Rosen, and Quinn Tamp being present, considered a suggestion submitted by Special Agent John D. O'Connell of the Philadelphia Office during the course of an interview while Agent O'Connell was attending In-Service School.

Agent O'Connell suggested that rather than the Bureau addressing each issue of the Investigator to the individual employee, the Investigator simply be sent to the Field Offices without being addressed individually and the Field Offices take care of the distribution to the employees of the Recreation Association.

The Conference was unanimously opposed to this suggestion. It was pointed out this system was tried by the Bureau approximately three years ago and caused a good deal of confusion and additional work in the handling of the mailing of the investigators. The Conference feels the present system is satisfactory and should be continued in effect.

If you approve, there is attached hereto a letter to Agent O'Connell thanking him for the suggestion.

where

- John John V.

Respectfully. For the Conference

RECORDED & DESED

9/01

32,0180...

2 E. A. Tamm

BUY VALITATE BONDS STAMPS

cc - Mr. Hendon , Mr. Clegg

1 111 11 115423

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • united states government

RCH:DW

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: 6/16/45

FROM:

R. C. HENDON OFF W

SUBJECT:

DISTRIBUTION OF THE INVESTIGATOR

The distribution of the <u>Investigator</u> at the present time is handled in the following manner:

After publication, the names of the members of the Recreation Association are printed on the back of the Investigator in the Mechanical Section. This operation requires approximately likely l

Starting with the June issue of the Investigator in 1941, the system was changed so that the Mechanical Section merely sent a list of the *BI Recreation Association members to the Movement Clerk where the names were checked against the movement cards. An appropriate number of Investigators without any identification thereon were then furnished to the various divisions. This required approximately 12 man hours in the Movement Section.

It has been suggested that this system be put into effect again. It did not work in 1941. A large number of members 30Nythe Association complained that they were not receiving copies. Non-members in the various offices and divisions did get copies and when members wrote in for their copies, the supply would be exhausted. For example, in the Identification Division there are 2,000 employees who are members of the Recreation Association. At the present time, the Identification Division receives 2,000 copies of the Investigators in alphabetical order in accordance with the names of the members at the Association. The Identification Division then can quickly separate these Investigators in accordance with the various sections and they are placed still in alphabetical order at the point where the employees sign in and sign out. Each person picks up his own copy pithout confusion or complaint. With the system changed as suggested, the Identification Division would have to keep up to date a light of Association members and either write their names on copies and proceed from there or hand them out personally. To just put the number of copies without



names around in the various sections would result in the same confusion which was complained against previously. The same is true as to the Files Division. Any time that might be saved in the Mechanical and Movement Sections by the use of the proposed system is more than wasted through additional handling and complications placed upon the field divisions and separate divisions at the Seat of Government. I therefore believe that the decision of the Executive Conference that the present method of distribution should be continued is sound and proper. After the poor experience we had with the suggested system in 1941, I think it would be most inadvisable to go back to it again.

Cyk-

Office Memorandum, united states government

HAJ: mud

TO : Mr. Nicholany

FROM : N. A. Jones

SUBJECT: On the Bureau's News Front

Agent can get one if he desires.

DATE: 1'ay 9, 1945

T.t.

Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Michols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy

Judging from the comments of Agents attending In-service in Carson at the panel forum of Division four, it appears that the above publication is uniformly popular with the Field and particularly in Jones with those Agents who from time to time participate in speaking in Jones engagements. Several have also pointed out that the interesting in this publication is valuable for use in contacts with law enforcement officers. It has been the practice in the past to print up approximately sixteen hundred of the sheets for the use of the Field. Twenty-five copies are sent to the majority of Offices whereas, New York gets one hundred and three or four others get more than twenty-five though less than one hundred. Some Agents have suggested that enough copies should be sent to the Field so that each

It is felt that perhaps additional copies of this News sheet should be printed up each week and it is recommended that in the future the following copies be sent to the Field:

1. Twenty-five copies to the smaller offices not having over twenty-five Agents.

over twenty-five Agents.

2. Fifty copies to the medium size Offices 19

3. One hundred copies to the latter Offices and one hundred fifty copies to the New York Office.

21 1

di/nr

of my was

 $ro : L_{\bullet}$

L. B. Nichols

#333,0/3
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

DATE: May 17, 1945

FROM :

M. A. Jones

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED PS CUTTO DATE 8/19/92 BY SPS CUTTO Enclosure not hondled.

V.

SUBJECT:

RE: SUGGESTED REPRINTS OF OUTSTANDING BUREAU CASES

FROM RECENT ISSUES OF "THECINVESTIGATOR"

As you know, since last November we have been following the policy laid down by the Bureau of including his beautiful following the policy laid down by the Bureau of including his beautiful for acceptance of "The Investigator" one or more outstanding cases which the Bureau investigated in years past. It has been found through inquiries made at clerical conferences and through comments made by Agents attending In-Service Classes that these features have received universal approval. They have apparently been of particular interest to new employees who hear a great deal about such cases as "The Kansas City Massacre," "The Barker-Karpis Gang," "The Dillinger Gang," etc., but never have an opportunity to learn the details concerning these cases or the part the Bureau has had in solving them.

Since we have now completed most of the outstanding cases from the early bank-robbery, kidnap era, it is thought the Bureau may desire to give consideration to the reprinting of all of these features under one cover before the plates in the Mechanical Section are destroyed. Mr. Renneberger advises that it is only possible to save "Investigator" plates for a period of approximately six months since they are voluminous and take up a great deal of storage space. He stated, however, that the plates for these particular cases would be saved in case the Bureau saw fit to use them for reprints.

RECOMMENDATION: It is believed that a reprint of the feature articles on outstanding Bureau cases appearing in issues of "The Investigator" would be particularly valuable for distribution to new employees, as well as those already in the service. It is also believed that it would be very worthwhile to have reprints available for employees to send to their parents at home. Because all of these cases have become part of the Bureau tradition, it is believed they would become increasingly valuable as the years go by.

Copies of the features referred to above are being

attached.

33-3 JJM: HBW; 5/18/45 44

INDEXED A

RECORDED

Unanimously approved by the

Executives Conference consisting of Messrs. Glavin, Hendon,
Quinn Tamm, Rosen, Coffey, Morgan, Ladd and McGuire.

58 MAR 181946

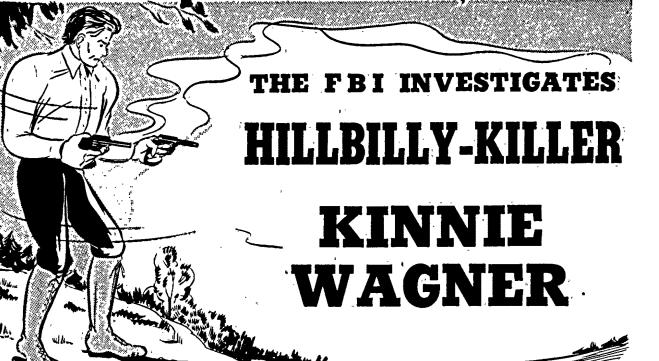
26.2 / V. V.

Neval

KECORDED COPY FILED IN 66-2554 - ラン

 $\mathbf{\hat{H}}$





T was a cold, frosty morning - an ideal day for Christmas Eve. Kinnie Wagner watched the coffee boiling in the tin pot on the little pot-bellied stove and whistled tunelessly. Snow had fallen during the night covering the ground with a luxurious ermine blanket and the early morning stillness was pregnant with an air of hushed expectancy.

Kinnie glanced idly out the frosted window. As his eyes wandered across the yard and up the trail, he suddenly started. Four men were approaching on horseback. Quickly he strode across the rough-newn floor to the door and pulled it open. He watched apprehensively as Sheriff Tumer and his three deputies dismounted from their horses.

"What do:you want?" Kinnie shouted and his hand stole to his revolver at his side.

"We want you, Wagner, for suspicion of robbery and jail-breaking," Deputy Freeman shouted back.

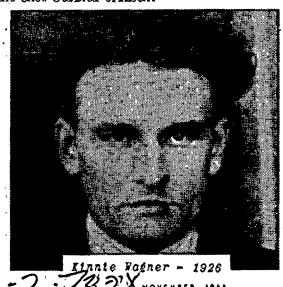
Kinnie felthimself seized by an overwhelming impulse to run, to break for the open. His horse was across the yard and down the way a spell and with a bit of luck he might make it. Taking his chances, Kinnie bolted from the cabin. His feet encased in high knee boots, stumbled clumsily on the frozen snow.

Deputy MacIntosh opened fire with a shotgun. There was a sharp retort and the ensuing load hit Kinnie along the belt line, numbing a part of his body and glancing off into the side of the cabin.

Kinnie pulled out his revolver but the shots from the deputy's gun had rendered it useless. He turned in his tracks and dashed wildly back into the cabin; his progress accompanied by the clipped shots from MacIntosh.

Slamming the front door, Kinnie threw the bolt. As he leaned panting against the heavy door, he heard them running towards the cabin, shouting, "Give up, Wagner, we've got you cornered." His eyes flitted anxiously around the room and fell on his shotgun. Seizing the weapon, he raised it to his shoulder, took careful aim through the window, and fired both barrels point blank at MacIntosh.

The shots found their mark for the man screamed in anguish as he slumped slowly to the ground. Kinnie waited momentarily to see if he would rise again - his gun ready - but the figure lay motionless. The Sheriff and the others were running over to their fallen comrade. They turned MacIntosh over on his back and Kinnie saw the snow stained crimson.



INVESTIGATOR

He backed away from the window as the gun slipped from his trembling hands. The three men had straightened up from their inspection of MacIntosh and with raised guns and grim faces; they closed in on the cabin.

Almost stumbling in his haste, Kinnie wrenched open the rear door to the cabin. As he slipped cut into the open, he heard them breaking in the front window and he hastened his steps. But they were close behind him and shots were peppering at his heels as he made for the first clump of scrub pines. Suddenly, he felt a heavy blow on his back and then sharp, swift pain. He doubled over and then desperately clinging to consciousness dragged his feet over that last stretch. Finally, he reached the little bay mare. She was saddled and waiting. Painfully, he pulled himself up on to the mare's broad back.

"Go, Nellie;" he whispered through painclenched teeth as he pulled in the reins and feebly clicked his spurs. "I've just killed a

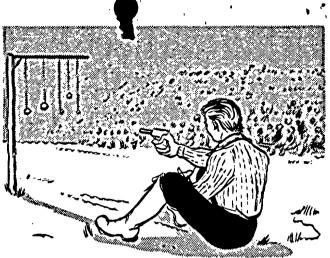


Kinnie Wagner escaped from the authorities that Christmas eve of 1924 with a back full of buckshot and the brand of "killer" freshly engraved on his soul. The taste of drawn blood was new and strange to him for this was his first murder.

He fled to the Appalachians which he called his home, to Clinch Mountain, his front porch. He knew every rock and crag in that section of Virginia, having been born there twenty years ago.

His guns, still warm from their encounter with the law in Mississippi, were to continue being his impenetrable armor, protecting him from his enemies - the law. For Kinnie Wagner was a "natural" with guns. His skill as a trick-shot artist was already widely known. It dated back to his employment with a circus at seventeen when he had run away from home.

Kinnie had thrilled circus audiences for nearly three years with his amazing feats. He specialized in shooting buttons off a man's vest; tossing walnuts in the air and splintering them with revolver bullets; and lining up cartridges - picking them off - one at a time, without aiming.



As the days in hiding lengthened into weeks, the weeks to months - Kinnie grew restless for the world beyond the mountains. He ventured to Tennessee. It was April 13, 1925, when Kinnie met some of his friends on the banks of the Holston River near Kingsport....

Stretched out on the grassy embankment, Kinnie placed his hands behind his head and watched the clouds tracing lacey patterns in the blue skies. Jed had just made some amusing comment and the girls were laughing heartily.

"Say, it looks like we're gonna have company!" exclaimed Jed as he glanced over the em-

bankment towards the river.

"Where?"
"Comin' up the river path. Looks like the law!"

Kinnie sat up abruptly and stared down the path. Swallowing hard, he whispered softly, "Keep on talkin' as if nothin's happened. I'll sneak down the side here and swim 'cross. They'll never see me."

As he rose to his feet, his hands fingered his guns and he whispered, "So long, gals."

Kinnie made his way cautiously through the brush. A few more yards now and he'd hit the path with the river just beyond. Suddenly, the air resounded with the sharp spat-spat of bullets. Kinnie wheeled around his guns automatically cradled in his large hands. His eyes searched the path and quickly found their target half-hidden in a clump of bushes. He aimed at the brass buttons on the blue-coated figure and fired in rapid bursts until the man fell backwards into the marsh.

Kinnie dashed behind an old Sycamore tree as a second volley of shots sprayed the path around him and thudded dully into the thick bark. From a silver-mounted cartridge belt he reloaded his smoking guns. Cautiously stepping into the open again, Kinnie gazed intently among the moss-hung foliage. Suddenly he caught sight of a second blue-coated figure moving up along the marsh. The officer saw Kinnie at almost the same instant. Both men raised their guns and several shots rang out. The officer crumpled slowly to the ground with an incredulous expression on his face and an un-fired gun, still clenched in his hand.

There was a sudden hushed silence broken' only by the sighing of the wind as it filtered through the marsh grass. Kinnie felt his blood pounding in his veins. His instinct told him he was cornered in the river bottom. Crouching low, he stole across the path and into the marsh, Dank reeds licked his boots with moist tongues and clung possessively to his legs as he made for the protective shelter of an overhanging ledge of the embankment. Suddenly, he started and held his breath. Something was moving on the embankment. Kinnie dropped silently to his knees and quickly checked his guns. Still crouched low and almost concealed by the tall grass, he stealthily edged forward until he was close enough to see more clearly. A man with a sheriff's star pinned prominently to his chest was leaning over the ledge, gun in hand. Kinnie made a slight movement. As the unsuspecting officer whirled startled in his direction, Kinnie's bullet lodged in his heart. The body toppled over the edge of the embankment and fell on the path.

With one thought burning in his mind - to get away - to flee - Kinnie hastily scrambled up the side of the embankment and crawled through the thick brush. The girls were just where he had left them only both were sobbing hysterically. Jed was talking to them.

Kinnie moved up quietly. His voice was flat,

expressionless, as he addressed Jed.

INVESTIGATOR

"Give me that horse!"

Jed turned. His face whitened as he saw Kinnie.

"But you killed 'em, Kinnie. We saw you..." His voice died to a whisper as Kinnie impatient-

"I don't mean no foolishness with you, Jed. I want that horse!"

Jed stepped back reluctantly as Kinnie .jumped into the saddle. He picked up the reins and galloped off up the river and on through the underpass. *****

Kinnie Wagner's bullets killed two men that day - Deputy Sheriff Hubert Webb and Policeman John Smith. One shot penetrated Webb's face just to the left of his nose while another grazed his shoulder and passed through his heart. Fither wound would have proven almost instantly fatal. Smith was shot directly through his heart. The third man, Officer Frazier, was shot through the left breast, the bullet coming out through the left shoulder. Although it was not believed by the attending physicians at that time to be fatal. Frazier died a number of years later due to the wound.

By five o'clock of the same afternoon a posse of officers and deputized citizens had been organized and were in hot pursuit of the fugitive. The whole countryside, notified by telephone and telegraph, was aroused as the roads, fields and woodlands were scoured in every direction. Bloodhounds took up the trail where the horse had been found exhausted but to no avail. Kinnie Wagner was as elusive as he was deadly and the posse returned empty-handed.

NOVEMBER 1944





Meanwhile shortly before midnight, Kinnie, nearly exhausted, came to the home of Mrs. W. S. Rhodes, a widow near Waycross, Virginia, and talked to her through the window. He told her at that time he wanted to get a pencil and some paper, as he wished to write a note to his people, declaring that he was going to kill himself.

His note read: "Dear Sister: Believe they will get me, so I will fix things so you will go through school."

As Kinnie stood in the darkness talking to Mrs. Rhodes, he tried to keep the growing panic from mounting up into his voice but the words still spilled out breathlessly.

"Indy, I've done some dirt. They're looking for me..." His voice faded off.
"Who are you?"

"Kinnie Wagner, Ma'am."

The woman patted his shoulder gently and she said, "Wait just a minute. I'm going to put you up in the barn for the night."

She pulled the window down softly, threw a light shawl over her shoulders, and picked up a kerosene lamp. As she came to the door, she turned the wick low and whispered, "Come along, young fellow. You'll feel better after you've rested in the hayloft for a few hours.'

Kinnie followed the woman across the yard and into the barn. His clothes were damp and his body shook with chills for he had swum across Possum Creek that night in his mad dash for freedom. He tried to find words to express his gratitude. The woman shook her head and picked up the lantern to leave.

"Trust in the Lord, Kinnie Wagner. Rest a

while. I'll be back later."

She closed the barn door quietly after her. Kinnie threw himself down on the fragrant hay and buried his weary head in his arms. The darkness was comforting but he knew daylight would come only too soon.

Early the next morning, kindly old Mrs. Rhodes returned to the barn to talk to Kinnie. She advised him to surrender and "save his soul." Although Kinnie wasn't used to having women change his mind, Widow Rhodes convinced him. Consequently, on the same morning, April 14, 1925, Kinnie Wagner quietly gave himself up to D. R. Poe at the latter's store near Waycross, Virginia.

On surrendering to the storekeeper, Kinnie remarked he had killed as many as he wanted and was now ready to surrender without any further violence. However, he said he was not willing to give up to an officer of the law, and under no circumstances would be submit to arrest by an officer of the law; he would shoot it out with any number. Kinnie was then placed in the

Blountville, Tennessee jail.

The machinery of Justice moved with unusual speed for the back country of Tennessee. On April 21, 1925, Kinnie Wagner stood on trial for his life. There were three indictments, two for murder and one for felonious assault. Four days later the jury brought in its verdict, pronouncing Wagner, "guilty."

As Kinnie stood before the judge to hear the imposition of sentence, the flat masal tones of the spokesman resounded through the court room.

"Death by electrocution!"

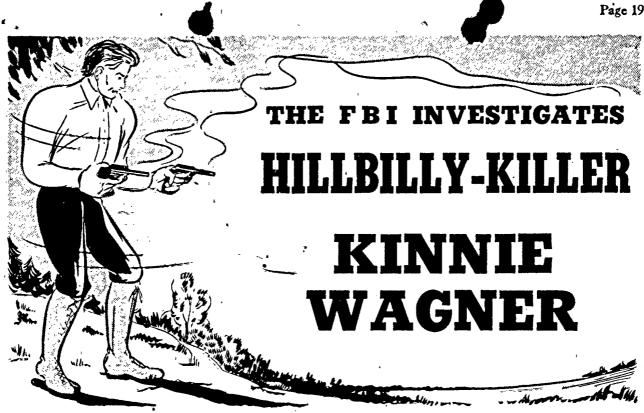
"Guards led Kinhie-away to his cell in the county jail and mountain people in a dozen counties breathed a sigh of relief when they heard the news. Forces of law and Order had triumphed and Justice had received its due. But little did they suspect what was brewing in the mind of Kinnie Wagner as he sat moodily in his cellawaiting his fate.

(TO BE CONTINUED)



Kinnie Wagner - probably taken in 1925 when lodged in Blountville Jail.





SYMPSIS: Kinnie Wagner's murderous career in crime began on a crisp afternoon - the day before Christmas, 1921.

When an officer shouted, "We want you, Wagner!" Kinnie seized a shotgum and fired both barrels at Deputy Sheriff Murdock WacIntosh, killing him instantly. Then he ran out of the rear door of the cabin to receive a blast of buckshot in his back. In spite of the wound he reached his horse and escaped.

The next April, Kinnie, now a fugitive, lolled on a Tennessee river bank on a summy afternoon talking to friends. Suddenly he was surrounded by officers. Attempting to escape, he shot and instantly killed two of the men. A third was wounded, made an apparent recovery, but died later from the effects of the wound.

Kinnie Wagner escaped.

That night he hid in a hayloft on the farm of a widow. The next morning the elderly woman induced him to surrender "to save his soul."

He went on trial April 21, 1925. Four days later he heard the jury pronounce him guilty. He stood to hear the judge's sentence.

It was "Death by electrocution!"

The heat of a late afternoon July sun poured in slanting rays on the roadway and made the dusty clothes of the prisoners cling damply to their shoulders.

The road gang marched wearily, the mark of prison in their hopeless faces and sagging shoulders. Little puffs of dust spiraled up and vanished as they plodded along under the shotguns of the two guards.

They were tired - but they were lucky. A long day of hard work under a hot sun was tough, but not nearly as tough as sitting all day in a dim barred cell thinking the thought that must be running through Kinnie's mind - "Death by electrocution!

Did he mark the days - the hours? Did he

counting the monotonous ticking of his watch as it checked off the moments of his life?

They were at the door and the jailor swung it back. The road gang entered noisily. They were hungry and in the thought of food they forgot Kinnie Wagner's troubles. He had killed three men and wounded another and he'd been sentenced to burn for it. That was his lookout. They were the lucky ones.

The jailor looked at his watch. It was six o'clock.

"Come along, boys."

Two of the prisoners followed. The guards were close behind, each armed with a .38 automatic. It was a daily chore, putting these two into the prisoner's cage. The jailor was at feel the minutes slipping by and find himself the head of the stairway, keys rattling on the

DECEMBER 1944

INVESTIGATOR

ring in his hand.

A chorus of voices greeted him. He answered cheerfully.

"Evening, boys. Hungry? How are yu, Kinnie?"

He turned the key in the lock, the cell door opened - and the evening quiet of the jail was ripped with a torrent of sound and action.

Men erupted from the cage. A bottle crashed down on the jailor's head and he wilted into unconsciousness, his mouth still open. Kinnie Wagner pounced on him, groping for his gun. Prisoners flung themselves on the startled guards, seized their automatics before their surprise-numbed muscles could react.

"Come on! Move!"

Kinnie Wagner was in charge. He generalled the mad rush down the stairs. Two men hurtled out of the rear door; another scrambled through the kitchen window. A helper at the jail on the outside saw one of the prisoners dash through the front door; he lifted his gun and a woman inmate stepped in the way. He held his fire—and Kinnie Wagner's big form broke from the door, running. Wagner snapped a quick shot at the prison helper, missed him and dashed down the road in the wake of another escapee.

The pair crossed a small field, ducked into a woodlot and disappeared. The other five melted into the dusky shadows of Reedy Creek.

The uproar at the jail roused the village. The screams of hysterical women inmates and excited shouting of guards mixed with the noise of running feet and confused questioning.

Citizens were deputized; posses formed. Hundreds of armed officers combed three Termessee counties.

But Kinnie Wagner was gone. It was as if the fugitive had merged with the trees and the dark mountains. There was no trail; not the faintest hint that a fugitive murderer had passed.

Much later Wagner was to tell of a hurried flight to Mexico; of fleeing through the fingers of the law and swimming the Rio Grande to Chihuahua, south of the border. He told of a week in Mexico; of trying to find the location of a railroad by asking its whereabouts in sign language of a Mexican boy who warned him to stay clear of a revolution that was in progress.

Returning to the United States, Kinnie Wagner travelled continuously until the chase had cooled somewhat. He liked the country and mountain people. Twenty-five miles from Texarkana, Arkansas, he settled down. He found work in a saw mill and roomed with Sam Carper, who, with his brothers Bob and William, enjoyed a notorious and unsavory reputation. Two of the brothers were out on bail at the time for picking a fight with a sixteen-year-old boy.

Kinnie Wagner was to play a grim and deadly part in the lives of the Carper brothers.

Bob and William and Kinnie spent a lazy afternoon. Kinnie didn't like Bob Carper. He sat on a log bench, feet braced against a twisted length of pine wood. Long curls of thin

white wood spiralled from the splinter he was whittling.

Bob Carper came to the door wiping his mouth with the back of his hand. The odor of whiskey hung heavily about him. He slouched against the door jamb and grinned insolently at Kinnie Wagner.



Wagner's eyes were cold, his voice expres-

"Goin' kinda heavy on that likker, Bob. Better lay off 'til it's split even."

"Gittin' kinda high-handed, ain't-yu, Kin-

"You name it. I want my fair cut."
"Fair's fair. I'll split it even."

"I don't trust your even."

They were quarreling suddenly, like a pair of stubborn children. Bob Carper lurched to the table, seized a fruit jar half full of the pale yellow liquor and flung it through the open window.

Kinnie Wagner's eyes were hostile and ugly. His hand flicked to a gun and slowly withdrew.

"Bob, I could shot you like a yellowbellied rattler. Come on out here and let's settle this fair - with guns."

William Carper intervened quickly. "He's drunk, Wagner. You leave him be 'til he's sober. You-all started this."

Sam Carper rode up as the quarrel blazed potly.

hotly.

"Bob, you leave Kinnie be. Ain't no call to be pickin' on him."

There was a lull while Sam Carper drank deeply of the firey liquor.

They were at the crude little enclosure where the Carpers' kept their horses when the argument flared up again.

DECEMBER 1944



Kinnie Wagner's hot temper was out of bounds and Sam had drunk enough to join the quarrel.

"See here, Wagner, you can't say that about

my kinfolk! Get him, Bob!"

Kinnie Wagner had shot the buttons off of coats as a circus stunt and the bullet from his gun went through Sam Carper with clean finality. He fired a second shot as one of the Carpers hurled a single-tree with stunning force against his jaw. The gun thundered a third time and was still.

Lillie Barker, the woman sheriff of Texarkana, Arkansas, opened the door of her office on August 18, 1926, to find a powerfully built giant offering her his guns.

There must have been an incongruous streak of vanity, twisted chivalry and a superb sense of showmanship blended in Kinnie Wagner's warped mind.

"I come to surrender, ma'am. I jist shot two men. "

Wagner towered over the startled little sheriff.

"What are you talking about?"

"Two Gun Kinnie" pressed the guns into Lillie Barker's limp hands.

'You're bounden to hear it sooner or later. Like as not you know the Carpers... Sam and William....
"Well?"

"I killed 'em, ma'am. Shot 'em. Got Bob, too, but he ain't dead. He's still kickin' like a trussed up fowl....'

The sheriff stared unbelievingly. Kinnie Wagner watched for some sign of recognition. There was none.

"My name's Harvey Logan, ma'am. I...." Lillie Barker motioned to her lankey deputy. Search him, Jack. Use that empty cell. I'm goin' to check up on this....

Kinnie grinned as she went out. If he could just sit tight without being recognized until this blew over.....

Lillie Barker returned at dusk. She was accompanied by grim-looking men carrying cocked rifles. She strode indignantly to the bars of Kinnie's cell.

"'Harvey Logan', indeed! You're Kinnie Wagner and you're wanted in four states for murder! "

Kinnie's eyes blazed for a moment; then he

laughed.

"Well, ma'am, they killed the Lord for being too good and they're gonna kill me, I guess, for bein' too bad, so you see, you lose at either end of the road."

Arkansas gave Kinnie Wagner to Mississippi to stand trial for the Christmas Eve murder of Deputy Murdock MacIntosh in 1924.

He was sentenced to life imprisonment after a three-day trial and the travelling Sergeant of the Mississippi State Penitentiary at Parchman came to Meridian to take Kinnie Wagner back

As the train neared Jackson, the five-time killer shifted his muscular long body in the seat. He appeared to be dozing.

The Sergeant from the penitentiary eyed him closely, hand on his gum. The train was slowing almost to a stop. Kinnie Wagner stirred again. He twisted restlessly; then with a sudden sharp lunge was upright, striving to break away.

The fist of the stocky warden flashed out and up. It caught the killer flush on the point of his jaw and cracked sharply against the bone. Kinnie Wagner's head snapped back, his eyes glazed, and the body of the big mountaineer slumped slowly down. He was out cold.

So "Two-Gun Kinnie" began his course at the "University," as he called Mississippi State Penitentiary. But steel and brick and man-made

walls did not hold Kinnie Wagner.

(Concluded next month)

DECEMBER 1944

TO LEE L. PERCETT LE LES TRANSPORTERS DE SERVICE DE LE CONTRACTOR DE LE CONTRACTOR DE LE CONTRACTOR DE LA CO



HEADLINES IN THE NEWS





LITTLE ROCK AGENT "TOPS" IN MAGIC

Special Agent Richard F. Madden has a fascinating hobby - magic! Agent Madden undertook magic as a hobby in 1931 and became so interested that in 1934 he became a professional "amateur", playing for hospitals, orphanages and schools on the West Coast. His trophy case holds the Three Horsemen Trophy which he was permanently awarded in 1935 by the Assembly, #2 of the Golden Gate Society of American Magicians at San Francisco. This award was for having won three consecutive times the temporary custody of this trophy. In 1936 at Seattle and again in 1940 he was Second Prize winner among all magicians attending the Pacific Coast Association of Magicians' Convention for outstanding sleight-of-hand ability with playing cards, his specialty.



CONSUL GENERAL OF ECUADOR HONORS FBI

Senor Jorge Carrera Andrade, Consul General of the Republic of Ecuador in San Francisco, recently presented SAC N. J. L. Pieper with the Ecuadorian high decoration, "Al Merito."

The Consul General made an informal presentation of the scroll and medal at the San Fran-

cisco Office, since it was not felt that a formal presentation would be appropriate during the period of the war. The medal is usually awarded for achievement and recognition in scientific endeavors. It was awarded in this instance in recognition of work done in combatting Fifth Column activities and in intelligence work performed in the defense of the Western Hemisphere.

SAC Pieper in accepting the decoration and expressing his appreciation stated: "In accepting this high honor, I do so on behalf of my colleagues in the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

NEW HAVEN AGENT DISGUISED AS WOMAN TRAPS EXTORTIONER

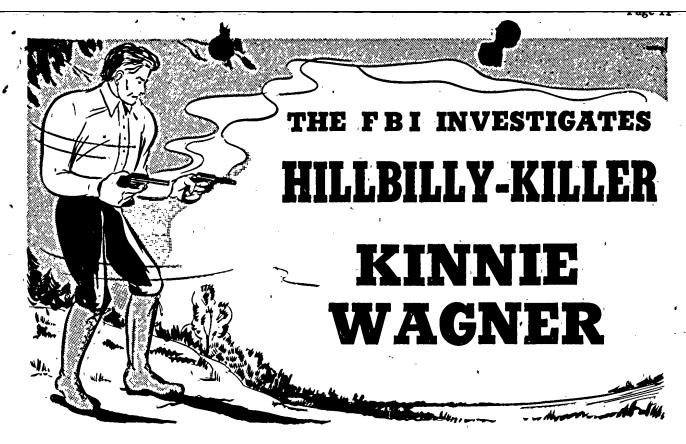
The wife of a prominent Connecticut physician, now serving in the Armed Forces, recently received several extortion letters demanding payment of \$300.00. The writer of the letters threatened personal injury to her two sons, age 6 and 4, if payment was not made in a dark lot located five blocks from the victim's house. The letter was very specific in its directions and instructed that the woman walk down the street on which the lot was located and after getting opposite the middle of the lot proceed in fifty feet and leave the money. Special Agent David E. Hanlon, completely garbed in the



victim's clothes and expertly made-up, followed the instructions to the letter. The subject appeared shortly thereafter and was captured, clutching the package of money which had been treated with dye. Investigation revealed that the subject, an 18-year-old state ward, had formerly lived with a family occupying the residence adjacent to the victim's home. He insisted that he needed this amount of money to help defray some family bills. On entering a plea of guilty, the youthful extortioner received a suspended sentence and was placed on probation until he reaches the age of 21.

INVESTIGATOR

DECEMBER 1944



SYNOPSIS: Kinnie Wagner, killer of three law enforcement officials, was found guilty of murder on April 25, 1925, and sentenced to death by electrocution. While waiting execution in the Bluntville, Tennessee, jail, Kinnie, acting as ringleader, engineered a dramatic jail break and escaped successfully. On returning from Mexico where he had been temporarily hiding out, he began working at a saw mill in Arkansas. On August 16, 1926, Kinnie shot and killed Sam and William Carper, brothers, and wounded Bob Carper in an argument over liquor. On surrendering to Lillie Barker, a woman sheriff of Texarkana, Arkansas, he was turned over to the authorities in Mississippi and tried for his first killing - a law enforcement officer on the day before Christmas, 1924. Found guilty, he was sentenced to life imprisonment in the Mississippi State Penitentiary at Parchman, Mississippi. On the way to the Penitentiary Kinnie attempted to escape but was knocked out by the guard escorting him. For fourteen years Kinnie Wagner remained docilely behind bars. It was on October 27, 1940.....

The guard wasn't a small man but standing next to Kinnie Wagner he appeared under-sized and dwarfed. Kinnie's huge frame towered over him as the guard spoke excitedly.

"flere's a gun, Wagner. 'One of the prisoners has escaped and you're to be in the posse. Warden says it's okay."

Right with you, Mac. Wanta use my dogs as well as the bloodhounds?

The guard nodded his head affirmatively and hurried away - his steps echoing faintly through the cement hall.

Kinnie Wagner breathed exultingly as he slipped on a loose jacket over his penitentiary suit. It had been quite a while since one of the boys had flown the coop and he was raring for the excitement of the chase.

As he walked swiftly down the hall, he chuckled at the changes time had wrought. Who would have ever thought that "Two Gun" Kinnie

would ever be a trusty - guarding other prisoners and recapturing escapees. He - a five-time killer and lifer. That "good behavior" was paying dividends.

The jail door shut noisily after him as he stepped out into the prison yard. From a thick leather leash, held easily in his right hand, a pack of bloodhounds and his two police dogs, strained - pawing the loose earth and vying among themselves for the shrillest yelps. Their enthusiastic baying cut the silence as he deliberately paused to check the gum. It was a .38 caliber repeating Winchester. He ran his free hand over the smooth, steel surface almost lovingly before tucking it under his arm.

The rest of the posse were still pouring out of the building, strapping on their guns, as Kinnie, loosening his grip on the leash slightly, permitted himself to be turned in the direction the dogs were pulling,— the west. It

INVESTIGATOR

JANUARY 144

9

was after six. The dying rays of the sun were flooding the sky with streamers of crimson and violet, bathing the distant green hills in a golden haze.

As Kinnie gazed on them momentarily, he felt an overwhelming nostalgia sweep over him for those hills and mountains he called home the Appalachians— for the mountain folk he had

known so intimately as a boy.

It had been many years since he had roamed the Virginia hillsides with the braggadocio of a mountain lion and the cunning of a red fox. He was thirty-seven now - no longer the impetuous youth with a quick trigger finger who killed men easily with reckless abandon. Fourteen long years in the "University," as he humorously referred to the Penitentiary, were behind him. After an unsuccessful attempt to escape in 1927, he had spent those years in winning the confidence of the prison authorities. He had hoed cotton wearily day after day, month after month, in the stifling summer heat. During the dreary winter months he had trained a pair of shepherd police dogs and had given little performances with them for his fellow prisoners as well as used them to track down escapees.

There had been plenty of time to thinkplenty of time to plan his next move. And as Kinnie turned slowly back to join the assembled posse, his pulse beat rapidly. He knew that this was to be the night. He was going to make a break himself. He could resist the urge to

be free no longer.

There were ten men in the posse, each trusty assigned as companion to a guard. Kinnie's hope soared high when he found himself paired with Mac.

"Now, stick close to me, Wagner. We gotta keep together with the rest of the men," Mac warned as Kinnie and the dogs piled into the open car.

Kinnie grunted affirmatively as Mac stepped on the starter. They were the last car in the

group.

"How far we ridin', Mac?"

Kinnie queried as the long line of cars began to move.

"Down to the river bank bout ten miles.

Then you and the dogs'll take over.

Kinnie smiled silently in agreement. Yes, he planned to take over but not in the manner Mac expected. He ran his hand over his square jaw and stared steadily ahead.

The distance between the cars widened as they raced along the shadowy highway. Mac, a slow, cautious driver, was rapidly falling back

in the procession.

"It's gonna be so dark in a few minutes that we'll never find that bird," Mac grunted as he

gingerly stepped the car up a bit.

Kinnie nodded and cast a speculative eye at the swiftly darkening sky. The dogs in the back seat, as if aware of the approaching night, were howling in unison above the wind.

"Can't trust one of them prisoners worth a darn. Make 'em a trusty and what's they do when

your back's turned? Run away."

Mac grumbled on and then, noting Kinnie's silence, magnanimously offered, "All except you, Wagner. I sed to myself when I saw the warden made you a trusty. Now there's a man kin be trusted."

He turned his head slightly to see Kinnie's reaction to the compliment. The huge man, seeningly entirely oblivious to his words, was leaning back on the seat - eyes closed, breathing deeply.

"Ain't asleep, are ya, Wagner," Mac persisted. "I need ya to watch the road for me. So dark now I can't see a foot beyond my hand."

Kinnie opened his eyes slowly. The car ahead of them was now barely visible -- just two pinpoints of light. It swept around a curve and disappeared from view.

"You're right, Mac, never trust a human bein'. I know from experience. The more I, see

of dogs, the less faith I have in man."

As Kinnie continued on philosophically, his hand stole stealthily to the gun at Mac's side. He leaned against him heavily as the car turned the curve and slipped the weapon out of the guard's belt.

"Watch those curves, Mac. You're gettin' reckless these days. Almost knocked me over on

you.

Kinnie waited breathlessly to see if Machad felt him remove his gun but the guard drove steadily on; his forehead furrowed as he stared ahead into the night.

"Say, do you see that car that was ahead of us, Wagner? There's a fork along here some where I don't wanta miss -- goes down by the

river.

Kimie sat tensely. This was the opportunity he'd been waiting for. His eyes narrowed as he watched for the fork. If Mac saw it, he'd have to use the gun. If he didn't, so much the better. This highway they were on led to Clarksdale where he could hide out for awhile before headin' for home.

He held his breath as they approached the fork. Clearing his throat, he tried to speak

casually.

"Betta step on it, Mac. Fork's up quite: a ways yet. I'll let you know when we come to it."

Kinnie let out a deep sigh and relaxed as Mac stepped on the gas nervously and the car shot by the fork. They tore along the highway for several miles before Mac sensed something amiss.

"Are ya sure, Wagner, we haven't missed it? I never rode this far before."

He turned his head and stared at Kinnie perplexedly.

Kinnie laughed and slipping his gun from his belt, nointed its deadly snout at Wac.

belt, pointed its deadly shout at Mac.
"Betta stop worryin' bout the fork, Mac.

I've got other plans."

As Mac reached for his gun and stepped on the brake, Kinnie shoved the weapon in his side.

"I wouldn't try anything, Mac. I've waited fourteen years for this night and nothin's goin' to stop me. Understand?"

The guard shook his head quickly in affirmation and the car picked up speed again and



spun along the highway at a rapid clip.
"You're crazy, Wagner, ya know you'll never get away with it."

Kinnie smiled coldly.

"I may not get away with it, as you say, Mac. But, remember, this time I've nothin' to lose by tryin' and a heck of a lot to gain."

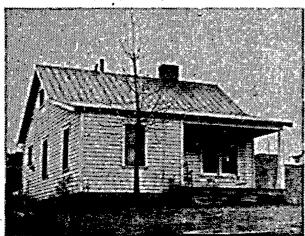
His words rang with a deadly finality that

cautioned no further comment.

Kinnie Wagner made good his third prison escape on the night of October 27, 1940. After forcing the guard to drive him to Clarksdale, about forty miles away, he exchanged his prison clothes for the guard's civilian suit, took his money and drove off into the night -- a middle-aged man, embittered against the law and armed with a .38 caliber repeating Winchester and a .30 caliber revolver.

For a year while Mississippi authorities searched for the elusive killer, Kinnie Wagner enjoyed the fruits of his liberty operating a profitable liquor still on the Mississippi-Alabama state line.

In October, 1941, confident that he had successfully eluded the authorities, Kinnie Wagner headed back to southwest Virginia, the mountain country. It was not until June 6, 1942, when a criminal affidavit was sworn out at Sunflower County, Mississippi, charging him with kidnaping the Mississippi State Penitentiary guard that the possibility of the Federal Bureau of Investigation entering the case seemed probable. The resultant complaint, filed before the United States Commissioner at Clarksdale on July 23, 1942, charging Kinnie Wagner with unlawful flight to avoid prosecution for kidnaping and the issuance of a warrant for his arrest, were the beginning of one of the most dangerous and comprehensive man hunts ever recorded in FBI annals.



ONE OF KINNIE WAGNER'S HIDEOUTS, MORRISON CITY,

A dragnet was thrown over Termessee, Mississippi and neighboring states. Wanted notices were posted. "KINNIE WAGNER WITH ALIASES.... were posted. BORN - 1903...HT. 6:2"...WT. 220-230 lbs...EYES BROWN...HAIR -- BLACK, WAVY, SLIGHTLY BALD... BUILD - ATHLETIC, STANDS VERY ERECT...OCCUPA-TION -- TRICK-SHOT CIRCUS PERFORMER, LABORER... SCARS -- CUT SCAR UNDER CHIN, IRREGULAR CUT

SCAR ON BALL OF EACH THUMB...PECULARITIES --HEAVY EYEBRUWS, LUNG FACE...ESCAPED FROM MISSIS-SIPPI STATE PENITENTIARY ON OCTOBER 27, 1940..."

Deliberately, painstakingly, Special Agents of the FBI fitted the shreds of evidence together. The investigation led to many sections of the country but persistent clues indicated that Kinnie Wagner was hiding out near his birthplace of Gate City, Virginia, a mountainous town located in the Moccasin Cap of the Appalachians.

Every lead developed foretold the deadliness of the hillbilly killer. "Kinnie Wagner is armed with a sawed-off 20-guage shotgun, two .22 automatic rifles, four revolvers and a load of ammunition. He has reloaded his shotgun shells with ball bearings.

Reports poured in from the terrified moun-folk. "Kinnie Wagner is boasting that if tain folk. he were shot between the eyes he could hold his breath long enough to kill the man who shot him.

The FBI carried on its man hunt for the hillbilly killer relentlessly over a period of nine months. As the trail grew warmer, many tips were received as to Kinnie's location. Each lead was carefully investigated but the fugitive seemed to be one step ahead of the law each time.

Meanwhile, Kinnie, aware that the FBI was looking for him, kept constantly changing his hiding place - moving about in an area about ten miles square between Kingsport, Tenn., and Gate City, Va. He would spend the night in vacant houses, be gone in the morning, and turn up uninvited for meals and lodging at some relative's home in the evening.

It was during these last few months before his capture that Kinnie, in order to keep his trigger finger in practice, would shoot rabbits on the run with his pistols and split wasps in two - those careless enough to light on tree trunks near him.

When meeting friends, he would arrange a designated meeting place; approach the spot with a sawed-off shotgun tucked under one arm and a pint in his hip pocket; and converse sociably for several minutes. After the social visit was over, Kinnie would leave alone -- still lugging his gun -- and walk along the railroad tracks to wherever he was spending the night. The high elevation of the tracks afforded him an opportunity to see anyone approaching from front or behind.

On one occasion when Kinnie dropped in to see some friends he had known as a boy, he was wearing five guns, two .38 revolvers, one pistol resembling a German Luger, a smaller caliber revolver, one sawed-off shotgun and a full cartridge belt.

It was in the early morning hours of April 16, 1943, a little after one; a speeding car, zooming down the Daniel Boone trail in the Moccasin Gap section of Scott County, Virginia, on the road to Gate City, drew the attention of an alert FBI Agent. A car, driven by a sergeant of the Virginia State Police, and containing three FBI Agents took up the pursuit.....

Kinnie Wagner rested his head against the plush seat of the car and watched the surrounding countryside fly by. The moon was shining so brightly that he could distinguish clearly the many familiar landmarks which led to Gate City.

It was the driver who spoke first. "Almost there, Smith. Tired?"

Kinnie turned his eyes away from the coun-

"You oughta know me betta than that, Jack. I'm still rarin' to go, though, guess most of the places 'll be closed this time of night in town."

Jack chuckled.

"You and the man in the moon oughta get together. You both sleep by day and prowl by night. Can't see how ya do it."

Kinnie smiled in agreement and, as he spoke, he patted the sawed-off shotgun cradled in his

*Me and this baby find it mighty convenient to do our callin' at night. I jest ain't sociable in broad daylight. Too many strangers around."

The clock said 1:30 as they drove slowly into town. Most of the homes were completely darkened except for occasional night lights flickering on front porches.

Kinnie yawned and sat up straight. His piercing brown eyes studied the passing homes carefully.

"Wanta keep on Smith? There's a roadhouse outside of town aways...

Well, now you're talkin', bub. Let's go. I feel like jest one more drink 'fore we close up. Kinnie moistened his lips expectantly.

The car picked up speed on the outskirts of town and resumed its course along the Daniel Boone trail - weaving easily along the mountainous terrain.

"Smith, did you notice a car followin" us

right 'fore we reached town?"

Kinnie snapped his head back sharply and peered for several seconds through the rear window.

"Yes, I did. Nothin' to worry 'bout though. It had only one headlight. This 'uns got two."

Kinnie kept his gaze fastened on the trailing car. It followed closely behind them. He tried to discern its occupants but it was useless. As he turned back to Jack, there was a note of apprehension in his voice.

"Recognize the car, Jack?"

"Nope.

Kinnie shot another startled glance out the rear window. The car was creeping up steadily, shortening the distance between them. A sudden wave of cold sweat broke out in moist beads on his forehead, and left his hands cold and clammy. He nudged Jack in the side with the shotgun.

"Betta keep your feet on the gas, Jack, and make this buggy roll. I don't think I'm gonna like it if that car catches up with us. You

might get hurt, too!"

Jack stole a swift look at Kinnie and the smile froze on his face.

"Quit kiddin', Smith. You've got the jit-

The car swerved slightly as Jack tried to 2 shove the gun away from his side with one hand, but Kinnie dug it in even more persistently.

Suddenly, the screaming siren of the rear automobile split the silence of the night. It rose to a shrill crescendo as it pulled closer and closer.

Kinnie tried to peer through the rear window but the glaring headlights of the trailing car blinded him. He nudged Jack again with the

"Stop the car! I'm gonna take 'em off guard and then make a break for it! They'll never get

Jack stepped on the brakes and the car screeched to a halt.

Men poured out of the trailing car which pulled up about fifty yards behind them.

A voice shouted.

"We're Special Agents of the FBI. Come out of that car with your hands up!

Trembling, Jack opened the car door and slid out from under the wheel. With hands pointing to the sky, he edged slowly out.

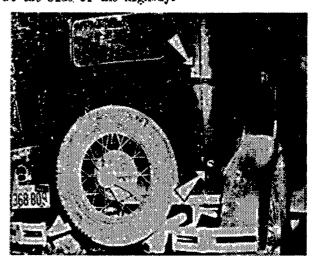
Kinnie, however, sat motionless. Only the grim expression on his face indicated that he had heard the command.

It came again...closer this time...imperatively.

"We're the FBI. Come out with your hands up."

The fugitive remained frozen in the car. The command was repeated again.

There was another moment of silence and then Kinnie began to move. Hands up, his gigantic body in a crouched position, he backed out of the car on the side opposite the driver's seat. As he reached the side of the highway, he made a sudden break for the front of the car which was met with a burst of Thompson submachine gun tracer bullets. Instantly, he dived into a ditch at the side of the highway.



THE CAR IN WHICH KINNIE WAGNER WAS RIDING WHEN OVERTAKEN NEAR GATE CITY, VIRGINIA. THE ARROWS POINT TO BULLET HOLES MADE WHEN WAGNER DIVED INTO A ROADSIDE DITCH TO AVOID APPREHENSION.

Special Agents immediately threw a spotlight on the ditch. They waited patiently, crutious-ly.

Kinnie Wagner crouched in the ditch several minutes before he acknowledged his capture and walked up the embankment reaching skyward.

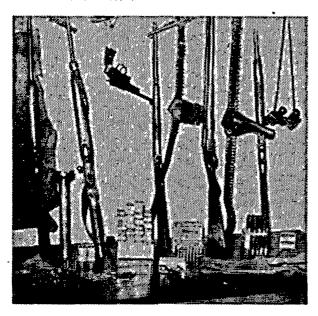
Widway between the two cars. Agents called. "Take off your coat, Wagner."

Kinnie stripped the coat off. Agents could see two .38 revolvers on his left and right sides, carried on a full ammunition belt.

On the command to take off the guns, he stooped to the pavement and dropped them.

A few seconds later the notorious killer of five men who had boasted that if he had his gun on a man, no matter whether he had his hands up or down, he would shoot him, was securely handcuffed. --The legend of "Two Gun" kinnie was drawing to a conclusion.

When the car in which Kinnie Wagner was riding was searched after his capture, Agents found two additional revolvers and a sawed-off automatic 20-guage shotgun loaded with five cartridges containing ball bearings instead of buckshot. A vast arsenal, uncovered in one of his hideouts, included: three .38 caliber revolvers; one .22 caliber pistol; two .22 caliber rifles; one 38-40 rifle; two 20-guage shotguns; over 1500 rounds of ammunition; two gun belts; two holsters; and an old canvas rifle bag. He also carried a pair of powerful binoculars and a five-cell flashlight.



KINNIE WAGNER'S GUNS. HE WAS CARRYING TWO PISTOLS AND A SAWED-OFF SHOTGUN WHEN CAPTURED. THE REST WERE SECURED FROM HIS HIDEOUT.

The driver of the car who was arrested with Kinnie Wagner told FBI Agents that he first met the fugitive about February 25, 1943, on Pine Ridge of Clinch Mountain in the Appalachian Range. "He introduced himself to me as Joe Smith," recounted the speaker. "He had a sawed-off shotgum in his hands. Wagner told me there

were two kinds of people who carried that type of gum - the law and the outlaw. He then told me that he was not the law."

When the news of Kinnie Wagner's capture reached the mountain folk, they were both relieved and saddened. Kinnie Wagner had been to them while at liberty a hillbilly John Dillinger but behind bars, he assumed for them the romantic characteristics of Robin Hood. Accordingly, an overwhelming number of "relatives," allegedly wives, brothers, sisters, cousins and others, stormed the Bristol, Virginia, jail, where he was being held, desiring to see "Iwo Gun" Kinnie.

When Agents questioned Kinnie Wagner concerning his life as a recluse since 1940, he remarked with a guffaw, "I have never been lone-some because I like my own company too well, and as for hobbies, what I like best is to be by myself and think."

On the whole Wagner was extremely loquacious. He would recite poetry and verses to any audience he could obtain.

In spite of the fact that several "wives" had contacted police headquarters at Bristol, he declared that he had never been married. "They locked me up too soon and didn't give me a chance to do any courting."

The affable outlaw talked frequently to FBI Agents after he was removed to the jail at Lynchburg, Va. On one occasion he stated that from the day a human being draws his first breath, he fights a losing battle. He claimed that Methuselah, who lived a thousand years, came nearer to winning the battle of life thananyone whom he had ever heard of and that in the end he lost, also. He pointed out that as much as anyone could hope to achieve in this life would be to lead such a life that it would be an example for other people to follow and thus better civilization. In this regard, he stated, "What a record I'll leave behind me."

When asked at any time how he was getting along, he would state, "I am getting along all right considering, but like the oppressed people of Europe, there's a heck of a lot to be considered."

The Special Agent in Charge of the Richmond Office received a letter from Kinnie Wagner, dated May 1, 1943, written while he was in the Lynchburg jail. In it he stated:

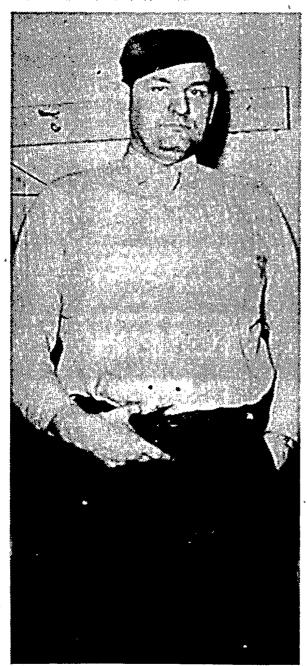
"I wanted to have a talk with you in earnest before I went south ... If I ever by chance get free regardless of how long I'll come see you if I hafto ride an ox to Oregon. If everyhody I mean law had been as nice as your branch of the service I can truthfully say I would not be in this trouble and after I got in if they had went by facts I'd been freed... I wont pat your back & and then stab it. Thats more than some of the so called good can say and if I didnt like a fellow I wouldn't pretend to it if it was Adolph Tojo or who ever he might be ... I guess III catch H- when I get bak I cant tell whay my fate or fortune may be but we none know that. What ever it is Ill do the best I can with what I have. I know you boys think all folks like me as bad. I wish every American had

INVESTIGATOR

JANUARY 194

witnessed everything I have. Was you ever starved, beaten year in and year out by people that ben in prison instead of free not because they had a job even or based on merits but obtained through petty political sources. I hope some day your branch of service will have power to check on institutions and see that a prisoner is treated according to law requirements for the ben_fit of the whole nation..."

On April 17, 1943, Kinnie Wagner waived preliminary hearing before the United States Commissioner at Bristol, Va., and was ordered by the United States Commissioner to be held without bail. Wagner amusingly stated afterwards that he didn't want to deal with small shots



KINNIE WAGNER IN CUSTODY

INVESTIGATOR

anyway; he would rather tell his story only to the big shots.

Early in May, 1943, he was removed from the Lynchburg, Va., jail and returned to the Mississippi State Penitentiary, Parchman, Mississippi, to continue serving his sentence of life imprisonment.

In December of 1944 Kinnie Wagner sent a postcard to the Richmond Office wishing all a Merry Christmas.

Although "Two Gum" Kinnie no longer haunts the Appalachians of southern Virginia, the memory of his smoking gums and gigantic figure is perpetuated in the hearts of the mountain people as they sing the ballads based on his adventures. This is perhaps the most complete version of his hair-trigger adventures that has been put to verse.

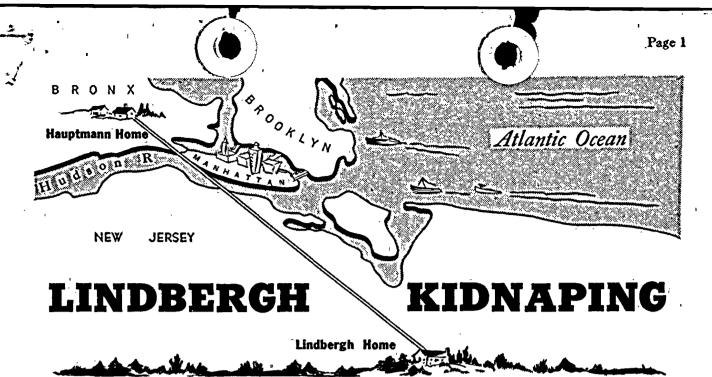
KINNIE WAGNER'S SURRENDER"

"I'm sure you've heard my story From the KINNIE WAGNER song How down in Mississippi I took the road that's wrong. It was down in Mississippi Where I murdered my first man The Sheriff there at Leakesville For justice took his stand. Then I went from Mississippi To the State of Tennessee Two men went down before me And they took my liberty. I wandered through the country But I never could find rest 'Till I went to Texarkana Away out in the west. Again I started drinking And again I pulled my gun And within a single moment The deadly work was done. The Sheriff was a woman But she got the drop on me I quit the game and surrendered Gave up my liberty. I'm down in Mississippi And soon shall know my fate I'm waiting for my trial. But I do not dread my fate For still the sun is shining And the sky is blue and fair But my heart is not repining For I do not give a care.

I have had my worldly pleasure
I have paid for many a man
But 'twas out in Texarkana
That a woman called my hand.
Young men, young men take warning
And take my last advice'
If you start the game in life wrong
You will surely pay the price."

*Words and music by Andrew Jenkins, arranged by Irene Spain, Copyright September 27, 1926; publisher listed as Polk C. Brockman, Atlanta.

Correspondente de Correspondent de Correspondent de Correspondent de Correspondent de Correspondent de Correspondent



Although the kidnaping and murder of Charles A. Lindbergh, Jr., occurred over twelve years ago, the world still remembers the tragedy vividly. Few people remember, however, the specific facts in the case as they unraveled during the two years following the kidnaping. Many people, in fact, wonder if the case was ever completely solved. Was the German carpenter, Bruno Richard Hauptmann, really the man who kidnaped and killed the Lindbergh baby?

To answer this question, the FBI once more opens its mammoth file on the Lindbergh case containing over 83 volumes, and reveals the principal facts from the day of the kidnaping on March 1,

1932, to the final arrest and conviction of Hauptmann.



CHARLES LINDBERGH, JR., THE KIDNAP VICTIM.

Little did the wife of the world-famous aviator Charles A. Lindbergh realize as she tucked blond, blue-eyed Charles, Junior, into his crib on that fateful evening in March, 1932, that this was to be the last time she would ever see him alive.

She fretted about the cold which tormented the twenty-month-old baby and tenderly drew the warm blankets about him to fasten them down snugly with safety pins. The nurse had carefully locked all the windows in the nursery except the north window, directly opposite the crib, which was left open for proper ventilation. The young mother lingered in the doorway, taking one last look at the sleeping child before she snapped off the light, plunging the pleasant little room into darkness. It was 7:30 P. M.

Colonel Lindbergh arrived home shortly afterwards and the happy couple settled down after dinner to enjoy a quiet evening at home. It was almost 10 P.M. when the first shadows of the impending tragedy loomed over the Lindbergh home. Colonel Lindbergh had been looking over some papers in the living room when the frightened voice of Mrs. Lindbergh called to him, asking if he had taken the baby from its crib.

Dashing up the stairs past his wife and the baby's nurse, he switched on the nursery light. The crib was empty; only the crumpled blankets bespoke its former occupant. As the anxious father searched the room frantically in a wild hope that his son had perhaps climbed out of the crib and hid near-by, he discovered a note lying prominently on the windowsill. The crude scrawl read; "Have \$50,000 ready. The child is in gut care. We warm you for making anything public or for notify the police."

By eleven o'clock of that evening, the Lindbergh home at Hopewell, N. J., ablaze with lights, was being searched from top to bottom by the authorities; the help, questioned, and the startling news was being flashed across

DECEMBER 194

61685019

EKCLOSURI. 14_3-2-73:2X

the country by radio, telegraph, and telephone. Extras, peddled by excited newsboys along the darkened streets of many cities, proclaimed in bold black type - "LINDBERGH BABY KIDNAPED. CHARLES LINDBERGH, JR., MISSING FROM HOPEWELL HOME."

Meanwhile the authorities were endeavoring to trace down every clue which might give some hint as to the identity of the kidnaper or kidnapers. It was determined that the kidnaping, itself, must have taken place some time between eight and ten in the evening. Traces of mud were found on the floor of the nursery. An important clue - later to incriminate Hauptmann gravely - was a three-section ladder found about fifty feet from the house. Two sections of the ladder had been used in reaching the window, one of the two sections being split or broken during the descent. There were no blood stains in or about the nursery and examination failed to reveal any fingerprints. The household and estate employees, after being questioned, were investigated thoroughly and all were cleared of suspicion.

For four long days while the kidnaper kept a grim silence, shreds of evidence were fitted together - slowly, painstakingly - until they formed a pattern which enabled the authorities to visualize the actual kidnaping. Sometime during those two hours while the Lindbergh household was occupied on the ground floor, while Charles, Jr., was sleeping peacefully in his crib, the kidnaper had placed the ladder under the nursery window and scaled it noiselessly. He had picked up the infant, clad in its one-piece coverall night suit, and after propping the ransom note on the window sill, had begun the dangerous descent. The ladder had broken during that descent, causing the kidnaper to drop his precious bundle. Whether the child had been seriously injured could not be determined since there were no blood stains on the ground or along the side of the house. The frantic parents and the authorities could only hope that the kidnaper would be humane enough to seek medical attention for the infant if it were necessary, and they made widespread appeals to start negotiations. The baby's diet and the hither-to unknown fact that the baby had been ill with a coldwere published in the papers.

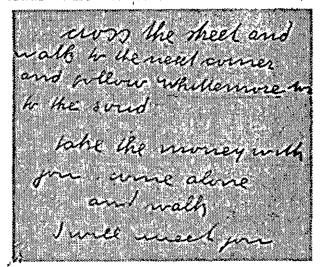
FIRST CONTACT WITH THE KIDNAPER

Finally on March 6, 1932, Colonel Lindbergh received a second ransom note, postmarked Brooklyn, N. Y., increasing the ransom to \$70,000 and declaring that the baby was well and would be fed according to his diet. With expectant hope he prepared the ransom money - confident that his efforts would result in the swift return of the baby.

When an elderly, retired school principal, Dr. John F. Condon, (Jafsie), of the Bronx, New York City, published an offer in the *Bronx Home News* to act as go-between and to add \$1,000 of his savings to the ransom, the family gratefully accepted his offer after the kidnaper had signified through another note that

he would be willing to accept Condon as the intermediary.

For four weeks the kidnaper corresponded with the school principal advising as to the preparations for delivering the ransom money - even drawing a sketch of a certain type of box in which the money was to be placed. This sketch, later to add another irrevocable link to the chain of evidence convicting Hauptmann, helped the authorities to build up a mental picture of the kidnaper. The drawing itself with its exact dimensions, placed outside the lines, indicated that the man they were looking for had some knowledge of blueprints - was either an architect or a craftsman of some type.



RANSOM NOTE INSTRUCTING TIME AND PLACE FOR FINAL PAY-OFF.

The crude sentence structure and the vocabulary of the kidnaper - peculiarized by his correct spelling of long, difficult words and foreign spelling of shorter and simpler words - discounted an architect or similarly educated American and seemed to indicate strongly that the kidnaper was of some foreign extraction, possibly German, who apparently consulted the dictionary to write out long, unfamiliar words and resorted to his own native pronunciation and spelling for the more commonly used words - e.g., "gut" for good in the ransom notes.

DR. CONDON MEETS THE KIDNAPER

In the meantime, the kidnaper who called himself "John," met Dr. Condon in a deserted section of a cemetery in the Bronx, New York, on March 12, 1932, and discussed payment of the ransom. He reassured the Doctor in gutteral tones that the baby was well and that he would send its sleeping suit as a token of identity. He also cautioned absolute secrecy as to future negotiations.

The long, weary period of waiting seemed to be almost over for the anxious parents when Dr. Condon, following instructions from a previous note, found the twelfth ransom note under a stone in front of a greenhouse in the Bronx, April 2, 1932, instructing him to meet "John"



that evening in St. Raymond's Cemetery, Bronx, for payment of the ransom. While the Lindberghs waited hopefully, Dr. Condon met "John" that evening and persuaded him to reduce the demand to \$50,000. After receipt of the thirteenth note, purporting to contain information as to where the baby could be found, Dr. Condon gave "John" the \$50,000. The stranger, clutching his ill-gotten wealth under his arm, then disappeared into the near-by woods.

the boy is on Boad Helly 1 a small Bred 28 fed wing how person as on the Brad the are innivered. In well find he lived between Norsenech Beach and gay Head near Elizabeth Joland.

THE LAST RANSOM NOTE. THIS WAS HANDED TO DR. CONDON AT THE TIME THE \$50,000.00 IN RANSOM MONEY WAS GIVEN TO "JOHN." THIS MESSAGE LED COL. LINDBERGH AND HIS WIFE TO BELIEVE THEY WOULD SOON HAVE THEIR BABY SAFELY HOME AGAIN.

The note which the elderly doctor had accepted in such good faith when read by Colonel Lindbergh advised, "The boy is on Boad Nelly - it is a small Boad 28 feet long, two persons are on the Boad the are innosent you will find the Boad between Horseneck Beach and Gay Head near Flizabeth Island."

Many will remember with compassion the search which was then made - the search for the boat named "Nellie" near Marth's Vineyard, Massachusetts - the search for the curly-headed youngster with the dimpled chin and smiling eyes. But all efforts were fruitless; Charles Lindbergh, Jr., was nowhere to be found. The kidnaper had disappeared with his money leaving only a mocking, false trail for the broken-hearted parents to pursue.

THE BABY'S BODY FOUND

On May 12, 1932, what had been a growing premonition on the part of the authorities became a stark reality when the body of Charles Lindbergh, Jr., was discovered accidentally by William Allen, a colored truck assistant, partially buried in the shrubs, badly decomposed, about four and a half miles southeast of the Lindbergh home near Mount Rose, New Jersey. The body was 45 feet from the highway. The head was crushed; a hole in the skull had been made by a hammer or some other blunt instrument in the hands of the murderer. Some of the body members were missing. The remains were

positively identified by Colonel Lindbergh and the baby's nurse. The Coroner's examination disclosed that the child had been dead for about two months and that death was caused by a blow on the head.

On the day following the finding of the baby's body, the President personally requested the Federal Bureau of Investigation to serve as a clearinghouse and coordinating agency for all investigations in this case conducted by Federal units and issued Presidential Instructions that all Governmental investigative agencies should place themselves at the disposal of the State of New Jersey. Prior to this time the FBI had acted merely in an auxiliary capacity due to lack of Federal jurisdiction and had confined its investigative activities largely to inquiries specifically requested by the State of New Jersey.

On May 23, 1932, the FBI notified all banking institutions that it was now the coordinating agency for all governmental activity in the case and requested them to keep a close watch for the ransom money.

Under Mr. Hoover's direction, the FBI marshalled its investigative forces into a powerful, swiftly moving, cooperative drive to
ferret out the murderer of the Lindbergh baby.
In order to prevent duplication of investigations, the Bureau transmitted copies of all
its investigations in this case to the other
interested police agencies - New Jersey State
Police and the New York City Police - which
agreed, in turn, to submit copies of their
investigative activities to the FBI.

In the process of accumulating, studying and analyzing all known facts and evidence in the case, the FBI Laboratory alone conducted well over one hundred document examinations, in addition to paper comparisons, blood tests, and examinations of typewritten documents. After meticulous examination of the ransom notes, handwriting experts unanimously concurred that all the notes were written by the same person and that the writer was of German nationality who had spent considerable time in America.

INVESTIGATIVE MACHINERY IN ACTION

In order to have a more clearly defined mental picture of "John," Special Agents engaged Dr. Condon to prepare a transcript of all conversations had by him with "John." These conversations, transcribed in detail on phonograph records, imitated the pronunciation and dialect of "John" and in this manner the nationality, education, mentality and character of the suspected kidnaper were brought more sharply into focus.

The FBI also retained the services of an artist to prepare a sketch of "John" from descriptions furnished by Dr. Condon and by Joseph Perrone, a taxical driver who had delivered one of the ransom letters to Dr. Condon. Copies of this sketch were used to advantage by Agents when they combed sections of New York City where some of the ransom bills had been passed.

DECEMBER 1944



SKETCHES OF "JOHN" WHO RECEIVED THE LINDBERGH KIDNAP RANSOM MONEY. THESE WERE DRAWN FOR THE FBI BY JAMES T. BERRYMAN, STAFF ARTIST OF THE WASHINGTON, D. C., EVENING STAR. HE BASED THE SKETCHES ON THE VERBAL DESCRIPTIONS GIVEN BY DR. JOHN F. CONDON AND JOSEPH PERRONE.

As the weeks wore into months, the popular sentiment of the nation fluctuated from primary shock to sympathy for the grief-stricken parents, and finally to righteous indignation, resulting in a deluge of letters storming the FBI. On a whole these letters were sincere and well-meant but many were written by publicity seekers, frauds and demented persons. It was essential, however, that all possible clues, regardless of the prospect of success, be carefully followed, since it was impossible in the vast majority of instances to determine at the inception whether they would be material or false. Thus, the FBI spent innumerable months tracing down the source of each letter investigating every rumor, every claim, to its

The President's Proclamation requiring the return to the Treasury of all gold and gold certificates was of invaluable assistance at this time since \$40,000.00 of the ransom money had been paid in gold certificates and at the time of the Proclamation a large portion of this money was known to be outstanding.

Therefore, the FBI again emphasized this phase of the investigation by issuing a circular letter on January 17, 1934, to all banks and their branches in New York City, requesting an extremely close watch for the ransom certificates. Copies of a revised pamphlet containing the serial numbers of ransom bills and currency key cards - setting forth the inclusive serial numbers of all the ransom notes which had been paid - were distributed by Special Agents to each employee handling currency in banks, clearinghouses, grocery stores in certain selected communities, insurance companies, gasoline filling stations, airports, department

Six months later, on August 20, 1934, the FBI's carefully planned trap sprung. Starting on this date and extending into September, a total of sixteen gold certificates, all ransom bills, were discovered in the vicinity of York-ville and Harlem. As each bill was recovered, Special Agents inserted a colored pin, denoting the location of the recovery, in a large map of the Metropolitan Area, thus indicating the movement of the individual who was passing the ran-

stores, post offices and telegraph companies.

the location of the recovery, in a large map of the Metropolitan Area, thus indicating the movement of the individual who was passing the ransom money. Teams, composed of Special Agents and representatives of the interested police agencies, combed the districts where the bills were first caught and personally urged the banks to redouble their efforts to determine the original depositor. In this manner, for the first time in the history of the case, the investigators were able to question the individuals who received the ransom bills and obtain a descrip-

tion of the "stranger" passing the bills.

The trail grew warmer and warmer as the FBI tightened its dragnet around New York City. Descriptions of the "stranger" tallied exactly with that of "John." Fruit dealers, grocers, shoe salesmen - all remembered the fair-haired man with the foreign accent and the pointed chin who had offered ten and twenty dollar gold certificates for minor purchases.

BREAKING THE CASE

On September 18, 1934, the Assistant Manager of the Corn Exchange Bank and Trust Company in Harlem telephoned the New York Office and advised that a ten dollar gold certificate had been discovered a few minutes previously by one of the tellers in the bank.

Immediately, Special Agents with representatives of the police agencies, made a thorough check and ascertained that this bill had been received at the Bank from a gasoline filling station located at 127th Street and Lexington Avenue.

Events moved swiftly from that time on as the investigating squad questioned the alert gas attendant who had received the bill in payment for five gallons of gasoline. Questioning the validity of the gold certificate, the attendant had taken the precaution to record on the bill the license number of the car driven by the stranger. With increasing excitement - the authorities listened to the description of the purchaser - a man of Scandinavian appearance - foreign accent - fair complexion. When the attendant had eyed the bill dubiously, the stranger had remarked that the bill was good all right and that he had 100 more just like that.

Telephone wires began to hum as the license number was checked. The authorities waited with bated breath as the information came over the wire. The name of the man to whom license 4 U 13-41 had been issued was BRUNO RICHARD HAUPTMANN of 1279 East 222nd St., Bronx, New York.

That night while Special Agents and representatives of the New Jersey and New York police agencies were keeping a close watch on the two-story house, located at the corner of a sparsely settled German section - one block from the Boston Post Road, technicians of the FBI Laboratory



THE HAUPTMANN GARAGE WHICH CONTAINED THE RANSOM MONEY.

were busily engaged in comparing photostatic copies of the suspect's automobile registration and driver's license with the ransom notes. Other Agents were rounding up information on the suspect.

> BRUNO RICHARD HAUPTMANN, APPARENTLY UNEMPLOYED, MARRIED, FATHER OF ONE MALE CHILD. GERMAN NATIONALITY. 35, CARPENTER BY TRADE.

All descriptions tallied with the physical features of the man sought for more than two years as the possible kidnaper and murderer of the Lindbergh baby.

At approximately 9:00 the following morning, the suspect emerged from the house and entered his garage where he kept a Dodge sedan. As he drove rapidly down Park Avenue followed closely behind by the authorities, he little suspected that the sands of time were running out for himthis was judgment day!

At Park Avenue, near 178th Street - the authorities closed in and forced the suspect to the side of the road. As they surrounded the Dodge, Agents quickly realized that the driver of the car was the perfect image of the sketch made from the description of "John" furnished by Dr. Condon. When searched, a twenty dollar gold ransom certificate was found on his person.

As the investigation of the German carpenter progressed rapidly in the ensuing days, the FBI became more, and more confident that this was the man responsible not only for collecting the ransom money but also for the kidnaping and murder of the Lindbergh baby. Dr. Condon and the taxicab driver positively identified Hauptmann as "John" who had negotiated the ransom transactions.

In searching the Hauptmann house' and surrounding grounds, incriminating evidence slowly mounted up - forming an impregnable case against Hauptmann. A pair of shoes purchased with a twenty dollar ransom bill, recovered on September 8, 1934, was found. The address and telephone number of Dr. Condon were also found

written in pencil on the door; and there were several scribbled notations which proved to be certain serials of the ransom money. Packages of the ransom money itself - wrapped in newspapers - totalling \$13,760.00 were found hidden in the garage. The 1931 Dodge sedan belonging to Hauptmann answered exactly to the description of the car seen in the vicinity of the Lindbergh home the day prior to the kidnaping.

Handwriting experts of the FBI Laboratory positively identified Hauptmann's handwriting



BRUNO RICHARD HAUPTMANN, GERMAN ALIEN, WHO ENTERED THE UNITED STATES ILLEGALLY IN 1923.

DECEMBER 1444

INVESTIGATOR



INTERIOR OF THE HAUPTMANN GARAGE. HERE THE KIDNAPER HAD BURIED \$13,760.00 OF THE RANSOM MONEY.

as being the same as the handwriting on the ransom notes.

In the midst of the government investigation official reports from Hauptmann's native country, Germany, began to come in:

SRUNO RICHARD HAUPTMANN - 35, NATIVE OF SAXONY, GERMANY, WHERE, ON MARCH 6, 1919, IN THE TOWN OF KAMENZ, HE WAS SENTENCED ON A CHARGE OF JOINT GREAT ROBSERY TO SERVE A SENTENCE OF TWO YEARS AND SIX MONTHS IMPRISONMENT AND FOUR YEARS LOSS OF CIVIL RIGHTS. ALSO SENTENCED ON A CHARGE OF JOINT HIGHWAY ROBBERY TO SERVE TWO YEARS AND THREE MONTHS IMPRISON AND TO SUFFER THE LOSS OF CIVIL RIGHTS FOR TWO YEARS. SERVED FOUR YEARS OF THIS TERM AND WAS RE-LEASED PENDING HIS GOOD BEHAVIOR.

Additional investigation revealed that early in July, 1923, Hauptmannhad stowed away aboard the SS Hannover at Bremen, Germany, arrived in the port of New York City on July 13, 1923, and successfully made an illegal entry. On October 10, 1925, Hauptmann married Anna Schoeffler, a New York City waitress. A son, Manfried, was born to them in 1933. During his illegal stay in New York City and until the spring of 1932, Hauptmann followed his occupation of carpenter. However, a short while after March 1, 1932, the

date of the kidnaping, Hauptmann began to trade rather extensively in stocks and ceased the practice of his carpentry trade.

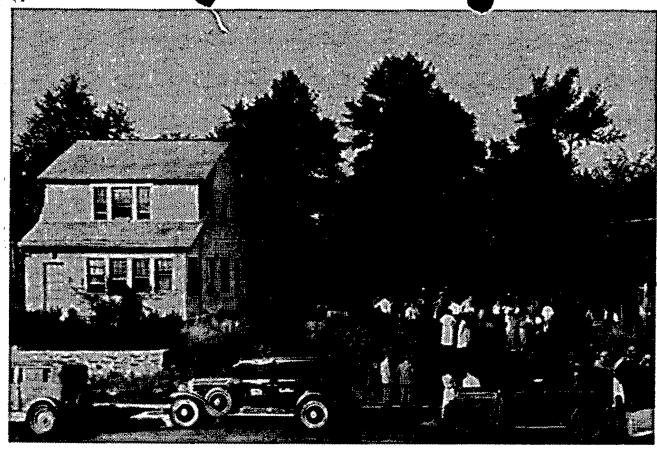
THE FINAL CHAPTER

Brumo Richard Hauptmann was indicted in the Supreme Court, Bronx County, New York, on charges of extortion of September 25, 1934, and October 8, 1934, in Hunterdon County, New Jersey, he was indicted for murder. Two days later on October 10, 1934, the Governor of the State of New York honored the requisition of the Governor of the State of New Jersey for the surrender of Hauptmann and on October 19, 1934, he was removed to the Hunterdon County Jail, Flemington, New Jersey, to await trial.

During the ensuing five weeks' trial the FBI extended every cooperation to the State of New Jersey. Additional evidence, strongly implicating the accused, was brought out during the trial. A government wood expert testified that prior to the arrest of Hauptmannhe had traced the wood used in the construction of the kidnaping ladder from a mill in South Carolina to a lumber company in the Bronx, New York. It was definitely ascertained that Hauptmannhad purchased wood from this lumber company. The ex-

chased wood from this lumber company. The expert also identified a piece of wood missing from Hauptmann's attic as being one of the side rails of the ladder. He further proved that the

DECEMBER 1444



THE HAUPTMANN HOME. A PORTION OF THE LADDER USED IN THE KIDNAPING WAS TAKEN FROM THE ATTIC TIMBERS OF THIS HOUSE.

plane owned by the accused was used in making the ladder. Further damaging evidence was the chisel found at the scene of the kidnaping which, according to the wood expert, was used in the manufacture of the ladder and which at the time of the accused's apprehension was found to fit perfectly into his tool kit from which a chisel was missing.

On February 13, 1935, Bruno Richard Hauptmann was found guilty and sentenced by the Court to be executed. On April 3, 1936, at 8:472 P. M.-the man found by a jury of his peers to be responsible for the kidnaping and murder of the twenty-month-old baby, Charles Lindbergh, Jr., was electrocuted.

AGENTS! INSURANCE FUND

The Bureau has received a number of Inquiries from personnel of the Bureau and relatives of Special Agents as to just what the FBI Agents' insurance Fund is, and this information is being made available in order that the personnel of the Bureau will be acquainted with the regulations of this fund and in order that the families of Special Agents will understand the qualifications for membership so that they might benefit as beneficiaries in the event of the death of the Agent.

The FBI Agents' insurance Fund is open for membership only to certain personnel of the Bureau whose particular assignment entails personal danger beyond the normal routine of life and for the most part is composed of regularly appointed Agents on active duty. In order that the beneficiary may be the recipient of the \$10,000 payment in the event of the death of the Agent from any cause, the member of the fund must have made all payments to the Chief Clerk of the Bureau at Washington, D. C., within a prescribed deadline date. In the event of death on the part of any Agent who has failed to make payments by the deadline date or prior to his death, it will be impossible to make the \$10,000 payment to the beneficiary.

This information is being made available in order that all relatives of personnel of this type will understand the operation of this fund and how important it is that assessments be paid promptly.

* *********

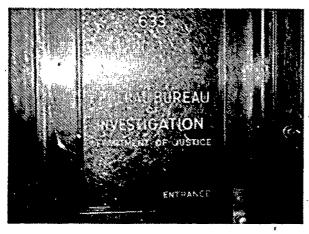
INVESTIGATOR

DECEMBER 1444



The Investigator Visits Louisville





THE "INVESTIGATOR" REPORTER AND PHOTOGRAPHER WERE MOST CORDIALLY WELCOMED BY THE LOUISVILLE PERSONNEL ON THEIR RECENT VISIT.



AMIABLE SAC M. W. MCFARLIN WAS BUSY AT HIS DESK BUT TOOK TIME OFF TO GUIDE THEM ON THEIR TOUR.



OVER ON THE AGENTS' SIDE, IN ANOTHER WING OF THE BUILDING, WAS SA DWIGHT M. CHEEVER DICTATING TO FRANCES HOOD...



SA CHARLES 1. KELLER AND STENO KATHRYN ALDERICE.



FIRST TO GREET THEM IN THE RECEPTION ROOM WERE STENOS ANN MICHAEL AND BLANCHE BENTLEY.



THEN PROCEEDING DOWN THE HALL THEY ENTERED THE SELECTIVE SERVICE ROOM AND FOUND SUPERVISOR DALE S. THOMPSON ON THE DESK.

INVESTIGATOR + D



We are prone to forget that only twelve years ago we were living in the great gang age - that bloody era when organized gangsterism threatened to tilt the balance between crime and law. It was the age when FBI Agents were not authorized to carry guns; when prison breaks were commonplace; when corrupt bosses kept the heat off vicious killers and provided them with "cooling off" spots. It was the age when machine guns were sold for hard cash and no questions asked; when the airplane, automobile and telephone allowed the members of an invisible empire to laugh at the law. This was the setting for a crime that shocked the Nation - the Kansas City Massacre.

When the heat was on, the rat-eyed small shots might scuttle to their holes and lie in fear and hiding. Not so the big-time boy. He knew where to go. No skulking for him. Luxury, safety, a Chief of Detectives who not only shut his eyes to others' failings but who indulged in a few little rackets of his own—like selling diamonds to habitues of disorderly houses. And to top that, there was a political machine providing protection and grinding out gangland favors with a swish of greased palms and the oily grace of a squat little boss.

Such was Hot Springs, Arkansas.

Frank Nash, murderer, train-robber, gradwate of McAlester penitentiary, fled out of the rear door of a Leavenworth warden's home into freedom. He had served six years of a twentyfive year term when he made his break from the Federal prison on October 19, 1930. Nash scuttled back to the desolate Cookson Hills in Oklahoma, established old connections, waited for the heat to die down, and then armed with letters of introduction, trekked up to St. Paul, Minnesota. This outpost of the underworld Empire was ruled by Wa Barker, her son Fred and Verme Willer - a willow-spined character who had learned the intricacies of machine gunning in France and now enjoyed cuddling a chattering gun to further his career in crime.

Nash was highly welcome in Minnesota. He told the St. Paul gang lords about the safety of his Oklahoma bad lands. Soon he had opened the old-time-outlaw-infested Cooksons to a streamlined variety of bandit. There, he said, was the ideal cooling-off spot, the hoodlum's haven. They were inaccessible and safe and just across the way was Paradise - Hot Springs, Arkansas.

But there was a fly in the ointment - too many bosom pals were absent, detained by John Iaw. It was a situation the empire knew how to remedy.



FRANK NASH

On the morning of December 11, 1931, seven prisoners broke out of Leavenworth Penitentiary. They kidnaped and wounded the warden. In the background hovered the balding, hook-nosed Nash, furnishing firearms, welcoming them to the Cooksons.

More were coming. On Memorial Day, May 30, 1933, six convicts disrupted a baseball game in the yard of the Kansas State penitentiary, kidnaped the warden and escaped. They were a deadly gang: Wilbur Underhill, Harvey Pailey, Robert Brady, Ed Davis, Jim Clark and Fred Purell.

It was like old home week in Oklahoma bills. Frank Nash welcomed his Empire friends.

Of course hash had changed. Now he wore a smart new toupee on his shiny pate; had grown a

JANUARY 1945

14-32732X

moustache. He hurried about the Cooksons settling his guests; making them comfortable in their crude quarters. They might in time get bored - but across the line and inland such a little way was gangland's Utopia. He went there often. There was the White Front Pool Hall under the partial proprietorship of Good Friend Galatas. Solid Citizen Galatas. Galatas of the Gang whose hand rested on the web that sent warning messages to the Empire. Peace and quiet and safety at the White Front....

APPREHENDING A DANGEROUS FUGITIVE

It was June 16, 1933, when this pool room sanctuary suddenly felt the presence of men who lacked the swaggering gait of gangster gunmen.

Frank Nash felt his arms clamped tightly at his sides. He heard low authoritative voices "Agents of the FBI...authority of the Attorney General...Leavenworth."

The safety of the White Front was no more. Almost instantly he was in a speeding car; he was leaving freedom, safety, Hot Springs. Galatas had been there. He'd known what to dojust get in touch with the big shots, pull the switch; the machinery of the Empire would go into action.

Con-man Galatas hurried to the home of Mrs. E. B. Conner. Mrs. Conner's phone bill rose steadily. A call to the O. P. Inn, gang center in Chicago. Quick! Tell Louis Stacci the Feds got Frank. Ask what to do.

A crooked "guardian" of the law, the supersleuth, of Hot Springs, went into action.

This good friend of the gang sent out a state-wide call that a man had been kidnaped from the White Front Pool Hall. The order went out for officers to stop the "kidnapers" and release the victim! And back of this command in the name of law and order was a squat little political boss whose corrupt rule guarded the Empire.

Three grim-faced men, two Agents and Chief of Police Reed of McAlester, Oklahoma, knew they were facing more than a handful of rat-faced killers. They were dealing with Organized Crime backed by Corrupt Politics, Public Indifference.

Once they had the scrawny killer in their waiting auto they swung the car toward Little Rock and stepped on the gas. They were dealing with life and death and Cangland.

A few miles out, rearing sirens stopped them. No, this man is not being kidnapped. This is Frank Nash, killer, Federal Prisoner. We are returning him to Leavenworth to complete a 25 year sentence. Identification? The bright gold badges of the FBI. This is the Federal Government.

They were allowed to proceed but they knew what they faced. They had to get Nash out of there.

Back in Hot Springs long distance wires were humming. In Chicago, Louis (Doc) Stacci listened to the news of "Jelly" Nash's arrest. His orders snapped along the wires. "Find Verne Miller in K. C."

The Agents slowed down long enough to check with their superiors. The Federal Government knew it was battling dynamite - and it was fighting with its hands tied against an octopuslike opponent.

"Get rid of your car. Get that man on a

train. Look out for an ambush."

They were stopped again. This time at little Rock. It was the same story. Their man was a Federal Prisoner, not a kidnap victim. Where were they taking him? Joplin, Missouri, and from there to Leavenworth.

Their questioners let them go, escorted them to the highway leading to Joplin, and left them.

Some miles out of Little Rock the road divides. One branch goes toward Joplin, Missouri; one toward Ft. Smith, Arkansas.

The car carrying Frank Nash turned toward

Ft. Smith, Arkansas.

The hands of the clock raced on into late afternoon that tense sixteenth day of June, 1933. It was only a few hours after Stacci's orders snapped over the wire from Chicago. A plane fluttered over the Joplin airport, settled down, rolled to a stop - and out stepped Richard Galatas and Mrs. Frank Nash! A 16-cylinder car driven by ex-convict Herbert Farmer roared up to whisk them off.

Soon the telephone wires were hot again - Stacci in Chicago to Miller in Karsas City to the waiting group in Joplin...But the Empire found there had been a slip up. There was that clever turn to Ft. Smith...Frank Nash and his captors never showed up in Joplin....

There were hurried phone calls. The underground Empire wasn't stopping. Frank was a pal, a good contact to have in the Cooksons. And Verne Miller, ex-Sheriff from Huron, South Dakota, arrested in office for embezzlement, now turned trigger-man for the Empire, had his orders. But the job was big. He needed help and the thugs he knew weren't blessed with courage.

Then out of the south came unexpected aid.
On the morning of June 16, 1933, Sheriff
Jack Killingsworth had walked into a local
garage in Bolivar, Missouri. Two men eyed him
suspiciously. One was coarse featured, stocky;
the other, slim, dark, olive-skinned, furtive.

Recognition was swift. "Pretty Boy" Floyd and his follower Adam Richetti: Before the sheriff could move he was covered, hustled into a car, forced to obey the deadly pair.

Then began a wild ride. A second man was

snatched; another car stolen.

The sheriff was released about eight o'clock that evening when the ride ended in Kansas City.

Here was heaven-sent aid! Neither Floyd nor Richetti was long on brains but both had eager trigger fingers; both were reckless; both hated the law.

Miller flashed out a request for gunmen. The answer came back. Sure! Glad to help. Anything for a pal.

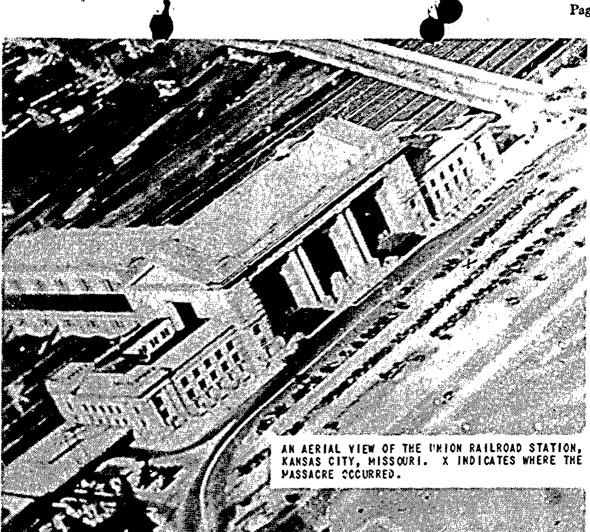
DEATH ON A JUNE DAY

The morning sun glinted brightly down on Kansas City's huge Union Station. There was the

INVESTIGATOR

JANUARY-194





usual sudden buzz of excitement before the arrival of each train. The 7:12 was due any minute.

A fair sized crowd was there to meet it. In the group a little cluster of quiet watchfuleyed men waited, alert and patient. The Special Agent in Charge of the Kansas City Division, a second FBI Agent and two Kansas City Police Officers were on hand to see that Federal Prisoner Frank Nash went safely on his way to Leaven-

The 7:12 finally puffed in. The two Agents and Chief Reed led their manacled prisoner off the train, through the concourse. They were greeted by the waiting group. There must be no delay. They walked quickly through the depot, onto the plaza and up to the car that would take Frank Nash sixteen miles up the river.

The sun poured down throwing long, early morning shadows. Traffic eddied about in an endless stream.

Frank Nash was placed in the rear seat of the automobile. Then for some reason there was a change; a swift decision to put Nash in the front seat. Obediently he slid under the wheel while the split front seat was placed forward to allow the officers to enter the back of the car. The Special Agent in Charge and the two

police officers stood watch. Agent Caffrey was about to enter the car.

Suddenly there was a blur of sound; of split-second action; voices.

"Up! Up! Get 'em up!"

No one waited for the command to be obeyed.

"Let 'em have it!"

A machine gun began its deadly chatter. The popping of a .38 and the louder blast of a .45 caliber revolver were lost in the steady staccato bark of the big gun.

The Kansas City detectives slumped down side by side. Agent Caffrey dropped on the opposite side of the car. The Agent in Charge fell wounded and crawled behind the machine.

Slugs tore through the car. Steadily, deliberately, the assassins made a brief quarter

circle, spraying the car with lead.

One Agent writhed to the floor, his back torn with bullets. Chief Otto Reed slumped forward, dead. In the front seat behind the wheel Frank Nash's head fell back. Bullets cut through his neck. The new toupee fell off, stained with bright blood.

"We shot Nash!"

"They're all dead. Let's go!"

There was a sudden silence on the plaza. A stunned unbelievable silence that lasted

several seconds. Then there was movement. People crawled from beneath cars. Machines started. There was an excited eddying mass—and the killers merged with the crowd, entered their car and disappeared. The FBI Agent in Charge, shot in the arm, thrust through the crowd to put in a riot call.

Four officers were dead: Agent Caffrey, Detectives Groom and Hermanson, and Chief Otto

Reed.

An FBI Agent occupying the center of the back seat where a prisoner would normally sit, was untouched. He was applying first aid to a wounded agent when traffic parted for a clang-

ing ambulance.

Frank Nash was dead. The Empire had sprung him from captivity in life to captivity in death and in so doing, had lost its greatest ally - Public Indifference. The sleeping citizenry awakened startled. Here was mass murder. Here was organized crime flaunting itself in the face of the whole nation. Hadn't everyone said it was a good thing to have gang wars? Let them kill each other off? But here were gangster's guns spurting streams of death at guardians of the law.

From Washington came the terse order, "Get them!"

SECRETS OF THE UNDERWORLD

Within hours the series of phone callsplotting the delivery had been traced - from Galatas to Stacci to Willer.... But who were the killers?

Agents of the FBI cracked down on Verne Miller's Kansas City home. He was gone. Gone, too, was thin-faced Vivian Mathis, his coldeyed paramour.

Out of the place came everything that might yield a clue; clothes, papers, glasses, an empty beer bottle....

Out came dusting powders, iodine tests,

cameras.

And on the empty beer bottle in the home of Vernon Miller a fingerprint appeared.

The fingerprint was not Miller's

It was axiomatic that where Charles Arthur "Pretty Boy" Floyd went, there went Adam Richetti. It worked in reverse. Where Adam Richetti went, there went Pretty Boy Floyd.

The fingerprint on the empty beer bottle in the home of suspect Miller was the finger-

print of Adam Richetti.

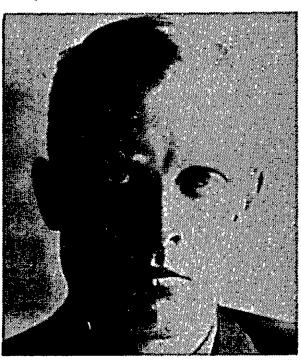
Where did the killers go? Kansas City was hot; so hot that every underworld character ducked for a hideout. The Empire shut up shop like a "dead" possum. Kansas City looked like it might have harbored a pestilence.

But there was always Chicago.

Verne Miller was scuttling into the Chicago suburbs the very moment FBI Agents were checking the Kansas City apartment which he had rented in the name of Vincent C. Moore, and then quitted so unceremoniously.

Boldly he braked his car before a Waywood Apartment, knocked lightly, was admitted. Moments later he emerged with a youthful curly-haired man. The latter was nervous, apprehensive. The pair put the car in the garage and re-entered the house.

For four days Verne Miller, joined by Vi Mathis, hid out with Volney Davis and Edna. Murray.



VERNE C. MILLER

Davis, a member of the Barker-Karpis mob, and his gun moll, didn't relish the idea of open house to anyone as hot as Miller - or possibly their jittery state of mind was induced by the fact that on the day preceding the Massacre their own gang had pulled the Hamm kidnaping in St. Paul.

Whatever the reason, Miller and Vivian were hurried to the airport, boarded a plane and took off for New York.

FUGITIVES IN FLIGHT

This marked the split in the trail.

Pretty Boy Floyd and Adam Richetti broke away, twisted and turned, back tracked; finally going into hiding so complete that they might have dropped from the face of the earth.

Quiet, solemn-faced men with FBI shields slipped in and out of underworld haunts. No hint in the papers to tell how they were doing. Just that careful, continuous pains-taking search.

Where were they? Kingpins of the underworld knew they were sweating out the long minutes, hours, and days in a six room apartment in Buffalo, New York.

They were not alone. Rose and Juanita

Baird shared their imprisonment.

Back in Oklahoma Rose and Juanita had joined up with two home-town hoodlums, Rose had married Wallace Ash; Juanita lived with his brother. Then one day the coarse featured sisters met Pretty Boy Floyd and a pal. They were interested and conveniently enough the Ash brothers, small time stuff in the criminal log, soon afterwards found themselves enveloped in a hail of hot

INVESTIGATOR

JANUARY 1945

lead. Their women passed in a stronger hands. Somewhere along the route of flight from the bloody Union Station to Toledo, Ohio, Floyd and Richetti were joined by Rose and Juanita Baird.

They raced on to Puffalo.

In their hideout the foursome settled down to a quiet life. So quiet that it was maddening. Day after day the once dapper Bichetti sat with his head it his hands, morose and sullen. He soldom spoke. Anger flared over his stolid silence.



ADAM RICHETTI

Floyd was not one to sit still. Day and night in his waking hours he paced back and forth, back and forth, like a caged animal.

"That guy's driving me loopy," remarked the occupant of a lower apartment. Neighbors felt something was wrong. No telephone: no friends; no one leaving the house but for brief nocturnal visits to the grocer's. Occasionally one of the heavy-featured girls broke the boredom by tossing coins to neighborhood children from the windows or sought their friendship by offering them candy.

For 13 months they were holed up in their prison-like apartment. But they couldn't stand

it any longer.

When Pretty Boy said, "Who wants to go home?"

the answer was an excited chorus.

He gave the girls money to buy a car. Mr and Mrs. "George Sanders" and Mr. and Mrs. "Eddie Prennen" were leaving the apartment; leaving town; going back to the Cooksons - and the quicker they got there the better...

At 3 A. M. under cover of a thick fog their car sped through the dark streets of Buffalo, headed west. The sleepy occupants were quite content. At last they were going home.

PERSONA NON GRATA

On the day following the Massacre Mrs.' Connor, whose phone had been used, left Hot Springs. Galatas fled. There was a flurry in the Underworld. The crime engineers were being rounded up - Herbert Farmer, "Doc" Stacci, Frank Mulloy who had relayed Stacci's message to Miller, and later Richard Tallman Galatas.

The Empire suffered nervous chills. Verne

Miller found himself so hot he was an unwelcome guest even among old friends. He began to move,

apprehensively,

On Nov. 1, 1933, Verne Miller walked into a trap set by the G-men. Agents had located Vivian Mathis in a Chicago Apartment house. They knew Willer must be close. The necessity of haste left one loophole and before it could be closed Willer escaped, through a hail of lead.

Vivian Mathis was arrested.

The hunt was on again. Once more the tireless Agents began sifting and screening and fitting together the incredibly minute pieces of the mosaic that makes a criminal pattern. Telephone calls, a ticket stub, a hotel register, a trickle of rumor... They were close behind him. They knew where he had been - the day, the hourand the gap was closing.

The faint little sounds echoed out of the underworld - Miller was broke, desperate. He had to have money and his gun was for hire. Price? Five hundred for one; three for a thou-sand. Between November 26 and 28, 1933, three of Detroit's public enemies were blotted out by a machine gunner whose technique was individual and expert. The rumors increased. They gave

Miller the credit.

Up in Connecticut on November 20, the body of Al Silvers, traveling representative of the Longie Zwillman mob in control of New Jersey's underworld, was found along a highway, feet hooked over a barbed wire fence. He had been garroted, beaten, stabbed with a blunt-nosed knife, wrapped in cheap blankets and bound with new clothes-line rope drawn cruelly tight. He was nude out for a tightly drawn rope about his neck concealed by an impeccable four-in-hand tie.

What had Silvers done?

Rumor said he had befriended Miller; had arranged for him to pose as a traveling salesman for a New Jersey optical concern; and had bought the Ford car which Miller drove to Chicago and abandoned in the battle at the apartment house.

This had turned the "G-heat" Jersey-ward. The mob big shots didn't like it. Louie Puchalter, kingpin of the New York City rackets, didn't like it, notwithstanding the ract that his wife had offered haven to Vi Mathis while Agents hunted for her. The word went out that Silvers was on the rub-out list - and anyone else who befriended Miller. The Empire was feeling the heat and Miller was persona non

On November 29, 1933, a message reached the FEI. The headlights of a car fell on an oddly wrapped bundle in a vacant lot. It was almost covered with marsh grass. The driver reported the incident.

Police investigated. Under a cheap automobile robe, wrapped in cheap blankets, knees cramped horribly, bound by new clothesline rope, was the nude body of a murdered man. He had been strangled. Eleven wounds showed that he had been cruelly beaten with a blunt instrument. He had been hammered and shot to death as he slept or as he lay in a drunken stupor.

The dead man's fingerprints were sent to the

FBI file. It was Verne Miller.

INVESTIGATOR

JANUARY 1945

THE END OF THE ROAD

So Miller was done for. Floyd had read it in the Puffalo papers. Richetti sneered, "Crazy fool should have staved hid."



"PRETTY BOY" FLOYD

Eleven months later they thought of him as they cruised down the highway for safety, security and the Cooksons. Suddenly out of the fog, loomed strange objects - a pole and fence. Prakes screeched. The car crashed.

Floyd and Richetti picked themselves out of a ditch. The women were scared but unhurt. It was October 21, 1934, and daybreak was only an hour away. Hastily they removed their arsenal from the wreck, sent one of the girls to town for a wrecker and hid in the woods.

There wasn't much time left for the Kansas City Killers. Shortly reports were turned in to local officers that two suspicious-looking men were noted on the outskirts of Wellsville, Chio.

Officers went out to investigate. As they closed in, the two fugitives came up shooting. Richetti was apprehended but Floyd escaped. Then an alarm went out. The whole community was alert. The territory was surrounded. The following day "Pretty Boy" was seen on a farm near Clarkson, Ohio. Four Agents and four local officers sped to the scene. As they approached, the bandit from the Cooksons started running.

"Halt! FBI!" He didn't stop.

Bullets thudded after him. Floyd fell less than 60 yards away. Arresting officers came up cautiously with guns raised.

A cocked .45 caliber Colt automatic pistol was taken from the bandit's right hand. It's duplicate was thrust in his belt.

"I'm done for. You hit me twice," he gasped. More than a dozen bullets had struck him.

The dying man gave his name as "Murphy," then admitted he was lying. This was the killer all right. Agents knew he was Floyd, Charles Arthur Floyd.

When asked if he, Richetti and Willer had done the shooting at the Union Station, he answered, "I ain't tellin' you nothing," and a little later, "I'm going."

From his pocket fell a watch with a lucky piece chained to it. Both bore notches - ten on each. It was said these were symbols of murdered men - all killed by the Pretty Boy's guns. At 4:25 P. M. he was dead.

The rats were being run to earth.

Frank Mulloy of the Horseshoe Tavern rendezvous in Kansas City, "Doc" Stacci of the "O. P. Inn" hangout in Chicago, Herb Farmer, the chicken rancher, and Galatas, the "finger" man, battled stubbornly to avoid the sentence imposed for conspiring to obstruct justice. Galatas had fled from pillar to post to avoid capture. After his arrest the unsavory group fought unsuccessfully to get clear. The corrupt political machine that harbored them was ineffective.

All four appealed to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals without effect. Three petitioned the United States Supreme Court which refused to review the case. Stacci began his time immediately; the other remained free on bond while prosecuting appeals.

All received two year sentences. Stacci's appeal for release by parole was denied.

Adam Richetti, trapped by his fingerprint, was the only member of the murderous trio to stand trial for the Union Station Massacre. He was convicted and sentenced to be executed. At Jefferson City, Missouri, October 7, 1938, a lethal gas chamber opened to him. In a matter of minutes he was dead.

This was the beginning of the end. It was just as though the ridge pole in a huge Chautauqua tent had suddenly come smashing down.

The Empire was crumbling. Contacts were broken, communications were disrupted, gang lords had new forwarding addresses - Alcatraz, Leavenworth, Atlanta.... The organization and attention to detail of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, backed by cooperative police and an aroused public, was literally whittling the Empire to pieces.

Sixty-five volumes make up the file on the Kansas City Massacre. From the first teletype on the slaughter at Union Station to the last piece of mail the file is a story of patient, painstaking and tenacious probing by a few courageous investigators, striking a smashing blow against the swaggering, corrupt and sprawling Empire of Crime. The closed investigation of the Kansas City Massacre marks the twilight

of the gangs.

THE BARKER-KARPIS GANG









KATE BARKER

ALVIN KARPIS

FRED BARKER

ARTHUR BARKER

In the fabulous twenties, gangdom, like a malignant cancerous growth, insidiously took root in the heart of the nation, spreading so rapidly, that in the early thirties it lay an open festering sore -- daily spawning new and more malevolent criminals who openly scoffed at law and order, punctuating their remarks with bursts of spraying lead.

The press had a name for them -- "public enemies" -- and they vied bitterly among themselves for this coveted title with its ensuing privileges -- quick pardons, paroles, reprieves from unscrupulous politicians; unquestioning obedience from their underlings. They were little emperors ruling their territories with rods of steel -- direct progenitors to the dynasties of John Dillinger, Pretty Boy Floyd, Babyface Nelson, Frank Nash, Verne Miller, Adam Richetti and the like.

--Such were the members of the notorious Barker-Karpis gang--*Ma" Barker with her four sons, Herman, Lloyd, Fred and Arthur; Alvin Karpis and their many criminal associates. Operating in the scuthwestern part of the United States at this time, they were arrogantly ravaging law-abiding society, ruthlessly plundering its wealth, and leaving a trail of death and destruction in their wake. Devotees of Epicueanism, they wallowed in a plethora of ill-gotten luxury; their creed—eat, drink and be merry for tomorrow who knows and who cares.

THE BRAINS OF THE GANG-"MA" BARKER

In order to appreciate the overwhelming power and influence of the Barker-Karpis gang, we must turn back the pages of time to the "gay nineties"—to the days when "mother was a girl" and Arizona Donnie Clark, nicknamed Kate for short, was in her teens.

Kate, a combination of Scotch, Irish and Indian extraction, enjoyed the social life of her community, the Ozark Mountains in the vicinity of Ashgrove, Missouri. Impulsive, loquacious, eager for life, she plunged enthusiastically into the numerous local activities. There were picnics, candy pulls, and pie socials in the little red school house. On summer evenings she and her companions could be found perched gaily on a rickety wagon, piled high with sweet-smell-

ing hay, and being drawn along the moon-swept mountain trails by an old Missouri mule. On the Sabbath Day, blonde, blue-eyed Kate attended Sunday School and during the week, church socials and community sings. It was a normal happy girlhood, characteristic of the turn of the century, and it led to what appeared to be a normal happy womanhood. Kate married a childhood companion, George E. Barker, on September 14, 1892.

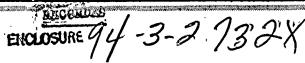
Early in married life while she was bearing her sons--Herman, Lloyd, Arthur and Freddie--Kate seemed content enough to be a good housewife whose chief fault was a leaning toward choice gossip about the neighbors and occasional fits of fanatical religious frenzy when she would engage in evangelistic activities. As the novelty of marriage faded, however, and Kate Barker found herself faced with the grim realities of life, trying to feed, clothe and provide shelter for four children, she began to long for money--lots of it--enough to purchase extravagant clothing, expensive furniture and all sorts of luxuries which she knew her plodding husband could not provide on his meager salary. They were now barely existing in Tulsa, Oklahoma, to which town they had migrated after Herman, her oldest boy, had been arrested near Webb City, Missouri, in 1910. Although he had been released after being questioned, Kate had gone into a frenzied rage at the indignity to which her "poor, innocent boy" had been subjected. "We'll move out of this town," she had cried, and move they did, that is, all except Herman. Proficient already in the art of highway robbery, Herman had ventured out into the world to seek his fame and fortune.

"MA" BARKER'S SCHOOL FOR CRIME

Kate Barker's desire for wealth and power sharpened as the years rolled by, and her younger sons began to approach manhood. Inspired perhaps by Herman's unlawful but profitable activities, her quick, agile mind, aided by a native intelligence, began to plot aheadfor the future. As she sat mending a three-cornered tear in Arthur's trousers or cutting down George's threadbare suit to fit Fred, her brain worked busily. Even if that George Barker couldn't support her in the style she expected,

-INVESTIGATOR

FEBRUARY 1941



her sons could. And we Herman, Arthur, Lloyd, Fred-they'd take care of their "Ma" -they'd provide all the luxuries she craved so hungrily. She'd train them now when they were young and impressionable so that they'd know how later on! --- And so "Ma" Barker's school for crime began.

Inder her brilliant tutelage, the young Barker boys flourished in the ways of the underworld. They joined the old Central Park gang in Tulsa, composed of the roughest, toughest hoodlums in the neighborhood. Their consorts were Sam Coker, Harry Campbell, Glenn Leroy

Wright, Volney Davis ...



UNITED STATES PENI-TENTIARY AT ALCATRAZ ISLAND FOR MIS PARTI-CIPATION IN THE GREMER

EONA MURRAY, VOLNEY DAVIS' PARAMOUR, WO ESCAPED FROM THE MISSOURI STATE PENITEN-TIARY THREE TIMES BEFORE JOINING DAVIS AND THE BARKER-KARPIS GANG ON RER CAPTURE BY THE FBI EDNA MURRAY WAS RETURNED TO THE MISSOURI STATE PENITERT TO COMPLETE THE PENAINDER OF MER THE REMAINDER OF HER TWENTY-FIVE YEAR SEN-TENCE FORHIGHWAY ROB-BERY PLUS AN ADDITION-AL TWO YEARS FOR ES-CAPING IN 1992.



Frequently, the neighbors were forced to complain about "Ma's" boys as they progressed scholastically from boisterous rowdies to belligerent window breakers to sly petty thieves. However, when "Ma" was approached, she would wax indignant at the accusers and shout, "My

boys can do no wrong. It's a lie."
Patiently, indomnitably, "Ma" molded her sons into shrewd, cunning criminals. When they were first arrested for petty infractions of the law, she would descend on the police departmentthe epitome of outraged motherhood. Tears, expostulations, and other sordid tactics would usually secure their release. If these failed, however, she would post their bond in order to protect their unsullied innocence and triumphantly cart them home where they would receive a bitter tongue lashing for being so stupid as to get caught.

If George Barker attempted to reprove and caution his sons for their misdoings, "Ma" would fly into a temper and berate him for interfering in her affairs.

Meanwhile, "Mother" Barker's reputation was

spreading in the derworld. Her home became a haven for her sons' gangster friends who affectionately called her "Ma." All were received with open arms; all sought her shrewd and sage advice. As her circle of acquaintances widened and developed, "Ma's" guest book began to list some of the most deadly outlaws of the day--Pretty Boy Floyd, Babyface Nelson, Frank Nash, Verne Miller... The hand that rocked the Barker boys' cradle was rapidly becoming the hand destined to be a ruling power in the southwest underworld.

PRELUDE TO UNDERWORLD POWER FOR "MA" BARKER AND THE BOYS

The nineteen twenties found the Barker boys gravely pursuing their felonious careers with ambitious "Ma" in the background, constantly cautioning, counselling and collecting the spoils. Larceny, bank robbery, murder, they ran through the gamut of crime in rapid succession, daily acquiring new prestige in the eyes of the underworld. Harassed police were kept busy recording their latest depredations while local newspapers in the southwest were blasting for their apprehension.

As they fraternized freely with members of their profession, their underworld connections strengthened. They were introduced to shady citizens, willing to provide temporary haven while the heat was on for a slight compensation; to political bosses who winked an eye as they set in motion movements to secure quick acquittals and pardons. It was smooth sailing for "Ma" and her deadly brood; they had learned

their childhood lessons well.

The law, however, was trailing close behind the Barkers, ready to close in at the first opportunity, and by the end of the twenties, it had succeeded in temporarily halting their crime crusade.

Herman Barker was dead. Rather than submit to an arrest on a charge of murdering a Kansas police officer, he had put a suicidal bullet through his own head. Curly-haired Arthur, more commonly known as "Doc," was imprisoned for life in the Oklahoma State Prison, charged with the murder of a night watchman during a robbery. Light-fingered Lloyd was "at home" for the next twenty-five years in the United States Penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kansas, convicted of robbing the U. S. Mails. "Ma's" favorite, weaseleyed Freddie, was quartered in the Kansas State Penitentiary on a five to ten-year sentence for burglary and larceny.

Although "Ma," comfortably plump and forty-

ish now, was distressed that her boys were temporarily being detained in jail, she continued to handle affairs on the outside and to formulate new plans for even greater glory when her boys came home. Discarding her husband, George, she showered her affections on a younger, more exciting lover, Arthur Dunlop -- a man who could handle a gun capably on short notice, who said

little and thought less.

To the remaining Barker boys this period of incarceration was regarded as just a lull between storms -- an opportunity to take refresh-

SEBRUARY 1945

AL ANGELOS A LOCALA EN PORTUGA ESTADA ESTADA

er courses in their selected pofession; to renew old acquaintances; make new friends; meet worthwhile contacts.

Fred Barker became acquainted with slender, pleasant-featured Alvin Karpis, ten years his junior. The twenty-five-year-old Karpis, however, already had a substantial criminal record behind him. He had escaped from the State Industrial Reformatory at Hutchinson, Kansas, in 1929, where he had been sentenced to serve ten years for burglary; was arrested again in 1930 on a charge of auto larceny and safe blowing and placed in the Kansas State Penitentiary in the same year.

Although Freddie cleverly negotiated a release from prison shortly after meeting Karpis, he kept in close contact with "Alvin" and arranged for their meeting when Karpis' time would be up. It was not long before Karpis did walk out of the pen a free man and set out to meet Fred Barker in Tulsa. There he boastfully confided to Fred, "I got out of there easily. They put me to work in the coal mines. In there you know you're allowed good time for all the coal you mine over a certain amount. Well a lot of my pals were in on life stretches. They didn't mind making a few dollars. I agreed to pay them retail price on all the extra coal they'd mine for me. I turned all this in on my account and got good time for it. Later I paid every convict who'd helped me."

June, 1931, found both Fred and Karpis in the hands of the law again--charged with the theft of some jewelry in the Barkers' home town, Tulsa. After both escaped serving sentences by making restitution for the theft, they proceeded on to Thayer, Missouri, where "Ma" and Dunlop were living in his cottage.

There were warm greetings and happy tears when "Ma" beheld her favorite son again. She gave instant approval to his excellent choice of companion. With flushed cheeks and sparking eyes, she proudly brought forward her latest acquisition, Dunlop. Freddie, eyes narrowed, scrutinized the bland features carefully, listened intently to "Ma's" eulogy on his accomplishments and nodded his head. "It's okay, Ma. He can stay." Arthur Dunlop automatically rose in prestige and became one of the family while Alvin Karpis moved in as another of "Ma's" foster sons.

For several months life in the Barker household proceeded smoothly enough. The personalities of Freddie and Karpis blended well together and they succeeded in carrying through several profitiable undertakings.

MURDER IN MISSOURI

A robbery in West Plains, Missouri, on December 18, 1931, however, was to send them scurrying again for cover. Fred Barker and Alvin Karpis had held up a store, using a 1931 De Sota car for their getaway. On the following day, the West Plains Sheriff, recognizing the car which was parked in a garage, approached the occupants for questioning. As he walked innocently toward them, Fred and Karpis opened fire. The man fell mortally wounded. Later when the police received a tip-off and raided the cottage

at Thayer, they for only evidence of the hurried departure of its suspicious occupants.

But the killers were known. They were positively identified as Fred Barker and Alvin Karpis.

The underworld opened its arms and greeted the fugitive band warmly when they fied. First stop was the home of Hebert Farmer in Joplin, Missouri. Farmer, a close friend of the Barker family for years and an accomplished veteran of crime who had given Fred many valuable underworld tips during his boyhood, received them royally and offered his advice. "Your best bet is St. Paul."

Wires hummed between Joplin and St. Paul as Farmer prepared the way. "Hello, Harry? Yeah. Can you rent a house right away? Friends of mine. They're okay. Right..." And so the nucleus of the Barker-Karpisgang --"Ma", Dunlop, Fred and Alvin Karpis, descended on St. Paul, made the acquaintance of the kingpin and fixer for the St. Paul underworld, Harry Sawyer. and with the assurance of his powerful protection, took up residence in an unpretentious little house in West St. Paul.

However, nerves tightened and tempers flared in a short while, for the fugitives were being sought by various state law enforcement authorities and consequently were compelled to remain in hiding during the day. At night they would emerge cautiously, carrying a violin case which concealed a sawed-off machine gun.

On April 25, 1932, the landlady's son noticed the photographs of Fred Barker and Alvin Karpis in a detective magazine, indicating they were wanted for the murder of the West Plains Sheriff. He notified the police immediately. However, Harry Sawyer's powerful underground had contacts in the police department, and before official police action could be taken, a henchman of Sawyer's was relaying the news to the Barker household. "Somebody's tipped off the police. Harry says you'd better scram fast!"

The flight was on again. But this time only "Ma," Fred Barker and Alvin Karpis travelled together. Dumlop had been dispensed with. His body, stripped of clothing and riddled with bullets fired at close range, was discovered the next morning on the shores of Lake Freasted, near Webster, Wisconsin. A blood-scaked woman's glove lay close by. "Ma" and the boys had held court and decided that Dumlop must have been the "squealer."

FORMATION OF THE BARKER-KARPIS GANG

Kansas City, Missouri, was the next "hole" for the fugitives to take cover in, lick their wounds, and rally their forces. "Ma," pompous in costly silks and trailing furs, majestically descended on an exclusive residential district, the Country Club Plaza, leased an apartment for her sons, who were in the insurance business, and herself, and proceeded to take up house-keeping.

Recruits, battle-scarred veterans of the underworld, quickly joined ranks with "Ma" and the boys. There was Francis Reating and Thomas Holden, "hot" convicts, recently escaped from the Federal Penitentiary at Leavenworth and

INVESTIGATOR

FEBRUARY 1945

wanted by the FBI; Harv Bailey, nationally known bank robber; Larry de Vol, an old pal of Karpis; and Bernard Phillips, retired policeman turned robber.

After days of planning, organizing, and preparation, the re-inforced gang descended en masse on a bank in Fort Scott, Kansas, June 17, 1932. While Fred, Karpis, and the boys were looting the bank, "Ma" was at home hysterically weeping, fearful that her Freddie might get injured. When they triumphantly returned that evening laden with the spoils, "Ma" brightened up immediately and proceeded to split the wealth among her dear, dear boys.

On the same evening, Freddie met by pre-arrangement Jess Doyle, a former classmate from the Kansas State Pen, who had just been released that day. After joyfully greeting his convict pal, Freddie pulled a thick wad of bills out of his pocket and pressed them into Doyle's hand. "Just a little somethin' to help you get some new clothes and stuff. Come on home with me. Ma's throwin' a party tonight to celebrate

a job we pulled today."

"Ma" welcomed Jess Doyle warmly and another hardened recruit was added to the swiftly growing band.

On July 5, 1932, "Mrs. A. F. Hunter and sons" changed residence just as a safety measure and moved into another apartment in Kansas City. For a few days Fred and Karpis enjoyed the homelike atmosphere which "Ma" craftily en-

deavored to make to fool the neighbors.

But this domestic tranquillity was abruptly disturbed on July 7, 1932. FBI Agents on the trail of fugitives Keating and Holden, had picked up both of them with Harvey Bailey, playing golf on the Old Mission Golf Course at 5:00 in the afternoon. Bernard Phillips, the fourth member of the party, had witnessed the apprehension. Unseen by the Agents, he rushed home to break the news. There was a stummed silence and then Karpis rapped out curt orders. "We've got to move fast. Fred, get the car ready. Ma, start packing..." By 5:30, the apartment was deserted and the Barker-Karpis gang had disappeared into the night.

The gang could afford several hide-outs now. They chose their old stamping grounds, St. Paul, and a summer cottage on White Bear Lake, Minnesota. Flushed with ready money and confident of their power, they relaxed vigilance and indulged in riotous nightlife -- drinking, gambling, making love. Their hangouts were a saloon rum by their profiteering pal, Harry Sawyer, and a night club operated by John Peifer.

All except "Ma." Cagey, cautious, and over-whelmingly jealous of her boys' "women", she ranted by the hour at their foolishness and tried to break up the friendships. "Drinking is the tool of the devil. Loose tongues 'll put you behind bars. Those women will be your downfall." But Fred and the boys were not to be deterred. "Ma's" ranting was to no avail. A few expensive gifts, however, for "Ma" as compensation for the boys' mischievousness finally restored domestic bliss.

Although the gang could do nothing to aid their former colleagues, Keating and Holden who



HARRY SAWYER, GREAT UNDERWORLD POWER IN ST. PAUL WHO WAS CONVICTED FOR PARTICIPATING IN THE BREMER KIDNAPING WITH THE BARKER-KARPIS GANG, AND RECEIVED A SENTENCE OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT.

were returned to Leavenworth by the FBI, they did engage a criminal lawyer, J. Earl Smith, to defend Harvey Bailey at his trial for the Fort Scott bank robbery in which they had all participated. The combination, however, of Bailey's reputation as a bank robber and the fact that FBI Agents found a liberty bond from the Ft. Scott bank on his person at the time of apprehension, convinced the jury of his guilt and Harvey Bailey was convicted. The morning after the verdict was reached, August 13, 1932, Bailey's attorney received a mysterious telephone call from Fred Barker to meet him in Tulsa. His bullet-riddled body was discovered the following day on a golf course in Tulsa. indignant that the lawyer had failed to secure freedom for one of her boys, had ordered him to be "put on the spot." The boys had complied with "Ma's" request willingly.

Additional recruits in the form of Earl Christman, a confidence man and fugitive from the Indiana State Penitentiary, and Helen Ferguson, his moll, augmented the gang at this time. Frank Nash, notorious bank robber and fugitive from Leavenworth, also became a temporary associate.

The gang struck again on July 26, 1932, staging a daring daylight robbery of the Cloud County Bank at Concordia, Kansas. It was a profitable undertaking; the spoils amounted to \$240,000.00 in bonds and plenty of cold cash.

"DOC" BARKER COMES HOME

After the gang had returned to the hideout at White Bear Lake and the money had been split, "Ma" Barker had another thought. Why not attempt to get Arthur out of the Oklahoma State Penitentiary and Lloyd out of Leavenworth? Three sons could make more money than one. She spoke to Freddie. The diminutive five-foot-four outlaw agreed. It was a good idea.

The word went out. Cold cash exchanged hands. Jack Glynn, a former Chief of Police and go-between for convicts and their friends, set to work. Consequently, on September 10, 1932, Arthur "Doc" Barker was released from the Penitentiary. Efforts to secure Lloyd's release, however, failed. Leavenworth could not be tampered with.

The Barker-Karpis gang had a happy reunion n "Noc" toined them in St. Paul. "Ma" was when "Doc" joined them in St. Paul. beside herself with joy. She now had two sons to take care of -- and two sons to "provide" for her. She enthusiastically plunged into bigger and better plans for the future -- jobs which would net thousands of dollars; maybe, in time, millions.

Meanwhile, "Doc" expressed a desire to see his boyhood companion and fellow murderer, convicted with him for the slaying of the night watchman years previously, Volney Davis, who was still incarcerated in the Oklahoma State Penitentiary.

Money and underworld power pulled strings again and on November 3, 1932, Volney Davis set out from prison on a two-years' leave of ab-

sence and joined the gang in St. Paul.
Although the citizens of the twin cities and vicinities had up to this time been fairly secure from the depredations of the gang, their safety was short-lived. On December 16, 1932, the Third Northwestern Bank of Minneapolis was robbed. Two police officers and a civilian bystander were killed by a stream of machine gun bullets when they got in the way of the fleeing bandits. The money was divided among Karpis, Fred, "Doc", Larry De Vol, William Weaver, Verne Miller and Jess Doyle.

WILLIAM WEAVER, MEM-BER OF THE BARKER-KARPIS GANG, WHO RE-CELYED A SENTENCE OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT FOR



WILLIAM WEAVER'S PAR-AMOUR, MYRTLE EATON, WHO WAS APPREHENDED WITH WEAVER BY SPEC-IAL AGENTS IN ALLEN-DALE, FLORIDA, WHERE THEY WERE RUNNING A CHICKEN FARM.

Five days later arry De Vol was arrested in his apartment. Sixteen to seventeen thousand dollars of the loot from the Third North-

western Bank was in his possession.

The gang let him take the "rap" for the robbery and the murders while they hastily departed for Reno, Nevada, where "Ma" Barker, Volney Davis, Earl Christman and Helen Ferguson were waiting. De Vol pleaded guilty to a charge of murder and was sentenced to life imprisonment in the Minnesota State Penitentiary.

PRAIRIE BURIAL AT MIDNIGHT

When the heat cooled off a bit, the desperados headed back to St. Paul where they were joined by a friend of Harry Sawyer's, Eddie Green, an accomplished bank robber. News of a possible police raid on their apartment, sent them scurrying to Chicago, Illinois. Here Louis "Doc" Stacci, underworld power in Chicago, offered temporary haven while they laid plans for their next job, the robbery of a bank at Fairbury, Nebraska.

On April 4, 1933, the gang struck at Fairbury. The robbery was carried off successfully but Earl Christman was severely injured in the getaway attempt. Fred, "Doc," and Karpis rushed the dying man to the home of Verne Miller, their old consort and professional killer. An underworld physician was summoned but Christman failed to respond to the treatment and

died.

Under cover of darkness that night, the gang conducted its own burial service, far enough away from the vicinity so that the police could never find the corpse. When the gangster's mother heard of his death and made frantic pleas to learn the location of her son's grave, the gang gravely considered the request. It was steely-eyed Karpis who vetoed it saying, "If she goes and digs up that stiff the cops may hear about it. They may find a clue that would start them after us.' Barker-Karpis gang sent its regrets to Earl Christman's mother.



MRS. C. P. HARMON, PARAMOUR OF FRED BARKER, WHO WAS COMMITTED TO A STATE HOSPITAL FOR MENTAL DISORDERS AFTER SHE BROKE OFF HER ASSOCIATION WITH THE GANG.

Shortly, after the P bury incident, attractive Paula Harmon, widow of a notorious bank robber, Charles Harmon, joined Fred Barker as his moll and the couple took up residence in St. Paul under the name of Mr. and Mrs. J. Stanley Smith. "Ma" and the other members of the gang established themselves in cottages at Bald Eagle Lake, Minnesota.

It was here that "Ma" broke the news to her brood. From now on bank robbery was beneath their dignity. They were going to go after bigger game. Their new "modus operandi" --

kidnaping.

THE HAMM KIDNAPING

As their "coup de main" the gang decided to "snatch" William A. Hamm, Jr., wealthy St. Paul beer brewer. Accordingly, on June 15, 1933, the luckless victim was seized and transported to Bensenville, Illinois. Ransom negotiations proceeded swiftly and efficiently in the capable hands of shady citizens of the underworld, acting as intermediaries between the frantic family and the kichapers. Four days later, June 19, 1933, Hamm, alive and unharmed, was released and the coffers of the Barker-Karpis gang overflowed with crisp, green currency-\$100,000 worth. "Ma" Barker's new business venture had turned out to be quite profitable.

Settling temporarily in Chicago while the "heat was on" in St. Paul, the gang carefully and methodically made plans for the future. New recruits, including Fred Goetz, one-time college football player and former associate of the Al Capone syndicate; Bryan Bolton, tubercular stooge of Fred Goetz; and Harry Campbell, former childhood pal of the Barkers and associate of Glen Leroy Wright, notorious Oklahoma cutlaw, joined the ranks and offered their services and

experiences.



BRYAN SOLTON, MEMBER OF THE BARKER-KARPIS GANG, WHO WAS APPRE-HENDED BY SPECIAL A-GENTS IN CHICAGO OR JANUARY 8, 1935. FRED GOETZ, FORMER COLLEGIATE FOOTBALL PLAYER AND MEMBER OF THE BARKER-KARPISGANG WHO WAS MIS ASSOCIATES. IRENE DORSEY, MIS PARAMOUR, WAS LOCATED IN AN INSANE ASYLUM.





NARRY CAMPBELL, MEM-BER: OF THE BARKER-KARPIS GANG AND MUR-OERER, WHO RECEIVED A SENTENCE OF LIFE IM-PRISONMENT FOR HIS PARTICIPATION: IN THE BREMER KIDNAPING CASE.

Drunk with their continued successes, the gang embarked on a rampage of crime in the Middlewest. A payroll robbery of the Stockyards National Bank at South St. Paul on August 30, 1933, netted the outlaws \$30,000.00. In the getaway attempt their bullets riddled two police officers — killing one and permanently maining the other. Less than a month later — a Chicago policeman was machine-gumned to death, another innocent victim of the gang.

THE BREMER KIDNAPING.

The latter part of December, 1933, found the gang firmly ensconced once more in their most profitable "theater of operations" — the Twin Cities, and energetically laying plans for their next "snatch." This time the victim was to be Edward George Bremer, 36-year-old scion from one of the wealthiest and most prominent families in St. Paul and president of the Commercial State Bank.

On January 17, 1934, the gang successfully kidnaped the youthful magnate as he was driving to the Bank after leaving his nine-year-old daughter off at school. As Bremer paused for a stop sign, masked men brandishing pistols pulled open the front doors of his Lincoln sedan. Forcing him to move out from under the wheel, they clubbed him with a blunt instrument, then pushed the body to the floor of the car with his head under the instrument board. Taped goggles were placed over his eyes.

While Karpis, "Doc", Harry Campbell and William Weaver were transporting the victim to their hideout at Bensonville, Illinois, other members of the gang were beginning ransom nego-

tiations.

Walter Magee, close friend of the Bremer family, was contacted and issued instructions on the amount of ransom desired and the payment thereof. For three long weeks Bremer was imprisoned in the Illinois farm house while the gang carried on negotiations with his anxious family.

But this time, hovering silently, watchfully, in the background, was the Nemesis of the

underworld, the FBI.

Aware through the underworld grapevine of the G-Men's silent interest in the case, the gang nervously stalled for time in their nego-

checked and retiations while they hast checked their plans for payment of the ransom. There must be no "slip-up"; no evidence carelessly left behind to feed the insatiable curiosity of the FBI. There were already too many casualties in the front lines of the underworld - all credited to the persevering G-Men. Daily, familiar faces were plastered on the front pages of the press and bold black type announced their death or capture by Hoover's Agents. 'The Barker-Karpis gang determined that this would not happen to them. Bremer was kept blindfolded the greater part of his imprisonment; "Doc" Barker used a Mexican accent when talking to the victim to conceal his southern drawl; elaborate, fool-proof preparations for the pay-off were drawn up.

On the evening of February 6, 1934, Walter Magee in compliance with the kidnapers' instructions found a 1933 Chevrolet coupe bearing Shell Oil Company signs on each door at a designated street corner in St. Paul. In the left front pocket of the coupe, he found the keys to the

car and a note.

"Go to Farmington, Minnesota. The Rochester bus will arrive there at 9:15 P.M. and leave at 9:25 P.M. Follow one hundred yards in back of this bus, when it leaves Farmington until you come to four red lights on the left of the road; turn on the first road to the left and proceed at fifteen miles per hour until you see five flashes of lights; then stop and deposit packages of money on right hand side of road. Leave the note; get in car and go straight ahead."

The intermediary followed directions to the letter and deposited the ransom. \$200,000.00 in five and ten-dollar bills, on the side of the road and drove on. The next evening, the victim, weak from nervous exhaustion, was released on a lonely street in the suburbs of Rochester, Minn.

IN THE FBI SPOTLIGHT

With the news of Bremer's safe release, the FBI set smoothly into action its mighty investigative machine. Under the leadership of J. Edgar Hoover, Special Agents turned grimly to the task of determining the identity of the kidnapers. No lead or clue was too small for consideration. Bremer's story of the kidnaping ride, his imprisonment in what seemed to him to be a farm house, the treatment of his kidnapers, the sound of their voices, distinguishing characteristics of the room in which he was confined, were all duly recorded.

Three days after Bremer's release, February 10, 1934, Special Agents uncovered the first hint of the identity of the kidnapers. A gasoline can, used by the gang to refill their tank when returning the victim to Minnesota, was found near Portage, Wisconsin. Positively identified by Bremer, the evidence was rushed to the FBI Laboratory in Washington. Agents waited breathlessly for the Laboratory's report.

When it came, they swing into action. There had been two latent prints on the can. Finger-prints positively identified by technicians as being those of Arthur "Doc" Barker. Teletypes flooded the country to all SAC's....Pick up

the Barker-Karpi Gra...Wanted for kidnaping of Edward George Bremer...Description as follows...
Urgent...

The FBI for the first time had federal jurisdiction to seek the apprehension of the notorious gang. The period of watchful waiting was over.

THE BEGINNING OF THE END

With the breath of the G-Men hot on their backs, the Barker-Karpis gang momentarily lost their arrogance and fled to Chicago. Splitting up into smaller groups, they barricaded themselves in apartments furnished by their underworld contacts...On March 10, 1934, one of



DR. JOSEPH P. MORAN, UNDERWORLD PHYSICIAN, WHO OPERATED ON THE FINGERS AND FACES OF KARPIS, FRED AND "DOC" BARKER, VOLNEY DAVIS AND HARRY CAMPBELL, WAS MURDERED BY THE GANG. ACCORDING TO UNDERWORLD RUMOR HIS BODY WAS PLACED IN A BARREL OF WET CEMENT AND THROWN IN LAKE ERIE.

Chicago's underworld "medicos," Dr. Moran, operated on the fingers and faces of Fred Barker and Alvin Karpis in an unsuccessful attempt to alter their fingerprints and facial characteristics...On March 20, 1934, Comrade Fred Goetz lost favor with the gang and was murdered. In an effort to prevent identification several shotgan blasts were fired in his face. Agents, however, identified the murdered gangster by his fingerprints... The FBI concentrated on a search for Goetz's paramour, Irene Dorsey. She was found in a mental ward of a hospital. Her mind had broken down under the strain of her association with the mob... William Harrison, powerful contact for the gang and court "jester", in an unguarded moment talked too much with acquaintances of the gang. Lured by his companions to an abandoned barn in the vicinity of Ontarioville, Illinois, he was shot to death, his body soaked in gasoline and the barn set on fire...

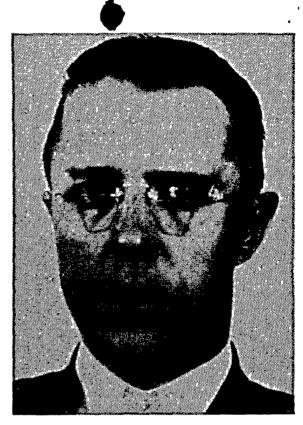
On April 22, 1934, John ballinger and his mobsters fleeing from capture by FBI Agents sought temporary refuge with the gang and were warmly welcomed... After performing similar unsuccessful facial and finger operations on "Doc" Earker, Volney Davis and Harry Campbell, Dr. Moran was knocked unconscious by the gang. According to underworld rumor his body was placed in a barrel of wet cement and thrown in lake Erie.

Meanwhile, the FBI was diligently following down every clue, constructing an air-tight web of evidence which would permanently ensnare the vicious gangsters on their apprehension.

Other Agents under the personal direction of J. Edgar Hoover were ferreting out the mobsters and their contacts one by one. "Boss" McLaughlin, a political "ward heeler" and ex-Illinois State Legislator, was picked up, charged with exchanging the ransom money for the gang. An escaped inmate of the Illinois State Penitentiary and one of the few surviving members of the notorious "Bugs" Moran mob, Oliver A. Berg, was apprehended at the home of his sister in Chicago, charged with furnishing the ransom money to McLaughlin.

The net was growing tighter. "Ma" Barker and Fred fled to Florida; Alvin Karpis and his woman, Dolores Delaney, to Cuba. "Doc" Barker, his moll, Mildred Kuhlman, Russell Gibson and Bryan Bolton remained in Chicago.

On the night of January 8, 1935, "Doc" Barker's Chicago apartment was surrounded by Special Agents. At 6:30 P.M., "Doc" and Mildred Kuhlman stepped out into the street. They were surrounded. "Doc" surrendered without resistance. On the same evening the apartment occu-



NOTICE THE DIFFERENCE IN KARPIS' FEATURES. THIS PICTURE SHOWS THE RESULTS OF THE FACIAL OPERATION WHICH ALVIN KARPIS HAD PERFORMED IN AN ATTEMPT TO DISGUISE HIS APPEARANCE



THIS PHOTOGRAPH SHOWS THE FINGERTIPS OF ALVIN KARPIS AFTER DR. MORAN HAD OPERATED ON THEM IN AN UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPT TO OBLITERATE HIS FINGERPRINTS. KARPIS WAS SENTENCED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT IN THE UNITED STATES PENITENTIARY AT ALCATRAZ.

TO THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER



LEFT.....WILLIAM J. HARRISON, MEMBER OF THE BARKER-KARPIS GANG, WHO WAS MURDERED BY THE GANG BECAUSE HE TALKED TOO MUCH.

CENTER...RUSSELL GIBSON, MEMBER OF THE BARKER-KARPIS GANG WHO WAS KILLED BY SPECIAL AGENTS WHILE RE-SISTING ARREST IN CHICAGO ON JANUARY 8, 1935.

RIGHT...OLIVER BERG, WHO RECEIVED A SENTENCE OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT FOR HIS PARTICIPATION IN THE BREMER KIDNAPING CASE.

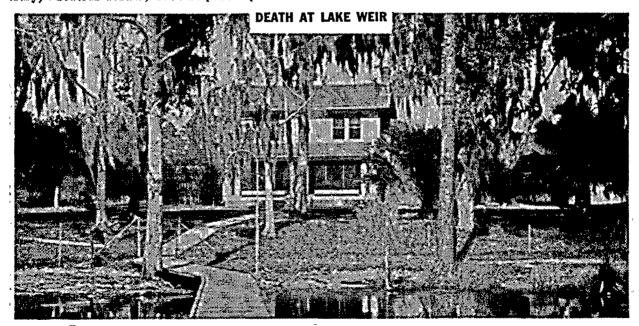
pied by Russell Gibson, his wife, Bryan Bolton and the ex-wife of William Harrison, was raided.

Ignoring the pleas of his wife to surrender, Russell Gibson chose to fight it out. His one shot at a Special Agent missed its mark but the Agent's returning fire punctured his bulletproof vest and mortally wounded him. He died a few hours later in a Chicago hospital with a curse on his lips for all law enforcement officers.

Arthur "Doc" Barker was given a sentence of life imprisonment in the United States Penitentiary, Alcatraz Island, for his participation in the Bremer kidnaping, and was killed on January 13, 1939, in an attempt to escape from Alcatraz.

Special Agents on searching "Doc" Barker's apartment found an invaluable clue -- a map, on which a circle had been drawn around the town of Ocala, Florida, near Lake Weir. This confirmed confidential reports received that "Ma" and Fred Barker were hiding out in Florida near a lake.

The men of the FBI readied preparations to descend on Lake Weir.



THE COTTAGE AT LAKE WEIR IN WHICH "MA" AND FRED BARKER WERE KILLED WHILE RESISTING ARREST.

SEBRUARY 1945

It was 5:30 A.M., Jan. y 16, 1935. A caravan of black sedans drove slowly along Highway 41 turning off on a dirt road. Lake Weir, shrouded in early morning mist, lay straight ahead. A corps of grave-faced men, bearing high-powered rifles, machine guns, tear gas bombs, poured out of the parked cars and proceeded along the road to the Lake on foot. Their destination was a little white cottage, standing aristocratically apart from its neighbors on a mossy slope.

Its occupants slumbered soundly on as the men approached it and melted into the surround-

ing shrubbery.

A signal was given. A voice spoke resonantly.... "Kate Barker, Fred Barker. This is the FBI. You are surrounded. Come out one at a time with your hands up...."

There was a sudden tense silence. FBI Agents cocked their guns in readiness. Minutes passed. Movements were heard inside the cottage.

The command was repeated again.

"Ma" and Fred Barker maintained a stony silence.

An Agent shouted. "Unless you come out, we'll use tear gas."

This time there was an answer.

"Ma's" voice bellowed triumphantly as she

sent a stream dead pouring out through an upstairs window. "All right, go ahead."

The battle began as the first rays of the morning sum spread familike across the leaden sky. Tear gas bombs were hurled into the bullet smashed windows. The Barkers answered with bursts of machine gun fire -- from the second floor and from the first floor near the entrance to the cottage.

Agents partially concealed behind nearby trees systematically poured lead into every por-

tion of the frame shelter.

"Ma" Barker retaliated savagely, spraying

the foliage with deadly accuracy.

The exchange of gunfire raged for several hours. Then, suddenly, silence within the cottage.

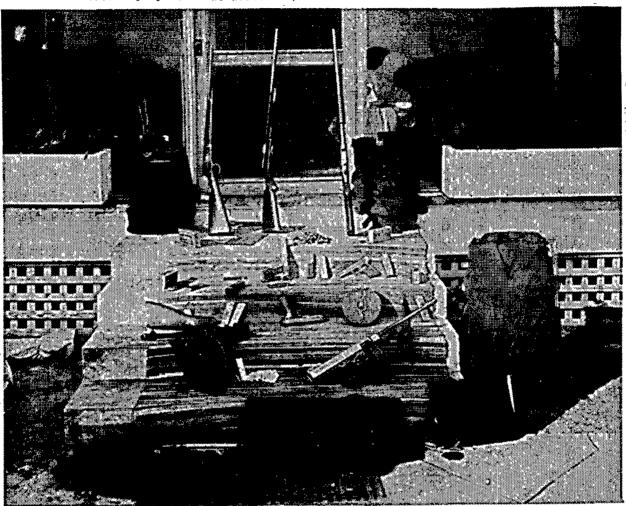
Cautiously, Agents kicked opened the flimsy door. A winding trail of blood led them upstairs to a bullet-shattered bedroom. There they found two figures slumped on the wooden floor -- Fred Barker, lying in the middle of the room, face down, with a .45 automatic under him and a machine gun with a 50 shot drum under his left hand -- close by, "Ma" Barker, lying on her back, with a machine gun and hundred shot drum beside her lifeless body. The barrel was stillsmoking.



THE BEDROOM IN WHICH "MA" AND FRED BARKER WERE FOUND DEAD.

True to the traditions gangsterism, they had died defying their sworn enemy -- the law.

Gangdom, however, deserted "Ma" and Fred Barker in death. For eight months their bodies remained unburied. On October 1, 1935, they were placed to real in an unknown countryside graveyard, choked with undergrowth and weeds, known as the Williams Cemetery, Oklahoma. Their graves were dug next to the remains of "Ma's" oldest son, Herman Barker.



SPECIAL AGENTS RETRIEVED A SMALL ARSENAL ON SEARCHING THE COTTAGE.

"CREEPY" KARPIS IN FLIGHT

Alvin Karpis, called "Old Creepy" by his paramour because of his cold stare and precision in carrying out his crimes, found it increasingly more and more difficult after the deaths of "Ma" and Fred Barker to rally his fast depleting forces.

One by one, the FBI was plucking them out of their hiding places. On May 3, 1935, Harry Sawyer was apprehended in Mississippi; on June 1, 1935, Volney Davis was seized in Chicago; on September 1, William Weaver was picked up in Chicago.

Karpis clung desperately to his toppling throne with Harry Campbell, his sole "subject" as the underworld regretfully closed its doors on him. In the eyes of its cautious citizens Alvin Karpis was "too hot."

He fled from Cuba, to New Jersey, to Ohio, Okiahoma... But always the men of the FBI were close on his trail.

Cornered the enraged fugitive planned futilely to wage a one-man war against the FBI. He wrote a letter to J. Edgar Hoover, advising that he was coming to FBI Headquarters with a "machine gun." Typical of the number one gangster of the day, he seriously considered killing the top FBI officials in the Los Angeles, New York and Chicago Field Offices; thus, as he thought, striking a crippling blow to the forces of his enemy. But each time the killer's cold logical mind came to his rescue and calmed his passionate outbursts.

Alvin Karpis did find temporary refuge, however. This time in gangdom's Utopia -- Hot Springs, Arkansas. He made friends with the "law" -- "greasing the greedy palms" of its Chief of Police, Joseph Wakelin, his obsequious understudy, Herbert Akers, Chief of Detectives, and their satellite, Cecil Brock, Lieutenant in Charge of the Identification Division.

. SEBRUARY 194

While an FBI wanted notice for Karpis yellowed with age on the Hot Springs city jail. door and press releases dealing with the progress of the FBI's manhunt for the killer flooded the city's newspapers, "Creepy" Karpis and his new recruit, 37-year-old ex-convict Fred Hunter, were enjoying the facilities of the open city -- its baths, night clubs, houses of ill-repute.

The fugitives made the acquaintance of two of the "ladies of the evening" -- and adopted them for their constant companions -- Grace Goldstein for Karpis and 21-year-old Connie Morris for Hunter.

The gay foursome spent money lavishly in a mad round of excitement. And what was even more pleasing to Karpis, Wakelin and Akers officially cleared the way for their uninter-

rupted revelry.

It was a perfect "set up." So ideal that Karpis began to send out appeals through the underworld grapevine for new recruits. Harry Campbell came out of hiding and answered the call enthusiastically. A prison pal of former members of the Barker-Karpis gang, John Brock, proceeded to negotiate for admittance. Sam Coker, former boyhood friend of the Barkers, was contacted on his release from the Oklahoma State Penitentiary and persuaded to become one of the chosen few.

Re-inforced and revengeful, Alvin Karpis plunged recklessly back into his criminal activities. On November 7, 1935, an Erie Train at Garretsville, Ohio, en route from Detroit to Pittsburgh, was held up by bandits armed with machine guns and shotguns. Thirty-four thousand dollars in currency and several thousand dollars in securities composed the haul.

Discarding the old-fashioned method of making a getaway in a fast, high-powered car, the bandits piled into an airplane piloted by a friend and flew back to their retreat, gracious Hot

Springs.

After the spoils had been split and Campbell accompanied by Coker returned to Toledo, Ohio, Karpis and Fred Hunter resumed their pleasurable activities in Hot Springs. But this time there was a slight tinge of frost in the heretofore balmy air.

The "law" was beginning to feel the growing tension of the city's citizens as they recognized Alvin Karpis in their midst. Rumors began to trickle out of Hot Springs. The tried to smother them, to laugh them off. But they persisted, grew stronger. Five thousand dollars reward for information leading to the apprehension of Alvin Karpis could not be dismissed so easily -- a handsome reward for just putting the finger on Karpis. It would 'look good," too, helping the FBI track down such a dangerous fugitive...

But Alvin Karpis's ears were pressed to the ground, too. Two days before the Hot Springs Chief of Police reported to the FBI that a man, resembling Karpis was seen in his territory the wily fugitive fled. With him were Fred Hunter, Connie Morris and Grace Goldstein.

Their destination was New Orleans.

On receiving the report from Wakelin, Special Agents combed the Hot Springs area thoroughly, uncovering with uncanny precision the corrupt practices of the existing police force. The scandal grew in proportion as the FBI tenaciously probed deeper. Aroused citizens confided that they had seen the Chief of Police and his companions in the company of Alvin Karpis. An old FBI wanted notice was found prominently displayed on the jail door.

As a result of the FBI's investigation, which blew the lid off their scheming racket, the Hot Springs police force temporarily resigned to await federal trial on a charge of violating the Federal Harboring Statute.

Several months later, Joseph Wakelin, Herbert Akers and Cecil Brock faced a federal. judge and received their sentences. Two years' imprisonment in a federal penitentiary for each of them.

Meanwhile, exhaustive investigation by the indefatigable men of the FBI ferreted out the fugitive's new hiding place.

Under the leadership of Director Hoover, a small band of Special Agents closed in on the desperate fugitive.

THE LAST STAND

The date was May 1, 1936. New Orleans, city of fable and frivolity, was stirring lazily after its afternoon siesta. The shadows of the sun fell on the ancient sun dial, marking the time as 5:30 P.M.

The exclusive apartment building at 3343 Canal Street stood quietly in repose, flanked on all sides by squares of white pavement and luxurious shrubbery. A parked Plymouth coupe sat idly before its dignified facade.



THE APARTMENT BUILDING AT 3343 CANAL STREET, NEW ORLEANS, LA., LAST HIDE OUT OF ALVIN KARPIS' AND FRED HUNTER.

Suddenly, the scrolled on door of the building was pushed open. Iwo men stepped out.

Agents concealed in the surrounding shrubbery recognized the men as Alvin Karpis and Fred Hunter.

The late sun's rays flickered hesitatingly over Karpis's inscrutable countenance as he and his companion stepped briskly down the five steps to the sidewalk.

J. Edgar Hoover gave the signal to his men. Silently, they began to slip out from their hiding places. Up and down the quiet street parked cars began to warm their motors imperceptibly and to slide easily down the wide avenue.

The two men reached the coupe. Hunter reached into his pocket for the key.

Guns drawn, the men of the FBI approached. Suddenly, a child's happy cry split the silence. A small boy on a red scooter sped down the walk past the men who were now entering the coupe.

Agents froze in their tracks. The child would be caught in the cross-fire if Karpis began shooting. They waited breathlessly until he had scooted safely by.

By this time the coupe's motor was turning over. The car gathered momentum and began to

pull away from the curb.

Instantly, the cruising cars roared into action, surrounding the fugitive's car on all sides.

The door to the coupe was pulled open.
Alvin Karpis looked up to see the hand of
his hated adversary, Hoover, himself, tap his
arm. He heard him say, "Alvin...G-Men...You're
under arrest."

The fugitive turned ashen white. His cold stare melted under the penetrating glance of the stern-eyed men surrounding him.

Running his tongue over suddenly dry lips, he tremblingly acknowledged his capture.

... The saga of "Creepy" Karpis was through.



SIDEARMS AND RIFLES FOUND IN ALVIN KARPIS'S CAR ON HIS APPREHENSION.

EPILOGUE TO CRIME

With the capture of Harry Campbell and Sam Coker six days later in Toledo, Ohio, the Barker-Karpis gang was completely eradicated.

Twenty-five members of the gang were convicted in connection with the abduction of Edward George Bremer. Sentences varied -- six life imprisonments; one hundred years and one day; four thousand dollar fines; three persons killed while resisting arrest and three murdered by fellow members.

With the passing years a gradual metamorphosis occurred in the mind of Alvin Karpis at Alcatraz. From the lonely solitude of his cell he penned a strange message to someone he loved:

"I suppose by now you realize that all that glitters is not gold....When you are released from prison, stay on the straight and narrow path....You will think that rather strange coming from me, but I should know."

There are over one hundred and fifty volumes composing the mammoth file on the Barker-Karpis gang--volumes which trace the criminals' vain attempt to reap wealth, power and happiness by brute force.

The epilogue to this way of life is always the same--Fool's gold...stay on the straight and narrow...I learned too late....

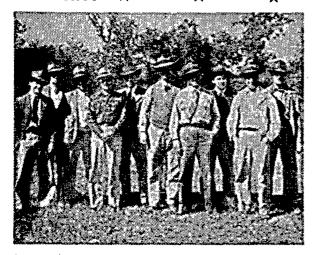
INVESTIGATOR

FEBRUARY 1945



Cincinnati His brow encircled with the olive crown that betokens top man for the recent Firearms Shoot at Fort Thomas, Kentucky, Jim Henderson brushed aside plaudits for his high score of 98 on the .30 Rifle with the modest comment: "Shucks, that's not shootin' in Kentucky where I was brung up. I'm 'fraid to let Pa know that's all the better I done."

Providence



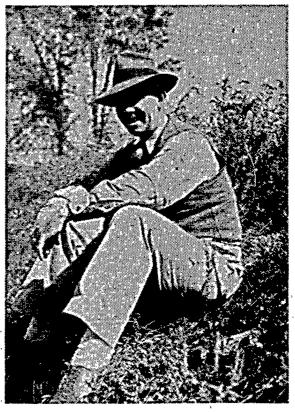
LEFT TO RIGHT: SA'S BLUMENTHAL, VALENTINE, FOLEY, THOMPSON, FRYE. WEAFER, PEATHERLY, ASAC WHELAN, VIVIAN, AND BULMAN AT A RECENT FIREARMS TRAINING PROGRAM.



SA CARLYLE THOMPSON GETS A BULSEYE FROM THE 60-YARD PRONE POSITION ON THE PPC AT THE FBI RANGE AT SCITUAGE, R. I.



SA VON HEATHERLY ON THE PPC.



SA RONALD J. WEAFER POSES FOR THE CAMERAMAN DURING FIREARMS TRAINING.

INVESTIGATOR

THE BARKER-KARPIS GANG









KATE BARKER

ALVIN KARPIS

FRED BARKER

ARTHUR BARKER

In the fabulous twenties, gangdom, like a malignant cancerous growth, insidiously took root in the heart of the nation, spreading so rapidly, that in the early thirties it lay an open festering sore -- daily spawning new and more malevolent criminals who openly scoffed at law and order, punctuating their remarks with bursts of spraying lead.

The press had a name for them — "public enemies" — and they vied bitterly among themselves for this coveted title with its ensuing privileges — quick pardons, paroles, reprieves from unscrupulous politicians; unquestioning obedience from their underlings. They were little emperors ruling their territories with rods of steel — direct progenitors to the dynasties of John Dillinger, Pretty Boy Floyd, Babyface Nelson, Frank Nash, Verne Miller, Adam Richetti and the like.

-Such were the members of the notorious Barker-Karpis gang--"Ma" Barker with her four sons, Herman, Lloyd, Fred and Arthur; Alvin Karpis and their many criminal associates. Operating in the southwestern part of the United States at this time, they were arrogantly ravaging law-abiding society, ruthlessly plumdering its wealth, and leaving a trail of death and destruction in their wake. Devotees of Epiculeanism, they wallowed in a plethora of ill-gotten luxury; their creed—eat, drink and be merry for tomorrow, who knows and who cares.

THE BRAINS OF THE GANG-"MA" BARKER

In order to appreciate the overwhelming power and influence of the Barker-Karpis gang, we must turn back the pages of time to the "gay nineties"—to the days when "mother was a girl" and Arizona Donnie Clark, nicknamed Kate for short,

was in her teens.

Kate, a combination of Scotch, Irish and Indian extraction, enjoyed the social life of her community, the Ozark Mountains in the vicinity of Ashgrove, Misscuri. Impulsive, loquacious, eager for life, she plunged enthusiastically into the numerous local activities. There were picnics, candy pulls, and pie socials in the little red school house. On summer evenings she and her companions could be found perched gaily on a rickety wagon, piled high with sweet-smell-

ing hay, and being drawn along the moon-swept mountain trails by an old Missouri mule. On the Sabbath Day, blonde, blue-eyed Kate attended Sunday School and during the week, church socials and community sings. It was a normal happy girlhood, characteristic of the turn of the century, and it led to what appeared to be a normal happy womanhood. Kate married a childhood companion, George E. Barker, on September 14. 1892.

Early in married life while she was bearing her sons--Herman, Lloyd, Arthur and Freddie--Kate seemed content enough to be a good housewife whose chief fault was a leaning toward choice gossip about the neighbors and occasional fits of fanatical religious frenzy when she would engage in evangelistic activities. As the novelty of marriage faded, however, and Kate Barker found herself faced with the grim realities of life, trying to feed, clothe and provide shelter for four children, she began to long for money-lots of it--enough to purchase extravagant clothing, expensive furniture and all sorts of luxuries which she knew her plodding husband could not provide on his meager salary. They were now barely existing in Tulsa, Oklahoma, to which town they had migrated after Herman, her oldest boy, had been arrested near Webb City, Missouri, in 1910. Although he had been released after being questioned, Kate had gone into a frenzied rage at the indignity to which her "poor, innocent boy" had been subjected. "We'll move out of this town," she had cried, and move they did, that is, all except Herman. Proficient already in the art of highway robbery, Herman had ventured out into the world to seek his fame and fortune.

"MA" BARKER'S SCHOOL FOR CRIME

Kate Barker's desire for wealth and power sharpened as the years rolled by, and her younger sons began to approach manhood. Inspired perhaps by Herman's unlawful but profitable activities, her quick, agile mind, aided by a native intelligence, began to plot aheadfor the future. As she sat mending a three-cornered tear in Arthur's trousers or cutting down George's threadbare suit to fit Fred, her brain worked busily. Even if that George Barker couldn't support her in the style she expected,

(Reprinted from The Investigator, February, 1945)

her sons could. And would. Herman, Arthur, Lloyd, Fred-they'd take care of their "Ma" -they'd provide all the luxuries she craved so hungrily. She'd train them now when they were young and impressionable so that they'd know how later on! ---And so "Ma" Barker's school for crime began.

Under her brilliant tutelage, the young Barker boys flourished in the ways of the underworld. They joined the old Central Park gang in Tulsa, composed of the roughest, toughest hoodlums in the neighborhood. Their consorts were Sam Coker, Harry Campbell, Glenn Leroy Wright, Volney Davis...



ISLAND FOR N KIONAPING.

EDNA MURRAY, YOLNEY
DAYIS' PARAMOUR, WHO
ESCAPED FROM THE MISSOURI STATE PENITENTIARY THREE TIMES BEFORE JOINING DAYIS
AND THE BARKER-KARPIS
GANG ON RER CAPTURE
BY THE FBI EDNA MURRAY
WAS RETURNED TO THE
MISSOURI STATE PENITENTIARY TO COMPLETE
THE REMAINDER OF MER THE REMAINDER OF NER TWENTY-FIVE YEAR SEN-TENCE FORNIGHWAY ROB-BERY PLUS AN ADDITION-AL TWO YEARS FOR ES-CAPING IN 1932.



Frequently, the neighbors were forced to complain about "Ma's" boys as they progressed scholastically from boisterous rowdies to belligerent window breakers to sly petty thieves. However, when "Ma" was approached, she would wax indignant at the accusers and shout, "My

boys can do no wrong. It's a lie."
Patiently, indomnitably, "Ma" molded her sons into shrewd, cunning criminals. When they were first arrested for petty infractions of the law, she would descend on the police departmentthe epitome of outraged motherhood. Tears, expostulations, and other sordid tactics would usually secure their release. If these failed, however, she would post their bond in order to protect their unsullied innocence and triumphantly cart them home where they would receive a bitter tongue lashing for being so stupid as to get caught.

If George Barker attempted to reprove and caution his sons for their misdoings, "Ma" would fly into a temper and berate him for interfering in her affairs.

Meanwhile, "Mother" Barker's reputation was

spreading in the underworld. Her home became a haven for her sons' gangster friends who affectionately called her "Ma." All were received with open arms; all sought her shrewd and sage advice. As her circle of acquaintances widened and developed, "Ma's" guest book began to list some of the most deadly outlaws of the day--Pretty Boy Floyd, Babyface Nelson, Frank Nash, Verne Miller... The hand that rocked the Barker boys' cradle was rapidly becoming the hand destined to be a ruling power in the southwest underworld.

PRELUDE TO UNDERWORLD POWER FOR "MA" BARKER AND THE BOYS

The nineteen twenties found the Barker boys gravely pursuing their felonious careers with ambitious "Ma" in the background, constantly cautioning, counselling and collecting the spoils. Larceny, bank robbery, murder, they ran through the gamut of crime in rapid succession, daily acquiring new prestige in the eyes of the underworld. Harassed police were kept busy recording their latest depredations while local newspapers in the southwest were blasting for their apprehension.

As they fraternized freely with members of their profession, their underworld connections strengthened. They were introduced to shady citizens, willing to provide temporary haven while the heat was on for a slight compensation; to political bosses who winked an eye as they set in motion movements to secure quick acquittals and pardons. It was smooth sailing for "Ma" and her deadly brood; they had learned

their childhood lessons well.

The law, however, was trailing close behind the Barkers, ready to close in at the first opportunity, and by the end of the twenties, it had succeeded in temporarily halting their crime crusade.

Herman Barker was dead. Rather than submit to an arrest on a charge of murdering a Kansas police officer, he had put a suicidal bullet through his own head. Curly-haired Arthur, more commonly known as "Doc," was imprisoned for life in the Oklahoma State Prison, charged with the murder of a night watchman during a robbery. Light-fingered Lloyd was "at home" for the next twenty-five years in the United States Penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kansas, convicted of robbing the U. S. Mails. "Ma's" favorite, weaseleyed Freddie, was quartered in the Kansas State Penitentiary on a five to ten-year sentence for

burglary and larceny.

Although "Ma," comfortably plump and fortyish now, was distressed that her boys were temporarily being detained in jail, she continued to handle affairs on the outside and to formulate new plans for even greater glory when her boys came home. Discarding her husband, George, she showered her affections on a younger, more exciting lover, Arthur Dunlop -- a man who could handle a gun capably on short notice, who said

little and thought less. To the remaining Barker boys this period of incarceration was regarded as just a lull between storms -- an opportunity to take refresher courses in their selected profession; to renew old acquaintances; make new friends; meet worthwhile contacts.

Fred Barker became acquainted with slender, pleasant-featured Alvin Karpis, ten years his junior. The twenty-five-year-old Karpis, however, already had a substantial criminal record behind him. He had escaped from the State Industrial Reformatory at Hutchinson, Kansas, in 1929, where he had been sentenced to serve ten years for burglary; was arrested again in 1930 on a charge of auto larceny and safe blowing and placed in the Kansas State Penitentiary

ish the same year. Although Freddie cleverly negotiated a release from prison shortly after meeting Karpis, he kept in close contact with "Alvin" ranged for their meeting when Karpis' time would be up. It was not long before Karpis did walk out of the pen a free man and set out to meet Fred Barker in Tulsa. There he boastfully confided to Fred, "I got out of there easily. They put me to work in the coal mines. In there you know you're allowed good time for all the coal you mine over a certain amount. Well a lot of my pals were in on life stretches. They didn't mind making a few dollars. I agreed to pay them retail price on all the extra coal they'd mine for me. I turned all this in on my account and got good time for it. Later I paid every convict who'd helped me."

June, 1931, found both Fred and Karpis in the hands of the law again--charged with the theft of some jewelry in the Barkers' home town, Tulsa. After both escaped serving sentences by making restitution for the theft, they proceeded on to Thayer, Misscuri, where "Ma" and Dunlop were living in his cottage.

There were warm greetings and happy tears when "Ma" beheld her favorite son again. She gave instant approval to his excellent choice of companion. With flushed cheeks and sparkling eyes, she proudly brought forward her latest acquisition, Dunlop: Freddie, eyes narrowed, scrutinized the bland features carefully, listened intently to "Ma's" eulogy on his accomplishments and nodded his head. "It's okay, Ma. He can stay." Arthur Dunlop automatically rose in prestige and became one of the family while Alvin Karpis moved in as another of "Ma's" foster sons.

For several months life in the Barker household proceeded smoothly enough. The personalities of Freddie and Karpis blended well together and they succeeded in carrying through several profitiable undertakings.

MURDER IN MISSOURI

A robbery in West Plains, Missouri, on December 18, 1931, however, was to send them scurrying again for cover. Fred Barker and Alvin Karpis had held up a store, using a 1931 De Sota car for their getaway. On the following day, the West Plains Sheriff, recognizing the car which was parked in a garage, approached the occupants for questioning. As he walked innocently toward them, Fred and Karpis opened fire. The man fell mortally wounded. Later when the police received a tip-off and raided the cottage

at Thayer, they found only evidence of the hurried departure of its suspicious occupants.

But the killers were known. They were positively identified as Fred Barker and Alvin Kar-

The underworld opened its arms and greeted the fugitive band warmly when they fled. First stop was the home of Hebert Farmer in Joplin, Missouri. Farmer, a close friend of the Barker family for years and an accomplished veteran of crime who had given Fred many valuable underworld tips during his boyhood, received them royally and offered his advice. "Your best bet is St. Paul."

Wires hummed between Joplin and St. Paul as Farmer prepared the way. "Hello, Harry? Yeah. Can you rent a house right away? Friends of mine. They're okay. Right..." And so the nucleus of the Barker-Karpis gang —"Ma", Dunlop, Fred and Alvin Karpis, descended on St. Paul, made the acquaintance of the kingpin and fixer for the St. Paul underworld, Harry Sawyer. and with the assurance of his powerful protection, took up residence in an unpretentious little house in West St. Paul.

However, herves tightened and tempers flared in a short while, for the fugitives were being sought by various state law enforcement authorities and consequently were compelled to remain in hiding during the day. At night they would emerge cautiously, carrying a violin case which concealed a sawed-off machine gum.

On April 25, 1932, the landlady's son noticed the photographs of Fred Barker and Alvin Karpis in a detective magazine, indicating they were wanted for the murder of the West Plains Sheriff. He notified the police immediately. However, Harry Sawyer's powerful underground had contacts in the police department, and before official police action could be taken, a henchman of Sawyer's was relaying the news to the Barker household. "Somebody's tipped off the police. Harry says you'd better scram fast!"

The flight was on again. But this time only "Ma," Fred Barker and Alvin Karpis travelled together. Dunlop had been dispensed with. His body, stripped of clothing and riddled with bullets fired at close range, was discovered the next morning on the shores of Lake Freasted, near Webster, Wisconsin. A blood-scaked woman's glove lay close by. "Ma" and the boys had held court and decided that Dunlop must have been the "squealer."

FORMATION OF THE BARKER-KARPIS GANG

Kansas City, Missouri, was the next "hole" for the fugitives to take cover in, lick their wounds, and rally their forces. "Ma," pompous in costly silks and trailing furs, majestically descended on an exclusive residential district, the Country Club Plaza, leased an apartment for her sons, who were in the insurance business, and herself, and proceeded to take up house-keeping.

Recruits, battle-scarred veterans of the underworld, quickly joined ranks with "Ma" and the boys. There was Francis Leating and Thomas Holden, "hot" convicts, recently escaped from the Federal Penitentiary at Leavenworth and

wanted by the FBI; Harvey Bailey, nationally known bank robber; Larry de Vol, an old pal of Karpis; and Bernard Phillips, retired policeman turned robber.

After days of planning, organizing, and preparation, the re-inforced gang descended en masse on a bank in Fort Scott, Kansas, June 17, 1932. While Fred, Karpis, and the boys were looting the bank, "Ma" was at home hysterically looting the bank, "Ma" was at home hysterically weeping, fearful that her Freddie might get injured. When they triumphantly returned that evening laden with the spoils. "Ma" brightened evening laden with the spoils, up immediately and proceeded to split the wealth among her dear, dear boys.

On the same evening, Freddie met by pre-arrangement Jess Doyle, a former classmate from the Kansas State Pen, who had just been released that day. After joyfully greeting his convict pal, Freddie pulled a thick wad of bills out of his pocket and pressed them into Doyle's hand. "Just a little somethin' to help you get some new clothes and stuff. Come on home with me. Ma's throwin' a party tonight to celebrate

a job we pulled today."
"Ma" welcomed Jess Doyle warmly and another hardened recruit was added to the swiftly grow-

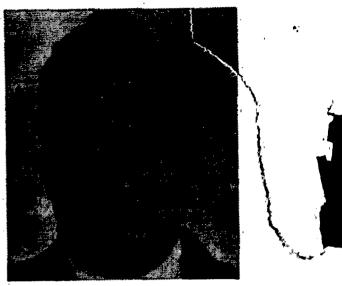
On July 5, 1932, "Mrs. A. F. Hunter and sons" changed residence just as a safety measure and moved into another apartment in Kansas City. For a few days Fred and Karpis enjoyed the homelike atmosphere which "Ma" craftily en-

deavored to make to fool the neighbors. But this domestic tranquillity was abruptly disturbed on July 7, 1932. FBI Agents on the trail of fugitives Keating and Holden, had picked up both of them with Harvey Bailey, playing golf on the Old Mission Golf Course at 5:00 in the afternoon. Bernard Phillips, the fourth member of the party, had witnessed the apprehension. Unseen by the Agents, he rushed home to break the news. There was a stunned silence and then Karpis rapped out curt orders. "We've got to move fast. Fred, get the car ready. Ma, start packing ... " By 5:30, the apartment was deserted and the Barker-Karpis gang had disappeared into the night.

The gang could afford several hide-outs now. They chose their old stamping grounds, St. Paul, and a summer cottage on White Bear Lake, Minnesota. Flushed with ready money and confident of their power, they relaxed vigilance; and indulged in riotous nightlife -- drinking, gambling, making love. Their hangouts were a saloon run by their profiteering pal, Harry Sawyer, and a night club operated by John Peifer.

All except "Ma." Cagey, cautious, am overwhelmingly jealous of her boys' "women", she ranted by the hour at their foolishness and tried to break up the friendships. "Drinking is the tool of the devil. Loose tongues 'll put you behind bars. Those women will be your downfall. But Fred and the boys were not to be "Ma's" ranting was to no avail. A deterred. . few expensive gifts, however, for "Ma" as compensation for the boys' mischievousness finally restored domestic bliss.

Although the gang could do nothing to aid their former colleagues, Keating and Holden who



HARRY SAWYER, GREAT UNDERWORLD POWER IN ST. PAUL WHO WAS CONVICTED FOR PARTICIPATING IN THE BREMER KIDNAPING WITH THE BARKER-KARPIS GANG. AND RECEIVED A SENTENCE OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT.

were returned to Leavenworth by the FBI, they did engage a criminal lawyer, J. Earl Smith, to defend Harvey Bailey at his trial for the Fort Scott bank robbery in which they had all participated. The combination, however, of Bailey's reputation as a bank robber and the fact that FBI Agents found a liberty bond from the Ft. Scott bank on his person at the time of apprehension, convinced the jury of his guilt and Harvey Bailey was convicted. The morning after the verdict was reached, August 13, 1932, Bailey's attorney received a mysterious telephone call from Fred Barker to meet him in Tulsa. His bullet-riddled body was discovered the following day on a golf course in Tulsa. "Ma," indignant that the lawyer had failed to secure freedom for one of her boys, had ordered him to be "put on the spot." The boys had complied with "Ma's" request willingly.

Additional recruits in the form of Earl. Christman, a confidence man and fugitive from the Indiana State Penitentiary, and Helen Ferguson, his moll, augmented the gang at this time. Frank Nash, notorious bank robber and fugitive from Leavenworth, also became a temporary associate.

The gang struck again on July 26, 1932, staging a daring daylight robbery of the Cloud County Bank at Concordia, Kansas. It was a profitable undertaking; the spoils amounted to \$240,000.00 in bonds and plenty of cold cash.

"DOC" BARKER COMES HOME

After the gang had returned to the hideout at White Bear Lake and the money had been split, "Ma" Barker had another thought. Why not attempt to get Arthur out of the Oklahoma State Penitentiary and Lloyd out of Leavenworth? Three sons could make more money than one. She spoke to Freddie. The diminutive five-foot-four outlaw agreed. It was a good idea.

The word went out. Cold cash exchanged hands. Jack Glynn, a former Chief of Police and go-between for convicts and their friends, set to work. Consequently, on September 10, 1932, Arthur "Doc" Barker was released from the Penitentiary. Efforts to secure Lloyd's release, however, failed. Leavenworth could not be tampered with.

The Barker-Karpis gang had a happy reunion when "Doc" joined them in St. Paul. "Ma" was beside herself with joy. She now had two sons to take care of — and two sons to "provide" for her. She enthusiastically plunged into bigger and better plans for the future — jobs which would net thousands of dollars; maybe, in time, millions.

Meanwhile, "Doc" expressed a desire to see his boyhood companion and fellow murderer, convicted with him for the slaying of the night watchman years previously, Volney Davis, who was still incarcerated in the Oklahoma State Penitentiary.

Money and underworld power pulled strings again and on November 3, 1932, Volney Davis set out from prison on a two-years' leave of absence and joined the gang in St. Paul.

Although the citizens of the twin cities and vicinities had up to this time been fairly secure from the depredations of the gang, their safety was short-lived. On December 16, 1932, the Third Northwestern Bank of Minneapolis was robbed. Two police officers and a civilian bystander were killed by a stream of machine gun bullets when they got in the way of the fleeing bandits. The money was divided among Karpis, Fred, "Doc", Larry De Vol, William Weaver, Verne Willer and Jess Doyle.

WILLIAM WEAVER, MEM-BER OF THE BARKER-KARPIS GANG, WHO RE-CEIVED A SENTENCE OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT FOR HIS PARTICIPATION IN THE BREMER KIDNAPING.

WILLIAM WEAVER'S PARAMOUR, MYRTLE EATON,
WHO WAS APPREHENDED
WITH WEAVER BY SPECIAL AGENTS IN ALLENDALE, FLORIDA, WHERE
THEY WERE RUNNING A
CHICKEN FARM.



Five days later Larry De Vol was arrested in his apartment. Sixteen to seventeen thousand dollars of the loot from the Third Northwestern Bank was in his possession.

The gang let him take the "rap" for the robbery and the murders while they hastily departed for Reno, Nevada, where "Ma" Barker, Volney Davis, Earl Christman and Helen Ferguson were waiting. De Vol pleaded guilty to a charge of murder and was sentenced to life imprisonment in the Minnesota State Penitentiary.

PRAIRIE BURIAL AT MIDNIGHT

When the heat cooled off a bit, the desperados headed back to St. Paul where they were joined by a friend of Harry Sawyer's, Eddie Green, an accomplished bank robber. News of a possible police raid on their apartment, sent them scurrying to Chicago, Illinois. Here Louis "Doc" Stacci, underworld power in Chicago, offered temporary haven while they laid plans for their next job, the robbery of a bank at Fairbury, Nebraska.

On April 4, 1933, the gang struck at Fairbury. The robbery was carried off successfully but Earl Christman was severely injured in the getaway attempt. Fred, "Doc," and Karpis rushed the dying man to the home of Verme Miller, their old consort and professional killer. An underworld physician was summoned but Christman failed to respond to the treatment and died.

Under cover of darkness that night, the gang conducted its own burial service, far enough away from the vicinity so that the police could never find the corpse. When the gangster's mother heard of his death and made frantic pleas to learn the location of her son's grave, the gang gravely considered the request. It was steely-eyed Karpis who vetoed it saying, "If she goes and digs up that stiff the cops may hear about it. They may find a clue that would start them after us." Ine Barker-Karpis gang sent its regrets to Earl Christman's mother.



MRS. C. P. HARMON, PARAMOUR OF FRED BARKER, WHO WAS COMMITTED TO A STATE HOSPITAL FOR MENTAL DISORDERS AFTER SHE BROKE OFF HER ASSOCIATION WITH THE GANG.

Shortly, after the Fairbury incident, attractive Paula Harmon, widow of a notorious bank robber, Charles Harmon, joined Fred Barker as his moll and the couple took up residence in St. Paul under the name of Mr. and Mrs. J. Stanley Smith. "Ma" and the other members of the gang established themselves in cottages at Bald Eagle Lake, Minnesota.

It was here that "Ma" broke the news to her brood. From now on bank robbery was beneath their dignity. They were going to go after bigger game. Their new "modus operandi" --

kidnaping.

THE HAMM KIDNAPING

As their "coup de main" the gang decided to "snatch" William A. Hamm, Jr., wealthy St. Paul beer brewer. Accordingly, on June 15, 1933, the luckless victim was seized and transported to Bensenville, Illinois. Ransom negotiations proceeded swiftly and efficiently in the capable hands of shady citizens of the underworld, acting as intermediaries between the frantic family and the kidnapers. Four days later, June 19, 1933, Hamm, alive and unharmed, was released and the coffers of the Barker-Karpis gang overflowed with crisp, green currency-\$100,000 worth. "Ma" Barker's new business venture had turned out to be quite profitable.

Settling temporarily in Chicago while the "heat was on" in St. Paul, the gang carefully and methodically made plans for the future. New recruits, including Fred Goetz, one-time college football player and former associate of the Al Capone syndicate; Bryan Bolton, tubercular stooge of Fred Goetz; and Harry Campbell, former childhood pal of the Barkers and associate of Glen Leroy Wright, notorious Oklahoma outlaw, joined the ranks and offered their services and

experiences.



BRYAN BOLTON, MEMBER OF THE BARKER-KARPIS SANG, WHO WAS APPRE-HENDED BY SPECIAL GENTS IN CHICAGO ON FRED GOETZ, FORMER COLLEGIATE FOOTBALL FOOTBALL





NARRY CAMPBELL, MEM-BER OF THE BARKER-KARPIS GANG AND MUR-DERER, WHO RECEIVED A SENTENCE- OF LIFE IM-PRISONMENT FOR HIS PARTICIPATION IN THE BREMER KIDNAPING CASE.

Drunk with their continued successes, the gang embarked on a rampage of crime in the Middlewest. A payroll robbery of the Stockyards National Bank at South St. Paul on August 30, 1933, netted the outlaws \$30,000.00. In the getaway attempt their bullets riddled two police officers — killing one and permanently maining the other. Less than a month later — a Chicago policeman was machine-gurned to death, another innocent victim of the gang.

THE BREMER KIDNAPING

The latter part of December, 1933, found the gang firmly ensconced once more in their most profitable "theater of operations" — the Twin Cities, and energetically laying plans for their next "snatch." This time the victim was to be Edward George Bremer, 36-year-old scion from one of the wealthiest and most prominent families in St. Paul and president of the Commercial State Bank.

On January 17, 1934, the gang successfully kidnaped the youthful magnate as he was driving to the Bank after leaving his nine-year-old daughter off at school. As Bremer paused for a stop sign, masked men brandishing pistols pulled open the front doors of his Lincoln sedan. Forcing him to move out from under the wheel, they clubbed him with a blunt instrument, then pushed the body to the floor of the car with his head under the instrument board. Taped goggles were placed over his eyes.

While Karpis, "Doc", Harry Campbell and William Weaver were transporting the victim to their hideout at Bensonville, Illinois, other members of the gang were beginning ransom nego-

tiations.

Walter Magee, close friend of the Bremer family, was contacted and issued instructions on the amount of ransom desired and the payment thereof. For three long weeks Bremer was imprisoned in the Illinois farm house while the gang carried on negotiations with his anxious family.

But this time, hovering silently, watchfully, in the background, was the Nemesis of the

underworld, the FBI.

Aware through the underworld grapevine of the G-Men's silent interest in the case, the gang nervously stalled for time in their nego-

tiations while they hastily checked and rechecked their plans for payment of the ransom. There must be no "slip-up"; no evidence carelessly left behind to feed the insatiable cur-'iosity of the FBI. There were already too many casualties in the front lines of the underworld - all credited to the persevering G-Men. Daily, familiar faces were plastered on the front pages of the press and bold black type announced their death or capture by Hoover's Agents. The Barker-Karpis gang determined that this would not happen to them. Bremer was kept blindfolded the greater part of his imprisonment; "Doc" Barker used a Mexican accent when talking to the victim to conceathis southern drawl; elaborate, fool-proof preparations for the pay-off were drawn up.

On the evening of February 6, 1934, Walter Magee in compliance with the kidnapers' instructions found a 1933 Chevrolet coupe tearing Shell Oil Company signs on each door at a designated street corner in St. Paul. In the left front pocket of the coupe, he found the keys to the

car and a note.

"Co to Farmington, Minnesota. The Rochester bus will arrive there at 9:15 P.M. and leave at 9:25 P.M. Follow one hundred yards in back of this bus, when it leaves Farmington until you come to four red lights on the left of the road; turn on the first road to the left and proceed at fifteen miles per hour until you see five flashes of lights; then stop and deposit packages of money on right hand side of road. Leave the note; get in car and go straight ahead."

The intermediary followed directions to the letter and deposited the ransom. \$200,000.00 in five and ten-dollar bills, on the side of the road and drove on. The next evening, the victim, weak from nervous exhaustion, was released on a lonely street in the suburbs of Rochester, Minn.

IN THE FBI SPOTLIGHT

With the news of Bremer's safe release, the FBI set smoothly into action its mighty investigative machine. Under the leadership of J. Edgar Hoover, Special Agents turned grimly to the task of determining the identity of the kidnapers. No lead or clue was too small for consideration. Bremer's story of the kidnaping ride, his imprisonment in what seemed to him to be a farm house, the treatment of his kidnapers, the sound of their voices, distinguishing characteristics of the room in which he was confined, were all duly recorded.

Three days after Bremer's release, February 10, 1934, Special Agents uncovered the first hint of the identity of the kidnapers. A gasoline can, used by the gang to refill their tank when returning the victim to Minnesota, was found near Portage, Wisconsin. Positively identified by Bremer, the evidence was rushed to the FBI Laboratory in Washington. Agents waited breathlessly for the Laboratory's report.

When it came, they swing into action. There had been two latent prints on the can. Finger-prints-positively identified by technicians as being those of Arthur "Doc" Barker. Teletypes flooded the country to all SAC's....Pick up

the Barker-Karpis gang...Wanted for kidnaping of Edward George Bremer...Description as follows...
Urgent...

The FBI for the first time had federal jurisdiction to seek the apprehension of the notorious gang. The period of watchful waiting was over.

THE BEGINNING OF THE END

With the breath of the G-Men hot on their backs, the Parker-Karpis gang momentarily lost their arrogance and fled to Chicago. Splitting up into smaller groups, they barricaded themselves in apartments furnished by their underworld contacts...On March 10, 1934, one of



OR. JOSEPH P. MORAN, UNDERWORLD PHYSICIAN, WHO OPERATED ON THE FINGERS AND FACES OF KARPIS, FRED AND "DOC", BARKER, VOLNEY DAYIS AND HARRY CAMPBELL, WAS MURDERED BY THE GANG. ACCORDING TO UNDERWORLD RUMOR HIS BODY WAS PLACED IN A BARREL OF WET CEMENT AND THROWN IN LAKE ERIE.

Chicago's underworld "medicos," Dr. Moran, operated on the fingers and faces of Fred Barker and Alvin Karpis in an unsuccessful attempt to alter their tingerprints and facial characteristics...On March 20, 1934, Comrade Fred Goetz lost favor with the gang and was murdered. In an effort to prevent identification several shotgun blasts were fired in his face. Agents, however, identified the murdered gangster by his fingerprints... The FBI concentrated on a search for Goetz's paramour, Irene Dorsey. She was found in a mental ward of a hospital. Her mind had broken down under the strain of her association with the mob... William Harrison, powerful contact for the gang and court "jester", in an unguarded moment talked too much with acquaintances of the gang. Lured by his companions to an abandoned barn in the vicinity of Ontarioville, Illinois, he was shot to death, his body 'soaked in gasoline and the barn set on fire ...

On April 22, 1934, John Dillinger and his mobsters fleeing from capture by FBI Agents sought temporary refuge with the gang and were warmly welcomed... After performing similar unsuccessful facial and finger operations on "Doc" Earker, Volney Davis and Harry Campbell, Dr. Moran was knocked unconscious by the gang. According to underworld rumor his body was placed in a barrel of wet cement and thrown in Lake Erie.

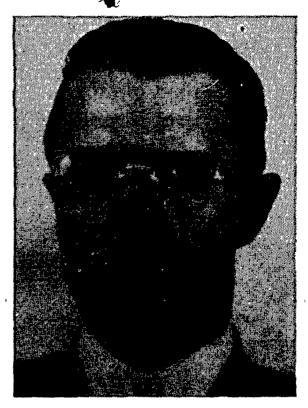
Meanwhile, the FBI was diligently following down every clue, constructing an air-tight web of evidence which would permanently ensnare the

cious gangsters on their apprehension.

Other Agents under the personal direction of J. Edgar Hoover were ferreting out the mobsters and their contacts one by one. "Boss" McLaughlin, a political "ward heeler" and ex-Illinois State Legislator, was picked up, charged with exchanging the ransom money for the gang. An escaped inmate of the Illinois State Penitentiary and one of the few surviving members of the notorious "Bugs" Moran mob, Oliver A. Berg, was apprehended at the home of his sister in Chicago, charged with furnishing the ransom money to McLaughlin.

The net was growing tighter. "Ma" Barker and Fred fled to Florida; Alvin Karpis and his woman, Dolores Delaney, to Cuba., "Doc" Barker, his moll, Mildred Kuhlman, Russell Gibson and Bryan Bolton remained in Chicago.

On the night of January 8, 1935, "Doc" Barker's Chicago apartment was surrounded by Special Agents. At 6:30 P.M., "Doc" and Mildred Kuhlman stepped out into the street. They were surrounded. "Doc" surrendered without resistance. On the same evening the apartment occu-



NOTICE THE DIFFERENCE IN KARPIS' FEATURES. THIS PICTURE SHOWS THE RESULTS OF THE FACIAL OPERATION WHICH ALVIN KARPIS HAD PERFORMED IN AN ATTEMPT TO DISGUISE HIS APPEARANCE



THIS PHOTOGRAPH SHOWS THE FINGERTIPS OF ALVIN KARPIS AFTER DR. MORAN HAD OPERATED ON THEM IN AN UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPT TO OBLITERATE HIS FINGERPRINTS. KARPIS WAS SENTENCED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT IN THE UNITED STATES PENITENTIARY AT ALCATRAZ.



LEFT.....WILLIAM J. HARRISON, MEMBER OF THE BARKER-KARPIS GANG, WHO WAS MURDERED BY THE GANG BECAUSE HE TALKED TOO MUCH.

CENTER...RUSSELL GIBSON, MEMBER OF THE BARKER-KARPIS GANG WHO WAS KILLED BY SPECIAL AGENTS WHILE RE-SISTING ARREST IN CHICAGO ON JANUARY 8, 1935.

RIGHT....OLIVER BERG, WHO RECEIVED A SENTENCE OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT FOR HIS PARTICIPATION IN THE BREMER KIDNAPING CASE.

pied by Russell Gibson, his wife, Bryan Bolton and the ex-wife of William Harrison, was raided.

Ignoring the pleas of his wife to surrender, Russell Gibson chose to fight it out. His one shot at a Special Agent missed its mark but the Agent's returning fire punctured his bulletproof vest and mortally wounded him. He died a few hours later in a Chicago hospital with a curse on his lips for all law enforcement officers.

Arthur "Doc" Barker was given a sentence of life imprisonment in the United States Penitentiary, Alcatraz Island, for his participation in the Bremer kichaping, and was killed on January 13, 1939, in an attempt to escape from Alcatraz.

Special Agents on searching "Doc" Barker's apartment found an invaluable clue -- a map, on which a circle had been drawn around the town of Ocala, Florida, near Lake Weir. This confirmed confidential reports received that "Ma" and Fred Barker were hiding out in Florida near a lake.

The men of the FBI readied preparations to descend on Lake Weir.



THE COTTAGE AT LAKE WEIR IN WHICH "MA" AND FRED BARKER WERE KILLED WHILE RESISTING ARREST.

It was 5:30 A.M., January 16, 1935. A caravan of black sedans drove slowly along Highway 41 turning off on a dirt road. Lake Weir, shrouded in early morning mist, lay straight ahead. A corps of grave-faced men, bearing high-powered rifles, machine guns, tear gas bombs, poured out of the parked cars and proceeded along the road to the Lake on foot. Their destination was a little white cottage, standing aristocratically apart from its neighbors on a mossy slope.

Its occupants slumbered soundly on as the men approached it and melted into the surround-

. ing shrubbery.

'A signal was given. A voice spoke resonantly.... "Kate Barker, Fred Barker. This is the FBI. You are surrounded. Come out one at a time with your hands up....."

There was a sudden tense silence. FBI Agents cocked their guns in readiness. Minutes passed. Movements were heard inside the cottage.

The command was repeated again.

"Ma" and Fred Barker maintained a stony silence.

An Agent shouted. "Unless you come out, we'll use tear gas."

This time there was an answer.

"Ma's" voice bellowed triumphantly as she

sent a stream of lead pouring out through an upstairs window. "All right, go ahead."

The battle began as the first rays of the morning sun spread fanlike across the leaden sky. Tear gas bombs were hurled into the bullet smashed windows. The Barkers answered with bursts of machine gun fire -- from the second floor and from the first floor near the entrance to the cottage.

Agents partially concealed behind nearby trees systematically poured lead into every por-

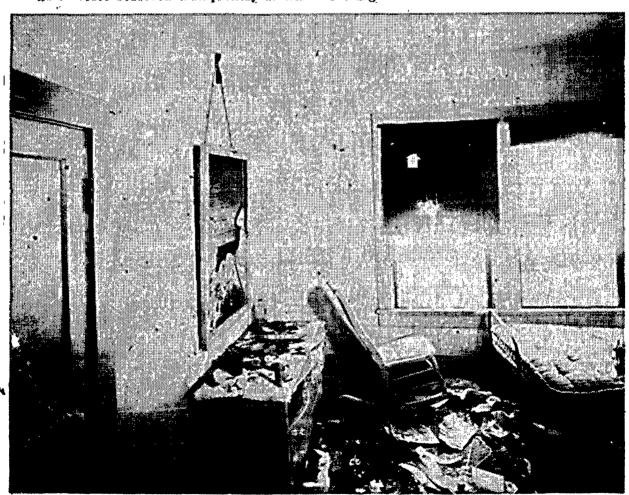
tion of the frame shelter.

"Ma" Barker retaliated savagely, spraying

the foliage with deadly accuracy.

The exchange of gunfire raged for several hours. Then, suddenly, silence within the cottage.

Cautiously, Agents kicked opened the flimsy door. A winding trail of blood led them upstairs to a bullet-shattered bedroom. There they found two figures slumped on the wooden floor -- Fred Barker, lying in the middle of the room, face down, with a .45 automatic under him and a machine gum with a 50 shot drum under his left hand -- close by, "Ma" Barker, lying on her back, with a machine gum and hundred shot drum beside her lifeless body. The barrel was still smoking.

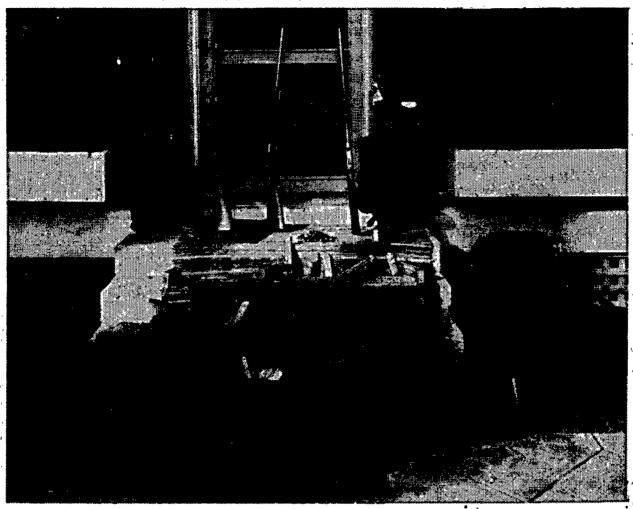


THE BEDROOM IN WHICH "MA" AND FRED BARKER WERE FOUND DEAD.

True to the traditions of gangsterism, they

had died defying their sworn enemy -- the law. Gangdom, however, deserted "Ma" and Fred Barker in death. For eight months their bodies remained unburied. On October 1, 1935, they

were placed to rest in an unknown countryside graveyard, choked with undergrowth and weeds, known as the Williams Cemetery, Oklahoma. Their graves were dug next to the remains of "Ma's" oldest son, Herman Barker.



SPECIAL AGENTS RETRIEVED A SMALL ARSENAL ON SEARCHING THE COTTAGE.

"CREEPY" KARPIS IN FLIGHT

Alvin Karpis, called "Old Creepy" by his paramour because of his cold stare and precision in carrying out his crimes, found it increasingly more and more difficult after the deaths of "Ma" and Fred Barker to rally his fast depleting forces.

One by one, the FBI was plucking them out of their hiding places. On May 3, 1935, Harry Sawyer was apprehended in Mississippi; on June 1, 1935, Volney Davis was seized in Chicago; on September 1, William Weaver was picked up in Chicago.

Karpis clung desperately to his toppling throne with Harry Campbell, his sole "subject" as the underworld regretfully closed its doors on him. In the eyes of its cautious citizens Alvin Karpis was "too hot."

He fled from Cuba, to New Jersey, to Ohio, Oklahoma...But always the men of the FBI were close on his trail.

Cornered the enraged fugitive planned fu-, tilely to wage a one-man war against the FBI, He wrote a letter to J. Edgar Hoover; advising that he was coming to FBI Headquarters with a "machine gum." Typical of the number one gangster of the day, he seriously considered killing the top IBI officials in the Los Angeles, New York and Chicago Field Offices; thus, as he thought, striking a crippling blow to the forces of his enemy. But each time the killer's cold logical mind came to his rescue and calmed his passionate outbursts.

Alvin Karpis did find temporary refuge, however. This time in gangdom's Utopia -- Hot Springs, Arkansas. He made friends with the "law" -- "greasing the greedy palms" of its Chief of Police, Joseph Wakelin, his obsequious understudy, Herbert Akers, Chief of Detectives, and their satellite, Cecil Brock, Lieutenant in Charge of the Identification Division.

While an FBI wanted notice for Karpis yellowed with age on the Hot Springs city jail door and press releases dealing with the progress of the FBI's manhunt for the killer flooded the city's newspapers, "Creepy" Karpis and his new recruit, 37-year-old ex-convict Fred Hunter, were enjoying the facilities of the open city — its baths, night clubs, houses of ill-repute.

The fugitives made the acquaintance of two of the "ladies of the evening" -- and adopted them for their constant companions-- Grace Goldstein for Karpis and 21-year-old Connie Morris for Hunter.

The gay foursome spent money lavishly in a mad round of excitement. And what was even more pleasing to Karpis, Wakelin and Akers officially cleared the way for their uninterrupted revelry.

It was a perfect "set up." So ideal that Karpis began to send out appeals through the underworld grapevine for new recruits. Harry Campbell came out of hiding and answered the call enthusiastically. A prison pal of former members of the Barker-Karpis gang, John Brock, proceeded to negotiate for admittance. Sam Coker, former boyhood friend of the Barkers, was contacted on his release from the Oklahoma State Penitentiary and persuaded to become one of the chosen few.

Re-inforced and revengeful, Alvin Karpis plunged recklessly back into his criminal activities. On November 7, 1935, an Erie Train at Garretsville, Ohio, en route from Detroit to Pittsburgh, was held up by bandits armed with machine guns and shotguns. Thirty-four thousand dollars in currency and several thousand dollars in securities composed the haul.

Discarding the old-fashioned method of making a getaway in a fast, high-powered car, the bandits piled into an airplane piloted by a friend and flew back to their retreat, gracious Hot Springs.

After the spoils had been split and Campbell accompanied by Coker returned to Toledo, Ohio, Karpis and Fred Hunter resumed their pleasurable activities in Hot Springs. But this time there was a slight tinge of frost in the heretofore balmy air.

The "law" was beginning to feel the growing tension of the city's citizens as they recognized Alvin Karpis in their midst. Rumors began to trickle out of Hot Springs. The "law" tried to smother them, to laugh them off. But they persisted, grew stronger. Five thousand dollars reward for information leading to the apprehension of Alvin Karpis could not be dismissed so easily — a handsome reward for just putting the finger on Karpis. It would "look good," too, helping the FBI track down such a dangerous fugitive......

But Alvin Karpis's ears were pressed to the ground, too. Two days before the Hot Springs Chief of Police reported to the FBI that a man, resembling Karpis was seen in his territory the wily fugitive fled. With him were Fred Hunter, Connie Morris and Grace Goldstein.

Their destination was New Orleans.

On receiving the report from Wakelin, Special Agents combed the Hot Springs area thoroughly, uncovering with uncanny precision the corrupt practices of the existing police force. The scandal grew in proportion as the FBI tenaciously probed deeper. Aroused citizens confided that they had seen the Chief of Police and his companions in the company of Alvin Karpis. An old FBI wanted notice was found prominently displayed on the jail door.

As a result of the FBI's investigation, which blew the lid off their scheming racket, the Hot Springs police force temporarily resigned to await federal trial on a charge of violating the Federal Harboring Statute.

Several months later, Joseph Wakelin, Herbert Akers and Cecil Brock faced a federal judge and received their sentences. Two years' imprisonment in a federal penitentiary for each of them.

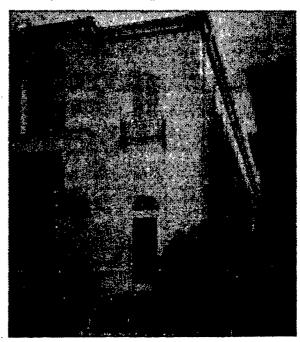
Meanwhile, exhaustive investigation by the indefatigable men of the FBI ferreted out the fugitive's new hiding place.

Under the leadership of Director Hoover, a small band of Special Agents closed in on the desperate fugitive.

THE LAST STAND

The date was May 1, 1936. New Orleans, city of fable and frivolity, was stirring lazily after its afternoon siesta. The shadows of the sun fell on the ancient sun dial, marking the time as 5:30 P.M.

The exclusive apartment building at 3343 Canal Street stood quietly in repose, flanked on all sides by squares of white pavement and luxurious shrubbery. A parked Plymouth coupe sat idly before its dignified facade.



THE APARTMENT BUILDING AT 3343 CANAL STREET, NEW ORLEANS, LA., LAST HIDE OUT OF ALVIN KARPIS AND FRED HUNTER.

Suddenly, the scrolled from door of the building was pushed open. Two men stepped out.

Agents concealed in the surrounding shrubbery recognized the men as Alvin Karpis and Fred Hunter.

The late sun's rays flickered hesitatingly over Karpis's inscrutable countenance as he and his companion stepped briskly down the five steps to the sidewalk.

J. Edgar Hoover gave the signal to his men. Silently, they began to slip out from their hiding places. Up and down the quiet street parked cars began to warm their motors imperceptibly and to slide easily down the wide avenue.

The two men reached the coupe. Hunter reached into his pocket for the key.

Guns drawn, the men of the FBI approached. Suddenly, a child's happy cry split the silence. A small boy on a red scooter sped down the walk past the men who were now enter-

ing the coupe.

Agents froze in their tracks. The child would be caught in the cross-fire if Karpis began shooting. They waited breathlessly until he had scooted safely by.

By this time the coupe's motor was turning over. The car gathered momentum and began to

pull away from the curb.

Instantly, the cruising cars roared into action, surrounding the fugitive's car on all sides.

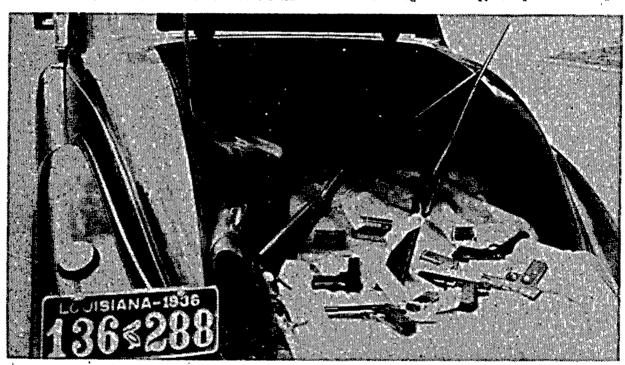
The door to the coupe was pulled open.

Alvin Karpis looked up to see the hand of his hated adversary, Hoover, himself, tap his arm. He heard him say, "Alvin...G-Men...You're under arrest."

The fugitive turned ashen white. His cold stare melted under the penetrating glance of the stern-eyed men surrounding him.

Running his tongue over suddenly dry lips,

he tremblingly acknowledged his capture.
...The saga of "Creepy" Karpis was through.



SIDEARMS AND RIFLES FOUND IN ALVIN KARPIS'S CAR ON HIS APPREHENSION.

EPILOGUE TO CRIME

With the capture of Harry Campbell and Sam Coker six days later in Toledo, Ohio, the Barker-Karpis gang was completely eradicated.

Twenty-five members of the gang were convicted in connection with the abduction of Edward George Bremer. Sentences varied -- six life imprisonments; one hundred years and one day; four thousand dollar fines; three persons killed while resisting arrest and three murdered by fellow members.

With the passing years a gradual metamorphosis occurred in the mind of Alvin Karpis at Alcatraz. From the lonely solitude of his cell he penned a strange message to someone he loved: "I suppose by now you realize that all that glitters is not gold....When you are released from prison, stay on the straight and narrow path....You will think that rather strange coming from me, but I should know."

There are over one hundred and fifty volumes composing the mammoth file on the Barker-Karpis gang--volumes which trace the criminals vain attempt to reap wealth, power and happiness by brute force.

The epilogue to this way of life is always the same--Fool's gold...stay on the straight and narrow...I learned too late....







JOHN HERBERT DILLINGER

Twelve years ago the newspapers of America were recording the career of John Dillinger in bold, black headlines.

Over breakfast tables and lunch counters, in smoky poolrooms and dimly-lit saloons, the latest choice morsels of the desperado's activities were avidly discussed. Sob sisters painted romantic pictures of the misguided youth and his red-headed sweetheart, the half-breed Indian girl, Evelyn Frechette. Thousands of women sighed at the adventures of the dangerous duo and would gladly have exchanged places with Evelyn for just "one day in the sun." American youth chewed gum, adopted the Hollywood version of the underworld argot, and began to shift their adolescent hero-worship from "wild-western movie cowboys" to the notorious gun-men of the day -- John Dillinger, "Baby Face" Nelson, Homer Van Meter, John Chase, Tommy Carroll, John Ham-ilton. The pulse of the nation, stimulated by the shallow glamour and robust sensualities of these public enemies, quickened perceptibly and almost over night, public opinion swayed to an alarming admiration for the cleverness of the Dillinger mob.

Momentarily forgotten was the brutal, mass murder of four law enforcement officers and their cringing prisoner, Frank Nash, at the Umion Railway Station in Kansas City in June, 1933, by the vicious trio, Verne Miller, "pretty Boy" Floyd and Adam Richetti. Forgotten also were the innumerable, cold-blooded killings of innocent citizens and law enforcement officers who inadvertently stepped in the way of ruthless gangsters in the past.

But the Federal Bureau of Investigation had not forgotten. It knew the potential deadliness of these "new comers" on crime's horizon. It recognized a familiar pattern in the depredations of the Dillinger mob for it was at that time seeking the apprehension of their contemporaries, the "Barker-Karpis" gang.

Special Agents made quiet preparations to take up one of the most dangerous manhunts of the day. They knew that eventually john Dillinger's crime career would embrace Federal violations which would bring him within FBI investigative jurisdiction.

For almost a year, the FBI waited patiently while the Dillinger mob ran through the gamut of crime without committing a Federal offense...

INVESTIGATO

MARCH 1945

ENCLOSURL 114-3-2-132X



JOHN HAMILTON. ONE OF TEN CONVICTS WHO ESCAPED FROM THE INDIANA STATE PRISON ON SEPTEMBER 26, 1933. AFTER JOINING THE DILLINGER GANG, HE EM-BARKED ON A SERIES OF BANK ROBBERIES THROUGHOUT THE MIDWEST. DURING THE FLIGHT FROM THE BOHEMIA INN RAID, HE WAS MORTALLY WOUNDED AND DIED TEN DAYS LATER. HAMILTON WAS KNOWN AS "RED" HAMIL-TON TO HIS GANGSTER BUDDIES AFTER HE DYED HIS HAIR RED TO ESCAPE DETECTION BY THE FBI. THIS PHOTOGRAPH WAS RELEASED BY THE INDIANA STATE PRISON AUTHORITIES AT THE TIME OF HIS ES-CAPE WHEN HE WAS 34.



EARLY PHOTOGRAPH OF 30-YEAR-OLD JOHN DILLINGER AFTER HE WAS RELEASED ON PAROLE FROM THE INDIANA STATE PRISON. IN THIS PICTURE DILLINGER'S MOLE BETWEEN THE EYEBROWS AND CLEFT CHIN MAY BE EASILY SEEN.

BACKGROUND ON JOHN DILLINGER

1 . . .

John Dillinger, 20-year-old Indiana farm boy, was shut up in the Indiana State Prison, charged with robbing and beating his father's friend, the neighborhood grocer, in September of 1924.

Nine years later, bitter, surly, intent on revenge, he emerged from prison on parole. He determined to get even with society.

Within four months after his release, he was well on the way. He had robbed eight banks successfully and was richer by over \$100,000.

Cocky and confident of his unfailing luck, he smuggled guns and a getaway chart over the walls of the Indiana Prison to his former cronies. However, when the convicts made their escape on September 26, 1933 Dillinger was not on hand to greet them. He had been captured by the Ohio police for bank robbery and placed in the County Jail at Lima, Ohio.

Undaunted by the news, three of the convicts, Harry Pierpont, Russell Clark and Charles Makley, decided to return John's favor to them and rescue him from the law.

On the night of October 12, 1933, they descended on Sheriff Sarber's office at Lima, shot the Sheriff and, using the buttofa pistol, beat him into unconsciousness. After freeing Dillinger, they fled.

Dangerous living came easily to Dillinger and his colleagues as they embarked on a pillage of the midwest. Joined by John Hamilton, a fellow escapee from the Indiana Prison, they forced their way into two Indiana police departments, seizing machine guns, rifles, revolvers, bulletproof vests and a load of ammunition.

Continuing their forced march, they swooped down on the Greencastle, Indiana, bank. Greedy hands divided the \$74,000 in loot. On November 20, Dillinger, Makley, Hamilton and Pierpont robbed the American Bank & Trust Co. at Racine and escaped with \$28,000.

Arrogantly bearing their weapons of death, they descended on Chicago. Here, the Big Business of Crime" after reviewing their background and qualifications meticulously, set the official seal of approval on them. The Dillinger mob met the big shots of underworld society-the Barker boys and their "Na"; "Old Creepy" Karpis, Eddie Green and scores of ambitious criminal proteges.



ORIGINAL DILLINGER GANG, RUSSELL CLARK, WHO ESCAPED FROM THE INDIANA STATE PRISON IN SEPTEMBER, 1933, WAS ALSO CONVICTED FOR THE MURDER OF THE SHERIFF AT LIMA AND RE-CEIVED A SENTENCE OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT. HE IS THE ONLY MEMBER OF THE ORIGINAL GANG WHO IS STILL ALIVE.

THE 33-YEAR-OLD MEMBER OF THE - PHOTOGRAPH RELEASED BY THE WARDEN OF THE INDIANA STATE PRISON AFTER CHARLES MAKLEY'S ESCAPE ON SEPTEMBER 26, 1933. MAKLEY, AFTER HIS CAPTURE IN TUCSON ON JANUARY 25, 1934, WITH DILLINGER, CLARK AND PIERPONT, WAS RETURNED TO OHIO AND CONVICTED FOR THE MURDER OF THE LIMA, OHIO SHERIFF, RECEIVING A DEATH SENTENCE. ON SEPTEMBER 22, 1934, MAKLEY WAS KILLED IN AN ATTEMPTED ESCAPE FROM PRISON.

HARRY PIERPONT, ESCAPED CONVICT WHO ALSO PARTICIPATED IN THE MURDER OF THE LIMA, OHIO SHER-IFF. WAS CONVICTED FOR THIS MURDER AND RECEIVED THE DEATH SENTENCE. IN LESS THAN A MONTH AFTER BEING WOUNDED IN THE ATTEMPTED BREAK FROM PRISON IN WHICH MAKLEY WAS KILLED, PIERPONT WAS EXECUTED. DATE WAS OCTOBER 17, 1934.

Fawning sycophants, living off the ganglords plentiful supply of blood money, offered their services--casual women, over-night shelter, mutilated fingerprints, a new nose, wigs, hair dyes, legal advice, "tommy" guns, high-powered cars, good liquor The fee was staggering but the service was unexcelled and unrivalled.

The gang, however, did not tarry very long in Chicago. John Hamilton's trigger finger had nervously sent a blast of gunfire at a local Police Detective who had cornered him in a garage. On the officer's death, the "boys" left town to spare their underworld pals any possible inquisition from probing law enforcement officials.



terrore de la completación de la como en entra collegación de la completación de la collegación del collegación de la collegación de la collegación del collegación de la collegación de la collegación de la collegación de la collegación del collegación del collegación del collegación del collegación

Death was a ready companion as they continued pursuing their criminal careers. It struck

again, one month later, January 15, 1934, in East Chicago, Indiana. This time it was John Dillinger who loosed a hail of lead at a policeman. The gang had been in the midst of robbing the First National Bank at East Chicago when the officer intruded. Scooping up two thousand dollars in currency, they set out for Florida to "cool off."

The "women" came along on this trip, too. John Dillinger'sparamour, 27-year-old Evelyn Frechette, the wife of a former gangster associate; Harry Pierpont's girl, Mary Kinder, and Russell Clark's woman, Opal Long.

For a few days the tropical clime appeased the excitement-crazed gang but it soon wore off. En masse, they travelled to Tucson, Arizona.

Registering at a local hotel under assumed names, they continued their gay round of nightlife. A fire at the hotel cut short their celebration. Observing firemen, recognizing the gangsters from their pictures in a detective magazine, notified the Tucson police. Dillinger, Pierpont, Clark and Makley, caught unawares, were arrested promptly. Dillinger under heavy guard was whisked off to Crown Point, Indiana, to await trial for the murder of the East Chicago officer. The other three were returned to Ohio and convicted for the murder of the Sheriff at Lima, Ohio. Of the original gang, Hamilton, alone, was unapprehended. Severely wounded in the East Chicago bank robbery, he was convalescing in Chicago with Pat Cherrington, his paramour, at the time of the Tucson raid.

THE FBI GOES ON THE TREE OF JOHN DILLINGER

The nation breathed a sigh of relief with the news of Dillinger's capture in Tucson. John Dillinger had become just a little too "exciting." The mantle of glamor and intrigue was slipping away. Now he was known as a killer -a man with cold eyes and sneering lips who ruthlessly cut down any obstacle in his path.

On March 3, 1934, John Dillinger escaped again. This time he subdued the Crown Point prison guards by using a wooden gun - whittled from a washboard and daubed with shoe polish. The ruse worked and Dillinger, seizing the Sheriff's car, fled from Indiana to Illinois.

On receiving the news of Dillinger's spectacular break, the Federal Bureau of Investigation swept into action. This was the "loophole" they had been waiting for. In stealing the Sheriff's car, John Dillinger had violated the National Motor Vehicle Theft Act. At last this notorious public enemy was within the investi-

gative jurisdiction of the FBI.

Teletypes clicked urgently to all field offices... "Cover all leads seeking apprehension of John Dillinger"...FBI Identification Orders, giving the criminal's fingerprints, description, photo, criminal record, found their way into the hands of every law enforcement official in the country...All known relatives, close friends and contacts of Dillinger were placed under surveillance...Inspector Sam Cowley was made directly responsible for the Dillinger investigation...

THE NEW DILLINGER GANG

John Dillinger fled in the Sheriff's car to Chicago. There he sought the "professional services" offered so liberally once before. The underworld was receptive but firm. It could take care of the fugitive but now with the "G-Men" cracking down on him the price would be twice as much. Criminal contacts were not eager to risk their profitable business without some "risk insurance.

Three days later, March 6, 1934, a carload of gangsters descended on the Security National Bank at Sioux Falls, South Dakota. When the smoke from the criminals' guns cleared, \$49,500 was missing and Motorcycle Patrolman Hale Keith was found shot.

The FBI picked up the rumor spreading along the underworld grapevine. "John Dillinger has a new mob. They pulled off the Slow Falls job. Their names - Baby Face Nelson, Homer Van Meter, Tommy Carroll and Dillinger's old convict buddy, John Hamilton... * Special Agents redoubled their efforts to trace down every lead which might give them an inkling of the desperados' hideouts.

' Meanwhile, the new Dillinger gang hastened on to St. Paul. Here they were introduced to the famous underworld host, Harry Sawyer. Sawyer, with the aid of Eddie Green, member of the Barker-Karpis gang, hustled around getting the gang appropriate living accommodations. Green found an apartment one block from his own for Dillinger and Evelyn Frechette. Apartments were also secured for Lester Gillis, alias "Baby Face"



DILLINGER GANG IN

INTO CUSTODY BY AGENTS ON JUNE 2, 1934, WAS: SENTENCED TO TWO YEARS IN A FEDERAL PENITEN-

Nelson, his wife, Helen Gillis. and their fiveyear-old son; Tommy Carroll and his paramour, Jean Delaney, the sister of Dolores Delaney, who was the current mistress of Alvin "Old Creepy" Karpis at the time; Homer Van Meter and his woman, Marie Conforti; and John Hamilton and his sweetheart, twice-married Pat Cherrington.

Seven days after the Sioux Falls bank robbery, March 13, 1934, Dillinger and the "boys" swooped down on the First National Bank at Mason City, Iowa. This time the "swag" amounted to over \$52,000. But in the ensuing gun battle with local authorities, John Dillinger and Hamilton were injured.

Returning to St. Paul that night, the gang sent out an urgent appeal along the underground route for a doctor to treat their bullet wounds. One of Harry Sawyer's former bootleggers, Pat Reilly, offered to furnish the doctor.

Midnight found the obsequious Reilly ushering John Dillinger and Hamilton into the hallway of the Reilly's family physician. The unsuspecting doctor, roused from sleep, made a cursory examination of the gangsters' wounds, advised them that their injuries were only superficial and treated them accordingly. Standing guard over the doctor's house while his buddies were within was Homer Van Meter with a machine gun concealed under his coat.

DISSENSION IN THE RANKS

A brief vacation from crime soon healed the wounds of the two gangsters. But there was a new tension in the air now. It even permeated the impregnable spirit of John Dillinger. The tension revolved around "Baby Face" Nelson. For the first time. Dillinger came in contact with a

man who challenged his aut ty. The rest of the mob, except Nelson's bude, John Chase, disliked and feared "Baby Face" intensely, Dillin ger found himself sharing the common opinion and resenting the mutual conspiracy which the gang always engaged in when splitting a large "take" after pulling off a bank robbery. "Baby Face", unaware, that it had been arranged purposely, was always placed in the middle of the room and allowed to count and divide the loot. The rest of the gang sat around facing him. They expected at any time that Nelson might try to shoot them and take the entire amount. He was noted for his insatiable greed and love of blood. Dillinger resolved to break with Nelson after the

next, profitable job.

The "G" heat, however, prevented further dissension among the gang. It had grown into an intense blaze as the men of the FBI, working day and night, continued their patient, probing investigation. On March 31, 1934, it almost

caught up with the mob....

Word had been received the evening of March 30 from the manager of a St. Paul apartment house that the tenants in one of her apartments were acting suspiciously. Immediately, FBI Agents contacted the manager in person. Her story, based largely on generalities, was carefully checked. An all-night surveillance was kept on the apartment house. No suspicious activities, however, were noted. Photographs of numerous criminals were exhibited to the manager. She identified none. Consequently, the next moming, a Special Agent accompanied by a local police officer proceeded to the apartment for a routine questioning of its occupants.

They knocked on the door. Several moments elapsed before the door was pulled open by an attractive, red-haired woman. Her eyes widened with alarm as she stared at them. Before they could speak, she slammed the door shut and pulled the iron latch.

The Agent, sensing the unnatural furtiveness of the strange young woman, raced to the stairs to put in a call for additional men. On the way down, he almost collided with a dapper young man entering the hallway. Suspicious of the stranger's actions, the Agent asked him his business. The young man answered pleasantly that he was a soap salesman. Still not completely satisfied the FBI man began to follow the retreating stranger, who suddenly ducked into a doorway leading to the basement and pulled a gun. Facing the Agent, he snarled. "You asked for it, so I'll give it to you now." Spraying the lobby with bullets, the "soap salesman," alias Homer Van Meter, dashed down the basement stairs and out the back entrance. Unhurt, the Agent rushed to a phone and called the St. Paul office as the chatter of a machine gun from the second floor reached his ears. While additional Agents were en route to the apartment house, Evelyn Frechette and John Dillinger fled through the rear entrance, covering their retreat with murderous machine gun fire. In the exchange of gunfire between the Agent and the fleeing gangster, Dillinger was hit in the leg just above the knee.



Dillinger's narrow escape on March 31 marked the beginning of the end for the notorious fugitive. Former contacts, harborers, friends, began to attempt disappearing acts-- only to be rooted out by the patiently, probing FBI. Fodie Green was the first. Comered by the "G-Men" in a St. Paul apartment on April 3, he had chosen to fight rather than surrender. He died from the gunshot wounds a week later. Next located was the doctor who had treated the flesh wound in Dillinger's leg after his escape from the St. Paul apartment. He proved to be Dr. Clayton E. May, a Minneapolis physician, whose chief practice consisted in performing illegal operations. The trail led to the home of Dr. May's practical murse. FBI Agents discovered that Dillinger and Evelyn Frechette had remained in hiding there while the fugitive's leg was being treated.

The day after the shooting of Eddie Green, Dillinger and Evelyn Frechette fled to Mooresville, Indiana, with the FBI following close behind them. Here, Dillinger's family harbored the desperate couple. Several days later they moved on to Chicago. But the men of the FBI were waiting there, too. Dillinger got away but his stormy mistress was not so fortunate. One month later, she faced a Federal penitentiary and fined \$1,000 for harboring John Dillinger. Dr. May was also found guilty at this time and received a similar sentence. The pertinacious probing of the FBI was beginning to pay off.

Fully realizing the difficulty of trying to apprehend a man protected on all sides by unscrupulous members of the crime empire, FBI Agents bore down on their drive to locate every contact and "fixer" connected with the gang. The cooperation of all local law enforcement agencies was solicited. They were asked to immediately report any suspicious activities in their districts to the Federal authorities. Citizens were warned to be on the alert for a man with a mole between his eyebrows and a prominent cleft in his chin. Agents were posted in crimeinfested Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Reno... the trail often led from a word dropped carelessly by a cheap thug in a Chicago poolroom, to an exclusive St. Paul night club, on to a garage in Reno and back to a "bawdy" house, located in the Chicago slums.

Similarly, the FBl picked up the rumor travelling along the underworld grapevine that Dillinger and Nelson were together again. They had met by pre-arrangement in Kentucky and renewed their alliance. A known contact of the gang furnished another lead. The Dillinger crowd had been seen at a resort operated by a "shady" citizen of the underworld in Fox River Grove, Illinois. Rumor had it that the Barker-Karpis gang had also been sheltered there during their flight from the G-Men. They descended on Fox River Grove. Too late. The gang had fled.

THE THE STEET OF THE STEET OF PERSON SEEDS BEFORE THE PROPERTY OF PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON OF THE PE

INVESTIGATOR

MARCH 1945

THE RAID ON LITTLE BOHEMIA

On April 22, shortly after noon, another "tip" reached the FBI. The Dillinger gang with their paramours were located at a summer resort in Wisconsin called the Little Bohemia Lodge. Shortly before dusk on the same day, a plane landed at Rhinelander, Wisconsin. A group of Agents stepped out. But disheartening news greeted them. Word had been received that the gang was planning to leave the resort that evening. Plans for a raid at dawn were instantly discarded. The time to attack was now.

Renting the town's antiquated and only available cars, Agents proceeded to drive the fifty miles to Little Bohemia. Two of the cars broke down on the way. Crowding into the remaining

cars, they drove on.

As the cars turned into the lane, leading to the resort, headlights were extinguished. Dogs, however, stationed around the grounds, annumced

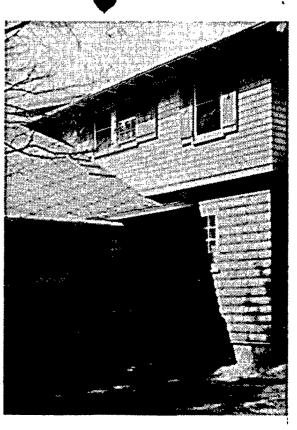
their arrival with shrill yelps.

The men of the FBI swarmed out of the cars and made their way on foot toward the brilliant-ly-lit lodge. They surrounded it - in front and on both sides. According to information they had received, a lake to the rear of the lodge,

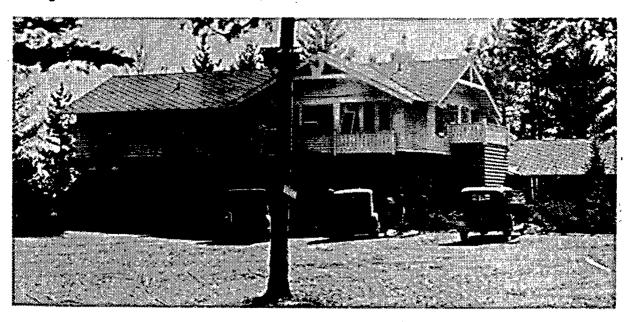
cut off escape from that quarter.

But the information was faulty. While Tommy Carroll enthusiastically pumped lead at the "G-Men" from the roof and the "women" screamed hysterically, four men slipped silently out the back of the lodge and along a narrow embankment invisible to the Agents. Dillinger, Nelson, Hamilton and Van Meter, later joined by the panting Carroll, fled into the protective shelter of the woods as Agents stormed the lodge with barrages of machine gun fire and tear gas.

When the fumes lifted, three women were found - Helen Gillis, Marie Conforti and Jean Delaney. The rest of the gang had escaped leaving their "molls" to take the rap.



SOUTH SIDE OF LITTLE BOHEMIA LODGE SHOWING WINDOW AND ROOF USED IN ESCAPE. FOUR BULLET HOLES CAN BE SEEN BELOW AND TO RIGHT OF WINDOW WITH BROKEN SCREEN. THESE BULLET HOLES INDICATE FIRING FROM ROOF TOWARD AGENTS. ONE MAN WAS SEEN TO DROP FROM ROOF NEAR THE DOUBLE GLASS DOORS.

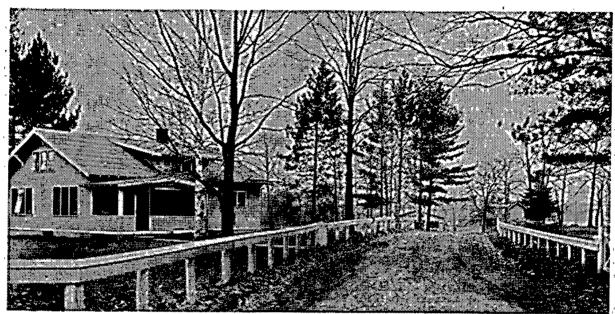


ENTRANCE TO THE LITTLE BOHEMIA LODGE RAIDED BY FBI AGENTS ON THE EVENING OF APRIL 22, 1934, IN AN ATTEMPT TO APPREHEND THE DILLINGER GANG.

INVESTIGATOR

MARCH 1945





ROAD ON WHICH SPECIAL AGENT W. CARTER BAUM WAS SHOT AND KILLED BY "BABYFACE" NELSON ON THE NIGHT OF THE BOHEMIA RAID. TWO OTHER OFFICERS, AN FBI AGENT AND A CONSTABLE, WERE SERIOUSLY INJURED AT THIS TIME.BY NELSON.

During the firing on the resort Special Agents W. Carter Baum and J. C. Newman, accompanied by a police officer, had been dispatched to a nearby farm house in order to get in touch by phone with additional Agents who had arrived in Phinelander by car.

Driving up the highway they noticed a small, low car with its lights on, parked near the farm house. As the Agents stopped their automobile, a man darted out from the left side of the parked car and confronted them with an automatic. It was "Baby Face" Nelson. Holding the gun even with the door, four inches away from the car, he shouted, "I know you have bullet-proof vests on. I'll shoot you in the head. Get out of that var."

As Agent Newman stepped off the running board of the car and reached for his gun, Nelson turned on him, snarling. "I'll kill you." The automatic barked.

Newman dropped; the bullet, striking him in the forehead, knocked him semiconscious.

Simultaneously, the killer turned his gun on the other two officers, alighting from the car. Agent Baum crumpled to the ground instantly killed and the Constable slumped over, severely wounded.

Seizing the officer's car, Nelson drove off wildly into the night.

The brital slaying of Agent Baum and the serious injuries sustained by the other two officers farmed public sentiment into a blaze. Dillinger. Nelson and their colleagues must be caught. The FBI's search for the desperados became a nationwide manhant as local law enforcement agencies throughout the country pooled their forces with those of the Federal government in an all out effort to wipe out the Dillinger plague.



SPECIAL AGENT W. CARTER BAUM WHO WAS KILLED BY "BABYFACE" NELSON DURING THE LITTLE BOHEMIA RAID. AGENT BAUM AT THE TIME OF HIS DEATH WAS TWENTY-NINE YEARS OF AGE, MARRIED AND HAD TWO CHILDREN.

INVESTIGATOR

MARCH 194

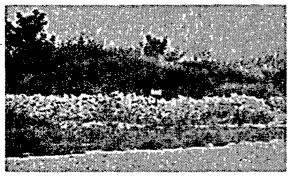
Death also followed the Dillinger gang in their flight from the "G-Men". On the day following the Bohemia Raid, police officers near South St. Paul, Minnesota, engaged John Dillinger, Homer Van Meter and John Hamilton in a running gun battle. Although the fugitives escaped, John Hamilton was badly wounded.

Dillinger rushed him to Chicago. Lodging his fallen henchman in a Chicago saloon, he appealed for help through the crime syndicate. But the underworld turned thumbs down. Dillinger was advised to take his buddy and leave town immediately. They were too "hot."

The fugitive contacted the Barker-Karpis gang's physician, Dr. Joseph Moran. The "good doctor," not being on friendly terms with Dillinger at the time, refused to render any aid.

Desperately, Dillinger turned to the Barker-Karpis gang-also on the underworld's black list because of too much "G" heat. "Doc" Barker came to the rescue and offered shelter. But lack of medical attention had aggravated Hamilton's wounds. Gangrene set in. He grew steadily worse. Tendays after the Bohemia Raid, he died.

A hasty conference was held by Dillinger and the Barker-Karpis gang. A burial place had to be decided upon fast. Hamilton, dead was a "hot" corpse. A grave was agreed upon - a gravel pit, six miles south of Aurora, Illinois. John Hamilton was buried that evening; his funeral cortege included John Dillinger, Homer Van Meter, Volney Davis, "Doc" Barker, William Weaver and Harry Campbell. Lye was poured over his face to prevent identification in case the body was ever found.



GRAVEL PIT NEAR OSWEGO, ILLINOIS, IN WHICH BODY OF JOHN HAMILTON WAS FOUND BY SPECIAL AGENTS OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION ON AUGUST 28, 1935. EXAMINATION OF THE BODY DISCLOSED A LARGE BULLET HOLE IN THE BACK ABOUT ONE AND ONE-FOURTH INCHES IN DIAMETER LOCATED AT A POINT ABOUT ONE INCH ABOVE THE BELT AND ABOUT ONE-HALF INCH TO THE LEFT OF THE CENTER OF THE SPINE WHICH HAD RUPTURED THE SPINAL COLUMN BUT HAD NOT PENETRATED IT. THERE WAS NO INDICATION THAT A DRAIN HAD BEEN PLACED IN THE WOUND SUCH AS WOULD HAVE BEEN THE PRACTICE OF AN ATTENDING THE DENTIST IN THE INDIANA STATE PRISON POSITIVELY IDENTIFIED THE TEETH REMOVED FROM THE BODY AS BEING THE TEETH OF JOHN HAMIL-TON UPON WHICH HE HAD PERSONALLY WORKED WHILE HAMILTON WAS INCARCERATED IN THE PRISON.

With their dead companion safely buried, Dillinger and Van Meter returned to Chicago. The underworld czars had relented and lifted the "ban" somewhat. They sent out "feelers" for Nelson and the rest of the gang to join them as soon as possible.

Meanwhile, they hid out in the home of James Probasco, an ex-convict, in Chicago. Their host received \$35 a day for his hospitality. But John Dillinger soon grew restless. He liked people, good times, movies, dancing. There was nothing he could do now but remain in hiding, playing poker with Van Meter and pacing the floor. On occasions when he could stand the suppression no longer, he burst out of the house as soon as night fell. After roaming dark streets for hours he returned weary.

Probasco worried about Dillinger's night walks. He consulted Louis P. Piquett, Dillinger's crooked attorney. The lawyer offered sage advice. "You've gotta get a new face, John. You can't keep going out like that if you don't. People will recognize you. Probasco will get in trouble and I'll lose my best client. Now - I'know of a doc...."

Dillinger agreed to a new face. Piquette secured the services of a Dr. William Loeser, a parole violator for a Federal Narcotics conviction. Dr. Bernard Cassidy, another Chicago physician, was engaged to act as a male nurse.



DILLINGER'S ATTORNEY, LOUIS P. PIQUETTE, WHO ARRANGED FOR THE FACIAL OPERATIONS FOR DILLINGER AND VAN-METER, WAS TAKEN INTO CUSTODY BY-FBI AGENTS ON AUGUST 31, 1934. CONVICTED ON MARBORING CHIVED A SENTENCE OF TWO YEARS IN THE UNITED'STATES PENITENTIARY AT LEAVENWORTH, KAN-SAS, AND A FINE OF SIO.OOG. AFTER HIS CONVICTION ME WAS DISBARRED,

TWO DAYS AFTER THE DEATH OF JOHN DILLINGER, FBI AGENTS TOOK
INTO CUSTODY DR. WILLIAM LOESER. HE WAS
CORVICTED ON CHARGES
OF MARBORING DILLINGER
AND VAN METER AND WAS
SENTENCED TO SERVE
ME WAS THEN CODERED
RETURNED TO THE UNITED
STATES PENITENTIARY
AT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS,
TO SERVE THE BALANCE
OF A THREE-YEAR SENTENCE FOR VIOLATION

OF THE RARCOTIC LAV.

ON WHICH HE WAS PREVIOUSLY PAROLED. OR. HAROLD CASSIDY WAS ALSO APPRENENDED AT THIS TIME AND SENTENCED TO SERVE ELEVENMONTHS ON THE DILLINGER INDICTMENT. HIS SENTENCE WAS SUBSEQUENTLY SUSPENDED AND HE WAS PLACED ON PROBATION FOR ONE YEAR.

The operation took place in Probasco's home. It cost John Dillinger \$5,000 and almost his life. Cassidy nervously administered too much

TO BE STOLEN OF A STOLEN AS TO SEND A STOLEN AND A STOLEN A

ether. Dillinger stopped breaking. For several seconds, Van Neter, Probasco, Piquette and Cassidy stared helplessly at the still face. They called frantically to Loeser who had been washing his hands in the bathroom. Seizing his instruments, Dr. Loeser applied emergency treatment.

Death was cheated at that moment. The doctor's quick action restored life to Dillinger. He gasped and began to breath slowly. The operation proceeded but only local anesthetics were administered.

Several days later, Van Meter submitted to a similar "face-lifting." The price was the same - \$5000. Included with it was the crude mutilation of the finger bulbs of both Van Meter and Dillinger in an unsuccessful attempt to destroy their fingerprints.

While convalescing in Probasco's home, Dillinger received disheartening news. Pat Cherrington, former girl friend of John Hamilton, had been seized by the FBI and sentenced to two years. The "G-Men" had also picked up Pat Reilly, the St. Paul bootlegger who had run errands

for the gang. He directived a year and a month in a Federal penitentiary and a fine of \$2500.

Still more dismaying was the news about Tommy Carroll. Carroll was dead. He had been killed by the police while resisting arrest. Jean Delaney had been with him at the time. She had been sentenced to one year in prison.

Dillinger vowed that as soon as his operation healed, he would restore order to his disintegrating forces. "Baby Face" Nelson was contacted. He agreed to meet Dillinger and Van Meter in front of a schoolhouse on the outskirts of Chicago.

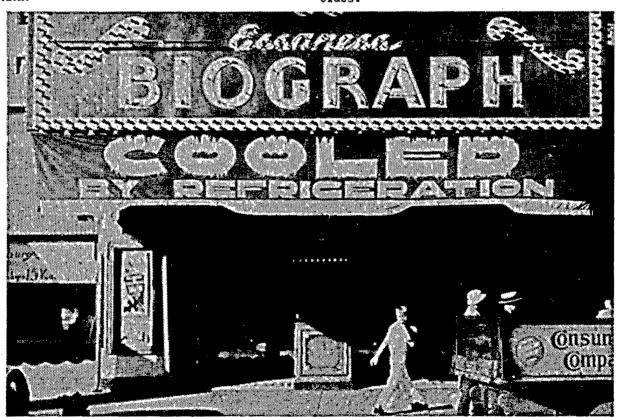
On June 29, 1934, the meeting took place. While one of Nelson's mobsters patrolled the highway, armed with a machine gun, the remnants of the Dillinger gang discussed what was to be their last undertaking together.

They struck the next day in South Bend, Indiana. Dillinger, carrying a "tommy" gun, led seven men into the Merchants National Bank. They seized \$28,000 and left one dead police officer and two wounded bystanders.

THE DEATH OF JOHN DILLINGER

But death was trailing John Dillinger as he headed back to Chicago to celebrate. With his mole and dimples removed, hair dyed black and a mustache, he was confident that he could mingle safely in crowded Chicago without fear of detection.

Dillinger looked for a woman to help him spend his share of the loot. He found not one but two - a Chicago waitress and the keeper of a house of ill-repute. They embarked on a gay round of nightlife - movies, dancing, night clubs.



THE BIOGRAPH THEATER IN CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, WHERE JOHN DILLINGER SPENT THE LAST HOURS OF HIS LIFE SEEING A GANGSTER PICTURE "MANHATTAN MELODRAMA" WITH TWO WOMEN COMPANIONS ON THE NIGHT OF JULY 22, 1934.

On a warm Sunday every g, July 22, 1934, Dillinger decided to take as two companions to see the latest gangster picture at the neighbor-hood theater called, "Manhattan Melodrama."

The women chatted pleasantly as Dillinger drove the car rapidly through the darkened streets. Parking a block from the Biograph Theater, they proceeded to walk toward the brilliantly-illuminated marquee. Other late arrivers fell in behind them. It was almost. nine o'clock.

Dillinger chose seats down front. His women companions sat on each side. For an hour and a half, they watched with rapt attention as Clark Gable portrayed the ruthless gangster, bucking the law and finally meeting death in the electric chair.

At ten-thirty, the doors of the theater swung open. Crowds of movie patrons shuffled out into the warm, sticky night. In groups of twos and threes they sauntered idly down Lincoln Avenue, chatting excitedly about the film, remarking on the heat.

At length, Dillinger, his straw hat set jauntily on his head and trailed slightly by his companions, emerged and began walking down the Avenue.

A man, standing slightly apart from the thinning crowd at the theater's entrance, struck a match and lit a cigar.

That was the

Acting on a "tip" that John Dillinger would attend the Biograph Theater that evening, FBI Agents had waited patiently for the appearance of their quarry. The lit cigar meant Dillinger had been positively identified. The crude plastic surgery on which he based his anonymity had proved a frail mask, easily shattering under the observing eyes of the FBI.

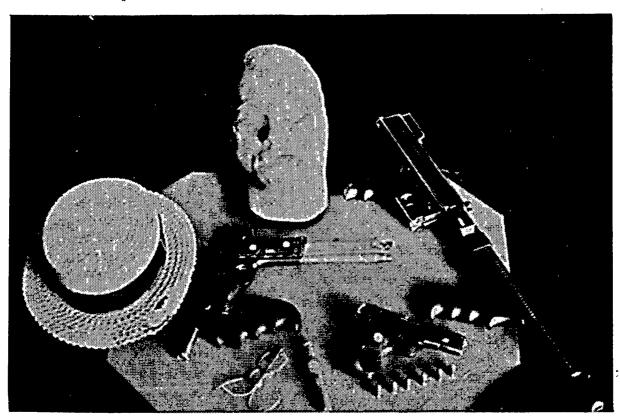
Instantly, Special Agents and members of the East Chicago, Indiana, police force, under the leadership of Inspector Samuel Cowley, began closing in on all sides. Dillinger, apparently, unaware of their approach, continued walking toward his car.

Suddenly, he hesitated, glancing swiftly over his shoulder. "G-Wen!"

Dillinger began to run and his hand automatically reached for his gun. He turned into the protective darkness of an alley. They were behind him.

The fugitive raised his gun to fire. Several shots rang out. Dillinger gasped and collapsed on the walk -- a bullet through his head and two in his chest.

Agents turned the gangster over on his back and gazed soberly down at the still features. John Dillinger, notorious public enemy, who had crammed a lifetime of crime into fifteen short months, was dead.



THE DEATH MASK AND PERSONAL BELONGINGS OF JOHN DILLINGER EXHIBITED AT FBI HEADQUARTERS IN CONNECTION WITH THE DILLINGER, CASE.

(In April Issue - The End of "Baby Face" Nelson.) **** ****

INVESTIGATOR

The 1884 J. Charles with 1880 or his grant Cale in a processor at each figure in a particular continues and a c



\$5,000.00 REWARD

AUTO \
THEFT

ROBBERY

BOOTLEGGING

MURDER

LESTER M. GILLIS

ALIASES: GEORGE NELSON, "BABY FACE" NELSON, ALEX GILLIS, LESTER GILES, "JIMMY WILLIAMS", "BIG GEORGE" NELSON, "JIMMIE".

The year 1934 was significant in FBI Annals for it marked the conclusion of the kaleidoscopic careers of some of the most notorious "public enemies" of the day. By the end of July, four of the Dillinger gang had met death while resisting arrest—Tommy Carroll, Eddie Green, "Red" Hamilton—John Dillinger.

With the demise of Dillinger the FBI spotlight focused on the remaining fugitives at large -- Homer Van Meter, John Chase and "Baby Face" Nelson.

LESTER GILLIS ALIAS "BABY FACE" NELSON

In 1934 Federal Fugitive George "Baby Face" Nelson was a five-foot-four, one hundred and thirty-five-pound bundle of dynamite. The sight of any law enforcement officer, particularly a "G-man," acted on him like a detonator. His slate-colored eyes would darken with hatred and his gun-hand would come into a "quick draw" position.

INVESTIGATOR

APRIL 1945

ENCLOSURE 94-3-2-132X

Nelson, contrary to per ar opinion, did not achieve notoriety over night through mere association with John Dillinger. George Nelson was a polished professional in crime long before he joined the ranks of the Dillinger gang.

His criminal career dated back to his youth in Chicago. It was there under his birth name— Lester Joseph Gillis—that he served his under-

world apprenticeship.

By the time Lester Gillis was fourteen, he had mastered the technique of car theft. Dubbed "Baby Face" by his gang due to his juvenile appearance, he ventured to try out his technique.

But the local authorities halted him abruptly. The fourteen-year-old Gillis was convicted of a car robbery and placed in a home for boys in 1922.

Released on parole two years later, he plunged back into his former "light-fingered" habits. Less than five months after his release, he was returned to the "Home" on a similar charge of car theft.

Lester Gillis was placed on probation ten months later. Again he returned to his chosen profession. And again, the law caught up with him. Gillis became the reform school's "star

boarder" for another twelve months.

On June 11, 1926, he was released on parole for the third time: Assuming the name, George "Baby Face" Nelson, he determined to acquire a more versatile knowledge of illegal rackets. At 18, Nelson had progressed from tire stealing to running stills and bootlegging. The liquor racket netted him quite a profit until one of his associates, hired to cook mash, stole most of the alcohol.

Quitting the liquor racket, Nelson turned to stick-ups, specializing in armed robbery. He was quite successful for a short while and engineered a series of profitable holdups.

By June of '31, 23-year-old "Baby Face" Nelson was a veteran crook. His early adolescent appearance had long since been replaced by the slick, hard shell of the cheap Chicago thug. And the bane of his crooked existence-coppers!

But as before, the law caught up with Nelson once more. Convicted on a robbery charge he was sentenced from one year to life in the

Illinois State Penitentiary.

Prison life with its many restrictions did not hold any interest for the aspiring Nelson. Seven months after his imprisonment, February of '32, while being returned to the Illinois Penitentiary after standing trial in Wheaton, Illinois, for another robbery charge and receiving an additional sentence of from one year to life, he broke loose.

As the taxicab neared the prison gates, "Baby Face" Nelson pulled a gun, smuggled to him during the trial, on the prison guard and

forced him to unlock his handcuffs.

Then sticking the gun into the taxicab driver's back, Nelson ordered him to drive on. On the outskirts of Chicago both guard and driver were shoved out of the car and George Nelson took over the wheel. His destination—Reno, Nevada.

Joined by his nineteen-year-old wife,

Helen Gillis, and their young son, Nelson sought refuge with the "king pin" of the Reno underworld. The latter received them warmly and was lavish in his hospitality.



MRS. HELEN GILLIS, WIFE OF "BABY FACE" NELSON, WHO SHARED IN HER HUSBAND'S CRIMINAL CAREER UNTIL HIS DEATH.

Shortly thereafter, Mr. and Mrs. "Baby Face", bearing a letter of introduction indorsed by the Reno "big shot", set out for San Francisco.

There - the "introductory note" provided Nelson with an open sesame into a liquor smuggling gang. The rollcall of the gang read like a San Francisco police line-up--Anthony "Soap" Mareno, Louis Tambini, Joseph "Fatso" Negri and John Paul Chase.

An immediate friendship sprung up between Nelson and Chase. Thirty-one-year-old John Chase took the youthful desperado under his wing and introduced him to the California crime confederacy as his half-brother. Nelson in turn soon exerted his dominating personality over the illiterate Chase, a typical local hoodlum, whose formal education had consisted of five years of grade school and a post-graduate course in bootlegging and petty racketeering.

While not actively engaged in liquor-running Nelson acted as a "strong-arm" chauffeur for his Reno pal. He soon made the accuaintance of Reno's crime club and became an honorary member.

In September of '32, Mrs. "Baby Face" became ill. Nelson was frantic. He realized that a reputable hospital would be dangerous territory for the wife of an escaped convict.

He turned to his underworld pals. They

APRIL 194

INVESTIGATOR

gave him the name of Tobe Parliams, head of the Vallejo General Hospital in California. Nelson was tipped off that Williams was a "right guy", who would be glad to take care of Helen. His patients included "Ma" Barker and Alvin Karpis. He was smart too. Had his whole community thinking he was a philanthropist and political leader. Only a chosen few of the underworld were aware of Williams' shady activities and that he was an ex-con like themselves who had served time in Montana for burglary.

Nelson rushedhis wife to Vallejo and made the acquaintance of Tobe Williams. It was to be a profitable friendship for Williams and a fortunate one for Nelson. Two years later "Baby Face" Nelson was harbored on several occasions when the G-men were searching for him by understanding Williams. Of course the fugitive had to pay plenty for the hospitality but that was

expected and unsuestioned.

NELSON ENTERTAINS THE DILLINGER GANG

In the spring of '33, Mr. and Mrs. Nelson returned east. Leaving Chase in control of the bootlegging activities, they journeyed to Indiana. A cottage at Long Beach on Lake Michigan was secured.

The Nelsons held "open house" that summer for their many criminal associates. Included among their week-end guests were four members of the

Dillinger gang.

Sociabilities continued on into the fall. On Thanksgiving day of '33, Mr. and Mrs. "Baby Face" accompanied by Homer Van Meter and his paramour, Marie Conforti, sat down to a sumptuous dinner at the home of a "hot gun bootlegger", H. S. Lebman, in San Antonio, Texas.

Eleven days later, however, they left San Antonio rather nurriedly. Tommy Carroll on that day, December 11, 1933, had engaged in a gun battle with the local police. Detective H. C. Perrow had been killed in the fray. Lebman, always a gracious host, permitted Carroll to make a change of clothing and effect an escape from his saddlery and harness shop.

cape from his saddlery and harness shop.

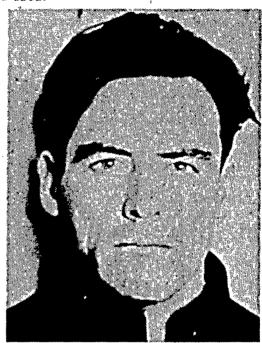
The Neisons proceeded on to San Francisco. There "Brby Face" resumed his association with John Chase and "Fatso" Negri. Shortly after, Helen Gillis became a patient again at the Vallejo General Hospital under the name of Helen Williams. Hospitalized for several weeks, she was visited daily by Nelson and their young son, Unsuspecting fellow patients at the hospital were duly impressed by the charming domestic scene which the Nelsons always created.

MURDER IN MINNEAPOLIS

On January 22, 1934, Nelson bought himself a new getaway car, a Hudson sedan. Nineteen thirty-four California license plates, #6-H-475, were secured and issued to him under the alias, James Rogers.

One month later, the Nelson entourage -- Mr. and Mrs. "Baby Face", their son, Nelson's mother, Mrs. Gillis, and John Chase moved on to Minneapolis, Minnesota. A few days afterward Theodore W. Kidder was shot and killed in Minneapolis. Eye witnesses to the murder observed

the killers' car, a son sedan with 1934 California license plate #6-H-475. When the license plate was checked, the name was found to be — James Rogers. The local authorities descended on the Rogers' apartment. Too late..... "Baby Face", his mother, wife, son and Chase had fled.



JOHN PAUL CHASE, CLOSE ASSOCIATE OF NELSON, APPREHENDED ON DECEMBER 27, 1934.

UNDERWORLD RUMOR CREDITS NELSON WITH ANOTHER MURDER

Bremerton, Washington, was the destination of the killers as they sped away from Minneapolis. Nelson had a sister living there. He decided to leave his offspring with her until the heat died down.

One week later Nelson, Helen, and Chase arrived in Reno, Nevada. That very night, March 22, 1934, Roy J. Frisch, a cashier for a Reno bank, disappeared and was never seen again.

A rumor trickled out of Reno.... "Baby Face" Nelson got rid of Frisch permanently... Yeah.... As a favor for the 'Boss'.... "Frisch had been an important government witness in a case involving the prosecution of the Reno "Boss" on a charge of using the mails to defraud.

With his debt to his Reno pal "paid off in full", Nelson accompanied by his wife and Chase hurriedly left Reno that evening and headed for San Francisco. On the following day, "Baby race" contacted his old crony, "Fatso" Negri.

A crisp one hundred dollar bill pressed in Negri's oily hand, sent the chunky racketeer hurrying off to clean up his pals' affairs. In Reno, Negri bustled around securing some clothes left behind in the killers' haste to cuit town. He also left Nelson's forwarding address with the underworld clique in case any of the Dillinger gang should wish to contact them.







ONE OF THE PICTURES OF JOHN PAUL CHASE WHICH WERE SECURED BY THE FBI FROM THE POSSESSIONS OF SALLY BACKMAN, CHASE'S SWEETHEART.

YAN METER'S PARAMOUR, MARIE JOSEPH RAYMOND "FATSO" NEGRI DEATH IN CHICAGO. SENTENCED TO SERVE ONE YEAR AND A DAY IN A FEDERAL PENITENTIARY AS A RESULT OF HER ASSOCIATION WITH THE GANG.

"MICKEY" CONFORTI, WHO WAS ASSOCIATE OF NELSON, WHO WAS TAKEN INTO CUSTODY BY FBI AGENTS INDICTED AND CONVICTED ON THREE DAYS AFTER VAN METER'S CHARGES OF HARBORING THE FUGI-SHE WAS TIVE. HE RECEIVED A SIX MONTHS! SENTENCE IN THE COUNTY JAIL.

G-MEN INTERRUPT NELSON'S VACATION AT LITTLE BOHEMIA

Meanwhile George Nelson and Helen Gillis proceeded to drive leisurely back to the midwest. On April 16, 1934, they arrived at the Crystal Ballroom at Fox River Grove, Illinois. There Dillinger, "Red" Hamilton, Van Meter, Tommy Carroll and their concubines were waiting for them.

A conference was called. Nelson and Dillinger agreed that the "G-heat" was getting too hot for comfort. They all needed a vacation in a spot far removed from the prying nose of the

The host of the Crystal Ballroom, a professional harborer of notorious criminals, offered his help. There was a resort in Manitowish, Wisconsin, called the Little Bohemia Lodge, He wrote a letter of introduction for the "boys" to the woman proprietor. Two days later the entire gang set out for their proposed vacation.

They found the Wisconsin lodge secluded, sturdy and sociable. There were plenty of drinks in the bar, poker at night, swimming and dancing during the day. It seemed like a per-fect "set up." Even Nelson began to relax.

It lasted only two days. G-men raided the lodge on the evening of April 22. In the ensuing escape, "Baby Face" murdered an FBI Agent and wounded another Agent, and a local officer.

His version of the killing as he bragged to his gangster pals was, "I saw some men sitting in an automobile. I got out of my car to ask them directions. When I came closer, I saw they were G-men. I let them have it. The fellow at the wheel slumped and the fellow who was getting out of the car from the side, I gave him a couple of slugs in the back. INVESTIGATOR

NELSON FLEES AFTER KILLING G-MAN

The gang split up after the Bohemia Raid. Nelson, Chase and Carroll "holed in" at Nelson's hideout at Lake Como, Wisconsin. They were joined shortly afterwards by Helen Gillis and Jean Delaney. The women, abandoned by the gang during the raid, had been apprehended. After pleading guilty to the indictment charging them with harboring Dillinger and Carroll, they had received probationary sentences. As soon as they were released, they had headed back to rejoin their men.

The remainder of the gang - Dillinger, Hamilton and Van Meter had proceeded to Chicago. Contact between the two factions was carried on via the underworld grapevine.



HOMER VAN METER, MEMBER OF THE DILLINGER GANG AND ASSOCIATE OF NELSON, KILL-ED WHILE RESIST-ING ARREST BY ST. PAUL POLICE OFFICERS ON AU-GUST 23, 1934.

APRIL 1945

But as the FBI continued its concentrated manhant for the fugitives, disturbing news began to trickle in from the underground route to Nelson. Former friends, contacts, harborers were being surveilled on a 24-hour basis by the G-men. The crime confederacies in Chicago, Reno, St. Paul were being blasted open by the "G-heat." G-men were closing in everywhere. Nelson found the price for bed, board and anonymity daily rising to stupendous heights.

On June 7, 1934, Tommy Carroll and Jean Delaney quit the Lake Como hideout. They headed for Waterloo, Iowa. Death was waiting there for Carroll. Ordered to surrender by local police, Carroll had pulled his gum. The police fired. Officers lifted the sobbing Jean Delaney away from the gangster's lifeless body, sprawled on the street.

Returned to Wisconsin, Jean Delaney's probation was revoked and she was sentenced to one year and a day in a federal penitentiary.

The news of Carroll's death enflamed the twisted mind of "Baby Face" Nelson. He momentarily considered descending on Waterloo and "getting the copper who got Carroll." But the instinct of self preservation was too strong. It cautioned prudence.

Burrowing even deeper in his hideout, the enraged Nelson called a hasty conference with Chase. Funds were running low. Money had to be obtained fast. Dillinger was contacted. "A reunion in Chicago? Right..."

On June 29, 1934, Nelson, Dillinger, Chase and Van Meter met. The next day, they robbed the South Bend, Indiana, bank.

Nelson and Chase parted from Dillinger and Van Meter jubilantly. They were \$13,000.00 richer.

THE 6-HEAT GETS HOTTER

Picking up Helen Gillis, Nelson and Chase set out for the west coast. It was a slow, tortuous trip. Driving by night, brief respites at highway tourist cabins, indigestible meals snatched in road houses, a constant gnawing suspicion of all strangers. "Baby Face" Nelson was beginning to find out just how warm the "G-heat" could be.

It was in one of the many nondescript cabins while en route that Nelson heard the radio flash on the night of July 22, 1934. "John Dillinger was killed by FBI Agents this evening while resisting arrest...Inspector Sam Cowley who successfully conducted the manhunt for Dillinger, has been appointed by J. Edgar Hoover, Director of the FBI, to carry on the hunt for Lester Gillis, alias George "Baby Face" Nelson....."

A cold chill swept over Nelson leaving him trembling. His wife stared at him with frightened eyes. Chase leaned over and snapped the radio off.

"Let's go," Nelson muttered. "We'll sleep in the car later."

It was time to move again -- to travel in an aimless pattern over the backroads of the West, constantly weaving, dodging, retracing routes.

A friend of the Nelsons was picked up

along the way, Jack rkins. He brought along his wife and three-year-old son. Domesticity was Nelson's idea. The men wore light-colored inexpensive trousers and soft white shirts open at the neck. The women -- cotton house dresses and short leather jackets. The Perkins baby was lulled to sleep on the back seat among the vast arsenal of tommy gurs, rifles, pistols, bullet proof vests and ammunition. No one looked twice at the carload of passengers with the smiling baby as the group covered the states of California and Nevada during the summer of '34.



JACK PERKINS, FRIEND OF GEORGE NELSON, WAS CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY TO HARBOR THE FUGITIVE AND SENTENCED TO TWO YEARS IN A FEDERAL PENITENTIARY AND A FINE OF \$1,000. PERKINS WAS ONE OF SEVENTEEN PERSONS INDICTED ON CHARGES OF HARBORING NELSON. TOBE WILLIAMS WAS ALSO APPREHENDED AND CONVICTED ON THIS CHARGE. HE RECEIVED A SENTENCE OF ONE YEAR AND A DAY AND A \$5,000 FINE. ANOTHER HARBORER, FRANK COCHRAN, THE RENO GARAGE OPERATOR, WAS TRIED AND CONVICTED ON APRIL 5, 1935, AND SENTENCED TO ONE YEAR AND A DAY AND A \$2,000 FINE.

On August 23, 1934, more bad news reached Nelson. Homer Van Meter had been killed on that day while resisting arrest by St. Paul Police officers. As Nelson savagely drove the dust covered car down the highway, his mind was flaming with the desire to "get those coppers." But again - caution overrode his impetuousness. He vented his thwarted rage on his passengers, Helen, Chase and the obliging Perkins.

On August 29, 1934, the Perkins family departed from the fugitives and Sally Backman, Chase's concubine from Sausalito, California, joined them.

Again, they set out. Their rambling itinerary included California, Nevada, Colorado, Kansas...Reaching St. Charles, Illinois, on September 10, John Chase and his sweetheart parted with the Nelsons temporarily. While

Mr. and Mrs. "Baby Face" Lined hidden in Illinois, John Chase and Sally Backman spent a short interlude in New York City. While there, Chase, under an assumed name, bought an Airflow DeSota sedan to use on the return trip West. Two days later - Sally Backman departed by plane for San Francisco. Her purpose-to destroy some old photographs of Chase she had left at home before the G-men found them.

But she arrived too late. By painstakingly sifting all information on Nelson's colleague, FBI Agents had uncovered the name of his para-

mour and secured the pictures.

Meanwhile John Chase drove his new car to California via Helena, Montana. At Helena he contacted a friend who rented a safety deposit box for him. Chase placed \$2,000 in the box, giving the keys to the friend.

He proceeded on to Reno and on October 10, 1934, rejoined the Nelsons and "Fatso" Negri. A Reno garage operator, Frank Cochran, arranged the meeting between Chase and Nelson. From Reno the entourage travelled to Hot Springs, Nevada, remaining there a week.

On October 24. 1934, Chase bought a Ford pick-up truck. A few days later, the fugitives with Helen Gillis piled into it and set out for their old status of the contract of th



"BABY FACE" NELSON AND JOHN PAUL CHASE. THIS IS THE ONLY KNOWN PICTURE OF THE FUGITIVES TAKEN TOGETHER.

But the sands of time were running out for them. The G-men under the zealous leadership of Inspector Samuel P. Cowley were countering the mobility of Nelson with a flexibility of investigative technique. Hourly, reports on all leads, tips and rumors embracing the nationwide manhant for the fugitives, flooded the Chicago Field Office. There, they were sorted, assembled and carefully checked by Inspector Cowley.

On the afternoon of November 27, 1934, one such lead made its way into the Chicago Office. A man resembling George "Baby Face" Nelson had

been seen in the vicinity of Lake Geneva, Wisconsin, that day. With him were another man and a woman.

Immediately, all Agents, covering leads in the Chicago vicinity, were alerted.....

THE END OF THE TRAIL

"Baby Face" was driving that afternoon. Helen beside him and John Chase in the rear. They were on the way to Chicago to meet "Fatso." As Nelson sent the car speeding down the

As Nelson sent the car speeding down the Northwest Highway, he noticed an automobile approach and pass them. He stared at its cccupants suspiciously.

"G-men!

Nelson thrilled with sadistic anticipation as he deftly manipulated the car in a sharp turn until it fell in behind the Bureau car.

Recognizing the fugitives in the car following them as Nelson and Chase, the two FBI men, who had been out covering a routine lead, raced their car down the highway with Nelson in hot pursuit. But the odds were against the "G-men." Chase was firing a rifle at them from the rear of the car. They could only retaliate with pistol fire.

A bullet from one of the Agent's gurs struck Nelson's motor. It slowed down and began to lose speed. Hoping to spread the alarm and secure additional manpower and firearms, the Agents sped away to the nearest town.

But in the meantime, acting on the latest tip that Nelson had left Lake Geneva and was heading toward Chicago, Inspector Cowley and Agent Hollis had taken to the main highway hoping to intercept the fugitive.

As they passed Nelson's car going in the opposite direction they recognized the occupants. Swinging their car around, the Agents sped after them.

The two cars raced along the highway. It was late afternoon. The road ahead was a smooth, unbroken pattern. There was no traffic. To the men of the FBI following closely behind the fugitives the task of apprehension was a perilous one. They realized Nelson would not submit without a fight. Backed up by his wife and Chase, he would be a snarling killer. It was too late now to call for additional Agents. Cowley and Hollis determined to do their utmost to apprehend their man.

But at that moment, Nelson suddenly swung his car off the main highway on to a side road and stopped abruptly. While Hollis vainly struggled to swing in behind the fugitive's car, Nelson, Chase and Helen Gillis jumped out of the car. By the time the Bureau car had skidded up the highway almost 150 feet and stopped, Nelson and Chase had taken up positions behind their car. Helen Gillis was lying prone in a nearby field.

As Cowley and Hollis began to step out of their car, Nelson raked them with a volley of machine gun fire. Chase backed him up with rifle fire.

Both Agents immediately fell to the highway badly wounded. Although torn with bullets, they turned their guns on Nelson. They continued

firing until through their really-dimming Vision they saw Nelson stagger and clutch his stomach.

As Nelson slumped to the ground, Chase picked up the machine gun and turned it on the "G-men." There was little return fire this time. Agent Hollis lay dead -- Inspector Cowley, dying.

Seizing the Bureau car, Chase and Nelson, supported by his wife, drove rapidly away.

CONCLUSION

Inspector Cowley died in the Elgin Hospital in Barrington, Illinois, during the early morning hours of November 28, 1934.

On the same day the body of George "Baby Face" Nelson, stripped of clothing and wrapped in a blanket, was located in a ditch on the side of a road in Niles City, Illinois. The bullets fired from the gars of Inspector Cowley and Agent Hollis had taken their toll. Seventeen slugs were found in his body.

Helen Gillis was apprehended by FBI Agents the following day. Returned to Wisconsin, she was placed in a Federal Penitentiary for violating her probation.

The final chapter on the Dillinger gang was recorded on December 27, 1934, when Nelson's partner in crime, John Paul Chase, was taken into custody at Mount Shasta, California. On March 25, 1935, Chase, after being tried and found guilty of the murder of Inspector Cowley, was sentenced to spend the rest of his life in the Federal penitentiary-Alcatraz.

At the Washington headquarters of the FBI, two more names were inscribed on the large bronze plaque honoring the memory of men like Cowley and Hollis who died in the service of their country.



INSPECTOR SAMUEL P. COWLEY. AT THE TIME OF HIS DEATH ON NOVEMBER 28. 1934, HE WAS THIRTY-FIVE YEARS OF AGE, NARRIED AND THE FATHER OF TWO CHILDREN.



THE BUREAU CAR DRIVEN BY SPECIAL AGENT HOLLIS AND INSPECTOR COWLEY ON NOVEMBER 27, 1934. SEIZED BY THE FUGITIVES AFTER THEIR GUN BATTLE WITH THE AGENTS, IT CARRIED THE DYING NELSON TO HIS LAST HIDEOUT. AFTER HIS COHORT'S DEATH, CHASE ABANDONED THE CAR IN ILLINOIS.



SPECIAL AGENT HERMAN E. HOLLIS. AT THE TIME OF AGENT HOLLIS' DEATH ON NOVEMBER 27, 1934, HE WAS THIRTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE. MARRIED AND THE FATHER OF ONE CHILD.

ice Memorandum • UNITED

GOVERNMENT

CDATE: September 10,

WRG:val

TO

THE DIRECTOR

FROM:

THE EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE

SUBJECT:

The Executive Conference of September 6, 1949 consisting of Messrs. Tolson, E. A. Tamm, McGuire, Ladd, Hendon, Coffey, Tracy and Glavin considered the possibility of eliminating certain of the multigraphing and the egraphing work performed by the Administrative Division of the Bureau.

Glavin suggested that consideration might be given to the discontinuance of the preparation of the magazine." It was pointed out to the Conference that 242 man hours week which translated into employees means 8 employees time each week is spent by the Mechanical Section in printing "This Teek." It has also been ascertained that 61 employee hours of work are performed by employees of the Cartographic Section each week on this magazine which represents full time work for 1.5 employees each week.

The Conference, with the exception of Glavin, was very definitely opposed to the discontinuance of this booklet, pointing out that it serves a very useful purpose; that many of the employees look forward to the booklet; that they are proud when their names are included in it; that it is used as a medium by the employees to acquaint their folks at home with the Bureau's activities; and the majority of the Conference feels it is a good thing and that it should be continued.

Glavin agrees entirely that it is a good thing; however, the suggestion was made only with the thought in mind that since we must retrench we will have to keep only the necessary things and many desirable things will have to be eliminated.

> Respectfully submitted, FOR THE CONFERENCE

cc - Mr. Clegg Mr. Hendon WI BACKALICH CUMITY

- Ulal ile

MAJ:JW

August 6, 1945

Mr. E. E. Conroy Federal Bureau of Investigation U. S. Department of Justice 234 U. S. Court House, Foley Square New York 7, New York

Dear Ted:

I wanted to write you in connection with your recent comments on "The Investigator." A check has been made with "The Investigator" staff and it would appear that the New York office has been rather well represented in the magazine during the past year or so.

In the first place, I want to mention that during the war period we have tried to keep "The Investigator" down to approximately 32 pages. In view of the size of the Eureau it is obviously not possible for "The Investigator" to be a highly personalized organ as it was a few years ago. An attempt has been made to utilize feature material which will be of general interest to a large proportion of the Bureau's employees. Of course, "The Investigator" is by no means perfect and no one is more aware of this fact than "The Investigator" staff itself. Naturally those who work on the magazine have to depend largely upon suggestions from the field and the seat of government with regard to content and format. I have been told that no constructive suggestions have recently been submitted by the Kew York office. At the SAC school held in the spring of 1944 Assistant Director L. B. Nichols specifically requested those in attendance to submit some constructive and thoughtful suggestions for the improvement of "The Investigator" upon their return to their respective offices. One letter containing suppose was submitted but this was not from the New York of the. Then under date of January 9, 1945, SAC Letter Wumber 7 per taining to "The Investigator" was sent to the field. The last paragraph of this letter likewise called for suggestions to further inprove "The Investigator" but I am told that none were received from your office.

"The Investigator" staff began including feature stories inasmuch as it was felt they would be of general interest to a large number of the new employees who are not the roughly acquainted with the traditions of the Bureau and the big cases which made FBI history in the past. The rescitor here at the seat of government has been almost

00/12/195

 ∞

CC-247	Mr. Tolson
//	Mr. E. A. Tamm_
	Mr. Clegg
· •	Mr. Coffey
	Mr. Glavin
7	Mr. Ladd
- 10 0	Mr. Nichols
VIV.	Mr. Rosen
1/11/1	Mr. Tracy
CH/	Mr. Carson
M_{λ}	Mr. Egan_
1945	Mr. Hendon
	Mr. Pennington
NICHOLS	Mr. Quinn Tamm_
f .	Mr. Nease
GA TOR"	Miss Gandy

August 4,

MEMORANDUM FOR MR.

"THE IN VEST RE:

It will be recalled that recently SAC Conroy of the New York office made several complaints to Assistant Director Tracy, who is the President of the FBI Recreational Association, concerning "The Investigator." In substance, as I recall, the complaints were that the New York office is not being given enough space, the pictures are old, the features on interesting cases are not good and that the magazine is becoming progressively worse and the Crime Records Section is "lazy" in preparing the publication.

With reference to these criticisms, you will recall that during the past number of months we have been holding "The Investigator" down to 32 pages. In the olden days when we had only a few thousand employees we sometimes had as many as 70 or 80 pages in the magazine and at that time we could include a lot of personal information about a lot of people. In view of the size of the Bureau at the present time and the restrictions which we have had on the size of the publication, it was felt desirable some months ago to make the magazine more of a feature publication and include in so far as possible items of general interest which will appeal to the largest number of people. Accordingly, we started running some feature stories on Bureau cases and other feature material. I have checked with the In-Service classes on "The Investigator" regularly and have found almost unanimous approval of the feature stories which have appeared from time to time. In fact, at the In-Service class on August 4 I do not think there was any objection at all to the feature stories and, to a man, they approved it. RECORDER 194- 3-2-

With regard to the complaints of Mn & Conroy, I might mention that we have received no suggestions whatsoever of a constructive nature from the New York office recently. "The Investigation staff tries to please as many people as possible and naturally we must depend upon the field for suggestions in order to make improvements in the magazine. At the SAC school in April, 1944, Ur. Nichols specifically hsked each group of SAC's to submit some constructive suggestions for J"The Investigator" immediately upon their return to the field. Only one suggestion letter came in and that very definitely was not from the New York office. Then, under date of January 9, 1945, the Bureau sent to the field a rather comprehensive form letter explaining current "Investigation" policies. The last paragraph of this for The last paragraph of this form

THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES \$6007 110 BERDESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

1, 1, 1

Jugust 4, 1945

letter contained the following sentence: "It is desired that this publication be made as useful and worth-while as possible, and any suggestions which you may have to further improve it should be brought to the Bureau's attention immediately." Despite this form letter still no suggestions have come in from the New York office. I might mention further that I do not recall any constructive suggestions from representatives of the New York office in the various In-Service classes during the past year.

In making a survey of the representation of the New York office in "The Investigator" during the past year it has been noted that the office has had 27 individual mentions, including pictures and items. The New York office has been represented in 9 of the 12 issues during the year. It was not mentioned in the March, April or June issues partly because of the lack of suitable material and also because of our endeavor in recent months to give to the field offices an equal opportunity to receive space in the magazine. As a matter of interest, it might be noted that during the two years from July, 1943, to July, 1945, the New York office has only missed three issues of "The Investigator."

Another interesting point is the frequency with which the New York office submits photographs of SAC Conroy himself. There has been considerable complaint on SAC pictures in recent months from Agents saying that apparently the magazine is stressing this type of picture more than it is the pictures of other employees. Since January, 1944, up to and including the July, 1945, issue Mr. Conroy's picture has appeared in "The Investigator" on 21 separate occasions. This is far more times than the picture of any other SAC.

You might be interested in the attached brief review of the last 14 issues of "The Investigator" in so far as the New York Office is concerned.

At the present time this section is holding a collection of pictures on police conferences received from New York under date of June 15, 1945. It is not planned to use these in the August issue of "The Investigator" now being prepared inasmuch as we have other material from the New York office.

Inder date of April 18, 1945, we received from the New York office some bowling pictures which were used in the July issue. Though they were received in time for the June issue, the reason for this delay was the fact that it was the only picture of its type we had at that time and we wanted to hold it until we could include some similar pictures from other offices. It might be noted that these pictures were sent as a result of a request from the Investigator staff by letter of April 10, 1945, and not on the initiative of the New York office. We noticed a newspaper clipping and wrote New York to get the pictures themselves. This would seem to indicate that this section has exhibited considerable interest in the contributions of the New York office.

CC-247	Mr. Tolson
	Mr. E. A. Tamm
	Mr. Clegg
	Mr. Coffey
	Mr. Glavin
•	Mr. Ladd
	Mr. Nichols
	Mr. Rosen
	Mr. Tracy
	Mr. Carson
	Mr. Egan_
	Mr. Hendon
	Mr. Pennington
	Mr. Quinn Tamm
>	Mr. Nease
	Miss-Gandy

MEMORANDUM FOR

13

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

August 4, 1945

It is also interesting to note that in the last twelve issues of "The Investigator" we have had approximately 461 pages. ... These same issues have contained approximately 200 pages of feature. material such as features on different offices, the picture album and feature stories. If we subtract these pages of features, we have left approximately 261 pages which could have been devoted to various items of a more or less personal nature. While I feel that the Seat of Government which has approximately one-half of the Bureau's employees should be given approximately one-half of "The Investigator," perhaps it has not received this much space. If we subtract 100 pages for the Seat of Government this leaves 161 pages for the 57 field offices during the past 12 issues. Dividing this by 57 we get approximately 3 pages per year for each field office if they are given a proportionate amount of space. This means about one-quarter page per month for each field office. It might be noted, though, that the New York office has had on an average each month approximately one and one-third pages. It is true that the New York office has approximately one-tenth of the Bureau's employees but in a small magazine like "The Investigator" if we give it its exact proportionate share of space each month it would mean that a lot of the small offices could seldom be represented at all in the magazine. We have felt, accordingly, that we should not give New York one-tenth of the space each month which is used for non-feature material.

Another consideration is that the New York office has one of the most active office publications and this in a sense takes care of the situation. It might be noted further that of the feature stories run in "The Investigator" two of them, the Ludwig case and the New York Hijacking case, have been cases dealing primarily with the New York office. These have covered 16 pages in the magazine.

CONCLUSION: From the above survey it appears that the New York office has not been slighted in "The Investigator" but on the other hand has been given what I consider good treatment. The office has submitted no suggestions and to get material it was necessary in one instance for "The Investigator" staff to request it directly from the New York office. Attached are the last 12 issues of "The Investigator" with the New York items marked.

RECOMMENDATION: The attached letter to Mr. Conroy has been prepared for the signature of Mr. Tracy and it is suggested that it go forth.

-			
	CC-247	Mr.	Tolson
			E. A. Tamm
		Mr.	Clegg
			Coffey
		Mr.	Glavin
			Ladd
		Mr.	Nichols
1			Rosen
		Mr.	Tracy
		Mr,	Carson
		Mr.	Egan
		Mr.	Hendon
		Mr.	Pennington_
			Quinn Tamm_
			N'ana

MEMORANDUM FOR

THI MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES
TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

Items from New York office contained in last 14 issues of "The Investigator"

June, 1944....2 references

July, 1944...4 references with a total of $3\frac{1}{2}$ out of 33

- August, 1944.... Approximately 2 pages devoted to the New York Office
- 4. September, 1944.... references

5. October, 1944.... Several pictures

- November, 1944....Approximately 12 pages in addition to 6. a cartoon reprinted from the New York office publication
- December, 1944.... Approximately 2 pages 7.

January, 1945....1 picture

9. February, 1945....Approximately 2 pages

March, 1945....No references 10.

11. April, 1945....No references

12. May, 1945....Approximately & page

13. June, 1945....No references 14. July, 1945....Approximately 2 pages

uniformly favorable and I am told that the Agents attending In-Service have almost to a man expressed their approval of these feature stories. It is realized that some have been quite long and this was due primarily to the particular cases which were being treated. An effort is being made to cut the stories down, however, in the future.

Occasionally some of the pictures carried in "The Investigator" are somewhat old. This is due in some instances to the late arrival at the seat of government and another consideration is the fact that several weeks are required for "The Anvestigator" to be put in final form after the necessary materials are assembled at the seat of government. In some instances pictures are held over in order to give offices which have not been represented recently a chance to have some space. Every affort is being made by "The Investigator" staff to keep the pictures as current as possible. In connection with pictures have been told that your individual photograph has appeared in "The Investigator" 21 different times since January, 1944. To other SAC has been represented nearly as many times. Some complaint has been received about the great number of SAC pictures in "The Investigator" and an effort is being made by "The Investigator" staff at the present time to use fewer pictures of this type.

A survey of recent issues of "The Investigator" reveals that your office has been represented in every issue from July, 1943, to the present time except those for Warch, April and June, 1945. Failure to include items from the New York office in these three issues was due partly to a lack of suitable material and also to an attempt on the part of "The Investigator" staff to ive some other field offices which had not been represented a anall amount of space. In checking the last 12 issues of "The hoseitgator" it has been noted that approximately 261 pages have been devoted to non-feature material. Allowing approxitaly 100 pages for the seat of government, this leaves 161 sign approximately one-fourth of a page for each office in each Thate. It is noted, however, that on an average your office callring the past 12 months has had approximately one and onewilling pages in each issue of "The Investigator." While it is politied that your office has approximately one-tenth of all Surean employees, it has not been felt possible to divide the space exactly according to the size of the offices because to do so would mean that some of the smaller offices would have Ascarcely any space at all.

Mr. E. E. Conroy

August 6, 1945

In order to improve "The Investigator" even more "The Investigator" staff and I, as President of the PBI Recreation Association, would deeply appreciate a detailed letter from your office furnishing some specific constructive suggestions on the magazine. Upon receipt of this letter from you the suggestions will be considered carefully and an effort will be made to adopt those which are deemed feasible.

Sincerely yours,

S. J. Tracy, President PBI Recreation Association

mailed 8-7-45 6

Mills 94-3-2-744X NOT USED

Office Memorandum . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

: Director, FBI

DATE: October 2, 1945

EFFOM: SAC, New York

SUBJECT: DISTRIBUTION OF "FBI THIS WEEK"

By letter dated September 25, 1945, Mr. John Fall of the New York Public Library returned to this office a copy of the June 30th issue of "FBI THIS WEEK", which he advised had come to his desk. He returned this copy to this office in compliance with a request made to him to forward any issues of this publication to us in the event they should be directed to him.

This office has no information as to how this publication came into the hands of the New York Public Library. In the event that the Bureau's restriction against the circulation of this publication to libraries has been removed, it will be appreciated if this office be so advised.

Memõrandum \cdot UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LBN:hbm DATE: November 13, 1945 The Director FROM The Executives Conference · SUBJECT: nvestigator The Executives Conference, consisting of Messrs. Tolson, Rosen, Long, Hince, E. A. Tamm, Tracy, Glavin and Nichols, considered Mr. Nichols' recommendations on FBL This Week, the publication put out weekly at the Seat of Government. Mr. Nichols reported that a poll of selected employees in cated that there was considerable interest in the publication. Mr. Tracy advised that out of 2,600 copies sent to Ident, 2,100 copies are picked up and taken home by employees in Ident. Mr. Nichols reported a survey showed very few copies of FBI This Week in wastepaper baskets. The Conference unanimously recommended the publication, FBI This Week, be continued and approved the following recommendations of Mr. Nichols: That the picture cover of This Week be dispensed with. That the booklet be cut down from 16 pages to 8 pages, the first two pages being devoted to news items which are sent to SAC's and which are of considerable interest to employees; the remainder would be allocated on a proportionate basis to the various Divisions with the emphasis being placed on forthcoming events sponsored by the employees of the various Divisions. This would cut the work in half. It was also unanimously recommended that picture pages be deleted in future issues. Respectfully, For the Conference 4 62 PH 3/16 Clyde A

DIDEXED

.36 DEC 14 1945

3500 1.01.11 0 33 11 0 33 11 0 33 11 0 33 11 0 33 11 0 33 11 0 33 11 0 33 11 0 33 11 0 33 11 0 33 11 0 33 11 0 33 11 0 33 11 0 33 11 0 33

Do the employees read the "FBI This Week"?

It is believed that they read their own specific section in detail and skim through the rest.

2. Do enough of the employees read "FBI This Week" to warrant printing it?

Yes, but not on a weekly basis.

3. If it has to be curtailed or abolished what would your recommendation be?

> If it is to be curtailed print it bi-weekly - if it is to be abolished include pictures of interest with as little writing as possible in "The Investigator".

4. How many are delivered to the Identification Division each week?

Approximately 3,400 copies per week. (cut to 2600

5. How many copies are on the cabinets or desks twenty-four hours later?

	Assembly 0
	Card Index 453
	Posting 12
	Recording 25
	Technical (including Single Fingerprint) 780
**	Typing 0
	Messengers 24

* FBI This Week is distributed individually and Typing Section is unable to supply a figure unless their manner of distribution is changed. Miss Dawson stated that the opinion of the Typing Supervisors is that the FBI This Week is read pretty much.

94-3-2-163

3400 1,294

2100 tas

INCLOSURA

94-3-2

FOLLOWING SERIALS REMOVED FROM FILE AND DESTROYED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AUTHORITY CONTAINED IN 94-3-2-2043

```
2 thru 7,
                                              617 thru 621,
                                              623 theu 625.
    thru 14,
                                              627,
629 thru 631,
 16 thru 22,
 24 thru 44,
                                              634 thru 643,
 47 thru 68,
                                              645 thru 656,
  70 thru 96,
                                              658 thru 662,
  98 thru 100
                                              668 thru 670,
               SAM
                                              673 thru 676,
                                              678 thru 685,
101 thru 106,
                                              687 thru 698.
108 thru 126,
                                             702,
705 thru 717,
128,
130 thru 330,
                                              723 thru 727,
332 thru 335,
                                              729 thru 732.
337 thru 400
                                              733 thru 737
               JSG
                                              739, 740, 743,
746 thru 752,
402 thru 421,
                                              754 thru 777
424 thru 444.
                                                                EM
446 thru 458,
460 thru 463,
465,
466 thru 499.
502, 503, 505, 506, 509,
511 thru 518,
520 thru 540,
542, 543, 545, 549, 550, 552 thru 564,
566, 567,
569 thru 580,
581 thru 591,
                                               serials 107, 671, 742, missing
                                               when file reviewed for destruction.
 593 thru 596,
 598 thru 601,
 603,
 606 thru 608
 610, 611,
613 thru 615
                                                                     MAR 24 1964
```

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 1 Page 47 ~ Duplicate

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : DIRECTOR

FROM : CLYDE TOLSON

SUBJECT: O

I would like to recommend that we discontinue the publication of this Neek. This publication requires considerable time in the Crime Records Section and in the Mechanical Section consumes the time of 7 employees for one day. The Mechanical Section, according to present assignments of personnel, has approximately 99 employees and will be reduced to 38 employees on July first. The Mechanical Section is delinquent in its work, primarily in the preparation of Identification Orders. With the drastic reduction of personnel at the Seat of Government, it is going to be necessary to eliminate many of our present operations and I think this publication can be discontinued at this time.

gh.

39 MR 11 1000 EX : 37

DATE: 2/20/46

50 mg 121946

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : The Director

FROM : Executives Conference

SUBJECT:

N 66-2558

The Executives Conference, consisting of Messrs.

Tolson, Rosen, Ladd, Clegg, Harbo, Hendon, Tracy, Glavin and Nichols, considered Mr. Soucy's suggestion that we reconsider discontinuing the two-page mimeographed summary of cases, figures and the like, which formerly appeared in the FBI This Week which was sent to the Field.

The Conference was unanimous in recommending against reinstating this but did recommend unanimously that at least two pages of statistical data appear in each issue of the <u>Investigator</u>, which would give the <u>Field</u> continued material for speeches and the like.

Respectfully, For the Conference

Clyde Tolson

Edward A. Tamm

cc - Mr. Clegg

Mr. Hendon

Dh

DATE: March 22, 1946

EX = 40 Rest

Norch 28, 1946

Mr. E. A. Soucy Federal Bureau of Investigation V. S. Department of Justice 100 Milk Street Boston 9, Mossachusette

Dear Mr. Soucy: (3)

Reference is made to your letter of March 8, 1946, in which you made suggestions concerning the publication "On the Bureau's News Front."

While it will not be possible for the Bureau to continue this or a similar publication at the present time, it is contemplated that at least two pages of statistical and related data will appear each month in the future in "The In-vestigator." It is felt that this will serve to keep the field up to date on statistics and crime trends. The Bureau does, however, appreciate your interest in this particular natter.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover John Edgar Hoover Director

Classification of the . MAU TO 15 MAR 20 1946 EM EDE U . L - AULT IN 101

fice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

THE DIRECTOR

FROM: THE JOINT COMMITTEE

SUBJECT:

SUGGESTION #87

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR H. H. EMPLOYEE:

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT

MEMBERS PRESENT:

H. H. Clegg

R. C. Hendon

E. E. Conroy

DATE: MARCH 11

E. Scheidt

That the "Investigator" no longer be published. EMPLOYEE SUGGESTS:

ADVANTAGES:

1. It would save a great deal of time on the part of employees at the Seat of Government and editing, cartographic and printing work.

It would save the Recreation Association approximately \$500, representing

the annual cost of the publication.

There has been some indication that the "Investigator" is not enthusiastically received by all employees.

DISADVANTAGES:

1. This is the only medium in which to reflect employees' recreational activities.

2. Despite suggestions and changes in the material and make-up of the "Investigator" from time to time and the inability to please each individual, it is of general interest and value to the employees.

3. It serves as a medium in publicizing and creating interest in valuable

employee activities.

It is the principal and practically only attraction which can be used in obtaining 100% membership in the Recreation Association. If it were not for the Investigator, there would be no logical reason upon which to base solicitations of field membership. The money resulting from these memberships is well utilized by the Recreation Association in its many activities and without this money the Recreation Association would be severely handicapped. capped.

5. The "Investigator" is a medium for the expression of talents which employees possess.

6. If it were not published, it would leave a greater field for the development of the publication of the Department of Recreation Association which might have a tendency to detract from the close knit association among FBI employees.

The "Investigator" has been of extreme interest to employ leave and to employees on extended sick leave, enabling them to keep with the activities of their friends and the Bureau.

8. The "Investigator" contains material which can be used by Bureau representatives in making speeches.

RECOMMENDATION:

Unanimously opposed to the discontinuance of the "Investigator."

RCH: ER



EXECUTIVES' CONFERENCE CONSIDERATION:

The Executives' Conference on 2/13/46, Messrs. Tolson, Glavin, Tracy, Harbo, Eendon, Nichols, Ladd, Mumford, Rosen and Clegg being present unanimously concurred in opposing the suggestion that the Investigator be discontinued.

Respectfully, FOR THE CONFERENCE

CLYDE TOISON

E. A. TAMM

CC - Mr. Hendon Mr. Clegg

hho;hd



Federal Bureau of Investigation

United States Department of Instice New York 7, New York

March 18, 1946

Director, FBI

Attention: Mr. J. M. O'Connor, President, FBIRA

RE: "THE INVESTIGATOR"

Dear Sir:

I am transmitting herewith for possible use in connection with the publication of "The Investigator" some suggestions which have been given to me by an agent of this office who has discussed this publication with several agents of the New York Office who have had previous newspaper experience. These suggestions are forwarded purely as constructive ideas for possible use in the publication of the Bureau's magazine.

FORVICTORY

BUY

WAR

WAR

WAR

SONDS

AND

STAMPS

WAR

30 APR 9 1946

Tederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice New York 7, New York

March 18, 1946

MEMORANDUM

RE: "THE INVESTIGATOR"

As the result of a discussion by several agents assigned to the New York Office who have had newspaper experience, the following suggestions were outlined for consideration from a constructive standpoint in connection with the publication of "The Investigator".

- 1. Unusually long articles which begin on the early pages of the magazine should not be continued one page after another but should be broken up and continued on back pages in order to allow space for other important features in the early pages of the magazine.
- 2. It is suggested that the inside cover not be used for any mul quarterial.
- 3. It is believed important that a deadline be fixed and strictly followed in order to keep articles and pictures of very old date out of the publication.

 The have a deadline but the fooders not help to particularly not yet.
- 4. It is believed some more attention should be given to makeup so that there would be more "white space". With make 32 pp, we cannot have in pty white space arrays for managing.
- 5. It is suggested that each issue contain a message from the Director and that this be more prominently featured than in the past. no more prominent place The inside contains.
- 6. It is believed that one single page of humor and cartoons would be sufficient. we are using a full page for jokes new nather appropriating Themse out through mag.
- 7. In connection with the series of articles on interesting Bureau cases it is believed that they should be continued but considerably shortened and, as suggested previously, broken up so that they begin on early pages of the magazine and continue on back pages. will shotten for learning land continue.
- 8. It is suggested that some attention be given to editing of pictures submitted by the field so as to weed out those which do not have an interest generally. I have been doing above for their a way or many it. Thymn to use which every formula picture of universal interest.

These suggestions are offered purely as constructive ideas and are not intended as criticism in any way.



94-3-2-794 ENCLOSURE

CC-247 Mr. Tolson_ Mr. E. A. Tamm_ Mr. Clegg_ Mr. Glavin_ Mr. Ladd Mr. NACOM Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy_ Mr. Carson_ March 26, 1946 Mr. Egan_ Mr. Gurnea_ Mr. Harbo_ Mr. Hendon_ Mr. Pennington_ Mr. Quinn Tamm Mr. Nease Miss Ganex

Your attention is directed to the attached letter dated March 18, 1946, from Mr. Conroy of the New 1877 office containing a number of suggestions for the improvement of "The Truesticator" Out to forthe improvement of "The Investigator." Quite frankly, I do not think that the suggestions have too much merit and I wish to set forth the following observations concerning them:

- 1. It was suggested that long articles beginning on the early pages of the magazine should not be continued one page after. another but should be broken up and continued on back pages in order to allow space for other important features. This suggestion has some merit and could very well be followed in "The Investigator." In the past we have been putting the feature stories all in one place and perhaps some of the articles of importance should be brought as near the front of A the magazine as possible.
- It was suggested that the inside cover not be used for any material. We have been using the inside cover because of a space shortage and I see no particular objection to continuin as we are.
- It was suggested that a deadline be fixed and strictly followed. With regard to this, the New York office is apparently unaware that we do have such a deadline. Many of the field offices, including New York frequently, do not follow it however.
- The suggestion was made that more attention be given to makeup so that there would be more "white space." With regard to more "white space," here again the space situation makes it imperative that we use most of the space and consequently we can have very little white space.
- It was suggested that each issue contain a message from the Director, more prominently featured. As you know, we have a message from the Director practically all the time and it is difficult to see how it could be featured more prominently than on the inside of the cover there it is placed frequently. RECORDED

THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATION

TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

- 6. It was suggested that one single page of humor and cartoons would be sufficient. At the present time we have ceased using the double page of cartoons and jokes and are spreadings them throughout the magazine.
- 7. The suggestion was made that in connection with the series of articles on interesting Bureau cases, they should be continued but considerably shortened. We are now making an effort to shorten the feature stories. On some of the major investigations, however, it is difficult to have them as short as perhaps the New York office would prefer.
- 8. It was suggested that some attention be given to editing of pictures submitted by the field so as to weed out those which do not have an interest generally. We presently edit the pictures sent in from the field and every effort is made to use things which have universal interest. Frequently, however, enough good pictures are not submitted and it is necessary to use some which are not of general interest.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is suggested that the attached letter go forth to the New York office.

Respectfully,

M. A. Jones

Attachment

Mr.	Tolson
Mr.	E. A. Tamm
Mr.	
Mr.	Glavin
Mr.	Ladd
Mr.	Nichols
Mr.	Rosen
Mr.	Tracy
Mr.	Carson
Mr.	Egan
Mr.	Gurnea
Mr.	Harbo
Mr.	Hendon
Mr.	
Mr.	Quinn Tamm_

Mr. Nease_____Miss Gandy___

MEMORANDUM FOR

March 27, 1948

EX-08
RECORDED 94-3-2-794

Ur. E. E. Conroy Pederal Bureau of Investigation V. S. Department of Justice 234 V. S. Court House, Foley Square New York 7, New York

Dear Ur. Conroy:

Tour letter of Earch 18, 1946, containing a number of suggestions with regard to "The Investigator" has been received.

The Dureau appreciates the interest shown by the personnel of your office in making these suggestions available and it is hoped that as additional suggestions occur they will be submitted for the Dureau's consideration. Thile because of space limitations it is not possible to give favorable consideration to all of the suggestions at this time, you may be sure the Industigator staff is always eager to improve the publication whenever possible.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Roover
Director

WAJ:JV MAIL:D

* IMAH: 29 194F

LEDERU ELECTU OF TEASTICHTON
L. S. DEPARTEINT OF JUSTICE

5711AY 21 1916 45

wel

94-3-2-795 CHANGED TO 94-3-2-794

20/ H 5

Z

THE EXECUTIVE CONFRASHOE

The Executive Conference of May 8, 1946, consisting of Tessrs. Tolson, E. A. Tamm, Mumford, Cleys, Hendon, Marbo, Blavin considered the preparation of the IBI Law Enforcement Bulletin and the Investigator.

For the Director's information, approximately 22,000 copies of the IBI Law Enforcement Bulletin, each consisting of approximately 50 pages, are printed each month. This is an increase of approximately 2,000 in the number of law enforcement bulletins over the total printed in January of this year.

Insofar as the IBI Investigator magazine is concerned there is a total of approximately 7,000 copies of this Investigator printed monthly.

It was pointed out to the Conference that we are having difficulty in the Mechanical Mection in keeping up to date in the printing of this magazine due to the fact that the force is continually decreasing and there will be a jurther marked decrease in parsonnel in the Mechanical Section between now and July 1st. The suggestion was made that an effort be made to reduce the size of the Law Enforcement Julietin.

Mesers. Tolson and Glavin recommended that the Law inforcement Bulletin be printed six times yearly and that the Investigator be printed six times yearly, these magazines to be printed in alternate manths.

Messrs. S. A. Tamm, Mendon, Parbo and Mumford recommended that the Law Inforcement Bulletin be printed 6 times yearly and that the Invistigator be printed quarterly, the printing being so arranged that only one magazine is printed during any one month.

de printed quarterly; that the Law Enforcement Julietin be continued on a monthly basis with its size being reduced from 50 pages to approximately oneghalf the size. Jesses. Michols and Clayy felt it was much more desirable to continue the Las inforcement Bulletin on a monthly basis since other Law Inforcement Lagazines are appearing on the market, and by continuing our bulletin on a monthly basis we will maintain our current standing with law enforces ment officials throughout the country. They felt with the reduction

58 AUG 8 1946

61 AUG 5 1946

INTELLIS ON CALLED

in the size of the bulletin the appropriate savings in time would be effected just as easily as by cutting down the number of printed at the same size as the present Law Inforcement.

The remainder of the Conference felt that it would be much more desirable to have the Law Enforcement Bulletin go out every other month and be retained at its present size ruther than reducing the size and putting it out monthly. It was felt by the majority of the conference other than Messrs. Michols and Clegg that if the Law Enforcement Bulletin was reduced to 25 pages we could not put into it the data that should be contained therein, and as a result the bulletin would not perform the function for which it was prepared.

No further action will be taken in connection with this natter until addice is received from the Director.

Respectfully Submitted, FOR INK DIASOTOR

Clyde Tolson

E. A. Tann

MROsri

cc Mr. Hendon

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: AUGUST 12,1946 , TO MR. CARTWRIGHT FROM MISS THOMPSON SUBJECT: investigator Bureau File # 94-3-2 The attached bulky enclosure has been reviewed in the Filing Unit ? and its destruction is hereby suggested. The reason on which the above recommendation is based is checked as follows: _Duplicate copies Outdated 1 Not indexed _Closed status Non serialized Not translated _Material available elsewhere (Crime Records) Bureau Library Other serial or serials in file Publications There are approximately 76 enclosures to the above file which occupy 4 cabinet drawers. These enclosures are both serialized and nonserialized. Destruction was authorized for the same type of material which was carried as a Bulky Enclosure. RECOMMENDATION As this material is occupying valuable space in the Records Section, it is requested that this file be reviewed by Records and Com. Division for an expression as to its disposition. It is recommended that the material be destroyed here at the Seat of

Government.

with exception agreed with experience

58 SEP 23 1946 "

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : Mr. Nichols

DATE: 9/24/46

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: Investigator file

The Records Section recently sent to this section approximately 100 envelopes containing dummies, photographs and so forth, of Investigators which have appeared over the years. We sorted through this material and took out pictures of Bureau officials and other items which we felt of value from a historical standpoint. This data is included in the attached two envelopes. The other material is taking up valuable space in the Records Section and, unless you deem otherwise, I will advise the Records Section that it can be destroyed at this time.

Attachment

OR YOU

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Traey
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Kendon
Mr. Mendon
Mr. Manford
Mr. Jones
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Mease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

WCS: dah Office Memorandum • United States Government

Mr. Nichols

DATE: September 23, 1944

Mr. Jones

SUBJECT: Suggestions for the Investigator

During the recent visit of SAC W. A. Murphy at Washington, he suggested that the Bureau select ten of the major cases which have been outstanding in the history of the FBI and present one each month as a feature in the Investigator.

SAC Murphy based this suggestion on the fact that so many of the Bureau's employees are new, and while they have a vague conception of the Bureau's prewar activity, they lack specific information concerning the outstanding and exciting criminal investigations which had an important part in the Bureau's history during the last fifteen years.

RECOMMENDATION: It is believed that a monthly feature of this kind would be very beneficial and would prove popular among Bureau employees. It is suggested that the ten outstanding cases be selected from among the following:

- 1. Lindbergh Kidnaping Case with By & Wanny
- 2. Kansas City Massacre
- 3. Barker Karpis Gang
 4. Glen Applegate Suhy Gang
- 5. Clyde Barrow Bonnie Parker
- 6. VAlfred Brady Case 1 8:1
- 7. Therefore Charman

- 8. Bennie Dizones

 9. John Dillinger

 10. "Baby Face" Nelson

 11. VReo Verno Sankey
- -12. Wilbur Underhill
 - _13. /Thomas H. Robinson, Jr.
- 14. Basil Banghart and Roger Touhy
- -15. The DuQuesne Case.

SAC Murphy further suggested that the Bureau runse feature entitled 20 years ago, 10 years ago, 5 years ago, etc., and feature amusual or nearly forgotten cases which would make interesting reading. It was Mr. Murphy's thought that few Bureau employees would be familiar with some of the major cases 20 years ago, and that this column could be used for more recent cases under one of the other headings as indicated above.

RECOMMENDATION: It is believed that this suggestion has considerable merit and that cases of this kind could be featured from time to time under one of the above headings.

57JAN 8 1917

CONCLUSION: As you know, there have been several suggestions recently that the Bureau limit the amount of social activities reported in the Investigator and feature material which would be of more universal reading interest. Pursuant to instructions, efforts are already being made to adjust the format of the Investigator to conform with these suggestions, and it is believed that SAC Murphy's ideas concerning ten outstanding cases and also the featuring of cases which occurred 5, 10 or 20 years ago would further add to the value of the Investigator from both an educational and morale building standpoint.

2...

TO

THE DIRECTOR

FROM:

EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE

SUBJECT:

DATE: March 14.

The Executive Conference, consisting of Messrs. Tolson, Tamm, Tracy, Harbo, Rosen, Glavin, Ladd and Nichols, considered an outgoing communication prepared by Mr. Jones' coffice instructing the field to get material in for The Investigator by May 1st, pointing out that for the current issue of The Investigator, at the time of the deadline on March 1st, the Bureau had received only 8 contributions from the field.

Mr. Tamm made the suggestion that since the field manifested no greater interest he thought it would be well to discontinue The Investigator. Messrs. Glavin and Ladd concurred.

Messrs. Tolson, Tracy, Harbo, Rosen and Nichols recommended that we continue with it, pointing out that over the years we have had difficulty in getting contributions from the field.

Respectfully, For the Conference

cc- Mr. Clegg Mr. Hendon

LBN:RC

[30][14] FFR ?

AECEIVE!

6UAFK 3

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : Mr. Taleon

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

DATE: July 20, 1947

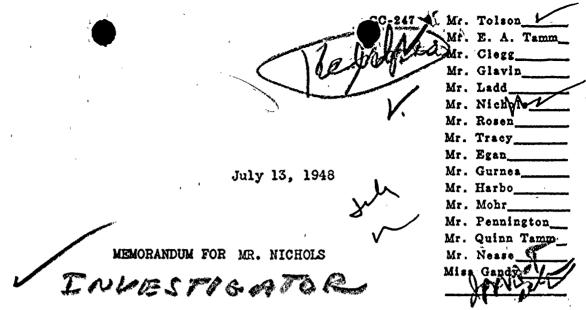
I received a rather peculiar anonymous telephone when the following telephone call a short time ago from a man who indicated he had a tele. Room friend in the Bureau and that he in turn was a friend and wiss Gandy wanted to make a constructive criticism. He started by asking a lot of questions as to whether it was desirable for pictures of Agents to appear in the papers. I of course told him that it all depended upon the situation.

After much beating around the bush he stated that he sees his friend's OInvestigator occasionally, that it is very well written, that he congratulates who ever prepares it, but he notices that in each edition there are a lot of pictures. He then asked the question, Suppose the Investigator falls into the hands of the Communists or the Russians, they would have pictures of Agents and could over a period of time get a pretty good line on our personnel. I told him that the publication was issued only to Bureau employees. He understands this but stated that they of course do not tear up the publication, he is confident, and hence he feels that something should be done. I thanked him for his thoughtfulness in calling.

LBN:hbm

EB 311 29 94.

** TNDFXFT 32 JUL 22 1347



It is felt that we need a change of pace as far as the "Investigator" is concerned.

Along this line it is suggested that in the August issue we run a series of pictures, possibly 5 or 6 pages, under the heading, "Agent X Goes To In-Service." This picture lay-out would follow the lay-out of Logk Magazine in their feature, "Life Goes to a Party," etc.

At the present time the In-Service class is made up of about 80 They, of course, represent the majority of the field offices and would affordean excellent opportunity for our photographic series. The feature would start off with the pictures taken at the classroom at Ident and then down at Quantico, photographs of the dining room, bedrooms, the gym, gun vault and on the range which feature various Agents in action. Rather than take one Agent and have him appear in all the pictures, Agent X would be representative and we would take a cross section of the Agents who are presently in In-Service class.

It is felt that this type of feature, which is something we have never done, would be of great interest. For example, In-Service at Quantico is probably a big mystery to the Agents' wives. They probably often wonder figust what Quantico looks like and just what their husbands do during their two weeks absence. It presents a grand opportunity to show our training facilities in picture form and would certainly be of interest to all employees in the Bureau.

If there is no objection, Agent Kemper will go to Quantico either Thursday or Friday, depending on the weather, and take a series of pictures

which can be used for this feature.

Respectfully

AN THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

Office Memorandum • United States Government

DATE: 9-5-48

TO : Mr. Nichology

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: "THE INVESTIGATOR"

We are receiving ample material from the field for use in "The Mr. Harbo Mr. Penning Mr. P

The change-over from a narrative magazine to a picture magazine was made in order to enliven the publication.

There are many things that take place in the field office, including the activities of the employees, either socially or in connection with investigations, that would be of universal interest to all employees. In examining the material which we receive from the field at the present time, it appears that in many cases the SAC merely assigns someone a camera and tells him to go about the office and take some pictures. The result is usually pretty deadly because we could fill the Investigator" with people sitting at desks or opening file drawers.

It is felt that in order to improve the quality of the material submitted that we should return to the idea of having an Associate Editor in each field office. This would fix responsibility and would certainly test the ingenuity of the various people who are assigned the job.

It is, therefore, suggested that the attached SAC Letter go forth, requesting that an Associate Editor be named. When the list is completed we will carry the names of the Associate Editors on the inside of the pack cover. This will tend to highlight their work and give them a plug RECORDED - 128

If we have an Associate Editor in each field office, we condition to them and issue instructions as to the type of material till is desired.

ADDENDUM: 10-14-48

approval of the foregoing.

84N' 6

Vi~

ECK:ecb 5

(E) "THE INVESTIGATOR" -- The quality of the material being submitted for "The Investigator" in many cases shows a complete lack of imagination. It is felt that there are many activities in the field offices, including interesting personnel, interesting facts and cases, which would lend themselves to pictures and short narrations. In order to bring about immediate improvement it is desired that you submit to the Bureau within five days after the receipt of this letter, the name of the individual who will serve as the Associate Editor for your office. You should, of course, choose some individual who has mature judgment and who is familiar with all of the operations in the field office, both from a social point of view and from a business point of view. Perhaps there is someone in your office who has some journalistic experience who might well serve in this capacity. It is not necessary that the Associate Editor be a Special Agent. In fact, it is felt preferable that some member of the clerical staff be so designated.

The names of these individuals will be carried in the December issue of "The Investigator" and specific instructions will be issued to them by the staff of "The Investigator" at the Seat of Government. It is felt that by fixing the responsibility we can definitely improve the quality of the material to be included and in this way make the publication of universal interest to each employee.

SAC LETTER NO. 136 Series 1948 10-19-48

- 2 -

W

6

22601

75 OCT 22 1948

ORIGINAL CC. F. E.

21

STANDARD FORM NY, 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: Mr. Nichols

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: "THE INVESTIGATOR"

DATE: 10-22-48

As you know the Executive Conference approved the appointment in Mendon of Associate Editors for "The Investigator" in the field. The SAC's were instructed to name an Associate Editor and we are now receiving memoranda is Really designating various individuals. It is suggested that the attached be approved in order that we can get the new program underway. We will have instructions to the Associate Editors mimeographed and it will be sent out with the attached letter. It is felt that by doing this we will really stir to some interest.

ECK:ecb

52110718,345,19

N. J. Court

4 007.28 1948

FX-16

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ASSOCIATE EDITORS

As an Associate Editor of "The Investigator," we feel that there are certain things you should know about its preparation. As you know, "The Investigator" comes out every other month. It runs between 32 and 38 pages, depending on the material available. "The Investigator" is printed here at the Seat of Government and the cost is borne by the FBIRA.

You, of course, realize that it is impossible to run a magazine without having some sort of deadline. The deadlines are not hard to remember. All you have to do is to remember that material for "The Investigator" must reach the Seat of Government by the first of the month preceding the issue. For example, material for the December issue must be in our hands by November first. Material for the February issue must reach us by January 2nd, and so on through the year. However, there is a disadvantage in deadlines. You should keep "The Investigator" in mind throughout the entire period, and when something interesting breaks in your office, let us have it right away.

There are numerous steps in the preparation of any magazine. First, the material must be properly edited. The Cartographic Section must make the appropriate lay-out of illustrations. The Photo Lab must then prepare the negatives and the Mechanical Section has the responsibility of making the plates, printing, assembling and addressing. You can see from this that it is no easy job and we must have cooperation from all quarters.

The difficulty we have had with "The Investigator" in the past is that the material submitted from the field often lacks imagination. Any of you who have had experience in newspaper or journalistic work know that what makes something universally interesting is the unusual twist, the news value. This is what you should look for in material which you submit. Below we have gone into some suggestions on the material which you might consider.

I. Party Pictures

Don't ever have a dance or a party without having somebody there with a camera. We like to have party pictures but there is room for improvement. The camerman should try to get some candid shots rather than posed pictures. Don't let your cameraman get too far away from the people. If he does it is impossible to recognize them in the final printing. If there are skits or other entertainment at the party, send us some close-up shots of the individuals participating. If there are some real celebrities who would be known throughout the Bureau attending the party, get a picture of them, but be sure they are in a group of Bureau personnel.

In submitting captions to pictures which are taken at parties, be sure that you indicate the persons present in the left to right fashion so that we don't have trouble identifying them here at the Seat of Government. While we would like to know everybody and be able to recognize them, you can see that it is quite impossible. Tell us something about the party, what the occasion was, where it was held and any other unusual events that took place. We can

94-3-2-893 EMC'. COURE always include it as part of the caption to the pictures.

II. Sports Pictures

Here, again, the suggestions on taking pictures are the same as in the case of party pictures. A candid shot is always best. Be sure that the cameraman is close enough to the subject. A picture taken of a baseball field with the players scattered about is of no value because no one can recognize them. However, a picture of someone getting ready to take a cut at the ball, if a close-up, is of real value. Be sure your captions reflect more than just the name. Try to get in a little of the enthusiasm that was undoubtedly underway at the time of the game. Perhaps someone made a good wisecrack or, if it was a real tight game, give us some of the details. The same is true in other sports pictures. In bowling pictures, instead of a lot of pictures of people sitting on the bench looking at the game, build up a few scenes. Have a couple of employees pointing to the score board as if they were disputing the whole proceedings. Here, again, the candid shot is far better than the posed one.

III. Meet the People

One section of "The Investigator" is called "Meet the People."

Frankly, it has become a catch-all. We use the type of picture which fails to tell a story. Usually it is someone sitting at a desk, a teletype machine or looking into a file cabinet. While we welcome such material, we wish that in the caption you would tell us something about the individual, where they are from, what they do, or what their hobbies are, how long they have been with the Bureau or some other little human interest item.

IV. Feature Page

In each issue we like to have a feature page. It is usually some unusual set of circumstances or some interesting activity which has taken place in some field office. We, of course, would like to include your field office on this page if at all possible.

V. Miscellaneous Material

Always be on the look-out for something unusual. If there is someone in your office who, for example, has an interesting hobby, if some amusing thing happens during the course of an investigation, or if among the Bureau's many children there should be some bright sayings, we would like to have them.

The staff of "The Investigator" knows that the field is very busy and has many problems, but if you could give us just a little time we feel certain that the quality of "The Investigator" would improve.

Find out from the employees in the office what they would like to have in "The Investigator." Let us know. It's very simple. You don't have to write an official memo. All you have to do is to write out or type a little note, put it in an envelope and address it to The Editor, "The Investigator," FBI, Washington, D. C. We don't want you to handle things on too formal a basis. We are going to send out suggestions from time to time but we would rather have some suggestions come from you. Let us hear from you.

ce Memorandum • united states government : Mr. Nichols DATE: 12-15-48 FROM : M. A. Jones SUBJECT: SPECIAL ISSUE OF "THE INVESTIGATOR 30th ANNIVERSARY OF DIRECTOR As you know, 1949 will mark the Director's 30th year with the The staff of "The Investigator" would like very much to do something very special. You will recall in 1947 a special issue was prepared commemorating the Director's 30 years in law enforcement. This issue consisted of an editorial, a brief biographical sketch of the Director and the seven divisions of the Bureau. Each division was written up in such a way as to explain its activities and the theme of the entire book was to show how the FBI itself had grown and developed under the Director's guidance. The thought occurred that perhaps we could prepare another special issue of "The Investigator" which would be dedicated exclusively to the Director as an individual and to his magnificent service to both the employees and the _nation. While this suggestion is merely in the formative stage, it is thought morhaps-we could run a more or less detailed biographical sketch of the Director written in a prose form with accompanying illustrations, pointing out some of the highlights in the Director's career. Perhaps this may run 6 or 8 pages. The possibility then arises of having each one of the Assistant Directors write a brief 250-word tribute to the Director and they could be carried over reproductions of their signatures. Perhaps we could conclude the booklet by setting forth some sort of a tribute which would be dedicated to the Director and which would be ifrom all the employees of the FBI. This is merely submitted for your observations because if we do something along this line we would like to get it started. Your comments would be appreciated.

. A SALUTE TO OUR DIRECTOR

It is not unusual for a man to become identified with an institution, but it is a rarity, indeed, when one man creates an institution.

John Edgar Hoover became head of the investigative arm of the United States Department of Justice on May 10 twenty-five years ago. An untrained, loosely knit group, the Bureau of Investigation, as it was then called, was hampered by politics and a lack of qualified personnel. That has changed.

The institution which has emerged since that day in May twenty-five years ago is inseparable from its creator. Respected and admired by good citizens, feared and hated by the enemies of law and order, the Federal Bureau of Investigation is a living symbol of what can be accomplished when one travels the road on which the signposts are fidelity, Bravery and Integrity.

One of Mr. Hoover's favorite references to the FBI is, "We are a 'we' organization." This, of course, is true. But it is also true that Mr. Hoover is the inspiration and the guiding genius of the FBI and as a giant gear revolves around its shaft, so does the FBI revolve around its Director.

On this twenty-fifth anniversary, we, the employees of the FBI, offer our most sincere congratulations and say, "God keep you, Mr. Hoover!"

Da.

Please file in Investigation File

RECORDED - 2 19 MAY 6 1949

230

多でMAY 171949





The Gallup Poll Some

Only 3% of Voters Disapprove of FBI

By George Gallup
Director, American Institute of Public
Opinion

EDGAR HOOVER'S Federal
Bureau of Investigation gets
a big vote of confidence from the
public in a Nation-wide survey of
lopinion.

Recently the FBI has been the farget of charges from a number of left-wing and liberal sources as the "American Gestapo." These prificisms do not seem to have had much effect on the attitude of

the public as a whole toward the bureau.

Only a small proportion of persons polled—3 per cent—express disapproving or derogatory ppinlons about the FBI.

The study of public attitudes overed a number of aspects. All oters polled were asked, first

"Will you tell me what the ini-

"Aals 'FBI' stand for?"

A total of 78 per cent gave accurate or reasonably accurate answers, while 16 per cent said they did not recognize those initials and 6 per cent gave vague answers. Some would undoubted by recognize the term "G-man," while not knowing the exact meaning of the FBI initials.

All who identified the FBI initials correctly were asked:

*Last year President Truman ave the FBI one of its most difcult assignments to date: \(\frac{1}{2}\) ing on the loyalty of 2,500,000 Federal employes. Charges of "snooping" and of acting as "thought police" have grown out of this assignment.

To carry out this task as well as to enforce more than 120 major. Federal laws, the FBI has only 4100 agents, or one for every 37,000 persons in the country. A great deal of the information in FBI files is sent in by the publish in the form of "tips," rather that being dug up by FBI agents them selves.

If it comes to a question of enlarging the FBI to carry on the investigation of Communist groups, the bureau would have little difficulty enlisting public sup-

In the final question in today's survey, voters were asked:

"Would you like to see the Government increase the amount of money given to the FBI so that it could add more agents to check on the Communists—or do you think there are enough FBI agents now?"

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Clege
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

W John

94-3-2-938

WASHINGTON POST
Page 15 3
Date 2 1 4



ice Memorandum • united states government

SUBJECT: INVESTIGATOR

DATE: August 22, 1949

Attached is copy of "The Gallup Poll" which appeared in yesterdays Washington Post. We wondered whether or not there would be any objection to our running it in The Investigator.

ECK:mcq

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO

MR. NICHOLS

DATE: October 31, 1949

W

FROM :

M. A. JANEST

SUBJECT:

THE INVESTIGATOR
December, 1949

As you know, for many years it has been the custom to give a copy of the December issue of The Investigator to every employee in the FBI. This is done, of course, as an inducement to get new members for the FBIRA.

Since June of 1947, we have been giving each new employee a copy of The Investigator, which dealt with the Director's thirty years in law enforcement. This issue was a complete summation of the Bureau's work. It is now somewhat out-of-date and we are running low on copies. It is suggested that this December we make up a 16-page Investigator entitled "Know Your FBI."

The material contained therein will be in the form of questions and answers dealing with the historical development of the Bureau and, of course, setting forth interesting facts and figures.

The cover would have a Christmas motive and we would carry the Director's annual Christmas message on Page 2 of the cover.

We could print up copies of this Investigator and give one to each employee and then change the cover by moving the title "Know Your FBI" to the outside and then print up additional copies which we could make available to new employees as they come in the Bureau.

In the past we have always had difficulty in getting out the December issue because Cartographic is tied up on budget matters. It is felt that by limiting the issue to 16 pages we could expedite this issue and get it out in time for it to reach the Field by Christmas.

RECOMMENDATION:

If there are no objections, we will immediately draw up the material for this issue and submit it for approval.

ECK:mab

of white

F B I 34 NOV 7 1949

63NOV9 1949

ねとくて

94-3-2-959 CHANGED TO 94-1-49306_/

MAR 7 1956

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

FROM : L. J. GAUTHIER

FROM: L. J. GAUTHIERY

SUBJECT: NOVEMBER ISSUE OF THE INVESTIGATOR

DATE: November 15, 1950

Mr. Tolson requested that he be advised concerning of the reasons why the picture on page twenty-seven of the In- Tolson of the seventy that the reasons why the picture on page twenty-seven of the In- Tolson of the seventy that an FBI Service Award Key, was reversed. Mr. Tolson observed that the title at the bottom of this picture incorrectly listed the names of the individuals pictured. This regretable situation was inadvertently brought about at the time the half tone negative was stripped to the line negative here in the Cartographic Section. The emulsion side of the negative is the side that is always face down. In this instance the emulsion side was face up resulting in a reversal of the true positions of the individuals in the picture, and also the corresponding listing of names in the title.

I am much concerned about this oversight and have passed my feelings on to those in the Cartographic Section who prepare the page layouts for the <u>Investigator</u> Although this has been the first error of this kind, I feel that we must be extremely alert for accuracy in our Bureau publications.

I want to assure Mr. Tolson that every precaution will be taken in the future to prevent a recurrence. Instructions have been issued to have the layout negatives checked thoroughly by two individuals in the Cartographic Section before sending them to the Mechanical Section for reproduction.

LJG: jas

s Santhiff

who was responsible

for the error? to

any action reco

PRECORDED - 116

lov 16 1950 tray

1. H

matter to be more

careful in future

乌丰前07.2至1959—

X.

94-3-2-964,965,966 CHANGED TO 94-49306-4,35

MAR 7 1956

7720

94-3-2-11-51 CHANGED TO 972 94-49306-1-2

etyndyko eorm no. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Nichols TO

M. A. Jones

SÚBIECT:

ECK: mrh

"INVESTIGATOR"

DATE: March 21/

I thought perhaps the Director would be interested in plans now under way to put "The Investigator" on a monthly basis. Gandy

LETTER TO ALL ASSOCIATE EDITORS

Attached is a copy of a letter which has just been sent to all associate editors (Exhibit 1). You will note that it sets forth in detail the type of thing we need for "The Investigator" and just how to submit material. A carbon copy of this letter was sent to each SAC in order that he might also be apprised of what is expected of the various associate editors.

A plan is being inaugurated whereby each month a letter will be sent to each associate editor touching on some phase of "The Investigator" and reminding them of their responsibility to submit material on a weekly basis.

II. MEN IN THE ARMED SERVICES

Plans are now under way to send a copy of "The Investigator" each month to those men in the Armed Services who have left the Bureau. Special Agent Clark in the Administrative Division is co-operating with "The Investigator" staff in this regard. A copy of the April issue will be sent to all of those men in the Service. "The Investigator" will carry a notice concerning this matter, and it is attached marked Exhibit 2.

It should be noted that this invites men in the Service to write to the Director if they want to know where some friend or other fellow employee happens to be at the present time. In this regard, we plan to devote space in "The Investigator" to men in the Armed Services.

MEETING OF SEAT OF GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATE EDITORS

On March 19, 1951, a meeting was held by the associate editors here at the Seat of Government. A list of those in attendance earrors nere at the Seat of Government. A list of those in attendance is attached marked Exhibit 3. The purpose of the meeting was to stimulate more material from here at the Seat of Government. The various associate editors admitted that there had not less knough material from the Seat of Government if was the general consensus that there had been dere in the lines of various divisions. It is felt that this situation has now been descreted and all of those in attendance were very enthusiastic about "The Investigator."

Attachment the Country of the New Country of the C 94-3-2-CC - Mr. Holloman

March 21, 1951

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols Re: "The Investigator"

The meeting resulted in two pertinent observations:

1. That in the past there had been no real fixed responsibility in the various divisions and that it had been left to the staff of "The Investigator" in Crime Records to initiate projects. It is felt now that this situation will be changed. 2. That there should be a balance of material in "The Investigator" between the things that appeal to the mature employee and those which would be of interest to the employee who had just come into the Bureau. It is felt that this could be done by having more humorous items, cartoons and, more important, that "The Investigator" should have items concerning the Bureau which would be of educational value.

It was also agreed among the associate editors that "The Investigator" should avoid running baby pictures and wedding pictures, along with items on transfers of Special Agents. It was felt that this type of material was of interest only to the individual who appeared therein and had no universal appeal for all employees.

A monthly meeting of the Seat of Government associate editors is planned in the future.

IV. SCHEDULE FOR "THE INVESTIGATOR"

As you know, the deadlines for the field have been abolished and they are now required to submit material on a weekly basis. It is felt that this will alleviate the congestion which has occurred in the past wherein Crime Records would receive a wave of material which in turn would be passed on to Cartographic, hence to Photo Lab and then to Mechanical. We will try now to have material distributed evenly so that there will be no jam up and we can get it out on schedule.

In the past we have had "The Investigator" come out at the end of each month. We are going to try to move this up so "The Investigator" will come out the first of each month. The April issue will come out on the 15th of April, the May issue on the 10th, and the June issue as near to the 1st as we can possibly get it. If the field responds with sufficient material, it is felt that this can be done.

V. NUMBER OF PAGES IN "THE INVESTIGATOR"

Since 1943 we have carried 32 pages in "The Investigator." The primary reason for this is that the machine used to assemble the publication is only capable of picking up 16 double pages. We would,

March 21, 1951

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols Re: "The Investigator"

of course, like to increase the size of "The Investigator" but we would like to wait and see exactly what the response from the field is going to be before we do this. The April issue will have 32 pages. The material available will determine what the size of the May issue will be.

Attached is a copy of "The Investigator" for February, 1941, which has 61 pages, not including the cover. It is noted that the material in this particular issue is generally made up of items dealing with births, marriages, and transfers and the like. (Exhibit 4)

The staff of "The Investigator" feels that our present publication is far more compact and by far of more interest to more employees than the older system. (Exhibit 5)

There is another consideration. If we permit the field to go back to the old system of merely furnishing us with items on transfers, births and marriages they will immediately consider that their weekly contribution and will use no initiative in getting material which would be far more interesting. As pointed out above, the associate editors here at the Seat of Government from the various divisions do not want to go back to the old system and feel that the present "Investigator" is highly satisfactory.

VI. PAPER

It is felt that we should have a better grade of paper for "The Investigator." You will notice that the paper stock of "The Investigator" is very thin and that the quality of paper used is very poor. This makes it difficult for the staff of "The Investigator" to get good pictures and ones which are clear and not fuzzy. It is felt that perhaps the officers of the FBIRA could work out some means for getting better paper and cover stock.

VII. STAFF CREDIT LINE

For many years we have carried on the inside of each "Investigator" the following staff:

Editor: M. A. Jones
Associate Editor: Edward C. Kemper
Design and Layout: Cartographic Section
Photography and Printing: Mechanical Section

March 21, 1951

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols
Rez "The Investigator"

In order to give recognition to those who do a great deal of work on "The Investigator" it is felt that to "The Investigator" staff we should add the following:

Assistant Editorz Frances Witham Art Work and Layout: Vivian Teeple

This would be followed by:

Design and Layout: Cartographic Section Photography and Printing: Mechanical Section

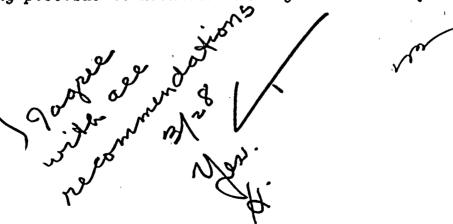
VIII. FUTURE PLANS FOR THE INVESTIGATOR"

A. We, of course, plan to have more material on the Seat of Government. This will include a series of features on each division which will not only present pictures of the personnel but which will at the same time tell a story of our operations. For example, in the April issue we are having a very fine picture story on the Fugitive Index.

B. We plan to increase the sports coverage and have more on-the-scene shots rather than pictures of groups of individuals which are obviously posed.

C. We plan to have more educational features dealing with the background of the Bureausso that the new employees might learn more about our operations.

We hope that these plans meet with the Director's approval and he can be assured that the staff here in Crime Records is doing everything possible to maintain the high standards of "The Investigator."



Federal Bureau f Investigation Recreati Association United States Department of Justice
Pennsylvania Avenue at Ninth Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

INVESTIGATOR STAFF

Dear

AL : 45.00

As you probably know by now, "The Investigator" is coming out on a monthly basis. Director Hoover is very enthusiastic about "The Investigator" and he feels that it is one of the finest ways we have of keeping the morale of the Bureau's employees on a high level. He has advised the staff of "The Investigator" that he is behind us one hundred per cent and that he plans to follow each issue very closely. He has also asked that we give him a list of the material sent in so that he can note any derelictions from the field.

Your SAC now has the responsibility of seeing to it that something is submitted each week for "The Investigator." Accordingly, all the old deadline dates are now abolished and you will submit something on a weekly basis. This, of course, does not mean that you have to send in pictures every week, but certainly there must be something of interest occurring in the field office, even on a daily basis, which would be of interest to all the employees.

The following are some guides which may be of help to you. Above all, remember to be prompt but interesting, and be accurate.

- 1. Make your material of news value! Give us the facts of whatever happens. Don't worry about writing style or proper editing. The Editorial Staff here at the Seat of Government will see to that. Your job is to report the news.
- 2. Develop a nose for news. Be alert to what's going on around you.
- 3. Read your local newspapers daily. If anything appears therein about the activities of your local FBI office or as regards employees in your office, clip it, and make a story out of it for "The Investigator." If you don't have the time or inspiration to write it up into a story, send it in anyway.

ENCLOSURE -3-2-97. HXHIBIT 1

Urge Agents on investigative assignments to report to you on interesting experiences encountered in their work. If a particularly good case breaks in your office, get some inside dope on it and send it along with pictures for "The Investigator." Do a little research on your own. Many little details and incidents which Agents assigned to the case would remember give a story color! That's what we want. 5. Make your pictures tell a story. Write a snappy caption which fits the picture, which tells the reader what led up to the picture, who the people are, what the occasion is, etc. Take a look at any one of the popular pictorial magazines, and you'll see what we mean by a good caption. We need a light touch for variety. If you have a cartoonist in the office, urge him to contribute material. His by-line will be used. Every day something funny or unusual occurs which gives everybody a laugh. We need new features and lay-outs. 8. a. Contests, pictures, poems, cartoons, etc. Suggestions for Director's messages which will appear in each issue. Submit pictures or ideas for Cover. Submit Feature material two months in advance of publication date. Observe these rules in submitting material: Always submit negatives with prints. If print only is available, send a large glossy. Do not staple negative to print. The negative may be 2. damaged. Always indicate whether or not you want pictures returned. The Editors will make every effort to return pictures promptly. In this regard we have been at fault in the past and we apologize for any inconvenience such a delay may have caused you. 4. Arrange text and captions double spaced. This facilitates proofing and editing. 2 -

5. Identify each individual who appears in pictures. Spell names correctly and use proper titles, such as Clerk, Special Agent, Inspector, etc. 6. Do not submit negatives which are "too light" or "too dark." They won't reproduce. 7. Do not submit unseasonal pictures. This will be avoided to a great extent now that the magazine will be published nonthly. 8. Submit wedding or baby pictures only if they have unusual news value. 9. Do not submit pictures of the same people over and over again. Readers grow tired of seeing the same old faces. Keep track of the material you send in and you won't duplicate in this fashion. DEADLINES: The next issue of "The Investigator" will be published in April. Your material for the April issue should have been submitted by March 5. Beginning with the May issue, "The Investigator" will be published monthly. Consequently, material which you desire to be included in the May issue must be in the hands of the Editors on April 1, material for the June issue by May 1, etc. We know that you will pitch in and give us the material which we need. Sincerely yours, Milton A. Jones, Editor "The Investigator" - 3 -

2 - 3

TO MEMBERS OF THE FBI NOW IN MILITARY SERVICE

Under the sponsorship of the FBIRA, all FBI employees who left their jobs to go into military service will receive a copy of the Investigator beginning with the April issue.

In order that you may receive your Investigator on a current basis, we ask that you keep us
informed of your change of address. Your fellow
employees in the FBI are interested in knowing
where you are and what you are doing, so write
directly to Director Hoover indicating your
present location and any items of interest which
you would like published in The Investigator.

If you would like to correspond with fellow FBI employees in the service, you may obtain information as to where FBI servicemen and women are stationed by writing to Mr. Hoover, personally.

94-3-2-974

ENCLOSURE

EXHIBIT 2

Gwendolyn Olney Identification Division

T.J. Feeney
June Deeds, alternate
Training and Inspection Division

Miss Hilda E. Guigon Administrative Division

Mrs. Eleanor Conover Ed Eiden, alternate, and Virginia Fay Richardson, alternate Records Section

William C. Sullivan Security Division

William P. Jones
Investigative Division

Elva Lee Jones Laboratory Division

Donald C. Stretelzky Quantico

94-3-2-974

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO:

Mr. Nichous

FROM :

M. A. Popes

SUBJECT:

Je/

"THE INVESTIGATOR"

93

DATE: March 23, 1951

Vi

.1

As you know, under the present procedure after "The Investigator" is printed it goes to Addressograph and each copy is run through the machine and the name of the employee is placed thereon. His or her actual office of assignment is not on the addressograph plate and it is, therefore, necessary to have the Administrative Division place the office of assignment or the division on each individual copy. They then have to be sorted by division and routed to the employees.

Special Agent Pontz of the Training Division has suggested that enough copies of "The Investigator" be printed to give every employee one regardless of whether or not he or she belongs to the FBIRA. This same suggestion was made several years ago and it was felt that the incentive for employees to belong to the FBIRA, particularly in the field, was their subscription to "The Investigator."

We have an alternate suggestion which will, if adopted, speed up the distribution of "The Investigator." Each associate editor in the various field divisions and at the Seat of Government will determine the number of members of the FBIRA in their respective divisions and will advise the Editor of "The Investigator" as to the exact number they will need each month. It will, therefore, be the duty of the associate editor to see that "The Investigator" is distributed in the field division. This would avoid all the work in the Addressograph and in the Administrative Division.

We submit this recommendation for your consideration and we also feel the officers of the FBIRA might desire to pass on the matter.

ECK: mrh

ADDENDUM: LBN: jms 3-30-5

RECOMPTION 38 IAPRI 25 1951

The Executives Conference Consisting of Solson, Callahan, Eracy, Harbo, Mohr, Belmont, Ladd, Rosen, Clegg, Sizoo and Nichols bere unanimously in favor of adopting the suggestion whereby the associate editor in each field givision would furnish the number of Investigators needed for the hembers of the FBI RA; at their individual office and a bundle would be shipped to the office to be distributed by the associate editor. It is felt that this would be a time-saving procedure and would have a salutary effect upon non-members of the YBI RA in the individual offices and would place a further premium upon membership in the FBI RA.

Sin April 1819

EWN. X

approx of the rapp

Federal Bureau Investigation Recreation Association Unit States Department of Justice Pennsylvania Avenue at Ninth Street, N. W. Washington, D. C.

The Bureau has approved a new plan for the distribution of "The Investigator." In the future it will be your responsibility to see that "The Investigator" is distributed to members of the FBIRA in your division. While I realize that this will impose an extra duty on you, it will mean that you will receive "The Investigator" anywhere from 10 to 14 days sooner.

The April issue has just come off the press and we will furnish to your division sufficient copies to cover the membership in your office.

Advise us by May I the number of copies you will need for the May issue. This procedure will be followed throughout the year and it will be necessary for you to advise us the first of each month how many copies you will need. This, of course, is necessitated by the fact that there are resignations and transfers.

If you have any questions regarding this new procedure please do not hesitate to let us know as soon as possible.

. Sincerely yours,

M. A. Jones, Editor "The Investigator"

CC - SAC

ENCLOSURE 94-3-2-978

fice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO

MR. S. J. TRACY(

DATE: March 9, 195

FROM:

T. W. Boen W

SUBJECT:

FBIRA MEMBERSHIP IN THE IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

Of the 1660 employees in the Identification Division, 7616. NOO there are 1509 members of the FBIRA. This represents 90.9 percent bease of the employees in the Identification Division.

Fifty-five of these members have been given membership cards and will submit their dues at an early date. We have 151 non-members. Of this number, 51 have a membership in the family; 7 are on extended sick leave. Considering these facts we really have 93 non-members and 94.9 percentage of FBIRA membership in the Identification Division.

It is recommended that those employees on extended sick leave be given honorary membership and copies of the Investigator be sent to them. If this recommendation is approved, their names and addresses will be the subject of a separate memorandum.

Of the remaining employees who are non-members, several have been on leave recently and therefore were not contacted during the drive. Those employees will be contacted in the very near future.

TWB: ap4

REGGRDED - 128

194-3-2-1APR 25 1951

ANITIALS ON ORIGINAL = 2

m Bremadu he man The was have The means

76 JUL 26 1951

NI CILLY YOU CHURCHAND

Belmont

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: 3/14/51

FROM : THE EXECUTIVES CONFERENCE

CK SUBJECT:

The Executives Conference of March 13, 1951, consisting of Messrs. Ladd, Clegg, Sizoo, Tracy; Belmont, Harbo, Rosen and Mohr, considered a suggestion made by the Identification Division that employees on extended sick leave be given honorary memberships in the XBIRA and that copies of the Investigator be sent to such employees.

After discussing the matter, the Conference was of the unanthous opinion that it would be undesirable to afford honorary memberships in the FBIRA to anyone. This has not been done in the m st and the Conference was of the opinion that this would be an undesirable procedure.

The Conference was unanimous, however, in recommending that the Investigator be sent to all employees on extended sick leave whether they are or are not members of the FBIRA. The Crime Records Section will maintain the addresses of employees on extended sick leave and forward copies of the Investigator to them in the event the Director approves the recommendation of the Conference.

also to all employees on military heave,

CC - Mr. Clegg

JPW: DW

Respectfully, For the Conference

Clyde Tolson

politica Comme

RECORDED - 128

RECORDED - 128

RECORDED - 128

194-3-2-98 APR 26 1951

Zun

76 JUL 26 1951

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE:

March 9. 1951

TO : Mr. Nichols

FROM: F. C. Holloman

SUBJECT:

أراما

In compliance with the Director's suggestion, I appeared before the Executives Conference on this date and outlined to them the desires of the Director regarding the Investigator and the activities of the FBI Recreation Association. The Conference was advised that definite steps had been taken to improve the Investigator, both as to lay-out and content; that every effort was being made to meet the needs of the Bureau's increasing personnel through this publication; that efforts were being made to publish it on a mouthly basis in the near future. Each member of the Conference was urged to get behind this matter and support it by personally seeing that their Divisions submitted material to be included in the Investigator.

Our plans for extending and enlarging the general activities of the FBI RA were also discussed. I pointed out that the Association should be the central hub around which all recreation activities, both social and athletic should evolve; that it was necessary to administer the Association so that the greatest benefit to the most employees would result. I assured the Conference that if the Conference members would advise what activities their employees desired that the FBI RA would provide them. Each official was urged to support the Association, particularly by personally attending, even for a few minutes, the various functions of the FBI RA.

Those in attendance indicated their support would be unstinting and it is believed we will have a very successful year in meeting the needs and desires of our employees, improving their morale and thereby getting a larger return in our investment by greater production.

cc - Mr. Jones

I want real & artine

RECORDED - 95

MAR 20 103

五年明 2:31171717

- 7/17/2 COPY FILED IN 62 - 2/17/1

STANDARD PORM NO. 64 tice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MR. GLAVIA DATE: April 24, 1951 H. L. EDWARDS no feet gother SUBJECT: X SECURITY ASPECTS OF SENDING THE INVESTIGATOR TO OVERSEAS SERVICEMEN ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED You will recall that as a part of the Bureau's current program of extending special consideration to Bureau employees now in the military service, the Investigator is to be mailed to each of them. Some of these servicemen are overseas, such as in Korea. Ihere is a possibility that the magazine will fall into enemy hands if any of such personnel are so unfortunate as to be captured, killed or wounded. Consequently, a security question might be presented in view of the fact that copies of the Investigator may perhaps get to the Russian secret police or other intelligence agencies. If that were to occur, the names and in some cases the pictures of Bureau employees would thus become available to enemy intelligence.

The chances of this happening are probably remote but the Bureau may desire to take some preventive steps, such as printing on the cover of the magazine, if the serviceman's address is in an active theater of operation, the following: "Destroy after reading. The contents of this publication are for your information and not the enemy's."

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that this be printed on the covers of all such copies of the Investigator.

CC: Mrs. Wood (Sent direct)

REG: CM20

REG:

4

Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO.

THE DIRECTOR

FROM:

THE EXECUTIVES CONFERENCE

SUBJECT:

ALL INFORMUTION CONTADIA HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIAD BY GOL 67 NES ER

DATE: May 1, 1951

The Executives Conference of April 26, 1951, consisting of Messrs. Tolson, Laughlin for Belmont, Ladd, Sizoo, Mason for Clegg, Rosen, Mohr, Harbo, Tracy and Glavin was advised that Mr. Clark, Veterans Counselor, had questioned the advisability of sending "The Investigator" to overseas servicemen who were former Bureau employees.

It was pointed out to the Conference that under the present Bureau program, Bureau employees leaving our service to enter the military service are encouraged to visit Bureau field offices in cities where they may be stationed or in which they may be passing through. They are also advised that the Bureau is most interested in keeping in touch with them, that they will be sent The Investigator in the event they keep us advised of their address. Mr. Clark pointed out that some of these men are overseas and in posts such as Korea. There is a possibility that the Investigator may fall into enemy hands if any such personnel are so unfortunate as to be captured, killed, or wounded while having a copy of the Investigator in their possession. Mr. Clark points out that consequently, a security question might be presented in view of the fact that copies of the Investigator may perhaps get to the Russian secret police If this were to occur, the or other intelligence agencies. names and in some cases the pictures of Bureau employees would thus become available to enemy intelligence. The chances of this happening are probably remote but the Bureau might desire to take some preventative steps such as printing on the cover of the magazine if the serviceman's address is outside the naking the continental United States the following: "Destroy after reading." The contents of this publication are for your information and not the enemy's." not the enemy's." 11 (1

It was pointed out to the Conference that it is not possible to definitely determine, where a serviceman is stationed: in the event he is outside the continental United States since in in a majority of instances, mail is addressed to these men through Army postnoffices in New York, San Francisco or Seattle.

WRG:JC CC - Mr. H. H. Clegg Mr. J. P. Mohr

RECORDED - 78

MÁY 18 1951

ROLEON

65 MAY 24 1951

Memo for the Director - Continued

Regardless of this fact, the Conference did not feel that it would be necessary to take preventative steps such as suggested by Mr. Clark. The Conference did suggest that this matter be brought to the attention of the editorial staff of the Investigator so that they could be on appropriate notice as to the fact that the Investigator may be delivered in theaters of war in the future, and no information should be included in the Investigator which would be of aid or comfort to the enemy.

Sound of the stands of the sta

Respectfully, For the Conference

Clyde Tolson

October 18, 1951

Mr. Vito Barbata 2320 Test Jackson Boulevard Chicage 12, Illinois

Dear Mr. Barbata:

Tour communication postmarked October 13, 1951, has been received.

I wish to thank you for making available the data which you forwarded to this Bureau. While the material you submitted is not of a confidential nature, I thought you might like to know that I sincerely appreciate your interest and alertness in this regard.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

NOTE: Correspondent in this instance did not write a letter but enclosed the August, 1951, Unvestigator and a 25 page list of names, these individuals being former employees of the Bureau who are now in military service. These two articles were contained in a franked U. S. Dept. of Justice brown manila envelope bearing the return address of the FBI and addressed to Mr. Jack Richard Henry, Swainsboro, Georgia. It is not known how correspondent came into possession of this non-confidential Bureau material.

Bufiles reflect Jack Richard Henry of Swainsboro, Georgia, EOD March 27, 1950 and was separated from service on August 4, 1950 to enter military service. He was in Grade GS-2, \$2450, at the time he departed from the Bureau. The Veterans Counsellor for Bureau employees was consulted tregarding this matter and the above letter deemed appropriate to go forward to the Correspondent. 94-3-2-1037

NOV 7 1951

CRECORDED 4-112/10000

11 2: 15

اليو أبلغ يمني ولا

STANDARD FORM NO. 64



Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

: THE DIRECTOR

FROM : EXECUTIVES CONFERENCE

SUBJECT:

DATE: October 6, 1951

No hour Ladd Class Rosen Tracy Herbo Beldont

The Executives' Conference of October 2, 1951, attended by Messrs. Ladd, Parsons, Mohr, Belmont, Nease, Sizoo, Laughlin, Rosen, Mason, Nichols, and Glavin considered certain suggestions made by Sergeant Jack E. Wilhite, Fort George Meade, Maryland, former employee of the Bureau.

It was pointed out to the Conference that the above-mentioned former employee telephoned Mr. Holloman of the Records and Communications Division on September 20, 1951, and requested a copy of the mailing list of other Bureau employees now in the military service be furnished to him, and that he also get the Investigator. He also wondered whether he would be eligible to participate in the FBIRA Flying Club. The Conference was advised that it was our policy, with respect to the Investigator and mailing list, to send these items only to former Bureau personnel who left the Bureau to enter the military service. The Conference was advised that Wilhite left the Bureau s service in 1949, not to enter the military service, but so that he could devote adequate time to his courses at Phoenix College, Phoenix, Arizona. He enlisted in the armed forces in August, 1950. Consequently, Wilhite's separation from the Bureau's service was not caused by his entry into the military service, but was the result of his desiring to devote adequate time to his educational studies.

This former employee also personally visited Special Agent Demory M. Gregg of the Domestic Intelligence Division on September 18, 1951, to determine whether the Bureau could help him receive an assignment to the Denver area with the office of Special Investigations of the Air Force, to which organization Wilhite contemplated transferring, in order that he could finish the remaining semester of his school work previously undertaken in Denver so as to get his BA Degree. He was advised by Mr. Gregg that the Bureau could not interfere with the internal administration of the Air Force as Wilhite, in fact, requested us to do.

In considering this case, the Conference does not feel that Wilhite should be furnished with the mailing list of other Bureau employees now in the military service, that he not be furnished the In-

CC: Ur. Har

6:2 中国 1951

RECORDED - 116 94 - 3 - 2 - 1055 INDEXED - 116 NOV 37 1951

X-130 Nov. 31 1951

The After the State of the Stat

MRECORDED

The Killson of the Ki

Memo to the Director - (Continued)

vestigator, and that he not be eligible to participate in the FBIRA Flying Club. The Conference makes these recommendations since Wilhite has no reinstatement rights, did not leave the Bureau for the purpose of entering the military service, and if an exception were made in his case, exceptions would necessarily have to be made in the cases of other employees who have left the Bureau's service for other than entry into the military service.

Respectfully For the Conference,

Clyde Tolson

水,

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. GLAVIN

DATESeptember 27, 1951

FROM:

W. E. CLARE

SUBJECT:

SERGEANT JACK E. WILHITE 647 AC and W Squadron

Ft. George D. Meade, Maryland

tolson

Add

Lices

Fishevit

Lichols

Rosen

Fracy

Harbo

Belnont

Kohr

Tele. Room

Bease

Sergeant Wilhite, a former Clerk at the Seat of Government and later in the Phoenix Office, telephoned Mr. F. C. Holloman on September 20, and requested that a copy of the mailing list of other Bureau employees now in military service be furnished to him and that he also get the Investigator. He wondered whether he would be eligible to participate in the FBIRA Flying Club.

Our policy with respect to the Investigator and the mailing list has been to send these items only to former Bureau personnel who left the Bureau to enter the military service. Sergeant Wilhite left the Bureau in 1949, not to enter the military service, but so that he could devote adequate time to his courses at Phoenix College. In August, 1950, however, he enlisted in the armed forces.

Consequently, he is not in a military separation or military leave without pay status. He has expressed considerable interest in the Bureau, however, and no real reason is seen for not sending him the Investigator and the mailing list. The chances are that many of these former employees who left the Bureau for some other reason than military service but eventually found themselves in uniform just the same, will be as interested in reinstatement and in maintaining their Bureau contacts as others who left for this specific purpose; and that, therefore, people like Wilhite should receive the Investigator and the mailing list.

It is also noted that he visited personally with SA Emory M. Gregg of the Domestic Intelligence Division on September 18. He asked SA Gregg whether the Bureau could help him receive an assignment to the Denver area with the office of Special Investigations of the Air Force to which organization Wilhite contemplated transferring, in order that he could finish the remaining semester of his school work previously undertaken in Denver so as to get his BA Degree. He pointed out that he contemplated applying for reinstatement after discharge. Mr. Gregg told him, that the Bureau, although it was interested in his welfare and progress, could not interfere in the internal administration of the Air Force as Wilhite in fact requested us to do.

As to the Flying club and to the activities sponsored by the

7DEC7 1951 11

7.1 1951

UNRECORDED COPY FIL

Memo to Mr. Glavin (Continued)

FBIRA, it is not believed that we should open these activities to participation by our employees in uniform. The armed forces have their own recreational programs in most cases and the FBIRA has its hands full trying to meet the recreational needs of the Bureau's actual employees. Furthermore, in case of any incident which might arise in connection with FBIRA-sponsored activities involving someone in uniform, the Bureau would have nowhere near the control over the situation that it would have if only its actual employees had been involved. The men in uniform would, of course, be primarily amenable to the military authorities rather than the Bureau.

For these reasons, it is felt that the activities sponsored by the FBIRA should be open only to actual Bureau employees, as distinguished from those on military duty. The one great exception should be FBIRA dances. We have urged the field offices to invite Bureau employees in the service to their office parties and there is no difference between these and FBIRA or Divisional dances at the Seat of Government. It is felt that we should invite servicemen who were Bureau employees to our FBIRA dances but that this should be the extent of our efforts to provide servicemen with recreational facilities.

RECOMMENDATION

- (1) That the Investigator and the mailing list be made available to former employees like Wilhite who have expressed a desire to receive them even though such individuals are not in a military separation or military leave without pay status from the Bureau.
- (2) That FBIRA-sponsored recreational activities not be thrown open to service personnel with the exception of FBIRA dances. It is noted that we are inviting a number of servicemen to our October 6 FBIRA dance.

Weerd

CC - Mrs. Wood (sent direct)

NR. HOLLOMAN (SENT DIRECT)

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT

DATE: September 21, 1951

M FROM :

E. M. Gregg Epilo

SUBJECT:

SERGEANT JACK D. WILHITE FORMER BUREAU EMPLOYEE Clegg
Clavia
Nichole
Rosen
Tracy
Harbo
Belmont
Mohr
Tele, Room

Gandy

PURPOSE

To set forth the results of an interview with Sergeant Jack D. Wilhite, former Bureau employee.

DETAILS

On September 18, 1951, Sergeant Jack D. Wilhite, a former Bureau employee at the Seat of Government and in the Phoenix Field Office, contacted Special Agent Robert D. Gibbons, Supervisor, Espionage Unit, whom he knew while both were assigned to the Phoenix Office. SA Gibbons referred Sergeant Wilhite to me.

Sergeant Wilhite advised that he had formerly been employed by the Bureau in a clerical capacity and after working for approximately ten months at the Seat of Government had been transferred to the Phoenix Office. He said that he had resigned from the Bureau in 1949 for the purpose of attending law school in Den-ver, Colorado, but before completing his education had in August of 1950 enlisted in the United States Air Force. He said that he was currently assigned at Fort Meade as a Sergeant in the 647th AC&W Squadron. Sergeant Wilhite stated that it was his desire to transfer to OSI inasmuch as he contemplated applying for reinstatement after being discharged and believed that such experience would be more valuable for future work in the Bureau. He said that he believed he would have no difficulty whatsoever in obtaining such a transfer, but did hope that he could be assigned in the Denver Office of OSI in order that he could complete the remaining semester of his school work for qualification for his BA degree. He inquired as to whether the Bureau could be of assistance to him in obtaining such an assignment.

Sergeant Wilhite was advised that although we were very much interested in the welfare and progress of former Bureau em-, ployees now in the military service, it was not the Bureau's policy to interfere in the internal administration of the Air Force and that under the circumstances it would appear impossible for us to assist him in obtaining assignment in the Denver Office of OSI. Sergeant Wilhite was urged to keep in touch with the Bureau and to keep us informed of his progress and whereabouts while in the military service, even though it appears that he terminated his Bureau employment

EMG:TD

61DEC 6, 18511 (5)

RECORDED - 116 NOV 3. 1 1951

EX-130

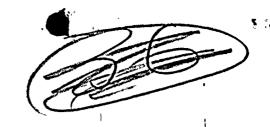
At an and the state of the stat

some time prior to entering the military service.

ACTION

None. The above is for your information. It is suggested that this memorandum be forwarded to the Personnel Section of the Administrative Division for its information.

Any)



September 20, 1951

Memorandum for: Mr. Clark
Room 4519

Re: Sergeant Jack E. Vilhite 647 AC and W Squadren Ft. George D. Neade, Maryland

Sergeant Wilhite, a former Bureau employee, called me and advised he was interested in receiving the Investigator if this would be possible and to also receive information concerning the location of other former Bureau employees who are now in military service. He gave the above address as his present address.

He was assured we would be glad to furnish him with the Investigator in the future as well as any other information we might disseminate regarding former employees in the military service.

He also expressed an interest in the FBIRA Flying Club and wondered whether or not he would be eligible to participate in this.

It is suggested he be advised concerning the activities of the Flying Club at this time.

F. C. Holloman

CC - Mr. Jones

FCH:mb

17 6 DE GREN 1951

SA /10

1058 which

S Market

he was on sured sured sured sure of the su

" 68-26/1

ED COPY FILED IN

Mr. Tolson 1 Mr. Ladd, Mr. Nichols. Mr. Belmont Mr. Clegg. Mr. Glavin 1130 Idaho Street Mr. Harbo. Gary, Indiana Investigator Mr. Rosen December 9, 1951 Mr. Tracy. Mr. Laughlin Mr. Mohr. Mr. John Edgar Hoover Tele, Room. Director Mr. Nease Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C. Dear Mr. Hoover: I am enclosing a letter to you from my son, William E expressing his appreciation of the letter which you sent him and your autographed photographed. Mrs. Hall and I would like to express our appreciation for your thoughtfulness in writing to Billy as you did and sending him your photograph. We are sure that it will be one of his most cherished possessions. I think you would have enjoyed the expression on his face when he opened the letter and photograph. He was so pleased that, for once, he was quite speechless. Sincerely yours, GEORGE W. HALL Special Agent Enc. NDEXED - 123 George W. Hall - Special EOD: 5-1-39 GS-13 \$356

1130 Idaho Street Gary, Ind. Dec. 9, 1951

Dear Mr. Hoover,

My Father just brought your letter and picture to me when he returned from a trip out of town.

Your letter made me very happy. It was very nice of you to write to me.

I am proud that you would take time to send me your picture. Lam going to have it framed and hung in my room.

I am now a Wolf Cub Scout and am working for a Bear Badge.

I want to thank you very much for your letter and picture.

Your friend,

Billy Hall

COPY-eff

yppe

1130 ddaho Street Bary cha. Dec. 9,1951

Dear Mr. Hoover

15

my Father just brought your letter and picture to me when he returned from a trip out of Town.

your letter made me very happy, It was very nice of you to write time.

Lam proud that you would take Time to and me your picture. I am going to have it, framed and hung in my room,

dam now a wolf Cub Scout and am working for a Bear Badge.

il want to thank you very much for your letter and picture.

Your friend, Billy Hall

RECORDED - 100 19473-2-107111 EX. - 69 DEC 18/195: FEB 14 1952 Chiv 5134

94-3-2-1074 CHANGED TO 67-445643-27

ice Memorandum • united states government

WMr. Wherry

F. J. McGuire

SUBJECT:

MAILING OF THE "INVESTIGATOR"

AND THE "LAW ENFORCEMENT BULLETIN"

DATE: 1-22-52

As you know, effective January 1 instant, new regulations went into effect regarding parcel post mailing. These regulations established weight limits not to exceed 20 pounds on all types of mail except that which can be considered as books. At that time it was felt necessary to check with the Post Office Department to determine if the publications, the "Investigator" and the "Law Enforcement Bulletin," could be considered mailable under the book category consistent with postal rules.

At that time, I talked to Mr. Sheridan in the Superintendent of Mails Office, U. S. Post Office Department, and he said that in order for these publications to be considered as books in the eyes of his department they would have to be available to the general public. Of course, this is not the case and, therefore, it was not considered possible to mail the "Investigator" and the "Law Enforcement Bulletin" under the more liberal regulations governing the mailing of books.

This is to advise you that today I talked with Mr. Daffer, Superintendent of Mails, U. S. Post Office Department, and requested a decision from him as to whether these could be mailed under the book rates. His ruling is that the "Investigator" and the "Law Enforcement Bulletin" can be considered as books in the terminology of the Post Office Department and that it is permissible to mail them under the more liberal regulations governing books.

As you know, the weight limit for the mailing of books Mis 70 pounds as compared to the limit of parcel post of 20 pounds. As a result of this new decision by Mr. Daffer it is now possible to mail these publications at a greater savings to the Bureau than would have been possible if we were restricted to the 20 pound limit.

FJM:mas

Renneberger

 N_1

Memorandum for Mr. Wherry

I have telephonically advised Mr. Marsden of the Supply Section who handles the packaging of the "Investigator" and the "Law Enforcement Bulletin."

ACTION:

None. For record purposes only.

Mar

Office Memorandum • united states governmen

: Mr. Nichols

DATE: November 40

FROM : M.A.

THE INVESTIGATOR SUBJECT:

December, 1952 Issue

Attached is the December, 1952 issue of the Investigator. After approval it should be returned to the Crime Records Section for further processing.

Attachment

JS:maw M

MI

Date:

December 2, 1952

To:

Director, FBI

From:

Legat, Mexico

Subject:

MEXICO CITY OFFICE

ADMINISTRATIVE

Reference SAC letter # 118, Series 1952, Section (C), dated November 7, 1952.

Section (C) of this SAC letter is entitled "Careless dissemination, copies of the Investigator," and although it was intended for direct application to conditions as they exist in the domestic field, the Legal Attache noted that inferentially the Section had a direct bearing on the matter of possession of copies of the "Investigator" in Mexico.

The Legal Attache discussed this matter with various office employees, pointing out that their personal copies of the "Investigator" were their personal property and in certain instances the employee might wish to permanently retain certain copies because of material contained therein which was of particular interest. The Legal Attache felt that an office rule should be established whereby copies of the "Investigator" should not be retained at the private residence of the employee in Mexico and copies would normally be returned to the Chief Clerk's office after reading and would be destroyed along with the confidential office material, which is normally destroyed by burning. It was also determined by the Legal Attache, where an employee desired to permanently retain a certain copy of the "Investigator" he or she might do so, retaining same in the employee's steel file cabinet in the office.

An office memorandum to that effect was issued and thereafter certain employees decided that their personal desires would be satisfied through the mere sending to the office of one circulation copy of the "Investigator" which could be circulated among the employees and thereafter destroyed.

RECONDED-20 94-32-1188

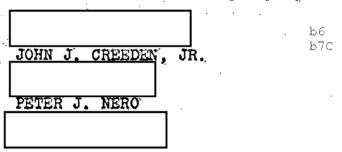
JNS:LH

EX. 111

Letter to the Bureau, 12/2/52
Re: MEXICO CITY OFFICE
ADMINISTRATIVE

However, certain employees desired to receive their personal copies of the "Investigator," thereby assuming the responsibility for appropriate safekeeping or destruction of the same.

The result of this is that it is believed in the future eight copies of the "Investigator" should be sent to the office. These copies will be for the following employees:



The following employees at this time are specifically requesting that no copies of the "Investigator" be sent to them during the duration of their foreign assignment:

b6 b7C

It is to be noted that copies are being requested for Resident Agents JOHN J. CREEDEN, JR., and PETER J. NERO. The Legal Attache is at this time reiterating to them the absolute necessity of their maintaining their copies in such a way that the copies will never become an instrument for the possible embarrassment of the Bureau and the employees themselves.

RECORDED-20 94-3-2-1188

Date

December 23, 1952

de:

Legal Attache Nezico City, Kezico

Frome

Director, FRI

Subject:

HEAICO CITY OFFICE

ADMINISTRATIVE

Rewriet December 2, 1952, in which you referred to SAC letter [118, Series 1952, Section (C), of which is captioned "Careless dissemination, copies of the Investigator."

It is noted that you have established a rule in your office whereby copies of the "Investigator" are not to be retained at the private residences of the employees assigned to your office, but are either to be destroyed or retained in the employees' steel file cabinets in the office. It is further noted that you advised that seven of the employees assigned to your office do not desire to have copies of the "Investigator" sent to them for the duration of their foreign assignment.

in the SAC letter to which you referred pointed out that while there is nothing of a confidential nature in the "Investigator," it should be recognized that it is strictly a publication for FBI employees and therefore each employee should be most careful in handling the publication and above all, copies of the "Investigator" should not be left in public places such as restaurants, buses, etc.

It is believed, therefore, that unless some circumstance exists in Mexico which gould set that country apart from all of the other countries where the flureau maintains foreign liaison posts, there would be no objection to the employees, hearing their copies of the "Investigator" in their resignifes provided shey are

copies of the "Investigator" in their resignings provided and thei

ND)

Letter to Legal Attache, Mexico City, Mexico

able to retain them in some place which is not readily cocessible to outsiders.

Experience has shown that the "Investigator" is one of the greatest morale builders which the Bureau has for our employees, and their families have taken guite on enthusiactic interest in it. Phile it is possible that every issue may not be of equal interest to each employee, the possibility exists that there will be issues which will be of unusual interest to the various employees at one time or another. This interest has not only been demonstrated by employees on active assignment, but also by employees who are on military leave with the armed forces and who likewise receive copies of the "Investigator," It is believed, therefore, that some of the future copies of the "investigator" may be of more than passing interest to the Dureau's personnel in Mexico, and, therefore, the Bureau will continue to furnish your office one copy for each employee. The copies which the Mexico City personnel may not wish to retain permanently, of course, should be destroyed completely by burning.

BEC'O-TOISLO - APP. PE.

BEC'O-TOISLO - APP. PE.

F. B. JUSTICE

U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

94-3-2- 1189 CHANGED TO 94-45510- 3

MAR 24 1953

Rend

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATE

MR. ROSEN

1/22/53 DATE:

R. E. WOOD (

SUBJECT:

THE INVESTIGATOR

SYNOPSIS

The Investigator is published monthly and distributed FE with to members of the FBIRA. The duty of the Division associate editor of the Investigator is to supply suitable material for publication. Miss Frances Fentress is recommended as the associate editor for the Investigative Division and all employees are requested to assist in furnishing items of interest.

PURPOSE

To recommend Miss Fentress as the associate editor of the Investigator for the Investigative Division.

DETAILS

All members of the FBIRA receive the Investigator which is published monthly. In every field office and in each division at the Seat of Government, there is an associate editor of the Investigator whose duty it is to supply the editors of the Investigator with suitable material for publication. Every associate editor is required to submit at least one contribution per week.

All employees should be encouraged to send items of interest to the Division's associate editor.

Miss Frances Fentress of the Special Inquiry Section, Extension 2258, has agreed to accept the appointment as associate editor for the Investigator for the Investigative Division if you approve.

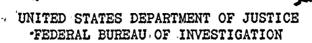
ACTION RECOMMENDED

If you approve, it is recommended that Miss Fentress be appointed as the Investigative Division's associate editor for the Investigator and that all employees, through section conferences, be encouraged to submit items of interest.

RECORDED - 44

EX. - 107 94 -3. -2 -13 JAN 28 1953





		Ē	MPLOYEE SUGGES	STION		
				DateJ	une 18, 1953	····
To:	DIRECTOR,	FBI				***************************************
From:	ERNEST M.	COCHRANE, Ch	ief Clerk	News	acetion	-
,	Field Office	or Division	MOBILE	M	#294-	<u>- 33</u>
SUGGES	TION:		,		į,	
th	e quality of ereby reducing	material subing the number is suggested	nitted by the of rejects:	smaller offi es having le	d in view of imposes to the invesses than seventy- ly instead of we	tigator,
			A.F.	•		
Its ad	vantages are:					
le ev as qu is pr It sho	the agent poss a scramble ery week. It sociate edite ality for the submitted me operly evaluated as a control of the control o	ersonnel is aset has been detor in small of a Investigator onthly, the aset and edit a least \$	ssigned to resociate editor termined that fices to secure on a weekly sociate editor all items submanuall	ident agenci- to get mater it is quite re suitable i basis. When r would have itted and the	eventy-five perces, it is more or ial for the Investigation of a highest formaterial of a highest, if the material of an opportunity ereafter forward (see attached parts of the see attached parts of t	r stigator e gh rial to the page)
r. F	ne use by the urther claim	of any nature	by me, my heir	stion shall in rs, or assign	not form the bas s upon the United	is of a \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
				(Signa	Moch ture of Suggeston	1236
Commen	ts and recom	mendation of s	Supervisor, SA	RECORDE C, or Assist	D. 3 94-3-2. ant Director: JUN 22	1953
See p	age two.			// /	Million	a state
	1			LIV	flie fin	F.A.
cc: 67	-254 -922 -	+ P - D	α	7 7 6	(Signature)	\sim 3.
Joseph J-2-	7-153 EX 53 65 3 FC	to Reit Con mobbe Ed mobbe Ed		Special	Agent in Char (Title)	se (ii)
Epec Canf.	memo NAKO	1 28 7/1/53	ود مراه		W	V

Page 2

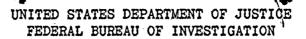
best items to the Investigator. It is also believed that the personnel would begin submitting a higher qualfity of material to the associate editor to evaluate, thereby improving all items forwarded to the Investigator.

If this suggestion is adopted, it is believed that even though the volume of items submitted would be less in number, the quality would be so much more improved that the Investigator would be rejecting only a small percentage of items submitted.

Comments and recommendation of SAC:

I concur in this employee's recommendation as I believe the submission monthly rather than weekly in smaller offices would greatly improve the quality of material, and thereby eliminate many rejects. It is realized, of course, that in the larger offices the Associate Editor naturally has access to a wider variety of interesting material concerning personnel and has at all times a large amount of material suitable for publication to submit on a weekly basis.

Luggestin #294-53



EMPLOYEE SUGGESTION

				Date	June 18, 19	
o: _	director,	FBI				And distinct
om:	ernest H.	COCHRANE,	Chiof Clerk	Su	really	w Hoa
	ield Office	or Divisio	on MOBILS		GOT TO THE STATE OF THE STATE O	
GGEST	NON;					1
the	e quality of	material :	suggestion is submitted by t ber of rejects	the smaller	itted in view offices to the	of improving Investigator
(7	5) agents so	buit nater	ial to the Inv	restigator r	g less than sen	of weekly.
(Sub	10-51) per	mates mis Bu	el weelly	ramusto Di	SPC Styles #	25(A)
s adv	antages are			•	re seventy-five	1
les eve ass	s a scrambl bry week. I sociate edit	e for the c t has been or in small	esociate edit determined the loffices to s	or to get met it is quite	encies, it is a atorial for the ite difficult i ble material of	Investigate for the a high
is	submitted n	onthly, the	associate ed	litor would	khereas, if the have an opportu d thereafter fo	nity to
is pro	perly evalu	onthly, the ato and edi	associate ed	litor, would submitted an	whereas, if the have an opportu d thereafter for (see atta	nity to
is pro shou Th	submitted merly evaluated save at the control of th	onthly, the ato and edited states and edited states and edited states are united states and edited states are united sta	associate ed it all items a annu- cates of my su	itor would bubmitted an ally.	have an opportu d thereafter fo	nity to mard the ched page)
is pro shou Th	submitted merly evaluated save at the control of th	onthly, the ato and edited states and edited states and edited states are united states and edited states are united sta	associate ed it all items a annu- cates of my su	itor would bubmitted an ally.	have an opportud thereafter for (see atta	nity to mard the ched page)
is pro shou Th	submitted merly evaluated save at the control of th	onthly, the ato and edited states and edited states and edited states are united states and edited states are united sta	associate ed it all items a annu- cates of my su	itor would bubmitted an ally.	have an opportud thereafter for (see atta	nity to mard the ched page)
is pro shou Th	submitted merly evaluated save at the control of th	onthly, the ato and edited states and edited states and edited states are united states and edited states are united sta	associate ed it all items a annu- cates of my su	itor would submitted an ally. aggestion sh heirs, or as	have an opportud thereafter for (see atta	inity to created the ched page) to basis of a United State
pro shou Th	submitted no perly evaluated as ave at the save at the relaim	e United St	annu annu annu are by me, my	itor would submitted an ally. aggestion sh heirs, or as (S	thereafter for (see attached to form the signs upon the	inity to created the ched page) te basis of a United State Sestor)
is pro shou Th fu	submitted no perly evaluated as ave at the save at the relaim	e United St	annu annu annu are by me, my	itor would submitted an ally. aggestion sh heirs, or as (S	thereafter for (see attention upon the signs upon the signature of Sugarature of Sugarature sugarat	inity to created the ched page) te basis of a United State Sestor)
shou Th fu	submitted merly evaluated save at the use by the order claims and recommendate two.	e United St	annu annu annu are by me, my	itor would submitted an ally. aggestion sh heirs, or as (S	thereafter for (see attention upon the signs upon the signature of Sugarature of Sugarature sugarat	inity to created the ched page) de basis of a United State gestor) or:
shou The	submitted merly evaluated save at the use by the order claims and recommendate two.	e United St of any nate	annutates of my sure by me, my	itor would submitted an ally. aggestion sheirs, or as (S	thereafter for the signs upon the signs upon the signature of Sugastant Director (Signature)	inity to create the ched page) de basis of a United State Sestor)
pro shou The fu	submitted mercy evaluated save at the use by the order claims and recommendate two. 254. 922. 254. 254. 922. 254. 256. 257. 258. 259. 259. 250.	estion reeration 7	annu annu annu are by me, my	itor would submitted an ally. aggestion sh heirs, or as (S	thereafter for the signs upon the ignature of Sugartant Director	inity to create the ched page) de basis of a United State Sestor) or:
pro shou The fu	submitted mercy evaluated save at the use by the order claims and recommendate two. 254. 922. 254. 254. 922. 254. 256. 257. 258. 259. 259. 250.	estion reeration of	annutates of my sure by me, my tained for	itor would submitted an ally. aggestion sh heirs, or as (S	thereafter for the signs upon the signs upon the signature of Sugasture (Signature) (Signature) (Signature)	inity to created the ched page) de basis of a United State gestor) or:

Page 2

best items to the Investigator. It is also believed that the personnel would begin submitting a higher quality of material to the associate editor to evaluate, thereby improving all items forwarded to the Investigator.

If this suggestion is adopted, it is believed that even though the volume of items submitted would be less in number, the quality would be so much more improved that the Investigator would be rejecting only a small percentage of items submitted.

Comments and recommendation of SAC:

I concur in this employee's recommendation as I believe the submission monthly rather than weekly in smaller offices would greatly improve the quality of material, and thereby eliminate many rejects. It is realized, of course, that in the larger offices the Associate Editor naturally has access to a wider variety of interesting material concerning personnel and has at all times a large amount of material suitable for publication to submit on a weekly basis.

Lugge Fire + 294-33

Office Memorandum • united states government

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: 7/8/53

FROM: The Executives Conference

SUBJECT: SUGGESTION #294-53

The Executives Conference of 7/7/53 with Messrs.
Tolson, Ladd, Glavin, Tamm, Harbo, Clayton, Belmont, Gearty,
Winterrowd, Holloman and Clegg present recommended unanimously unfavorably the suggestion of Chief Clerk Ernest M.
Cochrane of the Mobile Office that, for smaller offices of
the Bureau of 75 Agents or less, material for the Investigator
be submitted monthly instead of weekly.

The Conference was opposed due to the fact that rejections of material submitted are very low, that timeliness is important in submitting such material and the frequency which has already been established in submitting such material should not be interrupted.

cc - Mr. Clegg Mr. Mohr

RECORDED-105, 94-3-2-1239

HHC:cs

11'5 0,1 h S. J. 18hill

3/W July

rce Memori UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

A. Jones

DATE: July 3, 1953

FROM:

Heim

SUBJECT:

THE INVESTIGATOR SUGGESTION #294-53

It is noted that Ernest M. Cochrane, Chief. Clerk, Mobile Office, has suggested that offices having less than seventy-five Agents submit material to The Investigator monthly instead of weekly to achieve a high quality of material furnished.

As you know, The Investigator is a publication composed by Bureau personnel and concerning Bureau employees, their families, and activities. The high standard of The Investigator is enhanced by the broad selectivity which is available to the editor when all offices actively, intelligently, and frequently submit material.

Timeliness is important in regard to Investigator content, and experience has shown that such timely items are more adequately covered by weekly rather than monthly submissions. Likewise, weekly submissions by each office sustain a continued interest and attention to The Investigator which might be lessened by monthly submissions of material.

It should be noted that material submitted by the field has been very satisfactory, both in quality and quantity. Actual rejections of material have been very low. Many items, however, have been passed over temporarily due to the desirable opportunity to select the best features from a large amount of copy.

Each of our offices naturally have interesting incidents and happenings which might well be set forth in The Investigator. It is believed that the adequate coverage of our offices and the standard of the magazine can best be assured by continued weekly submissions of material by all offices regardless of size.

RECORDED-105 194-3-

ffice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO MR. TOLSON

July 15, 1953

Clegg

Glavi

Tracy

Mohr

Tele. Ro

FROM

D. M. Ladd O

SUBJECT:

THE INVESTIGATOR

I have noticed that a number of newspapers and other publications frequently have a column entitled "Twenty-five Years Ago" or "Fifty Years Ago," in which they list some of the major events that occurred 25 or 50 years previously.

The thought occurred to merthat the Bureau is old enough, and has tradition enough, that it might well include a brief column in each issue of The Investigator, ent i tl ed

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO WITH THE FBI

It is true that this would require a little research for each issue, but I think it would make a very interesting column and would be an ideal way to revive and re-live some of the historical developments and tradition of the FBI, and should become more interesting as the years go along.

The above are merely thoughts that might be passed along to the Crime Records Section.

DML: CSH

Excellent Iden. ANd worth trying

RECORDED - 51

94-3-2-1248

CHANGED TO

94- 52924 - X

NOV 131959)
n.R.	

C

94-3-2-1256 CHANGED TO 94-52924-X1

NOV 13.1959

0

UnC, Hemphis

Director, FII

TAN INVESTIGATOR

94-3-2-1251

Reurlet dated August 25, 1951, referring the request of the Meapile Cotton Curnival Association officials for copies of tear sheets from The Investigator featuring Cotton Carnival pictures furnished by that organization.

For your information, the September, 1953, issue of The Investigator, which will feature the Memphis Office, contains three of the pictures furnished to you by the Cotton Carnival Association. These will be the pictures of the Maid of Cotton, the Maid of Cotton float, and the picture of the barge before the royal thrane. Although you did not request that the pictures submitted be returned, these three photographs with negatives are being enclosed.

In accordance with your recommendation, the Bureau will not approve furnishing copies of this issue of The Investigator to officials of the Cotton Carnival Association for any publicity purposes. As you recommended, you should contact Ur. Wilton Lohmith, Business Director, Cotton Carnival Association, and advise him that The Investigator is published and distributed to amployees of the FII. You should point out to him that it is the long-standing policy of the Bureau that matters published in The Investigator are not disseminated for any additional publicity.

Tou should tootfully explain to Mr. salmith we are appreciative of the pictures furnished by his organization and that they will serve to illustrate the feature story concerning the Memphis Office in the September insue of our magazine but that we cannot comply with his request due to our long-standing policy mights regard.

enclosures (6)

LJH: pa

SEP 16 A

SEP 3 1953

EDANIER

Nichols
Belmont
Clegg
Glavie
Harbo
Tracy
Geacty
Wohr

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO

Director, FBI

: θ_{Λ} | SAC, Memphis

SUBJECT:

STANDARD FAM NO. 64

THE INVESTIGATOR

(1)

DATE: 8-25-53

The former Associate Editor of the "Investigator" in this office received a letter, a copy of which is enclosed, from the Business Director of the Cotton Carnival, Memphis, as a result of his having loaned a number of pictures for use in a story about the Memphis Office which, it is understood, is expected to appear in a forthcoming issue of the "Investigator." I note that the Carnival Association requests six copies of the tear sheets from the magazine which is to have the story, and they also mention they would like to get a story in an early spring issue in 1954.

Your advice in the furnishing of copies of this story is requested. I am personally doubtful that we ought to do this. However, I think if we do not, a copy of the issue having the story in it should be taken to Mr. SCHMITH, Business Director, by an Agent of this office so that it might be explained to him what kind of magazine we have and to point out it would be inappropriate to use this in promotion of the Cotton Carnival. If the Bureau agrees with this, please advise.

CEW: MRS

Enclosure (1)

SEP 9-153

INDEXED - 1

ALLENOOD TO USTHIF

306 11 5 75 bh at

MA JONES

N. 13

(C P

August 20, 1953

Mr. Elden Berry c/o F.B.I. Sterick Building Memphis, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Berry:

Confirming our phone conversation, we should like to have at least six copies of tear sheets from your F.B.I. magazine when you run the story about Memphis and include information and pictures about cotton Carnival.

You stated that you thought it would come out in the September issue and, as per our conversation, it it does not and the editor does not use the material you sent them last spring, we shall greatly appreciate if you will put on pressure to get a story in an early spring issue in 1954.

Please do not hesitate to call on us for information and material on our 1953 Carnival if you need it.

Sincerely,

/s/ Milton Schmith

Milton Schmith, Business Director

MS:smc cc: C. L. Patton

94-3-2-1257

STANDARD FORM NO. 6

Office Memorandum • united states government

: Mr. M. A. Jones TO

FROM : Mr. L. J. Heim

SUBJECT: MARGUERITE D. CHAVERS SUGGESTION NUMBER 495-53

THE INVESTIGATOR

September 18, 1953

On September 3, 1953, Miss Marguerite D. Chavers, Division Four, submitted a suggestion that The Investigator publish pictures and brief biographical data of candidates for election in the FBIRA in the month prior to the election.

It is believed that this is an excellent suggestion for the purpose that Miss Chavers expressed, namely, to acquaint voters with the identities of the candidates. As a practical matter, however, it is believed the purpose can be accomplished by publishing only the biographical sketches of the nominees in the issue of The Investigator published at the time the election ballots are distributed. It does not appear feasible to publish the photographs of the numerous candidates.

LJH: imz

I see no objetion and for the suggestion

14-3-2-126 SEP 30 1953

MOCT STILL

SAC, SAN JUAN

9/25/53

RECORDED - 23 94-3-7-1266
THE INVESTIGATOR

79464

Tou will recall that your office informally offered a suggestion about a year ago to the effect that photographs of candidates for office to the FBI Recreation Association be printed in "The Investigator" prior to the election. While it was not possible to adopt the proposal at that time, the matter has been fully reconsidered by the Bureau and it is the intention of the FBI Recreation Association to publish photographs and appropriate biographical data of the candidates prior to an election.

In view of the interest exhibited by your office in this matter, I thoughtyyou would be glad to know of the adoption of this suggestion.

EDW:gs

SEP 25 4 26 PH *53

RECEIVED HEADING ROOM

F B I

U S DEFNY STREET

17.

Telsoe
Ladd
Nichols
Belmont
Clegg
Glavia
Harbo
Rosce
Trecy
Geary
Mohr
Vinterrowd
Tele, Room
Holloman
Sizoo

COMM - FBI SEP 2 8 1953 MAILED 31 Nun

My

63 OCT 21 1953

то

Mr. Tolson

DATE: 9/24/53

FROM

The Executives Conference

SUBJECT:

Suggestion #495-53

Present at Executives Conference on 9/23/53, were Messrs. Ladd, Harbo, Glavin, Hennrich, Rosen, Gearty, Tracy, and Mason. The Executives Conference unanimously recommends in favor of a suggestion from Marguerite D. Chavers of the Records and Communications Division that the picture of each of the candidates for office in the FBI Recreation Association be printed in the Investigator before elections along with a short write-up about the candidate.

It was already the intention of the Crime Records Section to present biographical sketches of candidates for positions in the FBI Recreation Association in an issue of the Investigator. The Crime Records Section did not feel it desirable to run a picture of the 17 candidates along with biographical sketches feeling that such a number of pictures (estimated at 17) might detract from the pictures of those actually elected to office in the issue of the Investigator which comes out after election.

Mr. E. M. Gregg, President of the FBI Recreation Association favors running the pictures of candidates for office in the Investigator. The Conference unanimously agreed with Mr. Gregg feeling that it would/Beneficial to the field, which will be called upon to vote, to see not only biographical data as to the candidates but to link faces in photographs with names.

If you agree, the following communications should be dispatched and these communications are attached: (1) a letter to Marguerite D. Chavers; (2) a memo to Mr. Nichols instructing that the photographs appear in the Investigator; (3) a memo to SAC Godfrey in San Juan, inasmuch as this office had previously made the same suggestion about a year ago informally, and since the suggestion was not in writing this memo to the SAC in San Juan is considered sufficient. (When this suggestion was proposed last year, FBI Recreation Association officers recommended unfavorably.)

Attachments - 3
cc: Mr. Clegg
Mr. Mohr

EDM:gsr

OCŤ 23 195**3**)

DECORDED - 23

194-3-2-12 SEP 30, 1953 & SEP 30, 19 CONDERIGEN HIED IN COLO

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

EMPLOYEE SUGGESTION

Date September 3, 1953
To: J. EDGAR HOOVER, DIRECTOR, F.B.I.
From: Miss Marguerite D. Chavers
Field Office or Division <u>Division Four</u> #495 33
That a picture of each of the candidates for officers of the F.B.I.R.A. be printed in the Investigator a month before elections, along with a short write-up about the candidate as to prior activities in Bureau, etc.
It would give the voters some idea as to who he wants to vote for, where under the present method they have only a list of names, unknown to the majority of the voters. Thus it is only a routine procedure by which the most suitable persons may not be elected because they are unknown.
It should save at least \$ annually.
The use by the United States of my suggestion shall not form the basis of a further claim of any nature by me, my heirs, or assigns upon the United States.
Marguerite D Chaver
(Signature of Suggestor)
Comments and recommendation of Supervisor, SAC, or Assistant Director:
Exm: day Let to Mine Paris 194-3-2 -/266
ma. Jones 9/18/53 Let b San June SEP 30 1953 (Signature) Hallima 9/24/52
They for greens. (Title)

Office Memorandum • UNITED

GOVERNMENT

TO J DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 8-20-54

FROM:

SAC, PORTLAND (66-484)

ABJECT:

THE INVESTIGATOR

Remylet 7-9-54 and urform 0-25 received in this office 8-13-54.

"The News Press" is a Coos Bay, Oregon, printing concern owned and operated by LLOYD QUICK. It formerly published a newspaper called "The News Press", but this newspaper was bought out by the "Coos Bay Times" several years ago. Since that time, QUICK has continued in the printing business but has confined himself to job printing specializing in Chamber of Commerce bulletins and menu printing.

According to Chief of Police GLEN KOLKHORST, NA, LLOYD QUICK is well regarded in the Coos Bay area.

There is no record of LLOYD QUICK in files of the Portland Office.

LRE: skv

INDEXED - 82 94 - 3 -2 -/350

100 31

.

So Come Woods

* 22 mo

Office Memorandum • United States Government

то

Mr. Tolson

DATE: 9-2-54

Boardman, Nichols Belmont Harbo Mohr

FROM 1

Executives Conference

Vinterrowd

SUBJECT:

SUGGESTION NO. 598-54 WADE BY HONOLULU OFFICE THE INVESTIGATOR

Tele. Room Holloma a Candy

A 20 m 18

In accordance with SAC Letter #54-36 (Q) dated 7/13/54 requesting the field to submit their thoughts relative to further streamlining the Bureau's work, the following was received.

SUGGESTION:

Discontinue publication of "The Investigator".

PRESENT PROCEDURE:

"The Investigator" is presently prepared at the Bureau pursuant to contributions made by Associate Editors throughout the Bureau, is published at the Bureau and disseminated to employees at the Seat of Government and in the field.

ADVANTAGES:

Expenditure of time and money for the publication of "The Investigator" would be saved and could be used for investigative effort.

DISADVANTAGES:

Discontinuance of publication of "The Investigator" might result in some loss of morale and esprit de corps within the Bureau.

OFCORDED - 55 9-3-2-1357

OBSERVATIONS:

INDEXED - 55 19 SEP 10 1954

The suggester states "The Investigator" contains a great deal of material which is of little interest to the average Bureau employee. The FBI has become so large that most employees do not know the individuals whose pictures appear or persons concerning whom articles are written.

Mr. L. B. Nichols, Records and Communications Division, is opposed to the suggestion and states that the time, effort, and money expended to get "The Investigator" out are insignificant when compared with the beneficial results which accrue to the Bureau. He states that while a new employee may see only an

Hecsell Sizoo

atn

BOARD AND THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF

Agy freed 66-2554

Memorandum to Mr. Tolson

occasional picture of someone she knows, there are other features in the magazine which should make interesting reading. Anyone with four or five years with the Bureau undoubtedly will see in any edition a number of familiar faces. "The Investigator" staff tries to maintain proper coverage including both the Seat of Government and the field. He notes that Crime Records receives many comments on "The Investigator" which are favorable. Mr. Nichols states he feels "The Investigator" performs an extremely important morale function.

It is further pointed out that the cost of paer used in making up "The Investigator" is paid from FBIRecreation Association funds.

EXECUTIVES CONFERENCE CONSIDERATION: RTH: jaw 9-2-54

The Conference of 9-2-54, composed of Messrs. Mohr, Tamm, Parsons, Sizoo, Holloman, McGuire, Rosen, Belmont and Harbo, was unanimously unfavorable.

RY

"THE INVESTIGATOR"

Suggestion

It is my personal recommendation that the Bureau discontinue the publication of "The Investigator".

Present Procedure

"The Investigator" is presently prepared at the Bureau pursuant to contributions made by Associate Editors throughout the field, is published at the Bureau and disseminated to the field.

Advantages of the Suggestion

The expenditure of time and money for the publication of this intra-Bureau magazine would be saved and could be used for investigative effort; At a time when personnel is so critical and its use at such a premium, all extraprograms should be discontinued.

Disadvantages of the Suggestion

Disadvantares of the Suggestion

Miscontinuance of the publication of "The Investigator" may result in some loss of morals and esprit de corps within the Bureau.

Recommendation

I recommend that the publication of "The Investigator" be discontinued. This publication contains a great deal of material of very little interest to the average Bureau employee. The organization has become so large that most employees do not know the individuals whose pictures appear in "The Investigator" or the persons concerning whom the articles are written.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: Mr. Nichols

DATE: August 17,1954 Nichols.

FROM :

M. A. Yones

5955 725 98-54

SUBJECT:

THE INVESTIGATOR

Nichols

Belmost

Clegg

Glavie

Harbo

Fracy

Tracy

Wincerrowd

Tele, Room

Holloman

Sizoo

Miss Gandy

PURPOSE:

To reply to suggestion that The Investigator be discontinued to conserve time and money.

OBSERVATIONS:

The suggestion submitted to the Bureau that The Investigator be discontinued in view of the time and money which would be saved in my mind has no merit whatsoever. It was claimed that the savings effected could be channeled into investigative matters, and it was further claimed that a great deal of material in The Investigator is of very little interest to the average Bureau employee.

Certainly the time, effort and money expended to get The Investigator out are insignificant when compared with the beneficial results which accrue to the Bureau.

I disagree emphatically with the claim that most of the material in The Investigator is of little interest to the average employee. Admittedly a new Stenographer in the Little Rock Office, for example, sees but an occasional picture of someone she knows. On the other hand, there are a number of features in the magazine which should make interesting reading for her, such as the recent series on the Bureau's Foreign Liaison Offices. Anyone with four or five years with the Bureau undoubtedly will see in any edition of The Investigator a number of persons the knows. The Investigator staff tries very hard to maintain a proper coverage which includes both the SOG and various Field Offices and which likewise includes Clerks, Agents and Agents' wives. Within the last month, for example, SA Walter McLaughlin of Philadelphia wrote a personal letter to me commenting on the recent improvements in The Investigator and congratulated the staff on the fine job they were doing. Within the last week a SA transferred from Baltimore to WFO stopped by Crime Records to tell the editors how much he liked The Investigator, and he added that his wife could hardly wait until each issue came out in order to see who among her friends around the country were having babies.

Numerous people around the sog/have3commented on RECORDED-127, 13 SEP 10 1954

T SFP 16 1054

Numerous people around the sog/have3commented on 25 8 8 13 SEP 10 1954

EX. - 109

X

August 17, 1954

Memo to Mr. Nichols

the July issue of The Investigator featuring the Identification Division, and in this regard a number of Field Offices have requested extra copies of this issue for use by Bureau speakers.

To sum it up, I feel The Investigator performs an extremely important morale function, and I am sure that every "old timer" in the Bureau would vehemently object if they were to miss even a single issue.

January 7-28.54

"THE INVESTIGATOR"

السدلا

Suggestion:

It is my personal recommendation that the Bureau discontinue the publication of "The Investigator".

Present Procedure

"The Investigator" is presently prepared at the Bureau pursuant to contributions made by Associate Editors throughout the field, is published at the Bureau and disseminated to the field.

Advantages of the Suggestion

The expenditure of time and money for the publication of this intra-Bureau magazine would be saved and could be used for investigative effort at a time when personnel is so critical and its use at such a premium, all extra-programs should be discontinued.

Disadvantages of the Suggestion

Discontinuance of the publication of "The Investigator" may result in some loss of morale and esprit de corps within the Bureau.

Recommendation

I recommend that the publication of "The Investigator" be discontinued. This publication contains a great deal of material of very little interest to the average Bureau employee. The organization has become so large that most employees do not know the individuals whose pictures appear in "The Investigator" or the persons concerning whom the articles are written.

Recorded to Bex Comm

Recorded to Bex Comm

RECORDED 43 94-3-2-136

SEP 291954

115

Aug 2/01 ATH Your Agent

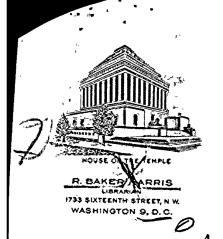
Recorded to Bex Comm

RECORDED 43 94-3-2-136

SEP 291954

115

Aug 2/01 ATH Your Agent A



LIBRARY SUPREME COUNCIL, 33°

ANCIENT AND ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITE OF FREEMASONRY SOUTHERN JURISDICTION, U. S. A.

26 April 1955

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover,

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I am enclosing herein a cover taken from a former publication of the Bureau FBI THIS WEEK, showing the statue of Albert Pike with the new Municipal Building in the background.

This is to inquire if the photograph may still be in your files. If so, we would like very much to know where we might purchase a photographic print of this picture. Perhaps your file copy would show who made this photograph.

With appreciation for your kindness in referring this inquiry to the proper office,

Sincerely and fraternally,

4-3-2-1419

11 MAY 11 1955

RH/IB

Λ

KII/ IB

ADDENDUM/ECK:grs/5-9-55

INDEXED - 122

A search of Bufiles and material maintained in Crime Records fail to locate the picture which appeared on the cover of the September 29, 1945, "FBI This Week." Our general policy is that when material such as this is used the negative is returned to the contributor and no copies are retained. This is a photograph of Albert Pike, poet, lawyer, ex-Confederate and exponent of Freemasonry. We did determine, however, that the picture in question was taken by Mr. Paul Bannard, Jr., in care of Remington and Rand, Third and Cross Street, Little Rock, Arkansas. Barnard employed Bureau, EOD 1/10/44 to 1/16/48 in Mechanical Section. Agent Kemper called Mr. Harris and furnished him the name and address of Barnard. The cover which Mr. Harris enclosed has been returned to him. Mr. Harris was most appreciative, said that he did not want to put us in trouble and he would get in touch with

5°5'MAY 171955

MA

Men

Tolson ____ Boardman _ Nichols ___

Belmont.

Mohr ____ Parsons.

Rosen,

Tamm.

Winterrowd

Tele. Room Holloman ___ Gandy ____





C/O Postmaster Dropped In Mail for Servicemen

By the Associated Press

The Army and Air Force want you to make that address on your letters to servicemen one line shorter.

Ine shorter.

They announced yesterday a new/form should be used dropping the phrase C/O Postymaster. Letters now should be addressed this way:
Pvt. Willard J. Roe, RA 32000000 Company F, 167th Infantry (APO 301 New York, New York, Military postal officials said the address should be confined to three lines, with the last one

APO 801 New York New York Military postal officials said the address should be confined to three lines with the last one siving both the APO number and U. S. postoffice because postal clerks by habit always read the last line first in routing mail.

INVESTIGATOR

94-3-2-A-NOT RECORDED 102 NOV 12 1954

Mary Miles

Wash. Post and Times Herald Wash. News Wash. Star

N. Y. Herald Tribune

N. Y. Mirror

Date: Oct. 1, 1954

71 NOV 12 1954341

emorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMEN Mr. Belmont

DIRECTOR, FBI

MARCH 6, 1956Mohr Mr. Parsons DATE:

LUEST PATAR

Nichola

Mr. Burdman

Mr. Massa

Mr. Rosen

Mr. Tamm. Mr. Nease

Tele Room Mr. Holloman.

Miss Gandy.

Mr. Winterrowd.

SAC. ATLANTA

Southern Safety Conference CONVENTION - MARCH 4-6, 1956 ATLANTA, GEORGIA

MR. L. H. RUMANS, TRAINING DIVISION

MR. HUGH H. CLEGG RETIRED ASSISTANT DIRECTOR

Captioned organization held its convention in Atlanta March 5-6, 1956, at the Biltmore Hotel. The meeting was, of course, primarily concerned with industrial and other lines of safety other than police matters.

Mr. HUGH H. CLEGG, former Assistant Director, presently affiliated with the University of Mississippi, was in attendance, pursuant to the invitation of Major NEWMAN W. KIMBROUGH, President, FBINA Associates, who was also Traffic Safety Chairman of the convention. At the invitation of LEWIS W. CLYBURN, NA, Criminal Investigator Solicitor's Office, and who is a District Governor of Civitan International, Mr. CLEGG spoke before a regional meeting of that civic group at Atlanta, at Noon, on Sunday, March 4, 1956. Pursuant to a suggestion which had been made by Major KIMBROUGH, in correspondence from his office at Montgomery, Alabama, the NA men of the area held an informal "dutch treat" luncheon for Mr. CLEGG at Noon, 3-5-56. Mr. CLEGG spoke at the convention during the afternoon and later visited the Atlanta Office and made a tour of the Atlanta Office. He was afforded every courtesy and convenience during his visit to the City. For the Director's information, his remarks at the Civitan meeting and at the convention were reported to me as having been extremely complimentary of the Director and the Bureau, and his remarks before the NA group, about forty in number, were of the same inspiring caliber as when he was actively affiliated with the Bureau. SA RUMANS attended the NA luncheon and was in full-time attendance at the convention. He made an excellent appearance and impression and got around among the delegates, taking advantage of every opportunity tandiscuss the Bureau and its work.

picture of him with Major NEWMAN W. KIMBROUGH, Captain C. D. HARDEMAN, President of the Georgia chapter of the

Enclosures (3) CLOSURE

Transmitted herewith, for the Bureau's information, is a picture of Mr. CLEGG speaking to the NA group; a

FBINA Associates, and the writer, at the luncheon; and a picture taken during his visit to the Atlanta Office later in the day.

It is suggested the Bureau may wish to consider uging one or more of these pictures in the Investigator.

Mrite Mr degg And Rum Pretare And Shuestignion Wellhome Voo

THUSOLONIA .

94-3-2-1457



Former Assistant Director HUGH H. CLEGG addressing a group of FBINA Associates of Georgia



Left to Right: SAC JOHN K. MUMFORD, Atlanta
Major NEWMAN W. KIMBROUGH; Pres., FBINA Associates
Former Asst. Director HUGH H. CLEGG
Captain C. D. HARDEMAN, Atlanta
Police Department

taken at Southern Safety Conference Convention, at Biltmore Hotel, Atlanta.

ce Men Andum • united s

4-19-56

DIRECTOR, FBI

SAC. SEATTLE (66-244)

SUBJECT:

"THE INVESTIGATOR"

ATTENTION: M. A. JONES. EDITOR

On 3/27/56, Bureau Police Instructor ROY E. WOOD was present as a guest of local officers at Spokane, Washington, when his knowledge of first aid helped to control a severe injury which occurred to the distributor of police equipment who was demonstrating a tear gas grenade. SA WOOD was observing the demonstration which had been arranged by the Spokane Police Department for police departments in the area as an exhibition of chemical equipment used by police. The demonstrator had completed the show except for the exhibition of one item . . a slow-burning tear gas grenade. He explained to the group he was going to activate the grenade by pulling the pin and then throw it out as a visual demonstration of the danger if the grenade were to be picked up and thrown back at the officer. He tossed the grenade five or six feet from himself, then waited about twenty seconds. (Later at the hospital, the demonstrator explained he had had a dud in a previous demonstration and thought this might be another). Next there was a scream from the demonstrator as the grenade burst like a demolition bomb, leaving a tearing wound penetrating to the bone in the upper part of his left leg, then caromed off to shatter part of a nearby deputy[s] forearm and ended its course of destruction by striking a police captain in the chest.

SA WOOD and two officers carried the badly wounded 4 demonstrator to a firearms shed where the officers wanted to, apply a tourniquet immediately. SA WOOD correctly applied pressure instead, utilizing a portion of a clean shirt and holding the pressure point at the groin with the heel of his hand until arrival of the ambulance. SA WOOD also arranged himself so that the victim could not see the extent of the injury and in this manner further minimized shock. The victim fater advised the granade an investion had either been mislabeled or defectively constructed so that gas could not escape, thus causing the explosion. Inverse event, enough gas had saturated the vietim's clothing so that SA WOOD received a good dose himself, while holding the pressure point.

while holding the pressure point. 350 Walk and the pressure point of the part in saving the victimal in an unusually trying situation, but news of his heroic exploit nevertheless filtered through to the alert Associate Editor who shares pride of the rest of the office with holds good job.

10 STATIST

FGC: LM

(3) - Bureau - Seattle

55 MAY 17 1958

EX-108

DIRECTOR, PBI

SAC, ATLANTA

SOUTHERN SAFETY CONFERENCE CONVENTION - MARCH 4-6, 1956 ATLANTA, GEORGIA

MR. L. H. RUMANS. SA TRAINING DIVISION

MR. HUGH H. CLEGG RETIRED ASSISTANT DIRECTOR

Captioned organisation held its convention in Atlanta March 5-6, 1956, at the Biltmore Hotel. The meeting was, of course, primarily concerned with industrial and other lines of safety other than police matters.

Mr. HUGH H. CLEGG, former Assistant Director, presently affiliated with the University of Mississippi, was in attendance, pursuant to the invitation of Major NEWMAN W. KIMEROUGH, President, FRINA Associates, who was also Traffic Safety Chairman of the convention. At the invitation of LEWIS W. CLYBURN, MA, Criminal Investigator, Solicitor's Office, and who is a District Governor of Civitan International, Mr. CLMG spoke before a regional meeting of that civic group at Atlanta, at Noon, on Sunday, March 4, 1956. Pursuant to a suggestion which had been made by Major KIMBROUGH, in correspondence from his office at Montgomery, Alabama, the MA men of the area held an informal "dutch treat" luncheon for Mr. CLERG at Noon, 3-5-56. Mr. CLERG spoke at the convention during the afternoon and later visited the Atlanta Office and made a tour of the Atlanta Office. He was afforded every coursesy and convenience during his visit to the City. For the Director's information, his remarks at the Civitan meeting and at the convention were reported to me as having been extremely complimentary of the Director and the Bureau, and his remarks before the MA group, about forty in number; were of the same inspiring caliber as when he was actively affiliated with the Bureau. SA RUMANS attended the NA luncheon and was in full-time attendance at the convention. made an excellent appearance and impression and got around among the delegates, taking advantage of every opportunity to discuss the Bureau and its work.

Transmitted herewith, for the Bureau's information, is a picture of Mr. CLEGG speaking to the NA group; a picture of him with Major NEWMAN W. KIMBROUGH, Captain C. D. HARDEMAN, President of the Georgia chapter of the

JKM/ds 80-861

Enclosures (3) 4-3-2-1187

FBINA Associates, and the writer, at the luncheon; and a picture taken during his visit to the Atlanta Office later in the day.

It is suggested the Bureau may wish to consider using one or more of these pictures in the Investigator.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ro :	Mr.	. Mohr	1		. <i></i>	ATE: 12/	21/56)
FROM:	н.	L.∶Edwar	ds 155	√	m	2.1	ach	Tolson Nichols Boardman Belmont Mason
subject:			ING COMMITTATIVE DIVISION				,	ParsonsRosen
	suc	GESTION	V FOR REDUC	TION OF C				Nease
	W.PE	igetho	O EMPLOYEE	Sally Willell	ARY.SER	VICE		Tele, Room Holloman Gandy
	ision,	has sugge	. Wood, Cleri ested that the hief of the Cri	Leave Unit	discontinu	ue sendin	g a carbo	n copy
			nilitary servic		o poduoii,			مستورد
			nit prepares a	*	•		•	•
release.	from	military:s	vice. These leservice, etc.	The Leave	Unit prep	ares a ca	arbon cop	y of such
			. Jones, as the its responsibil					
tor. In	additi	on to:the:	carbon copy th	at is forwa	rded to M	r. Jones	, the yell	ow file
separate	e routi	ng slip.	As further ass acoming mail a	surance tha	t he will r	eceive th	nis mail,	his name
Section :			ator's mailing Init, prior to r				oy Crime	Records
W. E. C	lark,	who is in	in agreement charge of the ould be adopte	Leave Unit	uggestion . The Sti	, and so reamlinir	is SA Sup	ervisor ttee also
RECOM	MEND	ATION:	؛ اما				2. #1	ŧ
Mrs. W	1. It is	s recomm commend	ended that this	sisuggestion	be adopt	ed, and i	if it is, th	at '
			(A Par	MAT	94-3	3-2 -	1525
WEL:jen	n (2)	ı	EX-32	PECORD	ED-16 DEXED-16	GAN	8 1957	ad:
2.	. The	at attac	hed letter b	e sent to	Mrs. Woo	od.	1	
Enclosin	G HW	11 1/148	871 12/28/s	2		Company of	25	The second



DIRECTOR, FBI RE: "THE INVESTIGATOR" SAC, SEATTLE 4-19-56

A happy ending to the above incident was supplied in the form of news from the victim, GEORGE F. CAKE of Berkeley, California, wherein he expressed his gratitude to SA WOOD, stating, "Your prompt first aid undoubtedly prevented greater loss of blood and resulted in no need for blood being given me during or after the operation. My injury is fast healing....".

Sawrod anunewded 4/18/56 - ph STANDARD FORM NO. 64

ice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 4/7/58

ATTENTION: CRIME RECORDS SECTION.

SAC. SAN JUAN (66-9)

SUBJECT:

INVESTIGATOR

For the information of the Bureau, this office has obtained considerable assistance in the past from Mrs. AGNES SHERMAN, who is the sister of Miss GLADYS HOLST, Correlation Clerk of the San Juan Office. Mrs. SHERMAN has for several years been employed in the field of Public Relations for Puerto Rico. She was formerly an employee of the Hamilton Wright Advertising Agency which handled publicity for the Government of Puerto Rico on a contractural basis, and for the last few years has been an employee of Puerto Rico News Service, which company inherited the business of Hamilton Wright in Puerto Rico. They are currently the contracting agent for publicity for the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico with particular reference to the tourist industry.

Mrs. SHERMAN made available to this office the scenic photographs used in the last issue of the Investigator which featured the San Juan Office. She also furnished a wealth of background and historical material from which Miss Zoe Lyon, San Juan Associate Editor of the Investigator, compiled her lead article.

Over the past several years, Mrs. SHERMAN has been used from time to time for similar material, and several photographs furnished by her have been published in the Investigator. The historical data, et cetera, concerning Puerto Rico, which she has furnished has also been used in the preparation of captions for photographs, as well as short lead articles in past issues of the Investigator.

It is suggested that a brief letter of appreciation for her cooperation with this office in the past, over the Director's signature, be sent to her, care of Post Office Box 11216, Fernandez Juncos Station,

(2) - Bureau

(3)

MB APR 1 1958

IK.

REG. 18 94-3-2-1587

April 11, 1958
PERSONAL

EX-128

Mrs. Agnes Sherman
Post Office Box 11216
Fernandez Juncos Station
Santurce, Puerto Rico

Dear Mrs. Sherman:

I have been advised by our San Juan Office of the outstanding assistance which you have rendered to my associates there on a number of occasions.

May I express my personal appreciation to you for your kindness and cooperation. The items and information which you have made available to us from time to time have been of real help.

Sincerely yours,

Un Edgar Hooven

1 - San Juan (66-9) Reurlet 4/7/58.

NOTE: Mrs. Sherman could not be identified in Bureau files.

Rull

Tolson
Boardman
Belmont
Mohr
Nease
Parsons
Rosen
Tamm
Trotter
Clayton
Tele. Room

MLL:rcw
(4) /ww

MAIL ROOM

JULY BAPR 22

APR 11 1958

PERS. FILES

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: Mr. Nease Description of the May 22, 1958

FROM: M. A. Jones From the May 22, 1958

SUBJECT: SUGGESTION THAT STATUS OF PENDING Medicant Rosen Rosen

BE SUMMARIZED IN THE INVESTIGATOR

By memo of May 21, 1958, from Mr. H. L. Edwards to Mr. Mohr, it has been recommended that we consider the suggestion from the Administrative Division that a portion of The Investigator be devoted to a brief summary of legislation pending before Congress which affects Bureau employees. We feel this suggestion has merit.

The Administrative Division is in daily contact with such matters as leave, retirement, pay, insurance, etc., during the course of everyday work, as well as during the course of reviewing the Congressional Record daily. It would involve no additional reviews if the Administrative Division would forward to us any pertinent items. During some months there may be nothing worth including. Any pertinent items submitted should, of course, be followed and stories on further developments in the same matters should be forwarded.

One other consideration involves the publication deadlines of The Investigator. For example, all articles must be received slightly more than one full month in advance of the publication date. That is, material for the July 1 Investigator must be received by Crime Records no later than about the 25th of May. That leaves us 2 or 3 days to edit the material, type it on numbered paper, and get it to Exhibits Section which must have it by the end of May. Exhibits then sets it up in type and prepares the dummy, which is returned to us about the 10th or 12th of the month. After proofreading, we submit the dummy to the Editorial Board and it is returned to us around the 19th. The last week of the month is used by Mechanical Section in printing and binding so that the issue is ready by the first of the publication month. Since legislative matters affecting Bureau employees change from day to day, Administrative Division should advise us immediately of any changes occurring in matters previously submitted. Minor changes in material already set up can be made before the dummy goes before the Editorial Board about the 12th of the month.

RECOMMENDATION: That, keeping in mind the publication deadlines set out above, Administrative Division forward any items deemed appropriate for inclusion in this section of The Investigator.

1 - Mr. Mohr
MLL:rcw
(4) Now Zarce
(5)

F308 5/23

3-3-1596 MA JUL 9 1958 MA EX 105 MA JUL 9 1958 MM

nce Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MR. NEASE Mo TO

DATE: 4-28-58

Tolson Boardman Belmont,

Mohr granns

FROM:

W. G. EAMES ?

SUBJECT:

PHOTOGRAPHS OF A MURAL

OF "UNCLE SAM"

INVESTIGATOR

Bulky Exhibit File Number:

94-3-2-52

We are presently in the process of reviewing all built exhibits presently on hand, in order that we may weed out those which will serve no useful purpose by being retained. Inasmuch as a great many of these bulky exhibits pertain to inactive cases and are occupying badly needed space, it is requested that you have the appropriate substantive supervisor review the abovelisted bulky exhibit and render a decision as to the retention or disposition of the material contained therein. A notation as to the decision rendered should be placed on this memorandum, and it should be returned to the Filing Unit of the Records Branch, Room 1113, Identification Building. This memorandum will be filed in the case file.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the above-listed bulky exhibit be reviewed and a decision rendered as to the retention or disposition of the material contained therein.

Harrang 4

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

)		

TO

Mr. Mohr

DATE: 5/21/58

FROM

H. L. Edwards

SUBJECT:

SUGGESTION THAT STATUS OF PENDING

LEGISLATION AFFECTING BUREAU EMPLOYEES

BE SUMMARIZED IN THE INVESTIGATOR

3
Tolson
Boardman
Belmont
Mohr
Nease
Parsons
Rosen
Tomm
Trotter
Clayton
Tele. Room
Holloman
Gandy

During the Administrative Division seminar before the In-Service Class on 5/16/58, one of the imembers of the class suggested that a portion of the investigator be devoted to a brief summary of pending regislation before Congress which affects bureau employees. Included in such legislation would be matters pertaining to pay raises, leave, retirement, Government life insurance, etc. It was pointed out that agents assigned to some of the smaller cities and particularly those a great distance from Washington have no way of keeping abreast of such pending matters since the local newspapers seldom carry any news pertaining to items of this nature. It was also pointed out that other Government agencies, many of which work closely with the FBI, keep their employees informed through newsletters, bulletins, etc., which are sent out on a regular basis. Accordingly, employees in other Government agencies are kept better informed on such matters than Bureau personnel. The consensus of opinion in the In-Service Class was that a brief summary of the status of such pending legislation set out in the Investigator would be of vital interest to nearly all Bureau employees.

The space limitations with regard to the Investigator were made known to the members of the class. However, the class was informed that the suggestion would be presented to the Investigator staff for consideration.

The Personnel Section has wanted to include such matters as those referred to above in the Investigator in the past; however, space limitations would not permit it. It is still believed that such information would be beneficial.

RECOMMENDATION:

That this memorandum be routed to the Crime Records Section, Records and Communications Division for appropriate consideration of the suggestion described herein.

EJI:dmb:jdm

1 - Mr. Nease (Mr. M. A. Jones)

1 - Mr. Travers

1 5 H L Edwards uso

Thursday 3 -3 -33

14 JUL 9 1958

M

SAC, Miami

September 17, 1958

Director, FBI

FBIRAG 3494-3-2-1608

EA. - 133 Reurlet 9/11/58.

The Bureau is most grateful for the suggestion of relative to the publishing in the Christmas issue of "The Investigator" the Christmas cards exchanged by the various Bureau offices.

b6 b7C

It is not felt feasible, however, to adopt this procedure primarily due to the early printing date required for copy. In this instance, material to be included in the December, 1958, issue of "The Investigator" would have to be in the hands of the Bureau no later than November 5. In addition, there are other considerations which preclude the adoption of this suggestion.

MAILED 11 SEP 1 7 1958 COMM-FBI

V.

1 - Mr. H. L. Edwards

NOTE: See M. A. Jones to Mr. Nease memorandum dated 9/16/58 captioned, "The Investigator," Recommendation Re Publication Of Christmas Cards." JRH:abs (4)

L.PO

JRH:absoli

Tolson
Boardman
Belmont
Mohr
Nease
Parsons
Rosen
Tamm

F396 24 1958

Iolioman MAIL ROOM

W. C. Sullivan

An Lex

Office Memorandum • United States Government

το : Director, FBI

DATE: 9/11/58

√ FROM:

SAC, Miami

ATTENTION: ASSISTANT DIRECTOR TROTTER

SUBJECT:

FBIRA

The Chief Clerk of this office,

has discussed with me the desirability of
economizing in each office in matters relating to the
FBIRA. The proposal is that each office discontinue
sending to other Bureau offices copies of their Christmas
greetings and instead these Christmas greetings be forwarded
to SOG and included in a Christmas issue of "The Investigator."
Thus, each office would be urged to participate in the
program and each employee would see the greeting from each
of the other offices. As it now is, the one Christmas
greeting, for example, from Los Angeles would be placed
on the bulletin board in Miami and only the headquarters
personnel would ever see it.

It is suggested, if this procedure is considered feasible, that each office be advised by SAC Letter.

2 Bureau 1 - Miami LOT: JHK (3)

pa

b6

b7C

IA - 13;

20 SEP 19 1958

KOUR IN

Lette Mismi a/19/28 porce of 16/58,

ffice Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

: Mr. Nease

DATE: September 16, 1958

SUBJECT: "THE INVESTIGATOR" RECOMMENDATION RE

UBLICATION OF CHRISTMAS CARDS

By letter of September 11, 1958, SAC, Miami transmits w. C. Sullivan a recommendation by the Chief Clerk of that office to the effect that as an economy measure, those offices now sending Christmas cards to other Bureau offices instead submit their cards for publication in the Christmas issue of "The Investigator."

The recommending employee suggests that this would enable all Bureau employees to see the various cards circulated by the field offices and would cut down the number of cards exchanged. SAC, Miami recommends that if such a procedure is feasible, each office be advised by SAC letter.

The suggestion appears to have merit in so far as the possible saving in cutting down the number of cards circulated by each field office. In addition, it would permit every Bureau employee to see a copy of each card sent out by each office.

On the other hand, in addition to the loss of the personal touch in the regimenting of this procedure, it would preclude the reproduction in color of some of the more unique cards exchanged. Not all of the offices, of course, follow the practice of exchanging cards with every other office but would probably feel required to do so if such a recommendation was approved. The primary problem presented, however, deals with the necessary deadline in printing "The Investigator." To be included in the December or "Christmas" issue, material must be on hand by at least the 5th day of the preceding month or in this case November 5. It is quite doubtful that these cards would be available by that date.

RECOMMENDATION:

In view of the above observations, the recommendation of the Chief Clerk of the Miami Office not be approved and that SAC, Miami be so advised by attached letter.

Enclosure seut 9.17.5

1 - Mr. H. L. Edwards

JRH: absolut 1396 (4) 5 7 SEP 2 1 1958

apply county rec.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

For referral to the Training and Inspection Division for proper acknowledgment. :REC- 19 2. For referral to Mr. M. A. Jones, Editor of Investigator, for his consideration 15 SEP 23 1958 GBC:DVH Personnel file of

Memorandum • United States Government : Mr. Neas DATE: September 2, 1958 Boardman Relmont SUBJECT: SUGGESTION:#174-59 RECORDS BRANCH STREAMLINING COMMITTEE Re L. E. Short to Mr. Nease memo 8/22/58. W. C. Sullivan that the staff of the Marc The suggestion of *Investigator advise employees who have submitted material for this publication the reason why it is not used, indicates a healthy interest in the Bureau's "house organ." The suggestion, however, overlooks the actual current system utilized by the Investigator staff when material submitted is not run. A form letter, copy attached, is periodically returned to each associate editor indicating in the appropriate place, why the returned items were not utilized. It is, of course, obvious that the Investigator staff receives material of a duplicate nature or material that has only a limited interest to a few individuals and therefore must be considered secondary to material of a general interest to a majority of the Bureau's employees. Poor photographs and negatives, of course, are other constant problems which preclude running certain contributions. Timeliness also influences the selection of data. Practically speaking, it is believed the present policy is the correct one and that the responsibility for advising the various contributors why their submissions have not been utilized properly rests with the various associate editors who are in direct contact with the contributing employees. To augment this system, however, and to fully apprise the Bureau's employees of the system utilized, it is proposed that the October issue of the Investigator include a statement of policy in this regard so that all personnel are fully informed on this topic. RECRECOMMENDATION: That a brief statement be included in the October issue of the Investigator relative to the disposition of material submitted by Bureau employees. Enclosed is a letter to thanking her for the least of the letter to Enclosures (2) - Letter Land Personnel File of JRH:absab (4)

TO:	ASSOCIATE	EDITOR,		
-----	-----------	---------	--	--

FROM: EDITOR

THE INVESTIGATOR

We regret that we are unable to use the enclosed photos for the following reason(s):

- 1. () Photo(s) won't reproduce well because of lack of contrast, lightness, darkness, poor focus, blurriness, lack of detail or other technical factors.
- .2. () We have difficulty with reproduction from colored pictures or negatives.
- 3. () Policy reasons prevent the use of these photo(s).
- 4. () Persons in the photo(s) are not identified.
- 5. () We generally avoid publicizing marriages, engagements, 10-year keys, commendation awards, resignations, birthdays, and similar events because of space limitations.
- 6. () Other items with greater reader appeal have been given priority.
- 7. () We selected and used the best photo or photos in this group.
- 8. () Not used because of lack of timeliness, having in mind the time necessary to get an item into print (i.e., winter scene or event in summer issue).
- 9. () We are limited in the number of pictures of this type which we can print.
- 10. () Too many outsiders, as opposed to Bureau people, represented.

COMMENTS:

94-3-2-1611

ENCLOSURE

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ro

MayNease

FROM

M. W. Bones

SUBJECT:

CHRISTMAS GREETINGS TO

EMPLOYEES ON MILITARY LEAVE

Tolson
Belmon
Mohr
Nease
Parsons
Rosen
Tamm
Trottet
W.C. Sullivan
Tele. Room
Holloman

DATE: November 4, 1958

During the past several years, instead of sending the Staff Christmas card to Bureau employees who are on military leave at the Christmas season, the policy has been followed of enclosing a separate greeting card with the December issue of the <u>Investigator</u> which is sent to these employees. Attached are four sample cards which have been prepared by the Exhibits Section. These have been considered and it is felt that card Number 2 is the best of the four.

RECOMMENDATION:

That card Number 2 be approved as the greeting card to be included in the December issue of the Investigator to those on military leave.

Enclosures (4)

1 - Mr. Gauthier

MAJ:mcq (3)

Survey 110 8

fo gran

Marin John !!

94-3

1 DEC 5 1758

CRIME KE

`

Lovy

67 DEC 1 1 1958

fice Mericialiam • united states government

Mr. DeLoach

April 3, 1959

FROM:

M. A. Johns

SUBJECT:

THE INVESTIGATOR

In connection with Miss Gandy's suggestion concerning reprinting favorable newspaper cartoons in The Investigator, we are heartily in accord. At such time as we write out to the field requesting the field office to obtain the original of a particular cartoon, we will determine if it is one we desire to reprint in The Investigator. This decision will be in conjunction with Miss Gandy's or your wishes. If we want to reprint it, a letter to the field will also ask for permission from the cartoonist or his newspaper to reprint it in The Investigator.

REC- 15

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information:

LJH:rwz (3)

APR 16 1959

ice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MR. MOHR April 3, 1959

P. G. TRAVERS

LIST PENDING LEGISLATION IN "THE INVESTIGATOR" OF INTEREST

TO FEDERAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

It was suggested that consideration be given to furnishing information for publication in "The Investigator" concerning legislation pending in Congress to benefit Federal employees. This information would take the form of a "column" showing the status of such legislation as it progressed through Congress and approved by the President. There have been many bills during the present 86th Congress of pertinent interest to all Government employees in the event they are enacted into law. The possibility of all the bills of this nature being enacted into law is rather remote, and for this reason, there is set forth a list of bills on general subject matter which have been introduced in the present Congress was containing provisions of interest to Government employees.

"The Investigator" operates on a long-deadline basis, for example, the current issue of "The Investigator" features St. Patrick's Day on the cover and Christmas parties on the inside. Usually, the material for "The Investigator" is expected to be submitted 1 1/3 months in advance. The magazine content can be revised at the last minute if necessary. The "last minute" is roughly 10 days prior to printing or the 20th of the month preceding the publication date, the first of the month. Therefore, "The Investigator" is not adapted to the newspaper function of disseminating "up-to-date" news. It should be mentioned that a column on pending legislation relating to benefits for Government employees, although inserted each month in the record at the last minute, might be obsolete or partially so by the time the magazine reaches its readers. Therefore, the material used in the column should be such as to present minimum vulnerability to a quick change.

It is felt that to preclude the possibility of some of our employees writing to their Congressmen regarding certain legislation, the name of the Congressman or Senator who introduced the particular legislation not be listed with the bill. Also, it is felt that bills of interest only to veterans or honveterans should not be listed. There does not appear to be any reason to emphasize the difference between our veterans and nonveterans

G APR 20 1959

SEE ADDENDUM ON PAGE 2.

Enclosure M. Jones 1 Mr. Clark

PGT:ams/mic

Memorandum to Mr. Mohr

The attached list of bills is set up with columns identified as (1) bills passed the House of Representatives, (2) bills passed the Senate, and (3) bills signed by the President into law. A check mark is placed in the appropriate column to indicate the status of the bill and at each printing of the Congressional Record and any last-minute changes in these measures, it will be a very simple matter to check the appropriate column to effect the current status of the particular piece of legislation.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the proposed list of bills as set up showing the status be incorporated in the next "Investigator" for the interest of our employees.

Mrig.

ADDENDUM: 4-7-59: CDD:ejp: It is, of course, easily understood that implementation of the above suggestion would represent added interest on the part of our employees and would be a good feature for the "Investigator." There have been too many instances in the past, however, where employees have left their copy of the "Investigator" in public places or conveyances. The outsider, noting the column regarding Congressional action, would most definitely feel that the FBI was urging their employees to push this action. I think this material has little place in the "Investigator" and should more logically be placed in SAC Letters. We will, of course, abide by your decision in the matter.

There is listed below legislation introduced in the 86th Congress of interest to Federal Government employees. Congressional action is indicated by check marks. At this time, these bills are pending in Committees.

SENATE

Bill Number	Purpose of Legislation	Passed Senate	Passed House	Public Law
S. 101 (other similar bills):	Provides for the defense of suits against Federal employees arising out of their operation of motor vehicles in the scope of their employment.			ı
S. 419 (other similar bills)	Increases the per diem allowance for employees on official business from \$12 to \$16; increases mileage allowance for use of personally owned cars from 10¢ to 12¢ per mile.			
S. 615 (other similar bills)	Permits employees to retire with 30 years of service regardless of age on full annuities. Compute annuities on basis of 2% of average salary. (All employees)			

HOUSE

Bill	Purpose of	Passed	Passed	Public
Number	Legislation	House	Senate	Law
H. R. 208 (other similar bills)	Provides for Government contribution toward personal health service benefits for civilian employees and their dependents and to authorize payroll deductions for participants.		·	

94-3-2 -164-0 ENCLOSURE

HOUSE - continued

Bill Number	Purpose of Legislation	Passed House	Passed Senate	Public Law
H. R. 420 (other similar bills)	Provides that full amount of any annuity received under Civil Service Retirement Act shall be excluded from gross income in computing Federal income tax.			
H. R. 632	Provides \$400 a year pay raise. Cost of living index study to determine automatic increases by \$50 each time cost of living goes up a point. Pay will decrease each time cost of living goes down a point.		,	
H. R. 691	Provides three additional longevity step-increases in pay schedule.			
H. R. 2364 (other similar bills)	Increases from 2% to 2 1/2% the multiplication factor for determining annuities for certain employees engaged in hazardous duties. (Investigative employees only)			
H. R. 3051 (other similar bills)	Permits each employee 26 days of annual leave and 15 days of sick leave. Increases amount of leave employees may accumulate from 30 to 60 days and those assigned to foreign posts from 45 to 90 days.			
H. R. 3211	Establishes a basic workweek for employees of thirty-five hours.			

HOUSE - continued

Bill Number	Purpose of Legislation	-	Passed Senate	
H. R. 4191 (other similar bills)	Whenever a holiday falls on a Saturday, Federal offices will be closed on the preceding Friday.			
H.•R 4265	Permits employees with at least 30 years of service to retire at 55 years of age with full annuities. (All employees)	,	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
H. R. 5178 (other similar bills)	Provides for health and medical services for civilian employees in Government service overseas and their dependents.			

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

то	:	Mr.	DeLoach	ñ
	-			-

DATE: May 20, 1959

W.C. Sullivan

M. A Johns

DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ARTICLES

You will recall that each issue of "The Investigator" carries Distinguished Service articles on persons who have recently completed various anniversaries in the Bureau. On twentieth, twenty-fifth, thirtieth, etc., anniversaries, we run a photograph and a brief story. The photograph consists, where possible, of a picture of the celebrant receiving the key or letter from the Director of someone representing the Director. In connection with the 10-year anniversaries, we have so many that we can run only the name and office of assignment. We do not run a photograph or story.

In looking over the Distinguished Service articles which we will be running during the next few months. I note that we are coming into a period which will see many such anniversaries. During the next 6 months, there will be approximately 167 twentieth anniversaries. There will be 52 twenty-fifth anniversaries. In addition, there will be thirtieth, thirty-fifth, etc., anniversaries. It can readily be seen that the 167 twentieth anniversary items will take a great deal of space. We get approximately 2 1/2 such articles on a page, which means that these 167 items over the next 6 months will use approximately 66 pages or 11 pages per issue.

In addition to the expense involved in so many pages, it is very difficult to get the needed variety into so many write-ups. Each such story must contain such items as native state, educational background, outside interests, family, etc., and to say these things 167 different ways is quite impossible. Much duplication necessarily results:

Because we are going to continue to have more and more such anniversaries as the Bureau gets older, I feel that we should change our policy and, while continuing to run twenty-fifth, thirtieth, thirty-fifth, etc., anniversaries as in the past with picture and story, we should henceforth run the twentieth anniversaries as photographs only with legends giving the name, present assignment and EOD date, as well as any data to identify others in the photographs. By running photographs and this supplementary legend, we would still be devoting more space to the twentieth anniversaries than we do to the tenth anniversaries, which use only names and offices of assignment.

RECOMMENDATION: That henceforth in the divestigator" on twentieth anniversary items we run photograph and legend giving present assignment and EOD date and any other needed identifying data without a story.

MLL:rwz

Will begin with ally issue:

fice Memoundum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MR. C. F. DOWNING DATE: June 4, 1959 SUBJECT: DANGEROUS ASPECTS OF INVESTIGATOR PLASTIC LAUNDRY COVERS SUGGESTION #1281-59 I wish to call your attention to the fact that there have been a number of accidents in the home which were caused by plastic laundry covers. Unknowing parents gave their children access to these plastic covers being unaware of the fact that these air tight covers would cling to an infant's face due to static electricity, thus, smothering the child to death. I feel that this would be of concern to the Bureau inasmuch as many of its employees receive articles of clothing from laundries which often use these plastic covers as a wrapping material. Furthermore, many articles of clothing are wrapped with this plastic covering when purchased in clothing stores: 1 These plastic laundry covers are no more dangerous than household matches if they are properly handled; however, I believe it is essential that everyone be warned of their potential danger. Therefore, you may wish to take any action necessary to ensure that all Bureau employees are properly warned of this danger. If I may, I would like to suggest that an article in this regard be prominently placed in the "Investigator" stace this matter would be of sufficient importance to employees in Bureau field offices as well as: at the Seat of Government. Widespread publicity of this, matter would ensure that all Bureau employees are advised of the potential danger of this plastic material which has caused, death for many infants and small children. JLH:drc (3) ADDENDUM (CFD:EB, 6/4/59): Since the hazard described by has received considerable publicity in the press and on newscasts, I imagine our employees have forewarned; however, Mr. DeLOACH may wish to consider HURLESS' specific suggestion that a notice appear in the Investigator. AddeNduM Enclosure 30 JUN 257 67 JUL 2-1959

Memorandum to Mr. Downing re: Dangerous Aspects of Plastic Laundry Covers

ADDENDUH BY TRAINING AND INSPECTION DIVISION 6/15/59 - NAW:mcc

In view of the widespread publicity given to this matter through all news media, it is doubtful that there are any Bureau employees who are not aware of the potential hazard of these plastic laundry covers. It is not believed advisable for the Bureau to make any announcement in the Investigator or otherwise relative to this matter. The Bureau has no firsthand information relative to these plastic bags and since it is a controversial subject, it is felt that the Bureau should not become involved

RECOMMENDATION:

demonstration

NE COLLEGE COL	
That enclosed letter be sent to receipt of his suggestion.	acknowledgin _b 70
New and	4
SIR / Magne	
	,

					_					
	STANDARD FORM	I NO, 64				_				el
,)	Offic	e I	Memor	andu	<i>η</i> • υ	NITED	STATES (GOVERN	IMENT	• •
4	TO :		Mr. Tolso	n K	explys		DATE:	5/20/59		
	FROM :		Mr. Tamr	57	, ,				Toison Beimo Deloo McGui Mohr	nt
	subject;	X	SUGGEST LIST ANN		O MI THE IN AD IES IN AD	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON OF	TOR"		Parson Bosea Tamm Trotter W.C. S	ivilivan _
								,		Room
			It ha the possib- one month name, the 30th, 35th	llity of ha in advand date of tl	ce of one's he anniver	d in "The s annivers sary (i.e.	Investigate ary, one's 20th, 25t	}	V	
			Such in the field opportunel anniversal happens in known to it is published	l and at the congrain of the c	tulate the than sevents the ann	Governme employee ral weeks iversary o	ent to prior to the later, as a late is not	now	n	16-250
		_	ACTION:			**	!	\$	٨	Ä
			This your advic		itted for c	onsiderati	on and		H	er trees in
		t							1	8
			्रेड अ न् रिक्			REC- 44	94-3	<u>-2-/</u>	653	recorden ecter
	I	Q	RWM:JFM (5)	:wmj	EX-139	•	25 JUL :	1 1939		æ
	Dedman. 1	W	ADDENDU	M: The I	Executives	¦ ∮ Conferen	ice on 5/28	1/59 cons	r iliy istina of	•
KARC	, No sul	المشمر	Messrs. T Mohr and	olson, M	cGuire, R	osen, Bel	mont, Cla	vton. Con	rad. Tro	otter.
ahy	permany pergent pergent	1 12/21	where the	le to do tl individual	his. It was I would not	is pointed t be in the	out that si Bureau.	tuations w It was fel	ould occ best to	ur leave
مرين ا	M.M.	\ ·	the matter adoption of	the sugg	estion. Q	1):50 5/2	8/59	recomme	nueu-aga	.ilist
or	Ju.	{	i jauto	2-1-59	W CC	/		_		
JÚ	L 9 19)59	10	•	1 val		ž			

Office Memorandum • United STATES GOVERNMENT DATE: 6-30-59 John F. Maldne President,/fB1 Belmont Robert W. McCaslin Activity Promoter, FBIRA SUBJECT: SUGGESTION RE FBIRA #1086-59 Trotter Tele. Room b6 Holloman -b70Captioned suggestion, submitted by Domestic Intelligence Division, recommends that more publicity be given to the benefits derived through one's membership in the FBIRA. She proposes that "The Investigator" on an annual basis carry an account of the activities of the FBIRA and suggests such coverage prior to the annual FBIRA membership drive. Inasmuch as a suggestion similar to the one submitted by has been acted upon by the Executive Committee of the FBIRA, august 4, 1958, and it was then proposed that the January issue of "The Investigator" be devoted in part to highlighting the benefits derived through membership in the FBIRA, It is felt no further action should be taken upon captioned suggestion. ACTION: It is recommended that Mrs. Anderson be furnished the attached personal letter from you advising her of this b6 information. b7C Enclosure (sent 7/1/59) co-Personal tile of JUL 8 1959

กราบL 151959

STANDARO PORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • united states government

то :	Mr. DeLoach	DATE: August 11, 1959
FROM: :	M. A. Jones	Tols Bein DeLe McGi Mohr Pars Rose
SUBJECT:	THE INVESTIGATOR	Mohr Pars Rose Tama

LETTER TO ASSOCIATE EDITORS

Attached is a proposed letter to the Associate Editors in the field and at the Seat of Government. This letter points out suggestions for improvements in the submission of articles each month and also certain problems that arise each month and ways of eliminating them. By eliminating these difficulties we should be able to streamline the processing of material and also improve the quality of these articles insofar as reader appeal and interest are concerned.

RECOMMENDATION:

Research Se	That the attach		ion.	rned to the Crim QU-3-2	e-/662
	Detected detail	KeyAPI	REC- 72 EX: 140	24 AUG 19 195	9
Enclosure	8-12-59 all work	8/12/0	Μ,		1
JDS:mlb ()	Door	F31		le Marie	P.C.
(3) MM	60	AUG 25 1959		CKILL	_p i

TO: ASSOCIATE EDITOR

FROM: EDITOR

THE INVESTIGATOR

I would like to bring you up to date on a few items of mutual interest concerning "The Investigator."

- (1) As you know, we are very much interested in new ideas for unusual features, series, contests, articles, etc. We will welcome any suggestions in this regard.
- (2) We would like to secure usable cartoons, not necessarily related to the Bureau, but anything humorous and in good taste.
- (3) A greater variety of "Feminine Slant" articles is being sought. Any items that would be of interest to the women of the FBI would be greatly appreciated, i.e., sewing hints, recipes, fashions, unusual hobbies, activities, etc.

Certain problems arise each month which can be eliminated as follows:

- (1) In submitting pictures which are acquired from a source other than the Bureau, permission to reprint should be obtained and it should be specifically so stated in the incoming article.
- (2) The quality of the pictures--too much lightness, dark-ness, etc.--should be closely watched.
- (3) Since the adoption of the new policy regarding 20th anniversary write-ups, photographs of persons celebrating these anniversaries are not being forwarded to "The Investigator." It is especially imperative that we receive the photographs of any clerical or Agent employees who celebrate 20-year anniversaries and above.
 - (4) Recently, we have been receiving a large number of ographs and articles concerning incentive awards, birthdays, marriages, gements, resignations and 10-year service award keys. It has been sary to adopt the policy of not giving contribution credit to the office ling such articles.

I want to take this opportunity to thank each and every one our outstanding help. The increasing interest and prestige of gator" are dependent upon your contributions.

See gons to Defrack huma 8-11-59

1267 thru 1285

MB

94-3-2 FOLLOWING SERIALS REMOVED FROM FILE AND DESTROYED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AUTHORITY CONTAINED IN 94-3-2-2043

778 thru 783 1286 thru 1349 785 thru 791 1351 thru 1356 796 thru 801 1359 thru 1365 803 thru 805 1367 thru 1418 807, 808 thru 819 1420 thru 1456 1458 thru 1476 821 thru 825 1478 thru 1522 827 thru 833 1524 thru 1571 835 thru 877 JSG 879 thru 891 894 thru 917 1572 thru 1586 919 thru 929 1588 thru 1595 931 thru 937 939 thru 941 1598 thru 1607 1612 thru 1620 943 thru 950 1622 thru 1638 952 thru 958 1641 thru 1646 960, 961, 963, 967 thru 971 1648 thru 1650 1652, 1654, 1656 thru 1661 973, 977, 979, 982 thru 986 1663 thru 1670 987, 990, 991 thru 1036 EM MB 1038 thru 1054 1059 thru 1070 1072 thru 1073 1075 thru 1076 1078 thru 1187 1190, 1191, 1193 thru 1235 1237, 1238, 1240, 1243 thru 1247 1249 thru 1255 1258 thru 1264

serials 820,951,975,976 missing when reviewed for destruction.

fice Mem

lum • UNITED S'

VERNMENT

Tolson Belmont DeLoach

McGuire Mohr . Parsons Rosen

Tamm Trotter W.C. Sullivan _ Tele, Room Holloman _

Gandy

Mr. DeLba

DATE: September 15, 1959

M. A. Fone

"THE INVESTIGATOR"

On 9-15-59 SA David W. Bowers of the Crime Research Section had a conversation with Mr. Tavel concerning the possibility of the Personnel Section preparing a brief article outlining in simple terms all legislation passed by the current Congress affecting Federal employees which will be used in the November issue of "The Investigator." Mr. Tayel was quite enthusiastic about the idea and agreed to have the article prepared within the next several days. It was also suggested to him that the Personnel Section furnish "The Investigator" on a continuing basis brief articles regarding any Civil Service Commission rulings or other actions which affect our personnel, these to be used in various issues of "The Investigator."

This procedure is intended in no way to replace SAC Letters and the Manuals as the major means of disseminating to Bureau employees matters affecting personnel. These write-ups are to be interpretive, pointing out high lights of various personnel legislation and policies as a supplement to SAC Letters and Manuals. The possibility of featuring the Personnel Section in some future issue of "The Investigator" also was discussed with Mr. Tavel, the idea being that we could present a general over-all picture of all major personnel matters in one issue. This article will feature the subject matter rather than personnel in the Section as is our usual custom in articles of this type.

Mr. Tayel promised wholehearted cooperation in this project and was of the opinion that this procedure will greatly help in familiarizing all Bureau personnel with matters which pertain to their Government employment.

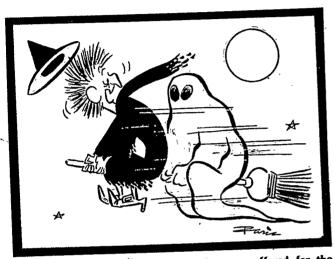
RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information

1 - Mr. DeLoach - Mr. Tavel, Room 4519

PERS. FILES

TILES



TEN DOLLARS FOR TITLES. Six prizes are offered for the best titles to this cartoon—\$5 for the cleverest, \$1 each for the next five. Titles must not exceed 12 words in length, and must be written on post cards. Address Title Editor, The Atlanta Journal and Constitution Magazine, Atlanta 2, Ga. Titles must be in this office by noon next Wednesday. Winners will be announced on Nov. 15.



"She Picked Up Where He Left Off"

winners

Louis H. Thomas, 205 West View Dr., Rte. 4, Dublin, Ga., receives \$5 for the title above.

The following entries win \$1 each:

"JUST THE TYPE TO LAY DOWN THE LAW," by Mrs.
Joe Guillebeau, Lincolnton, Ga.

"A FLAT FOOT WITH A CAR-BUCKLE," by Mrs. S. L. Ovrevik, 2595 Ben Hill Rd., East Point, Ga.

"SHE REALLY HUNG ONE ON," by Gene Mayhue, 624 Ellis St., Griffin, Ga.

"IT'S HER TURN TO BE GRILLED," by J. A. Kennedy, 76 E. Wesley Rd., NE, Atlanta 5.

"GREAT PICKUP FOR AN OLD MODEL," by Hannah Moreland, Box 193, LaFayette, Ga.

The following titles receive honorable mention:

"Someone Needs to Mediate This Strike," by Paul T. Atchley, Haines City, Fla.

"She Doesn't Realize What She's Up Against," by Mrs. Mary Gresham, Rte. 2, Ellenwood, Ga.

"Just Another One of Her Passing Fancies," by Dick LeGrande, 209 Country Club Rd., Rte. 1, Dublin, Ga.

"At Least She Collected a Conversation Piece," by Mrs. James B. Banks, Rte. 15, Box 503, Albany, Ga.

"She's Picked Up a Carrying Charge," by George L. Pugh, 236 Country Club Rd., Asheville, N.C.

"She Got the Run-Around,"by Clara Schumacher, 406 West Main St., Walhalla, S.C. "The Kind of Calm and Collective Driver a Cop Swears By," by Mrs. Roger Rice, 619 King St., Reidsville, North Carolina.

"She Put the Squeeze on This Policeman," by C. L. Toney, VA Dom., Thomasville, Ga.

"Wait 'Til the Girls at the Bridge Club Hear About This," by Dave Haimbaugh, Box 25-A, Ellaville, Ga.

"One Sure Way of Getting a Motorcycle Escort," by Mrs. H. R. Bierhorst, 4312 Shirley Ave., Jacksonville 10, Fla.

"She Will Soon Be Begging His-Pardon," by Mrs. O. W., Prevatt, 101 E. 9th St., Jacksonville 6, Fla.

2 NOT OSTUM 94-3-2-1698

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: October 30, 1959

Tolson
Belingen
DeLoach

Subject: "THE INVESTIGATOR"

As you are aware, we recently discontinued the fingerprint contest which was carried in "The Investigator" and currently have no such feature in the magazine. SA Bowers, the Assistant Editor, has suggested starting a cartoon caption contest. This is not an original idea since similar contests have been used in other publications. Attached is a sample of such a contest which is published in the Sunday Magazine of "The Atlanta Journal and Constitution." There is no indication that the Atlanta papers have a copyright on this idea, and as indicated other publications have used similar items.

This has been discussed with persons in the Exhibits Section, and they will supply necessary cartoon drawings. We plan to publish one cartoon each month without a caption. The following month we will publish the same cartoon with what we consider the best caption submitted along with several other worthy captions and the identities of employees who have sent them in. At the same time the cartoon to be captioned for the coming month will be published. It is believed this contest will attract considerable attention and will add to the interest of "The Investigator."

RECOMMENDATION:

That you approve the institution of this contest which we will start as soon as possible.

Enclosure

MOTESTRE

DWB:lln
(2)

N

SUGGESTED CONTEST

EX- 105

94-3-2-1686

62 NOV 19 1959

PERS. FILES AWING

Trotter

W.C. Sullivan
Tele. Room __
Holloman ____

UNITED STATES GOVE

emorandum

: Mr. DeLoach

SUBJECT: "THE INVESTIGATOR"

MARCH, 1960



DATE: March 10, 1960

Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room Ingram

Attached is a copy of captioned edition which we believe is one of the most outstanding issues which has ever been published, not only because of the color cover but because of the content, design, and general appearance. Only a few copies have been completed at this time, and these have been distributed to various officials here at the Seat of Government, many of whom commented about the overall excellence of the magazine.

This is the first in a series of two special editions concerning vacation spots throughout the country, one such location in each field office territory being featured. The second issue in this series, which is already being made up, will appear in April. Plans for these two issues were started in September, 1959, when SA David W. Bowers of this section, the Assistant Editor of the magazine, suggested the two special issues. A great deal of work for Mr. Bowers and clerks James D. Sanders (Managing Editor) and Miss Mary Lynn Barnette (Women's Editor) was involved in collecting and editing the necessary material. It was necessary for them to do considerable research and all three diligently applied themselves to the task, frequently working overtime on the project.

The excellent painting for the color cover was done by Mr. Horace James Heafner, illustrator in the Exhibit Section, who worked closely with "The Investigator" staff in planning and preparing the painting. The splendid results are evident. Miss Sara I. McCarter, illustrator in the Exhibit Section, set the type and did the layout for this issue. This entailed very careful planning and considerably more work than is involved in the average issue of the publication since this issue was a larger one and contained a great deal of text.

In the Mechanical Section, under the careful guidance of Mr. William M. Browning, Plant Foreman, outstanding and noteworthy care was taken to insure the best possible reproduction of the color cover and the interior content of the magazine. Mr. Browning has advised that those primarily responsible for this work were Mr. Stanley E. Bodziak, Plate Room Foreman; Mr. James F. Beach, Assistant Plate Room

Enclosure Reut. 3-16-60

1 - Mr. Callahan

Addendum Administrative D Enclosures

M. A. Jones to Mr: DeLoach Memorandum

Foreman; Mr. John K. Baber, Photographer (Line); Mr. John A. Atwell, Press Room Foreman; and Mr. Anthony V. Verna, Multith Operator. Many obstacles in preparing the plates and printing this issue were successfully overcome by these men who were particularly anxious to turn out the best possible product.

This issue marks the introduction of two "firsts" for "The Investigator." With the addition of new equipment in the Mechanical Section, it is now possible to saddle-stitch (staple in the center rather than on the side) the magazine, giving it a much more professional appearance. This made possible the use of a double page picture spread which appears on pages 28 and 29.

All of the above-named individuals have applied themselves from the outset in the hope of creating an issue of "The Investigator" which will be informative, entertaining, and a "keepsake" for FBI personnel. They held several conferences to work out the various details, and all have cooperated closely in order to reach the desired goal. We believe they have succeeded and it is believed the April issue will be just as outstanding. It is felt that each of the individuals named above is deserving of commendation for his contribution to the current issue.

Ten copies of this edition are being sent to the offices represented in this issue by vacation features for SACs to distribute to their contacts. This same procedure will be followed with the second edition of the special vacation issues which will be published in April.

RECOMMENDATION:

That this memo be referred to Administrative Division for the preparation of appropriate letters of commendation to the above-named persons.

ADDENDUM, CDD:FML, 3/10/60:

M. A. Jones, who is Chief of the Crime Research Section and Editor of "The Investigator," also contributed greatly to the overall excellence of this issue. He participated in planning the two special editions, furnishing guidance and advice and spent a considerable amount of overtime and time at home reviewing the material submitted for publication. It is recommended that he, too, be commended concerning this matter.

Py!

(ones)

ADDENDUM ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION NEM: hw 3-14-60

1) 5 Mg

It is apparent that all employees who had a hand in making this splendid issue of "The Investigator" possible performed their individual assignments in a highly effective manner; however, this appears to have been more of a team operation and part of their regularly assigned duties. Therefore, it is believed that commendation through the Section Chiefs would be more appropriate.

If approved, appropriate letters to M. A. Jones, Leo J. Gauthier and Arthur G. Wiley commending employees in their section are attached.

UNITED STATES GOVE

Mr. A. H. Belmont

Mr. F. J. Baumgardnet

SUBJECT: SUGGESTED ARTICLES FOR

"THE INVESTIGATOR"

DATE: March 4,

I - Mr. Belmont

I - Training and

Inspection Division

1 - Crime Records Division

1 - Mr. Baumgardner

I - Mr. Fox

SUGGESTION #665-60 Our monthly publication, "The Investigator," is issued primarily for the benefit of investigative and clerical employees. Personnel interested in knowing where Bureau friends are located and what they are doing can find this type of coverage in "The Investigator."

SA Frederick F. Fox, Domestic Intelligence Division, believes that something in addition, something other than the present format, can be advantageously displayed in future issues of "The Investigator." SA Fox feels that an eye-catching series of articles can give the publication a "lift." Many newspaper readers enjoy working crossword puzzles; others enjoy solving anagrams; and many magazine readers enjoy "increasing their word power." A series of articles can be devised for "The Investigator" which will not only entertain and be of interest to the reader but which will also benefit both him and the Bureau.

A myriad of reports and memoranda are disseminated each year to interested governmental agencies. Correspondence between the Bureau and "outside individuals" is steadily increasing. Our reports and memoranda, in certain cases, are made available to the courts and to defense counsel. What, then, can be more important than the make-up of these communications?

SA Fox proposes that a series of articles on "Improve Your Grammar" can be favorably presented in "The Investigator" in an interesting and informative manner. Is there an investigative employee of the Bureau who prepares a report, or a clerical employee who types a report, who is not interested in doing a better job; who is not interested in doing a perfect job? Of course not. Communications emanating from the Bureau with misspelled words, poor syntax and ambiguous sentences leave us open to the suspicion that we may also have been careless in our investigations. These suspicions must be avoided. Why must/we take a chance, then, of producing a poorly constructed report or communication when we can take additional steps to avoid these common pitfalls? series of articles on "Improve Your Grammar" can be part of the answer.

Each article in "The Investigator" can cover a different phase of English grammar: spelling, sentence structure, punctuation, choosing the right word, capitalization, the use of slang, etc. The solution to

Enclosure - cent 3-10-60 FFF:ras

SEE ADDENDUM BY TRAINING AND INSPECTION DIVISION PAGE 8.

F131

Belmont Tamm Trotter W.C. Sullivan

Tolson Mohr _

Tele. Room .

Ingram _

each article may appear on a different page of the same issue of "The Investigator" or the solution may appear in the next issue of the publication. Articles should not take more than 10 or 15 minutes of the reader's time and they should not be too technical. Differences of opinion among grammarians concerning a particular point of grammar should not be considered for inclusion in this series. A wealth of material is available in books, periodicals, government publications and magazines from which to prepare such articles—a Bureau "touch" can be easily applied. Further material can be obtained from the Bureau's Reading Room, training classes at the Seat of Government and in the field, and from Bureau and field supervisors.

Here are some suggested articles:

HOW GOOD A SPELLER ARE YOU? (some words are spelled correctly)

serverly
supprise
predjudice
jellousy
subpoena
anually
envirement
parelell
susceptible
labratory
harrass

paralise
cartrige
adultry
allibi
restraunt
municiple
schedual
ficticious
indispensible
balistics
embarrass

Words selected for this type of article should consist of "everyday" words--words we think we know how to spell--words we believe we "have no reason" to look up in the dictionary (answers will be found at the end of this memorandum).

DO YOU KNOW YOUR PLURALS?

Eskimo
potato
hero
piano
addendum
alumnus
axis
chassis
radius

syllabus
testatrix
thief
proof
knife
court-martial
index
handkerchief
attorney

> corps life synopsis

criterion belief crisis

USE THE RIGHT WORD

in search	Investigators started to the neighborhood of the bank robbers. (canvass, canvas)
(capital,	The of the United States is Washington, D. C. capitol)
Director S complement	Special Agent William X. Jones wasby T. Edgar Hoover for a job well done. (complimented, ted)
the living	Incriminating evidence was found on the in recom of suspect's home. (mantle, mantel)
objects fi stationery	During a crime scene search, FBI Agents used com which to take their measurements. (stationary,
	"Make a painstaking search" is a goodto (principal, principle)
the judge.	for the defendant was reprimanded by (Council, Counsel, Consul)
(continua)	The telephone on the SAC's desk rang
we believe on law enj	Although our jurisdiction will not be, the proposed legislation will have a serious, forcement as a whole. (affected, effected; affect, effect)
of the FB.	Charles A. Schwab was sworn in as Special Agent I on March 21, 19 (formerly, formally)

CLEAR UP THESE HAZY SENTENCES

Having come of age, I welcomed my son as a member of the FBI.

Memorandum for Mr. Belmont RE: SUGGESTED ARTICLES FOR "THE INVESTIGATOR" The ASAC and criminal supervisor led the raiding party. The juvenile delinquent is a normal school student. The mounted police put the black and white horses in separate stables. The hotel management is not responsible for fire and theft. The supervisor said to his assistant that his papers had been mislaid. The radio dispatcher's room is no longer suitable for our purposes. This has existed for some time. Special Agents found the victim's body several days after the kidnaping on April 1, 19--. CORRECT THIS REPORT FILED BY SERGEANT POWERS Mrs. Sarah M. Trouper, housewife, 485 Cedar Avenue, City, telephone Oxford 2-5372, appeared at police headquarters at 9:15 a.m. on Monday, March 8, 1960, and advised seargent Roland T. Powers as follows: As Miss Trouper was driving her automobile (1957 Chevolet sedan, bearing State licence No. AZ-552) north on Adams Street about 11:00 p.m. last night, a passing vehicle, without warning, cut in front of her at the intersection of Adam and Elm streets. Driving 50 miles an hour in a 20-mile zone, Mrs. Trouper was forced off the highway by this car, causing her to hit a utility poll. Approximately \$75 damage resulted. Mrs. Trouper said that if she had lost her head the accident would have been much worse. The speeding car failed to stop, but Mrs. Troopers son, John H. Trooper, aged 19, a passenger sitting besides his mother, recognized the driver of the other car. This operator was Chester Stiles, a construction worker employed on the nearby indian reservation, who was driving a 1959 Ford, light blue in color. - 4 -

As Mrs. Trouper and her son were extricating their car, a group of 6 foot patrolmen from a rookie school approached the scene. These young recruits, while assisting the Troupers start there car, noticed that the left front fender was damaged by the hit and run car. The group of officers were very helpful and suggested to Mrs. Trouper that she report the accident, pointing out that a paint speciman from the suspect car might be present on the damaged fender. Mrs. Trouper proceded home and reported the incident the following morning.

SOLUTIONS

HOW GOOD A SPELLER ARE YOU?

severely
surprise
prejudice
jealousy
subpoena
annually
environment
parallel
susceptible
laboratory
harass

paralyze
cartridge
adultery
alibi
restaurant
municipal
schedule
fictitious
indispensable
ballistics
embarrass

DO YOU KNOW YOUR PLURALS?

Eskimos
potatoes
heroes
pianos
addenda
alumni
axes
chassis
radii or radiuses
corps
lives

syllabuses
testatrices
thieves
proofs
knives
courts-martial
indexes or indices
handkerchiefs
attorneys
criteria
beliefs
crises

USE THE RIGHT WORD

canvass capital complimented

synopses

mantel
stationary
principle
counsel
continually
affected, effect
formally

CLEAR UP THESE HAZY SENTENCES

When my son came of age, I welcomed him as a member of the FBI.

The ASAC and the criminal supervisor led the raiding party (unless these positions are held by the same person).

The juvenile delinquent is a normal-school student.

The mounted police put the black and the white horses in separate stables (unless the horses are bicolored).

The hotel management is not responsible for loss from fire and theft.

The supervisor said to his assistant, "My papers have been mislaid" or "Your papers have been mislaid."

The radio dispatcher's room is no longer suitable for our purposes. This condition has existed for some time.

The victim's body was found by Special Agents on April 1, 19--, several days after the kidnaping.

CORRECT THIS REPORT FILED BY SERGEANT POWERS

(Italicized words are misspelled or are words used incorrectly; words in brackets are proposed corrections.)

Mrs. Sarah M. Trouper, housewife, 485 Cedar Avenue, City, telephone Oxford 2-5372, appeared at police headquarters at 9:15 a.m. on Monday/Tuesday/, March 8, 1960, and advised seargent /sergeant/Roland T. Powers as follows:

As <u>Miss / Mrs. / Trouper was driving her automobile</u>
(1957 Chevolet / Chevrolet / sedan, bearing State licence / spelled correctly, although "license" is preferred / No. AZ-552) north on Adams Street about 11:00 p.m.
last night, a passing vehicle, without warning, cut in front of her at the intersection of Adam / Adams / and Elm streets / Streets /. Driving 50 miles an hour in a 20-mile zone / not a zone 20 miles long, but a 20-mile speed zone or a 20 mile-an-hour zone /, Mrs. Trouper was forced off the highway by this car / Mrs. Trouper was not driving 50 miles an hour - say the operator of the speeding car forced Mrs. Trouper off the highway /, causing her to hit a utility poll / pole /. Approximately \$75 damage resulted / damage to car, company property, or both - damage to car/. Mrs. Trouper said that if she had lost her head the accident would have been much worse. / If Mrs. Trouper had lost her head she would not have been able to make this report - omit this sentence. /

The speeding car failed to stop, but Mrs. Troopers

[Trouper's son, John H. Trooper / Trouper, aged 19, a
passenger sitting besides / beside / his mother, recognized
the driver of the other car. This operator was Chester
Stiles, a construction worker employed on the nearby
indian / Indian / reservation, who was driving a 1959 Ford,
light blue in color / Tight-blue Ford /.

As Mrs. Trouper and her son were extricating their car, a group of 6 foot patrolmen /either a group of 6-foot patrolmen, each one 6 feet tall; or a group of 6 footpatrolmen, 6 patrolmen on foot/from a rookie /"rookie" is slang and should be in quotes, or better still - training/school approached the scene. These young recruits, while assisting the Troupers start there /their/ car, noticed that the left front fender was damaged by the hit and run /hit-and-run/ car. The group of officers were /was/ very helpful and suggested to Mrs. Trouper that she report the accident, pointing out that a paint speciman /specimen/from the suspect car might be present on the damaged fender. Mrs. Trouper proceded /proceeded/ home and reported theincident the following morning.

OBSERVATIONS:

It is believed that several of the types of articles described in this memorandum, if published in "The Investigator," would "whet the readers' appetite" for additional knowledge in the rudiments of English grammar. This series of articles can act as a brush-up course for those who have forgotten some of the grammar rules; for others it can "spotlight" the need for further study.

This suggestion has been favorably considered by the Internal Security Section Streamlining Committee.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that this suggestion be adopted. If you concur, this memorandum should be routed to the Training and Inspection Division for its acknowledgment and to the Crime Records Division for its consideration.

7 Pm

ADDENDUM BY TRAINING AND INSPECTION DIVISION RWB:mgj 3/9/60

The views of the Crime Records Division are being obtained separately by the Suggestion Desk and final recommendations will be made with regard to this matter after such views have been obtained. Attached for approval is a letter to SA Fox advising him that his suggestion is being considered.

-8-

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

то

Mr. Mohr

My.

DATE: 3/28/60

Trotter ____ W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room __ Ingram ___

Tolson Mohr _

Parsons Belmont

FROM

Mr. Malone

SUBJECT:

SUGGESTION #665-60

SUBMITTED BY SA FREDERICK F. FOX DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

SUGGESTION: That a series of articles be devised for "The Investigator" which will not only entertain and be of interest to the readers but would also benefit the Bureau. SA Fox proposes a series of articles on "Improve Your Grammar" which has to do with various phases of English grammar, spelling, sentence structure, punctuation, choosing the right word, capitalization, etc.

This suggestion has already been acknowledged by letter from the Director.

ADVANTAGES: SA Fox feels that this will improve the quality of work produced by employees in that the answers to the questions would also appear in the same issue of "The Investigator" in a separate section.

CONCLUSIONS: This idea was considered by the Crime Records Division and Assistant Director DeLoach was opposed to its adoption. They do not feel that "The Investigator" is the proper publication for such articles in that it would place it in the realm of a training document. It was pointed out that they already have insufficient space in most issues of "The Investigator" particularly with the large number of anniversaries, and it has been necessary to cut down on the amount of space alloted to employees' anniversaries. They feel that if they were to add additional material such as suggested, it would mean that it would be necessary to reduce the amount of space available for other items of more general interest.

Mr. DeLoach recommended that this division consider using the basic idea in connection with our overall training program.

This division agrees that it would not be desirable to adopt this suggestion in view of the shortage of space available as indicated by the Crime Records Division. With respect to using the basic idea in connection with our training program, it should be noted that we do have various articles

1	_	Personnel	file	of	SA	Fox	(sent	direct)	
٠,4-	***	YY7	. 1						

94-3-2-1771 13 MAR 31 1960

1 183 FX-135

REC- 69

J-Bref

Ö

Memorandum Malone to Mohr Re:; Sug #665-60, SA Fox, Domestic Intelligence

in the training document entitled "Report Writing for Police." Also English grammar, spelling, etc. are included in Bureau stenographic training classes. In view of these factors it is not felt that any useful purpose would be served in applying this idea in connection with our overall training program.

RECOMMENDATION: That this suggestion not be adopted.

ADDENDUM: HLE:cas 3/29/60

SA N. A. Watson of Training and Inspection Division has been working on an idea for putting out a quarterly training bulletin. The type of material suggested by SA Fox would be suitable for use in such a bulletin. SA Fox's suggestion will be kept in mind as one of the items in the event we decide to publish such a training bulletin.

	4					
	OPTIONAL FORM	NO. 10 STATES GOVER-N	MENT			Tolson Mohr Parsons
		morandur			·	Belmont Callahan Del Ogch Maione McGuire
	то :	Mr. Callahan	erg	date: N	farch 25, 196	Rosen
N. X	FROM :	C. R. Davidson	n U		Em.	Ingram
	ѕивјест:	LEAVE CHART		O	ا داراه هر	Mestoss SODEN
rec tak	ent modit en so that	in The Investigation of Burea	ator for the con in policy, enco their leave sta	nvenience of e uraged to kee	employees who p their own re	
1/1		this purpose. I $/7/61$, and it wi	t will be noted	that this char	rt covers the e	e Administrative entire leave year, gator appearing
$\frac{RE}{}$	COMMEN	NDATION:				
cha	art as pub	It is recommer lished, of cours				blication. The attached one.
1 - 1 -		ecords Division and Inspection	O' C Division	and of	3/25	
Enc	closure –	LELECTED IN COM		J RE	94-3 10-33 28 APR	1.11550
	•	•	¢	130		*
	or AFA	C 1960			No.	Rut

Your 1960 leave year consists of 26 bi-weekly pay periods beginning Sunday, January 10, 1960, and ending Saturday, January 7, 1961.

1960 LEAVE CARD

		J	٩N	Ų,	RY					FE	BR	UA	RY					M	AR	CH			Π		A	PRII		,	Ī			٨	(A)	-					J	UN	E		
17	18	1	9	20	21	22		21	15	i 10	9 1 5 1	0	11 18	12 19	27	6 13	21	15	16	24	18	19	17	18	19	20	7 14 1 21 2	2 2	3	22	16 23	17 24		19	20	21 28		20	21	22	23	10 17 24	11
-			JL	JL۱	1	-			-	A	ŪČ	JU:	ST					\$EP	TE/	ABE	R ·		Г		oc	TOE	ER				_	101	/EN	8E	R				DEC	EM	BEF	₹ .	
		1	2 1	13		15	2 9 16 23		15	i	5, 1	7	18	19	13 20	11				15	16	3 10 17	9				6	<u>4</u> 1					16	10 17	18		11	5 12	6 13	7 14	1 8 15	16	10 17

NOTE: Amount of annual leave you earn each pay period depends upon your length of service as follows:

Less than 3 yrs. — 4 hrs.

3-15 yrs. — 6 hrs. (10 hrs. in last pay period)

15 yrs. and over—8 hrs. Enter in column F the amount of annual leave you earn each pay period.

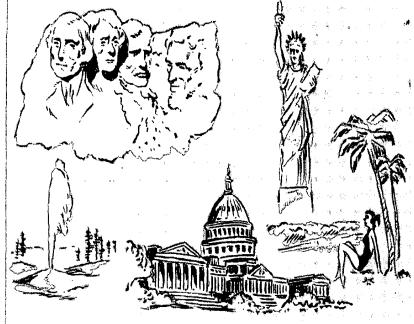
leave ove prev perio box hrs.	A. ours of carried from lous pay d (In red es enter of leave ed over	B. Beginning date of each 2-week pay period	A · S · H ·	– Annı - Sick – Holic – Mili	ual dav	URI	D A O I N G	F L	Y EAN	P xample S-4 take	USI AY e: If under a day	PE pour a approprie of ar	R I O re sic opriate		rs., e	enter you A-8	of li used deach per (add rec	hours eave during pay iod daily	Bal of I due en eacl pe	ance eave me at d of n pay riod	Hou le ear durin pay ; (See to d mine	rs of ave ned g each period above eter-	due i end d pei		
AMMU	m 1959)	1				MED	THUR	ig)	SAI		nat da	7	MED	THUR	687	SAT			AMMUAL	sick		sick	RHHUAL	sick	
PL.			+	16.		4	4.		2	9	4.		*	*	`	3.	Phy.	ź.	VIII.	3	N.		44.	2,	
基	125	Jan 10 Jan 24	<u></u>	-					<u> </u>	· .		,										4			l
	-	Jan 24 Feb 7	1		ļ	· · · · · ·						· ·							···········		-	4			
<u> </u>	1.	Feb 21	-	Н				·														4			
\vdash	-	Mar 6	!	""	ļ						ļ				ļ	<u> </u>						4		<u> </u>	L
1		Mar 20	1						-													4			
		Apr 3		 								<u> </u>										4			
		Apr 17	T -	†												 	,				<u> </u>	4		-	ľ
all the same of th		May 1		<u> </u>																		4	,		
		May 15													,							4			
		May 29		Н																-		4		**********	ı
	-	Jun 12	1													-						4			l
		Jun 26		***************************************	i-						Н						****					4			
		July 10																				4	•	,	
		July 24			1																,	4			
		Aug 7																			,	4			
		Aug 21																				4		7	
	i.	Sep 4		H																		4			
		Sep 18																	***************************************			4			
		Oct 2			·													p		,		4			
		Oct 16						ļ ———									<u> </u>			<u> </u>	,	4		<u></u>	
		Oct 30							ļ						Н	ļ	<u> </u>					4			
	-	Nov 13	-						ļ	ļ			ļ	Н	<u> </u>	ļ	Ì					4	<u> </u>	1	
<u> </u>		Nov 27	-								ļ		<u></u>	<i>'</i>			,			ļ		4			
_	-	Dec 11				<u> </u>				<u></u>			ļ		ļ	ļ	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		4			k
		Dec 25	H							H					,				<u> </u>			-4			

1960 LEAVE CARD

FOR GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES



A Capital Stock Insurance Company — Not Affiliated with the U.S. Government



Distributed as a Public Service by

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES INSURANCE COMPANY

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES INSURANCE BUILDING

Vermont Avenue and K Street, N. W.

Washington 5, D. C.



ANNUAL SALARY CHART

·		Rate	s Wi	thin C	rade			Long	gevity Ro	ites
(GS)	а	b	c	ď	е	f	g	x	у	Z.
1	\$ 2,960	\$ 3,055	\$ 3,150	\$ 3,245	\$ 3,340	\$ 3,435	\$ 3,530	\$ 3,625	\$ 3,720	\$ 3,815
2	3,255	3,350	3,445	3,540	3,635	3,730	3,825	3,920	4,015	4,110
3	3,495	- 3,590	3,685	3,780	3,875	3,970	4,065	4,160	4,255	4,350
4	3,755	3,850	3,945	4,040	4,135	4,230	4,325	4,420	4,515	4,610
5	4,040	4,190	4,340	4,490	4,640	4,790	4,940	5,090	5,240	5,390
6	4,490	4,640	4,790	4,940	5,090	5,240	5,390	5,540	5,690	5,840
7	4,980	5,130	5,280	5,430	5,580	5,730	5,880	6,030	6,180	6,330
8	5,470	5,620	<i>5,77</i> 0	5,920	6,070	6,220	6,370	6,520	6,670	6,820
9	5,985	6,135	6,285	6,435	6,585	6,735	6,885	7,035	7 ,185	7,335
10	6,505	6,655	6,805	6,955	7,105	7,255	7,405	7,555	7,705	7,855
11	7,030	7,270	7,510	7,750	7,990	8,230		8,470	8,710	8,950
12	8,330	8,570	8,810	9,050	9,290	9,530	~~~~~~	9, <i>7</i> 70	10,010	10,250
13	9,890	10,130	10,370	10,610	10,850	11,090		11,330	11,570	11,810
14	11,355	11,595	11,835	12,075	12,315	12,555	********	12,795	13,035	13,275
15	12,770	13,070	13,370	13,670	13,970	*******	******	14,210	14,450	14,690
16	14,190	14,430	14,670	14,910	15,150		*****	********	**********	****
1 7	15,375	15,615	15,855	16,095	16,335					********
18	17,500	*******	********		*	*******			********	********



Mr. and Mrs. John M. Agnew, Salt Lake City, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Vincent Allen, Springfield, boy
Mr. and Mrs. John V. Almon, Dallas, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Jomes W. Awe, Louisville, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph P. Benson, Springfield, boy
Mr. and Mrs. John D. Blasewitz, New York, boy
Mr. and Mrs. John D. Blasewitz, New York, boy
Mr. and Mrs. John F. Berns, Charlotte, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph M. Brewi, Seat of Government, girl
Mr. and Mrs. H. Gregory Byrne, Indianapolis, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Roy E. Carlson, Seat of Government, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Franklyn J. Christie, New York, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Peter Cisarik, Seat of Government, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Peter Cisarik, Seat of Government, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph R. Conlon, Los Angeles, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Bobert J. Cooney, New York, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Bebert J. Cooney, Seat of Government, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Belbert Lee Cortner, Seat of Government, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Celaude A. Curtis, Jr., New York, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Guy Hill Cox, Jr., Charlotte, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Edward John Dahl, New York, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Edward John Dahl, New York, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Edward John Dahl, New York, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Edward John Dahl, New York, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Harry W. Deuble, Detroit, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Eugene Corn, Seat of Government, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Paul D. Feberty, Boston, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Paul G. Durkin, New York, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Paul G. Durkin, New York, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Francis W. Evans, Jr., Kansas City, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Francis W. Evans, Jr., Kansas City, boy
Mr. and Mrs. John J. Felragrald, Philadelphia, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Harrison P. Fox, San Francisco, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Harrison P. Fox, San Francisco, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Ohn J. Felragrald, Philadelphia, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Theodore C. Hauser, Seat of Government, girl
M

Mr. and Mrs. Wirt R. Jones, Albuquerque, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Girard Keil, Seattle, boy
Mr. and Mrs. John M. Kemmy, San Antonio, boy
Mr. and Mrs. John M. Kemmy, San Antonio, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Wayne Kirk, Seat of Government, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Kuhn, Jr., Baltimore, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Robert G. Kunkel, Foreign Assignment, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Marion Everette Lacy, Seat of Government, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Karion Everette Lacy, Seat of Government, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Karion Everette Lacy, Seat of Government, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Francis W. Langdon, New York, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Francis J. McCarron, Albuquerque, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph F. McDanald, Jr., New York, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph F. McDanald, Jr., New York, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Howard A. McKamey, Chicago, boy
Mr. and Mrs. William Joseph McMorris, New, York, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Douglas MacDougall, New York, boy
Mr. and Mrs. John P. Mullery, Seat of Government, girl
Mr. and Mrs. John P. Mullery, Seat of Government, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Gobbett A. Murphy, Jr., Kamsas City, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Gobbett A. Murphy, New York, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Gobbett A. Murphy, New York, boy
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph R. Partington, Dony
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph R. Partington, Omda, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph R. Partington, Omda, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph R. Partington, Omda, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Robert Edward Radde, Indiamapolis, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Royne Edward Richards, Springfield, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Royne Edward Richards, Springfield, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Royne Edward Richards, Springfield, girl
Mr. and Mrs. Royne Edward Rich



THE INVESTIGATOR
Published by the
FBI RECREATION ASSOCIATION
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Investigator Staff

EDITOR: M. A. Jones
ASSISTANT EDITOR: David W. Bowers
MANAGING EDITOR: James D. Sanders
WOMEN'S EDITOR: Mary Lynn Barnette
DESIGN AND LAYOUT: Exhibits Section
PRINTING AND
PHOTO REPRODUCTION: Mechanical Section

FBIRA Officers

PRESIDENT: John J. McGuire
VICE PRESIDENT: F. A. Frohbose
SECRETARY: Jane M. Rogers
TREASURER: R. C. Renneberger
ACTIVITY PROMOTER: Alfred R. Jones
ASSISTANT ACTIVITY PROMOTERS:
Joseph A. Connors, Jr.; Jean L. Cox;
and Robert W. Bannon

Reno E Short to The Deer Re: Suggestion # 2/19/60

94-3-2-1916

CALENDAR for 1960 SHOWING

SHOWING PAYDAYS AND HOLIDAYS

	sarkarakka		
	\$ 1.00 miles		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL
SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS
(1) 2	1 2 3 4 (5) 6	1 2 3 4 5	
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	7 8 9 10 11 12 13	6 7 8 9 10 11 12	3 4 5 6 7 8 9
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	14 15 16 17 18 (19) 20	13 14 15 16 17 (18) 19	10 11 12 13 14 (15) 16
17 18 19 20 21 (2) 23	21 22 23 24 25 26 27	20 21 22 23 24 25 26	17 18 19 20 21 22 23
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	28 29	27 28 29 30 31	24 25 26 27 28 (29) 30
31	40 47	41 40 47 3U 31	24 23 20 21 28 29 30
31			
MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST
SMIT WIFS	SMTWTFS	SHTNTES	SMTWTES
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	1 2 3 4	1 2	1 2 3 4 (5) 6
8 9 10 11 12 (13) 14	5 6 7 8 9 (10) 11	3 4 5 6 7 (8) 9	7 8 9 10 11 12 13
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	·	• •	14 15 16 17 18 (19) 20
22 23 24 25 26 (27) 28	_	17 18 19 20 21 (22) 23	* •
29 30 31	26 27 28 29 30	24 25 26 27 28 29 30	28 29 30 31
		31	
SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER
SM TWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS
1 2 3	1	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3
4 (5) 6 7 8 9 10	. 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	6 7 8 9 10 11 12	4 5 6 7 8 9 10
11 12 13 14 15 16 17	9 10 11 12 13 (14) 15	13 14 15 16 17 18 19	11 12 13 14 15 16 17
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	1	20 21 22 23 (24) (25) 26	18 19 20 21 22 23 24
25 26 27 28 29 30	23 24 25 26 27 (28) 29	27 28 29 30	25 26 27 28 29 30 31
	30 31		
[]		,	
2			

PAYDAYS

HOLIDAYS

	UNITED STATES GOVERN ENT	Tolson Mohr Parsons
^`	Memorandum	Belmon Callingh Delfoach Majone
	TO : MR. MC GULLAND DATE: February 19, 1960	Rosen Tamm Trotter W.C. Sullivan
	FROM : L. E. SHOHTLE	Tele. Room Ingram Gandy
* *	SUBJECT: SUGGESTION # 602-60 RECORDS BRANCH STREAMLINING COMMITTEE	
	EUGGESTION: a GS-9 employee assigned to the Correlation Unit, Records Branch, suggested through the Streamlining Committee that when the January edition of the investigator is printed, consideration be given to printing a chart on which employees could keep track of their leave that they use and accrue. It is suggested that this chart be print on the opposite side of the calendar that is generally on the back cover page of the January edition of the Investigator: (Sample attached.)	e
	PRESENT PROCEDURE: Such a chart is not printed.	
	CONCLUSIONS: Records Branch is in favor of adopting this suggestion in that most employees detach the convenient calent for their use throughout the year, and such a chart would be handy for employees to keep track of their annual and sick leads	
	RECOMMENDATION:	
	1. Favorable.	
	•	0
	2. For referral to the Training and Inspection Divis for acknowledgment and appropriate action. 94-3-2	
	EX-130 KEC- 33 23 APR 1 1960	1
	3. For referral to the Crime Records Division for their comments.	g .
	Enclosure (2)	
TY	YTCH: 120 SEE ADDENDUM BY TRAINING AND INSPECTION DIVISION PAGE	E 2.
	(7) 1 - Personnel file of (sent direct) b6 b7C	
5.1	APR 6 1960	3

puts

ADDENDUM BY TRAINING AND INSPECTION DIVISION RWB:mgj.2/26/60

SAC Letter 60-9 indicated that employees should be encouraged to keep their own leave records. Since this suggestion will make available a suitable chart for maintaining such a record, it is recommended that this suggestion be adopted. SA Bowers, Assistant Editor, Investigator Staff, advised that they have no objection to printing a leave chart in "The Investigator" so that employees might be able to maintain their own leave records.

It will be noted that the leave chart attached is issued by the Government Employees' Insurance Company and we, of course, will not duplicate any leave chart which is printed by other than Bureau sources. The attached chart is merely to indicate that a similar chart should be made by the Bureau.

In view of the Bureau's interest to encourage employees to maintain their own leave record, it is felt that this suggestion should be adopted.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. That this suggestion be adopted and that the attached letter of appreciation be sent to b6 b70

2. That this memorandum be referred to the Investigator Staff for appropriate action.

Stary

EAR

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO

: Mr. De Loach

DATE: March 8, 1960

	Mohr
	Parsons
,	Belmont
ŀ	Callahan V
	DeLoach
	Malone
	McGuire
	Rosen
	Tamm
	Trotter
	W.C. Sullivan
	Tele. Room
	Ingram
	Gandy

Tolson

SUBJECT: SUGGESTION # 602-60

RECORDS BRANCH STREAMLINING COMMITTEE

Re memo dated February 19, 1960, captioned as above from Mr. Short to Mr. McGuire wherein it was suggested and approved that a deave chart similar to one distributed by the Government Employees' Insurance Company be printed in the January issue of "The Investigator." Naturally, we cannot copy the style used by the insurance company in our leave chart, and it would appear that it contains more information than would be necessary for publication in "The Investigator." It is felt that the chart to be published should be prepared by the Administrative Division and submitted to "The Investigator" staff no later than November 15, 1960, for publication in the January, 1961, issue.

RECOMMENDATION:

That this memo be referred to the Administrative Division so that an appropriate leave chart for publication in "The Investigator" can be prepared by that Division.

UNITED STATES GOVE NMENT

$Memoranaum_{J}$

المروا

TO : Mr. DeLoach \

DATE: March 16, 1960

1 0130113
Belmont
Callahan
De Loach
11616 he
McGoire
Rosok
Tamm
Trotter
W.C. Sullivan
Tele. Room

Ingram Gandy

Tolson Mohr

FROM

M. Alljónes

SUBJECT:

SUGGESTED ARTICLES FOR

"THE INVESTIGATOR"
SUGGESTION, #665-60

The Training and Inspection Division has requested our views relative to captioned suggestion which was submitted by SA Frederick F. Fox of the Domestic Intelligence Division. Briefly, he suggested publishing a series of articles on various phases of English grammar and spelling in "The Investigator."

While we feel the purpose of the suggestion (increasing employees' interest in bettering their grammar and spelling) is good, it is felt "The Investigator" is not the proper publication for such articles. In effect, publication of such items in "The Investigator" would place it in the realm of a training document. Also, we already are severely cramped for space in most issues, particularly with the large number of anniversaries. As you know, it already has been necessary to cut down on the amount of space allotted to anniversaries and if we add additional material such as that suggested, it will mean that we will have to reduce the amount of space available for other items of more general interest.

As stated above, we think the basic suggestion has merit and the Training and Inspection Division might well wish to consider issuing training documents incorporating the ideas advanced by SA Fox.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the suggested articles not be included in "The Investigator," but that the Training and Inspection Division consider using the basic idea in connection with its over-all training program.

REC-88

1 - Mr. Malone

1 - Mr. Belmont

FX-130.

D3/16

94-3-2-1718

TRAPREL 1990

DING

W & APPLY 1950

DWB:rwz

(5) My

PERS! FILES

Final area Suggestion				
Employee Suggestion FD-252 (Rev. 2-4-57)			+ + d	50-60
		г	7 ^r	
			May 19, 1960	
\(\(-r^\):	D (6		Division of Assignment	b6
Director, FBI			MILHAURGEE	b7
numismatologists of having a colum could include cur	ieved there must in the Bureau. In the Bureau. In in "The Investing rent interesting find this an inte	would like t <u>gator"</u> in thi items regardi	o suggest the parties of suggest the parties. The large collecting a	column and
Current practice or rule (Include	manual citation as well as fac	ets)		B
Advantages of suggestion and a	nnual savings (include basis fo WOUld be consider		TRA activity.	
	is column would b		· ·	
				3
Disadvantages of suggestion				
None apparen	t ·			b6 b7C
(The use by the United States of assigns upon the United States)	<u> </u>	the basis of a further c		Services sor
participation whi recommended this	ch has merit and	if there is s	another employ pace available, gent In Charge Signature and Title	
(Do not write in this space - for Ach: 5/33 Rubs mac	EV 30	REG. 17.	94-3-2-1 20 MN 28 1960	730
UAJUN Z 1960		9.12		

UNITED STATES GO

emorandum

то

Mr. DeLoa

DATE: May 13, 1960

Loach Malone McGuire Rosen Tamm Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room Ingram

andy

Tolson Mohr . Parsons

Belmont Gallghan .

FROM

SUBJECT:

"THE INVESTIGATOR"--SUGGESTED

SERIES OF ARTICLES ON THE CIVIL WAR

As you know, a great number of special events are planned during the next couple of years relating to the centennial of the War Between the States. This is one of the most interesting and important eras of American history, and it is felt a series of historical-type feature articles for "The Investigator" in 1960 would be very interesting and informative.

There are a number of Bureau employees who are quite interested in and familiar with this period of history, and we believe these individuals will be happy to do the necessary research for preparing the articles desired. SA Bowers has discussed this idea with Brent Hughes of the Exhibits Section. who is quite well read on the Civil War period and has a very good collection of books and other material relating to the topic. Hughes has agreed to prepare two of the articles contemplated for the series, namely, the initial article on the causes and the events leading to hostilities and on naval operations during the War. Other articles will be requested from various field offices. We plan an article concerning Abraham Lincoln and Jefferson Davis; the battle of Atlanta and subsequent march to the sea; the war in Virginia; the battle of Gettysburg and Chambersburg, in Pennsylvania; the war in the west (New Orleans, Vicksburg, Shiloh, Corinth, etc.); and the Confederate raid on St. Albans, Vermont. We do not plan to have these articles relate purely to the battles which occurred, rather we want them to be features concerning the places now in existence, such as musuems, battlefields, etc., which sprang from that period. As you can see, ideas for articles relating to the period are unlimited, and the foregoing are considered only the starting point and the main articles which we would want. Other short items may be suggested by the field once the project is started.

If you approve of this idea, we will communicate with the associate editors in the various field offices covering areas affected by the War Between the States, making definite assignments on the major articles and requesting additional suggestions for other items. We do not plan publishing special editions con-

(Continued next page)

Jones to DeLoach Memorandum Re: "The Investigator" - Series on Civil War

cerning this topic; instead, we will spread out the articles over a period of several months.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the suggestion for soliciting articles for "The Investigator" relating to the War Between the States be approved.

gillo sp 116 MA

May 25, 1960

PERSONAL

Federal Bureau of Investigation Milwaukee, Wisconsin Dear	b6 b7С
Ar. Gearty forwarded to me your suggestion proposing that a special column be included in future issues of "The Investigator." I am having a careful study made of your idea by the officers of the Bureau's Recreation Association and in the event a favorable determination is reached you will be advised.	ı
I appreciate the thoughtfulness which prompted you to make this suggestion.	
Sincerely yours, REC-7 COMMINED 1 - SAC, Milwaukee	7
RWB:meh (Suggestion #850-60, dated 5/19/60) (4) NOTE: Referred to Mr. McGuire, President of the FBIRA, and the Crime Records Division for views and	
recommendations.	
Tofson	
Trotter	

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GO

$\it 1emorandum$

то

: Mr. DeLoach

DATE: June 21, 1960

Belmont Callahai DéLoc Malone McGuire Rosen Tamm Trotter W.C. Sullivan

Tele. Room Ingram

Tolson Mohr

Parsons

: M. A.

SUBJECT: "THE INVESTIGATOR"

HANDLING ANNIVERSARY WRITE-UPS

We are just entering a period in which 20th anniversaries are becoming extremely heavy and this trend will continue for approximately another two years. For example, in the September issue of "The Investigator," we will have to publish 16 anniversaries of 25 years or more and 32 twentieth anniversaries. In October, the anniversaries of 25 years or more number nine, while 20th anniversaries total 46.

As you can see, we must make some changes in the handling of these anniversaries to conserve space, or we will almost have to turn "The Investigator" into nothing more than a publication listing anniversaries. At present, we can get not more than three 25th or higher anniversary write-ups on a page and we are hopeful of being able to continue allowing reasonable space for these write-ups. Twentieth anniversary items average about five per page in the present procedure but this is cut drastically if we use other than the individual portrait-type photograph. With the number of 20th anniversaries to be published in October, at least nine and more likely 12 pages would be required if we follow our present procedure.

In order to save space in "The Investigator," we are recommending that we institute the procedure of using only individual portrait-type pictures for 20th anniversary items. Under this procedure we will be able to include approximately 12 such items to a page and there will be uniformity established. We will, of course, be flexible in this policy and allow more space whenever possible.

If you approve of our using only the individual, uniform-size pictures for 20th anniversaries, we will so advise all Associate Editors so that they can begin at once submitting appropriate photographs.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the above procedure concerning 20th anniversaries in "The

Investigator" be approved.

10 JUN 28 1960

UNITED STATES

emora

TO

Mr. DeLoach

DATE: July 7, 1960

	Parsons
	Belmont
	Callahan
_	DeLoach
∿	Malone
-	McGuire
	Rosen
	Tamm
	Trotter
	W.C. Sullivan
	Tele. Room
	Ingram
	Gandy

SUBJECT: "THE INVESTIGATOR"

SUGGESTION CONCERNING NEW FEATURE

SUGGESTION #6-61

The attached routing slip addressed to The Editor of "The Investigator" contains a suggestion submitted by SA Fred C. Finley of the Norfolk Office concerning the publication of a feature each month to show the present assignment of various members of the different new Agents' training classes. He suggests that we start with Class #1 and list each member of each class still with the Bureau.

We feel no purpose would be served by adopting this suggestion inasmuch as it would be more or less repetitious of our present practice in publishing the identities and present assignments of all personnel on the occasion of their 10th, 20th and 25th, etc., anniversaries. In all anniversary write-ups starting with the 20th, we usually show the EOD date; hence, this in effect is a listing of the members of the various classes who still are in the Bureau.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

BOOK TO BE WELL BOOK TO THE STATE OF THE STA

That this suggestion not be adopted.

2. That this matter be referred to the Training and Inspection Division for appropriate handling under the suggestion program.

Enclosure

1 - Mr. Malone

The Training and Inspection Division agrees that this suggestion should not be adopted for reasons indicated above. Attached for approval is an appropriate letter

to SA Finley. Jr.

3111/12

DWB:alc

53 JUL 21 1960

RATing Slip	Date 771/60
To ,	
XX Director	FILE #
Att. EDITOR, "THE IN	VESTIGATOR
SAC	Title
ASAC	63.
Supv	3
Agent	
	1
CC	
Steno	
Clerk	/
, A	CTION DESIRED
Acknowledge	Open Case
AssignReassign	Prepare lead cards
Bring file	Prepare fickler
Call me	Recharge serials Return assignment card
Correct	Return file
Deadline	Return serials
Deadline passed	Search and return
Delinquent Discontinue	- See me
Expedite	Send Serials
File	to
For information	Submit new charge-out
Initial & return	Submit report by
Leads need attention	Type n or notation as to action taken.
Return with explanation	of the final de se
the gray was	
1	
	D. ENRONEY
	NOTEOT V
XXX See reverse side 🔾	Office NORFOLK
A.	IER 94-3-2-1746
<u></u>	74 20 1114

94-3-2-1746

TOTTON TO

July 13, 1960

PERSONAL

Federal Bureau of Investigation Norfolk, Virginia

Dear

I have been advised of your suggestion that a feature article be included in future issues of "The Investigator" indicating the present assignment of the various members of all new Agents' training classes. Careful consideration has been given to your idea and it has been concluded that it would not be destrable to adopt it because of our present practice of publishing the identities and present assignments of all personnel on the occasion of their various service anniversaries.

Although favorable action is not being taken on your idea in this instance, I want you to know that your interest in this matter is very much appreciated.

				ely yours,	m = 0.0 = 3
Folson Mohr Parsons Belmont Callahan DeLoach McGuire Rosen Tramm Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room Ingrain Gandy	(4)	JUL 1 3 1960 SAC, WOY FRIE :wlm (Suggestion	M. A. Jones to Migator" Suggestion Ic. #6-61)	Ir. DeLoach date Concerning New	ed 7/7/60, ADING Feature 1800 7/7/60, ADING ROOM Feature 1800 7/7/7 7/7 22 1960
_					

b6 b7C

HE.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 Tolson Mohr . UNITED STATES Parsons 1mont lemorandum allahan McGrire DATE: **7-7-60** Rosen Mr. Callahan TO Tamm Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele, Room C. R. Davidson Ingram PHE INVESTIGATOR SUBJECT: \ PERSONNEL PROCEDURES RESPECTING SERVICEMEN The purpose of this memorandum is to consider whether the Bureau should send The Investigator magazine to employees leaving for military service of short duration. At present the policy is to send The Investigator to all employees who leave for military service intending to return and who have maintained a good work record. When this policy was adopted several years ago, employees were being inducted for at least 2 years of active duty, as a rule. More and more employees have been availing themselves of a less onerous military obligation provided by subsequent legislation; namely the option of serving only 6 months on active duty plus 5 1/2 years of training duty in a Ready Reserve. The National Guard has modified the latter program by calling some of its members for active duty as short as 8 weeks in duration. This alternative is attaining increasing popularity with our employees. If an employee leaves us for only 8 weeks of active duty, his name does not go on The Investigator mailing list until the end of the month in which he left. By that time he may have served almost half of his tour of active duty, thus he will receive only one or two issues before he has finished his active duty and is back at work. hardly seems to warrant the effort involved in adding him to the mailing list and then deleting him. Another consideration is that the original purpose of sending The Investigator to servicemen was to maintain their interest in the Bureau as well as to reassure them that the Bureau had not forgotten them, and to relieve their loneliness. If an employee is gone only two months or so he would not seem to have the claim on our solicitude that employees leaving for several years would have, nor would there be much possibility that he would lose interest in the Bureau in so short an absence. short an absence. WEC: Jrc: icc: dbm (over) 3/ **(5)** 25 JUL 28 1960 1 - Crime Records 1 - Mrs. Foley 1 - Mrs. Axtell

50 AUG 12 1960

Memorandum to Mr. Callahan RE: THE INVESTIGATOR

RECOMMENDATION:

Is recommended that we discontinue advising employees who leave for military service of less than 3 months duration, that we will send them The Investigator during their absence.

Me III

- 2 -

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOV NMENT

Memorandum

то

FROM

Mr. Delloach

M. A. Jones

9

DATE: August 8, 1960

Parsons
Belmont
Gallhan
Derkeich
Molone
McGuire
Rosen
Tamm
Trotter
W.C. Sullivan
Tele. Room
Ingram
Gandy

BARRE

Mohr .

SUBJECT:

SUGGESTION CONCERNING FEATURE FOR USE

IN "THE INVESTIGATOR"

SUGGESTION #45-61

Attached is a communication dated 8-4-60 from the Seattle Office showing that SA John P. Bowker has suggested a column concerning FBI events in the past. We previously have used something of this nature and feel that it would be worthwhile to again start a column, possibly under a heading of "The FBI 25 Years Ago." We have done a limited survey of back issues of "The Investigator" and feel that these contain ample material of a varied nature which would make interesting reading. We anticipate beginning this column probably in the January, 1961, edition.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. That SA Bowker's suggestion be approved in line with the above plan.

De

2. That this memorandum be referred to the Training and Inspection Division for appropriate handling under the suggestion program.

Enclosures OM

1 - Mr. Malone

DWB:alc (4)

REC. 63 94-3-2-17

13 AL 1960

TOTAL MARKET MAR

(ADDENDUM BY TRAINING AND INSPECTION DIVISION, PAGE 2)

E 2)

52 AUG 26 TEM

ADDENDUM BY TRAINING AND INSPECTION DIVISION, RWB:meh 8/10/60.

The Training and Inspection Division has no objection to adopting this idea and since "The Investigator" staff recommends its adoption it is felt that SA Bowker's idea should be adopted.

RECOMMENDATION:

That this suggestion be adopted and that the attached letter of appreciation be sent to SA

Bowker.

-2-

" UNITED STATES GO RNMENT

 $\it 1emorandum$

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 8/4/60

ATTENTION: M. A. JONES, EDITOR SAC, SEATTLE (66-244 Sub B)

SUBJECT:

"THE INVESTIGATOR" RANTICLE CONCERNING COLUMN STATING

The following suggestion has been C-SES OR EVENTS submitted by SA JOHN P. BOWKER of the Spokane IN THE PAST Resident Agency:

"One of the most interesting items in the Spokane Daily Chronicle is a featured article entitled 'Spokane 50 Years Ago.' I think that The Investigator should have such an article in each issue starting when you took over as Director of the FBI. The heading could read, 'The FBI (and then the year and month)' or, '35 Years Ago This Month, or some such heading. I know I would be interested in reading of interesting cases or events in the Bureau during July, 1925, and so on through the years and I believe other agents would also be interested in this type of article. It would be possible to have an article every month for two dates such as : 'The FBI in July of 1925, and 'The FBI in July of 1935.' I realize there might be a research problem connected with such articles but feel if such were possible, it would be of interest to both the new and older agents alike."

The above is being forwarded for consideration with due regard for certain problems which may arise with respect to preparation of material for such a series.

3)- Bureau 2 - Seattle FGC/map

Crime Russely

8 8 60 94-3-REG- 63 200 3960

PERS FILE

PERS FILE

b6 b7C

August 12, 1960 **JANCESIES**

Federal Bureau of Investigation Scattle. Washington

coming issues in early 1961.

I have been advised of your suggestion that a column concerning FBF events in the past be included in future issues of "The Investigator." You may recall that a similar column previously appeared in "The Investigator," but was discontinued. I am indeed pleased to inform you that your idea will be resumed in forth-

I want you to know that I am appreciative of the interest you have demonstrated in making this contribution to the Eureau's recreational program.

MAILED 19 AUG1 2 1960 COMM-FBI

Dear

Sincerely yours,

A. Edger Hower

- SAC, Seattle

WB:bmw:meh (Suggestion #45-61)

Based on memo M. A. Jones to Mr. DeLoach dated NOTE: 8/8/60, Re: Suggestion Concerning Feature for use in "The Investigator." Suggestion #45-61. DWB:alc.

Mi.

DeLoach Malone McGuire Rosen Tamm Trotter W.C. Sullivan

Tolson

Parsons Belmont

Callahan

Mohr

Tele. Room

UNITED STATES GOV Memorandum

: Mr. DeLoach

DATE: August 22, 1960

Callaha Malone McGuire

Rosen

Tamm Trotter

SUBJECT: 35TH ANNIVERSARY OF MURDER OF

FORMER SPECIAL AGENT EDWIN C. SHANAHAN

Miss Peggy Holcomb, Woman's Editor of "The Investigator," has brought to our attention the fact that October 11, 1960, will be the 35th anniversary of the murder of SA Edwin C. Shanahan in Chicago. Shanahan is the first "service martyr" and Miss Holcomb felt we should use something concerning his death in the October issue of "The Investigator." We feel this is an excellent idea and plan to obtain a photograph of the plaque listing service martyrs in the Director's Office to use in this regard.

In addition, we believe Walter Trohan, Washington correspondent of the Chicago Tribune, would be most interested in preparing an article about Shanahan's murder at the hands of Martin J. Durkin for publication in his newspaper on or about October 11. Shanahan was slain on October 11, 1925, by Durkin when the Agent attempted to apprehend him in a Chicago garage. Durkin was captured on January 20, 1926, by FBI Agents and tried and convicted in State Court for the murder of Shanahan since there was no Federal law at that time concerning the killing of a Special Agent. Durkin was sentenced to a term of 35 years and was released on July 28, 1954. Shanahan has a son, Dennis Shanahan, who is now an Agent assigned in Chicago. We feel a very excellent and worthwhile article commemorating the 35th anniversary of the death of our first service martyr could be prepared.

Former SA Shanahan was a member of The American Legion, post unknown, but probably in the Chicago area since he lived there much of his life, and his post might be interested in holding some type of memorial service for him on the anniversary date of his death. In addition, we think it would be a fitting gesture for the FBI Legion Post to hold a brief ceremony, perhaps in the Director's Office with the Director participating, to commemorate Shanahan's death. Photographs of such events could be obtained to supply interested publications and for use in "The Investigator. 11

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. That someone in your office contact to determine if he would be interested in an article as outlined above. This section will supply the necessary material. b7C

Mr. DeLoach .1960 (See other recommendations on second page.)

M. A. Jones to Mr. DeLoach memorandum dated 8-22-60, captioned: "35th Anniversary of Murder of Former Special Agent Edwin C. Shanhan"

2. That we explore, through the SAC in Chicago, the possibility of having Shanahan's Legion Post hold a memorial service on the 35th anniversary date of his death.

別から

3. That consideration be given the FBI American Legion Post's having a brief memorial service on October 11, 1960, in the Director's Office with the Director participating.

I disagree. We do This

we do This

we do This

January for all

Solver Markey

S

9 don't like any

or free

1-4

KJ cont

то

DIRECTOR, FBI

11-8-60 DATE:

SAC, LOUISVILLE (66-106)

SUBJECT:

SUGGESTED FEATURE FOR THE INVESTIGATOR

ATTENTION: Crime Records Division Editor, The Investigator Suggestion #253-61

The following suggestion is being made by ASAC RAYMOND L. BECK to provide articles on a continuing basis for use in the Investigator.

Inasmuch as "The Top Ten" fugitive program is universally known and recognized throughout the Bureau, it is suggested that a series of interesting articles could be derived from a "take off" on that title, viz., "The Ten Tops." This "catch" title could involve activities or information concerning individual Bureau employees, members of their families, individual offices or groups within individual offices. Necessary information could be obtained from Bureau records or by means of a survey of the field regarding information needed for specific categories.

For example, on an individual basis, Years of Bureau Service would be one likely category. This information would be compiled from Bureau records and could be set up as follows:

"The Ten Tops"

In:

Years of Service

1. SA ----. 2. Secy. ----,

Clerk ----,

REC-5074-3-2.

WFO 40 years 37 years Chicago

31 years Los Angeles

This should be continued until the ten top individuals in years of 25 NOV 21 1960 service have been listed.

As an example of information on an office-basis, PPC scores would be a likely category. This information would be obtained from scores furnished by the various field offices.

(3)- Bureau 2 - Louisville (66-106) (1 - 66-1549) RLB:cjh (5)

"The Ten Tops"

In:

PPC Scores

1. Omaha
2. Cincinnati
3. Butte

(SAC Letter 60-26 re interoffice firearms competition - PPC).
Continued until ten top offices listed.
Other suggested possible categories on either an individual or office basis are as follows:

Individual

Number of Children (of Bureau employees)

Accumulated Sick Leave

Bowling Scores

- a. Individual High Game (with or w/o handicap specified)
- b. Individual High Series (with or w/o handicap specified)

Office

Bowling Scores - Team High Series (with or w/o handicap specified)

Convictions

Fugitives

Fines, Savings & Recoveries

Automobiles Recovered

Stenographic (Pages of typing)

Pistol Club Scores

Scholastic Awards

Sports Awards

Beauty Contest Awards

No attempt has been made to compile a complete list of categories and in fact some of those listed above may not be suitable for reasons best known to the Bureau. However, it is believed that should this feature be adopted it would lead to a wide variety of suggested categories as furnished by interested employees; or suggestions for categories could be solicited from the field.

LS 66-106 It may be desirable to run contests on items in season, such as the largest fish during the summer months, the largest deer or other animal in the appropriate hunting season, etc. The ten top individuals with their respective winners could then be listed in "The Ten Tops" feature. It is noted that many of the above categories would be "one shot" such as "Years of Service"; however, others could be run at any desired time as a stimulus, e.g., cars recovered. It is believed that should "The Ten Tops" feature be instituted it would stimulate interest in the Investigator; provide a healthy competitive spirit on such office-wide categories as number of convictions, stenographic production,

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 UNITED STATES GOV

lemorandum

то

: Mr. DeLoach

: MJA

DATE: November 10, 1960

Mohr
Parsons
Belmont
-Gallahan
Dell caph
XXIII MILE XX
McGuire
Rosen
Tamm

Tolson

Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room Ingram _

SUBJECT: SUGGESTED FEATURE FOR

"THE INVESTIGATOR" Suggestion #253-61

A letter dated 11-8-60 has been received from the Louisville Office setting forth a suggestion made by ASAC Raymond L. Beck of that office relative to a new feature for "The Investigator." He suggested a feature under the topic of "The Ten Top" to publish the identities of the ten top FBI employees in various categories, such as years of service, bowling scores, number of children, accumulated sick leave, fugitive apprehension, etc. He points out the number of categories are almost unlimited, and he feels it would stimulate interest in "The Investigator." The letter from Louisville is enclosed.

"The Investigator" staff feels this is an excellent suggestion, and is a feature which can be used at most any time on any number of topics. Some of the material we can secure here at the Seat of Government, while other items we can obtain from the field offices. This is a feature which we wouldiplan to run on a continuing basis, but is something which we can use from time to time, which will be a distinct contribution to the over-all interest of "The Investigator."

RECOMMENDATION:

That this suggestion be adopted, and that this memo be referred to the Training and Inspection Division for appropriate handling under the Suggestion Program.

Enclosure

water prob. Vision 11/14

REC-50

IL NOV 21:

7-Anst

DWB:tmf (4)

REC 50

94-3-2-1173

November 18, 1960

PERSONAL

Mr. Raymond L. Beck Federal Bureau of Investigation Louisville, Kentucky

Dear Mr. Beck:

I have been advised of your suggestion that a new feature be included in "The Investigator," to publish the identities of the top ten FBI employees in various categories. It is indeed a pleasure for me to inform you that your idea has been adopted and will be used in some of the future publications.

You have made a valuable contribution to our recreational program in this instance, and I want you to know that your interest in this matter is very much appreciated.

13 12 12 13 MOV I 8 1960 COBballon - 12 KA -1-1 SAC, Louisville

Sincerely yours,

J., Fdgar Hoover

1 - Personnel file of ASAC Raymond L. Beck

(Based on memo M.A. Jones to Mr. DeLoach RWB:bmw Suggestion #253-61, dated 11-8-60) (5)

NOTE: ASAC Beck suggests that a feature be included in future issues of "The Investigator" under the topic, "The Ten Tops" to publish the identities of the ten top FBI employees in various categories such as years of service, bowling scores, number of children, etc. This suggestion has been studied by the Investigator staff and they plan to include such

Callahan DeLoach Malone McGuire Rosen

(OVER)

Tamm Trotter

(i)

Tolson Mohr .

Parsons Belmont

TELETYPE UNIT

NOTE: (con't)

a feature in some of the future publications. This has been approved by Assistant to the Director Mohr and by Mr. Kemper.

UNITED STATES GOVE

1emorandum

TO

Mr. De Loach

SUBJECT:

"THE INVESTIGATOR"



DATE: January 17, 1961

Tolson Mohr Parsons Callahar DeLoach Malone McGuire Rosen

Tamm Trotter

W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room

Ingram

As you are aware, we are in a period when there are a very large number of 20th anniversaries being observed, and this has necessitated our curtailing the amount of space allotted for write-ups concerning these anniversaries in "The Investigator." Recently we have noted several Agents are applying for retirement shortly after they complete their 20 years. One such case involves Robert H. Kurtzman of Washington Field Office, who observed his 20th anniversary in December and shortly thereafter applied for retirement, which will be effective on January 23. If we published an item concerning his 20th anniversary, it would appear in the February issue. This would be followed in March by a more complete write-up concerning his retirement.

This would create considerable repetition which can be avoided by eliminating the 20th anniversary write-up on those Agents who we know are retiring shortly after their anniversary date. The more complete article concerning retirement will be published in the month immediately following the month in which the anniversary write-up would appear.

RECOMMENDATION:

That we eliminate publishing items concerning anniversaries on employees we know to be retiring shortly after the anniversary date.

5 FEB 21 1961

. orto 24 look 101

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Memorandum

DATE:

March 27, 1961

Tolson ______
Parsons _____
Mohr _____
Belmont _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____

Conrad ___ DeLoach Evans ___

Malone ___ Rosen ___

Tavel _____ Trotter ____ W.C. Sullivan _

Tele. Room ____ Ingram _____ Gandy _____

TO : Mr. DeLoach

() FROM

ROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: "THE INVESTIGATOR"

There is attached the yellow copy of a Plastiplate letter which we want to send to the Associate Editors of "The Investigator" throughout the field, soliciting from them short personal items relative to employees which will be used in a special column devoted to this type of material.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the attached letter to "Investigator" Associate Editors be approved and returned to the Crime Research Section for further processing.

Enclosure CEM:jrf (3)

ENCLOSURE

REC. 108

94-3-2

10 MAR 29 1961

Um

Dear Associate Editor:

AND IN NA

As mentioned in my letter to you dated November 21, 1960, we plan to institute a new column in "The Investigator" which will report short, personal items about employees and members of their families. This column will consist entirely of short sentence squibs--tidbits of humorous, anecdotal information relating to nearly any realm of activities connected with Bureau employees. Here are a few samples of the type of material we will want:

SA Steve Addams of the San Antonio Office spent 16 months as a prisoner of war at the infamous Stalag #17. He was shot down on a bombing raid over Berlin on January 6, 1944.

Five agents in the San Francisco Office have a combined total of 146 years of service to the Bureau. They are....

Marjorie Holmes of the Albany Office has an outstanding collection of about \$250 worth of records, and no phonograph to play them on.

"Daddy, how about getting Mr. Hoover to transfer you somewhere," asserted 6-year-old Johnny, the son of SA Joe Bowers. Asked why, he announced, "My teacher gives tests that are too hard!"

Canvas your division or office and resident agencies in the near future and alert all employees to continually report personal items. In most cases, these items will be published without photos. We would like to initiate this column in the June issue on a trial basis, and, therefore, would appreciate receiving some of this material by the middle of April and on a continuing basis thereafter.

It has also been suggested that we publish the photo of the cuisiniere (or chef) who submits recipes for publication from your office in "The Investigator." In the future, please furnish us a portrait-type photo and negative of the contributor of each recipe to be published alongside her favorite dish. Do not trim or mar these photos in any way.

favorite	e dish. Do	not trim or mar	these pho	otos in any wa	y. /	
Tolson ————————————————————————————————————		\ /		A. Jones	A CONT	O
Callahan Conrad DeLoach Evans Malone	100 /	V.	4-3-	2-180	0	
Rosen	7.4	•				
W.C. Sullivan				-		
Tele. Room	MAIL ROOM	TELETYPE UNIT	,	,		/

4-94 (Rev. 1-4-67)

Jovestigator Sec. 3 serials 1671-1832 (SUBJECT) (FILE NO.)

ALL SERIALS, EXCEPT THOSE REMAINING IN FILE AND THOSE LISTED AS CHANGED ON THIS SHEET WERE "SKIPPED" OR WERE REMOVED FROM FILE AND DESTROYED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AUTHORITY CONTAINED IN 94-3-2-2043

94-3-2-1766 CT 67-479081-90

(TAB CARD IN THE NUMBERING UNIT INDICATES ACTION TAKEN)

DATE 3/19/64, 1/27/22
INITIALS M. B. # 1

Investigator (SUBJECT)

94-3-2 Sec. 4 Socials 1833-1997 (FILE NO.)

"SKIPPED" OR WERE REMOVED FROM FILE AND DESTROYED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AUTHORITY CONTAINED IN 94-3-2-2043

FOLLOWING SERIALS WERE REMOVED FROM FILE AND DESTROYED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AUTHORITY CONTAINED IN

(TAB CARD IN THE NUMBERING UNIT INDICATES ACTION TAKEN)

DATE 10/11/22

INITIALS #

UNITED STATES GOV

lemorane

: Mr. DeLoach

DATE: July 27, 1961

Callahan . Conrad Del.oach Malone Sullivan Tavel Trotter Tele, Room Ingram

SUBJECT: REQUEST OF SAMBA OFFICE TO RECEIVE "THE INVESTIGATOR"

John J. Donovan, General Manager of SAMBA, recently indicated to SA A. F. Helleberg that he occasionally sees copies of "The Investigator" and would like very much to receive a copy on a regular basis. He pointed out that each of the people in the SAMBA Office are acquainted with a number of Bureau people and are very interested in the activities of Bureau people. He asked that, if possible, consideration be given to placing his name on the mailing list to receive "The Investigator" at the SAMBA Office.

In view of the close relationship between SAMBA and the Bureau, it is believed appropriate that Donovan be added to "The Investigator" mailing list.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Mr. John J. Donovan, General Manager, SAMBA, 1720 Massachusetts Avenue, Northwest, Washington, D. C., be added to "The Investigator" mailing list.

Just lingus

AFH:dcs (2)

EX. - 107

12 JUL 31 1961

D-252 (Rev. 9-11-59)		*34.63			
*		*300	Date		
			November		1961
ro:	From: (Suggester's name)		Division of Assignm		d. d.
Director, FBI	SA SA		NEW HAVEN	·	a.
embrokee	ggested that the Bur copies of "The Inve	stigator".			
	Include manual citation as well as eent practice is to ls.		tribution to o	eurren	it \
1.62 T. 1	wever, that the bers	onnel of the	n is adopted. FBI derive be	enefit	t \ 1
from reaction their less served to receive	ding this publication ngth in service. It he Bureau faithfully "The Investigator" d aximum benefit from	onnel of the which is in is felt that through the uring those	FEI derive be direct propor those who have years should years when the	enefit tion e conti	to inue to
from reactheir lesserved to receive derive main the F	ding this publication ngth in service. It he Bureau faithfully "The Investigator" daximum benefit from BI.	onnel of the which is in is felt that through the uring those	FEI derive be direct propor those who have years should years when the	enefit tion e conti	to inue to ciates
from reactheir lesserved to receive derive main the F	ding this publication ngth in service. It he Bureau faithfully "The Investigator" daximum benefit from BI.	onnel of the which is in is felt that through the uring those	FEI derive be direct propor those who have years should years when the	enefit tion e conti	to inue to ciates
from reactheir lesserved to receive derive main the F	ding this publication ngth in service. It he Bureau faithfully "The Investigator" daximum benefit from BI.	onnel of the which is in is felt that through the uring those	FEI derive be direct proporthose who have years should years when the t their former	enefit tion e conti	to inue to l ciates
from read their lesserved to receive derive main the Financial suggestion. None.	ding this publication ngth in service. It he Bureau faithfully "The Investigator" daximum benefit from BI.	onnel of the which is in is felt that through the uring those reading abou	FEI derive be direct proporthose who have years should years when the t their former	enefit tion conti	to inue to ciates
from read their lesserved to receive derive main the Financial statement of suggestions. The use by the United Statement of th	ding this publication ngth in service. It he Bureau faithfully "The Investigator" daximum benefit from BI. tates of my suggestion shall not for States. I understand that I will be a bmission.)	onnel of the which is in is felt that through the uring those reading abou	FEI derive be direct proporthose who have years should years when the t their former	enefit tion conti	inue to
from read their lesserved to receive derive main the Financial standard and seem to be suggested. None. The use by the United Sessions upon the United Sessions are not to be seem to be seen as a seem to be s	ding this publication ngth in service. It he Bureau faithfully "The Investigator" daximum benefit from BI. tates of my suggestion shall not for States. I understand that I will be detailed.	onnel of the which is in is felt that through the uring those reading abou	FEI derive be direct proporthose who have years should years when the t their former	enefit tion conti	to inue to ciates ciates is adopted cial Age
from read their lesserved to receive derive main the Financial section of the Financial section with the section of the section of the United Sections upon the United Sect	ding this publication ngth in service. It he Bureau faithfully "The Investigator" daximum benefit from BI. States of my suggestion shall not for States. I understand that I will be obmission.)	onnel of the which is in is felt that through the uring those reading abou	FEI derive be direct proporthose who have years should years when the t their former	enefit tion conti	to inue to ciates ciates eirs, or is adopted cial Ace
from readtheir lesserved to receive derive main the Financial Research Rese	ding this publication ngth in service. It he Bureau faithfully "The Investigator" daximum benefit from BI. tates of my suggestion shall not for States. I understand that I will be a bmission.)	onnel of the which is in is felt that through the uring those reading abou	FEI derive be direct proporthose who have years should years when the table to their former to their former to their former to the former to t	my h stion pec	to inue to ciates ciates eirs, or is adopted cial Age
from real their lesserved to receive derive main the Financial second and the receive derive main the Financial second and the second and the recommendations and continuation of the recommendations and continuation the recommendation and continuation the recommendation and continuation the recommendation and continuation the received th	ding this publication ngth in service. It he Bureau faithfully "The Investigator" daximum benefit from BI. States of my suggestion shall not for States. I understand that I will be obmission.) EXIMT. Mrs. mments of Division Head o particular benefit and on attached page.	onnel of the which is in is felt that through the uring those reading abou	FEI derive be direct proporthose who have years should years when the their former	my h stion pec	ciates ciates ciates ciates ciates ciates
from real their lesserved to receive derive main the Financial section of suggest that we have a signs upon the United Section 200 not write in this space.	ding this publication ngth in service. It he Bureau faithfully "The Investigator" daximum benefit from BI. States of my suggestion shall not for States. I understand that I will be obmission.) MIMT. Mrs. mments of Division Head particular benefit and on attached page.	onnel of the which is in is felt that through the uring those reading abou	FEI derive be direct proporthose who have years should years when the table to their former to their former to their former to the former to t	my h stion pec	to inue to ciates ciates iers, or is adopted
from real their lesserved to receive derive main the Financial sadvantages of suggest None. The use by the United Staigns upon the United atthin two years after sufficient of the sadvantages of suggest None.	ding this publication ngth in service. It he Bureau faithfully "The Investigator" daximum benefit from BI. States of my suggestion shall not for States. I understand that I will be obmission.) MIMT. Mrs. mments of Division Head particular benefit and on attached page.	onnel of the which is in is felt that through the uring those reading abou	FEI derive be direct proporthose who have years should years when the table to their former to their former to their former to the former to t	my h stion pec	to inue to ciates ciates eirs, or is adopted cial Age
from real their lesserved to receive derive main the Financial standard and the standard an	ding this publication ngth in service. It he Bureau faithfully "The Investigator" daximum benefit from BI. States of my suggestion shall not for States. I understand that I will be obmission.) MIMT. Mrs. mments of Division Head particular benefit and on attached page.	onnel of the which is in is felt that through the uring those reading abou	FEI derive be direct proporthose who have years should years when the table to their former to their former to their former to the former to t	my h stion pec	to inue to ciates ciates eirs, or is adopted cial Ace

2 - New Haven (1-66-3236); (1-67-Personnel SA

(5) JCM/hmg

suggestion. On the other hand, considerable additional expense to the Bureau would be incurred for the additional printing. In view of this I recommend against adopting the suggestion.

MEG-43. 94-3-2-1866

November 22, 1901

PERSONAL

REC	Nox
T - RE	2 b6
BA	ω ^{b7C}
ADING T	95 P
ROOM	PH : 62

rederal Eureau of Investigation Nov Hayen, Connecticut

Dear

Thank you very much for your suggestions concerning distribution of "The Investigator" and installing additional radio equipment in some Eureau automobiles. Your proposals are being carefully analyzed and you will be adviced if they are adopted.

I appreciate the interest which prompted vou to submit these ideas to me.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

1 - SAC, New Haven 1 - Personnel file SA

JER:ml

(5) (Suggestions #304-62 and #305-62 dated 11/16/61)

NOTE: #304-62 referred to Crime Records Division and #305-62 referred to Laboratory and Administrative Divisions for views and recommendations.

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Malone
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
- 1 D

Ĭ	MADED 20	ì
	1:UV 28 1961	
Į	COMM-F8I	
•		كسكاب

EC SMAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

SUGGESTION # 304-62 COPIES OF INVESTIGATOR TO EACH RETIRED EMPLOYEE

Comments from Crime Records Division:

This proposal has come up previously. It is believed our present policy is preferred and more desirable. On request, copies of "The Investigator" can be made available to a retiring employee. Each request is judged and decided on its individual merit. Since the publication is prepared primarily for personnel within the Bureau it is not felt that we should make a blanket change in the distribution to include ALL retiring employees.

Expense in printing and distribution by mailing would increase considerably.

We concur with the SAC and recommend against the adoption of the suggestion.

Meno malue Wiche

ENCLOSURE 94-3-2_1869

		# 523-1	Date	
	~	# 2	Date	
:		M	February 1, 1962	2
	From: (Suggester's name)		Division of Assignment	
Director, FBI	SA		NEW HAVEN	
the needs dema	ands, which would be nsidered in the U.S	e devoted to	stigator" be utilized a discussion of leg which is of interest	gisia-
\$7.4m				
•	clude manual citation as well as fa such column exists	•	vestigator".	0,1
				$_$ \cap /
-	and annual savings (include basis i			
could be kept lation concer	at through the medi- informed of factua ning pay increases, Government employe	l information insurance	on relating to legis	-
7 5 4	,		آيا خد پسر	
***			। क्या कर्याः स्थापना	
سون المهدا			w san	
* *			erene V south lane v	
Ç.,				
sadvantages of suggestic	on			
None.				
as use by the United State	tes of my suggestion shall not form	the		Or .
signs upon the United Sto	ates. I understand that I will be co			dopted
thin two years after subm	Mr. □ _{Mrs.} [—],,]		
commendations and comm e carefully co	nents of Division Head I DEII Insidered. Washingto	n.D.C. news	ggestion nas merit a papers contain dà i ly	nd sno artic
f interest to	U.S.Government empl	oyees where	as newspapers in oth	er are
		not believe	d that very much tim	e woul
see attached p	age)	James	e Eignature and Title	,
o not write in this space	- for Bureau use only)	// Sp	ecial Agent in Charg	e ₇ ()
	record Person	1100	14-3-3-19	2
المتأثر المتاثر	11 3/1103 3	continued as	g. 35	
1. 10 1 1. 7 1 1 1	~~ ~/ ~/ ~~ // ~// // ~// //	. / * * *	Lat of the second of the secon	1000
		11.0	e FEB, 45	1962
3-Bureau	Contract of the	1854 1	8 FEB 6	1902

needed to briefly extract only pertinent information which is factual and to discard information which is speculative or which is not pertinent for inclusion in a column in the Investigator. Adoption of this suggestion is therefore recommended.

	Tolson
	Belmont
	Mohr
	Callahan
	Conrad
المسل	DeLoach
	Byans
مرا	Mglone
	Rosen
	Sullivan
	Tavel
	m

Tele. Room

b6 b7C

Gandy

то

Mr. Mohr

DATE: 11/30/61

FROM :

J. F. Malone

SUBJECT:

THE INVESTIGATOR

SUGGESTION #304-62 SUBMITTED BY

SA

NEW HAVEN OFFICE

SUGGESTION: That the Bureau furnish "The Investigator" to former employees who

have retired from the Bureau's service.

PRESENT PRACTICE: Suggester states distribution of this magazine is limited to

current employees.

ADVANTAGES: Suggester feels that personnel of the FBI derive benefit from reading this publication in direct proportion to their length of Bureau service. Therefore, those who have retired should continue to receive the publication during those years when they would derive maximum benefit from reading about their former associates.

OBSERVATIONS: SAC McMahon, New Haven, recommended the suggestion not be adopted since he could see no particular benefit to be derived from it and since there would be additional cost involved.

The Crime Records Division considered this proposal and also recommended it not be adopted. They felt our present policy is preferred and more desirable. They did advise that retiring employees, on request, could receive copies of "The Investigator" but that each request was decided on its individual merit. Additionally, the cost involved due to extra printing and mailing would increase considerably.

The Training and Inspection Division agrees with the above-stated views and recommends the suggestion not be adopted. It should be noted the extra time and effort to keep a mailing list of this nature current would add additional expense.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the suggestion not be adopted. On approval, no further action is necessary with regard to the suggester as he was thanked by prior letter.

ML:jmh job >> 5 62 DEC 6 1961 OPAN WEAT

JAW

Dr.

IND TO

Tebruary 7, 1962 PERSONAL b6 b7C Federal Bureau of Investigation New Haven, Connecticut Dear Your suggestion has been forwarded to me that a section of "The Investigator" be used for discussing legislation which would be of interest to Government employees. Careful consideration is being given to your proposal and I will let you know if it is adopted. The interest and thoughtfulness which you displayed in submitting this idea to me are indeed appreciated. Sincerely yours. L Edgar Hoover 1 - SAC, New Haven 1 - Personnel file of SA vML:jmh (Suggestion #533-62 dated 2/1/62) Referred to the Crime Records Division for views and Tolson recommendations. Belmont EBI Mohr REC'D MAIL ROOM Callahan Conrad DeLoach Malone Sullivan Tavel Trotter Tele. Room Ingram MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT Gandy

PERSONAL **b**6 b7C Federal Bureau of Investigation Milwaukee, Wisconsin Dear I have received your suggestion concerning a special section in "The Investigator" which would explain certain terms encountered in stenographic work. Careful consideration is being given to your proposal and I will let you know if it is adopted. I appreciate the interest you displayed in submitting this idea to me. Sincerely yours, L Edgar Hoover 1 - SAC, Milwaukee 1 - Personnel file of Miss ML:jmh (Suggestion #545-62 dated 2/6/62) (5)NOTE: Referred to the Crime Records Division for views and recommendations. £3. kc Tolson MAILED 5 Belmont. Mohr. FEB 1. 0 1952 Callahan Conrad DeLoach vans Malone Rosen ullivan 'avel . Protter_ Tele. Room MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

February 12, 1962

94-3-2-1884

1.2C- 33.





	· X'	Date
		February 6, 1962
To:	From: (Suggester's name)	Division of Assignment
Director, FBI		Milwaukee b
in "The legal a dictati	es if the Bureau could, point in the Bureau could, point and accounting terms frequently terms frequently terms.	to stenographic and clerical erhaps through a special section d clearly explain some of the ently used in processing Bureau eresting to learn such things as Jury, etc.
1 ²		
Current practice or rule (I	nclude manual citation as well as facts)	•
Probabl stenogr	and annual savings (include basis for estima y wouldn't save any money aphic and clerical jobs m greater efficiency.	but certainly would make ore interesting and thereby
Disadvantages of suggest	ion	60 1
None.		
	tates. I understand that I will be considered	- Stenographe
Recommendations and com	ments of Division Head	s one of our newer and
more consciet for "The Inv	entious employees. I thing estigator" to carry at the electric for the electric for In this manner they will r with our problems and the	k it might well be desirable ast a linege item in the magazine stenographic and clerical
	more close	FEB & 1367 C & LL

212/102 and god

W. J.A.

`	STATES GOVERNM		•		Tolson - Belmont Mohr Callahar Conrad -	
$_{j}$ $IV1\ell$	emorandum : Mr. Callahan	N www.waranchalessassus	DATE:	2/7/62	DeLoach Evans — Malone - Rosen — Sullivan Tavel —	MW
FROM	P. G. Traver	and State			Trotter - Tele. Ro Ingram - Gandy -	
subject		IN IN "THE INVE OF INTEREST		Manager and Manager and American	er Official	
of be pa	SA at a section of "Ti interest to emplo kept informed of y measures, insuloption of suggesti	ne Investigator" by yees of the FBI. factual informatiorance, and other	e used to o It is state on relating	d that personr to legislation	ation before C nel could n concerning	-
to sa le	This short period of tin Bureau personnel tisfactory or the pgislation enacted casons it is recom	. It was determined by the contract of the contract to the con	tor" repor ined that th expedite a personnel.	ted legislation is method was dvising our er For the follo	n of interest s not mployées of owing specific	
	1. P scussed during In- on their return to					
	2. Vec provisions and early the benefit of all					ter
is pa ye a j	"The Investigator old news as it will pers. Frequently ar before action. period of a week of	I have been discu- legislation will i Then, with little or more, and it m	magazine ssed by SA cemain dor warning,	gets to our er C Letter and mant in Congr it will be acte	nployees it local news- ress for a ed upon within	
T-1	blished in "The Innclosure	vestigator."	REC- 41	94_3-	2-1988	:

(3)
SEE ADDENDUM OF TRAINING AND INSPECTION DIVISION ON PAGE 2

5 OFEB 281980

YOVER

Memorandum to Mr. Callahan

Re: Have Column in "The Investigator" on

Legislation of Interest to Bureau Personnel

Suggestion

RECOMMENDATION:

The suggestion that section of "The Investigator" be devoted to a discussion of legislation be disapproved.

ADDENDUM OF TRAINING AND INSPECTION DIVISION, NML:jmh, 2/19/62

The Training and Inspection Division agrees "The Investigator" is not the proper place to place items regarding pending legislation of interest to employees. The Crime Records Division noted that any discussion of legislation in "The Investigator" could easily be misinterpreted as supporting or opposing the legislation.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the suggestion not be adopted. On approval, no further action is necessary with regard to the suggester. He was thanked by prior letter.

2/9/62

COMMENTS OF CRIME RECORDS DIVISION

RE SUGGESTION 533-62 PROPOSING "THE INVESTING GATOR" PUBLISH INFORMATION RE CONGRESSIONAL ACTION AFFECTING BUREAU EMPLOYEES. AFH:

This proposal has been offered on a number of occasions, and each time has been turned down. Although information of this nature would be of interest to Bureau employees, any discussion of legislation in the Investigator could easily be misinterpreted as supporting or opposing the legislation. Crime Records opposes adoption of this suggestion. Olso the Lubilly Cliffy and Sully be supported by the suppo

minim DCT/est. my mul., my mil., my my mil.

94-3-2-1888

ENCLOSURE

UNITED STATES GOVERN

Memorandum

то

Mr. Mohr

DATE: 2/28/62

FROM

J. F. Malone

SUBJECT:

GENERAL

SUGGESTION #561-62 SUBMITTED BY

SA GORDON S. CARR—CHARLOTTE OFFICE

SUGGESTION: That photographs which appear in "The Investigator," such as those showing the facilities of the FBI, employees working in the Laboratory, scenes of the Quantico firing range, equipment used by the FBI, etc., be clipped and placed in a brochure at headquarters city for use by Agents in recruiting applicants.

ADVANTAGES: Suggester feels a brochure of this type would be a visual aid in recruiting applicants as photographs will on occasion create interest where words will not.

DISADVANTAGES: Types of photographs used should be limited.

OBSERVATIONS: SAC Jenkins, Charlotte Office, felt this suggestion was impractical in that the use of such a brochure would not be commensurate with the time and effort necessary in preparing it. Also, he felt appropriate material is readily available at the present time.

The Administrative Division considered this proposal and recommended it not be adopted. They pointed out that the type of photographs referred to by the suggester are already contained in a number of Bureau publications which are disseminated to the public and various recruiting sources. Publications such as "The Story of the FBI," "Know Your FBI," and "Facts About a Career in the FBI" contain photographs such as mentioned in the suggestion. The above-mentioned publications are included in a brochure "Career Opportunities in the FBI" which is used throughout the field and is furnished to guidance counselors and recruiting sources. A feature article has been prepared for use in the March issue of "The Investigator" on the orientation of new clerical employees at the Seat of Government. This article includes photographs of the type described in these suggestion. In order to use this feature article for applicant recruiting purposes, it includes information on employment opportunities in the Bureau and has been prepared so that copies of it may be made for dissemination throughout the field to recruiting sources. In view of the foregoing information reflecting that we are already using the technique they recommended that the suggestion not be adopted as it is not necessary for field offices to clip items from copies of "The Investigator" to accomplish this purpose.

"ML:jmh 3 MAR 7 1962

REC- 48

31 MAR 1 1962

Gandy

Tolson

TWO?

MEMORANDUM MALONE TO MOHR RE: SUGGESTION #561-62

The Training and Inspection Division feels the publications which are available and in use at the present time are sufficient for use in the recruiting program.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the suggestion not be adopted. On approval, no further action is necessary with regard to the suggester. He was thanked by prior letter.

Apple 25th

VIEWS OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION RE: SUGGESTION #561-62 ADDENDUM OF ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION 2-16-62 WEL:jkw

It is not believed this suggestion should be adopted as the type of photographs referred to therein are already contained in a number of Bureau publications which are disseminated to the public and various recruiting sources. These photographs are used in publications such as "The Story of the FBI," "Know Your FBI," and "Facts About a Career in the FBI," etc. The abovementioned publications are included in a brochure "Career Opportunities in the FBI" which is utilized throughout the field and is furnished to guidance counselors and recruiting sources. A feature article has been prepared for use in the March issue of "The Investigator" on the orientation of new clerical employees at the Seat of Government (SOG). This article includes photographs of the type described in this suggestion. In order to use this feature article for applicant recruiting purposes, it includes information on employment opportunities in the Bureau and this article has been prepared so that copies of it may be made for dissemination throughout the field to recruiting sources.

In view of the foregoing information reflecting that we are already utilizing the technique recommended by this suggestion, it is recommended that this suggestion not be adopted as it is not necessary for field offices to clip items from copies of "The Investigator" for the same purpose.

Mpa

1 - Mr. Beaver

1738/63 ml ml 1 ml



OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 UNITED STATES GOVERN emorandum Mr. Mohr DATE: FROM J. F. Malofie THE INVESTIGATOR SUBJECT: 16 SUGGESTION #545-62 SUBMITTED BY MILWAUKEE OFFICE SUGGESTION: ADVANTAGES:

Tolson Belmont Mohr Callahan Conrad Sullivan Trivel Trotter Tele, Room Ingram . Gandy

> b6 b7C

That a section in "The Investigator" be devoted to clearly explaining some of the legal and accounting terms frequently used in Bureau dictation as an aid to stenographic and clerical employees. Also, it would be interesting to learn such things as what takes place in a Federal Grand Jury, etc.

Suggester feels this would make stenographic and clerical jobs more interesting and thereby promote greater efficiency.

SAC Kissiah, Milwaukee Office, felt it might be desirable for "The **OBSERVATIONS:** Investigator" to carry at least a one-page item devoted to helpful training hints for stenographic and clerical employees. In this way, they would become more familiar with our problems and they would feel the value of their contributions more closely.

The Crime Records Division considered this idea and recommended it not be adopted. They advised if this information would be of definite benefit to employees it would be more suitable to include in some recognized training publication. "The Investigator" should not be used as a training manual.

The Training and Inspection Division feels "The Investigator" should carry items which are of a social nature and which are of interest to all employees generally. Concerning the use of some other training medium for publication of this information, it is noted that the Stenographic Training Unit has compiled lists of frequently used words, their explanations and shorthand symbols which are used for training purposes These were compiled as a result of solicitation of seven divisions at the Seat of Government and are furnished to the field on request. Last year, 36000 pages were distributed to 35 field offices.

RECOM	IEND.	ATION:

94-3-2-18

That the suggestion not be adopted. On approval, no funther action is necessary; receipt of the suggestion was acknowledged by prior letter.

2/21/62

2/12/62

COMMENTS OF CRIME RECORDS DIVISION RE SUGGESTION 545-62 PROPOSING THAT INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL FOR BUREAU STENOS AND CLERKS APPEAR IN THE INVESTIGATOR. AFH

The Investigator should not be used as a training manual. If this information would be of definite benefit to employees it would be more suitable to include it in recognized training publications.

12,62 2/12/62

3/01/03, mel mil

94-3-2-1891 FICLOSURE

mployee Suggestion D-252 (Rev 2-4-57)		# 604-62	
		# 00	2/15/62
To: Director, FBI	SA (Same		Division of Assignment Salt Lake City, Utah
publication, and newspapers. Such it e more readily a	l other news which cems are usually cavailable to all e	o is not readi contained in S employees if s	, personnel matters for ly available in local AC Letters, but would et forth in brief sum- reflect new changes or
included only in instances do not	n SAC letters to w c always have read	hich clerical y access.	on of this type is employees in many
included only in instances do not deventages of suggestion and edit the type of it is believed to be valuable, tinfor the "Investi	a SAC letters to we always have read annual savings (include basis information to be that this type of nely, and informatigator" magazine; suggestion.	hich clerical y access. for estimate) It wo e included in information f eive, creating There would	employees in many uld be necessary to such a letter. However, or all employees would additional interest probably be no annual prob
instances do not devantages of suggestion and edit the type of it is believed to be valuable, time for the "Investisavings in this believed that it is believed to be provided in the provided	a SAC letters to we always have read annual savings (include basis information to be that this type of nely, and informatigator" magazine; suggestion.	hich clerical y access. for estimate) It wo be included in information for eating there would an additional an additional all employees.	employees in many uld be necessary to such a letter. However, or all employees would additional interest probably be no annual probably be no annual cost in gathering and

Recommendations and comments of Division Head

This suggestion seems to have merit. Lengthy details sometimes necessary in SAC Letters on salary changes, fringe benefits, etc., are not (continued on attached sheet)

(Do not write in this space - for Bureau use only)

REC. 11

22 FET 23 1962

, ,

Suggestion of SA , 2/15/62

Recommendations and comments of Division Head, continued:

as clear to newer and less experienced employees. A simple chart or diagram set forth in the Investigator would be easier for them to understand and would exclude extraneous details.

It is recommended this suggestion be adopted.

Ma 9 1 23 FM *82

#603-62

•		# 60	Date	
	•	**************************************	2/15/62	
To:	From: (Suggester's name)		Division of Assignment	h.6
Director, FBI	SA		Salt Lake Ci	
SUGGESTION T+ ie er	amounted that III	2.242 4-4-4 70	2/7/67 which is a	Zotthon
for use in connectinclude a block employee can income in possible employer this content to the content of the c	ection with the at the bottom of dicate whether of loyment in Washington FBI in Washing	Field Eligibi of the letter or not she is ington, D. C. s follows: "W	2/1/61 which is a lity List be ame in order that th interested at th at the Seat of Gould you be intended in such employmen	nded to e eligible is time overnment. rested in
		,		
Current practice or rule (Inclu	ide manual citation as well	as facts) This j	nformation is no	t The luded
on the present i			stion is asked of	
Advantages of suggestion and	l annual savings (include bo	usis for estimate) my	s would eliminat	200
		711.1		782 A
	saved in making	a second cont	List and result act after a lett	
	97.1. 4 4 . 4	1 41	71. 7	
the statement at to offer an appo	t the bottom of	the letter di	e no disadvantage d not commit the le.	
(The use by the United States		t form the ba		ut heirs or
assigns upon the United State	X Mr. Mrs.	Miss		pe cial ap 70 ester
Recommendations and commer	nts of Division Head			J
I know of no pa and recommend t	rticular disadv hat it be adopt	antage to thi	s suggested chang	ge, h
			Signature and Title	
(Do not write in this space - i	tor Bureau use only) 3/5/6 2 Tu	1F/1 REC- 41	94-3-20-	1894 1962
	dit siles	week ,	The state of the s	-
	3/15/32,1	22/1/201-		ı



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

Although we presently have no positions available for you, we would like to know whether you are still interested in employment with this office at such time as a vacancy occurs for which you are qualified. I would appreciate hearing from you in this regard.

If you are still interested, please advise us of any changes in your address, telephone number, or marital status in order that our records may be kept current. You may make the appropriate notations below and return the letter to this office in the enclosed self-addressed envelope.

Very truly yours,

Special Agent in Charge

Enclosure

Interested in employment in this office?

Yes
No Any change in marital status?
No Yes If answer is "Yes" advise name of spouse

Present address and telephone number:

94-3-2-1894 ENCLOSURE

February 27, 1962 PERSONAL 94-3-2-1894 b6 RFG- 41 b7C Federal Bureau of Investigation Salt Lake City. Utah Dear Thank you for the two suggestions which you submitted concerning an addition to the format of Form FD-343 and a section entitled "Employee's Newsletter" to "The Investigator." Careful consideration is being given to the first proposal and you will be advised if it is adopted. With regard to the latter idea, you will be interested to mow a column of this nature has been considered previously and not adopted due to the disadvantages involved. The interest you displayed in giving me the impelit of your observations in these matters is appreciated. Sincerely yours, MAILED 20 FEB 27 1962 **II.** Edgar Hoover **COMM-FBI** 1 - SAC, Salt Lake City b6 1 - Personnel file of SA b7C $^{\circ}$ ML:jmh (Suggestion #603-62 and #604-62 dated 2/15/62) Tolson Suggestion #603-62 referred to the Administrative Division for Belmont NOTE: Mohr Callahan views and recommendations. Conrad DeLoach Evans. Suggestion #604-62 suggests that a section entitled "Employee's Malone Newsletter" be included in "The Investigator." This section could contain Rosen information concerning salar changes, fringe benefits, personnel matters for Trotter Tele, Room Ingram . MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT Gandy 11 17 14 **可能够,以 强力**

publication, and other news which is not available in local newspapers. Suggester states such items are usually contained in SAC Letters but would be more available to all employees if set forth in brief summary form with any charts that might reflect new changes or benefits.

Similar ideas hav <u>e been considered</u>	previously and not adopted, be
the latest being submitted by SA	New Haven Office, $2/1/62$. $_{\text{b7c}}$
It was felt at that time that items of this nature ha	d no place in ''The Investigator''
since the news would be old by the time the public	ation was printed; the infor-
mation is provided to employees by SAC Letter; a	
employees is discussed during In-Service and disc	cussed by Agents upon their be
return to headquarters. Additionally, it was sugg	sested by SA. b7c
Administrative Division, $2/16/62$ that a bulk subse	cription to the 'Weekly
Federal Employees' News Digest" be purchased to	
office for employees' information. This was appr	oved and will be purchased as
soon as funds become available.	4

DATE: 2-26-62

SUBJECT: REPRINTS OF ARTICLE FROM MARCH, 1962, ISSUE OF "THE INVESTIGATOR" FOR RECRUITING PURPOSES

> The first seven pages of the attached article will appear in the March, 1962, issue of "The Investigator." The article was prepared with the dual purpose of informing Bureau employees of activities connected with the orientation of new employees and for reprinting to supplement material used in recruiting new employees. Page eight of the attached article will not appear in "The Investigator," but was prepared specifically for the reprint.

It is believed that this reprint would be effective for recruiting purposes as it stresses the training given new employees and should assure parents of prospective employees that close. attention is given to helping new employees get settled in Washington. The wide variety of opportunities and benefits which characterize Bureau employment are featured.

Advice and assistance in preparation of the article were obtained from the Applicant and Placement Unit of the Administrative Division. Mr. Leishear has recommended that the 15 offices with clerical recruitment quotas in excess of 4 receive 300 copies; offices with quotas with 4 and under receive 150 copies; and offices with no quota receive 50 copies. We recommend a total of 15,000 copies be prepared to handle this distribution and any additional requests. We will instruct field offices to make the reprint available to established recruiting sources. Cout is normal.

RECOMMENDATION:	REC- 72	17-2-4
ENCLOSURE ATTEMENT That approval	e given to reprint 15,00	00 copies of attaloned
Enclosure GMC/ 1 - Mr. Callahan	the Vision	Jan Jan

1 - Mr. C. R. Davidson

FH

INRECORDED COPY FLED IN (16-2160)

Tolson

Mohr Callahan

Belmont

Delsoach Malone

Tavel Trotter Tele, Room Ingram

94-3-2-1895 ENCLOSURE



SIXTY-FOUR NEW CLERICAL EMPLOYEES OF THE FBI, REPRESENT-ING 18 STATES INCLUDING TEXAS, MICHIGAN AND ALABAMA, RE-PORTED TO WASHINGTON HEADQUARTERS ON JANUARY 8, 1962.

FBI Employee Orientation

With almost weekly regularity, newly appointed FBI clerical employees from all over the Nation report on Monday mornings to classrooms in the Old Post Office Building to commence two-day orientation sessions which introduce them to the activities of the FBI and assist them in making personal arrangements for living in Washington.

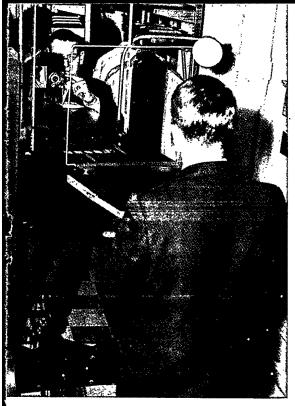
The swearing-in ceremony is the first order of business. During the smoothly coordinated sessions, the new members of the FBI family are given a warm welcome, become acquainted with the general responsibilities and organization of the FBI, and are counseled regarding the many benefits available to them as FBI employees.

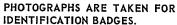


THERE WERE ONLY A FEW MINUTES BEFORE CLASS CONVENED TO BECOME ACQUAINTED WITH FELLOW NEW EMPLOYEES.

THE FIRST ORDER OF BUSINESS WAS THE OATH OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED BY ASSISTANT DIRECTOR NICHOLAS P. CALLAHAN.

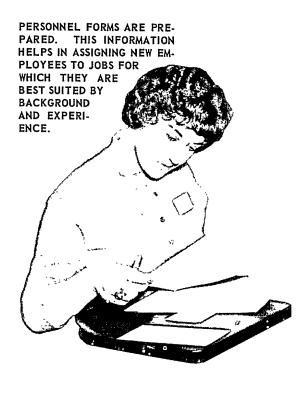




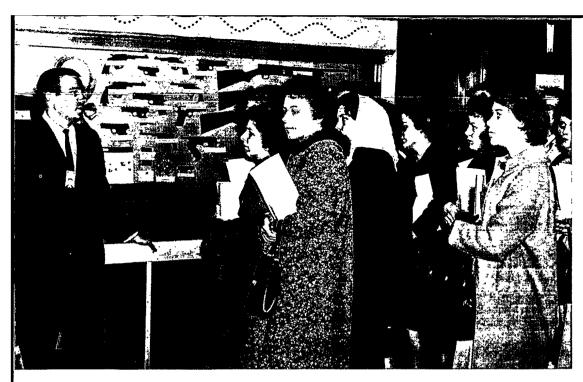




Lectures and films explaining the general responsibilities and organization of the FBI take up much of the first day...but there is time for other essential details.





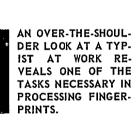


THE HISTORY OF THE FBI'S FIGHT AGAINST CRIME IS DEPICTED IN GRAPHIC DISPLAYS.

Guided tours of Justice Building and Division introduce ne variety of essential fuat FBI Headquarters

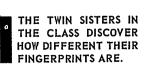


THE EFFICIENCY OF THE MASSIVE FILING SYSTEM IS EXPLAINED.





THE TOUR OF THE FBI LABORATORY IN-CLUDES CLOSE OB-SERVATION OF EXAM-INERS AT WORK.

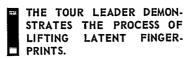


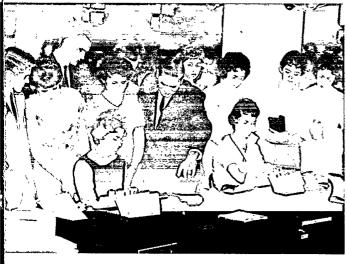


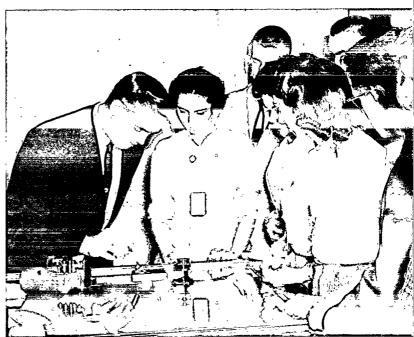


the Department of the Identification w employees to the nctions performed

AN INTRICATE CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM IS THE SE-CRET TO LOCATING INDIVIDUAL FINGERPRINTS IN THE FBI'S COLLECTION OF OVER 162 MILLION.







A SPECIAL AGENT EXPLAINS THE SERVICE REVOLVER BEFORE GIVING A SHOOTING DEMONSTRATION.







ON THE THIRD DAY NEW EMPLOYEES REPORT TO THEIR NEWLY ASSIGNED JOBS IN ONE OF THE NINE DIVISIONS IN THE FBI. HERE, THOSE ASSIGNED TO THE FILES AND COMMUNICATIONS DIVISION ARE BEING GREETED BY ASSISTANT DIRECTOR WILLIAM S. TAVEL.



The next step is specialized training to perform the wide variety of service functions essential to the work of the FBI.









ALL IN THE FAMILY

While taking an annual physical examination at the U.S. Naval Hospital in Philadelphia recently, SA Andrew McKean of the Camden, New Jersey, Resident Agency was quizzed about his missing wisdom teeth by the dentist, Commander Milt Kohler. SA McKean suspiciously asked Commander Kohler if he had ever been aboard the USS Saipan, to which the Commander replied, "Yes." It seems that Commander Kohler had pulled the wisdom teeth in question in 1951 when he and SA McKean were stationed on the USS Saipan.

ಹಿಡಿಡಿ

Who says statistical work is dull! The Voucher-Statistical\Section boasts five married couples working within the section, four of whom met while on the job. The couples are the Loren Lindseys, the Tom M. Skinners, the George Warrens, the William Glasers, and the James Millses.

ಹಿಡಿಡಿ

James E. Wallace, Jr., son of SA James E. Wallace, of the St. Petersburg, Florida, Resident Agency, is quite an athlete. A senior at Boca Ciega High School in St. Petersburg, Jim is active in the L' men's Club and Junior Civitan. A member of Ciega Pirates basketball team, the tall

Ciega Pirates basketball team, the tall $3\frac{1}{n}$ inches) center has averaged 20 points a tente first 10 games. As for the future, Jim, is to pursue a law career.

മാമാത

Jan Gunter, daughter of Special Agent George A. Gunter of the Natchez, Mississippi, Resident Agency, represented the Natchez Junior Class as "Junior Maid" during the recent Homecoming Day Celebration. In addition, Jan has been selected as "Class Favorite" and "Most Beautiful" in her class and serves on the Natchez High School Student Council.



Miss Gunter

ಹಿಡಿಡಿ

Recently, a clerical appointee was contacted prior to his departure for Washington, D. C., to determine if he anticipated any difficulties in accepting his appointment. The young man thought for a few minutes, then stated that although he did not have any trouble which would affect his travel plans, he did have one "slight problem." His "slight problem" - a wife. It seems that he had decided to wed prior to departure.

ಬಹುಕು

Into the Cincinnati FBI Office recently walked an Ed Mason. The receptionist was aghast, for the only Ed Mason she had ever heard of is the one in charge of the Cincinnati Office. Nevertheless, she solemnly ushered the visiting Ed Mason into the office of SAC Ed Mason. The visiting Ed Mason turned out to be in the Transportation Department of the U.S. Post Office and stated that inhis travels through various cities he had been frequently confused with the FBI Ed Mason and questioned as to kinship. Consequently, the Post Office Ed Mason paid a courtesy call to the FBI Ed Mason "just to meet this fellow."

ಶಾಹಿತ

Five-year-old George Campbell, son of SA George M. Campbell, of the Lake Charles Resident Agency, was recently chosen as "Representative" of his kindergarten class and awarded the American flag by the Woodmen of the World.

ಬಿಯೆಯ

After experiencing the thrill of riding in a fire engine during Fire Prevention Week, Jimmy Matthews, five-year-old son of SA John J. Matthews of the Chicago Office, made the remark: "Wouldn't it be fun if they had a Robber Prevention Week' so I could ride in a squad car?"

ಹಿಡಿಡಿ

During a vacation at Cape Cod, SA Orville R. Talburtt's two-year-old daughter, Jeanne, fell through a crib which had been rented at the resort. The crib was of an old vintage and was later tied together with string to prevent any subsequent falls. Upon returning home from vacation she slept in her new bed for the first time and during the first night fell out of this bed. When her mother rushed in to pick her up, she said, "Momma, you'll have to get some more string."

Shades of Wild Bill

Agents of the Louisville Office recently arrested a fugitive while he was engaged in a poker game. As the subject was being led away, one of the Agents glanced at the cards and observed that the subject had been holding an appropriate hand, Aces and eights. This hand is known in poker circles as the 'dead_man's hand' since Wild Bill Hickock held a combination of Aces and eights when he was shot and killed.

90-3-2-1895

Advantages of Working for the FBI

FBI TRAINING ...

When employees enter on duty in Washington, they are given a course to acquaint them with the organization of the FBI, its standards, and rules and regulations to enable them to become properly adjusted in their new positions. Constant on-the-job training is given in every assignment to enable them to advance in the service and acquire qualifications fitting them for additional responsibilities.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT...

Opportunities for advancement in the FBI are plentiful and largely depend upon the ambition, qualifications and work performance of the individual employee. Promotions to positions of greater responsibility are based on merit rather than seniority, although an effective control exists for assuring that no deserving employee of greater length of service is overlooked.

INCENTIVE AWARDS...

Congress has provided an Incentive Awards Program whereby Federal employees can earn cash awards by demonstrating superior work performance or by making valuable contributions through suggestions to improve efficiency and economy.

ABOUT YOUR ASSOCIATES...

All FBI applicants are first subjected to a careful, searching background investigation; thus new employees can be confident they will be working with top grade people.

HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE...

FBI employees may register and enroll under the Federal Employees Health Benefits Act which provides medical, surgical and hospital coverage with the Government paying part of the premium costs. Under one of the optional plans, life insurance is included at a nominal rate. In addition, all Government employees have the option of subscribing to Federal Life Insurance, a portion of the premium being paid by the Government.

RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES...

A well-rounded supervised program of wholesome social and recreational activities for employees is provided through the FBI Recreation Association. These activities include dances, outings, travel excursions, and sports, such as bowling, baseball, basketball, golf, tennis, and pistol marksmanship.

HEALTH SERVICE...

The FBI maintains a well-staffed health service in its buildings in Washington, where first aid or dispensary type of treatment and health counsel or guidance by registered graduate nurses are available free of charge to all employees.

HOUSING INFORMATION...

The FBI Personnel Office maintains up-to-date registers of available housing accommodations to suit every employee's needs. Accommodations consist of rooms with private families in homes, rooming or boarding houses and apartments. Complete information and instructions regarding the obtaining of suitable housing are sent to all employees with appointment letters so that they will know exactly how to contact the FBI to obtain housing upon arrival in Washington, whether they arrive on weekends or at night; or reservations may be made for them in advance of their arrival.

EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES...

Washington has numerous educational facilities particularly adapted to Government employees so that they can attend business schools, colleges, universities and professional schools during their spare time. The FBI has always urged its employees to take advantage of these educational facilities. Every effort is made to assign employees to schedules which will assist them in taking advantage of further education. Many high school graduates financially unable to attend college full time have thus been enabled to continue their education while gainfully employed.

WHERE AND HOW TO APPLY FOR FBI EMPLOYMENT

The FBI has 55 Field Offices in major cities throughout the Nation and in San Juan, Puerto Rico, In addition, there are Resident Agencies in many of the small cities where one or more Special Agents are assigned. You may apply in person at any of these Offices or Resident Agencies—the address of the nearest Office is listed in the front of your telephone directory—or you may write to:

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER, DIRECTOR FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

			•	
estion 9-11-59)		X1034262		
		XV3W		
, 1	•	X •	Date 2-28-62	
	From: (Süggester's name)	-	Division of Assignment	
J Director, FBI			Minneap olis	b7
of "Investigate be arranged in numerous articitalent. It along the and other state be improved upon requiring or description. See sample for articities of articities are articities of suggestion and general and personal form who is to would be	or" contributions to literary fashion for les go untold because so would seem to save istics needed to comp on greatly so that it emanding too much ori m attached. Include manual citation as well of cles are passed on by outing slips or memos ormation, edit, retyp and annual savings (include ba umber of articles wou te Editor would regul onal contacts about co ould seem to ease the	the Associate Edithe Investicator a contributors are additional questicational questicational questicational questicational questicate an article. would "draw out" ginality. In a facts of mouth; or to associate editional questicate editional questicate and the province of the provinc	s available so that ph nearly he eliminated.	ald then t eary n places, ould rithout on is secure
				196
Disadvantages of suggesti	lon			,
It is felt the to write his	t some originality wo own article would be	uld be lost; however encouraged to do so	er, an employee who proposition on the hack page.	eferred ,
	tates. I understand that I will b	se consider	claim of any nature by me, my hei	s adopted b6 Adm.b7
Recommendations and com	ments of Division Head			Clark
	tor articles.	estion would be	an asset in subations of the continue and Title con	ting
alon a mel	CLEAN THE STATE OF	Deal Gran	1-3-2-1875	
2- 'inneapolis]	-personnel file -sugrestion file.66-	-250].	1.	

Submitted by	• • • • • • • • • • • •	Field	
Caption	• • • • • • • • • • • •	Season	•••••
Persons involved	Residence	FBI Employed	yes
1	 		
2	•••••		
3 l ₁	•••••••		
Club or Organization involved		• • • • • • • • • •	
City			
Achievement or Purpose of Event			
Gift or Award presented Date of Incident or event			
Talent involved			
Case file no		ed	
Indices ehecked			
Persons mentioned were Subject, Victim, Complain)	
FBI personnel involved		•	
Relative of	•••••		
Photographs enclosed (Do NOT	clip or staple)		
#1			
#2•••••			
#3 Negatives enclosed(1).(2).(2)	3) (1,)		
Megantaes emprosed	<i>y 4</i>		
Height	Lake		
	Lake • • • • Resort • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• •
Height Weight Weather	Lake Resort Mountains	5	• •
Height	Lake • • • • Resort • • • •	5	• •

ENCLOSURE 94-3-2-/198

94-3-2-189

March 7, 1962

PERSONAL

Federal Bureau of Investigation Minneapolis, Minnesota

Dear

Your suggestion has been forwarded to me that consideration be given to approving a form for use in submitting contributions to "The Investigator." Your proposal is being carefully considered and I will let you know if it is adopted.

The interest you displayed in submitting this idea to me is indeed appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hooved

1 - SAC, Minneapolis

1 - Personnel file of Miss

ML:jmh (Suggestion #639-62 dated 2/28/62) (5)

NOTE:

Mohr

Referred to the Crime Records Division for views and recommendations.

Tolson Belront Callahan Malone . Rosen

b6 b7C

b6

b7C

b6

Director; FBI

To:

#610-162

February 25, 1962

Employee assigned to (Division)

b6 b7C New York

SUGGESTION All retired former employees, and those former employees who have resigned under honorable conditions should have their names placed on a mailing list, and the INVESTIGATOR should be sent to them each month.

Current practice or rule (Include manual citation as well as facts)

From:

SA

To the best of my knowledge, INVESTIGATORS are not sent to former employees.

Advantages of suggestion Many former employees obtain posttions with agencies, industry, commerce, etc., and are in a position to be of value to the Bureau in a magnitude of ways. Besides furnishing information, these former employees are often in a position to inform the public of the Bureau's services to the country. They are, in fact, still representatives of the Bureau to their communities, since their past employment with The FBI will follow them through the rest of their lives. copies of the INVESTIGATOR sent to them, they can keep current with their former friends, and acquaintances, and in a way, maintain their Espirit de Corps' with The Bureau. Besides this apparent advantage, I know that former employees have on many occasions requested copies of the INVESTIG. ATOR while visiting an office, or when meeting former friends in the FBT. Disadvantages of suggestion

There is no imaginable disadvantage to my knowledg

REC-8

Annual Savings (Show basis for estimate)

not applicable.

(The use by the United States of my suggestion shall not form the assigns upon the United States)

re by me, my heirs, or

b7C

Special Agent

It is understood retired employees dog re-Recommendations and comments of Division Head ceive copies of THE INVESTIGATOR. With respect to other former employees, the cost would be prohibitive to send INVESTIGATOR TO

ignature and Titl

March 1, 1962 94-3-2=1900 PERSONAL b6 **b**7C ecerat pureau of nives deation New York, New York Dear Your Special Agent in Charge has forwarded to me your suggestion that "The Investigator" be sent each month to certain former employees. I am sure you will be interested to know that retired employees may receive this publication at the present time upon request. It was decided that the administrative work entailed would make it impractical to furnish a copy to all as a matter of course. Although your proposal was not adopted in this instance, I want to thank you for giving me the benefit of your observations on this matter. LACE EL Sincerely yours, MAR - 1 1932 L Edgar Hoover GEMMATE 1 - SAC, New York **b**6 1 - Personnel file of SA %ML:jmh (Suggestion #610-62 dated 2/25/62)

Suggests that the names of all retired employees and those

on a mailing list to receive "The Investigator" each month. The same and

similar ideas have been considered numerous times in the past and not

adopted. The latest such proposal was Suggestion #304-62 submitted by

former employees who have resigned in good standing be placed

New Haven Office, dated 11/16/61. At that time, it was

SEE PAGE 2

Tolson. Belmont

Mohr

Callahan

Conrad __ DeLoach

Evans

Malone Rosen

Sullivan

Trotter .

NOTE:

TELETYPE UNIT

pointed out no particular benefit would be derived from adopting such an idea and the cost involved plus the extra time and effort needed to keep a mailing list of this nature current would make it impractical. For these reasons, this suggestion is not being adopted.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

то

Mr. Mohr

DATE:

3/15/62

Sullivan ____ Tavel ____ Trotter ____ Tele. Room ___ Holmes ____

Tolson -

Mohr ____

Conrad

FROM

J. F. Malone

SUBJECT:

THE INVESTIGATOR

SUGGESTION #639-62 SUBMITTED BY

MINNEAPOLIS OFFICE

b6

SUGGESTION:

That consideration be given to having a form approved for use in submitting items to "The Investigator," (sample form attached).

PRESENT PROCEDURE: Ideas for articles are given to Associate Editors by word of mouth, some are submitted by routing slip or memorandum. The Associate Editor as a rule must secure additional information, edit, retype, have approved before mailing material to the Seat of Government.

ADVANTAGES: Suggester feels numerous articles are not submitted due to contributors being skeptic of their literary ability. The use of such a form would aid them in preparing material; therefore, more articles would be submitted. Such a form would be especially helpful to Agent personnel who encounter numerous interesting situations during investigations.

DISADVANTAGES: Some of the originality would be lost; however, suggester advised an employee who desired to write his own article could do so on the reverse side of the form.

OBSERVATIONS: The Crime Records Division considered this proposal and recommended it not be adopted. They advised originality is the key to success of "The Investigator" and any similar publication. They felt a form, such as proposed, would tend to stifle originality and the material submitted by the Associate Editors would be limited to the precise information called for in the form. The good material which is received comes from Associate Editors who have a combination of initiative, energy, and the ability to sense those items that have a human interest value. The use of such a form would not stimulate an Associate Editor who lacks these characteristics. The manner in which articles are submitted has been intentionally kept simple and informal so personnel would feel free to use their imaginations. Crime Records has had very little difficulty with the treatment of photographs or other handling of this material.

The Training and Inspection Division feels that the submission of material of this type does not lend itself to a form.

ML:jmh 22 2000 (2) 60 MAP 22 COSURIO

EX-114

SMAR 19 1962 TWO'

MEMORANDUM MALONE TO MOHR

RE: SUGGESTION #639-62

RECOMMENDATION:

That the suggestion not be adopted. On approval, no further action is necessary. The suggester was thanked by prior letter.

Jeffer 1988

- 2 -

Mbmitted by	******	Res.Agy.
aption	*********	Season
ersons involved	Residence	FBI Employed yes no.
*********	A	

lub or Organization involved		
147		
chievement or Purpose of Event		
ift or Award presented		
ate of Irreident or event	**********	
alent involved	**********	*****
ase file no		18d
ndices chacked		
ersons mentioned were		
Subject, Victim, Complain		•
BI personnel involved	********	
elative ofvelved		
dwww. or seesestands	*****	
hotographs enclosed (Do ROT c	lin or stanle)	
1	amy va crowness,	
	•	
#2	· ·	
#2.00.00.00.00.00.00 #3.00.00.00.000.000		
13).(b)	
13).(b)	
13).(b)	
13	}.(b)	
#3(1).(2).(3)	Talo	
gatives enclosed(1).(2).(3	Lake Resort.	*****
eighteather	Iale Resort.	
eighteather	Lake Resort.	
gatives enclosed(1).(2).(3	Iale Resort.	
eighteather	Lalw Resort. Mountain Pridge,	etc.
#3	Lalw Resort. Mountain Pridge,	etc.

94-3-2-1901 enclosur

COMMENTS OF CRIME RECORDS DIVISION RE SUGGESTION NUMBER 638-62 PROPOSING A FORM BE PREPARED TO ASSIST ASSOCIATE EDITORS OF THE INVESTIGATOR IN SUBMITTING MATERIAL AFH:

Originality is the key to the success of "The Investigator" and any similar publication. We feel that a form similar to that proposed would stifle originality and as long as the form existed the material submitted by Associate Editors would be limited to the precise information called for in the form.

The good material we receive is submitted by Associate Editors who have a combination of initiative, energy and the ability to sense those items that have human interest value. We do not feel that a form would help to stimulate any Associate Editor who lacks these characteristics.

The mechanics of submitting items are very simple and we have intentially kept them informal so that Associate Editors would feel free to use their imaginations in digging up material and in submitting it. We have had very limited difficulty with misspelled names, treatment of photographs or other handling of material.

We recommend against adopting a form for the submission of Material for "The $I_{nvestigator."}$

March 19, 1962

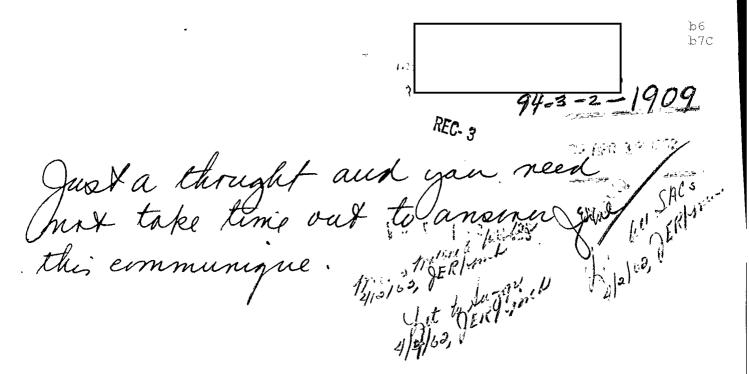
Inspector Lynn Edwards Training and Inspection Division literal of Eugetin Val-Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D.C.

Dear Lynn:

I have enclosed a photograph of the Union and New Haven Trust Company Building at New Haven, Connecticut, which houses the Federal Bureau of Investigation Office on the fifth floor.

It has occurred to me that photographs of buildings containing our offices could be obtained and assembled in a folder and maintained at Quantico for interest and benefit of the new Agents. felt that after an Agent receives notice of his Office of assignment, it would be of interest to him to have at least an idea of what the building looked like and some idea of its immediate surroundings.

Sincerely,



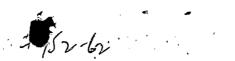
April 4, 1962 PERSONAL

REC-394-3-2- 1909 Federal Bureau of Investigation New Haven, Connecticut Dear Mr. I have been advised of your suggestion that a folder of photographs of the buildings housing our various field divisions be maintained for the benefit of newly assigned Special Agents. I am pleased to advise you that your proposal has been adopted and steps are being taken to place it into effect. I want to thank you for the interest which prompted you to submit this idea. 5 Sincerely yours, J. Edgar Hoover SAC, New Haven 1 Personnel file of SA JER:jmh (Suggestion #746-62 dated 3/19/62) Based on memorandum J. F. Malone to Mr. Mehr, 4/2/62, NOTE: JER: jmh, re: The Investigator, Suggestion #746-62-Submitted Tolson New Haven Office. b7C Belmont MPR = 1962 Mohr Callahan COLIM-FM Conrad Evans Malone Bosen Sullivan Tavel. Tele. Room Holmes MAIL ROOM ____ TELETYPE UNIT ____

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10	Tologo / Str.
united states government $Memorandum$	Belingte Andrews Gallaham Convol
TVI EMOTANAUM	DeLoach
TO: Mr. Mohr	DATE: 4/2/62 Continuation Conti
FROM: J. F. Malone	Tele. Room Holmes Gandy
SUBJECT: THE INVESTIGATOR	toning DV
SUGGESTION #746-62 SUBN SA	NEW HAVEN OFFICE b6 b7c
graphs of buildings housing our offices coumaintained at Quantico for the benefit of ne receives notice of his office of assignment,	
in the form of a photograph of the New Have	,
and, as a means of implementing it, photogond and be placed in issues of "The Investigator Your Field Offices: "It is felt this would be also to Agents who have served in the various appearing in "The Investigator" the original	r" under some such captions as Know e of interest not only to new Agents, but ous field divisions of the Bureau. After I photographs could be gathered and placed This matter was discussed with Mr. Fultor
RECOMMENDATIONS:	
l. That the suggestion be ac same same suggestion.	dopted and the attached letter directed to
2. On approval, that the att	ached SAC Letter be dispatched
1 - Mr. DeLoach Enclosures (3) Sac Letter details JER: jmh 33 60 APR 23 1962	REC. 3 942013 2 410 My 33 SILPS 17 1962
	Jessel L

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 C88W24B32 UNITED STATES GOVERN Eallahan Contad lemorandum DeLoach 1 Evans Malone Rosen Sullivan : W. C. Sullivan 4-9-62 Tavel Trotter Bele, Room Holmes W. R. Wannall 👏 THE INVESTIGATOR b7C (X) was in my office and happened to notice a copy of 1962, Investigator. He was most impressed with the the April. cover and commented favorably on the contents in general. inquired as to whether he could regularly receive this publication. ACTION: It is recommended that arrangements be made to furnish be with a copy of the Investigator on a regular basis.

One copy should be furnished to the first of W.C. Sullivan, both b7E Riddell Building, for transmittal to RDC: dmd (5)Mr. Sullivan - Mr. M.A. Jones - Mr. Helleberg Mr. Wannall **b**6 b7C 16 APR 24 1962 50 APR 2



			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		······································	28, 1962
Co: From: Director, FBI			ssigned to (Division)
		New Yo	
NVESTIGATOR being described and consider small employees. Bureau endeas for the columnate, or some other statement of the month of the month of the projects of wide interest to their ideas, they she bject. The favorite or the corner with one or not the corner with the corner wi	ight wish to consider evoted to a De it You projects made, invermed and the consider made, invermed to the consider appropriate to the consider appropriate to the would receive a toler should be confined to readers of the INVEST ould include a snapshed idea of the month women other ideas. The several ideas an issuad citation as well as facts)	ourself" column ited, or spenso couraged to con- column might be the. A contest employees. The con monetary pro- consmall, easy TIGATOR. When not or sketch of yould be featured as rest of the	The column bred by Bureau atribute their if the Way I Did tould be set up a most interesting rize, paid from the to make articles employees submit of their finished ed for the month, contributions
dde range of interest contribute to the const employees would ther employees. The chop, work-room, kitcomen, etc. The great	believed a "Do it Yost to FBI employees. clumn would have a per be anxious to share he ideas could cover then, furniture, autoatest advantage is the personal vested into	The idea of hersonal touch, their favorite manyfields such mobiles, sewin at more employ	aving employees and it is believed s'shop-idea' with the as tools, tool- tees would feel
Disadvantages of suggestion not applicable.	REC- 60	MAY 29 1962	
		74-3-2-	19d . /
Annual Savings (Show basis for estin	nate)	AND DESCRIPTION AND PROPERTY AND PERSONS ASSESSMENT	
not applicable.		18 MAY 29 1962	
		18 MAY 29 1962	
not applicable. The use by the United States of my	suggestion shall not form the	18 MAY 29 1962	y me, my heirs, or pecial Agen b7c
The use by the United States of my assigns upon the United States)	Mr. Mrs. Miss	18 MAY 29 1962	b6
not applicable. (The use by the United States of my assigns upon the United States)	Mr. Mrs. Miss	москостинент менения	b6 pecial Agen

11.30-60 94-3-2-192

June 1, 1962

PERSONAL

	77 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	b6 b7
Federal Bureau of Investigation New York, New York	L SE IN	
Dear	ann Com	b6 b70

I have received your suggestion concerning a feature for "The Investigator." After due consideration, it has been decided the present format already includes interesting items of the sort you propose and any further extension of such coverage would be undesirable.

I want to thank you for the interest you displayed in giving me the benefit of your observations in this matter.

Sincerely yours.

J. Edgar Hoover

1 - SAC, New York 1 - Personnel file of SA JER:jmh (Suggestion #952-62 dated 5/28/62)

MAIL BOOM TELETYPE UNIT

NOTE: b. . . Suggests the Bureau consider devoting a page or section of "The Investigator" to a "Do-It-Yourself" column, featuring small projects made, invented or sponsored by Bureau employees. A contest could be set up for the best project of the month and a monetary prize offered. The WFCmatter was discussed with Mr. Heim of the Crime Records Division who advised that the publication already includes such items. Featured variously are recipes, needlework, artwork, etc. The sole purpose of the magazine is the entertainment and interest of the employees but it was not intended to be instructional or technical as would be necessary to include the details of

SEE PAGE 2



1. 13

MIII Telson Belmont. Mohr_ Callahan Conrad DeLoach Evans Mulone Rosen Sullivan

Tavel _

Trotter

Holmes 1

Tele. Poom

how a particular object was done or made. It is felt that the present format is more practical because the coverage devoted to hobbies is limited mostly to pictorial presentation without going into technique.

4/27/62

Mr. Mohr

J. F. Malone

FERRA

SUGGESTION #770-62 SUBMITTED BY

SA

TAMPA OFFICE

SUGGESTION: To emphasize the Eureau's safe driving program consideration be afforded to offering a safe driving trophy to the field division with the greatest number of accident free miles during a particular year and to also award this office with a certain sum of money (\$100) for use in their FPIRA fund. In addition, that one page of "The Investigator" be set aside for the "do's" and dont's" of safe driving. Regarding this last suggestion, the Crime Records Division has advised by separate memorandum they will, as space permits, publish articles from time to time regarding good driving habits.

ADVANTAGES: Suggester noted with the continued increase in the number of vehicles on the highways that automobile accidents involving Bureau personnel will likely proportionately increase. Because of this problem and its continued growth, the Federal Covernment in an effort to curtail accidents will likely eventually recognize and reward those Federal employees and Federal agencies having a good driving record. Further, to show the Bureau has recognized this problem and has an active program in operation would greatly enhance the Bureau's prestige with leading government officials.

OBSERVATIONS: SAC Santoiana feels this suggestion has a great deal of merit in that it focuses attention on safe driving and in the end result in fewer accidents.

Supervisor W. V. Cleveland, in expressing the views of FBIRA, notes that this suggestion although having some merit, presents a particular problem as to how the presentation of such an award can be equitable since driving hazards are completely different in various areas of the United States and possessions where we have field offices.

The Administrative Division feels this suggestion should not be adopted. They advise all automobile accidents are carefully analyzed and each office submits a report on a fiscal-year basis setting forth causes, costs and trends. Based on this report, offices so deserving are commended while those showing a substantial increase

1 - 66-2058 1 - 66-16262 1 - 94-3-2

DAB: imh

(6)

94-3-2-

in accidents are censured. They further noted the monstrous problem in attempting to evaluate such a program noting the variance in the size of various field divisions and territorial mileage coverage.

Training and Inspection Division likewise feels this suggestion should not be adopted since it would involve a considerable number of Eureau personnel in an extremely complicated and involved accounting procedure to evaluate material submitted by the various field divisions to determine the winning office. As realized to properly and fairly select this winning office, many facts such as weather conditions geographical composure of areas, mileage driven, and population of area would need be considered. As several offices may equally be deserving of such award, to select one over the other could be extremely difficult. The present practice of the Administrative Division to commend those offices with a good safe-driving record appears to be a satisfactory and workable way of recognizing their particular achievement.

RECOMNENDATION:

That the suggestion not be adopted. On approval, no further action is necessary as receipt of the suggestion was acknowledged by prior letter.

28563

OCT. 1.1962

Date

	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		001	
To;	From: (Suggeste	n/a nama)		Division of Assignment	b6
Director, FBI	S.A			DENVER	b7
SUGGESTION					
Disse	emination o	ffinvestigat	or In Men	morial Item repr	rints
to close relat	ives of dec	éased Bureau	personne	21.	
	•			•	
				em appearing in	
September issue	e of the Ir	vestigator c	oncerning	g S.A.ROBERT BEC	KER.
1		**		J	
				de available to	
				eblo,Colorado,wh ive of S.A.BECKE	
				TON BECKER voice	
				idv became idv $ised$ idv $ised$ idv $ised$ idv	
				ng an extremely	
tribute and exp					
Current practice or rule (Inclu					
None	e in so far	as is known	•		
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Advantages of suggestion and	l annual agree to	naluda hasia for cott	***		
	_			.	Q
				possible dissem	
				of deceased Burge	
				on part of Byre	qu
would be great,	fully recei	ved as a ver	y thought	bful gesture.	. 9
					<i>-</i> 1
					3
					62
					= <u>0</u>
				• •	. 20
				6	· 30
Disadvantages of suggestion				Ĺ	- 5
				to y	10
				¥.	₹
		•		1 7	
(The use by the United States	of my suggestion	shall not form the basi	s		y heirs, or
assigns upon the United State	s. I understand th				on is adopted 56
within two years after submiss	Mr.	Mrs. Miss	1	1	5.A 67
	LA_J Mr.	Mrs. Miss			ster
Recommendations and commen	nts of Division Hed	rd			
This sug	gestion ha	s great merit	and I r	ecommend that it	t be
		ot already be			
			Konsul	122-	
		Ç+	ecial Ag	eintatulnane Hältge	
(Do not write in this space - f	or Bureau use only	·)	Crar Os	1011	- 1 11
*		1394.	-3-2	-1749	1
****	,	DECEMBER 1	1-00		12
10/11/20,2000	*	12			303
Contract Contract	Jan		••		St. Maria
	-			•	

94-3-2-1945

October II. 1962

PERSONAL

r i	<u> </u>
T.	******
· .	b6 b7C
U E	
-15	র্ট্য
Ξ	3

recera durem of myestigation Denver, Colorado

Dear

Thank you very much for your suggestion that reprints of the "In I lemorism" item in the "Investigator" be furnished to close relatives of the deceased. I am sure you will be interested to know that as soon as this magazine is published a letter is sent to the next of kin forwarding a copy of the "Investigator."

The thoughtfulness which prompted you to make your idea available to me is indeed appreciated.

Sincerely yours.

J. Edgar Reonal

2 - SAC, Denver - 1 - Suggestion File

1 - Field Personnel File

1 - Personnel file of SA

ML:jmh (Suggestion #285-63 dated 10/1/62)

(6)

Relmont

Conrad

Evans Malone

DeLoach

Tele. Room Holmes

Gandy

Mohr Casper

NOTE:

Suggests dissemination of "In Memoriam" item published in the "Investigator" reprints to close relatives of deceased Bureau

personnel.

SEE PAGE 2

Rosen Sullivan . Tavel . Trotter

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

The Crime Records Division advised close relatives are furnished as many copies of the "investigator" as they request. As soon as the magazine comes out, a letter is sent to the next of kin sending a copy of the magazine and more copies are furnished the relatives, if requested.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

то

Mr. DeLoach

DATE: 3-4-63

FROM

M. A. Johes

SUBJECT:

TOUR ROUTE EXHIBITS

COVER - MARCH INVESTIGATOR

SUGGESTION #179-63

Tele. Room Holmes Gandy

Belmont Mohr —

Callahan Conrad _ DeLoach Evans _

Gale

Sullivan Tavel _ Trotter

The cover of the March issue of "The Investigator" consists of a beautiful picture of the FBI Seal and the back contains the heraldry of the Seal. This is an extremely attractive cover and, it is believed, both the picture and its description would make an ideal exhibit for the first exhibit room on the Bureau tour route. This is the room in which the photograph of the Director and the Attorney General are located. It could be mounted or framed and placed where it can easily be read by visitors. (Copy attached.)

In addition, it is felt that this picture of the Seal will prove to be most popular with Bureau employees and that many requests will be received for reproductions of it. Consideration should be given to making it available for distribution through the FBIRA, if necessary at a nominal cost, when the current supply is exhausted, and in the event a sufficient demand for it is indicated.

RECOMMENDATION

That the March cover of "The Investigator" be made into an exhibit for display on the tour route.

Enclosures (2)

1 - Mr. DeLoach

1 - Mr. Callahan

1 - Mr. Cleveland, FBIRA Presidente: 10:

1 - Mr. Morrell

1 - Mr. Stapleton

1 - Mr. Helleberg

JWOB:kkf

(9) = 63.

SCLOSURE ATTACHET

ENCLOSURE

M. ...

194-

M.A. Mas 142

MAR 13 1963

2 - Carlination

H

94-3-2 1976 ENCLOSURE DOC LAB NOTE

ENVELOPE

EMPTY

March 12, 1963

PERSONAL

REC-	94-3-2 K-102 Federal Bureau of Invest Washington, D. C.	1976 Igation	· ·	— ზ6 ხ7C
		play on the tour route you this idea has be	" be used to te. It is a	
	The intere you to bring this matter tappreciated.	Sincorel	ndeed y yours,	We 12 B I B S.
TolsonBelmont	1 - Mr. DeLoach Personnel file of SA ML:pab (6) (Suggestion #779-6) NOTE: Based on	J. Edgar 3 dated 3/4/63) memorandum M. A. Route Exhibits, Cove	Jones to Mr. D	b6 b7C e Loach, 3/4/63,
Mohr Casper Callahan Conrad DeLoach Evans Gale Rosen Sullivan Trotter Trele. Room Holmes Gandy	MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT	Warry .		

UNITED STATES GOVER

1emorandum

TO

: Mr. DeLoach

DATE: 3-15-63

Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoαch
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room

Belmont

Gandy

SUBJECT: SUGGESTED ARTICLE FOR

"THE INVESTIGATOR" ON POSSIBLE CLUB

#825-63

Recent action approving eligibility in the Possible Club on the basis of perfect scores shot in the Field makes it timely for the publication of an article concerning this club to be published in "The Investigator." The article could highlight a photograph of the names of Possible Club members posted on the plaque at Quantico and the Possible Key Award. It could also highlight the history of the practical pistol course which was developed by the Bureau and is now a standard for police firearms training throughout the country.

RECOMMENDATION

That a future issue of the Investigator" include an article concerning the Possible Club.

1 - Mr. DeLoach

JWOB:kkf 🐰 🤈 (5) ·

det pack md: fab , 3-20-63.

FX-118

REC-5194-3-3-1981

(10 MAR 25 1963

62-26196 WHRCORDED COPY FILED IN

March 20, 1968

PERSONAL.

alt

NG-51 94-3-2-1981

A. H. Ch. 17 av.

b6

Mr. Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr.

Thank you very much for the suggestion that an article regarding the FBIKA Possible Club be included in a future issue of 'The Investigator.' I am indeed pleased to advise you this proposal has been adopted and steps will be taken to prepare such an item.

The thoughtfulness you displayed in submitting this idea for consideration is indeed appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

1, - Personnel file of SA

(5) (Suggestion #825-63 dated 3/15/63)

NOTE: Based on memorandum

Based on memorandum M. A. Jones to Mr. DeLoach, 3/15/63, re: Suggested Article For "The Investigator" On

Possible Club, JWOB:kkf.

177	
Tolson Belmont	
Mohr	
Casper	
Conrad	

Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen ___
Sullivan
Tavel ____
Trotter __

MAR 2 0 1963

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

1/1/2

TO S

THE COLUMN TO COLUMN THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

pt Recent

94-3-2-1989

May 1, 1963

PERSONAL

Federal Eureau of Investigation Newark, New Jersey

Dear

reprinting of the covers of the March, 1963, issue of 'Th' investigator," and the addition of the effective date to the reverse side or the lientorandum to all Investigative Employees" concerning the Ten Most Canted Fugitives Program. With respect to the first proposal, I argure you may be interested to know that a limited supply of the covere was printed for the purpose you envisioned and your Special Agent in Charge is being appropriately advised. It has been decided that your second idea should not be adopted since the memorandum was not designed for display on bulletin boards and further, the two sides are not always printed cimultaneously and to attempt to include the effective date on both might occasion some unnecessary delay in disseminating the communication.

Your thoughtfulness and interest in submitting these observations to me are indeed appreciated.

MAILED 30

MAY 1 1963

COMM-FBI

2 - SAC, Newark

1 Marin

Sincerely yours,

U. Edgar Hoover

1 - Suggestion file

1 - Field personnel file

The FBIRA has had reprint the March, 1963, issue of "The Investig	inted a small sup	ply of the cover	s of e field
offices. Because of the cost, the number of the information of the inf	er available is no tion was made.	ecessarily limite Should you desir	ed and re a few
dosen 3ureau. vallivan 1 - Personnel file of SA	b6	Coll En	, -

Trotter JER: pab 1. Suggestions #981-63 and #982-63 both dated 4-26-63) NOTE ON PAGE 2

OM TELETYPE UNIT

b6 b7C NOTE: #981-63 suggests front and back cover of March, 1963, issue of "The Investigator" be reprinted in form suitable for framing. As noted in reply to suggester and in note to SAC, Newark, this has already been done as far as practicable consistent with the cost of the reprints.

#982-63 suggests that effective date be added to reverse side of 'Memorandum to All Investigative Employees' which contains photographs and descriptive data on Ten Most Wanted Fugitives. The matter was discussed with Crime Records and Special Investigative Divisions which opposed idea. The memorandum was not designed for display on a bulletin board, there are individual posters for that purpose, so the addition of the effective date to the reverse side is unnecessary. Further, both sides are not always printed simultaneously hence to attempt to place effective date on both could delay dissemination of the memorandum. For these reasons idea is not being adopted.

••			#18163			
••	- -		1; 101		Date	4
	•*	'		-	4/26/63	
);		From: (\neg	Division of Assignment	
Director,	FBI	SA			NEWARK	
IGGESTION	•		$\overline{}$			
1		RE; "	investigator"	- March,	1963 - Issue.	
y)-	1963, iss be utiliz and Heral	al copies sue of the zed for d .dry of t	s of the fron ne "Investiga lisplay in fi	t and back tor" for t eld office	to the printing cover of the large framing purposes ss. The FBI Search and framed as	March, s to al
annont anget	an an rulo (Inglué	lo manual atta	tion as well as facts)			4
irrent practi	ce or rule (Includ	ie manuai cita	non ds well ds idcts)			30
	NA					拉 計
vantages o	f suggestion and	annual saving	s (include basis for es	timate)		1/8/
	Bureau pe	rsonnel.			public and to r	new
				~.	100	
			REC- 3	8	1-3-2-14	89
sad van tage	s of suggestion		REC- 3	8 Seed in 6 12		89
sad v an t ag e	s of suggestion	None kr			-3-2-19 5-2-19 Park	89
he use by th	ne United States	of my suggesti . I understandion.)	ton shall not form the h	6 5 (116)		by heirs, or tion is adopted
he use by th signs upon thin two yea	ne United States the United States	of my suggestis. I understandion.) X ts of Division I feel	ton shall not form the kand that I will be considered. Mr. Mrs. Mrs. Mitted this suggest	ored for	200 Park	tion is adopted

JJT/mpm (50

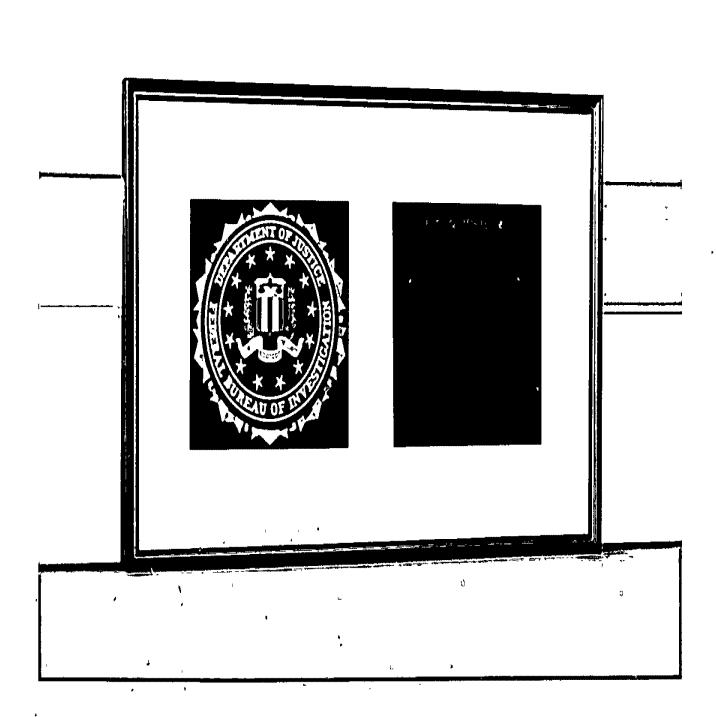
	•	(Title)	
,	1	(File No.)	
то:	DIDECTION TO T	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
-	DIRECTOR, FBI		
FROM:	SAC, NEWARK		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
SUBJ:	EMPLOYEE'S SUGGESTION		
ENC. (2)			
,	TWO PACTURES OF FBI SEA	AT.	

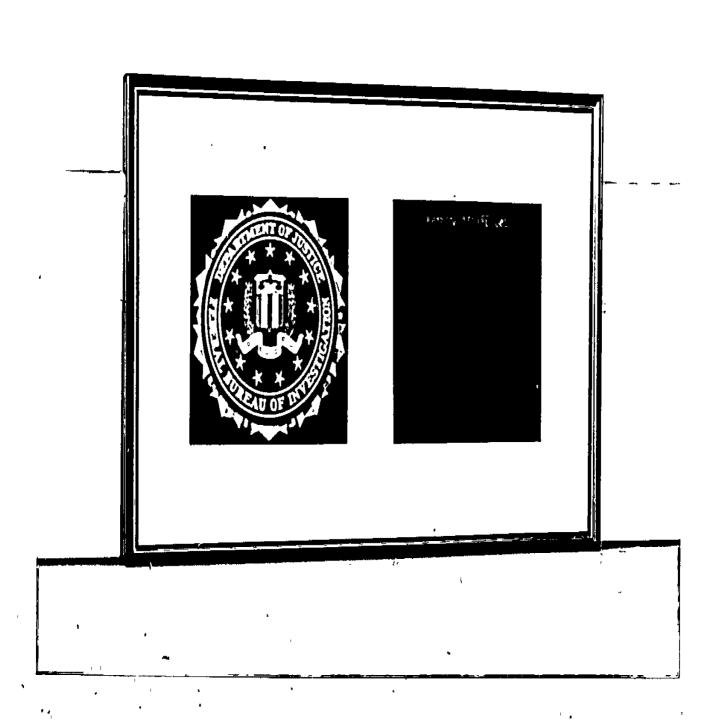
			-
			, , ,
·			
Disposition:	,		
			- •
•			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

14



94-3-2-1989





June 11, 1963

PERSONAL

REC- 89 94-3-2-1995

Federal Dureau of Investigation
Can Francisco, California

Den

REC'D-READING ROOM
F B T

Thank you very much for the suggestion that special tribute be given in a feature issue of "The Investigator" to all those employees who devote some of their spare time to coaching. Careful consideration is being afforded this proposal and you will be advised in the event it is adopted.

The interest you displayed in giving me the benefit of your observations on this matter is indeed appreciated.

Character 1			
0	888		4
PANCED 30	fante famen	COMM-FB	2
100	=======================================	8	1
-	in state of the	7	N

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

2 - FAC, San Francisco 1 - Field personnel file

1 - Euggestion file

1 - Personnel file of SA

ML:mll

b6 b7c

(6) (Suggestion #1100-63 dated 6/5/63)

NOTE:

Suggests feature issue of "The Investigator" give special tribute to all those FBI employees who devote some of their coaching

spare time to coaching.

Referred to the Crime Records Division, by request, for

views and recommendations.

Casper ______
Callahan _____
Conrad _____

DeLoach _____ Evans ____

Rosen ____ Sullivan ____ Tavel ____

25 1963

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Jan 19 1

b6 b7C

-	-r	
Emplo	yee 'Sug	gestion
FD-25	2⊷Rev.	9-11-59)



Date	

6/5/63

A			0/ 5/ 05	
To: Director, FBI	From: (Suggestation and)		Division of Assignment San Francisco	b6 b7
to all th to coachi featuring who have some sort Babe Ruth organized Director those who benefit o	a photograph and bri coached office gun cl of organized league	devote so vided into ef comment ubs, those teams, such e various oly be used include a lafice their the many comes in c	me of their spa separate secti regarding thos who have coach h as Little Lea symbols of thes as a cover. T etter commendin own time for t qualities that	re time ons e men ed gue, e he s he a ith
Current practice or rule (Incl	ude manual citation as well as facts)			· · ·
\	of material submitted	by indivi	dual offices.	4
	d annual savings (include basis for early advantages.	stimate)	10.	
				7 1963
Disadvantages of suggestion None.	•			
	s of my suggestion shall not form the es. I understand that I will be consideration.) Mr. Mrs. Mrs.			sted SA.
Recommendations and comme The sugges a deservir	stion appears timely	and would a	give recognition	n to
3 - Bureau	Mens Caster Mola, 6/17/6			1999
2 - San Fr	rancisco (1 - 66-1748)		Ø

SF 66-1748 JFS/cmp/af

the publicity given to the few cheats and chiselers who have attempted to get players to shave a few points in basketball or football games, such a statement by the Director would also be an encouragement to the men and women helping in coaching. It will cause them to realize that since most of their team members do not have the skill or opportunity to become one of the small minority, who will compete on teams in colleges or high schools, they may probably be the last ones to instill in the participants desire to continually strive for excellence because it may be their last opportunity to participate in organized physical endeavor with a team. This article might include small photographs which are available to the Bureau and the organizational coaching affiliations could be requested from each office or taken from personnel status forms to place under the photograph.

OPITUAL FORM TIO. 10
MAY 1942 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Mohr

J. J. Casper

SUBJECT:

TO

FROM

THE INVESTIGATOR

SUGGESTION #1100-63 SUBMITTED BY SAN FRANCISCO

Toison
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

b7C

FBI employees who devote some of their spare time to coaching. The article could be divided into separate sections featuring a photograph and brief comment regarding those men who have coached office gun clubs, those who have coached some sort of organized league teams, such as Little League, Babe Ruth or church teams. The various symbols of these organized leagues could probably be used as a cover. The Director might be willing to include a letter commending those who are willing to sacrifice their own time for the benefit of others. Small photographs of personnel involved might also be included in the article.

DATE: 6/17/63

CURRENT PRACTICE: Material submitted by individual offices is used for articles.

OBSERVATIONS: SAC Lynum, San Francisco, advised the suggestion appeared timely and would give recognition to a deserving group.

The Crime Records Division advised it would be difficult to compress all of the names of employees who are or have participated in coaching activity of one type or another into one feature-length article. On numerous occasions, items have been printed in the sports section or in other sections of the magazine concerning coaching activities of Bureau employees and this will continue to be done as these articles are received. The idea of a feature article regarding this subject will be considered for some time in the future; however, the article would have to be limited in some way--perhaps to a specific area such as Little League coaching or something similar.

The Training Division recommends this suggestion not be adopted. It is felt the problems involved, in attempting to prepare an article which would encompass the activities of all employees who contribute their spare time to coaching activities, make this idea too broad for use in "The Investigator." The present practice of printing articles from the individual offices is the better procedure.

6 JUN 19 1963

RECOMMENDATION:

That the suggestion not be adopted. On approval, no further action is necessary with regard to the suggester

as he has been thanked by prior letter.

1ML:paby 5 111N 24 1983 2115 0116

Diele Trait

WSAFT BOOK

COMMENTS OF CRIME RECORDS DIVISION RE SUGGESTION #1100-63 PROPOSING FEATURE ARTICLE IN INVESTIGATOR ON COACHING ACTIVITIES OF BUREAU EMPLOYEES. AFH:

This suggestion has merit, however we feel that the very large number of Bureau employees who are or have participated in coaching activity of one type or another would make it difficult to compress all of the names into one feature length article.

We have on numerous occasions printed items in the sports section or in other sections of the magazine concerning coaching activities of Bureau employees and we will continue to print items of this type as we receive them.

We will also consider a feature article on this topic for some time in the future. However, we feel that the article will have to be limited in some way-perhaps to a specific area such as Little League coaching or something similar.

Charles Boy, Ashings,

Day Markey

94-3-2-1996 ENCLOSURE - 1996

Emp!	loye	Q.	Sug	ges	tion
100-2	25/2	(R	ev.	9-1	1-59



	<i>9</i>	χ,	Dαte	
			6-17-63	
To:	From (Suggestante name)	1	Division of Assignment	b6
Director, FBI			SPRINGFIELD	.b7
SUGGESTION				
to all U. S into two is tion relati presented t If the above	e program is thought	Division. would submitereafter a to be of m	(This could post photographs, copy of the isserit, the AUSAs	ssibly go informa- sue be could
also be inc District Ju	luded and also the s	ame could b	e done for all	Š.
Current practice or rule (Inclu	de manual citation as well as facts)		
` None				OL BY
Advantages of suggestion and	l annual savings (include basis for e	estimate)		/ 8
For promoti	ng goodwill and clos	er liaison.		
				7
Disadvantages of suggestion				•
None				
		dered for any j	claim of any nature by me,	ted b6 b7
Recommendations and commen				
	ent suggestion and c rit' de corps betwee			
	much contact each			
such an article s	hould have considera	able K	* John K	
POAGET INTEREST W (Do not write in this space - f	then these issues are dor Bureau use only) dissemina	ted to the	islandent in Cl	narge
·noll	-N Cill	1 94-3		Str. Market
1. 1. 16 th 11 the	MINITED THE	5 7 7 7	Company bearing the second	William
din the most	1/18/6. E	X-J12	- IIIN 20 1963	CO.
D Bureau Menno	νι· 		12 0011 20	11, 130
Springfield (Po	ersonnel File)			

AEC.194-3-2-1998

Juna 24, 1003 PERSONAL

> b6 b7C

b6

Lederal Eureau of In	vestigation
Coringitold, Illinois	•
	7

Lear

Thank you very much for the suggestion that an asue of "The investigator" be dedicated to all United Ctates attorneys in each division and possibly extended to include certain other individuals. This proposal is being carefully considered and I will let you know in the event it is adopted.

The interest which prompted you to bring this mutter to my attention is indeed appreciated.

> Sincerely yours, L. Edgar Hooven

1 - Field Personnel File 2 - SAC, Springfield 1 - Suggestion File

1 - Personnel file of WML:pab - wife

(6) (Suggestion #1124-63 dated 6/17/63)

Suggests an issue of "The Investigator" be dedicated to all NOTE: U. S. Attorneys in each division and copies presented to each one. If this program has merit, suggester proposes it be extended to include AUSAs and U. S. District Judges.

Referred to the Crime Records Division, by request, for views and recommendations.

.JUL 1 0 1963

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Belmont Mohr Casper

Callahan Conrad BeLoach Evans Gale

Toller . aja, Room OPTIONAL FORM PQ. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GERNMENT

Memorandum

11/0

Mr. Mohr

DATE: 6/28/63

FROM

J. J. Casper

SUBJECT:

THE INVESTIGATOR

SUGGESTION #1124-63 SUBMITTED BY

| SPRINGFIELD OFFICE

Toison
Belmont
Mont
Cast
Cationan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

SUGGESTION: That an issue of "The Investigator" be dedicated to all U. S. Attorneys (USAs) in each field office. This could possibly be done by using two separate issues of the publication. Each office would submit names, photographs, informative material regarding each attorney for use in these write-ups. A copy of the issue would be presented to each USA appearing in the publication.

<u>ADVANTAGE</u>: Suggester feels adoption of this procedure will promote goodwill and closer liaison between the FBI and the USAs.

OBSERVATIONS: SAC Gibbons, Springfield, felt this was an excellent idea and could result in the creation of a fine cooperative spirit between the FBI and USAs. Since there is so much contact between Bureau agents and USAs, proposed article should have considerable reader interest when these issues are disseminated to the USAs.

Crime Records Division advised we have from time to time included photograph in "The Investigator" concerning activities of some USAs and we will continue this practice whenever a photograph is received which would be of interest to employees throughout the Bureau. They did not, however, feel that a feature article devoted entirely to photographs of USAs and their staffs throughout the country would be appropriate for the magazine since this would involve a large number of inevitably dull photographs of people who are, individually, total strangers to practically all the readers of "The Investigator." The space devoted to feature articles should be devoted to topics of greater interest to FBI employees

The Training Division agrees with these views as presented by the Crime Records Division. This magazine is published for the benefit of our employees and it is felt items such as proposed would hold little interest for the majority of our employees since they would not know these individuals.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the suggestion not be adopted—On approval, no further action is necessary with regard to the suggester

as she was thanked by prior letter.'

ML:pab xerox

มม่เ ิล 1963

Plan

T

COMMENTS OF CRIME RECORDS DIVISION RE SUGGESTION #1124-63 PROPOSING THAT FEA-TURE ARTICLE BE RUN IN "THE INVESTIGATOR" ON UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS. AFH: ea

We have from time to time included photos in "The Investigator" concerning activities of some United States Attorneys and we will continue this practice whenever we receive a photo which would have interest for employees throughout the Bureau.

We do not feel that a feature article devoted entirely to photos of USA's and their staffs throughout the country would be appropriate for the magazine since this would involve a large number of inevitably dull photos of people who are, individually, total strangers to practically all the readers of "The Investigator."

We feel the space devoted to feature articles should be devoted to topics of greater general interest to FBI employees.

which pleases

DAM

Interpreted

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT lemorandum 7/11/63 DATE: DIRECTOR, FBI SAC, NEW YORK THREE SUGGESTIONS SUBMITTED BY b6 b7C NEW YORK OFFICE The attached three suggestions are being submitted under one cover inasmuch as they all deal with items to appear in FBI publications. has pointed out that characters and jokes SA should not be duplicated as they were taken from local magazines to serve as models. Reasonable original cartoon characters should be substituted, the underlying format being the real basis for his suggestions. The puzzle was originated by him and may be used if desired. OInvelly Mor ETTO, PETTUD PILE REC 9 2[∠]Bureau (Encls. 1-New York EJM:mcm (3) UNRECORDED COPY FILED JUL 17 1963

#3/64

Dαte July 8, 1963

To: Director, FBI	From: (Suggester's name)	Division		
Director, FBI			of Assignment	.b6
		NE I	YYORK	b7
which sound on polipersonalities, civing received, a contest over a six-month political A format a SOLUTIONS by SHYLL providing comic-re	gested that a monthly crossitical history, current evics, etc., be introduced it could be conducted with eriod being awarded certifisuch as the enclosed under OCK" becoming a permanent lief to a very worthwhile twill submit monthly puzze o so.	ents, gepgraphy, goven the "Investigator' individuals having cicates. lying theme (see Roufixture; the characterideavor.	vernment, government. If successfully perfect solution agh Draft #2) with terization of "SHY.	IOCK ⁿ
\ f				လ ပြုံ
Current practice or rule (Incl.	ude manual citation as well as facts)		S	
Curren	tly no such practice		A8 5 8	-10t
Advantages of suggestion an	d annual savings (include basis for est	imate)	60 5 5	H2 0
orig	been brought to their att inal fashion at no additio oyee is a better employee"	nal expense to the		
			21	
Disadvantages of suggestion			<u> </u>	
Disadvantages of suggestion	None		<u> </u>	
(The use by the United States	None s of my suggestion shall not form the bes. I understand that I will be conside	red for	<i>9</i> [1 b6 b70
(The use by the United States assigns upon the United State	None s of my suggestion shall not form the bes. I understand that I will be consident in the bestion.) Mr. Mrs. Mi	red for	3-2-20	
(The use by the United States assigns upon the United State within two years after submis	None s of my suggestion shall not form the bes. I understand that I will be considersion.) Mr. Mrs. Mi	ss -	3-2-20 ENCLOSURE	

#3364

Dαte

JULI 2, 1963 hh To: Division of Assignment NEW YORK b7C Director, FBI SUGGESTION For format purposes only, utilizing the underlying theme in submitted Rough Draft #1: that a monthly display such as Rough Draft #1 featuring a lesson each month from "SHANGHAT SAM" which would concern the submissions of suggestions te the FBI Suggestion Program, be placed in the Investigator each month, "SHANGHAI SAM" in time to become a fixture such as "Alexanda" the Mouse. Submitted as a method to sustain employee appeal in a creditable program. Costly collateral Suggestion Posters can be eliminated at a saving to the Bureau. Current practice or rule (Include manual citation as well as facts) Suggestion Posters utilized Advantages of suggestion and annual savings (include basis for estimate) Stimulate en a continuing basis employee appeal in a creditable prograf Reduce necessity of collateral poster displays at a saving to Bureau. Disadvantages of suggestion None (The use by the United States of my suggestion shall not form the basis e, my heirs, or assigns upon the United States. I understand that I will be considered if gestion is adopted b7C within two years after submission.) Mr. Mrs. Miss Signature and Title of Suggester Recommendations and comments of Division Head Recommended (Do not write in this space - for Bureau use only)

July 16, 1983 94-3-2- 1000 PERSONAL b7C Federal Bureau of Investigation New York. New York Dear I have received your four suggestions regarding revisions of the field routing slip and three instructive and entertaining features for 'The Investigator and the FLI Law Inforcement bulletin. With respect to the idea about routing alips, it has been decided that it should not be adopted since the present format is better suited to the purposes for which the form was created. Your other three suggestions are being considered by the appropriate divisions and you will be adviced if they 🖼 adopted. I want to thank you for the interest which ied to submit these suggestions to me. fincerely yours. 2 - SAC, New York 1 - Field personnel file 1 - Suggestion file 1 - Personnel file of SA JER: pab (Suggestions #31-64; #32164; #33-64 dated 7/8/63, and #36-64 dated 7/11/63)

E: #36-64 proposes revision of routing slip (FD-4) to permit its (6) Tolson Belmont . NOTE: Mohr . reuse from two to 10 times thereby saving as much as \$7,500. Casper Callahan Conrad DeLoach Assistant Director Malone of New York-opposed adoption noting Evans Gale that personnel of Chief Clerk's Office felt proposed forms would increase chance Bosen Sullivan XEROX Tavel Trotter SEE PAGE TWO Tele. Room JUL 17 1363 (1801) Holmes MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT



of erroneous routing, made no provision for inter-office use, would virtually eliminate notation space on the front, and probably would not withstand suggested usage. They felt maximum conceivable saving would be \$2,250. Training Division agrees and feels the proposed form would generate confusion. A routing slip is, as name implies, merely to forward items not to replace a letter.

#31-64; #32-64; and #33-64 all refer to features for inclusion in "The Investigator" and/or "FBI Law Enforcement Bulletin" and are referred to Crime Records Division for views and recommendations. Training Division is also considering #33-64 as it relates to Suggestion Program.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO

Mr. Mohr

DATE: 7/19/63

FROM

J. J. Casper

SUBJECT:

THE INVESTIGATOR

F.B.I. L.E.B.

SUGGESTIONS #31-64, #32-64 AND #33-64

SUBMITTED BY SA

NEW YORK OFFICE

Mohr Casper Callah Conrad DeLoach Evans Gale Rosen Sullivan Tavel Trotter Tele, Room Holmes Gandy

SUGGESTIONS: That a crossword puzzle featuring questions concerning political history, current events, geography, government, government personalities, civics, etc., be introduced in "The Investigator." A contest could be conducted with individuals in having a perfect solution for a six-month period being awarded certificates.

That a display featuring a lesson each month from a caricature named 'Shanghai Sam' concerning the submission of suggestions to the Suggestion Program be placed in "The Investigator" each month. In this way, posters which are now distributed. could be eliminated.

That "Helpful Hints" currently featured in the FBI Law Enforcement Bulletin (LEB) be complemented by a cartoon feature entitled "Suggestions by Shylock" to convey general and useful information concerning law enforcement work.

buggester felt suggestion regarding crossword puzzle would stimulate employee thinking by bringing to their attention items of which they might ware.

The display in "The Investigator" received the employees of ADVANTAGES: Suggester felt suggestion regarding crossword puzzle would stimulate otherwise be unaware.

The display in "The Investigator" regarding the Suggestion Program would stimulate ideas from employees on a continuing basis and eliminate the need for posters regarding this program.

A comic-type approach to instructional material concerning law enforcement work would provide a light touch to the LEB.

OBSERVATIONS: Assistant Director Malone, New York, recommended adoption of all three suggestions.

Bufile 94-3 Sub 1

ML:pab pat

(3)

6 PANCS

24 JUL 24 1963EE PAGE TWO

Memo to Mr. Mohr

Re: Suggestions #31-64, #32-64 and #33-64

Crime Records Division advised each of these suggestions duplicate features or activities already being carried in "The Investigator" or the LEB on either regular or irregular schedules. Material similar to that submitted by suggester is frequently received by both publications in the form of contributions. Rather than consider the material submitted by SA as suggestions, this division felt they shou by the considered as contributions to the magazines and consideration would be given by the Editors of the magazines to inclusion in future issue.

The Training Division feels these ideas duplicate features already in these publications; offer no improvement over what is in use; and it is felt they would add nothing to these publications. As far as the item regarding the Suggestion Program is concerned, it is felt this article would supplant the present posters but quite probably would be more costly and offer no particular advantages over them.

RECOMMENDATION:

That these three suggestion not be adopted. On approval, no further action is necessary with regard to the suggester. He was thanked by prior letter.

Well sup

COMMENTS OF CRIME RECORDS DIVISION RE
SUGGESTIONS 31-64. 32-64 and 33-64 OF
NY, PROPOSING
REGULAR CRUSSWORD PUZZLE AND CARTOON
FEATURES FOR THE INVESTIGATOR AND THE
LAW ENFORCEMENT BULLETIN. AFH:

Each of these suggestions duplicate features or activities already being carried in "The Investigator" or the "Law Enforcement Bulletin" on either regular or irregular schedules. Material similar to that submitted by SA is frequently received by both publications in the form of contributions. Rather than consider the material sent by as suggestions, it should be considered a contribution to the magazines and consideration will be given by the Editors of the magazines to inclusion of the material in future issues.

Jai 16 1 as mission to the country of the country o

memo Casper to mohi, mx: pat, 19-63. orene - Ale

b6 b7C

b6 b7C

Tolson Relmont Mohr . Casper Callahan Gale Sullivan Tavel Trotter Tele. Room Holmes

SAC, Tampa, advised that during a recent contact with the wife of deceased SA Francis J. Flannery, the widow expressed deep appreciation to the Director for having furnished her a copy of the August, 1963, issue of "The Investigator." This was the issue which contained an "In Memoriam" concerning her husband. She requested additional copies of the magazine so that the memorials could be removed and framed as keepsakes for her five children.

The SAC assumed that similar requests had been received in the past, and he suggests that the Bureau consider printing a limited number of specially prepared copies of "In Memoriam" in the future, leaving the reverse side blank to make them more suitable for framing. He feels that families of

It is our current policy to send copies of "The Investigator" containing such memorials to appropriate relatives, and while we receive some requests for additional copies, we have not previously been asked for "In Memoriam" suitable for framing. This would appear to be a rare practice, and it is not felt we should engage the problems of a special printing each month on the strength of this one request. Should a similar request be received in the future, it can be satisfactorily handled by furnishing copies of the magazine, as was done in the case of Mrs. Flannery. A reserve of past issues is currently maintained to fill such requests.

DISCORDANDADO A MITORIO

RECOMMENDATIONS:	
	n on the suggestion that we print special
copies of "In Memoriam" for framing.	EC-54 94-3-2-2012
the state of the s	EX-117 12 Aug 30 1963
2. That the attached lette	r to Tampa be approved and sent.
Enclosure seed 8-27-8	/ Shi V. Plant
CBF: vcs [95] [963]	PERS. REC. UNIT

"UNITED STATES GOY

emoranaum

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE:

8/23/63

CRIME RESEARCH SECTION

The OTHER

SUBJECT:

SA FRANCIS J. FLANNERY

DECEASED

Mrs. FLANNERY was contacted in connection with her late husband's claim, at which time she commented that the Director had sent her a copy of the Investigator, of which she was most deeply appreciative. She related that having been part of the FBI family for so long, she was very moved by the receipt of the Investigator, and more so by the touching memorium set forth on Page 31.

Mrs. FLANNERY made a request that if additional copies of Page 31 are available, she would appreciate having copies for FRANK's brother and two sisters, as well as her two sisters. In addition, she would like to have copies to frame for her children, as she felt they would deeply cherish a framed memorium at a later date.

I assume that this problem has arisen in the past. not, it is suggested that extra copies of the Investigator be made of any memorium, as it is felt the family would be most appreciative of receiving same. It is felt that by printing extra pages, leaving the reverse side unprinted, this would make the memorium more suitable for framing. This is not being instituted as a regular suggestion, as it deals primarily with the functions of the FBIRA.

Any assistance you can render in this regard would be greatly appreciated.

· Bureau 1 - Tampa

RJP: pd

M.A. The & De Frach Memo

CBFIVES 8-27-63

Carried Carrie

REC. 128

B SEP 4 1963

Director, FBI

b6 b7C

REQUEST FOR "THE INVESTIGATOR"

Rearlet 8/23/63.

In response to your request, ten copies of the August, 1963, issue of "The Investigator" are being forwarded to vour office under separate cover. They may be furnished Consideration has been given your suggestion that in the future copies of "In Lamoriam" be prepared in a manner suitable for framing. This is the only request of this nature the Eureau recalls, and the demand for such copies would not appear to justify the special printing.

Callahan . Conrad DeLoach Evans.

Gale Sullivan Tavel ale. Room

Tolson Belmont Mohr Casper Callahan	NOTE: See cover memorandum M. A. Jones to DeLoach dated 8/27/63, captioned: "The Investigator, Suggestion Concerning In Memoriam."
	III MEMOI Iam.

CBF:alk

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

*33+64

Date 11/6/63

				• • •	
To: Director, FBI	Fro			Division of Assignment NAVI YORK	bd dd
SUGGESTION	Ļ <u></u>				
It is my perintrol in the present page ting in	duced as gator"; torial i arious P ident fe so as t the quiz	a new feature or this in an effor- mage, with some of residents of the atured each month o test the recolu	n a more to far to far to far United n is to lection	be disclosed on a of the viewer party. VELAND, 22nd Pres	loyees i, e of a differ- rticipa-
Current practice or rule (Incl.	ude manual cit	ation as well as facts)			#1111
No such	ı feature	presented in the	e Inves	tigator at present	
Advantages of suggestion an	d annual savino	gs (include basis for estimate)		
some bi the Uni	ographic ted Stat	al information, o	with the	ne pictorial image various Presidents	
Disadvantages of suggestion					91
		None			in by an
				<i>E</i>	7 1/3
(The use by the United States assigns upon the United State within two years after submis	es. I understar ssion.)	tion shall not form the basis of that I will be considered fo	of a further c r any justifi	laim of any nature by me, my hed award only if my suggestion Signature and Title of Suggeste	is adopted 1
Recommendations and commendations and commendati	ed for th It is n of the	e consideration of known how adappublication.	of the ptable	editorial staff stais suggestion we suggestion we suggestion we suggest the state of the state o	f the ould
ng let in 1-15 to the	Salada ase	11/3/63:11/3 REC.	A5 11 1	NOV 12 1963	Ť

Enclosed also is a "Fact Finder Wheel" which is being included to assist the Reproduction Unit in setting forth biographical data on each President.

It is requested that all enclosures after suitable copies have been made, be eventually returned to this Agent as said enclosures were acquired at some expense.

endomen detached in Crime Rec. for "gracestyators" 11-15-63. LEH. REC-494-3-2-2027

EX-103

November 13, 1963 -

PERSONAL :

	ъ6 ъ7с
Federal Bureau of Investigation	D10
New York, New York	
Dear 50 13	
÷ 55	
Your suggestion has been received that a quiz	
entitled "Know Your President?" be introduced as a new feature	
in "The Investigator." It is a pleasure for me to advise you the	
basic idea embodied in your proposal is being adopted subject = to alteration and change which may be necessary to adapt it b	
to alteration and change which may be necessary to adapt it to 🚊 the format of this publication.	
I appreciate your interest in submitting your	
X MAXX MAXIMIZATION TO THE COLUMN SUBMITTED FOR THE SUBMITTED FOR	
Maximaxomaximax axioneen an aria aria aria aria aria aria aria	
observations to me on this matter.	
MARLED 11 Sincerely yours,	
110V 1 1983 A Compensation of the Edgar Hoover A Significant Hoover A	
OCTUBER OF THE STATE OF THE STA	
TIME TO THE TOTAL THE TOTA	
& 2 - SAC, New York 1 - Field personnel file	
1 - Suggestion file	b6
D (2 1) - Personnel file of SA	b7C
WML:mlf ml	يستويم كمريك لمزيم
(6) (Suggestion #334-64 dated 11/6/63)	
olson NOTE: Suggests a quiz entitled "Know Your President?" be	11
introduced as a new feature on a monthly basis in "T	ne vec and
Investigator. "This would familiarize employees with pictorial images of the brief biographical sketch of the warious Phesidents of the U.S. The	name
of the President featured each month to be disclosed on a different pale	page to
been ————— test the recollection of the viewer participating in the quiz.	
ovel	
SEE PA	GE TWO

NOTE CONTINUED

Crime Records Division recommended adoption but advised certain adaptations in the make-up and printing may be necessary. This division felt suggestion had possibilities and the Training Division concurs. On approval, this letter will serve as authority for the Crime Records Division to take appropriate action.

UNITED STATES GOVER

emorandum

: MR. TAVEL TO

: L. E. SHORT FROM

DATE: 2-13-64

Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Γαvel
Frotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

O

a

SUBJECT: REHABILITATION PROGRAM

RECORDS BRANCH

DESCRIPTION OF FILE: 94-3-2 THE INVESTIGATOR

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIX IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8-18-82 BYSP4 ELW/Cal

The attached file has been called to our attention by personnel in the Consolidation Unit. It consists of 20 sections beginning in 1936. Much of the material is outdated, not of a policy nature and of no historical value, and should be considered for destruction.

Types of mail suggested for destruction are:

- 1. Letters, over three years old, transmitting copies of the Investigator to prominent individuals, and their acknowledgments thereof. (Serials 294 through 299)
- 2. Letters submitting material for publication in the Investigator. Current Routing Unit rule is that "any material addressed to Investigator is sent unopened to Crime Research". (Serials 214, 235, 236, 243, 244, 271)
- 3. Memoranda, over three years old, which forwarded to the Editorial Board for approval proof copies of the Investigator and "roughs" of proposed covers. Note: the enclosure is removed before memo is sent to file. (Serials 1682, 1685, 1690, 1695)
- 4. Requests, over three years old, from individuals not in the employ of the Bureau, for copies of the Investigator, and the replies to these requests. (Serials 282, 291)
- 5. Memoranda, over three years old, attaching for approval "In Memoriam" pages to be included in the Investigator. Note: the enclosure is removed before memo is sent to file. (Serials 1674, 1698)
- 6. Miscellaneous copies, over three years old, originals of which are in other main files. (Serials 292X, 299X)

(Continued on page 2)

SEE ADDENDUM BY CRIME RECORDS DIVISION
NEXT PAGE 14-3-2-20

VAVAA: 1mb (3) Enclosures 3

12

Marine Charles and

60 FEB 26 1964 1964



SZ FEB 20 1964

MEMO TO TAVEL
RE - REHABILITATION PROGRAM

It is requested that the Crime Records Division review the Investigator file to determine if any reason exists which would preclude destruction of the specific types of material listed above. A notation advising of the decision reached may be placed on this memorandum and returned to the Consolidation Unit of the Records Branch, Room 7231.

RECOMMENDATION:

For referral to the Crime Records Division.

51,4 2/1.4

ADDENDUM:

ORM:jlk 2-19-64)

The Crime Records Division has no objection to the destruction of the material described. In addition, Crime Records recommends the destruction of copies of 'The Investigator' sent as enclosures to administrative memoranda.

Le plant

Su

(Do not write in this space - for Bureau use only).

March 0, 1964

PERSONAL

REC 594-3-2-2046

Federal Bureau of Investigation New York, New York

Dear

Your suggestion has been received concerning a new feature for inclusion in "The Investigator." Your proposal has been referred to the appropriate division for consideration and you will be advised if a favorable decision is reached.

I appreciate the imagination and interest you displayed in submitting this idea to me.

MAILED 10

MAR 9 - 1964

COMM-EBI

Sincerely yours,

Edgar Rechast

2 - SAC, New York

1 - Suggestion file

1 - Field personnel filè

1 - Personnel file of SA

JER:mlf

NOTE:

(6) (Suggestion #668-64 dated 2/28/64)

Suggests new quiz feature entitled, "What American Said It?" be added to "The Investigator."

Tolson Belmont Mohr recommendations. Casper Callahan

Conrad DeLoach Evans Gale Rosen Sullivan Tavel Trotter Tele. Room Holmes

Referred to Crime Records Division for views and

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

b6 b7C OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 UNITED STATES GO

Memorandum

11

Mr. Mo

J. J. Casper

DATE: 3/18/64

Troffer Tele. Room Holmes

b6

b7C

Gandy

FROM

SUBJECT:

INVESTIGATOR

SUGGESTION #668-64 SURMITTED BY

NEW YORK

SUGGESTION: Suggests that the 'Investigator' staff give consideration to a new feature entitled "What American Said It?" Each month three (3) famous quotations would appear and the readers could determine the identities of the persons who made the quotations. The answers would appear on a different page.

CURRENT PRACTICE: No such feature appears in the "Investigator."

ADVANTAGES: This would stimulate an appreciation of our American Heritage through

the words of its citizens from 1776 to today.

DISADVANTAGES: None.

Assistant Director Malone of the New York Office believes this OBSERVATIONS: suggestion merits consideration.

Crime Records Division states "The Investigator" currently carries "Close up Quiz" and regularly runs anagrams, puzzles and mathematical-type problems. We have a good supply of these items on hand, and plans have been made to print the "Know Your President" guiz and a series of puzzles from the Cryptanalysis Section later this year. All of these "featurettes" are similar to the one suggested, and the addition at this time of another puzzle would make the magazine top-heavy with quiz items. Crime Records recommends this suggestion not be adopted at this time.

Training Division concurs with Crime Records Division and feels that the adoption of this suggestion would tend to make "The Investigator" top-heavy with quiz items.

RECOMMENDATION: Suggestion not be adopted. On approval, no further action is necessary as receipt of this idea was previously acknowled

JHG:mlf (2)

REG-44

COMMENTS OF CRIME RECORDS DIVISION (DRM: vcs 3-9-64) SUGGESTION #668-64

"The Investigator" currently carries "Close-up Quiz" and regularly runs anagrams, puzzles and mathematical-type problems. We have a good supply of these items on hand, and plans have been made to print the "Know Your President" quiz and a series of puzzles from the Cryptanalysis Section later this year. All of these "featurettes" are similar to the one suggested, and the addition at this time of another puzzle would make the magazine top-heavy with quiz items. Therefore, Crime Records recommends this suggestion not be adopted at this time.

94-3-212050

EXCLOSURE

Dαte To: Division of Assignment From: (Suggester's name) Director, FBI MIN YORK SUGGESTION That a new monthly item be featured in the "INVESTIGATOR"; the feature being a monthly "METERY" CUIZ - "WHO AL I?", more or less on the order of the enclosed sample. The "QUIZ" will set forth biographical data pertaining to some historic person; this persons identity revealed at another page. In this fashion historical personages can be remembered in an attractive manner allowing for a uniquely intereging while challenging feature, something I feel certain most readers will enjoy. This Agent can and will furnish any biographical backgrounds desired in an effort to assist the "INVESTIGATOR" staff in this regard, if desired. Current practice or rule (Include manual citation as well as facts) No such feature presented Advantages of suggestion and annual savings (include basis for estimate) This feature I feel confident, will add depth and interest to the TIVESTIGATOR", while allowing Bureau employees to enjoy the advantage of refreshing their historical recollections. Disadvantages of suggestion None (The use by the United States of my suggestion shall not form the basi assigns upon the United States. I understand that I will be considered within two years after submission.) Mr. Mrs. Miss Recommendations and comments of Division Head Editors of "Investigator" may wish to consider above suggestion. NYO hable to evaluate value to the magazine. Signature and Title (Do not write in this space - for Bureau use only) **&** 1964

MYSTERY QUIZ

"WHO AM IT

I was born in 1599 and was one of the Pilgrim

Fathers.

In 1620 I sailed as a cooper in the Mayflower and settled at Duxbury, Massachusetts where for more than 40 years I served as Magistrate and sometimes as acting Governor. In 1623 I married Priscilla Mullins whom I had originally courted for my friend Miles Standish. I died at Duxbury, September 12, 1687 at the age of eighty-eight....."WHO AM I?"

(see over for answer)

April 10. 1964 PERSONAL

11 94-3-2-2056

b6

Federal Eureau of Investigation New York. New York

Dear

I have received your suggestion in which you propose a historical quiz be added to "The Investigator." Thile year interest is appreciated, it has been decided that your idea should not be adopted. We already have a cubatantial supply of similar items on hand for inclusion in future issues of the magazine to maintain a proper balance in the format so that the contents will be as appealing as possible to the varied tastes of its readers.

Although it was not adopted. I want to thank you for your thoughtfulness in submitting this suggestion to me.

MAILED S APR 10 1964

COMM-FBI

Sincerely yours,

. Edgar Hoover

2 - SAC. New York

1 - Suggestion file

1 - Field personnel file

1 - Personnel file of SA

JER:mlf MV

(6) (Suggestion #774-64 dated 4/6/64)

NOTE:

Suggests quiz, "Who Am I?" be included in "The

Investigator."

Matter was discussed with Crime Records Division

which advised it has large backlog of such items which are included

SEE PAGE TWO

Belmont Mohr . Casper Callahan

Conrad Evans Gale

Rosen Sullivan Tavel

Trotter

NOTE CONTINUED:

in format as need demands to keep contents from becoming topheavy with any one type and appealing to widely divergent tastes. They currently carry "Close-up Quiz," anagrams, puzzles, and mathematical-type problems and plan to add "Know Your President Quiz" (which was also a suggestion of and cryptanalytic puzzles later this year. For these reasons idea not being adopted.

b6 b7C

E1	
Employee	ggestion
FD-252	v. 9-11-59
FD-232	A. A-II-2A



#782-64 4/8/64 To: Division of Assignment From: (Suggester's name) b7C NEW YORK Director, FBI SUGGESTION That the enclosed "Sample" feature "THE PROFESSOR SPEAKS" be introduced on a monthly basis in the "INVESTIGATOR"; each month the "Exam" to be "Vertical to be "Investigation". based on a different topic (eg: Government, Civics, History etc.). This Agent is amenable to assist the "INVESTIGATOR" staff in preparing suitable topics and comments, if such assistance is required. Current practice or rule (Include manual citation as well as facts) No such feature Advantages of suggestion and annual savings (include basis for estimate) The introduction of a stimulating, challenging and informative feature which may give added depth and advantage to the "INVESTIGATOR", while presenting informative material in a uniquely interesting and enjoyable fashion. Disadvantages of suggestion None (The use by the United States of my suggestion shall not form the basis of irs, or assigns upon the United States. I understand that I will be considered for s adopted .b6 within two years after submission.) b7C Mr. Mrs. Miss Recommendations and comments of Division Head Editors of "Investigator" may wish to consider. NYO not in position to fully populate.

SAMPLE

THE PROFESSOR SPEAKS:

(This MONTH'S Topic:
ASIAN GEPGRAPHICAL ITEMS

EXAM

1.	rnat lamous "Wonder of the World" is located in the City of Agra
2.	The fabulous "Sleeping Budha" is located in the City of
3.	The most famous park in Japan is located in the City of
Ŀ.	The capitol of Korea is
5.	The deadly HABU snake, akin to the Cobra family, is found on the Island of
6.	The "GINZA" is a Street; it is located in the City of
7.	The Tiger Balm Gardens can be photographed while visiting
8.	Macao is a colony of
9.	Kammakura, a City in Japan, is noted for its giant size
10	The largest City in Burma is

Students! Check the correct answers and "your" grade, together with the "Professors" comments regarding your score on Page......

94-3-2-7058

THE WATER OF .

Answers to "The Professor Speaks" Exam:

- 1. Taj Mahal (India)
- 2. Bangkok (Thailand)
- 3. Mara
- 4. Seoul
- 5. Okinawa 6. Tokyo (Japan)

All ten coprect

- 7. Hong Kong (British Crown Colony)
- 8. Portugal
- Budha
- 10 Rangoon

"Professors Consents"

"Too Bad! Watch Out, your lack of Asian Less than three correct Geographical information is showing Three to five correct "Fair! Better brush-up, you're "Geographically speaking -Rusty!" "Good! Your travel knowledge is showing to Five to seven correct superior advantage" "Scholarly! You're definite administrative Seven to nine correct

advancement material"

"You're kidding! Either this game is too easy for you, or else you've done it before. Either way however, Congratulations!"

94-3-2-4058

94-3-2-2058 b6 b7C Federal Bureau of Investigation Hew York. New York Dear Your suggestion concerning an additional monthly feature for "The Investigator" has been received. I thought you would be interested to know that the staff of the publication has advised they already have available several such items from which to draw when they feel the magazine needs another feature of this kind; therefore, it is not believed any more should be added to the existing supply at this time. Although your idea was not adopted in this instance I appreciate your interest in submitting it. MAILEO 10 Sincerely yours. APR 14 1964 L Edgar Hoover COMM-FBI 2 - SAC. New York 1 - Suggestion file 1 - Field personnel file 1 - Personnel file of SA JER: mlf (6) (Suggestion #782-64 dated 4/8/64) NOTE: Suggests a feature be added to "The Investigator" entitled: "The Professor Speaks." Belmont . Mohr -Casper Callahan Training Division discussed matter with Crime Records Conrad . DeLoach-Division which advised they have several such items on hand for future Gale // Rosen . SEE PAGE TWO Sullivan Tavel . Trotter Tele. Room MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

April 1d. 1964

PEGEONAL.

NOTE CONTINUED

use and suggested feature is not needed at this time. It is noted that suggester submitted similar suggestion 4/6/64 (#774-64) which was not adopted for same reasons. To include another quiz-type in format of "The Investigator" would make it top-heavy with such items.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

emorandum

: Mr. DeLoach

DATE: 6-11-64

: M. A. Hone

SUBJECT: LETTERHEAD STATIONERY

FOR "THE INVESTIGATOR"

There is attached a sketch showing a rough design for a proposed letterhead for use by "The Investigator" staff in conducting magazine business.

Each month we engage in correspondence with employees, Associate-Editors and others concerning current and future issues of ... "The Investigator." Such correspondence is, of course, necessary to fulfill the aims of the publication. At present, we use plain white bond paper with no letterhead.

Mechanical Section has advised that the cost of printing 500 sheets with the attached letterhead, including the cost of the paper, would be \$1.25. This quantity should last two years. We feel the magazine would create a more businesslike image through the use of letterhead stationery and the cost is very nominal. The final layout of the design for printing in the Mechanical Section could be made by "The Investigator" staff.

RECOMMENDATION:

That this memo be referred to Activity Promoter John W. O'Beirne to obtain approval of the FBIRA for "The Investigator" to secure and use the described letterhead.

Enclosure

1 - Mr. DeLoach

1 - Mr. Jones

1 A SA Donald R. Roderick, FBIRA President

DRM:jlk M/ (6)

Tolson

Belmont Mohr .

Casper Callahan

Gale Sullivan Tavel Trotter

Tele, Room Hölmes Gandy

6 4 JUN 25 1964







September 28, 1964

			<u>.</u> .	
To:	From (Suggester/s and)		Division of Ass	
Director, FBI			Files & (Communications b
list the This new "New Arr i.e., "h	ew feature be added deaths of immediate feature could be pointed in president for the seat of the seat	e relatives atterned aft sently featu of Governmen lence is pre	of Bureau er the lis red in The t, father pared to 1	employees. sting e Investigator, " Bureau employee,
Current practice or rule (Inclu	de manual citation as well as facts	s)		
None.				
Advantages of suggestion and	annual savings (include basis for	estimate)		
make inq	uld be less chance uiry concerning the t the person was de	health of a		
Disadvantages of suggestion				
None kno	wn•			
		idered for any justific		is adopted b
I do not believe the Thre local newspap FWW:bpr (5)	at this is appropriate for strong to the strong terms of Division Head Unfavorate for the strong terms of	able. or an employe	e publicatio	n like the Investigatose.
(Do not write in this space - f	or Bureau use only)	NEC 40 94	322 = 0CT 2 138	203/

HER 94-3-2-2081

September 30, 1964

b6 b7С

PERSONAL

	77 2	É
Federal Eureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.	B	4 23
	H 6	377
Dear		3

Your suggestion has been received that a new feature be added to "The investigator" which would list the deaths of immediate relatives of our employees. After careful consideration, it has been decided this proposal should not be adopted due to disadvantages involved. It is felt that the period of time which would elapse from the occurrence of such an event until it could appear in this publication would prevent this procedure from serving its intended purpose.

The thoughtfulness you displayed in giving me the benefit of your thoughts on this matter is indeed appreciated.

	1			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	٠, ٠
	COMMERT	\$	Sincerely your)*
	1 - Mr. Tavel		V		4
Tolson Belmont Mohr Casper Callahan Conrad DeLoach Evans Gale Rosen Sullivan	1) - Personnel file o ML:jmn (5) (Suggestion #24) NOTE: Sugg	0-65 dated 9/ests a new feach would list the time a copy of the There would	ature be added to ' he deaths of imme a letter of condole ne letter could be p be less chance of	ence is prepared prepared (***) embarrassment	d d
Tavel	- *			SEE PAGE TWO	
Trotter Tele. Room Holmes Gandy	MAIL ROOM TELETYPE IINI	_T			

NOTE CONTINUED

only to find then that the person was deceased.

Files and Communications Division felt this type of item was not appropriate for an employee publication such as "The Investigator." Crime Records Division recommended suggestion not be adopted. If an employee is a friend of a co-worker, he knows when a death in the family occurs. Most divisions circulate this type of information when it is of interest to employees. Preliminary results of a survey being conducted by the Crime Research Section among associate editors of this publication reflect the majority of employees want the portion of magazine "Around the FBI" expanded and consideration is being given to this. There is a problem of space to be considered in this publication. With regard to playee of time as set forth in letter if a death occurred the first part of November, it could not be placed in "The Investigator" until the January edition. This would negate benefit claimed by suggester. Training Division recommends suggestion not be adopted.

610 - 65



	*	JANUARY 27, 1965	
To: Director, FBI	Frame (Cuanastaila nama)	Division of Assignment CHICAGO	b6 b7c
SUGGESTION			
That photogr in "The Inve	aphs of the DIRECTOR stigator" once a year		
Gürrent practice or rule (Includ	e manual citation as well as facts)		1065
1			
This would laborate also be info		o new employees and vould yees as to changes in the	38
Disadvantages of suggestion			
None			0
	I understand that I will be considere	sis of a further claim of any nature by me, my heirs, of for any fustified award only if my suggestion is a suggestion is a suggestion in a suggestion is a suggestion in a su	
interesting and e	. McBrayer appears to xcellent for morale f e Director, Associate Directors	have merit. It would be most or all employees to tobserve Director, assistants to the Signature and	

Recommendations and Comments of Division Head Con't

together with the primary functions of their divisions. Suggest favorable consideration.

February 2, 1965

PERSONAL

11 194-3-2-2094

Federal Bureau of Investigation Chicago, Illinois

Deal

FER ? 10 53 AM 16 REC'D-READING ROOM

b6 b7С

Thank you very much for the suggestion that photographs of my staff and myself be published in "The Investigator" once a year. After careful consideration, it has been decided our present procedures should remain in effect. Our field offices have such photographs and articles with illustrations regarding the different divisions at the Seat of Government are printed from time to time in this publication.

I appreciate the thoughtfulness which prompted you to submit your idea to me.

Sincerely yours,

U. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 4
FEB 2-1965

COMM-FBI
2 - Chicago

1 - Field personnel file

1 - Suggestion file

Post,

Tolson

Belmont _ Mohr ____ DeLoach _

Casper -

Conrad _

Gale _ Rosen

Sullivan

1 - Personnel file of ML:jmn

(6) (Suggestion #619-65 dated 1/27/65)

NOTE;

Suggests that photographs of the Director and his staff be published in "The Investigator" once a year.

be published in "The Investigator" once a vear

Training Division feels a mandatory rule in this regard is not necessary. "The Investigator" runs articles with photographs from time to time concerning the working operations of the various divisions. In addition, our field offices have pictures of the Director and of the Executives Conference members which are on display. It is felt this is adequate.

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

b6 b7С

Salar And

70101965

Employee Suggestion	
Employee Suggestion FD-252 (Rev. 9-11-59)	
المرام	
	Date
	2/16/65
To: From (Suggestor's pame)	Division of Assignment b6
Director FBI SA	NEW HAVEN b7c
Advantages of suggestion and annual savings (include basis for e	ss Prints who have since ss Print, and can now be show each as Miss Print and cidal gown or wedding dress. who I believe was the and cicture is most attractive. s Prints who are now Mrs. be a most interesting and cigator. Enclosed are ploto-
Would make a most interesting and novel f	eature article.
·	34 FEB 27 1985
Disadvantages of suggestion	
None known	
(The use by the United States of my suggestion shall not form the basis of a assigns upon the United States. I understand that I will be considered	
within two years after submission.)	s adopted b6 - SA b7C
X Mr. Mrs. Miss	- in
Recommendations and comments of Division Head	
Recommend this be referred to Editor of	"Investigator."
	Signature and Titl Special Agent
(Do not write in this space - for Bureau use only)	1 94-3 in Charge
ENCLOSURE CLICKING LET W/ a	X - 103 0 FEB 12 1965
The factor of the	

February 23, 1965 94-3-5-209 PERSONAL b6 b7C Federal Bureau of Investigation New Haven, Connecticut hh Dear b7C I have received your suggestion that a feature article be prepared for "The Investigator" regarding individuals who appeared as "Miss Print" who have been married since they were selected for this recognition. After careful consideration, it has been decided your proposal should not be adopted due to disadvantages involved. This program has aided in our recruiting efforts and it is felt the proposed item would lessen its effect. The thoughtfulness you displayed in submitting your idea to me is indeed appreciated. As you requested, the photographs you submitted are enclosed. Sincerely yours, MAILED 5 J. Edgar Hoover FEB 2 3 1965 COMM-FBI Enclosures (2) 1 - Field personnel file 2 - New Haven

CONTINUED OVER

1 - Suggestion file

(6) (Suggestion #671-65 dated 2/16/65)

1 - Personnel file of SA

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

ML:jmnfrw

Tolson

Belmont.
Mohr ____
DeLoach
Casper __

Callahan Conrad _

Felt.

Gale ___ Rosen _ Sullivan Tavel __

Holmes

Gandy

NOTE: Suggests "The Investigator" prepare a feature article in connection with the "Miss Print" Program to reflect each "Miss Print" who has since become married after having been selected as "Miss Print" and can now be called "Mrs. Print." The procedure would be to show each "Miss Print" and a photograph of her in her bridal gown or wedding dress. Suggester attaches pictures of of the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and is now both the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and is now both the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and is now both the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and is now both the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and is now both the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and is now both the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and is now both the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and is now both the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and is now both the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and is now both the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and is now both the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and is now both the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and is now both the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and is now both the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and is now both the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Print" and the New Haven Office who was a "Miss Prin

Crime Records Division opposed adoption. It advised one of the main purposes of the "Miss Print" feature is as an employee-recruiting aid. Each feature is followed with an article in a newspaper in the girl's hometown. This technique has produced excellent results and this division feels the adoption of the suggestion would weaken this program and subvert its original purpose. At least, it would have no public relations value and we are trying to obtain as much value from our limited number of pages as possible. Idea would require approximately 30 former "Miss Prints" to be included for a total of 60 photographs. It is recognized that some of these girls may not be married, some may have married and divorced, some may have had formal weddings and some not, some may still be employed by Bureau and some not. A rough check indicated approximately 75% are no longer employed by us. A unique and newsworthy fact of "Miss Print" feature is the double-entendre facet of the title which would be lacking in "Mrs. Print." Training Division recommends suggestion not be adopted.

Suggester requested return of photographs following consideration of idea.

Employee	Søg	ges	tion
Employee FD=252 (R	ST.	9-1	1-59



#744-64



\mathcal{O}_{i} .				3/10/65	
To:	F	rom: (Suggester's name)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Division of Assignment	b6
Director, FBI SUGGESTION				BALTIMORE	.b7c
It is contain a sect cerning Specia person transfe and might also	l	on devoted to person Agent transfers. The red along with his of contain the number of	nel transinis could ld and new f years the number of	ssue of "The Investigate fers, particularly concontain the name of the office as a minimum, nat the person has in the Bureau,	
Current practice or rule (Inclu	de 1	nanual citation as well as facts)		-	
Advantages of suggestion and	anı	nual savings (include basis for estin	nate)		
newer agents,	er	abling them to keep	track of	llar interest to the the whereabouts of general interest to	
Disadvantages of suggestion	-,,				
				>	8
	3.	understand that I will be considere		ed award only if my suggestion is adopted Special A	b6 ge ^{b70}
Recommendations and commen	ts	of Division Head			
I recall The Inv ing transfers an	es d	tigator previously s I presume it was dis	etting fo continued	rth information concern for substantial reason	s. -
(Do not write in this space - f	or E	Sureau use only)	REC-16	94-3-2-2098 MAR 1965	10

March 17. 1965

PERSONAL

3EC-16 94-3-2-2098

Federal Bureau of Investigation Baltimore, Maryland

Dea

Thank you very much for the suggestion that section concerning transfers be included in "The Investigator This proposal has been carefully evaluated and it has been decided it should not be adopted due to disadvantages involved.

The interest you displayed in giving me the benefit of your thoughts on this matter is indeed appreciated.

Land L. J. B MAL 1935 COMMET

Belmont Mohr.

DeLoach

Casper Callahan Conrad Felt

Gale Rosen

Sullivan Tavel

Sincerely yours.

J. Edgar Hoover

2 - Baltimore

1 - Field personnel file

1 - Suggestion file

1 - Personnel file of SA WML:jmn

(6) (Suggestion #744-65 dated 3/10/65)

Suggests each issue of "The Investigator" contain a NOTE: section devoted to transfers of personnel, particularly Special Agent personnel. This could contain name of person transferred along with his old and new office, as a minimum, and might also contain the number of years the person has served at the old office, his total number of years in Bureau, etc.

Administrative and Crime Records Divisions oppose These items, while of personal interest to our employees,

Trotter Tele, Root Holmes TELETYPE UNIT

SEE PAGE TWO

NOTE CONTINUED

are of a nature which makes it undesirable to have them read by individuals outside the Bureau. Detailed information on movement of Special Agent personnel in manner such as this is contrary to our best interests from a security standpoint. Transfers are sometimes canceled for various reasons and it would be very difficult to keep such information up to date for "The Investigator." Extra work would be involved in maintaining this information in a current status. Training Division agrees and recommends suggestion not be adopted.

	* 5	٠ کا	
Emi	Ploye	of Sug	gestion
FD.	252	(Rev.	gestion 9-11-59)

. ** 40° 65



	1	<i>I</i> ?		Date	
	•	•	[May 10, 1965	
To:	From:	(Suggester's name)		Division of Assignment	_
Director, FBI			7	Richmond	.b6 .b70
The enclosed articles for	routi publi	ng slip form is su cation in "The Inv	ggested i	for use in transmitting	
·					
Current practice or rule (Inc	lude manua	al citation as well as facts)	·		$\overline{}$
and a separate :	routin	W	ansmit th	are typed on one sheet ne submission and to ong with the other	
Advantages of suggestion a	nd annual s	savings (include basis for estima	xte) /inform	nation necessary (date,	
(routing slip containing wings, as the fact that	o) in rite-u vell a r it w	p, a monetary / s less filing; <u>/e</u> ould no longer	/to whom /etc.) to but which ach submi	directed, from whom, transmit each article, is repetitious with ssion.	
transmit that staff at Crin whether or no and the write	subm ne Rec ot pho e-up i	ission; possible a ords in having all tos and negatives tself) on a single	dvantages informat are attac , concise	e information needed to s to "The Investigator" sion (date submitted, thed, submitting office sheet; as well as a cognizable as one to be	
Disadvantages of suggestion	/tra			The Investigator" at	
No disadvanta	iges n	oted.			
	es. I und	eggestion shall not form the basicerstand that I will be considered Mr. XX Mrs. Miss			b6 b7C
of transmitt sufficiently	ggesti ing it conve	on has advantages, ems to "The Inverti nient and economic	gator" by	elt that the present system routing slip (FD-4) is eliminate necessity for	tem
(see attache			Special 3	ignation and Totharge	-
	2	/14/Bome will &	MAY 12 196	5	
6. gart Su	79 KO.S.	1010001	-	MAN CAMP	
(3/- Bureau (E	:nc=10	Luis 2 - Richmond	/11	ifh with his	

approval of a separate type of routing slip form just for use in submitting items for "The Investigator." It is, therefore, not recommended that this suggestion be adopted.

Date	-				-	
2000						

//Photo(s) & Negative(s) Attached

ROUTING SLIP TO DIRECTOR, FBI Attention: Editor, "The Investigator"

FROM: Associate Editor, (Richmond)

The following is submitted for publication in "The Investigator":

(Write-up)

94-3-2 - 2103 ENCLOSURE

May 14, 1965

PERSONAL

REC-137 94 -3-2 2103

reversi Bureau of Investigation Richmond, Virginia

Dear

Thank you very much for the suggestion that a routing slip be approved for use in submitting articles for publication in "The Investigator." This proposal has been carefully considered and it has been decided it should not be adopted. Since Form FD-4 may be used for this purpose, the cost involved in preparing, printing, and stocking a new form would not be warranted.

Although this idea was not adopted, the interest you displayed in submitting it to me is indeed appreciated.

MAILED 10 11AY 1 1 1085 COMM-FBI

J. Edgar Hoover

2 - Richmond 1 - Field personnel file 1 - Suggestion file

l - Personnel file of ML:wiswls

(Suggestion #905-65 dated 5/10/65) (6)

NOTE: Suggests a routing slip form (sample attached) be approved for use in transmitting articles to the Bureau for publication

in "The Investigator."

Form FD-4 is a routing slip which is used by the field for forwarding items such as this to the Bureau. Training and Crime Records Divisions agree a new form is not warranted for this purpose since the present FD-4 is entirely adequate. No problems have been encountered under our present system; therefore, it is recommended suggestion not be

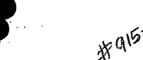
adopted.

b6 b7C

Tolson Belmont Mohr. DeLoach Casper _ Callahan

Conrad Felt. Gale Rosen Sullivan .

Tavel.





		1.015	
	₩-	# 915 ° 6	Date
		·	May 11, 1965
To:	From (Suggestor)	<u></u>	Division of Assignment b6
Director, FB	I		Domestic Intelligence by
SUGGESTION	OIN UN	The Tox	
:	That the individua:	l write-ups on ar	nniversaries or retirements
•	appearing in <u>THE I</u>	NVESTIGATOR be c.	lipped, mounted, and filed
	in the employee's p	personnel file.	
Current practice	or rule (Include manual citation a	us well as facts)	
	This is not being o	done.	
Advantages of su	ggestion and annual savings (inc	clude basis for estimate)	
j	For ready reference	e within the Bure	eau as well as an
(approved write-up u	which could be di	isseminated, if necessary
-	to local or home to	own newspapers, d	or other press media.
Disadvantages of	suggestion		
I	None		
assigns upon the	Jnited States of my suggestion sh United States. I understand that after submission.)		rther claim of any nature by me, my heirs, or instiffed award only if my suggestion is adopted Intelligence And 70
Recommendations	s and comments of Division Head		of Suggester
	ee with the comment mlining Committee.		tc Intelligence Division age 2. Assistant Director
(Do not write in t	his space - for Bureau use only)	Let Lact REC- 2	Signature and Title
	·	, , - 4	180 MAY 20 1965 3 1911

ADDENDUM: COMMENTS OF DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION STREAMLINING COMMITTEE: 5/14/65: BGLP:ssh

This suggestion is that the individual write-ups on anniversaries or retirements which appear in "The Investigator" be clipped, mounted, and filed in the employee's personnel file.

It is noted that no information appears in "The Investigator" other than an employee's photograph, name, and place of assignment in connection with any anniversary other than 25 years, 30 years, and above. It is believed that the majority of the information contained in the write-ups in "The Investigator" are probably obtained from the employee's personnel file. However, if the filing of the reference to an employee which appears in "The Investigator" in his personnel file would be of assistance to the Personnel Section, the Domestic Intelligence Division has no objection.

Wy

May 18, 1965 X PERSONAL REC-26-94-3-2-2/04 EX 105 . Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C. Dea Thank you very much for the suggestion that individual articles regarding anniversaries and retirements which appear in "The Investigator" be prepared for filing in the individual's personnel file. After careful consideration, it has been decided any anticipated advantage would be outweighed by the work involved in this procedure. Your continued interest in seeking ways to improve our operations is indeed appreciated. Sincerely yours. J. Edgar Hoover 76 b7C 1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Personnel file of ML:wls wls (Suggestion #915-65 dated 5/11/65) Suggests that the individual articles appearing in "The Investgator" NOTE: regarding anniversaries or retirements be clipped, mounted, and filed in the employee's personnel file. Crime Records and Administrative Divisions opposed adoption. Most of the material in these articles is obtained from the personnel file in the Belmont first place. Articles do not appear until approximately two months' have Mohr. DeLoach elapsed after the event takes place; therefore, it is not the type material an Casper. Callahan editor wants for a newspaper article. Another serial would be added to Conrad. personnel file not to mention the time necessary for mounting and clipping Gale Rosen these articles. Training Division agrees and can see no benefit in proposed Sullivan Tavel. procedure. It is recommended it not be adopted. Troffer Tele, Room Holmes MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

,				
Employee Suggestion FD=252 (R.V. 9-1-59)		*168/6/		
, ,	▼ *	* /*	D _a te	
,	·		9/8/65	
То:	From: (Suggester's name)		Division of Assignment	.bd
Director, FBI SUGGESTION			Administrative	b'
distributed as i distribution. I	nserts in "THEAT f only a few occa	VESTIGATOR" r sions occurre	all employees might be rather than by individual during a year when great deal of effort.	Ĺ
	O'Investig	THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON OF TH		
Mechanical Secti Division heads c	ount off and dist	ficient copie ribute suffic	s for each division. ient copies to each s to each employee.	i.
In addition to twould be an adva	ntage in the sepa os from less urge	this procedur ration of urg	e I feel that there ent (individually sential, messages	
I see no savings	in money in this	idea.		
Disadvantages of suggestion None				
.2				
(The use by the United States assigns upon the United State within two years after submis	s. I understand that I will be	considered f	r claim of any nature by me, my heirs, or estign is adopt	d b
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	. •	Miss	Signature and Title of Suggester	 -
Recommendations and comme				
See Comments S	ection Chief, Exh	ibits Section	•	

13

(Do not write in this space - for Bureau use only)

Signature and Title Jer & a ch 103

SEP 15 1965

COMMENTS - L. J. Gaithier, Section Chief, Exhibits Section - 9/9/65

Employee's suggestion is considered unfavorable for the following reasons:

- (1) The FBI Investigator is an employee sponsored—activity and therefore lacks official status as a media to convey official memoranda, letters of instructions, notices, et cetera, to employees on the Federal payroll. Employees who are not FBIRA members would not receive this type of information.
- (2) It would require as long or longer to insert memoranda and notices into the Investigator as it would take to distribute each memorandum individually. Notices and memoranda to all employees are presently distributed to all employees with a minimum of delay which would not be true if such information was held pending release of the Investigator on a monthly basis.
- (3) That certain type information is limited to SOG employees. Much of the information distributed to employees at SOG is not intended for field employees who as members of FBIRA would be the recipient of information which would be of no value to them.

Joseph Jo

September 14, 1965 PERSONAL **REC- 67** EX 105 Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C. I have received your suggestion that the use of computers be explored as a means of enhancing certain photographs and that tests might be made on an interagency basis regarding this equipment. Your idea has also been received concerning a method for distributing certain memoranda. Careful consideration is boing given to the first proposal and you will be advised in the event it is adopted. With regard to the dissemination of material 目 to our employees, it has been decided this is not feasible due to the disadvantages involved. The interest which prompted you to give me the benefit of your thoughts on these matters is knowed appreciated. Sincerely yours. J. Edgar Hoover 1 - Mr. Callahan 1 - Personnel file of WML:wiswld (Suggestion #167-66 and #168-66 dated 9/8/65) Suggestion #167-66 proposes Bureau study method used NOTE: Tolson recently by NASA in clarifying Mariner photographs of planet Belmont Mohr Mars. The use of computers to enhance bad photographs might be explored Del.oach Casper as means of producing better duality photographs obtained by concealed camera Callahan during bank robberies. Also, suggests that tests might be made on an interagency cooperative basis using their existing equipment. SEE PAGE TWO

TELETYPE UNIT ___

NOTE CONTINUED

Referred to the Laboratory Division for views and recommendations.

Suggestion #168-66 proposed memoranda addressed to all employees might be inserted in "The Investigator" rather than individually distributed.

Administrative Division advised "The Investigator" is employee-sponsored activity and lacks official status as vehicle to convey official memoranda, letters, instructions, et cetera, to employees on Federal payroll. Non-members of FBIRA would not receive information. These notices should be circulated to all employees with minimum of delay which would not be case if placed in a monthly publication. Certain type information distributed to employees at SOG is of no interest to field employees but latter would receive it anyhow under proposed system. Crime Records and Training Divisions agreed with these views; therefore, it is recommended idea not be adopted.

Memorandum

то

Mr. DeLoach

DATE:

September 22, 1965

Demont
Mohr
Dél-65alt
Gasper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter

FROM

M. A. Jones

Tele. Room Holmes

SUBJECT:

REPRINT OF "THE INVESTIGATOR"

ARTICLE ON THE TV SERIES

The attached reprint with cover forms an attractive brochure on the new TV series which would be very useful to us in our relations with important and influential contacts. The Mechanical Section has advised that the negatives previously prepared for "The Investigator" can be used and thus 500 brochures would only cost about \$50.00.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Mechanical Section prepare 500 copies of the

attached reprint.

PENCLOSURE ATTACHE

EX 110

REC. 61

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10119181 BYSP8B15 RBG

12 SEP 27 1965

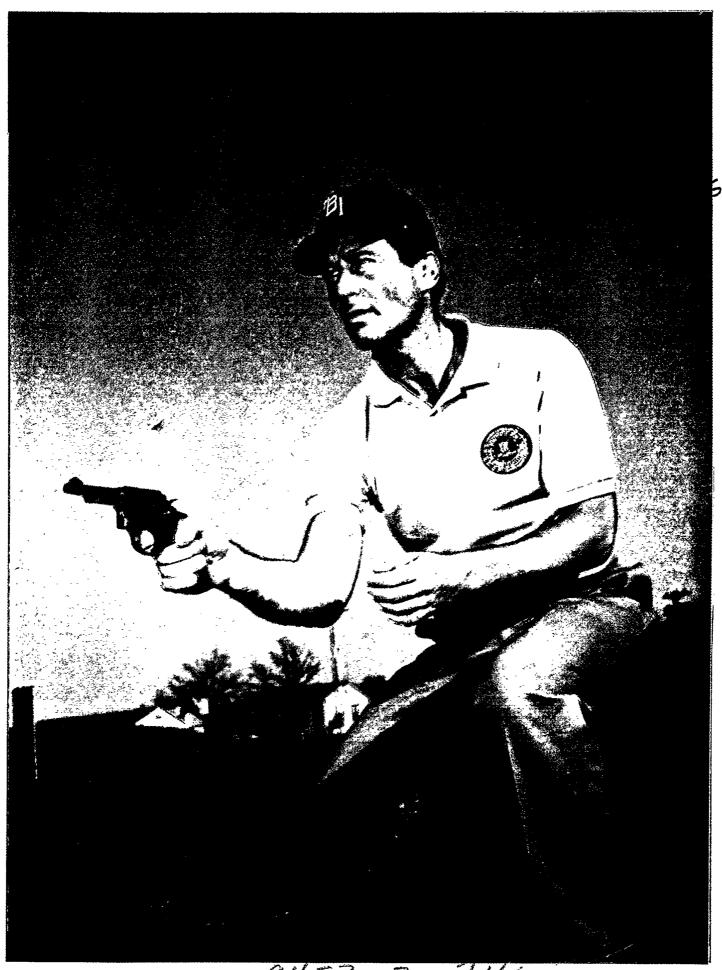
Tousse

94-60750 DNARCORDED COPY FILED IN ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED UN THIS ONVELOPE DATE DISCUSSIFIED BROTT RBC

(1)

" North

94-3-2- 2116



94-3-2-3116



HREE NEW "employees" will be added to the rolls of the FBI on September 19th—Inspector Lew Erskine, Special Agent Jim Rhodes and Assistant Director Art Ward. They will enter on duty via ABC Television's spectacular new series, "The FBI," which will be seen in color each Sunday night from 8 to 9 p. m.

Efrem Zimbalist, Jr., the very versatile and gifted movie and television actor, will star in the new program as Inspector Erskine, while talented young Stephen Brooks will portray Special Agent Jim Rhodes, the Inspector's assistant. The role of Inspector Erskine's daughter, Barbara, a student at American University in Washington, D. C., will be played by lovely Lynn Loring. Philip Abbott,

FEDERAL BUREAU
OF
INTESTICATION

INSPECTOR ERSKINE AND SA RHODES LEAVE THE JUSTICE BUILDING IN WASHINGTON FOR A SPECIAL ASSIGNMENT.

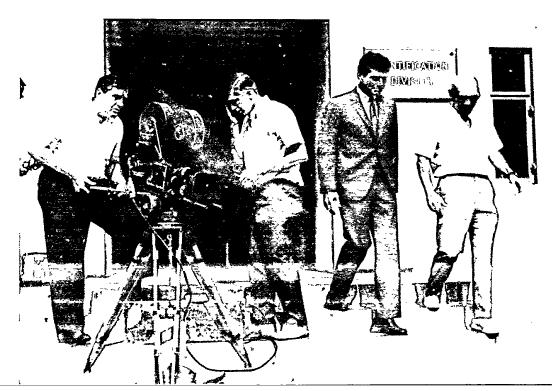
BARBARA ERSKINE (LYNN LORING), DAUGHTER OF INSPECTOR ERSKINE.





ASSISTANT DIRECTOR ART WARD (PHILIP ABBOTT)

ZIMBALIST TALKS WITH ART FELLOWS, EXECU-TIVE DIRECTOR, DUR-ING A BREAK IN THE SHOOTING SCHEDULE.





SA GEORGE QUINN OF THE CRIME RECORDS DIVISION (LEFT), BRENDA F. JOHNSON OF THE SPECIAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION AND SA RICHARD G. HUNSINGER OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION (RIGHT) CHAT WITH BROOKS AND ZIMBALIST DURING A BREAK IN THE FILMING AT THE FBI IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.

a well-known television personality, as Assistant Director Art Ward, will assign Inspector Erskine to coordinate and supervise major investigations involving violations of Federal laws within FBI jurisdiction. Various guest stars will also appear in the series throughout the season.

Inspector Erskine's assignments will take him to both large metropolitan cities and desolate areas. From his office in Washington, D. C., the Inspector, accompanied by Special Agent Rhodes, will be dispatched to different locations in an effort to bring the exploits of secret undercover agents out in the open and to apprehend the dangerous criminals who violate Federal laws. In his investigations, the Inspector will make full use of all scientific crime detection techniques and the services of the Laboratory and Identification Divisions.

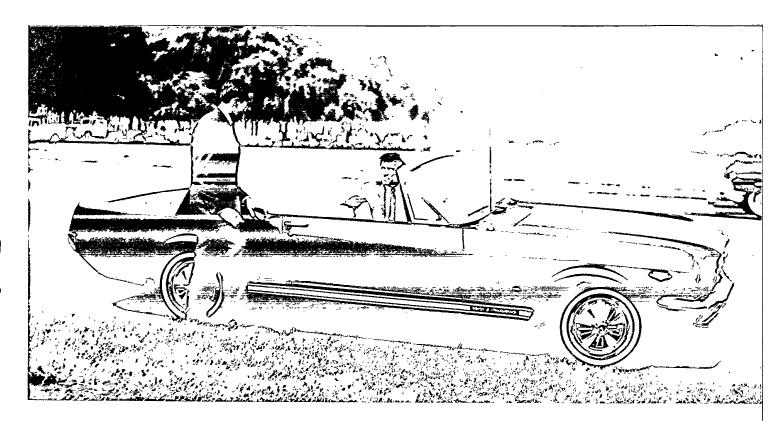
The series is being produced by Quinn Martin Productions (of "The Fugitive" and "12 O'Clock High" fame) in association with Warner Brothers Studios for ABC-TV. The program will have two major sponsors: the Ford Motor Company and the Aluminum Company of America.

To bring authenticity to the episodes, Zimbalist spent a week at FBI Headquarters where he was given an intensified indoctrination in FBI facilities, jurisdiction and over-all operations. This indoctrination included a visit to the famed "West Point of Law Enforcement," the FBI Academy at Quantico, Virginia, where he fired the various weapons utilized by FBI Agents and

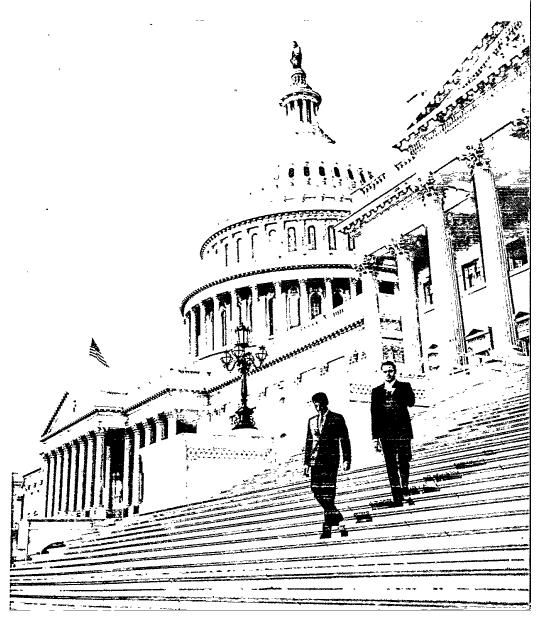


ASSISTANT DIRECTOR C. LESTER TROTTER OF THE IDENTIFICATION DIVISION EXPLAINS THE SCIENCE OF FINGERPRINTING TO ZIMBALIST.





MR. ZIMBALIST AND MR. BROOKS PAUSE ON THE MALL TO DISCUSS THEIR NEXT SCENE DURING LOCATION SHOOTING IN WASHINGTON, D. C.



MR. ZIMBALIST AND STEPHEN BROOKS LEAVE THE CAPITOL IN ONE OF THE SCENES IN THE NEW SERIES.



MR. ZIMBALIST GRINS AT THE CROWD WATCHING THE FILMING OF THE NEW SERIES AT FBI HEADQUARTERS.

actively participated in our specialized defensive tactics course.

Under the expert guidance of Special Agent firearms instructors, Zimbalist was given the same instruction as Special Agent personnel—instruction which enables him to develop shooting skills to fire instantly and hit man-sized targets while assuming the best defensive positions available. The instructors demonstrated to Zimbalist the correct form for the hip shooting, kneeling and prone positions. After receiving this expert instruction, Zimbalist put it to good use and fired the different courses. These included the practical pistol course and the famed Hogan's Alley.

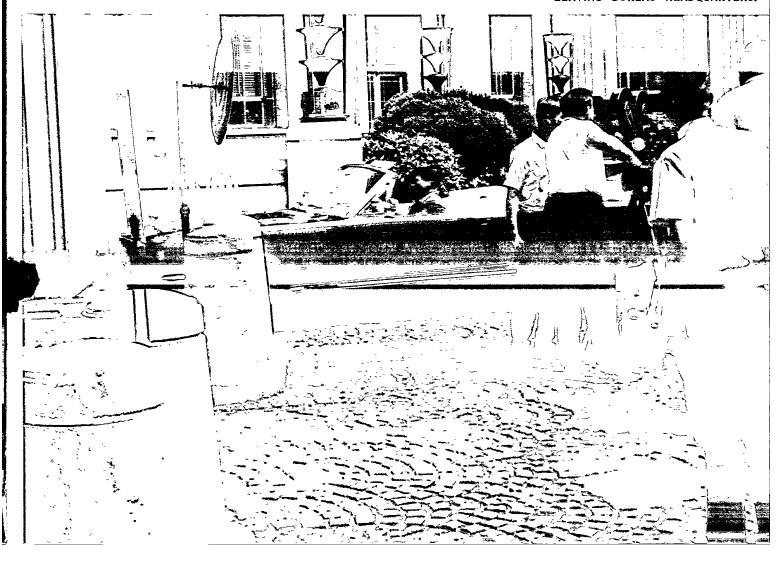
Zimbalist was also taught some of the defensive tactics and disarming methods used by our Agents. He was shown some simple and effective maneuvers from age-old arts and sports such as judo, jiujitsu, savate, boxing and wrestling.

The indoctrination also took Zimbalist to the FBI Identification Division where he absorbed background information concerning the science of fingerprints. He also visited several of our field offices, where he became familiar with the tremendous responsibilities of the SAC, ASAC and Agents assigned to the various squads. After his indoctrination period was over, Zimbalist was still faced with an exhausting shooting schedule for "The FBI" to be ready to roll on September 19th. "The days will be long," Zimbalist admitted, "but I like this type of work."



ART FELLOWS (HANDS ON CAMERA) GETS READY TO FILM INSPECTOR ERSKINE LEAVING BUREAU HEADQUARTERS.

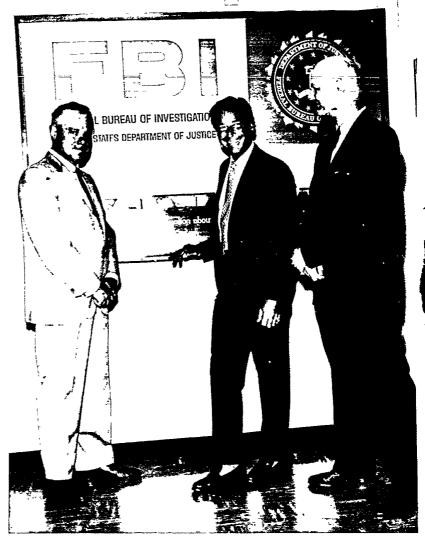
INSPECTOR LEW ERSKINE IS "SHOT" LEAVING BUREAU HEADQUARTERS.



SPECIAL AGENT JIM RHODES (STEPHEN BROOKS) RECEIVES INSTRUCTIONS FROM HIS SUPERIOR OVER THE PHONE,



SAC IAN D. MocLENNAN AND ASAC OLIVER T. MANSFIELD OF THE PITTSBURGH OFFICE EXPLAIN SOME OF THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES TO INSPECTOR ERSKINE.





INSPECTOR ERSKINE (EFREM ZIMBALIST, JR.) AND ASSISTANT DIRECTOR ART WARD (PHILIP ABBOTT) CONFER WITH ONE OF THE FIELD OFFICES ON A CURRENT CASE.

LEE MERIWETHER, THE FORMER MISS AMERICA, APPEARS WITH EFREM ZIMBALIST, JR., IN ONE OF THE FORTHCOMING EPISODES.

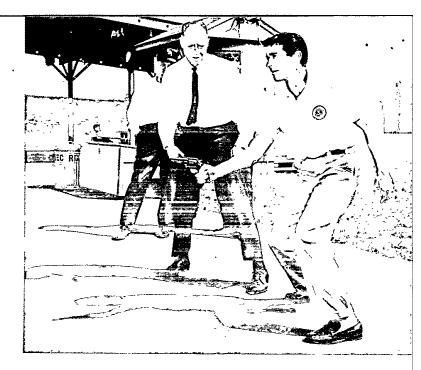


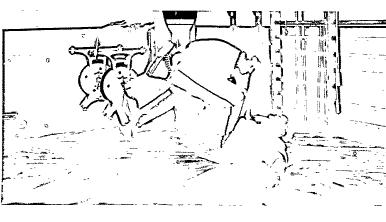
Zimbalist said of his indoctrination, "I was taught the FBI way of positioning myself and firing their standard weapons—the shotgun, .38 revolver and submachine gun. I also was instructed in disarming tactics and finally was able to 'throw' a 6 foot 7 inch Special Agent. I couldn't believe it."

Under the supervision of veteran television personnel, the program will strive for a realistic and authentic portrayal of the FBI. The entire series will be based on contemporary cases and will be a dramatization of current Bureau activities and procedures. The series is designed to give the American people a view of the FBI in action in every phase of its investigative operations and will provide an insight into the Bureau's heavy responsibilities.

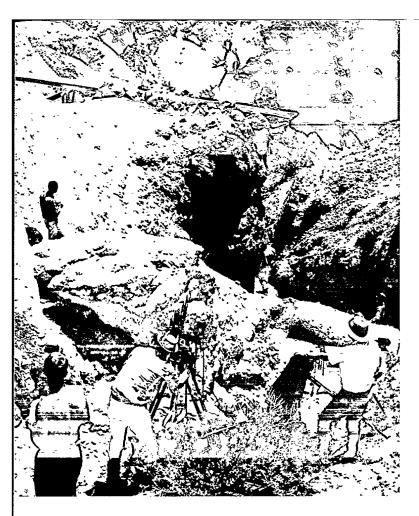
"I took the job out of respect and admiration for the FBI and its outstanding Director—J. Edgar Hoover," Zimbalist replied during an interview. "The FBI is the finest law enforcement organization in the world and its Agents are the most dedcated and loyal Americans I have ever met. They

THE CAMERA CREW PREPARES FOR ACTION NEAR RED ROCK CANYON, MOJAVE, CALIFORNIA, WHERE TEMPERATURES SOARED UP TO 100 DEGREES AND GUSTS OF WIND REACHED 60 TO 70 mph.









THE CAMERAMAN CHECKS ANGLE AND ALIGNMENT TO... "CATCH THE FUGITIVE" IN MID-AIR. SOME SHOTS WERE MADE USING HELICOPTERS SUCH AS THE ONE IN THE BACKGROUND OF THIS PICTURE.



INSPECTOR ERSKINE WAITS IN SECLUSION AS THE LONG CHASE DRAWS TO AN END.



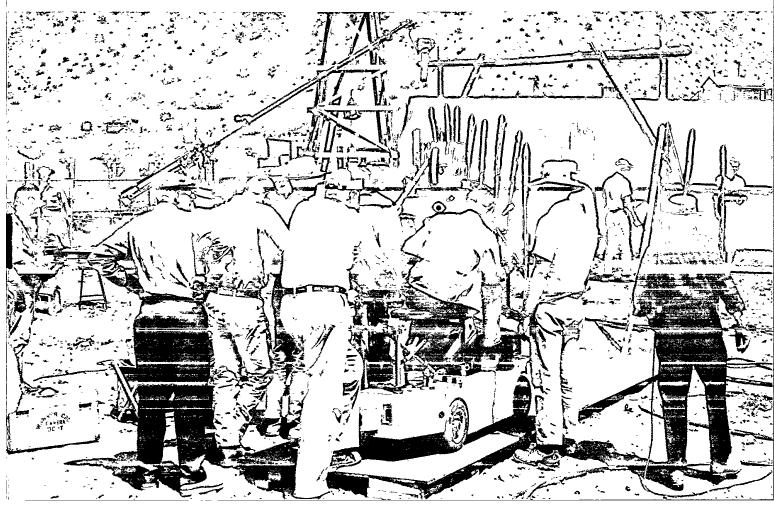


A WELCOME BREAK BETWEEN SCENES.

certainly exemplify the motto of the FBI-Fidelity, Bravery, Integrity."

Various programs explaining typical espionage cases with all their intrigue and dramatic impact, as well as the hard-hitting, crime-smashing operations which have made the FBI the scourge of the underworld, promise to make this one of the most outstanding programs on television this fall. It will be a fast-moving, suspense-filled program portraying the Bureau and its Agents in the typical everyday situations which arise in all of our 56 field offices across the Nation. It will be an hour full of action and highly informative entertainment for Bureau employees as well as for the general viewing public. So grab your coke and sandwich and tune in to ABC-TV on Sunday, September 19th, and watch "The FBI" in action.

THE NUMEROUS ITEMS OF CAMERA AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT SEEM OUT OF PLACE IN THIS DESOLATE SETTING IN THE MOJAVE DESERT AS TECHNICIANS PREPARE TO SHOOT ANOTHER SCENE.





TO Mr. Conrac

C. F. Downing

October 15, 1965 DATE:

orison
Belmont
Moh.
Dayach
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy
\bigcap \bigcap \bigcap \bigcap
J. P. M.
CANADA.

SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR REPRINTS OF

MEMENTOS FROM MONTEREY ARTICLE

IN OCTOBER 1965 INVESTIGATOR"

Captioned article, which was prepared by the wife of a Bureau Agent who attended a language school at Monterey, describes the cultural and recreational opportunities which the Monterey area presents for the entire family.

We believe that reprints of this article would serve as an excellent means to interest members of New Agents' Classes, and particularly their families, in the Monterey area and, more specifically, in the Bureau's Language Training Program. Since the negatives are still available, the cost involved in reprinting this article would be negligible (approximately \$.03 per copy).

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. That 2,000 reprints of this article be prepared.

2. If approved, that this memorandum be referred to Mr. Morris of the Crime Records Division for handling.

1 - Mr. DeLoach (Attention: Mr. Morris

1 - Mr. Conrad

1 - Mr. Downing

1 - Mr. Hart

.12 OCT 22 1965

Investigatore (SUBJECT)

94-3-2 Sec. 5 Seriales 1998-2123 (FILE NO.)

ALL SERIALS, EXCEPT THOSE REMAINING IN FILE AND THOSE LISTED AS CHANGED ON THIS SHEET WERE

"SKIPPED" OR WERE REMOVED FROM FILE AND DESTROYED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AUTHORITY CONTAINED

IN 94-3-2-2043

FOLLOWING SERIALS WERE REMOVED FROM FILE AND DESTROYED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AUTHORITY CONTAINED IN

94-3-2-2118 CT 94-3-1-31134X

(TAB CARD IN THE NUMBERING UNIT INDICATES ACTION TAKEN)