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157-10011-10122

Date:10/07/93 Page:1

JFK ASSASSINATION SYSTEM

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ORIGINATOR : CIA

FROM:

TO:

TITLE:

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

DATE: 08/29/74

PAGES: 5

SUBJECTS:

WILEY, CHARLES W.

TERMINATION OF WILEY, CHARLES W.

(RESEARCH BRANCH)

[R]

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Record Number 1t -10011-10122

29 August 1974

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Charles W. Wiley

Summary of Termination

#343 589 #127 958

1. During the course of the reorganization of the Office of Security, it was decided that the Security Research Staff would be abolished. This decision led to the preparation of a memorandum for the Director of Security from the Chief, Security Staff, dated 1 June 1973, captioned, "Request for Director of Security Assessment Regarding Continuance of Functions and Possible Replacement." The last paragraph of this memorandum stated:

"For immediate planning purposes, to fulfill the early deadline already established, it would be appreciated if you would review the attached outlines of existing functions and indicate your desires regarding the function (continue, continue with low priority, discontinue) and where you wish any retained functions to be placed in the reorganization structure. In the latter instance, I have attempted to indicate the more likely options for this to facilitate your assessment."

- 2. On 4 June 1973, the Director of Security indicated that "Special Access Source," Charles Wiley, should continue on a low priority and be transferred to the Operational Support Branch.
- 3. Shortly after the implementation of the reorganization on 1 August 1973, Chief, Research Branch, verbally discussed and reviewed with Chief, Clearance Division, the disposition of certain SRS functions

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recommended a of the Office was "Special	possession of the Research Branch, but nd approved for transfer to other components of Security. Among those items discussed Access Source," Charles Wiley. Messrs.
and a performed lit Security and,	greed that Wiley was not worth the money spent, tle or no useful service for the Office of in fact, had done little or nothing to justify was further agreed that would discuss e known to the Deputy Director of Security (PSI), the agreed assessment of Wiley.
which recalle Office of Sec The only disa mended 30 Jun	next informed that a memorandum pared reviewing the case, making recommendations the Research Branch, dated 18 September 1973, described the history of Wiley's association with the writy with a recommendation for termination. In greement was as to timing. In recommendation for termination are commendation for termination. The Deputy ecurity (PSI) agreed with the latter termination
both of the R Marriott Mote tion. Wiley claiming to u of domestic a that written however, he a reservation t would seek re	esearch Branch, met wiley at the Key Bridge 1, Arlington, Virginia, to effect his termina- was most unhappy with the proceeding although inderstand that budget problems and curtailment ctivities led to his separation. He acknowledged notice of his termination by his signature; ppended that the notice was "signed with the hat the terms will be appealed," and stating he dress either with the Director of Central of contacts on Capitol Hill.
explained to in which he h no further ne that the Offi in a limited	was contacted twice more on 6 November 1973 ruary 1974, both times in New York City, by Deputy Director of Security (P&M) and At the former meeting, Politely Wiley that CIA is no longer engaged in matters ad been assisting and that there was, therefore, ed for his services. The ce of Security might be able to assist financially sense beyond the 31 January termination date, but the limit of any help.
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7. On the latter occasion, informed Wiley that he had been awarded a termination bonus of \$4,000, which figure, in essence, represented his salary carried forward from 31 January through 30 June 1974. Wiley promptly rejected this offer, again expressing dissatisfaction with his termination. He specifically asked that he be reimbursed for the deficit in his so-called he also asked that the Agency find him a job or bear the expenses of him returning to college for a post-graduate degree, which would enable him to find a position in the academic world. He contended that the Agency should pay not only his tuition, but a stipend for a living expense.
8. Concluded the interview by reminding Wiley that his termination was effective, and the previously executed Secrecy Agreement was in force. Concluded the interview by reminding wiley that he would be available for additional assistance should Wiley so require. However, it was definitely made clear that the next move was to come from Wiley.
9. Shortly after this rejection, the Director of Security, asked the Rosearch Branch to prepare an analysis of Wiley's so-called This analysis was completed by 19 April 1974 by , who concluded that Wiley did not appear to have any legal or moral claims to reimbursement for the deficit. The fund, according to was an accounting exercise which had never been accepted by his previous case officers as legal, binding, payable, or claimable. The items in the fund included all expenses incurred by Wiley in the production of income plus payments received for whatever services he performed in the acquisition of outside income.
reviewed the Wiley file and arrived at the same conclusion as Specifically, saw no evidence to indicate an intention on the part of the Agency to reimburse Wiley for expenses as listed in the Likewise, there was no evidence to indicate an intention on the part of the Agency to offset Wiley's Agency salary by those items of outside income.
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				1974,						turned
over	the	last	state	ment of	the	cover	fund	accoun	ting.	Wiley's
claim	amo	unte	d to \$	7,475.0)1.				•	•

- 12. The Office of Security, recognizing that this claim could not be paid as structured, contacted the Office of Personnel to determine whether or not Wiley could be paid a termination settlement and, if so, in what amount. Although HR 20-32 does not apply to independent contractors, the Office of Personnel concluded that, under existing Agency regulation and using HR 20-32 as a guide, Wiley could be paid a maximum termination of \$9,500. The recommendation was then made to the DD/M&S to approve payment to Wiley in the amount of \$8,000, an amount somewhat in excess of his so-called deficit.
- contacted Wiley in New York City and attempted to effect a termination settlement. Mr. Wiley promptly rejected the \$8,000 offering, contending that it was reimbursement for his cover fund deficit and a mere \$500 termination bonus. Messrs.

 | cxplained again to Wiley this Agency did not recognize the | therefore, could not pay the deficit. The \$8,000 bonus offering was just that--a termination bonus and no more. Wiley was not satisfied with this explanation and claimed that all he wanted at this point was reimbursement for his | deficit. | and told Wiley they would be back in touch with him in a couple of weeks.
- 14. Mr. Kane, the Director of Security, in attempt to resolve this matter, called upon the assistance of the Office of Finance to conduct an objective study into Wiley's claim. The Office of Finance, after a complete audit, and, based upon a complete examination of all papers in the file, concluded that Wiley could be reimbursed for direct cover expenses and foreign travel up to a total amount of some \$20,054.23. The Office of Finance's conclusions were formulated into memoranda for the DD/M&S and the Director of Central Intelligence in early August of 1974, recommending approval to pay Wiley \$24,429.23, which payment consisted of \$20,054.23 in reimbursable expenses; \$4,375 in termination bonus. This recommendation was approved

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SEP 30 1975

CIA

- 4 -

by the DD/M&S and forwarded to the Director of Central Intelligence, who, on 10 August, questioned the amount of the termination offer. He felt full reimbursement was not particularly advantageous to either this Agency or Wiley. He approved a payment of \$12,000, consisting of \$8,000 in allowable expenses and a \$4,000 termination bonus.

15. Mr. Colby instructed Mr. Kane to prepare a letter for his signature explaining to Wiley that this Agency had thoroughly examined Wiley's claim and could not honor it as structured. However, certain operational expenses in the amount of \$8,000 plus a \$4,000 termination bonus could be paid. This letter would be given to Wiley at the next meeting with Office of Security representatives, and Wiley should be told this is the maximum settlement he can be given under CIA's rules and regulations.

	16.	On 28	August	1974,	Messrs	s. [
net	with	Wiley	in New	York	City.	Wiley	was	given	the	DCI	S	
lett	er ar	nd read	l the Qu	iit Cl	aim. U	Jpon r	eadin	g both	ı, he	pro	mptly	
			rminati									
shoi	ııd ar	nything	<u>arise</u>	which	might	need	clari	ficati	ion,	he s	hould	
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