**NR\_key\_name:** 505302921AA4618485256671004CEF38 **SendTo:** CN=Jerrie Olson/O=ARRB @ ARRB

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From: CN=Laura Denk/O=ARRB

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**Subject:** Chapter 7 of "Final Report"

Jerrie, pin sent nis chapter over the e-man and then Anna salu that she is using a rather prinnitive e-man system and has not been able to get it. Would you mind printing Bill's draft out and faxing it to Anna? Thanks, LauraTo: laura denk @ jfk-arrb.govcc: anelson @ american.edu (Anna Nelson), JRTUNHEIM @ aol.com (Jack Tunheim), hall.409 @ osu.edu (Kermit Hall), preshist @ aol.com (Henry F. Graff) (bcc: Laura Denk/ARRB)From: Bill Joyce <wljoyce @ phoenix.Princeton.EDU> @ INTERNET @ INTERLIANT Date: 08/30/98 08:35:28 PM GMTSubject: Chapter 7 of "Final Report"Laura: I am forwarding to you the latest draft of our chapter 7, titledfor now "Conclusions and Recommendations." I am enclosing it as both anattachment and as an e-text file. It is 29 pp., double-spaced, with tenrecommendations. DRAFTAssassination Records Review BoardFinal ReportChapter 7-Conclusions and RecommendationsThis final report to Congress and the President, outlining our activity, evaluating our experience, and assaying the process of classification and declassification of federal records, provides the Review Board with animportant opportunity. In this chapter, we reflect on the course of our experience in dealing with the larger issues of classifying and declassifying federal records, and on the very large problem of secrecy and accountability in the federal establishment. We have framed therecommendations that seemed to us most responsive to these larger issues, in the context of the Kennedy assassination, as we suggest what the federalgovernment might do to extend the experience of the Board and to apply our findings to related areas of government activity. Our recommendations, therefore, are formulated in a manner that we believe distills our experiences and permits us to contribute to a continuing dialogue bothwithin government and beyond about how best to balance national security and privacy with openness and accountability.-2-Congress passed the legislation establishing our Board hopeful that, bycreating mechanisms to open records concerning the Kennedy assassination, some of the suspicion of the federal government and belief that there hadindeed been a cover-up might be dispelled. After the assassination, growing numbers of Americans disagreed with the finding of the WarrenCommission that Lee Harvey Oswald, acting alone, was responsible for themurder of the President, with some 65% of Americans in disagreement withing few years of issuance of the Commission's report in 1964. By the 1980s, in excess of 80% of the American people did not agree with the conclusionof the Commission. These facts, together with Oliver Stone's conspiratorial claim in his movie, "JFK," motivated Congress to pass the President John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Collection Act of 1992. The Act mandated that federal executive agencies release as many asdocuments as possible concerning the assassination and created the JFKAssassination Records Review Board to review all documents that theagencies decided that they could not themselves release in full.

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