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YOU ARE ENCOURAGED TO FORWARD THIS DOCUMENT TO YOUR FRIENDS, BUT PLEASE KEEP THIS IDENTIFYING IMAGE AT THE TOP OF THE .PDF SO OTHERS CAN DOWNLOAD MORE! Chappaquiddick papers lost but

DA has copies

EDGARTOWN Original police documents on Sen. Edward M. Kennedy's Chappaquiddick accident, are still missing, but the district attorney said yesterday it doesn't matter because he has copies.

Sgt. Bruce Pratt, acting head of the police department, said it was highly irregular that the papers cannot be found, but district attorney Philip Roliins said police records often get misplaced.

"I am not concerned because I have copies of all reports," Rollins said. I ffel there was no conspiracy or anything of that nature. Original documents get misplaced, especially police reports. Our file is intact and complete."

But Pratt said that since he has been with the department it has been "very irregular that original documents become missing."

The mystery of the vanished records was raised recently in a book by Carl Gottlieb a script writer for the movie "Jaws," which was filmed at Martha's Vineyard last summer.

Gottlieb said ha had

been told by Jesse Oliver 2d, then chief of the 12member Edgartown department, that the records of the 1969 auto accident had disappeared from the files.

However, between the time that Gottlieb talked with Oliver and the book was published, the missing documents — including the original accident report and a copy of Kennedy's first statement to police — were said to have been returned to the department.

However, Pratt says they are still missing.

Dominick J. Arena, who

was Edgartown's' police chief at the time of the accident, in which Mary Jo Repechne died, said in another interview that when he quit the department in 1973, he took some of the records with him.

Now the police chief in Essex Junction, Vt., Arena said he wanted the papers to answer questions from newsmen and others.

Arena said he learned that the missing records were causing concern while taking part in a Boston radio talk show last spring. After that, he said, he made copies for himself and sent the re-

cords to his successor, Oliver.

Oliver was suspended as police chief for accepting money from Universal Studios, makers of "Jaws," and other alleged improprieties. He has since resigned, but supports Arena's claim of having returned the Chappaquiddick material.

"He sent the records back last April and they were there in June," Oliver said.

"As to what happened to the documents since then, or why the present . department officials can't find them," he said. "I have no idea. That's their problem." BOSTON, MASS. Date: 9-14-75 Edition: SUNDAY

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BOSTON, MASS.

The BOSTON HER

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Author:

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By Walter D. O'Leary Globe Staff

Atty. Jerome P. Facher, counsel for the two fdeelance reporters who took the stenographic notes at the inquest into the death of Mary Jo Kopechne at Chappaquiddick, charged today in Federal Court that his clients were deprived of substantial financial benefits.

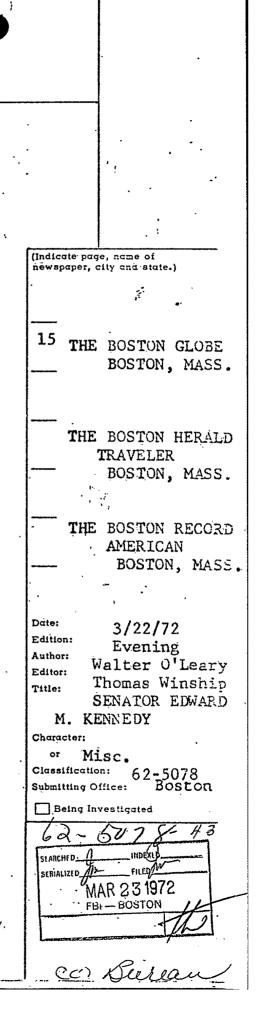
He appeared before US Judge Andrew A. Caffrey. He told the judge that Suffolk Superior Court ordeded the transcripts of the inquest to be sold to interested parties for \$75 each. However, he said that death of Miss Kopechne a the two free lance report- passenger in the car of «

could have sold the erś transcripts for at least \$34,000 tó the 112 customers they had lined up.

' As it was, he said that, the reporters, SidneyL ipman and Harold T. McNeill, received only \$3700 * for their labods.

Pending before Judge Caffrey is a civil suit for damages brought by Lip- . man and McNeill against . the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and Clerk Edward V. Keating of the Suffolk Superior Court.

The Edgartown inquest in Dukes County in Janu-ary 1970 dealt with the : the state of the s



Sen. <u>Edward</u> Kennedy when the car toppled off the bridge at Chappaquid-Edward dick on Madtha's Vineyard.

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Atty. Fached contended that Lipman and O'Neill had the exclusive rights to sell the inquestt ranscripts after the document was made public by order of , the Superior Court.

1 He told Judge Caffrey a freelance reporter usually charges 70 cents a page. But, even if the charge were only 40 cents a page, the official charge made by court deporters, his clients iwould have received a goodly sum.

· Atty. Facher said there was tremendous public interest in the case and newspapers and magazines would have been willing to pay nearly any price for the transcript.

As it was, he said Judge. Wilfred Paquette of the from Dist. Atty. Dinis for Superior Court ordered the his services,

transcdipt sold for \$75 apiece and the judge supervised the sale.

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"I bought a copy myself for \$75," said Facher.

Facher said Dist. Atty. Edmund Dinis of Duke's County authorized Lipman to make arrangements for taking the stenographic notes because Judeg James A. Boyle of Edgartown had ? no budget to take care of, this emergency.

A jury was impaneled by Judge Caffrey yesterday but today counsel for both sides agreed to waive " the jury and the jury was · · · . dismissed. .

Asst. Atty. Gen. Walter. Mayo appeared for the, commonwealth. Attys. James W. Kelleher and Kevin Keating appeared for the Superior Court فتر سب clerk.

Lipman testified that he eventually received \$3700, 1 4 S 32 8 (Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Court Sale Did Not Affect Reporters

Two stenographers who recorded testimony in the 1969 hearing into the death of Mary Jo Kopechne in a car driven by Sen. Edward M. Kennedy were not consulted balore transcripts of the proceedings were put up for sale, it was testified Thursday in, Federal Cout.

1-4330 (ROV. 1410-23)

The testimony was given by Suffolk Superior Court Clerk Edward V. Keating in a suit brought by the two stenographers claiming \$150,000 damages because they were not allowed to sell the transcripts.

The stenographers, Sidney, R. Lipman and Harold T. McNeil, claim they could have sold copies of the transcripts for up to \$325 a copy but that instead the court sold J12 of them for \$75 each.

Under questioning by Atty. Jerome Facher, counsel for the stenographers, Keating said there was no court order preventing him from conferring with the stenographers about sale of the transcripts.

"I could have, but I didn't," Keating told Judge Andrew A. Caffrey during the second day of the jury-waived trial.

keating said the copies practice of allowing court were not authenticated by the provide to sell copies of stenographers because the their transcripts.

original had been impounded by the court, and that it cost \$200 to have the copies authenticated.

He said the total cost of reproducing the 112 copies was \$5200 and that the income from the sale was \$\$400.

A little more than \$100, representing the profit, he said, still remains in escrow pending settlement of the case.

He did not consider, Keating said, that the procedure used in the sale of the Kopechne-Kennedy transcript in any way affected the usual practice of allowing court reporters to sell copies of their transcripts. (Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

> THE BOSTON GLOBE BOSTON, MASS.

THE BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER BOSTON, MASS.

THE BOSTON RECORD AMERICAN BOSTON, MASS.

Date: 3/24/72 Edition: Evening Author: Editor: Lohn C. Mal

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Editor: John C. McLean Title: SENATOR EDWARD M. KENNEDY

character: or Misc. Classification: 62-5078

Submitting Office: Boston

Being Investigated

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Tustices Meet on Inquest

By BULL DUNCLIFTE

\$2-15 (nov 7-16-53)

Fire justices of the Suprime Judicial Court are scheduled to hold a formal -and possibly final discussion Tuesday of their decision in the pleas of Sen. Edward M.- Kennedy and other prospective witnesses for a whole new set of ground rules at the still-delayed inquest into the death of Mary To Kopechne.

That decision, according to Chief Justice Raymound S. Wilkins, will be made public withdo 10 days thereafter but observers said there was a chance it could be announced as early as Wednes-ฉ้อง.

Those who will make it include Wilkins, and Associate Justics R. Amni Cutter, Paul Reardon, Jacob J. Spiegel, and John V. Spalding, who heard the arguments for and agranse the appeal earlier this month.

In liceping with the court's usual provide, the judges hold a "consultation" on the hast Tuerday of each month to consider the cases still awaiting a ruling.

At that strictly private session, they exchange thoughts on the decision, agree on the wording of it, and, in the case of a dissent to the majority officity submit one express-

. ing the views of the minority. Konnedy, through Atty. Ed-ward B. Hanify, asked that: @ the inquest be closed to

w me inquest be closed to the public; & Edgartown District Court Judge James A. Boyle be barred from presiding at it;

& counsel be allowed to call or cross-examine witnesses, compel their attendance, and object to questions whenever they feel th situa-tion demands, and;

© The court examine the inquest law to determine whether it is constitutional or not and, if it is, to order safeguards that would more adequately protect the rights of those who might be involved.

In addition, counsel for nine of the guests at a Chappa-. quiddlick Island cookout that guidance island cookout that immediately preceded. Mary Jo's accident death in a salt pond last July tasked for a change in the ground rules because, they said, their chemis' ricput at lone and "Constitutional" right of privacy traute be demolished privacy vould be demolished without it. ...

The commonwealth's posi-tion, was set forth by Asst. Alty, Gen. Joseph J. Norley. was that:

© The interests of Kennedy, the other witcosses, and the public, would heat beserved by an inquest at which

the press would be present; e The various counsel were "seeking the right to present a defense at the inquest," and:

6 The cookout quests any rendered whatever right to privacy they may have had when they willingly associated themselves with a public figure.

Hanify maintained that Kennedy was the 'focal point' of the inquest, and to allow it to go forward under Judge Ecyle's ground rules would amount to his being tied to a steke while his reputation is tortured to death."

Aity. Faul J. Redmond, re-presenting cookout guests Rosemary "Cricket" Keough, Nance and Maryellen Lyons, Susan Tannenbaum, Ester Newberg, Jack Crimmins, Raymound LiaRosa and Charles Tretter, urged that:

"In an age of political assassination, the petitioners ask protection so that they may not be verbally assassinated."

And Aity. Joseph Donahme, Jr., of Lowell, speaking for another cookout guest, Joseph Gargan, said that unless the rules were changed Gavgan would go before the court of public opinion "with both hands ted bohind his back."

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Kennely

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> a cal BOSTON GLOBE

> > Boston, Mass.

BOSTON HERALD Boston, Mass.

RECORD AMERICAN 4 Boston, Mass.

Date: 10/28/69

Edition: Home Author:

Submitting Office:

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Being Investigated

Editor: C.Edward Holland THU2KENNEDY INCIDENT

Classification: 62=0=1-6851

OCT 2 9 1969 FBI - BOSTON

Boston

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Character: ~ *

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

DINIS Says Blood ONMANS Blood HT Statt Reporter Dist. Atty. Edmund Dinis yesterday was granted a hearing on his petition for the exhumation of the body of Mary Joe Kopechne after he told a Pennsylvania court that blood was found on the young secretary's skirt and in her mouth and nose. In the long and intensive investgation to put her in a boat, and I saw no indi-

following the 28-year-old victim's death in the car of Sen. Edward M. Kennedy in a Chappaquiddick tidal pool July 18, it was the first mention of any sign of blood.

Edgartown Police Chief Dominick J. Arena, who aided in bringing Miss Kopechne's body to the surface, last night asserted:

all. I held her in my arms, waiting

to put her in a boat, and I saw no indication of blood."

The Edgartown scuba diver, John N. Farrar, who recovered the body with Chief Arena, referred all inquiries to his legal counsel.

The officiating medical examiner, Dr. Donald R. Mills of Edgartown, reported froth on the victim's lips when he viewed her body, but included no reference to blood.

Meanwhile, it was reported last night

that in order to get the body of the young woman out of the car, a .rope was attached around the neck and the body then pulled through a shattered window of the car. Tiny particles of glass were

turned over to Lt. Det. George Killen of the state police, attached to Dist. Atty. Dinis' office, after they had been found imbedded in Miss Kopechne's shirt, it was reported. The discovery was made, it was learned, when her clothes

were turned over to authorities by the funeral director.

counsel for Sen. Kennedy has expressed an opinion that even

after death had set in, a slight oozing of blood could be caused by the scraping of the victim

as she was pulled through the shattered window glass. IT ALSO WAS learned last night that attorneys for Kennedy had obtained a statement from the assistant funeral diBOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass. 1BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Boston, Mass. RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass. Da@/19/69 Edition: Morning Author: Editor: John Herbert Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT

(Indicate page, name of

newspaper, city and state.)

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Boston

Submitting Office:

rector in Edgartown who had · embalmed Miss Kopechne's body before it was taken to Pennsylvania for burial.

In that. statement, sources close to the case said, the assistant funeral director reported no blood in the area of the i. Nit ili nasal passages. A: cosmetician 'at a Plymouth, Pa., funeral home, where the body was prepared for viewing, told attorneys for Kennedy that she had seen

no sign of blood. When, the Dukes County prosecutor submitted an · · · · · · · · · · · · · · 10

amended petition to the Common Pleas Court of Luzerne County, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., on Wednesday, he said that the information about the blood was not available to him prior to the interment of the victim. The contents of the petition were released by the court yesterday.

President Judge Bernard C. Brominski'at the Wilkes-Barre court set Sept. 29 for a public hearing on the Dinis petition for exhumation of Miss Kopechne's body so that there can be an autopsy.

AT THAT HEARING, the

court possess the facts about .said there appeared on the blood, as well as those who conducted tests on the stains reddish brown and brown stain on the shirt, will testify. Judge Brominski said it will be a. public hearing.

Miss Kopechne is buried in Larksville, Pa., and Dinis must have the permission of Pennsylvania to exhume her body,

The parents of Miss Kopechne, formerly a secretary to the late Sen. Robert F. Kennedy, have engaged legal coun--sel to resist the Dinis efforts at exhumation. Last night the counsel said the Dinis petition contained "averments that have to be supported by proof."

In his petition, Dinis said, that the presence of "a certain amount of blood" in both the nose and mouth of Miss Kopechne's body "may or may not have been consistent with death by drowning."

DR. MILLS, associate medical examiner of Dukes County, ruled Mary Jo the victim of accidental drowning. There was so little doubt in his mind, he said at the time, that he deemed an autopsy unneces-sary. Now, said Dinis in his court

petition, "the administration of justice requires that an exhumation and autopsy be held and that said autopsy be performed as soon as is practicable, time being of the essence.

and the second witnesses who Dinis told the . As for the blood stains, Dinis victim's shirt a "washed out," on the backs of both sleeves, the back and the collar. "These stains give positive benzidine reaction, and indication of the presence of residual blood traces," the peti-tion said. "Said residue is of insufficient amount to make further test as to specific origin or type."

> Scuba Diver Farrar is represented by Atty: Herbert Abrams of 2240 Prudential Center, Boston. When Farrar referred inquiries to him, Atty. Abrams said:

> "BY ORDER of the court I am unable to make any comment on the contents of Dist. Atty.' Dinis' letter to Judge Brominski. When I apprised my client, Mr. Farrar, of the

· . . letter, and the petition, he said to me that he will stand by his detailed statement given to Lt. George Killen of the state police at a pre-hearing inquiry Aug. 20 in Edgar. town."

Farrar, before he engaged legal counsel, was among most frequently interviewed and widely quoted of those having a role/in the Kennedy-Kopechne case. At no time, recalled newsmen, did he ever mention signs of blood on the

The Aug. 20 inquiry session with Lt. Killen, referred to by Farrar's counsel, was wide ly reported. It was so accu rately reported that Farran became irked. But:nowhere in those reports, that were so accurate that Farrar charged a breach of confidence, was there a reference to blood.

Dr. Mills, in relating what

the did at the scene on the morning of July 19, told of compressing the victim's chest and sceing sea water emerge from her mouth. There were no marks on the body, nothing to indicate she had died from any cause but drowning, he said. The body was rigid as a statue. Dr. Mills said. The teeth were gritted, there was froth around the nose and the hands were in a claw-like position.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

EDGARTOWN — An investigator will be hired by lawyers for Sen. Edward M. Kernedy to interview seven eyewitnesses who were at the Dyke Bridge when the body of Mary Jo Kopechne was taken from the water on the morning of July 19, it was learned yesterday.

Prober

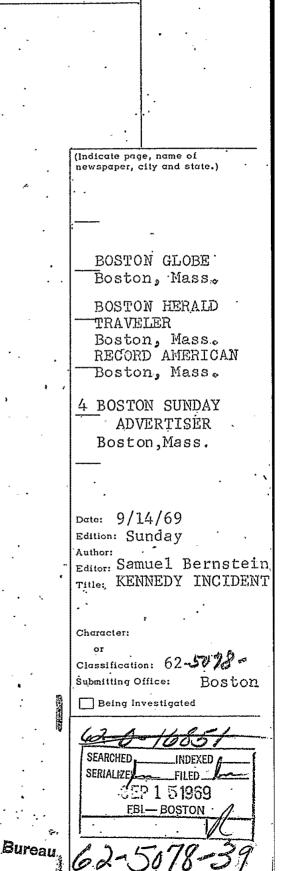
The decision to retain the investigator was made after Atty. Robert G. Clark, Jr., of Brockton, one of the Kennedy lineup of lawyers, spent several hours in conference Saturday with a Martha's Vineyard attorney.

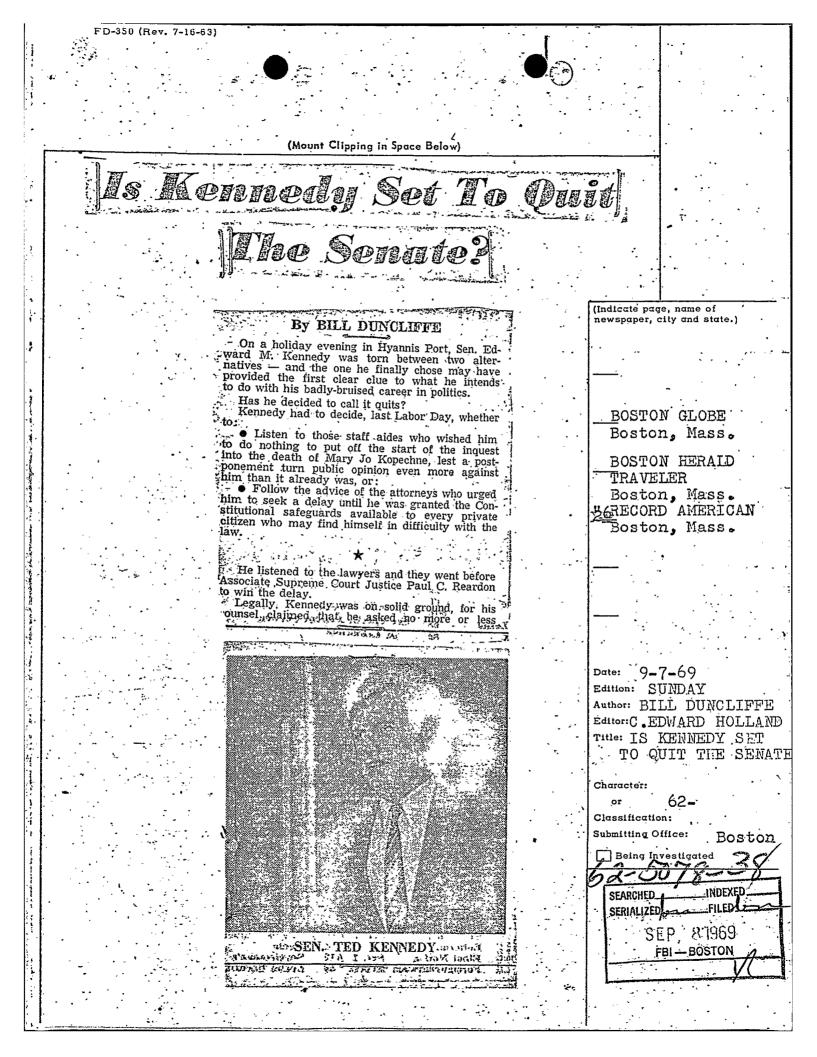
The seven include rescue workers and onlookers and, the Sunday Advertiser was told, none have ever been questioned by "Kennedy, people" before now.

The Sunday Advertiser also learned that the amended petition through which Dist. Atty. Edmund Dinis hopes to get court approval for an autopsy on Mary Jo's remains will be on its way to Pennsylvania Monday — and it is possible that Dinis himself may bring it there.

Several weeks ago the district attorney ran into a delay when he mailed the original application for the autopsy to Common Pleas District Court in Wilkes-Barre, and Judge Bernard Brominski refused to accept it in that form.

Dinis had to go to Bennsylvania himself to satisfy the judge and, rather than run into another delay, it was considered likely that either the prosecutor or Asst. Dist. Atty. Armand. Fernandes — or both — would submit the petition in person this time.





than what was the right of even the humblest of men.

men. But politically was it a wise move? This will be long debated. For Edward M. Kennedy is not an ordinary citizen. He is a member of one of the nation's great families, a United States Senator and was, r until six weeks ago, a prime Presidential possibility in 1972.

He is a public figure of world stature — and they are judged by a different tribunal than the riest of us.

X Public men rise or fall in the court of public

Public men rise or fall in the court of public opinion; private citizens do so in a court of law - and the fact that Kennedy chose the latter may be an indication of how he looks at his future. This is not to say that the usual legal recourses are not available to politicians. They are, but the more significant verdicts, for them, are not ren-dered by jurors but by voters. What the voters think, and believe; has always been of paramount importance to those who hold relective office — and until Monday, night, at Hyannis.

Statististical 1 Here bearing be

Port, Kennedy was no different than others of his caste.

He was conscious of the public's affection and even admiration for him, and did nothing to tarnishthe shining public image he enjoyed. Among his aides, the overriding factor that influenced many a decision was what "they" would think — how the voters would react to this or that.

And, until the tragedy of Chappaquiddick Island, their reaction was invariably favorable — but from the moment his car plunged from the Dyke Bridge and carried Mary Jo to her doom, Kennedy's stock — politically — has gone steadily down.

Part of that may have been due to his actions fafter the accident, or to the week-long silence that preceeded his dramatic televised account of how Mary Jo died. And, almost certainly, a major cause was the widespread feeling that his version left many hard questions unanswered.

Even then, at what seemed to be the low point in his fortunes, Kennedy went to the court of public opinion for a verdict on whether he should continue in office or resign. And from Massachusetts, if not from the rest of the world, the decision was overwhelmingly in his favor.

He announced — then — that he would stay fon, and would seek re-election in 1970. But the continuing deterioration of his position in the public seve may now have forced a change in his thinking.

There was a fairly widespread suspicion, after the impact of that emotional baring of soul on. TV had worn off, that Kennedy had received speicial, and preferred treatment. There was, from powerful voices of the press and public, a demand that some further steps be taken, that there be an inquest into the circumstances of Mary Jo's ideath.

Prodded by his own responsibilities, and perhaps by the voices that were growing louder with every "passing day, Dist. Atty. Edmund Dinis ordered the inquiry, and even attempted to gain the sanction of a Pennsylvania court to secure a belated autopsy on Mary Jo's remains.

Through all of this, Kennedy's posture was that of a public figure trying to salvage as much as he could from a situation that was rapidly becoming, for him at least, a disastrous debacle.

He made it clear, soon after the date for the

in every way - and until Aug. 27 at Edgartown

District Court, it appeared that he was doing justthat. Then his lawyers, and those for other prospective witnesses, asked Judge James A. Boyle to permit -them to be present in the courtroom at all times, to_call_or_cross-examine witnesses, and to grant all the Constitutional safeguards ordinarily available at a trial or accusatory proceeding.

Even then, Atty. Edward B. Hanify stressed that what he sought for Kennedy should not be constructed as any attempt to impede or otherwise hamper the search for truth that an inquest is designed to be.

designed to be. The "cooperation" theme was stressed, throughout, so much so that when Judge Boyle commented he might subpoena Kennedy if he senator didn't appear voluntarily as a witness, Atty. Robert G. Clark, Jr., another of Ted's lineup of lawyers, was quick to reply;

"Your Honor, Mr. Kennedy will be present at any time you designate."

Hanify's statement, that he might not testify unless he was afforded the protection of his Consti-tutional rights, caught little attention then — and the fact that nothing had been said about Judge Boyle's decision to open the inquest to the press went entirely unnoticed at the time.

Boyle's denial of the motions was considered, by the press and public, a setback for the senator, but legal experts saw it in a different light.

In their view, Boyle had given Kennedy a perfect tool to delay the inquest or get a more favorable set of ground rules, if he wished — for serious legal issues had been raised, and it is a principal too f law that restraining orders be issued whenever failure to resolve them might cause irremediable damage to a person.

Still, though his lawyers wished to move on that point, Kennedy refused to give them the go-ahead. There was, after all, the court of public opinion to be considered.

For one thing, his politically-oriented advisers while resigned to the fact that he virtually had no chance for the Presidency in 1972—were still hopeful about his prospects for 1976. It was their position that he should lef the in-finduest start on schedule, because to do otherwise would make it's seem as though he were taking advantage of twists and technicalities in the law word, a public confrontation on the questions. sofo, avoid, a public confrontation on the questions and innuendoes surrounding Mary Jo's death.

"It-would look like he was trying to worm his way out," was the way one staff man reportedly • put it.

More than that, Kennedy's aides were convinced that, given another chance to tell his story, he could convince the doubters, answer everything he was asked, and dispel the shadows surrounding his

was asked, and usper the shadows surrounding in role in Mary Jo's death. He could, in short, restore some of the gloss to his image and, politically at least, regain some of the prestige he had lost.

But if, with the tide of public opinion running But If, with the tide of public opinion running against him, he were to take the fight against Judge Boyle's ruling to a higher court, it might appear to the public that, despite his statements to the contrary, he would do anything but cooperate in the inquest.

Kennedy's lawyers, however, had a problem that was more immediate and a course of action that, legally, was more pragmatic. Because it was possible that the inquest could result in a charge being made against him, they wanted the legal weapons they needed to protect him — weapons that were the due of any private citizen.

Because Kennedy is himself a lawyer, he was presumably aware that, as far as the U. S. Supreme Court is concerned, there is indeed what amounts to a double standard of justice for public figures and private citizens.

The U.S. Supreme Court has held in the past, that a public figure has a public forum from which he can answer his critics and or accusers, and that therefore the same rules that apply to other men may not apply to him.

The linguest, under Judge Boyle's guidelines, might have been in one sense a public forum, be-cause it would be open to the press.

But on Labor Day evening, after considering both courses of action, Kennedy chose the one urged by his attorneys.

And, when they went before Justice Reardon, they raised for the first time — the issue of press coverage. They asked, in effect, that the high-court order Judge Boyle to set new ground rules— ones that would either grant Kennedy his Constitu-tional rights, or make the inquest private — for both. In brief, they asked for the sateguards that might be afforded a private eitizen in similar cir-cumstances — and in that one phrase, private recitizen, may be the key to Kennedy's future role

(Mount Clipping in Space Below) (Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass. JO arv BOSTON HERALD would have stayed in the same relative position and, unless he from the Arthur D. Little Co. By ED CORSETTI and TRAVELER of Cambridge. Boston, Mass. BILL DUNCLIFFE The Sunday Advertiser was told that when the car was flipped over on its back and jarred — with about the same was unconscious or dazed, X RECORD AMERICAN would have known where he EDGARTOWN—Tests made on the car in which Mary Jo Kopechne drowned indicated she may have been unable to get out of it because she lost her bearings when it turned was at all times. Boston, Mass. force as if it had hit water; the dummy was hurled partially into the rear seat so hard that escaped that way. a human might have become turtle and landed on its back Although a decision on Ken-nedy's appeal to the Supreme Judicial Court for new ground rules for the inquest on Mary disoriented and might not have in Poucha Pond, it was learned known where she was in the Saturday. car. A dummy, of the same size and weight as Mary Jo, was Jo's death will probably not be the front seat for the tests, which were made for Sen. Ed-ward M. Kennedy by scientists hands were gripping the wheel, working on the case. However, the tests also in-dicated that the driver, month, Dist. Atty. Edmund, "anchored" by the fact that his Date: 9-7-69 Edition: SUNDAY Author: ED CORSETTI & Editor: BILL DUNCLIFFI Title: - EDWARD HOLLAND THEORY ON MARY JO TESTED Character: 62or Classification: Submitting Office: Boston Being Investigated SEARCHED.

SERIAUZED SEP 81969 FBI-BOSTON

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63) (Mount Clipping in Space Below) (Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) 1 BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass. Justice Paul G. Kirk said today that he will disqualify BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER himself from sitting on Sen. Edward M. Kennedy's inquest Boston, Mass. appeal when it comes before the Massachusetts Supreme Ju-RECORD AMERICAN dicial Court. Boston, Mass. Reason for his action was the political and professional association between his son, Atty. Paul G. Kirk Jr., and the senator. 🔅 The second Produced Second Kirk Jr., 31, a 1964 Justice Kirk declined graduate of Harvard Law comment further. School, serves as a coun-By removing himself, the sel to the Senate Subjustice left the decision on committee on Adminis-Kennedy's appeal of the in-Date: 9-5-69 quest rules established by Edgartown District Court trative Practice and Pro-🖞 cedure of which Kennedy Edition: Evening Judge James A. Boyle in the is chairman. Author: hands of his six colleagues, Editor: Thomas Winship. -all-Republicans,-Justice Kirk, reached at his Cape Cod Summer Justice Kirk is the only Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT home by the Globe, was Democrat on the high court bench. i asked what affect, if any; The matter will be re-ceived by the high court his son's relationship with Character: Sen. Kennedy might have or when returns from its on the judge's participaclassification: Boston tion in deciding the legal Submitting Office: . , issues raised by counsel Boston for Kennedy., Being Investigated "I would disqualify myself," the jurist said bluntly. "I think I should STARCHED. SERIALIZED SEP 8 1969 FBI - BOSTON



PAUL G. KIRK JR. Summer recess Monday, Oct. 6. . It was referred to the full bench by Justice Paul C. Reardon, sitting alone, because of "grave constitutional "questions" raised by Sen. Kennedy's petition and ar-gued by his counsel, Atty. Edward B. Hanify.

Kennedy · challenged Boyle's opening of a tradi-tionally closed inquest to the press and his refusal to permit cross - examination and summonsing of witnesses as prejudicial.

JUSTICE KIRK Sec. 14 . 14 ." .

The inquest, ordered by Bristol Dist. Atty, Edmund Dinis, into the death of Mary · Jo Kopechne, 28, a Washington secretary, in a car driven by Kennedy, had been sched-uled to start in Edgartown on Martha's Vineyard last Wednesday. Justice Reardon, on Tues-day, ordered the inquest postponed until the state Supreme Court acted on the appeal case. Judge Boyle complied with the directive.

The justices who now will hear the arguments are Chief Justice Raymond S. Wilkins and justices John V. Spalding, Arthur E. Whit-

temore, R. Am<u>mi</u> Cutter, Jacob J. Spiegel and Reardon.

In another development, it was learned that a team of researchers, apparently for

Kennedy, conducted tests over a two-day period on the Kennedy, car which crashed into Poucha Pond on Chappaquiddick Island.

The researchers included two physicists associated with the Arthur D. Little Co., Inc., of Cambridge. Theywere Drs. Richard Stone and oJhn Teitzel.

Records at the Oak Bluffs State Police, Barracks on Martha's Vineyard show that the team, six persons in all, used the water from the barrack's hose and a wrecker to tilt the damaged car in an attempt to simulate conditions which occurred when the vehicle went into the pond. While the group was on the island making its tests, a diver was at the pond measuring the rise and fall of tide and the speed of the current.

Measurements and photographs were also taken at the scene of the crash it was learned.

learned. Miss Kopechne, a campaign worker for the late. Sen. Robert F. Kennedy, and Sen. Kennedy had left: an informal party of political friends when the accident on a wooden bridge occurred.

Dinis, meanwhile, has his staff researching Pennsylvania law in an effort to convince authorities in Pennsylvania where Miss Kopechne is buried, that her body beexhumed for an autopsy.

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-33)

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he postponed inque

The purpose of an inquest into a violent death is, under Massachusetts law, to determine "when, where and by what means the person met his death . . . and all material circumstances attending his death, and the name, if known, of any person whose unlawful act or negligence appears to have contributed thereto."

The judge who presides at an inquest is required to state his findings in writing and file them in the Superior Court of the county where the violent death took place. The law empowers him to charge individuals with crime in his report.

Since Sen. Edward M. Kennedy was driving the automobile in which Mary Jo Kopechne drowned July 18 on Chappaquiddick Island, it is plain that the now-postponed inquest into her death could have placed him in at least theoretical jeopardy of prosecution on serious criminal charges, including manslaughter (negligent homicide.)

This being the case, it would be unfair to condemn Mr. Kennedy for pressing his claim that the scheduled inquest would have violated his constitutional rights. No man, whether of high station or low, should be criticized for availing himself of his rights. "If the exercise of constitutional rights will thwart the effectiveness of a system of law enforcement," as former Supreme Court Justice Arthur Goldberg declared in the Escobedo case, "then there is something very wrong with that system." <u>It is</u> Mr. Kennedy's claim that Judge James A. Boyle of the Edgartown District Court erred legally when he ruled that the inquest be opened to the press. This is a questionable contention. The state's inquest law declares that all persons not required by law to attend an inquest "may be excluded" by the judge. By obvious implication, all such persons need not be excluded.

This newspaper, believing that a closed inquest would only have fed suspicions that the state's judicial machinery was being manipulated in the senator's behalf, hailed Judge Boyle's ruling at the time and sees no reason to change its viewpoint now. But the senator's right to seek a ruling by the full bench of the Supreme Judicial Court on whether an open inquest violates his constitutional rights ought not to be doubted -and that, in fact, is just what Supreme Court Justice Paul C. Reardon provided for Tuesday in ordering the inquest postponed.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) 18BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass. BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Boston, Mass. RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass. Daté: 9/4/69 Edition: Morning Author: Editor: Thomas Winship Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT Character: 10 Classification: 62= Submitting Office: Boston Being Investigated SEARCHED_ INDEXE SERIALIZED SEPS 1969

FBI --- BOSTON

It is impossible to disagree with Judge Reardon's conclusion that "grave constitutional questions" were raised by the senator when he said the inquest would deprive him of his full rights of representation by counsel, of confrontation and cross-examination of hostile witnesses, to present evidence in his own behalf and to compel attendance of witnesses in his own behalf.

. It is true that the inquest law does. not expressly grant these rights, and that they have not been afforded witnesses in past inquests. An inquest is supposed to be investigatory -a one-sided preliminary inquiry by legal authorities rather than a criminal trial. But again, the senator had a right to test whether such an inquiry, especially since it was to be open to the press, would conform to current constitutional standards of legal representation and due process of law. Only time will tell whether Sen. Kennedy exercised good political judgment in heading off a proceeding that might have cleared the air. But it cannot be said that he was wrong to avail himself of existing legal procedures for the vindication of his rights.

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

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'By DAVE O'BRIAN, ED CORSETTI & BILL DUNCLIFFE

Bernard Brominski in Wilkes-Bernard Bronniski in Wilkes-Barre, Pa., denied Wednesday an attempt by the parents of Mary Jo-Kopechne to block Dist. Atty. Edmund Dinis from securing an autopsy on her body — but stopped short of giving the prosecutor a total victory on the issue.

Brominiski said that before he would consider granting permission for exhumation of Mary Jo's remains from her grave in nearby Larksville, Dinis would have to come up with a stronger, set of reasons fro making such a request.

He gave him 20 days in which to do so.

Judge Brominski said that he has the authority to grant. "exhumation and autopsy in a pro-per case," but warned that Dinis must "set forth sufficient facts under Pennsylvania law to

Hacts under Pennsylvania law to warrant" an autopsy. He said Dinis would have to show that "the circumstances of death has not been clearly e st a b l ished,"and that an autopsy would resolve "the doubt and suspicion surrounding the death."

The judge notified Dinis by mail, but the latter had not ar-rived in New Bedford when the announcement was made in Wilkes-Barre. As a result Dinis' assistant, Armand Fernandes telephoned Judge Brominski for the decision.

Dinis and Fernandes said they would file a bill of par-ticulars within the 20 days allowed by Judge Brominski and both expressed confidence the exhumation and authopsy would be allowed

would be allowed. Brominski, President Judge of the Criminal Division of the Common Pleas Court of Luz-erne County, ruled against the Kopechnes on three of the four claims they made in asking that Dinis' petition for the that Dinis' petition for the autopsy be dismissed.

They were, first, that he had no authority to order an autopsy's second that the request I have been ordered not to pro-for an autopsy amounted to a ceed any further with the infor an autopsy amounted to a

Common Please Court Judge | collateral atack by Dinis on a quest into the death of Mary Jo legal deermination of Associ-Kopechue which was set for ate Médical Examiner Donald R. Mills of Edgartown, who such time as a hearing may be ruled Mary Joe a victim of accidental drowning, and, third, that there was no law that would give a Pennsylvania court the jurisdiction to order an autopsy in the case.

But he sustained them in their fourth contention — that Dinis, had - failed to present enough facts to warrant his request being granted, and said he would give the prosecutor 20 days in which to file an amended petition,

"The court, along with mil-lions of other individuals, has read and heard of the events of the. death of Mary Jo Ko-pechne," he declared, "but this cannot be substituted for allega-tions of fact in a individed way tions of fact in a judicial pro-ceeding."

- Brominski's nine-page ruling was one of two courtroom de-velopments in the legal turmoil that has developed since Mary Jo died six weeks ago in a car driven by Sen. Edward M. Kennedv.

Vineyard, where the inquest in-In Edgartown on Martha's to the accident was to have convened Wednesday morning—un-til Justice Paul C. Reardon of the Supreme Judicial Court ordered a halt—District Court Judge James A. Boyle formally

obeyed that edict. Boyle, who would have con-ducted the inquest, entered his courtroom promptly . at . 9:30 a. m., carrying in his hands a copy of the motion by Ken-n-dy's lawyers which prompted Judge Reardon to act.

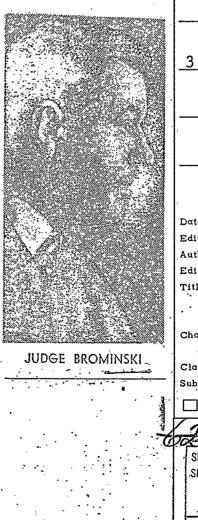
In a matter-of-fact tone of voice, Boyle read from the title

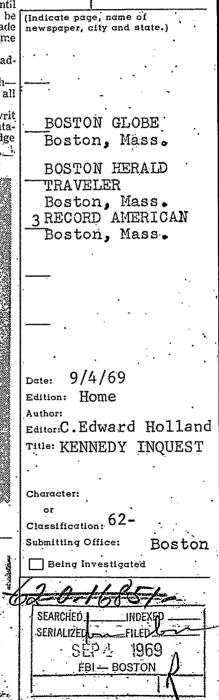
of the motion, and said: "On the petition filed by Edward M. Kennedy against James A. Boyle as he is the justice of the District Court of Dukes County, presented to the Su-preme Judicial Court yesterday, such time as a hearing may be held and a determination made by the full bench of the Supreme Judicial Court,

"Therefore, this inquest is ad-journed until that time."

Boyle then left the benchand in one minute it was all ovér.

Kennedy's petition for a writ of certiorari-which was tantamount to a review of Judge





Boyle's rulings and actions by the Suprem's Court, was based on two points. One was that Kennedy was being deprived of his Constitutional rights by the refusal of Judge Boyle to allow him, at an inquest, the safe-guards granted to lawyers and clients at a criminal proceeding. The other was that massive preinquest publicity had caused ir-remediable harm to the senator. Although Reardon reported the issues to the full bench of the court for a rulin, it is not expected that a hearing can be held by the seven justices until next month, since the Court does not begin its fall session until Oct. 6.

Brominski's decision had been awaited for several days, since lawyers representing Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kopechne of Berkeley Heights, N.J., asked him to dismiss Dinis' petition for the autopsy.

Brominski walked into his courtrom at 11 a.m. and hand-ed copies of his nine-page rul-ing to a waltin horde of newsmen, saying:

"entlemen, I have copies of the decision. I prefer not to have questions on the ramifica-tions of the decision or any-

thing else." On the first Kopechne claim, that his court did not have authority in the case, Brominski ruled:

While the petition for an exhumation and autopsy does not name à criminal defendant or even state that a crime has

in the name of the District Attorney in and for the Southern District of Massachusetts, and the Medical Examiner in and for Dukes County, Mass., and sets forth that an inquest will convene on Sept. 3, 1969, in Dukes County, Mass., inquiring into the: facts surrounding the death of Mary Jo Kopechne

"This certainly suggests that the inquiry here (on the autopsy petition) is of a criminal rather than a civil nature,

"In view of this, one is constrained to conclude that as between the Criminal, Equity, and Ohphans Court Divisions of the Court of Common Pleas of Luzerne County, the Crim-inal Division is the most ap-propriate Division to resolve the isues herein."

On the second Kopechne claim, that the petition was a collateral attack on Dr. Mills and that a legal determination made in one state, Mässachu-setts, čannot be collaterally attacked in another, Bromin-ski declared

"The petition does not dis-pute the cause of death as de-termined by Dr. Donald Mills: Thus, this court does not know at this time the intention of the Massachusetts authorities in this regard, or what proofs will be offered at the hearing.

"Accordingly, this court can-not speculate as to a possible collateral attack on Dr. Mills' determination, and therefore it cannot be considered at this time

The third claim by the Ko-pechne lawyers was that the been committed, it is brought right to conduct an autopsy in

a criminal investigation was a right created by law but they said there is no law that gives a Pennsylvania court the authority to order one in these circumstances.

Brominski cited several precedents, which he said clearly established the inherent powers of the courts to "consider and determine the issues involved herein," and he added:

"It is equally clear that a court in the exercise of its discretion is not reluctant to grant an exhumation and autopsy in a proper case, but it cannot intelligently exercise its dis-cretion until it has before it facts of record."

Only on the fourth claim did he sustain the position of Mary Jo's family. He noted that in Dinis' petition for the autopsy the district attorney had set forth that Mary Jo was buried in Larksville, that an inquest into her death was pending, and its purpose was to determine "whether or not there is any sufficient reason to believe the sudden death of Mary Jo. Kopechnè may have resulted from the act of negligence of a person or persons of her than the de-ceased." ceased."

He noted, too, that Dinis maintained an autopsy would be needed "in order that the circumstances of death be clearly established and the doubt and suspicion surrounding the death

A pending inquest in another jurisdiction does not afford this court the opportunity of weighing the right of the parents to have their daughter's corps remain undisturbed as against the

public interest in thet administration of justice." Brominski said.

"The Kopechnes may have no standing in the inquest, but most certainly can exercise thier right to be heard at the ceedings," he declared. exhumation and autopsy pro-

He found fault with the claim, made before him last week by Asst. Dist. Atty. Armand Fernandes, Jr., who is Dinis' chief aide, that "the fact that an inquest is being held is sufficient fact alone to justify the autopsv."

There was, Brominski said, a

"thread of inconsistency" in that reasoning, in that it would deny him the exercise of his discretion as a judge on whether to grant permission for the autopsy.

Further, he declared, Dinis had asked in his petition that Mary Jo's parents be notified that he was seeking an autopsy.

"If it is seriously argued that an autopsy automatically results when an inquest is conducted, what useful purpose has it served to give notice to the Kopechnes," the judge asked, "It would be a vain act, or in fact tantamount to no notice at all."



(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

23BOSTON GLOBE

TRAVELER

Date: 9/3/69

Author:

Character:

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Edition: Evening

Classification: 62- 0

Being Investigated

CC: Bureau

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Editor Thomas Winship

Title: KENNEDY INQUEST

-BOSTON

Boston

Boston, Mass.

BOSTON HERALD

Boston, Mass.

Boston, Mass.

RECORD AMERICAN

The Real Issue Credibility

EDGARTOWN - This was to have been the place where Sen. Edward Kennedy would tell his story about the night of July 18 when Mary Jo Kopechne lost her life in the Kennedy car at the Chappaquiddick Island bridge.

But within the Kennedy organization, there has always been the argument between the lawyers who are defending Sen. Kennedy in this case and the staff members who are the defenders of his public image.

FD-350 (Rev. 7-15-63)

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In straight within In the end the lawyers won out with Kennedy. And last night the entire inquest apparatus was being dismantled, perhaps for another day. What is important is the decision by Kennedy. to go with his lawyers. He had from the outset said that he would be

available to testify at the inquest. When Judge James Boyle said he thought Kennedy's testimony would be vital to the hearing and he might have to be subpoenaed, it was made clear by the Kennedy lawyers that he would volunteer his appearance.

In Washington, his own staff members welcomed the idea of the inquest.

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- It would, they said privately, give the senator a chance to tell his story, to strike down all the innuendos, all the gossip that has been associated with the case.

And he would have a chance to answer fully those questions that were not answered either in his first statement to the police in. Edgartown or in his public television statement the week after the accident.

SEN. KENNEDY These were the men who have watched Sen. Kennedy develop in the Senate. These were the men whose own lives, the successes and the failures, are tied very closely with those of the senator.

These, were the men who would say three months ago that Sen. Kennedy was not running for the presidency, but who knew very well that he could have the Democratic presidential nomination for the asking in 1972.

The advice from the lawyers who are defending him in this case was clearly something else. They are interested in the immediate problem. He was involved in what they called an accusatory process of the law in the inquest. - Because Kennedy could be accused, their job was to protect his rights. They wanted the right to cross-examine witnesses and they wanted, as lawyers for Kennedy, to be present in the courtroom when other witnesses testified. Denied those rights, they wanted the inquest ted. Kennedy had to decide between these two itions. halted. positions. 1.1.1

The decision was very fundamental both to his case and perhaps to the public career of the Sen-

ator. But Kennedy was aware what public response might be to lawwho represent yers, him, arguing in a high court over the ground rules under which he will testify at an inquest.

Sala an Kennedy then had to make a decision, one involving his private life and the other involving his public life. · Politically, this will not be read as a decision in which he wanted to get his story told to the public.

His attorney, Edward Hanify, made another point in court about the vast amount of publicity that the case has received.

JUDGE BOYLE

Sen. Kennedy is very much a public man and the U.S. Supreme Court long ago ruled that public men can be measured by a different yardstick because they are afforded a public forum where they can answer their critics. . But the real test is not really here in a courtroom in Edgartown or in the Supreme Judicial Court in Boston. What is at stake here is a public man's credibility—whether the public really believes that Sen.

Kennedy has leveled with them in this case. Because if they do not believe this, as Sen. Kennedy himself said in his televised statement,

he cannot serve. That's the real issue in this case for Sen. Kennedy.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below) Led may It is clear now that Sen. Edward Kennedy will (Indicate page, name of have a chance to tell his entire story. newspaper, city and state.) Boyle has said that the inquest cannot go forth without the principal witness and has indicated that if Sen. Kennedy does not come forth voluntarily, which he has said he will do, he will be called by the court. There will be no cross-examination in the procedure. Kennedy will have the right to counsel when he takes the stand, which means also that his is a lawyers can advise him not to answer questions or to take the Fifth Amendment AL in case of self-incrimination. This, of course, has been the problem for the senator, from the beginning. He has had to protect his public posture as a public man and he also has had to keep in mind that if there were a case of proved negligence, a criminal charge could result against him. Those who have talked to the senator since the accident leave with the impression that he is acutely aware of the delicate balance presented by these two problems. It will be very difficult for the senator to plead the Fifth Amendment. He is entitled to the protection against self-incrimination as is any person, and as one of his lawyers said yesterday, he should be treated as any other citizen, not as a United States senator. That is fine rhetoric, but the problem is that Kennedy will have his political career SEN. KENNEDY on the line when he takes the witness stand in that Edgartown court-SEARCHED

room. There will be two judgments made after his testimony.-One will be legal and will determine whether, any further action should be taken against him or whether the case will be closed.

11BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass. BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Boston, Mass. RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass. Date: 8/29/69 Edition: Evening Author: Editor: Thomas Winship Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT Character: or Classification: 62 Submitting Office: Boston Investigated

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The second judgment will be made by thousands of persons who will read his testimony. Some will decide from that testimony whether they will support his candidacy for re-election to the Senate. His credibility will be judged.

Clearly, now Kennedy knows that he made huge mistakes in the way he handled the entire case. He knows he should have notified the police immediately. The construction of the television statement

The construction of the television statement was not the wisest of judgments either. The television statement appeared to be too much the work of writers and too thin on facts. There was appeal to the emotion rather than to reason. Unless all questions were answered there was no need for the statement.

There was the immediate response to the television statement. It was an emotional response, but the questions unanswered would not go away. They persisted,

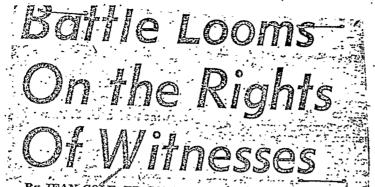
Perhaps there would not have been an inquest if all the questions had been answered. One of the great problems in this case is that no one appears neutral.

The letters that come flocking into this newspaper office are either violently against Kennedy or totally for him. It has unleashed the venom of a number of Kennedy haters, and, on the other side, anyone who asks legitimate questions is criticized by the Kennedy sup-porters. It is like a political campaign when in fact it should simply : be an examination for the truth. It is fortunate that there is an inquest for

JUDGE BOYLE

it will give Sen. Kennedy an opportunity to tell the entire story. Judge Boyle has made it clear that Kennedy's rights will be protected and that, the hearing will be fair and impartial. The peripheral matter of the legions of press, radio and television people descending on the island of Martha's Vineyard should not detract from the importance of what goes on inside that district courttroom.

The thing that brings them there is that a man who was considered for the presidency is in a sense on trial to determine whether he will be given that chance again. (Mount Clipping in Space Below)



By JEAN COLE, ED CORSETTI; and BILL DUNCLIFFE

The lawyers who were denied the chance to call or cross-examine witnesses at next week's inquest into the death of Mary Jo Kopecthe met secretly in Boston Friday in an effort to make another attempt to win their point:

"You have an idea what we plan to do," said a source close to the lawyers as they huddled behind closed doors to nail down their strategy.

It was reported that most of the attorneys favored going into Federal Court with a petition for a restraining order that would prevent Edgartown District Court Judge James A. Boyle from going ahead with the inquest until the constitutional issues have been resolved.

The battery of legal talent discussed their common problem for several hours at Edgartown Thursday after their motions to secure for their clients the same Safeguards, they would have in a trial were denied by Judge Boyle.

Then they boarded a. chartered plane and came to Boston for another meeting, which was believed to be going on in the offlice of Atty. Edward B. Haniity at 225 Franklin st. A reporter who called at the office was told Hanify was in conference. When he sat down in the outer office to wait for the meeting to end, he was asked to leave. Hanify and Attys. Robert G. Clark, Jr. and Robert G. Clark, III, of Brockton represented Sen. Edward M. Kennedy before Judge Boyle. It was Hanify who argued for the motion. Atty. Joseph P. Donahue of Lowell represented Paul F. Markham of Melrose and Joseph F. Gargan Jr. of Milton, while Attys Paul J. Redmond and Daniel Daley,Sr. of Boston represented the five girls and three other men who attended a Chappaquiddick Islasd cockout shortly before Mary Jo was killed. Most, if not all, of the lawyers were believed to be taking part in the Boston meeting.

At Edgartown, the excitement that accompanied the two days of pre-inquest hearings before Judge Boyle was all but gone. But preparations for the inquest itself went ahead at full tilt.

District Court Clerk Thomas Teller posted a list of 150 newsmen, and the papers, magazines, rand radio and TV stations they

represent, who have applied for credentials to cover the proceeding. Reporters, and papers from as far away as Australia and Japan are on the list, olice. Chief. Dominick. J.

olice Chief Dominick. J. Arena, in a move to keep photographers from blocking the street, outside the courthouse when the inquest starts Wednesday, ordered a platform erected for them at South School st., which is directly across from the building and affords a clear view of it.

State Det. Lis. George Killen, Bernard Flynn and John Dunn, who are making a pre-inquest prob for Dist. Edmund Dinis, went to Chappaquiddick Island with an artist, who was given the job of drawing a floor diagram of the cottage where the cookout was held. (Indicate page, name of 🗽 newspaper, city and state.) BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass. BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Boston, Mass. **3RECORD** AMERICAN Boston, Mass. Date: 8/30/69 Edition: Home Author: Editor C. Edward Holland Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT Character: or Classification: 62-Submitting Office: Boston Being Investigated SEARCHED. SERIALIZED FILED سند <u>5 40 2. 1969</u>

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8/29/69

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DIRECTOR, FBL

FROM:

RE:

TO:

SAC, BOSTON

SENATOR EDWARD ME KENNEDY INFORMATION CONCERNING

Attached hereto are Xerox copies of two flyers which are apparently being sent through the mails.

The News Editor of WRKO of Boston received these two flyers through thamail addressed to WRKO Disc Jockey, RKO General Building, Government Center, Boston in an envelope postmarked Hawthorne, California.

This matter was immediately referred to the Postal Authorities.

This is for the information of the Bureau.

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FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63) (Mount Clipping in Space Below) (Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) 2 CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR warenner, acompetitiereng PRESS YEAR STREET Boston,Mass. 141 BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass. 1. I BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Miss Kopechne drowned when a car driven Boston, Mass. New England briefs by Massachusetts Sen. Edward M: Kennedy RECORD AMERICAN went off a bridge into a tidal pool off Chappa-Boston quiddick Island on July 18. Boston, Mass. A preinquest hearing was scheduled in المنافقة المراج والمراج المراج والمراجع والمعاد المراجع Edgartown, Mass., this morning for the several lawyers who will participate in the Sept. 3 inquest into the death of Mary ; Jo Kopechne. 10-16 / 2.543 The hearing was called by District Court Judge James A. Boyle, who is to preside over the inquest. Today's hearing is reported to have been initiated by attorneys représenting potential witnesses who expect to be called during the course of the ्<u>र</u>्ग्रे व Date: 8/27/69 inquest. Apparently the attorneys wish to set ground rules" for the hearing. Edition: New England Author: District Attorney Edmund L. Dinis-who Editor: Dewit .John originally called for the inquest-is expected : to announce today whether or not the inquest will be postponed. There is more than a Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT slight possibility that there will be a postponement, since the Kopechnes in Wilkes. Barre, Pa., where their daughter is buried, Character: have petitioned the Luzerne County Court to forbid Mr. Dinis to exhume Miss Kopechne's Classification: body. Mr. Dinis wants the body exhumed Submitting Office: for the purpose of a formal autopsy. Boston Luzerne County Court Judge Bernard Bro-Being Investigated minski-may announce his ruling on the exhumation request today also. SEARCHED INDEXED : SERIALIZED FILED. AUG 2 8 1969 FBI - BOSTON 62:5018-3

FD-350 (Rev. 7-10-63)

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By JEAN COLE, ED CORSETTI and BILL DUNCLIFFI

EDGARTOWN - District lawyer that he would be here Court Judge James A. Boyle warned bluntly Wednesday that if Sen. Edward M. Kennedy fails to testify voluntarily at next week's inquest into the death of Mary Jo Kopechne he may issue a summons to force him to attend.

"One thing I do know," Boyle declared, "is that it is essential that r. Kennedy be present as a witness. If he is not here, I will see whether a subpoena shall be issued."

Atty. Robert G. Clark, Jr., one of a quartet of lawyers representing the senator at what had been expected to be a fairly quiet hearing on ground rules for the inquest, replied: "Edward M. Kennedy will be present at any time you des-ignate, your honor."

. Dist. Atty. Edmund Dinis, who indicated some time ago that he might not call Kennedy to testify, was silent during the heated exchange between Boyle and Clark, but after the court session was over he declared: "I was actually relieved that he (Boyle) assumed the burden of that responsibility. If he had not there would be some who would have read things into it. I think it best that he (Kennedy) be here.

The threat to summons Kennedy and the promise by his when needed was but on of many surprises at the hearing,

The others were: • A motion by lawyers forseveral prospective witnesse that they and their clients be afforded all the protection and rights granted in a criminal trial. د بر

• A hint that they would take other action if their motion was denied.

· A statement by Dinis that the inquest would get underway Sept. 3 as scheduled.

• An indication by Dinis that it would last twice as long as expected, and that he, wound call twice as many witnesses as planned, ¹

• The possibility, voiced by Dinis, that he may have to ask! for an interruption of the in-quest "because of something" that may happen in Pennsylvania."

That was an obvious refer-ence to the decision of Common Pleas Court Judge Bernard Brominiski in Wilkes-Barre, Pa, to approve Dinis' request, for an autopsy on Mary Jo. Should Brominiski decide to

proceed with the district at-torney's petition, a hearing probably would be held during the inquest.

The session between Boyle and the lawyers revolved principally about their motion that he conduct the inquest as he would a trial,

They produced a recent Su-preme Court ruling in support of the motion, and Alty. Paul J. Redmond of Bosto told Boyle that if he refused to accept it he would ask for still another hearing "because we will have to take hoper procedural ac-tions to esture due process to our chents,"

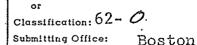
BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Boston, Mass. RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass. Date: 8/28/69 Edition: Home Author: Editor Thomas Winship

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

3 BOSTON GLOBE

Boston, Mass.

Character:



Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT

Being Investigated

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roscarch the law than I," he told them, "and your sources on the mainland are much greater than mine. You should have come prepared with a full memoon the law so that another hearing would not be required. You could have been prepared to do this." The lawyers said that was what they had done, that they believed a memo on the Su-preme Court decision which they had submitted was enough to enable him to make a deci-"It's my general understand". Ing of the inquest law that it is not a trial; there is no de-fendant, no one is accused, and constitutional rights that pertain in a criminal trial do not pertain in an inquest," the judge said, and then asked:

. "Am I correct that that generally is the law?" "No, your honor," Clark replied and cited English law and the Supreme Court decision to back up his claim that what he and his associates were asking in demanding all the protec-tions, restrictions, and rights of a trial, as guaranteed by the Constitution. Further, he said,

the Constitution took precedence over Massachusetts law. "Do you mean every witness would have a lawyer, or be entitled to have one, in the court-room?" Boyle wanted to know. "No, only those in focal position as in any criminal case," Clark replied. "Take for ex-ample the young ladies" "You mean they should have

"Well, not necessarily,' Clark answered, "but are they to be pilloried and not be allowed to give full answers to allegations. This is an accusatory proce-dure."

Clark conceded, in answering a question by the judge, that no inquest had ever been held-in the manners lawyers want this

ne held—in Massachuselts. Redmond, who is represent-ing the five girls and three of the men who were present at the cookout that preceded Mary Jo's death, insisted that in any other case, in any court in the state, he and the others would have the information they

needed to advise their client, He said they must know the time limits of the trial, and asked: "Are they (his clients) going

to come here and be asked not only their name, age, and ad-dress, but every friend they had, in high school, what schools they went to, and the like? Is this going to be in the nature of a slander case, where some-one's whole life is laid open, or are we going to operate with rules and procedures and specific boundary dates?"

Boyle had-declared, at the outset, that he was not sure whether the motions and requests for rulings submitted to him by the lawyers shortly be-

"I may or may not rule on them, but you will be informed when I make a decision," he declared declared.

It was that statement that led, to the heated discussion that tollowed, and, ultimately,

Boyle . indicated that, because the inquest was so close there may not be enough time to consider and rule on the mo-tions.

"The time is of the essence, when the reputation of a man is at stake," Clark declared loudly.

"You feel strongly about this, don't you," Bople commented. "I will set down a hearing on. the motions for tomorrow at 10 a. m."

The lawyers-there were nine of them representing prospective witnesses-also submitted a letter asking questions on ground rules for the inquest. Some of the questions appeared to be almost similar to what was sought in the motion.

They included:

 Whether lawyers should file appearances.

• Whether they would be allowed to be present during the entire inquest.

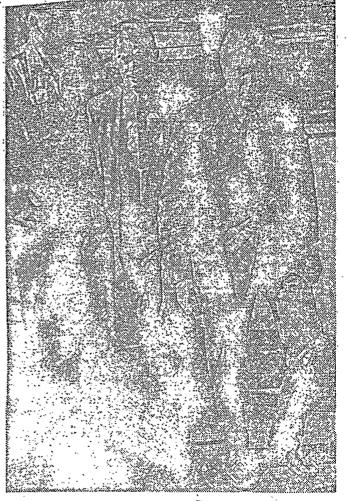
G Whether they should have

38 A.

Redmond did not say whether this meand an appeal to a higher court, but he added:

"We don't want to stall this inquest. We want it to go forward. But we need ground rules to advise our clients; otherwise, we hav eto operate in a vacuum.

That seemed to stir Boyle's anger, and touched off a fre-quently loud echange between him and several of the attorneys. You have had more time to



With his bodyguard State Police Cpl. Robert Enos by his side, Dist. Atty. Edmund Dinis, right, arrives at Edgartown for preliminary hearing.

S Whether they would be al-

lowed the right to reasonably object to questions. • Whether they would have the right to examine and crossexamine.

• Whether the court would allow written statements to be made in lieu of testimony. G What the scope of the in-

quest would be. Whether they would have

the right to call witnesses.

• Whether witnesses would bé sequestered. o' Whether they could have

a stenographer present.

• By whom and in what manner would witnesses be examined, and what the physical aspects of the, court would be: would the lawyers be able. to sit with their clients, have

desks, etc.

right to advise their clients in of Edgartown represented Kennedy at the hearing.

Redmond and Daniel J. Daley, Sr., of Boston repre-sented Esther Newberg, Nancy and Maryllen Lyons, Susan Tannenbuam, Rosemary Keough, Jack Crimmins, Ray mond LaRosa, and Charles Tretter, all of whom were at the Chappaquiddick cookout.

Atty Joseph P. Donahue of Lowell represented Paul F. Markham and Joseph F. Gargan, Jr. and Atty. James L. Kenney, Jr., of Oak Bluffs represented Associate Medical Examiner Dónald R. Mills.

Some surprise was occasioned by Atty Rich H. Worth of Edgartown, who said he was rep-resenting the Pennsylvania lawyers who have been retained by Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Ko-pechne, Mary Jo's parents. Worth asked that space be set aside for the Pennsylvania law Clark, his son Robert G. Clark, His son Robert G. Worth asked that space be set aside for the Pennsylvania law firm if they decided to send a Boston and Richard McCarron representative to the inquest.

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)



By JACK WHARTON, DAVE O'BRIAN and BILL DUNCLIFFE

.An armed state trooper has privilege. been assigned as a personal guard for Dist. Atty. Edmund Dinis because of several legitimate threats against his life, it was disclosed Tuesday.

The trooper, identified as Cpl. Robert Enos of the Bourne Barracks, was given the duty of protecting the prosecutor by Maj. John Moriarty after detectives at State Police headquarters satisfied themselves that the threats to kill Dinis were real rather than the work of cranks.

Eros, who went into plain clothes for the assignment, has been at Dinis' side for the past ie wdays, and accompanied him. to Pennsylanvia for a court hearing there Monday.

The Record American learned that after several letters were. received warning Dinis that his life was in jcopardy_because of his work in the Kennedy case, his aides prevailed on him to turn the notes over to the State Police.

Date of the second seco slaff. However, after Capt. Daniel I. Murphy, head of the State Police Detective Bureau, and several other investigators and lechnicians examined the letters, the pulice guard was ordered.

Under the law, the State Police are required to supply guards for the Governor, all constitutional officers, judges of the various state courts, and district attorneys—if they are

Despite the threats, he continued his preparations for the inquest scheduled for Sept. 3 at Edgartown into the accident which killed Mary Jo Kopechne and cast the political future of Sen, Edward M. Kennedy into serious doubt.

Dinis and Asst. Dist. Atty. Armand Fernandes, Jr., plan to be in Edgartown Wednesday morning for a hearing before District Court Judge James A. Boyle, who will conduct the inquest.

The hearing, which will be open to the press, will be to d is c us's "procedural matters which may arise as a result of the inquest," according to Clerk of Court Thomas Teller.

What that appeared to mean was that Judge Boyle will listen to Dinis and lawyers who have been retained by several prospective witnesses at the inquest. and will then lay down the ground rules under which it will be held.

Among the lawyers invited to the "pre-inquest hearing" were Attys. Richard J. McCarron of Edgartown and Robert Clark, Jr., of Brockton, Joseph P. Donahue of Lowell, Paul J. Redmond of Boston, and James L. Kenney, Jr., of Ook Bluifs.

McCarron and Clark represented Kennedy last month whci, the senator pleaded guilty to leaving the scene of the ac-cident in which Mary Jo was killed; Donahue represents Kennedy confidants Paul F. requisited, now, however, Dinis Joseph Gargan of Milton; Red. to ask for time to go to Wilkes-has not availed himself of that mond has been hired by Jack Barre for the hearing.

Crimmins of South Boston, an occasional chauffeur for the senator, and by Susan Tannenbaum, Rosemary Keough, Esther Newberg, and Nance and Maryellen Lyons, all of whom were present at the cookout on Chappaquiddick Island shortly before Mary Jo was killed, and Kenney is counsel for Associate Medical Examiner Donald R. Mills, who ruled Mary Jo a victim of accidental drowning but decided an autopsy on her body was not needed.

No decision has been made yet on whether a delay in the start of the autopsy, or a recess while it is in progress, will be necessary.

That decision apparently hinges on what ruling is made by Judge Bernard Brominski of Common Pleas Court in Kopechne to block Dinis in his tempt by Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wilkes-Barre, Pa., on an atefforts to have an autopsy performed.

If Brominski heeds the parents' plea to dismiss the district attorney's petition for exhumation of the body, that will presumably end the matter.

But, if he decides against the Kopechnes, he must then set a date for a hearing on the Dinis petition, and he indicated that could not be held until some time next week.

And it is just that last point that might dictate a delay or recess in the inquest - which is also set for next week.-- íor if the Pennsylvania court rules

62-5078-27

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

> BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass. BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Boston, Mass.

3 RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass.

Date: 8/27/69 Edition: Home Author: Editor: C. Edward Holland Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT

Character: OT Classification 62-Submitting Office: Boston Being Investigated

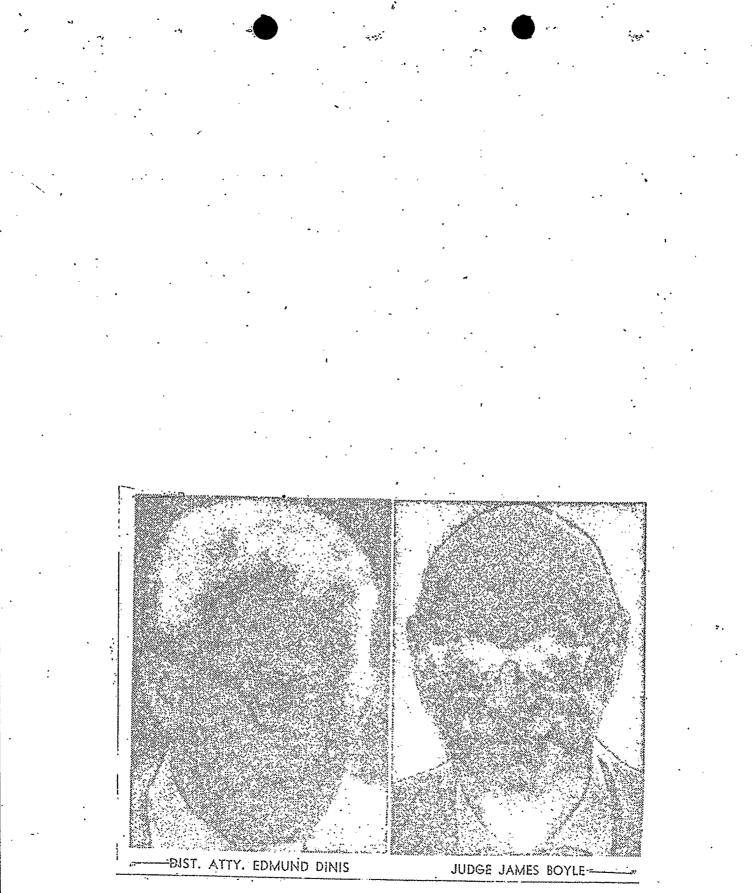
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(Indicate page, name of 'newspaper, city and state.)

> BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass.

3BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER

Boston, Mass. RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass.

Date: 8/27/69 Edition: HOME

Editor: John Herbert Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT

Boston

Author:

Character:

Classification: 62-Submitting Office:

Being Investigated

62-5078-2

AUG 27 1050

Philip Cronin, 21, Wellesley, who works as a cabbie in Edgarrown during the summer. Record American Photo, Kevin Coje Cabbie's Log Adds To Time Mixup in Mary Jo Tragedy

By JEAN COLE

EDGARTOWN—Another apparent confusion of times in the 'Ted Kennedy tragedy grooped up Tuesday with the story told by Philip Cronin, a 21-yearo-1d Wellesley resident who works as a cabble here during the summer.

Cronin said that on July 19, the morning after Mary Jo Kopechae drowned, he drove three girls from Edgartown to the Katama Shores Motel; also known as The Duncs.

showed Cronin pictures of the state delective five girls who were with Mary Jo, Kennedy and several of the senator's friends at a cookout that immediately preceded her death, he positively one of them as one of his passengers on that trip. . . 1.

According to a cab company official who checked Cronin's log; he could not have made that run before 10:30 or 11 a.m. If correct, that would be at least an hour later than the time Mary Jo's friend, Estther.

Newberg, was quoted as saying she and the other girls were driven to the motel by Joseph Gargan; the senator's cousin.

In news stories several days In news stories several days-after the accident, Miss New-berg was credited with saying that early on the morning of the 19th, Susan Tamenbaum and Rosemary Keough left Chappaquiddick Island Gargan and Charles Tretter for breakfast at Martha's Vineyard. with She said that about 9 a.m., she and Maryellen and Nance Lyons started to walk from the

Lawrence cottage, where the cookout had been held, to the Chappaquiddick ferry slip, when they met Gargan and the others, who were on their way back.-

Everyone, she said, went back to the cottage, where Gargan told them "we can't find Mary Jo.'

Then she said, according to the news reports, that he took the girls across to Edgartown and drove them to the motel, only to call them on the phone about 10 a. m. to tell them Mary Jo's body had been found —that she had drowned despite Kennedy's efforts to save her.

Cronin's story was this ""On that Saturday morning, three girls walked up from the ferry, and got into the back, seat of my cab. They asked to be driven to the Dunes Motel.,

"While we were going there I tried to make conversation. I asked them questions, the harmless sort of questions you might ask any girls getting into your cab.

"They seemed unusually quiet. I left them at the motel and didn't think any more of it until I saw the pictures in the newspapers and realized that they were the girls from the cottage." Cronin said one of the de-

toctives assigned to Dist. Edmund Dinis showed hil'n photographs about a week ago. He said he positively identified one of them as having been his fare the morning after Mary Jodied, but he wasn't sure about any of the others.

Cronin works for a taxi firm operated by Christopher F. Look, Sr.

According to company records, Cronin reported for work at 8 a. m. on July 19. His log for that morning showed several trips between Edgartown, and the Martha's Vineyard Airport, and one from the airport . to Oyster Pond.

It also contained an entry that showed Edgartown as the starting point and read:

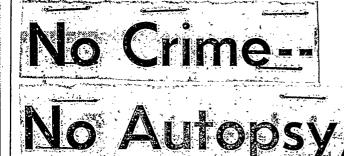
"Three girls here to Katama Shores.'

Look's wife, who keeps track of logs for the company, examined the one made by Cronin . on the 19th and said he could. not have made the trip to the motel before 10.30 a.m.

Her son, Deputy Sheriff Christopher F. Look, Jr., is slated to be one of the prime. witnesses at the inquest which is scheduled to get under way here Sept. 3. And, curiously enough, his story also involves

a difference in times. According to Kennedy, the accident occurred shortly after 11:15 p.m. on the 18th when he took a wrong turn at the Dyke rd. while driving Mary Jo to the ferry.

But according to Look, he' 'saw Kennedy's car at the Dyke rd, intersection at 12:40 a. m., nearly 90 minutes later.



gue Kopech



WILKESBARE, Pa A lawyer for the parents of Mary Jo Kopecine urged Monday that the application of Dist. the inquest which has been set. "I would do what a reason-atty. Edmind Dinis for an au-torsy be denied because there was no evidence given that 'a If he decided to reject Flana crime had been committed in gans motion and set a date for Pennsylvania or elsewhere". 'a hearing on the district of fore Judgea Brownedd

Presiding Judge Biernard Brominski of Common Pleas Court said, after hearing at guments from both sides on the "That's a reasonable expecta-motion of Atty. Joseph Flana- tion," he told reporters, san that Dinis, request be dis-missed, it would be at least 48 ing at that late for his purposes. hours before he makes a decision.

* By DAVE O'BRIAN and BILL DUNCLIFFE

a hearing on the district at-torney's request that hearing would probably not be held un-the week of Sept. 1.

-date, would delay the start of the inquest, first hedged at an and Disis indicated that the swering the question, but then a crime be ignored."

fore Judgea Brominski, ripped into the attempt by Dinis to have Mary Jo's body exhumed from its grave, declaring;

"Nowhere does the petition cite sufficient reasons why the wishes of the next-of-kin should be disregarded; the sanctity of the sepulchre be disturbed or the law of Pennsylvania, which

Assot, Dist, Atty, Armand Fernandes, who carried the argument for Dinis, replied to that noint by contents. that point by saying: "Reverence for the memory of those departed does not re quire us to abdicate our duty." Present in the courtroom, but silent throughout the hour-long arguments on Flanagan's mo-tion that Dinis' petition for the autopsy be dismissed, was the

autopsy be dismissed, was the district attorney himself, sitting at a table with Fernandes pri-the right side of the room. If With them was Asst. Dist. Atty. Francis Burns, an aide to Luzerite County Dist. Art ry. Bythe Evans. Jr., who was apparently there to brief Fer-nandes, and Divis on round of nandes and Dinis on points of Pennsylvania law. Directly to their rean was Flanagan and his associates in the case, Attys. John O'Connor and Charles, Shaffer of Wilkes, (Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass. BOSTON HERALD

TRAVELER Boston, Mass. 3 RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass.

Date:8/26/69 Edition: Home Author:

Editor: C.Edward Holland Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT

17

Boston

Character:

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Classification: 62-

Submitting Office:

way at Edgartown, Martha's Vineyard, Sept. 3. Flanagan attacked the district

attorney's petition on four main issues, to each of which Fer-mandes offered a brief rebuttal. They were: %-The criminal division of

Judge Brominski's court had no jurisdiction, since there was no evidence that a crime had been committed.

4. The petition was a col-lateral attack by Dinis on Associate Medical Examiner Donald R. Mills of Edgartown, who — without an autopsy — ruled that Mary Jo was a victim of accidental drowning,

%-The sanctity of the supulchre.

2 There were insufficent indications in the petition that negligence or a crime was responsible for Mary Jo's death

Tesponsible for Mary Jo's death: On the first point; Flanagan said; "Traditionally, in the Com-monwealth of Pennsylvania, courts of equity have jurisdic-tion over burials and disinter-ments:" The said his research of crim-

But neuronne to be seen were. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kopechne; Mary Jo's parents, who 'are fighting withevery resource at their command to keep their daughter's grave in n.a.r.b.y Larksville undisturbed: . . May Jo' drowned over five weeks tago when a car driven by Sen. Edward M. Kennedy plunged from a bridge into a tidal pond on Chappaquiddick is I and J ust off this Massachusetts coast; Dinls maintained that a'n autopsy was a vital preliminary to the inquest into her death which is scheduled to get under ATTY JOSEPH' FLANAGAN



Edmund Dinis, (right), Dukes County DA, and Judge. Bernard Brominski of Luzerne County, Pa.



inal court records showed only seven cases which dealt with exhumations, and each had to do with a situation where a crime had been committed.

In only one was an exhumation allowed, Flanagan maine-tained, and, in that one, the defendant was already on trial. According to Flanagan, while Dinis had authority to order an autopsy on Mary Jo while her body was still in his jurisdiction, he lost that authority the moment it was shipped out of "state.

side in his rebuttal, Fernandes said the jurisdiction of courts of equity over exhumations in Pennsylvania does not apply "to exhumations requested by public officials to determine whether a crime has been committed.

"Once a body is buried, it is within the power of the law and within the power of the law and the removal of it is within the power of the court," he said. "In the light of the fact that there is going to be an inquest, it is a matter of comity (to grant an autops?)." Comity is a term used to describe courtes-les extended in law. ies extended in law.

On the second point, Flanagan said Dinis was attempting to attack, in a Pennsylvania court, the judgment of a medical examiner in Massachusetts.

Nowhere, he said, does the district attorney's petition claim that Dr. Mills acted "in bad faith."

Flanagan held that the only

BERNARD C. BROMINSKI

about whether an autopsy was, whether these are legal doubts required. Neither is true in this case

and thus the petition ought to pleion be dismissed immediately," he ple declared.

In his reply, Fernandes, de clared:

is a legal determination. This declared, is not an attack on Dr. Mills. "There we the sole purpose of the autopsy that fact at lis, to ascertain the fruth. It could possibly confirm the sopin-ion of the medical examiner." Point Three, on the sanctity

of the sepulchre, was dealt with by Fernandes with the one sent-ence that reverence for the dead could not be allowed to take precedence over duty

On Eoint Four, Flanagan cited two paragraphs in Dinis petitio nwhich said an autopsy was needed to determine wheth was heeded to determine when-er "death may have resulted from the active negligence of a person or persons unkown," and to remove "doubt or suspicion?' which have arisen

These, he said, were insufficways the application would be if alled to say whether the negli-valid would be if Dr. Mills had igence was a civil or criminal acted in bad faith or if the had act, and added: made no determination at all a "The petition doesn't, state ent reasons because the petition

and or merely doubt and sus pición on the part of some peo-

BLYTHE H. EVANS

Eernandes, asked by Judge Brominski about whether there "I know of no authority that had been insufficient reasons states that a death certificate given by Dinis for the autopsy "There will be an inquest, and that fact alone is enough reason for an autopsy."

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Dinis and Pa. Judge to Confer On Autopsy Petition Objections

Objections filed by Mary-Jo Kopechne's parents have forced Dist. Atty. Edmund Dinis to fly to Wilkes-Barre, Pa., today for a pre-hearing conference with the judge who will hear his petition for exhumation of May Jo's bedy next Monday.

Mary Jo, 28, campaign aide to the late Sen. Robert-Kennedy, drowned on Chappaquiddick Island, Martha's Vineyard, when a car driven by Sen. Edward M. Kennedy plunged off Dike Bridge into Pochas Pond there July 1i.

Dinis is seeking an autopsy on Mary Jo's body prior to an inquest scheduled to open in Edgartown Sept. 3.

Associate Dukes County Medical Examiner Dr. Donald R. Mills ruled that Miss Kopechne died of accidental drowning. His finding, reached without conducting an autopsy, was criticized by Dinis as "a calculated guess."

Dinis as "a calculated guess." "We're only doing what should have been done before,' Dinis said yesterday of his current action. Formal hearing of his

Formal hearing of his petition for exhumation and an autopsy is scheduled for next Monday in the Luzerne C oun ty Common Pleas Court, but objections raised by lawyers for Me, and Mrs. Joseph Kegechne moved Judge Barnard Borminski to order a pretrial conference in his Wilkes-Barre courthouse chambers today.

Dr. Mills and Dinis have been at odds over responsibility for failure to conduct an autopsy immediately after the accident. Dr. Mills' superior Drikes County Medical Examiner, Dr. Robert W. Nevin, was a signer of Dinis' petition for exhumation but said last night he didn't plan to attend the hearing next Monday "unless summoned." "I think time has gone on,

"I think time has gone on, and the effectiveness of an autopsy is becoming more remote," Dr. Nevin said in Edgartown yesterday.

Edgartown yesterday. Dinis said he planned to have both island medical examiners and Edgartown Police Chief Domenick J. Arena as witnesses in the Wilkes-Barre hearing next week. State Police Lt George Killen, Dinis' chief investi-



DIST, ATTY. DINIS

gator, also was expected to attend.

Dinis has yet to release the list of witnesses he expects to call at the inquest, but it was reported from Washington that five girls who attended the Chappaquiddick Island <u>party</u> for Kennedy campaign "boller room" workers will be voluntary witnesses.

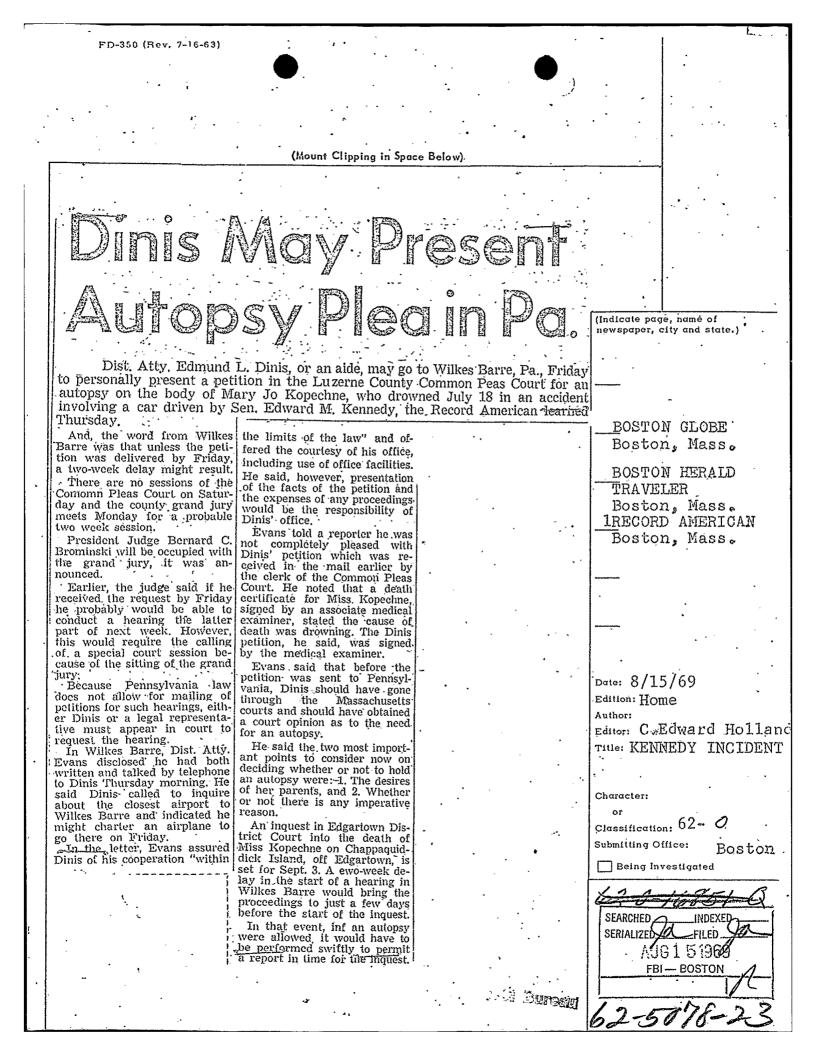
In New York, Theodore C. Sorensen denied reports he received two telephone calls from Sen. Kennedy the night of the accident. Sorensen said he wasn't in his New York apartment at the time and was visiting friends on Long Island.

"If he had called me," Sorensen said, "I would have advised him immediately to do what he later realized heshould have done — namely go to the polics promptly." Last week, the Manchester' (N.H.) Union-Leader reported that two of 17 calls charged to Sen. Kennedy's telephone credit-card that night had been to Sorensen's apartment.

Sorensen is credited with writing much of the speech Sen. Kennedy made on a national TV hookup a week after the tragedy.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) 16 BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass. BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Boston, Mass. RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass. Date: 8/21/69 Edition: Evening Author: Editor: Thomas Winship THUEKENNEDY INCIDENT Character: ٥r Classification: 62-Submitting Office: Boston Being Investigated SEARCHED SERIAL 321369 FBI - BOSTON

CC: Bureau



Kennedy Refutes 'False Whispers'

Sen, Edward M. Kennedy spoke bitterly yesterday of "whispers and innuendoes and falsehoods" concerning his July 18 auto accident that killed Mary Jo Kopechne.

"I feel the tragedy of the girl's death," Kennedy said. "That's on my mind. That's what I will always have to live with.

"But what I don't have to live with are the whispers and innuendoes and falsehoods, because they have no basis in fact."

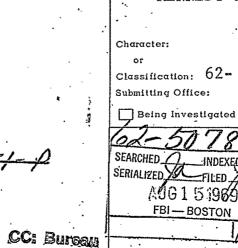
Kennedy said charges contained in syndicated columns written by Jack Anderson are "categorically untrue". Anderson wrote that Kennedy asked his cousin, Joseph Gargan, to take the blame for the accident. The New England Telephone Co. says legal restrictions prevent it from confitming or denying reports that 17 calls were charged to Kennedy's credit card in the hours after the accident.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

According to the accident. According to the Associated Press, the Manchester, N.H., Union Leader said five of the calls were made shortly before midnight from the Chappaquiddick Island cottage where Kennedy, Miss Kopechne and others were attending a party. The other 12 reportedly

The other 12 reportedly were made from a motel in Edgartown where Kennedy was staying.

was staying. The telephone company said that use of Kennedy'scredit card did not necessarily mean the senator made the calls himself.



(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

32 BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass.

BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Boston, Mass. RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass.

Date: 8/14/69 Edition:Evening.

Author: Editor: Thomas Winship Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT

Boston

Kennedy intimates add more details to accident

WASHINGTON-Sen, Ted Kennedy has denied my account of what happened on the night he drove off Dyke. Bridge and left Mary Jo Kopechne at the bottom of Foucha Fond. The details were drawn painfully from Kennedy intimates who would have no reason to falsify the facts.

They have now provided a few more defails, which help to explain. Kennedy's strange conduct after the awful accident.

No doubt he did his best, risking his own life, to save Mary Jo. However, those who know him say he would risk his life ahead of his political career. He has a compulsion, which only Kennedy intimates fully understand, to finish the work of his slain, brothers.

Every day that he remains in the public spotlight, he risks his life. He is convinced, say intimates, that some demented soul will firs the finish, off the last. Kennedy, Brother, He fully expects another Lee Oswald of Sirhan Sirhan to take a shot at him some day.

Yet he has stayed doggedly in his brothers' footsteps, speaking out boldly on emotional and controversial issues that might excite a psychopath. Kennedy isn't foolhardy, and doesn't relish the idea that a mad sniper might be lying for him in ambush. He has even sounded out Republican friends about getting a bullet proof government Jimousine.

Nevertheless he has always put public additional safety.

On the night of the tragedy, apparently, he was willing to risk, his life but not his, career for Mary Jo. After it was too late to save Mary Jo, he felt it might still be possitble to save his presidential dream.

This was his state of mind, apparently, as he avoided lighted homes and a fire station in the tormented midnight walk back to the vacation cottage. He told his cousin, Joe Gargan, and his friend. Paul Markham, what had happened. Gargan agreed to say he had driven the death car.

Gargan had arranged for the cottage and had helped chauffeur the guests. It wouldn't have been difficult for him to convince the authorities that he had borrowed the senator's car to drive Mary Jo to the ferry. For Gargan, the penalty would have been minor, probably a suspended sentence. For Kennedy, it could mean the ruin of his career, and the end of the Kennedy dream. Without saying a word to the other guests, Kennedy, Gargan and Markham guietly returned to Dyke Bridge. This gave

Gargan a chance to familiarize hinself with the accident scene. Then Gargan and Markham rustled up

a boat and delivered Kennedy on the other is side. The senator did not suddenly jump into the water and impulsively swim, the streacherous 150-yard channel as he later claimed.

The idea was to remove the senator from the site of the accident. Then Gargan, who

was prepared to take the blame, returned with Markham to the cottage, Kennedy, managed to slip unnoticed into the Shiretown Im, where he was registered. To establish his alibi, he left, his froom, dressed and dry, to talk to the room clerk. Kennedy complained about the noise next door, then asked for the time, explaining he had misplaced his watch.

In other words, he supposedly had out the whole nightmare out of his mind and was concerned about having his sleep dis turbed.

turbed The next morning, Gargan and Markham returned to Edgartown, where they had dopped off Kennedy in the daik of the night, to pick him up. They assumed that they were still the only three persons who knew, about the accident, and they wanted another look at the scene in the daylight.

As they were crossing the channel, however, someone mentioned that a car had been found bottom up in Poucha-Pond. Kennedy was shaken and walked off alone to get a hold on his emotions. Standing behind a car, he decided what he must do. It was his moment of truth.

As soon as the ferry docked, he stepped i over to a pay phone near the landing and telephoned his attorney. Burke Marshall. Then the senator returned on the ferry to Edgartown and headed purposely for the police station. Markham made the lonely verossing with him. Gargan hurried to the cottage to get the other members of the Kennedy, party off the island before the press descended upon them. (Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

BOSTON GLOBE

BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Boston, Mass. RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass.

Date: 8/23/69 Edition: Evening Author: Editor:Thomas Winship Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT

Character: or Classification: 62-Submitting Office: Being Investigat SEARCHED_ _INDEXED SERIALIZED. FILED ACG 1 4 1969 FBI - BOSTON

Ted's Case

EDGARTOWN

telephone company has failed thus: far to provide authorities with a record of any phone calls from Chappaquiddick Island that could have a bearing on the death o Mary Jo Kopechne, Police Chief Dominick J. Arena disclosed Tuesday.

have been made from the rented cottage where Mary Jo and Sen. Edward M. Kennedy left to catch the midnight ferry to Edgartown on July 18. The period involved would have been from late on the night of Friday the 18th to Saturday morning, July 19. Arena. stressed that he does not know whether any calls were made from the cottage during that time, or wether they would have any bearing on the inquest that will get underway here Sept 3 in Her said, that will so the bwas

The investigating the accident in which Mary Jo died he asked the phone company for a record of any calls that may have been placed from the cottage to Edgartown, Hyannis Port, Washington, and the like during the period in question.

Company officials told him that, to isolate such informationat other than the regular billing datw would raise havoc with their computer setup; Arena declared.

However, he quoted them as saying, any such calls would show up in the regular billing in mid-August. Arena said he expects to hear from the phone company in the next week and, if there were any such calls, he will forward a record of them to Dist. Atty. Edmund Dinis.

Arena mét 'för' more' than ai our with State Det - me

Killen, who was assigned by | in the inquest" Arena, said. Dinis to make an investigation preliminary to the inquest. All the files in the Kennedy case were checked, and Killen said he intended to use them as a basis for his own probe. "I gave him everything I had,

all the statements and a com-plete list of names of anyone who could possibly give help from Massachusetts be present:

Dinis is expected, later in the day, to forward to Luzerne County Court in Wilkes-barre, Pa., a formal request for an autopsy on Mary Jo's remains. If one is allowed, he said, he would not object to its being conducted in Pennsylvania, but would ask that a pathologist

Date: 8/13/69 Edition: Home Author:

EditorC.Edward Holland Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT Character:

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newspaper, city and state.)

BOSTON GLOBE

Boston, Mass.

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Boston, Mass.

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RECORD AMERICAN

TRAVELER

or Classification: 62- 6 Boston Submitting Office: Being Investigated SEARCHED SERIALIZED 013964- BOSTON FBI:

By PAUL GIGUERE and JACK GALLANT HT Staff Reporters

The possibility of two court hearings in the death of Mary Jo Konechne-one in Pennsylvania and another, already scheduled, in Massachusetts arose yesterday, along with legal complications, in the case.

Luzerne County Common Pleas Court officials in Wilkes Barre said a hearing might have to be held there on the petition of a Massachusetts district attorney for exhumation and autopsy of the body of Miss Kopechne.

The 28-year-old former secrefary to the late Sen. Robert ! would have to present the peti-F. Kennedy drowned the night of July 18 when a car driven by Massachusetts Sen. Edward M. Kennedy plunged off ' a narrow bridge and into a tidal pond on Chappaquiddick Island adjoining Martha's Vineyard.

Petitions requesting the : autopsy were received yesterday in Pennsylvania from. Dist. Atty. Edmund Dinis of New Bedford, but legal filing reportedly was being held up pending a personal appearance by Dinis or a duly authorized representative;

COURT SQLICITOR Atty Arthur Panaway of Luzerne County said he had recommended that Dinis be informed by letter that the autopsy petition to the county--where Miss Kopechne is buried-was not acceptable as a petition received through the mail.

The solicitor said Dinis tion in person to the Pennyslvania court, send a member of his staff or choose a member of the bar in Pennsylvania to submit it for him.

President Judge Bernard C. Brominski of Luzerne County Common Pleas Court said that if the petition is properly presented, he could set a hearing as early as next week on whether or not to sanction exhumation.

Proper notice must be given to all parties, including the dead girl's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kopechne of Berkeley Heights, N.J., the judgeadded. The parents said they were consulting a lawyer, but did not indicate whether they would formally oppose an autopsy. · · · · ·

INDICATING the Massachusetts petition woud get no special priority, Judge Brominski told reporters yesterday:

"I've got 16 other things on my desk to do, and I'm not going to be stampeded by what happens in other states."

Dinis' request would "go into the hopper and be scheduled for hearing in the normal way," the judge said.

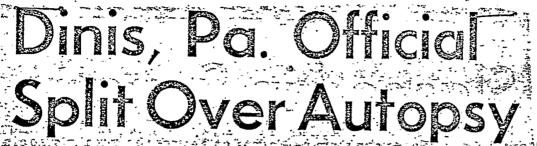
It was not clear whether a Pennsylvania autopsy hearing would be public, what witnesses, if any, would be called, or whether it might conflict with . an inquest scheduled to begin , Sept. 3 in Edgartown District Court.

In a letter to Dinis last week, Luzerne County Dist. Atty. Blythe Evans said that for the Pennsylvania cougts "to consider an order for an autopsy and exhumation to be made on the body of the deceased, it would require a showing of imperative reason as a basis for any other

AS FOR POSSIBLE objections from the parents, Judge · Brominski said yesterday: "It" all depends on the nature of their objections. They may have a legitimate and legal reason to block it. I can't really speculate until I've seen the petition and heard the arguments.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass. **2BOSTON HERALD** TRAVELER Boston, Mass. RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass. Date: 8/14/69 Edition: Morning Author: Editor: John Herbert Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT Character: Classification: 62-Submitting Óffice: SEARCHED A%G14 FBI

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EDGARTOWN -- Law enforcement officials in Massachusetts and Pennsyl- newspaper, city and state.) vania were headed for a public quarrel Tuesday over the intention of Dist. Atty. Edmund Dinis to seek an autopsy on the body of Mary Jo Kopechne.

Dinis, preparing for an inquest into the accident in which Mary Jo died, appeared to take the position that the only au-thorization he needed to ask that her body be exhumed was a section of the appropriate Massachusetts law.

That law gives a district attorney the right to order an autopsy if he deems one necessary and it was this which Dinis. Sent by registered mail to offi-cials in Luzerne County, Pa., Where Mary Jolis buried. It was accompanied by a letter making a formal request for an autopsy.

Dinis said in his petition he wanted the post-mortem exam-ination for the forthcoming inquest into the accident.

"The purpose of the inquest," he said in the petition, "is to should be made.

determine whether or not there is any reason sufficient to believe that the sudden death of Mary Joe Kopechne may have It's a court order we're looking resulted from the act or negli-gence of a person or persons ceived anything." gence of a person or persons other than the deceased." However, Dist. Atty. Blythe Evans, Jr., of Luzerne County

indicated that he wanted something stronger than that. Pressed on whether he would be satis-fied with a letter from Dinis, Evans declared: .

"My original letter still states my position - that I will only consider a court order based on a foundation of imperative reasons for an autopsy,"

Evans said he was not familiar with Massachusets law on reason why such an examination

"My opinions have been based on Pennsylvania law - under which a court order is needed.

One of Evans' aides, who declined to be identified, suggest-ed that the inquest go forward without an autopsy-since one could be easily authorized if testimony produced some cogent reason why such an examination should be made.

In his petition for the exhum-ing and the autopsy, which is bolstered by the signature of Dukes County Medical Examiner Dr. Robert W. Nevin, the district attorney stressed a stressed a number of points:

It would clearly establish the cause of death and all doubt and suspicion surrounding the case would be resolved. In re-questing the autopsy, Dinis sought to have it performed as soon as practicable, time being of the essence."

Further, the Common Pleas Court in Luzerne County is requested to give full faith and credit to the Massachusetts law under which the autopsy is sought.

The petition asks that Lu-izerne County officials issue an order of notice to John B. Gibbons, Luzerne County coroner and to Joseph and Gwen Kopechne, parents of Mary Jo. Dinis asked for a hearing on the petition, that it be granted and that disinterment and an autopsy be held forthwith. abelated post mortem on Mary Jo's remains created a problem for Dinis, one that he inferred might have been avoided.

Boston, Mass. BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Boston, Mass. 3 RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass. Date: 8/13/69 Edition: Complete Author: Editor C. Edward Holland Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT Character: Classification: 62-Boston Submitting Office: Being Investigated SEARCHED . INDEXED SERIALIZED FBI

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He was guoted as saying that, on July 20, less than 48 hours after the time Sen. Edward M. Kennedy said the accident occurred in which Mary Jo died, be ordered an autopsy on the body. It was only after doing so, Dinis said, that he learned it Dinis said, that he learned it had been sent to Pennsylvania for burial. Mary Jo's parents said they will go to court, if necessary, to block Dinis now and Evans said their-wishes. will be given great weight. Selfn. another development, Po-lice Chief Dominick J. Arena revealed that the telephone company has failed to provide a record of any calls from Chap-paquiddick Island which might. paquiddick Island which might. have a bearing on the case. The calls if any would have been made from the rented cottage which Mary Jo and Kennedy left to catch the

midnight ferry to Edgartown on July 18.

The period involved would have been from late on the night of Friday the 18th to Saturday morning, July 19, Arena stressed that he does Arena stressed that he does not know whether any calls were made from the cottage during that time, or whether they would have any bearing on the inquest that will get un-derway here Sept. 3. He said that while he was investigating the accident in which Mary Jo died he asked the phone company for a record.

the phone company for a record of any calls that may have been placed from the cottage to Edgartown, Hyannis Port,-Washington, and the like during the period in question.

Company officials told him that, to isolate such information at other than the regular billing datw would raise havoc with their computer setup,. Arena declared.

However, he quoted them as saying, any such calls would show up in the regular billing in mid-August. Arena said he expects to hear from the phone company in the next week and, if there were any such calls, he will forward a record of them to Dist. Atty. Edmund Dinis.

Arena met for more than an hour with State Det. Lt. Georga Killen, who was assigned by Dinis to make an investigation preliminary to the inquest, case were checked, and Killen said he intended to use then as a basis for his own probs, -"I gave him everything I had, all the statements and a com-plete list of names of anyone who could possibly give help lin The Inquest" Arena salu.

D-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

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tion that he was looking into

circumstances surrounding the

death of the 29-year-old Miss

. The legal cause of her death

will be determined at an in-

auest requested by Dist. Atty.

Edmund S. Dinis and set for

Sept. 3 by District Judge

James A. Boyle. Dukes County

Associate Medical Examiner

Dr. Donald R. Mills at the

time of the accident ruled

her death due to drowning, but

did not order an autopsy now

Kennedy, 37-year-old Senate

whip who received a two-

month suspended sentence for

leaving the scene of the acci-

dent, was reported at his Hy-

annis Port summer home for

Arriving from Washington

Friday night, he repeated his

desire to cooperate fully with

an inquest. "I've cancelled

all my plans and will be avail-

able," he said at Logan Inter-

national Airport in Boston

sought by Dinis.

the weekend.

Kopechne.

Bailey Flies Into Kopechne Case

By PAUL GIGUERE

EDGARTOWN-Bost on criminal lawyer F. Lee Bailey diterally droppedinto the Mary Je Kopechne drowning case-involving Sen. Edward M. Kennedy--yesterday.

The lawyer was in a group of seven men who alighted from a plane and helicopter at the island airport shortly before noon and went immediately to the Dike Bridge on Chappaquiddick Island, where a car driven by Sen. Kennedy plunged into a tidal pond on the night of July. 18.

One of the party carried a holstered pistol at his belt. He was later identified by Bailey as former State Police Det. Andrew J. Tuney, who now heads an investigation agency founded by the lawyer. Bailey declined to identify the other men with him.

He said it would be a "fair inference" that he was in the area in connection : with the "Kennedy case" but said he was not representing the senator, any of the other parties, or the state.

> He added: "This is complete" youtside the inquest and in fact was scheduled before it was even known that an inquest would be held.

"It really isn't at all that exciting,"

He said he had not talked with any of the parties in connection with the case and that he had "no interest from a lawyer's point of view."

At the same time, said Bailey in answer to a question, it would be a reasonable assump(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass. 1 BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Boston, Mass. RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass. Date: 8/10/69 Edition: Sunday Author: Editor: John Herbert TILLE: KENNEDY INCIDENT Character: OF Classification: 62. Submitting Office: Boston Being Investigated X SEARCHED SERIAL 2 EOSTON

Miss Kopechne was a former secretary to Kennedy's broth- the newest sensation for the er, the late Sen. Robert F. Kennedy.

à

HER FAMILY, meantime, 1 has announced intention of resisting attempts to exhume her body from a Pennsylvania cemetery.

A top aide of Dinis', Asst. Dist. Atty. Armand Fernandes, was reported to have gone to Pennsylvania to make arrangements with authorities athere for a possible sutepsy. San Mar & Part

法が時代 なみたいがさい い The Bailey arrival came as curious who have been flocking to the accident area.

Scores gaped as the helicopter-with Bailey at the controls - circled about Dike Bridge, taking detailed pictures:

in the case, Bailey would only say:

thing. . . ." · . · replied: 11. L . .

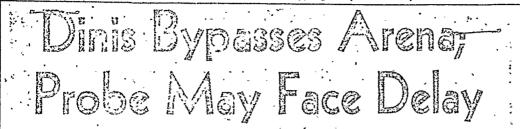
وي در بي بينين بين من من من بين بر مسين بين بي داري در الم Asked if he could indicate 'It was a point of view, an his general area of interest observation. HE SAID. it was possible that he would return again.

and the party of seven took Asked if he found it, he off for Marshfield Airport at about mid-afternoon.

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By EARL MARCHAND MT Staff Reporter EDGARTOWN — Investigators for Dist. Atty. Edmund Dinis are by-passing Edgartown pólice in their preparations for an inquest into the death of Mary Io Kapechne.

Police Chief Dominick Arena, who conducted the much-criticized probe of the death of the 28-year-old secretary in the car of Sen. Edward M. Kennedy July 18, disclosed last night that Dinis' office has shown no interest in hisfile.

There has been no rapport between the Edgartown police and the Dukes County district attorney's office since Dinnis moved for an inquest a week ago, the chief said.

At that time, Arena added, he offered the prosecutor all reports on the case, as well as his own personal cooperation and that of members of the force.

Meanwhile, there are widespread reports here that Dinis. will be unable to open his inquest within the week or ten-

day period that he had forecast yesterday. Sources close to the court predicted "some time after Labor Day is more likely."

As yet, Dinis has not conferred with Judge James A. Boyle of the Edgartown District Court on the many details involved, including a date, funds to pay for the inquest, appointment of an investigative officer and a number of other necessary procedures.

A report that Judge Boyle . will meet with Dinis at 1 p.m. today at the courthouse here was not confirmed either, by the presiding justice or by the district attorney.

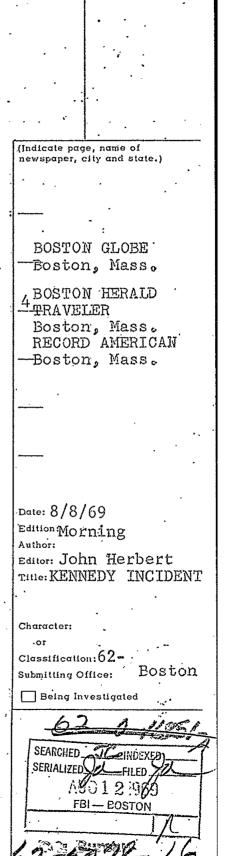
Court attaches called it "a virtual impossibility" to set in motion legal machinery that would have Sen. Kennedy and more than 25 other witnesses, many from Washington and other points out-of-state, here on the island within a week.

Sen. Kennedy has cancelled a scheduled European vacation to hold himself available.

Mrs. Margaret O'Neil, treasurer of Dukes County, reiterated yesterday that the county treasury is bare of any funds for an inquest. An unusual number of narcotics cases in court here this summer has further depleted court funds, she revealed.

Judge Boyle has advised Dinis that one of the details he will have to work out is the unavailability of funds.

Only a special act of the Legislature can permit the county to borrow funds for an inquest, stressed Mrs. O'Neil. She said out-of-town witnesses would have to be paid \$5 a-day fee, 10 cents a mile travel allowance, and lodging. Siz small towns pay the costs of Dukes County.



An assistant of Dinis, Atty. Armand Fernandes, was preparing yesterday to leave for Wilkes-Barre, Pa., to beginwhat appears to be a protracted court battle for the right to have the body of Miss Kopechne exhumed from a grave in Pennsylvania. Dinis seeks to have an autopsy performed.

The parents of the victim, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kopechne, now living in Berkeley Heights, N. J., have served notice they will bitterly oppose exhumation, even to the pertent of petitioning the court for a restraining order.

It was learned yesterday that Dist. Atty. Blythe H. Evans, Jr., of Luzerne County in Pennsylvania has assured Miss Kopechne's parents that Dinis would have to allow them to make their wishes felt, and to give good reason for holding an autopsy before the state of Pennsylvania would allow the body to be exhumed.

In a letter to Dinis, the Pennsylvania prosecutor advised: "No order would be considered in Pennsylvania without notice to the dear relatives and an opportunity for them to appear in the proceedings for such an order. In order for our courts to consider an order for an autopsy, it would require a showing of imperative reasons."

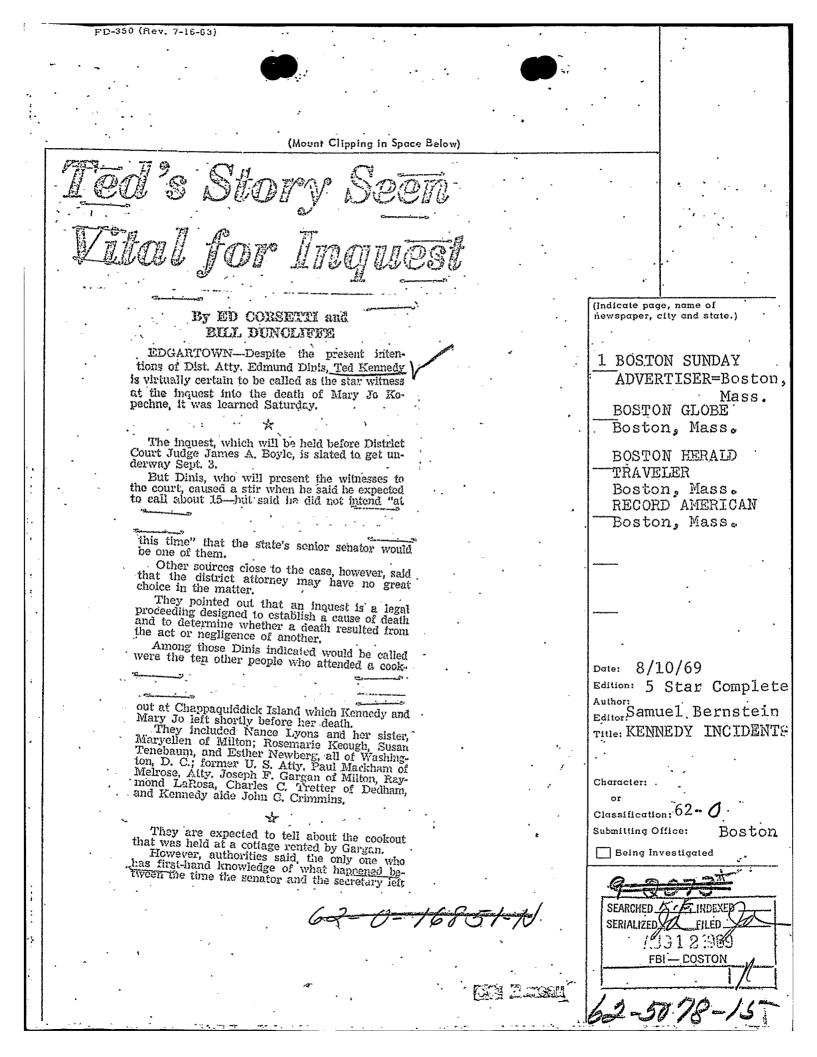
The Kopechnes have voiced no objection to an inquest.

Dinis, it was learned, plans to introduce to the court in Pennsylvania in support of his exhumation petition a statement by Dr. Donald R. Mills, associate medical examiner of Dukes County. Dr. Mills ruled <u>Miss Kopechne was the victim</u> of accidental drowning when the Kennedy car went off a bridge into a tidal peol on Chappaquiddick Island.

Dinis' representative is expected to stress that part of the statement that reads: "I have been asked numerous times if an autopsy would have been done had we known the senator was involved as the driver of the car. I believe the district-attorney's office would agree with me that the 'answer would be yes, in view of the senator's prominence as a national figure and the need to protect his public image against speculation."

The next paragraph in Dr. Mills' statement sets forth?

"I again reiterate that under the circumstances and with the knowledge we had at the time, autopsy was not indicated and, if done today (July 25), would add absolutely nothing we do not already know."



to catch the midnight ferry to Edgartown and the time his car went off a small, unrailed bridge into a tidal pond was Kennedy himself.

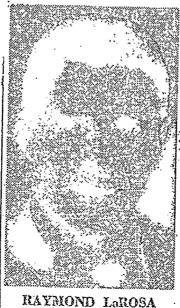
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For that reason, it was reported, Dinis may probably decide to ask Kennedy to appear at the inquest.

Curiously enough, some of those present at the barbecuc could ignore a subpoena issued by Clerk of Court Thomas A. Teller if they wish, since the than an hour after the senator summonses have legal force said the accident occurred and only within this state.

However, it is expected that all of the out-of-staters whose testimony may be sought will come here voluntarily.

1 Others who are scheduled to testify testify include Mrs. Pierre Malm of Chappaquiddick, who include Mrs. lives near the bridge, and who first reported to authorities will have to be approximated by that a car was in the pond, Scuba Diver John Farrar, who recovered Mary Jo's hody, Dep-uty Sheriff Christopher S. Look, Jr., who said he saw the



illig be Called



CHARLES C. TRETTER. Possible Inquest Witness

Kennedy car at the intersection leading to the bridge more Police Chief Doninick J. Arena. The inquest will probably last about three days, and Judge Boyle is expected to file his report on it in about a month.

It is expected that the cost the Legislature and levied on the communities which comprise Dukes County.

Speculation that Atty. F. Lee : Bailey would be called into the case arose when he and three other men were seen on Chappaquiddick Island near the drowning site.

However, when contacted at home, Bailey said he and his staff were in the vicinity on a private matter which, in no way, related to the inquest or. Sen. Kennedy.



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The realy of Edgartown District Court Judge James A. Boyle to Dist. Atty. Edmund L. Dinis on the prosocutor's request for an inquest into the death. of Mary Kopechne, follows:

Dinis, "District Attorney for

the Southern District, " Commonwealth of Massachusetts, "Superior Courthouse, "New Bedford, Mass.

"Dear Mr. Dinis:

.....

"Your letter of Aug. 1 requesting an inquest in the death of Mary Jo. Kopechne is unclear to me for the following reasons: ."1-I have no power of assignment over other District Court judges as.

Suggested by you. "2-Are you requesting the exercise of the dis-cretionary power granted to me by Section 8 of Chapter 38?-If so, in order that I ment intuined that I may intelligently

that discretion. exércise please advise if you have and intend to submit evidence that an unlawful? act or negligence caused. or contributed to the death or that the cause of death is contrary to the published report of the Medical Examiner.

"3-If you are exercising the mandatory power given to you and the Attorney General is Section 8 to 're-. quire' the inquest will you kindly advise.

"If your answer to 3 is in the affirmative, then decision should be made as to: "a-The appointment of an investigative officer under section 10. . ···· b - S u m moning . of witnesses. "c-Date of inquest. "d-Exclusion of the public. ··· e -- SequeStration witnesses. ''f - Em ployment necessary additional court personnel.

"g-Obtaining funds, not now available, to pay all. expenses. "Upon receiving your reply, if a personal con-

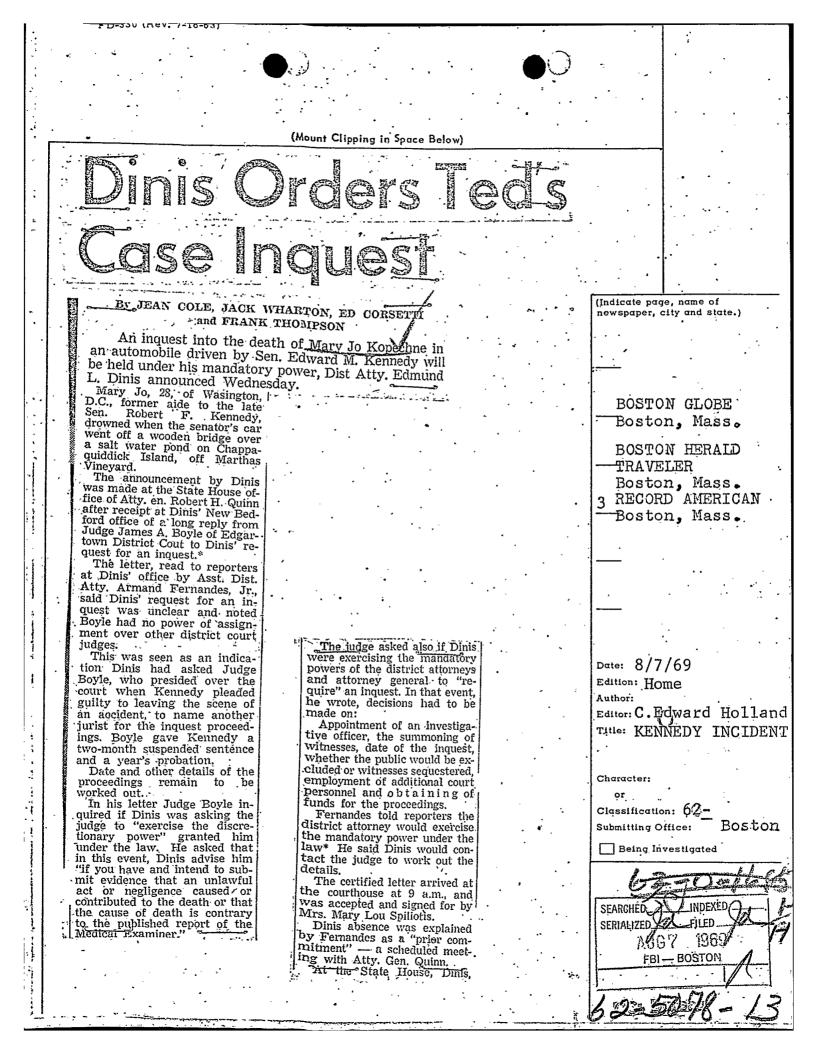
ference appears advisable to settle the details for an inquest, I am always

available. "Sincerely yours, "Royle." "James A. Boyle." A copy was sent to Chief. Justice Kenneth Nash of the District Courts.

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(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass. BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Boston, Mass. RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass. Date: 8/7/69 Edition: Home Author: Editor: CEdward Holland TILL® KENNEDY INCIDENT Character: OF Classification: 62-Boston Submitting Office: Being Investigated INDEXED EARCHED ERIALIZED 1969 EOSTON FBI





last of a half dozen district at-torneys to arrive to confer with Quinn on a new draft of a pro-posed witness immunity bill, was handed a note by a secre-tary as he entered Quinn's of-fice. He apparently called Fernandes from Quinn's office. Emerging from the Attorney General's office 25 minutes later, Dinis said, "the letter' from Judge Boyle has arrived at my New Bedford office. I consider the answer satisfac-tory." last of a half dozen district at-

tory.'

tory." Pressed for an explanation, the said, "I consider it favorable. The letter contained a provision by the judge that I must further clarify under what section of the inquest chapter on which I am basing my request." He indicated he planned to advise the judge he would ask under the mandatory provision of the law. He also said a con-ference would be held to estab-lish the time and basic ground

ference would be held to estab-lish the time and basic ground rules of the session. Dinis answered "no com-ment" to questions as to whether the inquest would be open, or whether he discussed the Kennedy case with Quinn. "He was acked if all witnesses

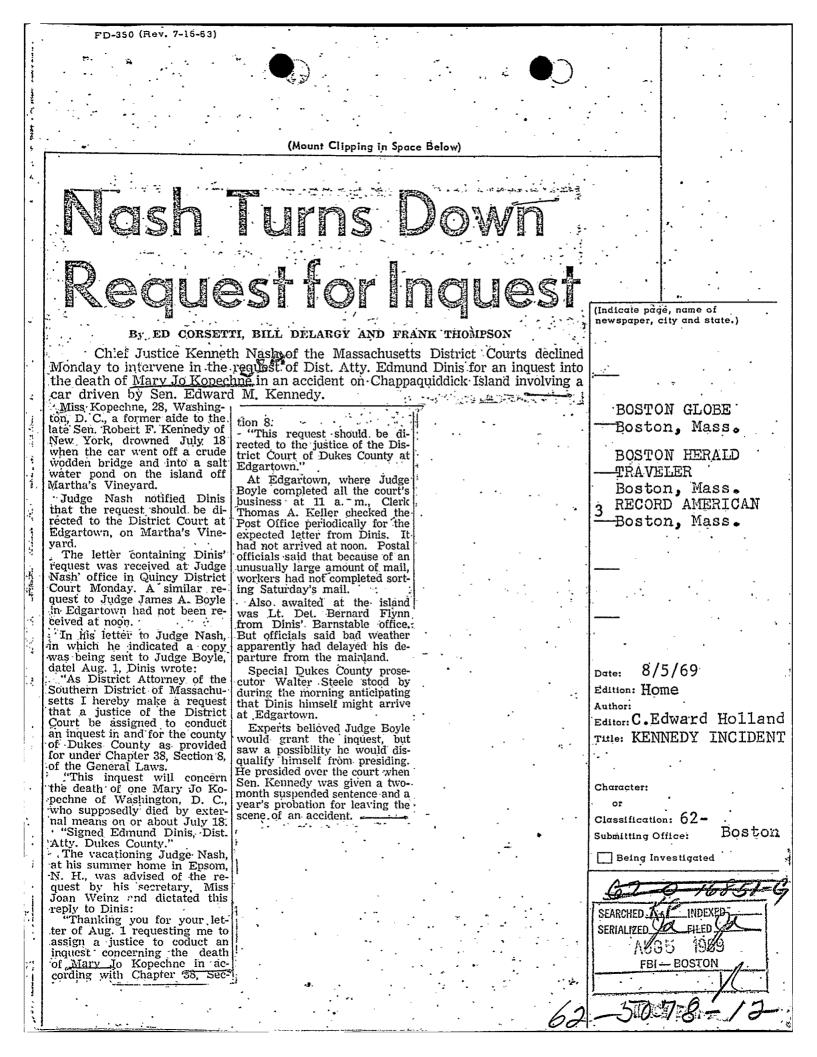
He was asked if all witnesses in the incident would be sum-moned. "Yes," he said, "all of them will. That is the purpose of an inquest." During earlier discussions of

whether an inquest would be held, Kennedy announced he would cooperate fully.

However, he is immune from subpoena while the Senate is in session.

Miss Kopechne was one of about a dozen former aides of the Senator's late brother, Kennedy family associates and relatives a t Chappaquiddick Island for a party, described as a "cookout" with others who were active in Robert Ken-nedy's campaign for the presidency.

According to Sen. Kennedy the accident occurred when he made a wrong turn on the way, to the ferry to Edgartown and rode over and off the bridge, his car landing on its top in the waters of the salt pond.



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FD-350 (Rev. 7-15-63)

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"Kennedy's Decision"

SENATOR EDWARD M. Kennedy took his case to the proper court, we feel, when he solicited the views of the people of Massachusetts on his fitness to remain in office after the tragedy at Chappaquiddick Island.

The magic of the Kennedy name being what it is in the Bay State, it came as no surprise that the people overwhelmingly urged him to continue representing them in the U. S. Senate. Nor was it any surprise that he acceded to their wishes by announcing that he would keep his Senate seat and run for re-election next year.

In fact, we regard his decision as wise. While we have differed sharply with Kennedy on many issues, including national preparedness and the conduct of the Vietnam war, we have never questioned his diligence and sincerity. Moreover, we agree that few members of the Senate work harder for their constituencies than this young man.

Taking the statement issued by his office at face value, Kennedy is to be admired for proposing to serve out a full six-year term in the Senate if reelected in 1970—thus ruling himself out as a 1972 presidential aspirant.

Being a Senator requires certain abilities and attributes. Being a President of the United States requires quite a different set of assets, including super-human stability and coolness. And Kennedy has publicly confessed that he failed lamentably to show these qualities in the aftermath of the Chappaquiddlck Island tragedy.

Kennedy h

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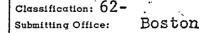
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Editor: C.Edward Holland Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT

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: 1969 BOSTON

Being Investigated

- FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

(Indicate page, name of

newspaper, city and state.)

BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass.

BOSTON HERALD

Boston, Mass.

Boston, Mass.

3 RECORD AMERICAN

TRAVELER

Date: 8/2/69

Author:

Character:

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Edition: Vomplete

Classification: 62-

Being Investigated

Submitting Office:

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FBI-BOSTON

1969

Editor: C.Edward Holland Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT

Boston

Superior Court Chief Justice | come to my attention, nowhere G. Joseph Tauro refused Friday have I been able to find any a prededent which would permit to rgant a request for Superior Court inquest into the a superior court to conduct an inquest as requested by Dist. death of Miss Mary Jo Kopechne who drowned when the automobile in which she was riding with Sen. Edward M: Kennedy went off a bridge and into a salt water pond July 18 on Chappaquiddick Island off Marthas Vineyard.

The inquest was requested Thursday by Dist. Atty. Ed-mund Dinis in a letter to Chief Justice Tauro. Refusing the inquest in

Refusing the inquest in Superior Court, the chief justice said such a proceeding was the exclusive jurisdiction of the district courts. Chief Justice Tauro said he

was preparing this letter for Dinis — to hand to him personally if he called for it, or otherwise to mail to him: "No provision of law has

Atty. Donis. "Dist. Atty. Dinis bases his request explicitly on General Laws Chale 38, Sec. 8, (the inquest law). "This section and all other related soctions clearly indicate related sections clearly indicate that the District Court has ex-clusive jurisdiction over such

proceedings and they have no application to the Superior Court. •

He said his announcement was not an offhand decision that he had been doing research and had conferred with some the district attorneys, and of with Judge Kenneth Nash, administrative head of the states District Courts.

Before the start of Fridays, Senate session, Kennedy was asked in Washington about the

request by Dinis for an inquest into the death of / Miss Kopechne, 28, of Washington, D. C., a staff worker for the senator's late brother, Sen.

Robert Kennedy of New York. He said he would "cooperate in any way" if an inquest were ordered.

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Thursday for the first time since the July 18 accident.

Dist. Atty. Dinis, who serves Barnstable, Bristol and Dukes Counties — the latter including Counties — the latter including Martha's Vineyard, was una-vailable Friday.

 An associate said that one of the reasons why Dinis re-quested the inquest was that

possibly answer questions about the accident. The Dinis aide the case left Chappaquiddick also said there have been and Martha's Vineyard within 12 hours after the accident. senator gave a statement to a

from the scene. Dinis' spokesman said it was possible some of the possible some of the unanswered questions might have been answered if these persons had been interviewed. He said there was a possibility Dinis would corfor with Dubate Dinis would confer with Duke's County special prosecutor Walter Steele and Edgartown Police Chief Dominick Arena in an effort to determine what statements they might have obtained from people other than

an statements une, obtained from people other Kennedy. Dinis was e s p e c i a l l y in-terested in finding out what former U. S. Atty. P a y I Markham and oseph Gargan, a cousin of Kennedy, said to Arena — if anything — the hundreds that have been per-formed in his district. Generally the medical examiner decides on the need for an autopsy.

some of the people who could morning that Kennedy reported senator gave a statement to a "removed — spirited away" — in Dinis' jurisdiction. ____in Dinis' jurisdiction. _____Dinis' associate

Dinis' associate said the answers to these and other questions would be available through an inquest, which would

have subpoena powers. He reiterated an autopsy should have been held and would have been ordered by Dinis if he had been aware of the circumstances of the acci-dent; that when the accident was reported to him he had no reason to dispute the

Legal experts said Dinis' move was unusual, if not un-precedented, in that he re-quested a Superior Court in-quest instead of a proceeding 'in District Court.

In another facet of the case, Foreman Leslie H. Leland of the Dukes County grand jury said he had conferred twice with Atty. Gen. Robert H. Quinn on the possibility of convening the jury to consider the case. Leland said he did so because

of a number of inquiries regarding the grand jury's plans. He said he wanted only an opinion and that Quinn told him he "had no legal right to

request an investigation at this time.' He said Quinn told him only the attorney general, district attorneys, or judges could call a grand jury session.

FD-350 (Rom. 7-:6-.3) (Mount Clipping in Space Below) BY JOHN P. ROCHE THE KEY PROBLEM in the sad case of Senator Ed-ward Kennedy (which was not a "Kannedy trage of the is Mary Jo Kopechile who is (Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) dead) is to distinguish bet-ween private and public behavior. Unfortunately the whispered innuendos (end to blue discourse) blue this all-important line. blur this all-important line. Let us, therefore, begin an answer to Senator Kennedy's request for advice by stipulating that he was, as he claimed, innocent of any improper acts, and c o I d sober, when he set out for the Edgartown ferry. And that the accident which oc-curred could have happened. Hs- anyone unlucky enough to "make a wrong turn into that A little local background on Martha's Vineyard might be BOSTON GLOBE in order. It has some of the loveliest beaches in the United States, but the waters are plenty dangerous, notably along the south beach. Two tidai systems, in fact, meet at Wasque Point on Chappa-quiddlek and in c a utio us Swimmers have on concerning Boston, Mass. BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER ş Boston, Mass. RECORD AMERICAN swimmers have on occasion found themselves on the way. 23 make a wrong turn into that Boston, Mass. to Mantucket. I hardly recall dangerous stretch of road. a summer in 15 years when. So much for the private aspects of the case which can be left in the loving care of those who relish rooting there has not been a drowning, or when one has not sud-denly awakened in the night to hear the fire horn calling around for possible scandal. the rescue squad — or more recently the ominous sound of the Coast Guard chopper with its huge lights proving. around for possible scandal. What concerns me, and should, I think, concern everyone, is Senator Ken-pedy's public behavior — his actions not merely as a citized, but as a high public ! official who has been pushed i for the presidency of the up and down the beach looking for a missing swimmer. In short, the Islanders are not Iowa farmers. They live with the sea, fear it as only Date: 7/31/69 for the presidency of the United States. To make an analogy, what would we think of the captain of an ocean liner who, on bearing the fire ^{Edition:} Home 'those who know it can, and have elaborate preparations for handling emergencies. Neither does Senator Kennedy uthor: Editor: C Edward Holland bell, started rushing around TING: KENNEDY INCIDENT bail from Kansas. He has water? All would, I'm sure, concede that he was a fine, sincere dedicated man but speat most of his summers in and on the water in Nanfucker sound, precisely a cantain? Character: OF Classification: 62. Bosto Submitting Office: EARCHFN RIALIZE JUL 311969 FBI-- BOSTON C: Burgau

area involved. Once the car was in the water and he was unable to rescue. M is s Kopechne, the public question must be: why didn't he blow the whistle?

If he had gone to the first house, he could have reached the police. In 15 minutes the chopper would have been hovering over the scene lighting it up and the scuba divers of the Edgartown fire department would soon have been at work. This might not have made any difference — Miss Kopechne may have drowned immediately — but it would have been a public response. And people trapped in cars have stayed alive for hours with air-bubbles.

Instead Senalor Kennedy apparently went back, got two friends, and returned to dive some more (in the dark?). This was followed by a sequence so strange as to be unbelievable. Accompanied by his friends, he went over to the channel be tween Edgartown Harbor, and Katama Bay (probably a good 600 feet wide), impulsively leaped into the water (in the dark) and swam across. As best we can gather, the friends said "good-bye" and went home to bed.

"By this time Senator Kennedy had 1) been in a serious automobile accident and suffered from concussion; 2) dove desperately to try to save Miss Kopechne; 3.) walked over a mile to gethis friends; 4) returned to try again. Nevertheless h is friends permitted him to make a potentially disastrous swim to Edgartown.

Again, nobody had a public response. Kennedy śwam off alone into the black night, "nearly drowning" as he himself noted. Although one of the friends, Paul Markham, was formerly United States. Attorney for Massachusetts, the whole weird, tragic affair had a positively feudal atmosphere. It was as if there were no police, no fire department, no Coast Guard, no society at large

no society at large. As I said at the outset, Edward M. Kennedy's behavior as a man is not my concern here. I do not consider myself morally equipped to engage in the care of souls. However, as a citizen of Massachusetts who twice voted for Senator Kennedy I feel qualified to pass judgment on his actions as a public figure. I regret to say that his behavior on Martha's Vineyard falls well below what I consider the minimum standards we can expect for high public officials, and I feel his resignation would be appropriate.

Moré Letters To HT Urge Ted to Resign

The preponderance of letters received at the Boston Herald Traveler yesterday in response to Sen. Edward M. Kennedy's plea for help in deciding his futute course were opposed to his remaining in office.

The anti-Kennedy mail ran approximately 6 to 1 in favor, of his resignation. Seventy-five of .91 letters

were opposed to Kennedy. Sixteen called on him to stay in his post.

M a ssachusetts residents were not alone in giving their advice to Sen. Kennedy. Of those opposed, 31 were from out-of-state and another seven out-of-staters urged him to stay on.

This differs markedly from the reaction of hundreds and telephone callers to the Herald Traveler following the senator's television address last Friday in which he told about the accident on Chappaquiddick Island.

Those urging the senator to remain in Congress outnumbered callers urging his resignation by approximately 21/2 to 1.

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(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass. 7 BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Boston, Mass. RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass. Date: 7/31/69 Edition: Morning Author: Editor: John Herbert Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT • . Character: or Classification: 62-Submitting Office: Boston SEARCHED INDEXEL SERIALIZED

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Ted Ruled at 'Fault,' Registry Ends Probe

HT Statf Reporter Aregistrar of Motor Vehicles Richard F. McLaughlin announced last night that the Registry's investigation of the

fatal accident in which Sen. Edward M. Kennedy was involved has been completed.

Registry's investigation of the Registry's investigation of the pr'eliminary investigation, namely "fault" against Kennedy, who was the driver. McLaughlin said the investigation dealt only with Kennedy's driving, and not with leaving the scene of an accident, a charge to which the senator pleaded guilty.

> IN STRESSING that the Registry was trying to handle this case as all others," McLaughlin said the customary procedure now calls for a hearing before a. Registry supervisor, when Kennedy, or his counsel, will be given an opportunity to 'rebut the Registry's finding. That hearing, added the registrar, will be next Wednesday. at 10 a.m. before Supervisor Joseph Greelish of the Cape and Islands district at the office of the Registry at Hyannis. It will not be open to Ethe public. "A hearing on a fatality has

never, never been public,", said McLaughlin, adding this one would be no exception.

But the results of the hearing will be made public, he said. This likely will be the next day, he said.

The supervisor, McLaughlin; said, can rule "serious fault" or "no serious fault," but ; nothing in between. Inspectors : making the investigation for presentation of facts to the supervisor, he went on, considered four categories, specifically negligence, incompetence, reckless operation and operation to endanger the public. Which might apply to the Kennedy case he declined to say.

McLaughlin said a finding of serious fault by the supervisor probably would result in a six months license suspension.

But he pointed out that an automatic suspension of his driver's license resulted when Kennedy pleaded guilty to the leaving the scene of an accident charge, and that this suspension was for one year.

THUS, HE SAID it was probable that in the event of a finding of serious fault, the six.months' license suspension would be made concurrent with the earlier one of a year. That is the general practice, he emphasized.

newspaper, city and state.) BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass. 6 BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Boston, Mass. RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass. Date: 7/31/69 Edition: Morning Author: Editor: John Herbert Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT Character: 07 Classification: 62-Submitting Office: Boston Being Investigated SEARCHE INDEXED SERIALIZED JUL 3 1.1989 FBI - BOSTON

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FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

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Should Resign

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

HT Staff Reporter

Letters received at the Boston Herald Traveler in response to Sen. Edward M. Ung in the Senate, 103 were Kennedy's appeal for guidance reflect a reaction markedly different from that voiced over the telephone .by hundreds of callers last weekend.

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A the end of his television address last Friday in which he gave his account of the Chappaquiddick Island incident, the senator appealed to. Massachusetts citizens to help him reach a decision whether to remain in office.

The phone callers urging the senator to remain on the job outnumbered those urging him to resign by a margin of approximately 21/2 to one.

. Of 117 letters received yesterday at the newspaper, 14 were in favor of his continuopposed.

Although Kennedy's appeal was directed toward Bay State citizens, 30 of those opposed to him were from other states. Five of the 14 in his favor were from out-of-state.

One woman, Miss Helen Hegarty of Dorchester, bypassed the Senate issue altogether, and said: "I would vote for him as President only if assured Markham and Gargan weren't his advisors."

Former U. S. Atty. Paul Markham and Joseph Gargan, Kennedy's cousin, joined him in a futile effort to reach Mary Jo Kopechne in the

submerged car, according to Kennedy in his TV speech.

Letters

Jane C. Wyman of Newton "Congratulations to wrote: Sen. Edward M. Kennedy for a beautiful television performance, a genuine tearjerker. Probably any of us, given a staff of professional -advisors could have done as well.

"My advice: Resign while he's still ahead in the eyes of some."

Mrs. Henry Parkman of West Cedar Street, Beacon Hill, said in part: "... Now he is unable to decide what to next without do being bolstered by fan mail. Is it possible to imagine his brothers, behaving in this way? I think he should resign."

BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Boston, Mass. RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass. Date: 7/30/69 Edition: Morning Author: Editor: John Herbert Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT

Character: or

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Classification: 62-

CC: Bureau

Submitting Offic

Boston

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

BOSTON GLOBE

Boston, Mass.

"Mary T. O'Reilly of Savannah, Ga., said: "What a contrast his behaviour was to that of our heroic spacemen who at those very moments (all nine hours of them) were hurling themselves courageously onward to the moon."

Mary Mullins of Boston wrote: "... Ted could kick my 80-year-old mother down on Boston Common; stomp on my dog and spit on me. I would be so proud I would never wash again. Everyone who doesn't love Sen. Ted like me ought to go to jail for two months ... no suspension of sentence."

Kathleen Melia of Beale street, Wollaston: "I am unable to vote because of my age but all my friends and

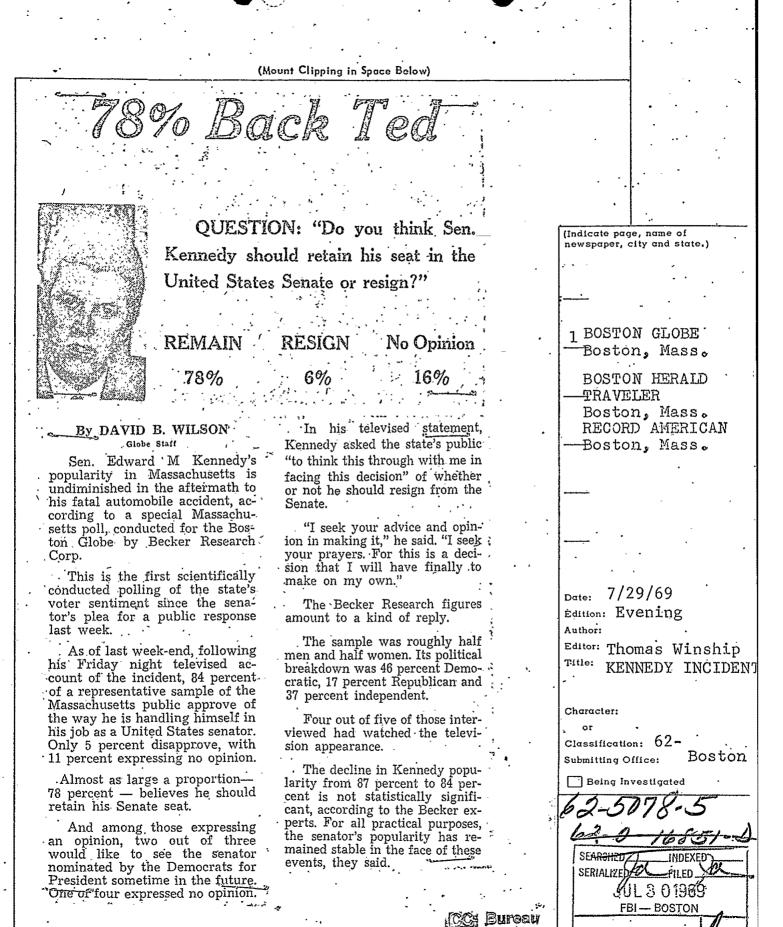
classmates are for Sen. Kennedy. After all, we are the future citizens of the United States of America and if Ted runs in 1976, we will all be of age and vote for him."

Lawrence S. DiCara, Dorchester: "I retain my confi-

dence in Sen. Edward M. Kennedy and I offer the following American Indian prayer to those who do not.

"Great Spirit: Grant that. I may not criticize my neighbor until I have walked a mile in his moccasins!"

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"Would you be for or against Senator Kennedy being the Democratic nominee for President of the United States at some time in the future?"

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"Considering all you have heard or read about Senator Edward Kennedy, do you approve or disapprove of the way Senator Kennedy is handling himself in his job as a United States Senator?"**

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"Do you think Senator Kennedy should retain his seat in the United States Senate, or do you think he should resign from the Senate?"

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lows: "Next, how strongly do you approve or disapprove of the way Edward M. Kennedy is hendling his job as U.S., Senator?" FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Ted, Public Both Need Time

By JOSEPH B. LEVIN Staff Writers

Because of Sen. Edward M. Kennedy's leadership in advancing liberal legislation for the elderly, the possibility that he might resign because of the Martha's Vineyard auto tragedy is dismaying to say the least. He has $in_{\bar{t}}$ vited his fellow citizens to speak out on this issue, so this writer will state one man's view, as follows:

Military experience in World Wars I: and II, Korea and Vietnam has clearly shown that under stress every man has his breaking point and that no two have the same breaking point. Further the evidence is that the effect of stress is cumulative. The tragic deaths of the senator's three older brothers in the service of their country and of an older sister killed in an airplane accident are known to have been traumatic experiences of great intensity to him, the youngest member of the family.

This nation itself has shared in some of that trauma and knows how bitter it is. In the wake of all these shocks and grief he was overtaken by another in which a young woman lost her life the result of pure accident, according to the available evidence.

The senator lost his cool and didn't report the accident for some nine hours. The inference to be drawn here, it seems to me, is that Ted Kennedy was overpowered finally by the long train of tragic events in his family for which he was not responsible and which he could neither foresee nor prevent. The Kennedys are not demigods, just plain ' human beings.

Nobody ought to hold that against them. Indeed the senator may well emerge from this a stronger and fitter man than he ever was — simply through the act of facing up honestly to the consequences of his own purely, human frailty, as he did when he pleaded guilty to leaving the scene of an accident.

For all those reasons, it would be in the best interests of everyone, it seems to me, if the senator would refrain from making any decision whatsoever regarding his political future until next year just before the state primaries, in which he would have to file in order to run. He needs time to mourn, to heal, to reflect — then decide. So do all the rest of us.

Sen. Kennedy's emotions and the public's are too raw and painful at this moment for final, great decisions. Only time can give the senator and the public a better perspective of events. At this moment common sense and compassion should prevail. The people did not give Sen. Kennedy their trust blindity nor will they withdraw it impulsively.

If Sen. Kennedy, after consulting his conscience, decides to carry on and run again next year, the voters will then pass judgment — as in duty they must — when they go to the polls. If he doesn't run, that will also end the matter. But meanwhile, he deserves the support of all people of good will. So it seems to me.

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(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) BOSTON GLOBE Boston, Mass. BOSTON HERALD TRAVELER Boston, Mass. RECORD AMERICAN Boston, Mass. 7/28/69 Date: Edition: Evening Author: Editor: Thoma's Winship Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT Character: OF Classification: 62-Boston Submitting Office: SFARCHED SERIALIZ 0 FB BOSTON

CC: Bureau

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63) (Mount Clipping in Space Below) Volume 2d Only to Messages in response to Sen. Edward M. Kennedy's appeal for help in deciding whether to remain in the Senate continued today to flow into Hyannis Port where the senator remained (Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) in seclusion. More than 30,000 telegrams have been handled by the Western Union office in Hyannis, since the 27-year-old senator made his plea Friday night. However, Judith Scrafini, manager BOSTON GLOBE 1 Boston. Mass. of the office, said today that it appears. the volume is "beginning to taper off." BOSTON HERALD Sen. Kennedy's Boston office re-TRAVELER ported four hampers of mail had been Boston, Mass. received and 27 telephone calls during RECORD AMERICAN the first 15 minutes the office was open Boston, Mass. today. James King, the senator's administrative assistant in the Boston office, said, "None of the calls were negative. "We were astounded by the response," King said. He said of the 400 يايون ما الشم ما ا calls received on Saturday only "six were negative." Date: 7/28/69 ' King said the senator's Boston office normally receives about 500 letters a week and "it looks like we have three Edition: Evening weeks' mail here just today." Author: Editor: Thomas Winship Observers noted that nine bags of Title: KENNEDY INCIDENT mail were delivered to the Kennedy Compound this morning, Character: ·07 Classification: 62-Boston Submitting Office: SEARCHED SERIALIZED JUL 3 0 1964 FB BOSTON

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ICCI Bureau

The Western Union office in Boston is no longer handling any Kennedy telegrams. During the week-end, however, Hyannis was deluged by messages and the Boston office had to intercept thousands of calls.

Over the weekend, the Globe's switchboard was swamped with calls from people who wanted to make their attitude known.

The Globe's mail was the heaviest in recent years, exceeded only by the volume of letters received when John F. Kennedy was assassinated.

Generally, the mail and telephone messages fell into three categories — support, confusion, outrage.

 Here is a sample:
"Although I am not a resident or voter of the state... I would like very much to see Senator Kennedy not only continue as a great senator from the state of Masa sachusetts, but continue vigorously his career in national politics."

"Your speech ... was magnificiently written and eloquently given but instead of answering any of the questions that have arisen from this tragedy it has only created more."

"In the interest of the people of Massachusetts, I call .

for Senator Kennedy to resign his senate seat. His conduct during the past week has suggested grave weakness of character unfitting a public servant."

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7/19/69 Date: Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code) TELETYPE Via . (Priority) **∆** TO: DIRECTOR FROM: BOSTON MARY **PALPORKI** (PHN), INFORMATION CONCERNING. KOPECHNE ON THIS DATE DOMINIC J. ARENA, CHIEF OF POLICE, EDGARTOWN, MARTHA'S VINEYARD, MASSACHUSETTS, ADVISED BODY OF FEMALE FOUND IN OVERTURNED CAR IN WATER. TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED AS ABOVE, WHO WAS FORMER SECRETARY TO FORMER SENATOR ROBERT F. KENNEDY. MR. ARENA CONFIDENTIALLY ADVISED THAT DRIVER OF AUTOMOBILE WAS SENATOR EDWARD M. KENNEDY WHO WAS UNINJURED. STATED FACT SENATORE KENNEDY WAS DRIVER IS NOT BEING REVEALED TO ANYONE. END. Bostôn ÍRD:mm $(1)^{*}$ 62-5018-,INDEXE ,_¤KQHED. ERIALIZED. JUL 221959 FBI - BOSTON Approved: Per Sent ١M-1 Special Agent in Charg ¥. , i-

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 MAY 1962 EDITION GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.5 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT lemorandum b6 b7C SAC B DATE: 7-19-69 то SA FROM SUBJECT: PAL PORKI(PHN) MARY nclin 3 pin this date Any Bureau telephone lent nobe Hen un **C** . h was, Cha 2400 4 M Å 01 Il & Buea teles Contento etype Æ. Mr bб b7С d. e-- ñor 'INDEXED SEARCHED. SERIALIZED JUL 22195 1- Boston FBI - BOSTON Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Ra

He was also advised that Down raching Salim UBZ had Just announced that search Kennedy was the drive of the automobile :