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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12-15-2008 BY 60324 UC BAW/DK/TH

-1-

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

of bintb. I godin godiniti ngadunt numbor. I	b6 b7
telephone: residence: was interviewed by , Special Agent, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington Field Office, and Postal Inspector, United States Postal Inspection Service, New Jersey Division. After Special Agent and Postal Inspector showed their official identification and advised of the purpose for the interview, provided the following: worked at the United States Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases ("USAMRIID"), Fort Detrick, Maryland from to worked as a in the Division. His area of	b(b
interviewed by Special Agent, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington Field Office, and Postal Inspector, United States Postal Inspection Service, New Jersey Division. After Special Agent and Postal Inspector showed their official identification and advised of the purpose for the interview, provided the following: worked at the United States Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases ("USAMRIID"), Fort Detrick, Maryland from to worked as a in the Division. His area of	b'
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Institute of Infectious Diseases ("USAMRIID"), Fort Detrick, Maryland from to worked as a in the Division. His area of	b'
Maryland fromtoworked as ain theDivision. His area of	
in the Division. His area of	
specialization was to	
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tigation on 07/25/2003 at	
279A-WF-222936-POI-800 N98 279A-WF-222936-USAMRIID; 279A-BA-C101392 Date dictated N/A	
Postal Inspector	
SA	
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b7C On 07/25/2003, Page Continuation of FD-302 of b6 b7C b2 b7F was shown floor plans of buildings and highlighted the areas where h6 the Ames Ba spores were stored (Note: the floor plans b7C highlighted are filed in a 1A envelope (FD-340)). b2 b7F identified three rooms in Suite of the Bacteriology Division, a suite, and Room contained a walk rooms containing Ames Ba in refrigerator The temperature of the walk in cooler was 4° spore cultures. Celsius. believes a freezer was located in this room. Room contained a pass through autoclave, used for sterilization, which was accessible from the outside hallway. The autoclave was large enough to hold tall carts full of dead animals. identified on the floor plan for building passage between Suite and Suite of the Bacteriology Anyone who had Division located between rooms and access to Suite also had access to Suite and vise versa. could not remember which room used as both Ph.D. Bruce Ivins and level primary lab. investigators used room as their primary lab. This room contained a refrigerator and/or freezer where Ba was stored. A worked in (gg)Division. Also, suite worked in suite of the Division. and expert in Anthrax, worked primarily in suite Division. may currently be working at of the the worked in Suites

h6

ntinuation of FD-302 of	,
of the Division. cannot remember the room primarily used. Rooms and were used as men's change rooms. Room was used as an office and had a desk for writing. lab, room had a refrigerator. Room contained the animal cages; room had a fermenter for growing large quantities of Ba cells. Room was a laboratory not used for Ba work. Room served as the walk in cold room. The two labs where Ba work primarily occurred were rooms and however, does not recall who was assigned to room. These labs would have had a refrigerator or freezer or both.	b6 b70 b2 b70
The Ames Ba, along with other strains of Ba, was stored in vials kept in several freezers and refrigerators in the suites and in the Division. Purified Ames Ba spore colonies could be maintained under refrigeration for years without decaving. Anyone with access to the suites or in the Division had access to anything stored in the freezers or refrigerators. When left USAMRIID in housed the stock of Ames Ba at USAMRIID.	b6 b7 b2 b7
In 1978, either keys or badges were needed for access to the suites. Later swipe cards were introduced which were programed to restrict entry to designated suites.	b b
Someone could easily grow Ames Ba and label it Ba Vollum and no one would know the difference. Likewise, someone could take a swab of Ames Ba and grow as much Ames Ba as they desired in another lab. did not remove any Ames Ba spores or vegetative cells with when departed from USAMRIID.	
	b b

Continuation of FD-302 of	b6 b70 ,On <u>07/25/2003</u> ,Page <u>4</u>
	b. b. b
	b b b
lab assistants that worked with Ames	
In room	ther nor any other b7F Ames Ba to another research ould have had to authorize the to an outside facility. a lyophilizer at USAMRIID.
was not aware of any freeze dried Am while worked there. However, the would involve	es Ba spores stored at USAMRIID technique to weaponize Ames Ba from USAMRIID,

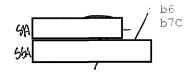
Continuation of FD-302 of	, On <u>07/25/2003</u> , Page <u>5</u>
	weaponization of Ames Ba. It is expertise in weaponization would be a
problems with bacterial contain were under neg vented through a filtration sy germicidal light and ultravio	gative pressure. The air inside vstem with hoods that employed a b6 et light. Bacterial DNA absorb the b7C ght and die from the absorption.
Researchers in building hot areas; however, they were only allowed close colleagues follow them into the hot suite	at USAMRIID. did "piggyback" into and out of the protective of their workspace and whom they regularly worked with to es. Visiting scientists were not es during the time worked at
Division could have removed a drop of Ames vegetative cells The tube could be carried by lin foil and placed in the pass	sample of Ames Ba merely by taking a and sealing them in a small tube. and out of the suite or wrapped sthrough box in Room Suite Ames Ba DNA from the harmful through box.
Ba for improper use. Likewise either access and/or the know expressed hostile attitudes to Senate or the Democratic Party believes or suspects was involetters. (Note: description description of the control of the con	ribed with the mailings of the anthrax ribed in a prior interview, dated he Ba was dried and prepared for the thinks the attacks were foreign posite of the mission and goal of the potect the armed services and the a vaccine. Is not aware of was lax in handling Ba or who exest in biological agents convertible not aware of anyone at USAMRIID equiring Ba, other biological or

Continuation of FD-302 of	, On <u>07/25/2003</u> , Page <u>6</u>	b6 b7C —
techniques is not aw work involving Ba or its simul	ware of any unoffical or unrecorded lants.	
Jersey, or any where else in 1	Trenton, New Jersey, Princeton, New	
Class II and Class III biosafe them down with bleach or a six Second, washing the surfaces v	ing procedures for decontamination of ety cabinets first involved wiping milar phenol based disinfectant. With water to prevent corrosion from rd, switching on the cabinet's built	
fumigation was used there. He Division in the Division in the moving of through the doorway. After the was rebuilt and resealed, but decontaminate room before not smelled bacterial decontaminate because has not worked the	aformaldenyde or glutaraldehyde owever, paraformaldehyde was used in room A wall was knocked down of a fermenter too large to fit he fermenter was in place, the wall paraformaldehyde was needed to	b6 b7C b2 b7F
storage containers to store he numbered all lab notebook them all at USAMRIID when archived at USAMRIID but does	member seeing or using any plastic is materials at USAMRIID. s and all were inventoried. Ieft left. believes they should be not know where they are currently ht be stored in the library.	b6 b7C
useremembers using meter	chased pre-stamped envelopes like the ings for either or someone else's red envelopes at USAMRIID. Likewise, ing machines in Frederick to purchase	
did not per scientists at USAMRIID; howev	ad contact with sonally host visiting foreign er, during tenure there, most of	

Continuation of FD-302 of	_	,On <u>07/25/2003</u> ,Page <u>7</u>
to USAMF access to utilized to remove visitors Directors in the A methods. They did	RIID were escorted at all to any hot suites or local. As a result, there were samples undetected. It is requesting samples of the classification of the strain of the barriers only in the strain of t	foreign visitors. Foreign visitors of times. They were not permitted eations where Ba was stored or eare not any opportunities for them is not aware of any foreign any kind from USAMRIID. The all foreign visits to USAMRIID. Soreign visitors displaying interest enization techniques or lyophilizing that access to the conference room. To undergo the required series of restigation to obtain a security
No forei purchase Americar	envelopes resembling the light visitors to USAMRIID to pre-stamped envelopes does not remember any for sentiments during their was asked to er 17 and 18, 2001. In	in Frederick during their visit. foreign visitors expressing anti- r visit. account for whereabouts during turn, provided copies of e-mails
sent	during work on Monday,	September 17, 2001, at
October mails		account <u>for</u> whereabouts during in turn, provided copie <u>s of e-</u> riday, October 5, 2001, at

b6 b7C

Continuation of FD-302 of	-	, On _	07/25/2003	, Page8
(FD-340)	The copies of e-mails envelope.	provided	are filed	in a 1A



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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date of transcription 06/12/2003 b6 On June 6, 2003, date of birth b7C Social Security Account Number was interviewed at place of employment, the UNITED STATES ARM MEDICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES (USAMRIID), PORTER STREET, FORT DETRICK, MARYLAND (MD), 21702, telephone by Special Agents (SAs)

After being advised of the identities of the interviewing Agents and the purpose of the interview, provided the following information: b6 b7C at USAMRIID, was queried regarding microorganism decontamination technologies and their effects on subsequent characterization analyses. telephone and telephone also participated in the discussion.

Sodium hypochlorite, a primary component of household bleach, denatures proteins via oxidation. Destruction of bacterial spores and degradation of DNA result from contact with ~5-10% household bleach. DNA has been detected using polymerase chain reaction (PCR) techniques pursuant to treatment of bacterial spores with bleach. Hydrogen peroxide is a strong oxidizer, known to cleave peptide bonds.

DNA AWAY, a caustic oxidant produced commercially, also destroys proteins and DNA. The effectiveness of decontamination with bleach, DNA AWAY and similar commercial products may be reduced if additional organic molecules and proteins are present along with the microorganisms. These additional molecules may bind up the decontaminating agent, thus hindering interactions with the target microorganisms.

Protein denaturation is the primary mechanism of inactivation by formaldehyde gas. Specifically, formaldehyde interacts with amine groups and affects carbamide linkages. Positive hits with PCR have been obtained after decontamination; however, a detectable PCR signal could require ridding the sample

132 .302	b2 b7E
Investigation on 06/06/2003 at Fort Detrick, Maryland Clarific # 279A-WF-222936-USAMRIID, 279A-BA-C101392 Date dictated SA	YVN
by SA	
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Continuation of FD-302 of		,On 06/06/2003 ,Page 2
of excess	s formal/dehyde.	recalled a study conducted by
LNU and Nile viru the effective the tissues subsequence were affective to the tissues were affective the tissues with the tissues were affective the tissues with the tissues with the tissues were affective the tissues with	(phone is and/paraffin. The ctiveness of DNA extract. This method of dent DNA amplification; ected. A methodology	etic) using tissue embedded with West aim of the project was to determine raction following formalin fixation of econtamination did not hinder however, proteins within the tissue was developed which facilitated the tissue using organic reagents.
component	osure to chlorine did	genation of bacterial spores result oxide gas. Chlorine binds to cellular tion of proteins and enzymes required
of chlor	ine dioxide as a deco	has researched extensively the use
However, sensitive would be the degree exposure	ination is typically exposure to gamma ra ity of PCR techniques necessary to complet ee of DNA chopping de	amma irradiation used for not enough to nick strands of DNA. ays may damage the DNA and decrease the s. Significant amounts of radiation tely abolish a PCR signal. Generally, epends on the extent and intensity of shown to survive the autoclaving method
irradiat fingerpr to deter	d by alcohols, determing the determination was not known to ints. mine the effects of the determination in the effects of the determination in the effects of the determination in the determination	s are lipid imprints which may be gents and physical wiping. Gamma affect the detection of latent and were not aware of studies formaldehyde vapor, chlorine dioxide, detection of latent fingerprints.
disinfec the leng negative indicate but the presence	tamination efforts. (tion depends on the of th of exposure. Ofter culture results and the absence of deter presence of character of microorganisms,	re more resistant than vegetative cells Generally, the effectiveness of concentration of the decontaminant and n, post-decontamination analyses yield positive PCR hits. These results ctable levels of viable microorganisms, ristic DNA. When testing for the it is important to test first for lowed by confirmation analyses using
post-dec	indicated tontamination tests o	hat SA was familiar with f biosafety cabinets treated with

Continuation of FD-302 of		,0,	n 06/06/2003	, Page3
yielded r and pXO2 decontami most cont	no growth on culture in some samples. A ination sampling was caminated, areas in	cabinets following e media, but detecta study was conducted used to identify to a biosafety cabinet december december 2 d	able levels of d whereby pre- the 'hottest', c. Detectable	pX01 or levels
insights subsequer		MRIID personnel may various decontamina		
Internet decontam	searches may yield	and and additional informated al materials, include		
mechanism	iew of decontaminati ms of action of nume	ne Agents with a man ion technologies and erous decontaminants AMINATION, was co-au	d descriptions s on microo <u>rga</u>	of the
INSTITUTE 340) reference edition, Philadely pages of	The manuscript also recommende to DISINFECTION, STE Seymour S. Block, E phia, Pennsylvania,	CORPORATION (SAIC), I DETRICK, MARYLAND, I is maintained in a sed the following text ERILIZATION, AND PREED TO BE COMMONDED TO THE COMMOND THE COMMOND PROPERTY OF THE COMMOND THE AGE OF THE COMMOND	NATIONAL CANC , 21702, telep a 1A envelope ktbook as a us ESERVATION, 5t Williams & Wil of the first t	hone (FD- seful ch .kins,
through SSA	of transfers of <i>Bac</i> : <u>1999, as re</u> quested :	lso provided with co illus anthracis that in a letter dated Ju 01 forms provided by	t occurred fro une 5, 2003, f	m 1997 From

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DATE 12-15-2008 BY 60324 UC BAW/DK/TH	D-4	00/44/0000
	Date of transcription	09/14/2003
On September 11, 2003, birth , social security, interviewed at place of employ Medical Research Institute of Infe located at Fort Detrick, Maryland After being advised of the purpose of the interview p information:	account number ment the United State ctious Diseases (USA) 21702, work telephor identities of the ago rovided the following	date of b6 b7C was tes Army MRIID), ne ents and the
regarding polygraph examinatio individual wno contacted to so USAMRIID had requested that issues. knew that others hontacted by polygraphers, and tha	ad similar experience t many of them compla USAMRIID, abo <u>ut the</u>	the that b6 b7C reliability es when ained to
provided the agen vitae (c.v.) which listed home c.v. is maintained in a 1A envelop educational his as follows: obtained his B from the University of Science degree in University in and his and	elephone e, FD-340. tory, as outlined in achelor of Science do	egree in aster of in of
by SA	2101392 Date dictated N/A	302 b7E
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Continuation	of FD-302 of					,on 09/11/	2003 , Page _	2
	Post lett letter.	ters, al			either the seeing mate			
								b6 b7C b2 b7F
[ecalled		e anyone aring pe	had handled else work ople out of	with the	letters.	ahy b6 b7C
,	advised that were the letter photographours, as	that the e ideal ers were phed. I	ine room a re were fl for photog contained	across that table graphing in doub took	hotographede hallway for the evidence le ziploc he place after umber of te time.	rom eterinary ce. re pags while normal b	Medicine r called tha being usiness	b6 b7C b2 b7F
	, Room	the fol s ot_side	of Buildir	Building and ag	, Suite and the Cli At that t nkeys using	inical Lab ime,	tes and sub; as w	vell

Continuation		b6 b7C
	BRUCE IVINS,	b6 b7C
'	knew only in a professional manner. They interacted at meetings, and chatted in the hallways about work and general topics, such as weekend activities. was working on an Ebola project at that time, and and never collaborated on projects. After left the Division, and only exchanged greetings. thought that their last conversation would have been around 1998. had no knowledge of who may have socialized with at USAMRIID.	b6 b7C
	Jersey or	
	told that but did not provide any details as to work. advised that it was difficult to distinguish what actually told from what was circulated around USAMRIID or in the media.	b6
	did not recall seeing in Building although did see in Building near Suite and in the Division Administration area. Lat USAMRIID, had a laboratory in Building and therefore may have worked in that laboratory space.	b7C
	learned about the history of B.a. Ames at USAMRIID after the anthrax mailings of 2001 had already taken place. thought that Ames was sent in by an investigator in Iowa and isolated at USAMRIID.	b6 b7C
	a series of experiments in approximately 1998 to determine at what point B.a. could be isolated from an infected animal. Washed B.a. Ames spores obtained from IVINS were provided directly to the group for the study, and IVINS conducted the quality control for the experiments. laboratory group handled the spores, as well as all of the samples, after the exposures had taken place. provided the agents	

Continuation of FD-302 of	, On 09/11/2003 , Page 4 b
164, December 1999, and titled "G Sites for Early Detection of Bac.	work in <i>Military Medicine</i> , Volume Comparison of Noninvasive Sampling <i>illus anthracis</i> Spores from Rhesus on which the lead author was MAJOR aper is maintained in the 1A
in Suite $lue{}$ was used to store B	es were used in studies where human
·····	
spores from IVINS, as no one in	always obtained B.a. b6 b7c laboratory group grew spores.
	IVINS spores
were stored in a mixture of pheno	
	ute or share any of IVINS B.a. Ames nor has ever sent B.a. outside
lyophilized live B.a. Ames. In lyophilized. The Special Pathogo	e of anyone at USAMRIID who has only dead B.a. Ames is ens Sample Test Laboratory (SPSTL) spores of various strains for use These lyophilized spores
complete set of paperwork, included such transfers; however some transfers and lyophilized spores.	
	e of protocols for ever expressed an opinion regarding e 2001 mailings was broth or agar
USAMRIID With regard to a list of the following information	of foreign visiting scientists to

	First Name Unknow	wn (FNU)	
have had to USAMR		for short meetings, and would not y spaces. Their access was limite	ed
Electroc unescort laborato w back to select a not work express ask abou	ed visitor pass, and did ry spaces. hile was at USAMRIID. gents upon return. did not discuss with any bacteria while any anti-American sentime	ntigen detection assays. had a not have access to any "hot" likely had the most contact with may have taken some antibodie wever did not transport any anthrax with and did was at USAMRIID. did not ent during visit, nor did sion, any pre-stamped envelopes. lding Rooms , and these rooms; however would not	an es
received maintain sent or Septe lost dur	electronic mail, loes mber of 2001. though	a copy of a list of archived, tember 17 and 18, 2001, which is 340. Although archives all of s not have those records for August that those months may have been was a problem with one of the	l
		he agents with a copy of	

Continuation of FD-302 of	, _{On} 09/11/2003 , _{Page} 6
time.	for on September 17, 2001, could not attended due to extensive work schedule at that can verify that was present at work at time period.
in a 1A e: listed fo	provided the agents with a copy of electronic for the period of October 1-14, 2001, which is maintained nvelope. Although there are appointments and activities r October 5-9, 2001, could not be sure that them due to busy work schedule.
2001, how instead.	recalled on October 6, ever was not certain that attended on October 7, 2001, as may have worked at USAMRIID

FD-302 (Rev. 10-6-95)

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-1-

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 10/16/2003 DOB , SSN home telephone number was interviewed at the Amerithrax-3 Offsite in Frederick, Maryland. After being advised of the identity of the interviewing agents and the nature of the interview, provided the following information:	b6 b7C
	06 07C
worked various places including and the University of While working at the University of was assigned to a	
TION COLUMN TELEGORIA DE L'ACCOMMENTE DE L'ACC	6 7C
In was moved to the Currently works on building is working with The lab that is 2991.302 by	2
Investigation on 10/16/03 at Frederick, Maryland File # 279A-WF-222936-USAMRIID 279BA-C101392-V3ADate dictated 10/16/03 by SA This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.	b6 b70

279A-WF-222936-USAMRIID

Continuatio	n of FD-302 of, On10/16/03, Page2
	currently working in is secured by a manual push button combination lock.
	While at USAMRIID, was immunized against Botulinum b6
	does not have access to labs or building has never worked with Bacillus anthracis (Ba).
	attends meetings. During these meetings some individuals discuss their research and because of that fact, has become familiar with names of some of the individuals who work with Ba including: Bruce Ivins, and ph). is also aware that works with Ba. has never discussed Ba with anyone at USAMRIID.
	b6 b7c b7F
	does not have any personal or professional contacts in New Jersey. Occasionally, has passed through New Jersey on the way to New York, but does not recall going to New York close to September 11, 2001. Additionally, does not know anyone that works at USAMRIID that has personal or professional contacts in New Jersey.
	has occasionally seen piggybacking through some of the doors at USAMRIID but advised that it is not supposed to occur.
	has never seen or used pre stamped envelopes. Additionally, has never used or seen large sterilite containers at USAMRIID.
	does not know anyone at USAMRIID that appears to be unstable or has discussed using any agent inappropriately. does not discuss politics with colleagues and has never heard anyone discussing the anthrax mailings.
	knew that Ba samples were going to be tested at USAMRIID however, did not know that the letters were at

* FD-302a (Rev. 10-6-95)

279A-WF-222936-USAMRIID

Continuation of FD-302 of			,On <u>10/16/03</u>	, Page3
USAMRIID. letters.	did not play	any role regan	rding the sampl	es or
has never	has never had s attended lectures g seen an unescorted f llowed into the labor	oreign visitor	n scientists.	
	never saw, me	t or talked to		

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

b6 b7C

	DIC
Precedence: ROUTINE Date: 10/03/20033	
To: Washington Field Attn: SA SA AMX 2 AMX 1	
From: Washington Field AMX 3 Contact: Postal Inspector	
Approved By:	
Drafted By:	
Case ID #: 279A-WF-222936-POI (Pending) - 338 279A-WF-222936-USAMRIID (Pending)-255	
Title: AMERITHRAX MAJOR CASE 184	
Synopsis: Report results of investigation to date regarding	
Details: has been investigated in captioned case based upon her work with and access to Bacillus anthracis (Ba).	
is a and has been employed with the United States Army Medical Research Institute for Infectious Diseases since has physical access to the "hot suites" and has participated in aerosol challenges using Ba. also received pipets of solutions from BRUCE IVINS which spread on agar plates. believed the solutions contained Ba although does not know the strain.	
As per FD-302, date July 28,2003, has no knowledge where Ba is stored at USAMRIID and has no expertise in weaponization techniques. has not traveled to New Jersey and has no friends or relatives residing in that state.	
LO NEW DETSEV	b2 b7E ,
Time-line First Mailing (5:00 P.M., 9/17/2001 through 8:00 p.m., 9/18/2001)	
·	

EZ

'To: Washington Fie From: Washington Field Re: 279A-WF-222936-POI, 10/03/20033

A time line of the likely periods of the mailings of the anthrax letters from Princeton, New Jersey was compiled using USAMRIID security key card access, telephone and credit card use records. The time line focused on any hour period for which would be unaccounted, with the premise that it takes hours to drive round trip from to	b6 b7C
A review of USAMRIID key card building access records reveal that on September 17, 2001 entered building at hours and remained at work until 0n September 18, 2001, entered building at hours and remained at work until hours.	. b6 . b7C
A review of phone records for telephone account number subscriber	
disclose that on September 17, 2001, at an outgoing telephone call was made from home telephone to On September 18, 2001, at an outgoing telephone call was made from home telephone to was interviewed in July 2003 and stated	b2 b7E b6 b7C
According to	1
A review of credit card account history did not show any credit card transactions during the period of the first mailing.	_
Time-line Second Mailing (3:00P.M., 10/6/2001 through 11:00A.M., 10/09/2001)	
A review of credit card account history disclosed that on transactions occurred in	b6 b7C
A review of home telephone records disclose that on October 8, 2001 at an outgoing telephone call was made from home to	b6 b7C
On October 9, 2001, key card building access records reveal was at USAMRIID, and entered building at hours and exited at hours.	
has been interviewed on several occasions related to the investigation. Investigation to date has revealed no direct, testimonial, or circumstantial evidence which	b6 b7C

To: Washington Field From: Washington Field Re: 279A-WF-222936-POI, 10/03/20033

b6 b7C indicates that was involved in the preparation or mailing of the anthrax-laced letters. was interviewed about work with Ba. in January 2002.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 10/03/2003	
On October 2, 2003, born be address current by	
telephone number was interviewed by Postal Inspector and Postal Inspector at the FBI Amerithrax III office in Frederick, Maryland. After being advised of the purpose of the interview and the identity of the interviewing Inspectors, provided the following information:	
works at the United States Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases (USAMRIID) as a Division under Works in the b6 b7c	
received his Bachelor of Science Degree in and his PhD in from the University of	
on started at USAMRIID	
now works in Labs and in building. Prior to the September 2001 anthrax mailings had only entered the lab to assist in was decontaminated and the equipment was moved to BRUCE IVINS had swabbed outside the suites and found anthrax spores. was not sure what strain was discovered outside the labs. However, due to this discovery, was taken down and decontaminated. The decontamination process was accomplished by BRUCE IVINS, and	
was aware that there were Ames spores stored in the walk-in coolers/freezers between labs and during the decontamination process. knew that anthrax was stored in both liquid and frozen forms in the coolers. The materials in the coolers were moved from to during the cleaning process. YN	∕ €
ile # 279A-WF-222936-USAMRIID 279A-BA-C101392 Date dictated n/a Postal Inspector Postal Inspector	

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__,On_<u>10/3/2003</u>__,Page___2 Continuation of FD-302 of b7C b2 b7F was <u>not aware</u> of any piggybacking into suites. The security officer; is extremely cautious in terms of security. did not do any work in the _____ suites. work in building a scientist must have extensive vaccinations. b6 b7C does not have any persons in mind concerning the mailing of the anthrax letters. did not know nor recall if they had ever met. stated that the whole anthrax field benefitted after the anthrax mailings. There was very little interest in the field, until after the anthrax mailings. benefitted from the aftermath. stated that unlike the cutting edge research on anthrax is hard to work with. ____ chose to work at USAMRIID under for better pay. b6 b7C has never used a lyophilizer at USAMRIID. b2 aware of one located in the cold side of the lab | but b7F never used it. did use a lyophilizer in graduate school. has never worked with dry anthrax spores. <u>is</u> not aware of any studies at USAMRIID that involved dry spores. involved in using wet spores by injecting them into the test b6 b7C animals. was shown a number 6 pre-stamped envelope. did not recall seeing one of the envelopes. stated that b6 b7C examined a copy of the layout of USAMRIID building b2 stated that and suites contained walk-in b7F coolers used for storing anthrax. does not know anyone that lives in New Jersey. b6 passed through New Jersey two years ago on the way to b7C **l**was not sure what year The first year when L traveled. and traveled to they spent the night in a motel. The next year they

Continuation	n of FD-302 of			,On <u>10/3/2003</u>	3, Page3
í	also trave	eled to	but returned the	same dav.	· ————————————————————————————————————
		and	traveled to		New Jersey
	during the	summer of 2002			vew dersey
*		has not hos	sted any foreign vi	sitors at USA1	MRIID.
	anthrax ma		take a polygraph exa	amination rega	arding the

-1-

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED	b6 b7C
DATE 12-15-2008 BY 60324 UC BAW/DK/TH Date of transcription 10/10/2003	
On October 10, 2003,	
has worked at USAMRIID since From to worked in as an	b6 b7C
as a currently works in the Division in the Department of under the Branch Chief.	D/C
work with anthrax was mainly while was in Since has worked with viruses. responsibilities include works at the direction of the Principle Investigators.	
is not familiar with processes for drying anthrax or working with a lyophilizer. believes that BRUCE IVINS, and are the ones that would know how to weaponize anthrax.	
While was worked in the labs where animals were used. Since has worked in building nooms and has access to the hot suites in building and is familiar with building the walk-in coolers in room the cold storage refrigerator in room and the cold storage room in the basement.	b6 b7C
Investigation on 10/10/2003 at Frederick, Maryland Y_N_	b2 b7E
File # 279A-WF-222936 JON VAL File # 279A-WF-222936-USAMRIID v 279A-BA-C101392 Date dictated n/a Postal Inspector by Postal Inspector	/ b6 b7C

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inuatio	n of FD-302 of, On _10/10/2003, Page2	
,		
	that in the basement there are a lot of freezers. Each freezer has a list of contact names if there is a problem with the cold storage. A person could determine if any anthrax was stored there by locating the contact person. Up until recently there were no locks on the freezers.	
	believes that it would be easy to remove bioagents from USAMRIID. The agents are stored in vials. They could be double bagged, decontaminated and taken out through the Airlock, via a pass box or hand carried out through the shower. is not aware of anyone piggy-backing into the suites, but surmised that it could be done.	
[knew while worked in usamming had seen in buildings and and facility. On occasions did work for while was in	k k
	was located near former office. currently works in the office where used to work, however they never worked in the office at the same period.	
	said that was a good worker. appeared to work hard and seemed bright. never heard express any anti-government views. never heard talk about anthrax.	
	last saw at USAMRIID around February 2001. was working in , Room When exited the lab, was in the hall with a tour group. recalled that was wearing There was a military man and a person in a suit with nim. was surprised to see since knew that had left USAMRIID and asked what he was doing there. replied that could not tell was wearing a visitor's badge. did not recognize anyone who was with and did not recall the rank of the military man.	b'
	would tell stories that found hard to believe. was in the and would stop by and talk. On one occasion told that was and soon after told that was This caused to suspect	

Continuation of FD-302 of	of,On <u>10/10/2003</u> ,Page <u>3</u>
stori said.	ies so would just go way and disregard what .
	has heard rumors about around USAMRIID
	has never hosted foreign visitors at USAMRIID. as never purchased or seen #6 prestamped envelopes. that was not involved in the anthrax mailings.
did	does not have any connections to New Jersey and
	returned to USAMRIID on
the	agreed to take a polygraph examination regarding anthrax mailings.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED		
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12-15-2008 BY 60324 UC BAW/DK/TH	Date of transcription	09/25/2003
On September 25, 2003, with Social Security Account Num , office telephone number Postal Inspector and Postal place of employment, the United St Institute of Infectious Diseases (USAMRII of the identity of the interviewing Inspection provided the following interview, provided the following Inspection provided pro	telephone n was i estal Inspecto ates Army Res (D). After be ectors and the	at umber nterviewed by rearch ing advised purpose of n:
is the		in the
USAMRIID at USA	MRIID.	started at
earned her Masters Degree from in According to within the When the Daschle letter USAMRIID everything was done correctly on the letter] is the anthr arrived at US wanted to mak	
returned to 100 potential bio-hazard samples per testing for many different agents. After discovered they began testing for anthrax worked extra hours during Sept received over-time for the extra work.	day. At firs the anthrax	nd tested up t they were letters were
Investigation on 9/25/2003 at Frederick, Maryland File # 279A-WF-222936-USAMRIID 279A-BA-C101392 Postal Inspector by Postal Inspector	248	,

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nuation of FD-302 of	,0n <u>9/25</u>	/2003	, Page
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•			
	In September 1999,		
	dy to determine the diagnostics of anthrax ex		
	posed monkeys to anthrax to see where they co exposure before the monkeys became deathly i		
IVINS_an			OCL
	Division to infect the monkeys.		
7	lwere also involved in		
not activ	was also involved ally participate in the experiment. There was	, but	did
	nthrax used in the study informed that		ту
	zation machine only works with liquid form.	The st	udy
began on	September 14, 1999 and the last three monker	<u>ys were</u>	expose
	ax on October 19, 1999. stated that	T - 1: - 1	
	participate in the studies nor did ask or observe any phase of the study.	_ about	tne
Scaarcs .	or observe any phase or the study.		
		at USA	
was		o in th	<u>e</u>
L	id that was not the type of person the	hat	wanted
	rse with.	.iac [wanteed
never di	scussed science with felt that		alway
		fice wa	
located		said	that a
one time	was also under the Division.		
	During 1997 - 2001 the people t	that us	ed the
TYODNILI	zers assigned were	nd	The
lyophili	zers were used only on dead tissue, not live		
Everythi	ng is killed before it is lyophilized.	said	to
	ze live anthrax would be risky because the ma		
area cou	ld be infected. used to eat	t their	lunch

,		210
Continuation of FD-302 of	,On <u>9/25/2003</u>	, Page <u>3</u>
Communion of 1 15-302 of		
in said summer interns used the interns were not vaccinated being exposed if live anthrax we only one of the two lyophilizers location prior to 2001. To run have to know about the machines one is run by an old computer sknow how to operate the machine older model that was due for rehigh usage. It is a non-comput have to be familiar with it to	s currently in was in the lyophilizers, a person because they are difficult ystem and a person would need to be lyophilizer in room placement but was retained derized machine but a person	k of here. hat would to run. ed to lis an lue to
The top of the lypohi The vials are opened so that th moisture condenses in the botto It is later thawed and emptied container and then poured down lyophilized, it would infect th	out of a rubber hose into a the sink. If live agents we	n state. ere
4 4		b6 b7
The log books were not provided	to the FBI but	was
compiling documents to turn over	rhe log books date back to M	ay 1997
and include most of the items lyophilized when the printer was printed, therefore they were no	lyophilized. Sometimes item as down so the documents cou	s were ld not be
regarder of seed and a controft	s of the 1995 organizational cuments are included in the	
1A Envelope.		
On occasions the	hosted foreign visitors.	
	woul <u>d bring</u> in foreign visit	ors.
However, none of the visitors	that was familiar with	n inquired
about anthrax. The visitors	were al	LI at

		b6
Continuation of FD-302 of	,On_9/25/2003	_, Page4 ^{b7C}
studies. recalled vin West Nile Virus and other the visitors they stayed at USAMRIID for to enter the suite. It suite. There was never any examined a	They were involved in "Hantavir isitors from Romania who were intervisitors from South America. were supervised at all time any length of time, they were a No vaccinations were required for y anthrax in that suite. sample pre-stamped, #6 envelope. an envelope at USAMRIID like that	rus" erested All of es. If ellowed this
anthrax mailings. recalled to was at work a lot. They was a to to the was a to to the was a to	ve any idea as to who may have do hat during the time after 9/11/01 orked very long hours during that y during the anthrax mailing time	period.
	has no other connection to New Je	rsey.
grated the	t those was nothing in	vog that
would be of interest to th		es that
line her during the mailin hours at USAMRIID during t	he mailing days.	
agreed to take a polygraph	•	