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_	PART II. INCEPTION OF JPRC	l
	A. (75) COMMITTEE ON PRISONERS AND DETAINEES	2
	In June 1965, the Embassy Mission Council in Saigon	3
	established a Committee on Prisoners and Detainees with	4
c	membership composed of representatives from each element of the Country	5
•	Mission Team. Under Embassy chairmanship, the Committee was	6
	given the primary responsibility for formulating policy recom-	7
۵	mendations and coordinating actions relating to US military prisoners	8
	and civilian detainees held by the Viet Cong/in South Vietnam. The	9
	Committee was also tasked to formulate policy recommendations to	10
	the Mission on the following additional categories of detained	11 }
	persons: US prisoners held by the Democratic Republic of Vietnam (DRV)	12
	in North Vietnam; and third country civilian detainees and military	13
	prisoners held by the VC in South Vietnam, except non-US	1 4
	civilians. The Committee was further tasked to initiate necessary	15
	liaison with Vietnamese authorities and to coordinate any necessary	16
6	"ission action that might be required concerning US prisoners or	17
1	Letsinees in third countries, specifically Laos.	18
	B. (TB) JOINT RECOVERY CENTER	19
	1. (S) Acting on the recommendations of the Committee, and with	20
	the concurrence of the Mission Council, the Ambassador, General	21
	Maxwell Taylor, established a Joint Recovery Center (JRC), which	22
	would:	23
	a. Be manned by individuals provided by the Department of	24
	Defense (DOD), US Oversess Mission (USOM), US Information	25
	Service (USIS), the Embassy, and	26
	b. Be directly responsible to the Ambassador for all opera-	27
	tional matters.	28
	c. Coordinate operations in adjacent areas, particularly Laos,	29
	with the appropriate embassy or command.**	90E
		-
	(TS) Joint AMEMBLSSY/MACV Msg, 1405252 Jun 1965 (TS) History of JPRC dated 1 January 1967	•
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	2. (rs) In speaking to the DOD manning requirement for	l	
1	The JRC, the Ambassador indicated the need for 10 professionally	2	
(Jualified military representatives. Further, it was recommended	3	
	that the DOD assign a USAF colonel having the technical qualifi-	4	
	cations and command experience as the JRC's Director.	5	
	3. (PS) The Office.of the Secretary of Defense (OSD) requested	6	
r	that the Joint Chiefs of Staff take appropriate action to furnish	7	
	the requested officer, if the Joint Chiefs of Staff concurred.	8	
ε	The Joint Chiefe of Staff, in turn, requested comments and	9	
	recommendations concerning command arrangements and designation	10	
	of the JRC.* CINCPAC concurred in the establishment of a recovery	11	:
	center, manning and command arrangements, and the terms of reference.	12	
	CINCPAC suggested the term JPRC be used to mean Joint Personnel	13	
	Recovery Center since the term JRC was presently used to designate	1 4	
	the Joint Reconnaissance Center (JRC) within the J-3 Directorate,	15	,
	Joint Chiefs of Staff.**	16	•
	4. (25) Upon reviewing the prisoner recovery problem in	17	
	- outheast Asia, COMUSMACV, in September 1965, indicated that, in	18	
1	ose cooperation with the American Embassy	19	
	aggressive program to determine the location of, and assist American	20	E.
	prisoners held by the VC, the DRV, and the Pathet Lao had been	21	
	initiated. With the concurrence of the American Embassy, COMUSMACV	22	
	withdrew the request for appointment of a Director for the JRC	23	
	indicating that the officer would be provided from/ personnel.***	24	ı
	C. (TS) JOINT PERSONNEL RECOVERY CENTER (JPRC)	25	4
	1. (TS) During an evasion and escape (E&E) planning conference at	26	
	CINCPAC Headquarters in December 1965, a recommendation was made	27	
	that a recovery center be established in Southeast Asia which would	28	
	include personnel recovery operations after search and rescue (SAR)	29	-
	<pre>= (TS) JCS Hsg, 232050Z Jun 1965 ** (TS) CINCPAC Msg, 032241Z Aug 1965 *** (TS) COMUSMACV Msg, 151136Z Sept 1965</pre>		r
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efforts had been terminated. It was visualized, by CINCPAC, that - the functions of the JRC, then operating in Vietnam, would be Absorbed within this new organization. A general concept of a possible arrangement for post-SAR recovery operations envisioned by CINCPAC would be as follows:

a. Recovery operations would involve forces and/or activities varied both as to parent organization and location. The locale of recovery operations might include South Vietnam, North Vietnam and Laos. Therefore, to maximize the effectiveness of auch operations, COMUSMACV would be designated as coordinating authority for post-SAR matters.

b. COMUSMACV would establish a Personnel Recovery Center to aid in his coordination authority role. The center would serve as a focal point for the collection and collation of all information and intelligence bearing on personnel recovery, and would plan and coordinate the operational aspects of recovery/assistance of US/Allied personnel detained/held prisoner by, or evading enemy forces.

c. Actual conduct of recovery operations would continue to be 19 a function of the department/agency or Service component to 20 ' which forces engaged in specific recovery operations were assigned. 21

d. Diplomatic arrangements for exchange of prisoners and 22 release of personnel would continue to be a function of the State 23 Department. 24

2.(TS) CINCPAC requested comments from COMUSMACV on the possible 25 arrangement outlined above, and submission of proposed terms of 26 reference (TOR) for the Center. CINCPAC indicated that the TOR should 27 recognize the requirement for appropriate coordination with the 28 various US Chiefs of Mission and with the representatives of US 29 departments and agencies within the Mission. Further, the TOR should 30 also recognize Commander-in-Chief, Pacific Air Force (CINCPACAF) 31 functions and responsibilities for SAR matters, as established by 32

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1 CINCPAC INSTRUCTION 3130.10 of 25 June 1965 and the functions of 2 the Southeast Asia SAR Center which CINCPAC directed be established 3 in March 1966.* 4 3. (IS) The terms of reference, pertaining to the establishment <u>5</u> of a JPRC, proposed by COMUSMACV and coordinated with the 7th <u>6</u> Air Force, and the US Embassy, Saigon, were as follows: ٦ 2 "a. PURPOSE: The purpose of the JPRC is to éstablish a capability within MACV Studies and Observations Group (MACSOG) for 8 personnel recovery operations subsequent to termination of search and rescue (SAR) efforts. 9 "b. RESPONSIBILITIES: MACSOG will be responsible for oper-10 ating the JPRC, for collating intelligence data pertaining to detained/missing personnel recovery planning, and for conducting operations related to the recovery of US and allied personnel 11 detained by unfriendly forces within SEASIA. 12 "c. FUNCTIONS: 13 14 15 16 17 18 "(4) Performs liaison and coordination with US and allied <u>19</u> Departments and Agencies to insure maximum utilization of available resources and to achieve minimum reaction time for 20 launching recovery operations. 21 "(5) Monitors and coordinates operations with agencies external to MACSOO during execution of approved plans. 22 "d, FORCES: 23 "(1) Primary forces for recovery operations will be those 24 assigned to MACSOO; however, these forces will be augmented by MACY component forces as required for specific operations. 25 "(2) If US forces, in addition to those currently under MACV control, are required for recovery operations, they will be requested from CINCPAC. If feasible, they will be placed under operational control of MACSOO for the operations. 26 27 28 "(3) If cases arise in which the use of MACSOD or MACY component forces are not advisable, the use of indigenous forces 29 is indicated, and MACV is tasked to accomplish the mission, MACSOG would act as the coordinating authority for MACV. Advice and assistance will be furnished by MACSOG as requested and 30 appropriate. 31 CINCPAC msg, 2700162 April 1966 SECRET F-5 Appendix F

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"e. RELATIONSHIPS:	1
"(1) The JPRC will function as an element of MACSOG,	2
under the command and control of COMUSMACV.	3_
"(2) Areas of operation and appropriate coordinating agencies are as follows:	4
"(a) South Vietnam: coordination affected with USEMB, Saigon.	5
"(b) Laos: Coordination affected with USEMB, Bangkok and approved by USEMB, Vientiane and CINCPAC prior to initiation of operations.	<u>6</u> 7 0
"(c) North Vietnam and Cambodia: Coordination with USEMB, Bangkok or USEMB, Saigon and approved by CINCPAC prior to initiation of operations.	<u>9</u> 8
"(d) Red China: Not envisaged at this state of develop- ment."*	<u>10</u> 11
In providing CINCPAC with the above proposed TOR, COMUSMACV noted	<u>12</u>
that as of 15 June 1966, a total of 315 personnel, predominantly	<u>13</u>
US were either detained or missing. COMUSMACV further indicated	14
that the rising total from 22 in 1964 to 172 in 1965 and to the	<u>15</u>
mid-June 1966 figure of 315 personnel illustrated the rapid	16
increase resulting from expanded US and allied operations.	17
4. (MTS) In September 1965, the Joint Chiefs of Staff approved	<u>18</u>
the following terms of reference as proposed by CINCPAC and	<u>19</u>
concurred in by the American Embassies in Bangkok, Vientiane and	<u>20</u>
Saigon: **	<u>21</u>
"Terms of Reference	<u>22</u>
"a. PURPOSE: The purpose of the JPRC is to establish a capa-	<u>23</u> `
bility within COMUSMACV for personnel recovery operations subsequent to termination of search and rescue (SAR) effort.	24
COMUSMACV is designated the coordinating authority for post-SAR ' recovery matters in South Vietnam, North Vietnam, Laos, Cambodia and Thailand.	<u>25</u>
"b. FUNCTIONAL RESPONSIBILITY: COMUSMACV will be responsible	26
for operation of the JPRC, which will perform the following functions:	<u>27</u>
	<u>28</u>
	<u>29</u>
TTS COMUSMACV Msg, 0212352 July 1966	30
(25) JCS Msg, 012308Z Sept 1966	31

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1 Z 3 4 5 6 "(5) Coordinate and establish liaison with US and allied 2 departments and agencies to insure maximum utilization of available resources and to achieve minimum reaction time for 8 launching recovery operations. 2 "(6) Monitor and coordinate operations with agencies external to COMUSMACV during execution of approved plans. 10 "c. FORCES: Primary forces for recovery operations will be 11 those assigned to COMUSMACV. 12 "(1) If US forces in addition to those currently under COMUSMACV operational control are required for recovery opera-13 tions, supporting forces will be requested from CINCFAC. CINCPAC will specify command and control arrangements at the time arrangements at the time supporting forces are designated. 14 <u>15</u> "(2) In cases where indigenous forces are utilized. COMUSMACY will act as the coordinating authority and provide advice and assistance as requested and appropriate. 16 17 "d. COMMAND RELATIONSHIPS: "(1) The JPRC will function as an element under the command 18 and operational control of COMUSMACV. 19 "(2) Areas of operation and appropriate coordinating 20 agencies are as follows: 21 "(a) South Vietnam: Recovery operations will be coordinated with the American Embassy, Saigon prior to 22 initiation. 23 "(b) Laos: Recovery operations will be coordinated with the American Embassy, Saigon and American Embassy, Vientiane and approved by CINCPAC prior to initiation. 24 "(c) Thailand: Recovery operations entering Thai airspace, staging from or through Thailand, or utilizing Thailand based forces will be coordinated with the American Embassy, Bangkok prior to initiation. 25 26 <u>27</u> "(d) North Vietnam and Cambodia: Recovery operations will be coordinated with the American Embassy Saigon and approved 28 by CINCPAC prior to initiation. Coordination with American 29 Embassy Vientiane will be effected when overflight of Laos if involved. 30 "(e) Communist China: Not envisioned at this time."" 31 CINCPAC, in providing authority and guidance to COMUSMACV in estab-32 lishing the JPRC, requested their plans for early activation of <u>33</u> .he center in accordance with the above TOR.* (T8) CINCEAC Msg, 1602322 Sept 1966

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STORE (AS) JPRC ACTIVATION (TS) The JPRC was established on a temporary basis within MACSOG, by COMUSMACV on 29 August 1966, and officially activated on 17 September 1966 upon receipt of the authority massage from

duty from the 13th Air Force, initially served as Chief, JPRC. Upon activation, the following personnel were assigned to the center:

on temporary additional

<u>Grade</u>	<u>Title</u>
06 04	Chief, JPBC
04	<u>Operations & Plans Officer</u>
E5 E5	Clerk-Typist . Clerk-Typist
E3	Clerk-Typ1st

2. (PS) Early in September 1966, the JPRC effected coordination 10 and established a communications link with the Joint Search and 11 Rescue Center (JSARC) and the 7th Air Force for the purpose of 12 having these activities forward to the JPRC all pertinent data 13 on downed aircrewmen and results of SAR efforts. This data would 14 then be closely monitored by the JPRC to determine if and when 15 MACSOG or other assets could be utilized in recovery operations. 16

3. (PS) COMUSMACV determined, that, as a separate staff element of MACSOG, the JPRC would be responsible

to insure complete utilization of all CINCPAC resources and capabilities. Any initial conceptual planning would be the responsibility of the JPRC, and when MACSOG resources were utilized in recovery operations, the operational planning and execution would be the responsibility of the MACSOG Staff. Further, operational control and execution would be performed in the same manner as other MACSOG operations. When other than MACSOG resources were used to effect recovery, operational control would be as prescribed by the TOR.

CINCPAC.

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COMUSMACY msg to CINCPAC and other addressees, COMUSMACV 2102262 September 1966

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PART III. JPRC HISTORY - 1966

A. (ps) JPRC ACTIVATION

(ms) On 22 September 1966, COMUSMACV sent a message of 2 1. notification of activation of the JPAC to military and State З ł, Department agencies operating within the CINCPAC area of responsibility. The message stated that the purpose of the JPRC 5 was to establish a capability within MACV for personnel recovery 6 7 operations subsequent to termination of SAR effort. Further, it 8 would also serve as the coordination authority and focal point for all post-SAR recovery matters in South Vietnam, North Vietnam, Laos. 9 Cambodia and Thailand. COMUSMACV listed the following functions that 10 the JPRC would perform: 11

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d. Prepare basic operational procedures and plans for the recovery or assistance of detained US or allied personnel.

e. Coordinate and establish liaison with US and Allied depart- 22 ments and agencies to insure maximum utilization of available 23 resources, and to achieve minimum reaction time for launching 24 recovery operations. 25

f. Monitor and coordinate operations with agéncies external 26 to MACV during execution of approved plans. 27

2. (p5) CONSMACV requested all message addressees to forward to 29 Headquarters, MACV, JPRC by the most expeditious method, and on a 29 rontinuing basis, all data pertaining to missing or detained 30 .rsonnel in Southeast Asia.*

* (75) COMUSMACY Mag, 2209387 Sent 1966

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3. (TS) COMUSMACV also advised the major military commands 1 under MACV of the activation of the JPRC, and indicated that the 2 nickname BRIGHT LIGHT had been assigned for JPRC messages. 3 For the JPRC to accomplish its purpose, COMUSMACV requested 4 the following data be passed to the JPRC by the most expeditious 5 means. 6 a, Information concerning missing and/or captured personnel, 7 b. Alleged or confirmed locations of prisoner of war (POW) 8 camps or holding areas. 9 c. Information which would indicate the policies of any 10

of the hostile forces toward the handling of Allied prisoners. 11 Subordinate commands were also apprised of means by which they could 12 communicate directly with the center, and COMUSMACV directed that 13 no element of the command would initiate operations designed solely 14 or primarily for the release of captured personnel without coordination 15 and approval of the JPRC.* А 16



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COMUSMACV Pag, 0111382 Nov 1966 CPST

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3. (PS) The above E and	E procedures for aircrews were appro	ved <u>1</u>
~	ve on 1 October 1966, and CINCPAC re-	
Quested COMUSMACV, CINCPACA	F, and CINCPACFLT take expeditious	3
action to inform aircrews c	of the procedures.	4
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* (PS) CINCPAC Msg, 2803152	Sept 1966	<u>29</u>
		<u>30</u>
		<u>31</u>
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* (TS) Appendix V tc Annex M, 1966 MACV Command History dated 5 May 1967

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=	F. (PS) POLITICAL RESTRICTIONS ON RECOVERY OPERATIONS	:
•	1. (TS) A problem area was noted by COMUSNACV, in November 1966,	2
	relative to the amount of coordination required when conducting cross-	3
	border recovery operations. An example was given of an operation	٤
	which involved an airman downed in Laos which required recovery teans	Ę
	to be staged through an Air Base located in Thailand. It was felt	ε
	that the time required to effect coordination with the American	-
	Embassies in Saigon, Vientiane, and Bangkok, and also CINCPAC in order	Ξ
	to launch a cross-border recovery spriously limited the the capability	5
	of the JFRC to respond promptly. It was further noted that the blanket	20
	authority granted by CINCPACto conduct operations for evading or	11
	escaped airmen in NVN without prior CINCPAC approval would help	12
	alleviate thes situation."	13
	2. gs) The following specific recovery operation is sited to	14

2. (RS) The following specific recovery operation is sited to 14 illustrate the impediments to immediate reaction and restrictions in 15 the use of MACV recovery assets occasioned by the system of coordination 15 required.

"a. On 23 September 1966, the JPRC was advised that a beeper signal was heard in the Lactian panhandle area. Although voice contact could not be established, instructions to turn off the beeper were promptly complied with on two occasions. The location of the beeper and time frame of the signal correlated most closely with a second time frame of the signal correlated most closely vicinity on 12 September. On 24 September, the JPRC requested the area be visually searched by low level, prop driven aircraft. That night a strobe light was reported in the vicinity of the previously reported beeper signal.

"b. The American Embassy, Laos, was queried on 24 September concerning

Would be utilized to conduct the recovery operation.*

(PS) COMUSMACV Mag, 011138Z Nov 1966

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"d. In addition to the excessive delay, the second search conducted and conduct of the operation:

*(1) All the team members Also, the search team made contact with local villagers, and questioned that concerning the downed airman. This seems particularly maxise for two reasons:

"(a) It alerted the local populace to the possibility that a US airman might be down in the area.

*(b) If were observing the team from diffing, this act could only reinforce any idea he might have had that these were metrically forces. It is entirely possible that many might have seen the search team, but successfully evaded it in the belief that it was composed of unfriendly forces.

"(2) The search team committed by the American Embassy, less was not specifically trained in search/recovery operations. The team MAGY had in standby status had been specifically trained to perform this function. The upshot was that a team

"(3) While the loyalty of the search team used in this operation is not being questioned, it seems unlikely that it could be as highly motivated as a team led by elite US personnel searching for a fellow countryman.

"(4) Finally, the American Embassy, Laos, took cognizance of the fact that the pilot might be hiding and refusing to expose himself until he saw an occidental face. On 1 October, COMUSMACV received a measage from the Embassy suggesting that a team led by US personnel be dispatched for a final secret. In light of the amount of time which had elapsed since eny signal had been received, plus the search activities which had been conducted in the area, COMUSMACV felt it was highly unlikely that the airman would still be in this vicinity and the team was not dispatched.

"e. It may never be known conclusively whether the state of the same same token it will never be known whether or not the NAC" "ecovery descent that the best resources available were how the same token it will never be known whether or not the NAC" "ecovery descents apparent that the best resources available were how the same set in this operation. This is difficult to countenance where the lives of American airman might be at stake.""

TAS) MACSOG Supplemental Data Sheet, Subj: Political Restrictions on Military Cross-Border Operations, dated 8 October 1966

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Appendix ?

1 0. (25) OPERATIONS, 1966 (TS) Upon activation in September 1966, the JPRC 2 1. inmediately commenced recovery operations. Generally speaking, 3 Þ these operations took one of two forms. One was the raid-type operation against known or suspected enemy prisoner of war (POW) 5 camps. The other type of operation conducted by the center 6 involved the search of an area where personnel who were evading, 7 R for who had escaped, were known or strongly suspected to be hiding.* 9 2. (TS) In October 1966, JCS stated a need for current and 10 timely EAE and PW information. CINCPAC, in turn, requested that 11 COMUSMACY prepare a weekly message BRIGHT LIGHT report to cover 12 activities to that date.** For the purposes of future analysis, a 13 chronology of recovery operations and other related incidents reιA ported by the JPRC during 1966 follows. The information provided 15 is taken directly from the weekly MACV BRIGHT LIGHT message reports 16 which were prepared by the JPRC. 17 a. Operations, 17 September-31 October 1966** 18 (1) First Recovery Operation 19 (a) On 24 September, SAR notified the JPRC that US planes 20 had heard and fixed a beeper at on the morning of 21 23 September. They advised that the area had been searched 22 with negative results and that they were suspending their 23 24 efforts. JPRC, after evaluation and collation of all available data on aircrew members down in the vicinity, determined 25 beeper transmission could have been F-105 pilot, USAF 26 reported downed 12 September, 27 ← 28 at a point approximately 45 nm north of reported beeper fix. TS) Appendix V to Annex M, "1966 MACV Command History," dated 7 May 1967 (78) COMUSMACV Msg. 011138Z Nov 1966

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(2) JPRC requested that a low-level visual recommissance	1
be flown the night of 24 September. The mission was flown	5
and a strobe observed for approximately four to five seconds.	3
(3) A BRIGHT LIGHT team was immediately alerted and	- 4
approval to launch the team requested from CINCPAC, AMEMB	5
Vientiane and AMEMS Bangkok, as it was planned that the	6
team would be launched from Nahkon Phanom. Approval was	7
- received from CINCPAC and AMEMB Bangkok, but AMEMB	8
Vientiane denied approval to launch team stating that they	9
had resources capable of performing operation.	10
(4) AMEMB Vientiane launched search team on 26 September.	11
Search continued until 3 October with negative results.	12
Operation terminated as of this date.	13
b. Second Recovery Operation	14 '
(1) On 29 September, an F-4C was reported downed at	15
One pilot was recovered by SAR and the other	16
pilot's parachute was in sight, but the pilot had not been	17
recovered. On 30 September, SAR notified the JPRC and	18
requested assistance.	19
(2) After securing necessary approval, a BRIGHT LIGHT	20
team was launched. The body of	21 🗲
was recovered at approximately 011635H October 1966.	22
The body was recovered at the which is in NVN rather	23 6
than at a reported, which is in Laos.	24 🗲
(3) Pilot's death apparently caused by fall of approxi-	25
mately 100 feet when he released himself from parachute	26
harness during the night of 29 September.	27
c. Operation CANASTA 572	28
(1) At 1201492 October 1966, a Navy A-1 call sign,	29
CANASTA 572 was downed in the vicinity of	30 ←
Voice contact was made with the pilot and his exact loca-	31
tion determined, but rescue efforts on 13 and 14 October	32
were not successful due to the fact that some enemy were	33 :
in the area, and to inability to get sling to pilot	34
through heavy foliage. JPRC was called for assistance	35
on 14 October.	36
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(2) A BRIGHT LIGHT team was readied and launched that
evening. It arrived on the carrier, INTREPID, at approximately midnight and was prepared to launch at first light,
15 October. Weather on 15 October was such that it was not
4 feasible to launch the operation.

6 (3) The team was helo-lifted to the area of the downed airman and landed at a point approximately 800 meters from 7 8 his last known location at 160930H Oct. Plan was to sweep 9 toward pilot in skirmish formation. At a point approximately 100 meters from target, team encountered a large trail under 10 11 jungle canopy. This trail was taken under surveillance. 12 After approximately 15 minutes, an NVN uniformed patrol, 13 obviously engaged in search, approached the team to within 10 meters and the team leader thought they had been detected. 24 The patrol was engaged and all four members were killed. 15 As 16 team was compromised, team leader requested exfiltration.

(5) Electronic and visual search of the area was con 21
 tinued for several days with negative results.
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d. Operation CRIMSON TIDE

24 (1) On 30 August 1966, a 17 year old VC rallied to 25 Chieu Hoi. Interrogation revealed that on 25 August 1966, 26 he had observed an American Negro prisoner being held by the VC. He gave a detailed description of the location of 27 28 the prison site. Aerial photography of the area was 29 requested and flown, but yielded nothing conclusive. The 30 rallier was reinterrogated on 28-29 September, and based on 31 information acquired in this interrogation, low-level 32 photography was requested. AF combat cameraman, using 33 hand-held camera from 0-1 aircraft, obtained excellent 34 photographs. On 9 October 1966, the photos were flown to

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Can The and shown to the rallier, who positively identified 1 the prison area. The rallier agreed to a polygraph test, 2 which was administered on 11 October. Results of the test 3 indicated rallier probably was telling the truth. Final 4 arrangements were made with the Senior Corps Advisor to 5 conduct a raid. 6

(2) On 18 October, a company-sized recovery force was 7
heliborne to the prison site. Contact with the VC was made, 8
but no US personnel were recovered. Interrogation of two 9
VC seized during the raid produced no information concerning 10
US prisoners. 11

(1) On 12 October, JPRC received a spot report to the 16 17 effect that a Vietnamese woman had escaped from a VC prison 18 camp at approximately 112300H October. She reported that this camp contained eight Americans and 22 ARVN prisoners. 19 On 13 October, JPRC received TALK QUICK request from G-2, 20 21 I FFORCEV, requesting authority to launch a recovery opera-22 tion utilizing a Special Porces B team and elements of the 23 1st Cavalry Division. Authority was granted and a member 24 of the JPRC was sent to Phu Cat to monitor the operation.

(2) Upon arriving at Phu Cat, JPRC representative found
that information which 1st Cavalry Division had concerning
camp was considerably different than that originally
received by JPRC. Deputy Division Commander also said that
JPRC-trained forces should be used for the operation rather
than 1st Cavalry forces.

(3) JPRC is of the opinion that information presently
 available is far too incomplete and contradictory to justify
 recovery operation. J-2 assistance in obtaining additional
 information was requested. Information obtained indicates

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that prisoners are not now at reported location, if indeed, they ever were. It seems highly doubtful that this operation will materialize.

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f. Operation SWAP

(1) On 13 October 1966, G-2 III MAP advised that a 5 Catholic priest near Hue had been contacted by the VC 6 regarding possibility of exchanging two American prisoners 7 held by them for a VC Captain and a VC Lieutenant. JPRC 8 contacted ANEMB Saigon, and it was decided that it would 9 be desirable to secure VC officers for the exchange from 10 prisoners recently captured by US forces and not yet turned 11 over to ARVN control. G-2 at I PFORCEV was contacted and 12 asked to screen prisoners from Operation IRVING for 13 possible VC officers who could be used in the exchange. 14 They indicated shortly thereafter that two such prosoners 15 had been located, and G-2 III MAP was instructed to proceed 16 with negotiations. 17

(2) When JPRC received details on prisoners selected by 18 I FFORCEV, they were found not to be suitable. After con-19 sulting the AMEMB Saigon and MACV PM, it was decided to 20 task J-2 with providing appropriate enemy prisoners. They 21 currently are trying to locate same. 22

(3) The priest has been contacted and indicates he has 23 24 been in contact with the VC, who have clarified their terms for the exchange. The priest says he would like to 25 have the negotiations bandled by the ICRC wa word of his 26 participation has leaked and he feels his life might be 27 in danger. AMEME Saigon was contacted and advised that 28 ICRC participation was not possible. This word has been 29 passed to the field. JPRC has advised intelligence 30 officers in the field to try to keep the negotiations open 31 until suitable prisoners for an exchange can be located. 35 The

has arranged a meeting with the priest for 31 October. Future of this operation is very much in doubt.

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g. Operation RIP TIDE

(1) On 16 September, a Vietnamese source reported that he knew the location of three American being held prisoner on a sampan just inside the Cambodian border. The squad leader who is in charge of the prison guard is the source's brother-in-law according to the source and is interested in defecting. Source stated he was willing to go back to prison boat and bring out further proof of the fact that Americans are being held there.

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10 (2) On 17 September, representative of JPRC met with 11 source, and gave source a letter to take to prisoners and 12 a small camera with which to take prisoners' pictures. 13 Source departed for prison boat that day. During period 14 following source's departure from Saigon, the area in which 15 the prison boat purportedly is located was heavily flooded 16 making travel in that region extremely difficult.

17 (3) Aerial photography of the area described by sourc-18 was requested and has been flown. A boat which answers 19 description provided by source has been located on photo-20 graphs approximately one kilometer inside the Cambodian 21 border.

22 (4) On 12 October, source alleges he received camera 23 containing pictures of prisoners as well as letters from 24 prisoners from his brother-in-law, the VC squad leader in 25 charge of the prison guard. Source further alleges that 26 as he was departing the area where these items were passed 27 to him, he was challenged by two VC who had followed him. 28 They threw a grenade in his boat, which sank along with 29 camera and letters, according to source. Source was 30 wounded in leg, but managed to escape and ultimately was 31 hospitalized at Can Tho.

(5) Source was contacted

shortly after being discharged from the hospital. He provided all information at his disposal

SECRET F-25 ne provided all information at his disposal

concerning prison camp, but stated he did not feel he should attempt contact with his brother-in-law again. He stated, however, that perhaps contact could be established with the VC squad leader through his, the sources, mother-in-law. He stated VC squad leader was still interested in defecting.

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(6) Another letter to the prisoners has been prepared. At the present time, an attempt is being made to place this letter in the hands of source's mother-in-law.

h. Operation FIRST LETTER

(1) On 26 October, JPRC was notified by CB III MAF that aerial photo taken on 25 October revealed an extended parachute with the notified nearby. Comparative photography taken 13 October, revealed no evidence of either parachute or letter. Position of sighting was approximately one kilometer north of the DMZ.

(2) A BRIGHT LIGHT team was alerted and SAR was asked
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to perform visual reconnaissance of the area. Two SAR A-1s,
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accompanied by one BRIGHT LIGHT team member, performed
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visual reconnaissance for two hours. Negative sightings
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were made, and the mission terminated when one of the aircraft received 15 hits from automatic weapons fire in the
search area.

(3) Further efforts have been suspended pending additional 23
 indications that airmen might be evading in the area. At 24
 present time, this is considered unlikely. 25
 i Operation SHAPS

1. Operation SHARK

(1) At approximately 1810H, 27 October, an F-105 went
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down in the controller
working in the area in conjunction with a SHINING BRASS
operation established voice contact with the downed airman.
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(2) A radio message was sent to Dak To requesting heli 31 copter be sent for a recovery operation. Two UH-1B gun 32 ships and one armed helicopter were dispatched.
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(3) The pilot was, located when he fired three pen gun 34
flares. Utilizing his landing 'ght, the unarmed UH-1B 35
picked the pilot up at approximately 1900¹ hours. 36

flares. Utilizing his landing 'ght, the unarmed UH-1B 35

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TOP SECRET (4) The helos returned and landed at Dak To. The 1 recovered pilot was then flown to Pleiku in an O-1E 2 3 aircraft. ħ (5) No contact with enemy forces was made during the 5 recovery operation. The operation was carried out in 6 coordination with the SAR mission commander in the Crown aircraft. 7 8 4. (78) Recovery Operations, 1-9 Nov 1966* a. Operation SWITCH-I. Further efforts have been suspended 9 pending receipt of additional information concerning possible 10 location of US prisoners. 11 b. Operation SWAP 12 (1) On 31 October 1966, the Catholic priest was inter-13 14 viewed. He was advised that his efforts were appreciated and he would be given names of VC prisoners as soon as they 15 could be obtained. The priest stated he will continue to 16 try and do his best to obtain the release of the Americans. 17 (2) It appears the channel for a possible exchange 18 remains open; however, it is doubtful that Province 19 Officials have authority to exchange prisoners. The J-2 20 is having difficulty locating suitable VC prisoners. 21 c. Operation RIP TIDE. A Vietnamese source departed 22 Saigon in an attempt to give another letter to the mother-in-23 24 law (ML) of the VC squad leader. Source reports ML is afraid to carry the letter to the wife of the VC, who lives in 25 26 Cambodia. Efforts now being made to have wife travel to SVN to obtain letter and give it to her husband, the VC squad 27 leader. It is not yet known if the wife will agree to give 28 29 her husband the letter. 30 d. Operation_FIRST_LETTER. No additional evidence has been received to indicate that airmen may be evading in the area. 31 This operation was terminated. 32 e. Operation CANASTA 572. Operation CANASTA was terminated. 33) CONUSMACY Msg, 1011522 Nov 66

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f. Fourth Recovery Operation. On 8 November, an observation ٦ 2 aircraft was downed by hostile fire in SVN. Observer was recovered by SAR. He reported PAC was dead. On 9 November, 3 7th Air Force requested an attempt be made to recover the body. 1ı On that date, body was recovered by a SHINING BRASS recovery 5 team. б g. Operation DOUBLE TALK. Interrogation of a rallier on 7 1 November indicated nothing of JPRC interest; however. 8 reinterrogation on 7 November indicated alleged current loca-9 tion of several US prisoners. Observation flight on 9 November ٦۵ did not confirm the suspected area. Attempt will again be made 21 on 10 November to locate the area. If this observation confirms 12 the rallier's data, JPRC will assume planning and coordination 13 action soonest. 14 5. () Recovery Operations, 10-13 Nov 1966* 15 a. Operation SNAP А 16 (1) On 10 November 1966, the Hue 17 submitted the names of two VC 13 prisoners as possible candidates for the prisoner exchange 19 being negotiated by the Catholic priest. 20 Review of background of these prisoners indicates they meet qualifications 21 as laid down by VC who have been in contact with priest. 22 (2) VC prisoners currently being held by 1st ARVN 23 Division who have agreed to hold them only until 17 November. 24 to contact Catholic (3) JPRC advised Hue 25 priest soonest and provide him names and background of VC 26 prisoners. 27 (4) Deputy Senior Advisor, I Corps was instructed to 28 contact 1st ARVN Division and attempt to make arrangements 29 for them to retain prisoners beyond 17 November date, if 30 exchange negotiations continue beyond that date. 31 b. Operation RIP TIDE. No new developments since last 32 report. 33 COMUSMACY Mar, 1509292 Nov 66

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Appendix F

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TOP SECRET 1 c. Operation DOUBLE TALK 2 (1) Rallier was reinterviewed on 12 November. A trained photo interpreter was on hand to assist in pinpointing loca-3 þ tion of POW camps from merial photos. Although results not 5 entirely conclusive, enough positive identification of land б marks obtained to look promising. 7 (2) On 14 November, a request was made to 7th Air Force 8 for both low-level aerial photography with a hand held 9 camera and medium-level strip photography of suspected POW 10 camp area. Both of these missions have been fragged and 11 will be flown as soon as weather permits. 12 (3) Arrangements have been made to have rallier undergo 13 polygraph examination. 14 d. Operation LATE NIGHT 15 (1) On 10 November, JPRC notified by 1st Ede 101st Abn 16 Div that three former VC prisoners had been recovered at 17 4 18 (2) Interrogation of one former detainee disclosed that 19 he had been held prisoner at a camp located two to six t 20 kilometers southwest of the point where he was taken into 21 custody by US troops. He stated that the camp contained 22 115 to 180 prisoners and was guarded by 10 to 30 VC. He 23 volunteered to lead US forces to the camp. 24 (3) 1st Bde requested permission to exploit this informa-25 tion and permission was granted verbally by TALK QUICK on 26 10 November and by message on 11 November. Additionally, 27 JPRC provided information on all holdings concerning prison 28 camps in that vicinity. 29 (4) In view of large number of prisoners allegedly being 30 held in this camp, it is thought highly unlikely that 31 American POWs being detained there. If evidence of US 32 prisoners develops, however, have requested that JPRC be 2 33 notified soonest in order that representative may be sent 34 to observe operation.

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(5) No further word received from 1st Bde since	1
() permission to exploit information granted.	2
6. (JB) Recovery Operations, 14-20 Nov 1966	3
a. Operation SWAP	4
(1) This operation received a major setback when the	5
two VC prisoners selected as candidates for the exchange,	• 6
escaped from 1st ARVN Division custody on the night of	7
- 13 November.	۰8
(2) Messages were immediately dispatched to the G-2's	9
' of I FFORCEV and the III MAF to be on the alert for VC	10
captives in their areas of operation who might be suitable	11
subjects for the proposed prisoner exchange. These VC	12
prisoners, when and if located and identified, are to	13
remain in US costody throughout the period of negotistions.	14
b. Operation RIP TIDE. No new developments since last	15
report. A status report from the person who acts as inter-	16
mediary between JPRC and the VC squad leader's wife is expected	17
Boon.	18
c. Operation DOUBLE TALK	19
(1) The rallier reporting the prison camp information	20
underwent a polygraph examination on 16 November. Poly-	21
graph results show no deception indicated.	22
(2) The aerial photography of the suspected prison camp	23
area which was requested on 14 November was not flown	24
during the reporting period due to persistent bad weather	25
in that area. The photo missions have been fragged, however,	26
and will be flown at the first opportunity.	27
d. Operation LATE NIGHT	28
(1) On 15 November, the 1st Bde, 101st Abn Division	29
informed the JPRC that their forces had overrun a sizeable	30
deserted VC prison camp in the vicinity of the second . The	31 🗲
prison camp had been very hastily abandoned as evidenced by	32
the fact that weapons, foodstuffs and medical supplies were	33
	34
loft behind by the fleeing VC.	
loft behind by the fleeing VC. * Message, COMUSMACV to CINCPAC, COMUSMACV 2302012 Nov 66 (TS)	

(2) Although this prison camp is located in the same general vicinity as the camp reported by the recently liberated VG detainee, it is not at the precise location he provided and there is some doubt as to whether this is the camp he described.

(3) A message has been dispatched to CO of the lat Ede, lolat Abn Division requesting that they advise JPRC if they feel this is camp described by former VC detainee, or if they intend to continue their efforts to locate this camp.

e. Operation COMMANDO 01

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(1) On 16 November, an AF AIG of the 14th ACW, call sign COMMANDO 01, went down at the single state of the

(2) SAR efforts were initiated immediately, and the pilot and co-pilot were recovered. The crew chief, who was the first man to leave the disabled aircraft, was not found. The pilot stated that he had definitely seen the crew chief with a good chute.

(3) JPRC was notified of above developments by JSARC. Since crash/bailout area was very close to a

appraised of the situation, and 24 Asked to provide search recovery forces if deemed feasible. 25 26 27 28 29

(4) At 161710H Nov, and the considered a search feasible and 31
JPRC and advised that they considered a search feasible and 31
were pre-positioning forces for infiltration into the area 32
on 17 November. 33

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Appendix F

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TOP_SECRET (5) At sunset on 16 November, an Air American Dornier 1 made a loudspeaker flight over the area advising the downed 2 sirmen to build a fire for recognition purposes as a night 3 low-level recce would be flown that evening and that Ъ indigenous recovery forces would be searching the area 5 6 beginning the following day. An A-26 aircraft performed the low-level recoe at 162010H with negative results. 7 A (6) On 17 November, a recovery team of 40 personnel was 9 infiltrated into the area utilizing HH-3C helicopters of 10 the 20th ACS and search operations began. (7) On 18 November, the search force was augmented to a 11 12 total strength of 150 personnel. Search operations continued throughout the remainder of the reporting period with 13 14 negative results. 7. (mg) Recovery Operations, 21-27 Nov 1966* 15 a. Operation SWAP. No new developments since last report. 16 17 b. Operation RIP TIDE. No change 18 c. Operation DOUBLE TALK. Bad weather continues to hamper 19 picture taking efforts. A photographer is standing by and 20 pictures will be taken first opportunity 21 d. Operation LATE NIGHT 22 (1) On 16 November, the 1st Bde, 101st Abn Division 23 6 discovered an abandoned POW camp at There were 24 two sick people left at the site. They indicated that 25 other prisoners had been evacuated west on 15 November. 26 (2) This terminates Operation LATE NIGHT. 27 e. Operation COMMANDO 01 (1) Operation was terminated 241800H_Nov. 28 29 (2) The main body of troops which searched area where 30 C parachute was believed to have fallen found no sign of or his parachute. Villages in the area were $31 \leftarrow$ abandoned. The villagers found claimed to have no knowledge 32 33 🔶 \fate. TET COMUSMACY MSE, 290830Z Nov 66 BECRET F-32 Appendix P (18) COMUSMACY Mag. 2408307 Nov 66

TOP SECRET was either killed or ---) נ (3) It is felt that captured within 24 hours after bailout. The early dis-2 3 4 chute indicates enemy presence. appearance of is balieved to have fallen is The area where heavy jungle where retrieving a chute would require an 5 effort beyond the capability of one man. (4) During the eight-day period, 161105H Nov to 241800H Nov, a total of R 9 10 flown. $\mathbf{n} \leftarrow$ 12 (5) Refugees, ralliers, prisoners and visitors from 13 the Ban Phone area will be monitored in an attempt to 14 ← gain information on 15 8. (pg) Recovery Operations, 28 Nov-4 Dec 1966 a. Operation SWAP. No change. 16 b. Operation RIP TIDE. No change. 17 18 c. Operation DOUBLE TALK. Poor weather continues to 29 hamper photo efforts. 20 d. Operation LIGHTNING. On 3 December, 25th Inf Div 21 requested authority to conduct a search and destroy mission 22 on a VC element which may have one captured US soldier. . 23 🔔 Authority was granted.

e. Operation SCRAMBLE

(1) A Delta Team, recon unit of 5th SF Gp, of two US and four indigenous, -24--

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During an 27 4 attempted helo exfiltration, one nelo with five crewmembers 28 was shot down. Last contact with team was 021040H Dec. 29 (2) Concurrence to launch a personnel recovery operation 30 was received from CINCPAC, 31

Bad weather prevented visual recce of recovery

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UTS) COMUSMACV Msg, 070034Z Dec 66

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(3) A recovery team is on alert and will be launched,	1
if feasible, when weather permits.	2
f. Operation ROWBOAT	3
(1) On 3 December, two strobe light sightings were	4
observed at and and Visual daylight recce	5 6
on 4 December produced negative results.	6
(2) In anticipation of deploying a recovery team in a	7
rescue effort, permission was obtained to move the team to	8
Nahkon Phanom and deploy through Lima Site 36 after addi-	9
tional information is learned. No contact was established	10
on 4 December.	11
g. Operation ALPHA OMEGA. A spot report was received which	12
initially appeared to have some validity concerning location	13
of a captured US soldier being detained by the VC. After a	14
complete debriefing of the source on 4 December, it was deter-	15
mined he had only observed the American when the VC were	16
passing through the source's village. Source was unable to	17
furnish additional information concerning the prisoner's	אנ
current location.	19
9. (TS Recovery Operations, 5-11 Dec 1966*	20
a. Operation SWAP. No Change.	21
b. Operation RIP TIDE. No change.	22
c. Operation DOUBLE TALK. Photography was obtained	_23
11 December. Currently being read out.	24
d. Operation LIGHTNING. 25th Inf Div launched an air-	25
mobile attack in the vicinity where an alleged US prisoner	26
was being detained. There was no evidence to indicate any	27
prisoners had been in the area although limited contact was	28
made with the enemy. Operation has terminated.	29
e. Operation SCRAMBLE	30
(1) On 5 December, two indigenous Delta Team members	31
were observed on the ground and picked up by helo. They	32
reported having last seen the two US, vicinity	33 🗲
on 2 December. Also, that one indigenous was XIA and	34
other believed captured.	35
• (TS) COLUSTACY Mag. 1402002 Dec 66	- •

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(2) On 9 December, a recovery team infiltrated into area	נ
by helo with additional forces on 10 December. They found	2
the remains of five persons who were downed in the helo	3
which was attempting to exfiltrate the Delta Team, 2 Dec.	4
The bodies had been burned, mutilated and heavily booby	5
trapped.	6
(3) On 10 and 11 December, the recovery forces were	7
exfiltrated by helo.	8
f. Operation ROWBOAT. Personnel recovery team was deployed	9
to Nahkon Phanom on 5 December. After negative strobe and day-	- 10
light visual checks, operation was terminated on 6 December.	11
Personnel recovery team returned to Kontum on 8 December.	12
Operation terminated.	13
10. (rs) <u>Recovery Operations, 12-18 Dec 1966</u> *	14
s. Operation SWAP. No change.	15
b. Operation RIP TIDE	16
(1) It has been learned that the ML was afraid to cross	17
the border after observing the activity in that area. A	18
different approach is now being made.	19
(2) the contact who was injured in previous attemp	t 20
to return the camera and letter, will be offered a large	21
financial reward to assist in possibly securing the release	22
of the US personnel.	23
c. Operation DOUBLE TALK. The photography made on 11 Decemb	er 24
was of no value in pin-pointing the suspected US prisoner loca-	25
tion. III MAP has been tasked to conduct ground recce to con-	26
firm or deny the suspected US prisoner location.	27
d. Operation SCRAMBLE. On 14 December, an ARC LIGHT strike	28
was made on the downed helo. Subsequently, a Hornet Force,	29
approximately 35 personnel, infiltrated into the area by helo.	⁻ 30
Two complete bodies and partial remains of an unknown number	31
of others were recovered. All remains were exfiltrated by the	32
Hornet Force on 14 December. Operation terminated.	33
T (195) CONUSMACV Mag, 2007152 Dec 66 -	
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(15) COMUSMACV Men 2007157 Dan 44	-

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e. Operation RAGGED DAGGER	2	L
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11. (TS) Recovery Operations, 19-25 Dec 1966*	÷ -	
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a. <u>Operation SWAP</u> . No change.	10	
b. Operation RIP TIDE. No change.	ц	
c. Operation DOUBLE TALK. III MAP has tasked the 3d Marine	32	
Division to conduct the ground recce to confirm or deny the	13	,
suspected US prisoner location vicinity	_	←-
jected launch date is 26 Dec 66. Estimated duration of operatio	_	
is three to five days.	16	•
d. Operation COBRA TAIL	17	
(1) On 23 December, source was debriefed in detail	18	
utilizing oblique photos. Several discrepancies were	19	
eliminated from info contained in initial debriefing. These	20	
were probably due to the language barrier difficulties.	21	
(2) On 25 December, AMEMB, Saigon concurred in a personnel	22	
recovery operation .	23	
(3) On 25 December, source was debriefed using vertical	24	
photography flown on 24 December. This debriefing revealed	25	
the following significant factors:	26	
(a) The camp location was re-established and is now	27	
thought to be at a point 30 meters inside Cambodian	28	
border .	29	£
(b) rrison camp defenses were obtained in detail.	30	
(c) A VC force of, from 200-300 is located approxi-	31	
mately three kilometers North of the camp.	32	
(d) Source sketched the layout of the camp and	33	
approaches to it.	34	
· (TS) CONUSHACV Msg, 2707112 Dec 66		
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(4) Source will be returned to his home on 27 December, 1 2 which was date initially agreed upon with source. Provisions for re-contact have been made should this become 3 4 necessary. 5 (5) Upon receipt of proper authority, all available 6 data on the prison camp will be passed to the appropriate Army commander along with the recommendation that a raid 7 8 on the prison camp be undertaken. 9 12. (7g) Recovery Operations, 26 Dec 1966 - 1 Jan 1967* a. Operation SWAP. Instructions have been prepared for 10 dispatch to the Catholic priest at Hue. He is being requested 11 12 to re-contact the VC and determine if captured VC from regions other than I CTZ would be acceptable in the prisoner exchange. 13 Captured VC of the desired rank have not become available in 14 15 I CTZ. 16 b. Operation RIP TIDE. No change. 17 c. Operation DOUBLE TALK. A representative from JPRC was 18 sent to Danang on 26 December to monitor the ground recce to be conducted by III MAF. Adverse weather prevented conduct of 29 20 the operation the entire week, and the JPRC representative 21 returned to Saigon on 31 December. The 3d Marine Division is 22 holding the recce force in ready status and will launch the 23 operation as soon as weather permits. 24 d. Operation COBRA TAIL. Operation was conducted on 25 30 December with negative prisoner personnel recovered. 26 Detailed final report on operation forwarded earlier in COMUSMACV Msg 301150Z Dec 66 (TSF. Operation' has terminated. 27 28 e. Operation HOT SNAP. On 28-29-30 December 1966, reports 29 were received from three separate sources concerning six US POW's being held by an NVA Bn in the 1st Air Cavalry Division 30 area of operations. These prisoners believed to have been 31 taken when 1st Cav Artillery emplacement overrun on 27 December. 32 COMUSMACV Msg, 0309202 Jan 67

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Appendix P

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1 On 31 December 1st Cav requested JPRC permission to conduct 2 personnel recovery operation based on above information. Permission was granted and a representative of JPRC was dis-3 £ patched to monitor operation on same date. Operation con-5 ducted on 2 January 1967 with negative personnel recovered. 6 Details of operation not available present time. Will be 7 included in next week's report. 3 f. Operation GREEN PATCH. On 31 December JPRC received 9 msg from 67 Recon Tech Sq, Yakota, Japan, stating that readout of photography from TROJAN HORSE mission flown on 25 December 20 31 🗲 revealed possible 12 very near designated pick-up point in Recce 13 pilots reported that code letter appeared to be natural phenomenon consisting of a ditch and stones. Photo recce has 그부 25 been ordered and will be carfully studied to determine whether 15 letter is natural or man-made.'

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Appendix P

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H. (TS) JPRC EVALUATION, 1966

1. (TS)During the period 1-13 November 1966, and

a member of the Special Operations Division, Special Assistant for Counteringurgency and Special Activities, Joint Chiefs of Staff, made an inspection trip to Vietnam. One of the purposes of the inspection was to assess the operational status of the JPRC. Following the trip, in a Memorandum for the Record, he made the following observations concerning the status of the JPRC:

a. The JFRC was operating as a major component of MACSOG, and reporting to COMUSMACV through MACSOG. The Center was located in MACSOG Headquarters in Saigon, and the organizational location of the Center seemed to be both logical and efficient since much was derived from MACSOG resources, and the bulk of the operational forces which were being used to assist in personnel recovery were assigned to MACSOG.

b. The Center was serving as the primary focal point for

In turn, MACSOG

recommended action by exant MACSOG resources to COMUSMACY. No target had been found against which resources outside of MACSOG were required. If such a target developed in the future, COMUSMACV could directly assess deployed US units with the mission, under such command and control arrangements as were deemed appropriate.

c. It is imperative that reaction time be held to the absolute minimum if successful recovery operations involving escape or evading personnel are to be conducted. When

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recovery operations are more extensions of SAR efforts, it 1 2 would appear the the JPRC (COMUSMACV) should have the authority 3 to conduct recovery operations without prior approval from the 4 various Embassies. The regional approach, involving timely 5 coordination, is not acceptable for operations designed to <u>6</u> recover the evadee or escapse. 2 1 8 <u>9</u> <u>10</u> 11 12 13 14 <u>15</u> 16 . <u>17</u> 18 19 20 <u>21</u> 22 <u>23</u> 24 25 26 . 27 (T8) Colonel W. A. McClean, USA, SACSA Memorandum for the. Record dated 18 Nov 1966. <u>28</u> <u>29</u> 30 <u>31</u> TOP SECRET F-40 Appendix F

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	PART IV. JPRC HISTO	DRY - 1967		
A. (TS) JPRC OR	GANIZATION			
At th	he end of 1967, ther	e were five o	officers and five	
enlisted men as:	signed the JPRC. Th	e addition of	two officers and	1
two enlisted men	n during 1967 reflec	ted the incre	ased data	
collection and c	operational workload	placed on th	e Center. The	
JTD, at that tip	ne, was as follows:	•	•	
TITLE	SERVICE	0	RADE	
Chief Opns & F	AF Plans A		06 04	
Opps & P			04 04	
	A	•	04 . E8	
Opns Sgt Intel An Cpief Cl	alyst · A		E6 E5	
_ /	AND_ESCAPE_PROGRAM		•	-1 :
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* Appendix V to ** (8) QOMUSMACU ** (8) JPRC ltr subj: Surviv	D Annex G, USMACV Co V Msg, 110247Z Jan 1 of 20 January 1967 val Kits.	mmand History 1967 to CO, 1st P), 1967. It Det, Nha Trang	;
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TOP SECRET 2. (AS Survival School Training. Representatives of the 7th 1 Mair Force, Directorate of Operations Services (DOOS) coordinated 2 with the JFRC, in 1967, on a study then being conducted to 3 ą, update training material on E&E procedures at USAF survival schools. 5 As a result of this coordination, the JPRC provided . DOOS, with material on JPRC doctrine and techniques to be used to б 1 7 update instruction at survival schools." 3. JAS 8 9 1 10 11 12 Þэ 14 15 **h6** þ7 18 19 20 21 22 <u>k</u>3 24 25 began t 26 4. KTS) Þ7 89 29 kO) COMUSMACV Msg, 2310102 MacV 1967 Command History.) COMUSMACV Msg, 2310102 May 1967.) Appendix V to Annex G, COMUSMACV 1967 Command History. *** (1OP SECRET F-42 Appendix F LUP SECHET F-42 .

Annendty 2

TOP SECRET 1 2 3 Ļ, Aircrew Briefings. As a continuing policy in 1967, 5 5. (প্লৰ্হ্য JPRC representatives presented 26 briefings on the JPRC mission, 6 organization and personnel recovery capabilities to aircrews and 7 EME personnel attached to the 7th Air Force, 7th Fleet, and Army 8 aviation groups operating in SEASIA.* 9 6. (15) 10 Ĵ. 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 C. (JS) REWARD PROGRAM 21

22 (TS) Acting on a proposal submitted ty the JPRC, CINCPAC in 23 April 1967 recommended that the Joint Chiefs of Staff approve a Reward Money Program for the recovery and return of missing US 24 personnel in Laos and NVN. It was envisioned that the Reward 25 26 Money Program would supplement the current Blood Chit Program then in effect in SEASIA. (The Blood Chit is a small cloth chart 27 depicting an American flag and a statement printed in several. 28 languages to the effect that anyone assisting the bearer to safety 59 will be rewarded.) 30

(DS) Appendix V to Annex G, COMUSMACV 1967_Command History. TS) COMUSMACV Fsg, 2110502 Feb 1967.

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SECRET 2. (78) Essentially, the Reward Program offered immediate 1 2 monetary rewards to any person in Laos or NVN who, in any way, helped US sirmen or other missing personnel. This help would 3 range from actually returning US airmen to friendly control, to h providing information or other evidence which would reveal the 5 6 status or disposition of US missing persons. The amount of money to be offered would be determined by the JPRC after 7 8 reviewing the facts concerning each recovery but would be limited to a maximum of \$2,000 to be paid to Laotians and a maximum of 9 \$5,000 to be paid to Vietnamese. Proposed reward scales for Laos/ 10 NVN were: 11 12 A. \$2,000/5.000 for returning a US missing person.to friendly 13 control. 14 b. \$250/\$500 for providing information leading to the recovery 15 of missing US personnel by friendly forces. 16 c. \$200/\$400 for returning a deceased US missing person to 17 friendly control. 18 d. \$160/\$250 for providing information which would lead to 19 the recovery of a deceased US missing person. 20 e. \$100/150 for providing information, or returning 21 equipment, which revealed the disposition or status of missing 22 US personnel. 23 3. JTS) As envisioned by CINCPAC, the program would be widely publicized by the use of leaflets and radio broadcasts from the 24 25 Voice of Freedom and the Voice of America. The psychological 26 objectives of this program were to induce the inhabitants in various areas of Laos and NVN to support the program by helping downed airmen 27 28 and missing persons to return to friendly control, and to furnish 29 information and to return equipment or other evidence revealing 30 the status of US missing persons and which led to their recovery 31 by friendly forces.*

CINCPAC Msg, 2523302 Apr 1967.

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	4. (TS) The Joint Chiefs of Staff, upon approving the program	l
	in June 1967; further approved a recommendation that it	2
(include Cambodia as well as Laos and NVN.*	Э
	5. (TS) MACY-PD and JUSPAA developed leaflets to disseminate	4
	information on the reward program, and in July and August	5
	36 million of these leaflets were dropped from aircraft in NVN	6
•	and 3.5 million were dropped in Laos. In October, an additional	7
	- two million revised leaflets were dropped in NVN.** In .	8
	December, the Royal Lactian Government denied the Untied States	9
i.	permission to use a Laotian language reward leaflet. The reason	10
	given for the denial was that such a leaflet would acknowledge	11
	US presence in Laos which might be exploited by the opposition and	12
	produce "psychological shock" among Lao troops who would compare	13
	rewards for Americans with efforts expended for their own recovery.*	1 <u>4</u> 4
	At the end of 1967, two other leaflet programs were under develop-	15
	ment; one for the Vietnamese-Cambodian border, and one for selected	16
	areas in SVN. Tab 3 is an English Version of leaflet prepared	17
. ~	for SVN.	18
,	6. (TS) Rewards were paid to the following individuals in	19
	1967 in accordance with the provisions of the Reward Program:	20
•	a. Two Montagnard villagers near Pleiku for assisting	21
	in returning to US control	22 ←
	after he survived the crash of an OH-23 helicopter on 8 September	, 23
	b. A Chieu Hoi, the second a former VC interrogator,	24
	was rewarded for identifying	25
	as	26 🗲
	prisoners of the VC.	27
	c. A reward was paid to four Vietnamese fishermen who	28
	recovered and returned to US control the body of a member of	29
	the 199th Light Infantry Brigade who had drowned during a combat	30
	operation.	31
	(S) Jes Msp, 0215522 Jun 1967. (TS) Appendix V to Annex G, 1967 COMUSMACV Command History. (S) COMUSMACV Msg, 1213002 Dec 1967.	
	TOP SECRET F-45 - Appendix F	

TOP SECRE 1 d. In December, Montagnards near Pleiku were rewarded for 2 returning the body of a 4th Infantry Division soldier who З had been killed in action." b D. (18) FULTON RECOVERY SYSTEM ES) In February 1957, the JPRC conducted exercises employing S 1. 6 the Fulton Recovery System (SKYHOOK) in order to determine if this retrieval system would give the Center a capability of recovering 7 8 personnel in denied areas in which recoveries had not previously 9 been attempted. 10 2. (TS) Encouraged by the demonstrated capabilities of the 11 System, the Center initiated a briefing program on the use of 12 the SKYHOOK to aircrews in SEASIA. At the same time, Fulton 13 Recovery Kits were prepositioned for subsequent delivery by high 34 performance aircraft to downed aircrews.** 15 3. (95) In an attempt to recover two crowmen who were shot down 30 miles southwest of Hanoi, NVN, a Fulton Recovery Rit 16 17 was dropped to these pilots on 21 May 1967 during recovery opera-18 - tion GAMBLER. Although the kit landed with 100 yards of " me of the pilots, it was recovered by North Vietnamese, and 19 20 the Fulton Recovery operation was aborted. 21 4. (TS) As a consequence of Operation GAMBLER and other 22 operations, the following appraisal was made of the SKYHOOK 23 recovery concept: 24 "The Fulton Recovery System has proven to be of doubtful use in the recovery of aircrews downed in hostile environments. If SAR forces are unable to recover downed airmen due to the presence of hostile troops, automatic weapons,

antiaircraft artillery, etc., it is extremely unlikely that the use of the Fulton System will succeed where they have failed. The drop of a Fulton kit to a downed aircrew may give away their position, and the amount of time required to retrieve and activate the kit gives hostile forces ample time to locate and capture the aircrew, or prepare an ambush for the aircraft making the pick-up."***

(AS) Appendix V to Annex G, 1967 COMUSMACV Command History. (8) MACV Msg, 1410262 Har 1967. (DS) Appendix V to Annex G, 1967 COMUSMACV Command History.

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	E. (RECOVERY PROCEDURES IN LAOS	נ
$\dot{}$	1. Is A Joint Memorandum of Agreement (see Tab 4) was	2
(initiated by the American Embassy, Vientiane and concurred in	Е
-	by the JPRC and the 7th Air Force in August 1967. The Agreement	4
	ast forth procedures to be followed and tasks to be accomplished	5
	relative to the post-SAR recovery procedures for sirmen	6
	downed in Lags." · / ·	7
-	2. (25) Procedures and tasks that were set forth in the	8
	Agréement are summarized below:	و`
3	a. Procedures	10
	(1) In normal circumstances, SAR missions in Laca	11
	are accomplished by the air rescue resources of the 7th	12
	and 13th Air Porces based in Thailand and deployed in	13
	forward areas of Laos.	14
	(2) Occasionally, when special circumstances warrant,	15
	rescue is effected under	16
	with air support assets either from Thailand	17
	or from Laos.	18
	(3) It is only when the above resources are unable to	19
	accomplish a rescue that the JPRC is brought into action.	20
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	(2) COMUSMACV MSg, 1422062 Aug 1967.	-

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OPERATIONS. 1 1967 TS) Recovery operations engaged in by the JPRC during 1967 2 were predominantly the prisoner of war (POW) type within SVN. Of 3 ł the 19 of this type in 1967, 12 POW recovery operations did not progress beyond the planning stages due to insufficient intelligence - 5 or information on POW camps that proved to be false upon detailed 6 1 7 analysis.

2. (T8) In the 1967 Command History, COMUSMACV outlined the problem areas involved in POW recovery operations as follows:

"a. To date, the greatest problem has been in obtaining sufficient accurate data with which to plan and initiate PW recovery operations. This problem is a result of the following factors:

"(1) VC security of PW camps is excellent; they are usually located in inaccessible areas which are under VC control.

"(2) U.S. PWs are segregated from other PWs and are usually kept in small groups of no more than five men.

"(3) U.S. PWs are frequently moved, apparently as a matter of routine.

"(4) Indications are that a number of U.S. PWs have been taken to Cambodia where information collections is difficult.

"b. In an attempt to solve these problems, JPRC has taken the following steps:

"(1) Contact has been made with the Provincial Reconnaissance Unit (PRU), Saigon. The PRU employ small indigenous reconnaissance teams under U.S. leadership that have the capability to operate in VC controlled areas, not normally accessible to U.S. personnel or indigenous sources employed by the U.S. intelligence community. At the end of 1967 the PRU were involved in two potential recovery operations. - .

"(2) JPRC has			
R(2)			
"(3)	•	· ·	
arrived intelligence	Dersonnel	In addition,	

arrived intelligence personnel now receive a JPRC briefing at an orientation course sponsorea by the 525th MI Group."

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3. (RS) Following is a chronology of recovery operations	l	
'conducted and other related activities during 1967. The informa-	2	
tion is taken directly from the weekly MACV BRIGHT LIGHT reports	3	
which were prepared by the JPRC. In certain instances,	ኳ	
operations which were initiated in 1966 are continued in this	5	
chronology.	ę	
a. Operations, 2-8 Jan 67.	7	
(1) Operation SWAP. No change.	8	
(2) Operation RIP TIDE	9	
(a) On 6 Jan, Stand Wife of the Vietnamese	10 6	-
who was injured while previously attempting to confirm	11	
the US PWs presence traveled to Saigon. She advised	12	
that the guard on the prison boat, had stolen	13 6	•
several weapons and when this was discovered, he fled	14	
to another area in Cambodia. Thas kept in contact	15 ←	
with the camp situation. through cutouts and has learned	16	
his successor, who is a good friend, would like to	17 4	
rally to SVN. The is willing , within reason, to aid in	18 🗲	
resucing the US personnel. believes will	19 6-	•
cooperate.	20	
(b) The previous letter has been rendered unusable	21	
by continuous handling. A new letter was given to	22 🗲	•
who will give the letter to her husband who will	23	
give it to She departed Saigon on 7 Jan	24 4	•
(3) Operation DOUBLE TALK. No change. Weather con-	25	
tinues to hold up ground recce of suspected FW camp.	26	
(4) Operation GREEN PATCH. Low level recce was flown	27	
and pilots reported that what appeared as a code letter in	28	
aerial photos looked like a natural formation consisting	29	
of a ditch and rocks. Additional photography has been	30	
requested, but has not been flown due to adverse weather	31	
conditions.	32	
TTS) COMUSMACV Msg, 136/1102472 Jan 67		
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•	(5) Operation HOT SNAP. On 2 Jan, 1st Air Cav Div	1
' ?	launched a prisoner recovery operation vicinity	2 4
	Light VC contact was made, but no evidence was found which	3
	would suggest the presence of US PWs either then or in the	ካ
	recent past. Revised figure of US personnel captured on	5
	27 Dec is one. The other five persons previously reported	6
	missing have been accounted for. A JPRC representative	7
•	was on hand to monitor the entire operation which has	. 8
	terminated.	9
	b. <u>Recovery Operations, 9-15 Jan 1967</u>	10
	(1) Operation SWAP. No change.	11
	(2) Operation RIP TIDE. No change.	12
	(3) Operation DOUBLE TALK. At 131025H Jan 67, patrol 3A1	13
	was inserted in vicinity of coordinates and estab-	14 4
	lished a radio relay station. At 1317008 patrol 3F was	15
	inserted in vicinity of coordinates and moved to	16 6
	vicinity where they established a night position.	17 4
	At 140930H, patrol 3F commenced moving east from night	18
	position and established an operation vicinity	19 4,
	At 141220K, patrol 3F sighted four prisoners with full packs	20
	and one guard moving south. They returned heading north at	21
	141250H with empty packs. No Americans have been sighted.	22 '
	Surveillance and reconnaissance will continue.	23
	(4) Operation GREEN PATCH. Adverse weather conditions	2,4
	continue to hamper photo mission. Photos will be taken	25
	as soon as weather improves.	26
	c. <u>Recovery Operations, 16-22 Jan 1967</u> **	27
	(1) Operation SWAP. No change.	28 -
	(2) Operation RIP TIDE. No change.	29
	(3) Operation DOUBLE TALK. Marine patrol 3F was led to	30
	the POW camp by the source, on 16 Jan. The camp	31 2-
	consisted of three huts, one on west side	32 ←
	TS) COMUSMACV Msg, 238/1707402 Jan 67 PS) COMUSMACV Msg, 335/2407202 Jan 67	·
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of trail and two on east as previously described by Lap. The huts were partially destroyed and the cap had not been positively identified used for at least one month. the camp. The patrol became engaged in firefight while trying to take pictures of the camp and were forced to leave the area. Patrol was extracted by hoist through heavy canopy of virgin forest vicinity at 161515H Jan 67. Helos and men under sparadic small arms fire during extraction. Patrol killed two VC during the operation and captured one rifle. The patrol suffered no casualties. Communts of team indicate performed in excellent manner. He has been paid a total of VN \$15,000 and has been returned to a Chieu Hoi Center. This operation is terminated.

(5) Operation MONGRAL AIR. On 20 Jan, JPRC received notification from 13th Recce Tech that has been readout on photography flown 19 July. Location 13 Immediate visual recce was ordered and flown on 20 Jan. Recce pilots report letter seems to be formed of foliage which is either growing or very recently cut. Pilots also report letter appears to be man-made. A survival kit containing food, water, a radio and flares was prepared by 7th AF and flown to Udorn on 20 Jan. On 21 Jan, JPRC notified that JLG had reported that letter was there when their forces were pushed out of the area, some time ago. Additionally, debrief of pilots who flew visual recce revealed that letter constructed of growing elephant grass. Operation terminated on receipt of this information and interested agencies notified.

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1 d. Recovery Operations, 23-29 Jan 1967 2 (1) Operation SWAP. No change. 3 (2) Operation RIP TIDE. No change. 4 6-(3) Operation CANOPY SHADER. Was sighted from a photo readout by the 432 RTS, Udorn, 25 Jan, vic 5 6 ← NVN. 7th AF SOG was tasked 26 Jan for visual recce and additional photo recce of sightings. A SHINING 7 8 BRASS team was alerted 26 Jan for possible infiltration into area of sighting. Necessary coordination made with ANENE, 9 Saigon, Vientiane, Bangkok to preposition team at Mahkon 10 11 Phanom and stage through LIMA SITE 36. Negative results from photo and visual recce. Mission was refraged 28 Jan 75 13 and readout of photos indicated object sighted was natural 14 growth. Operation terminated 28 Jan. 15 ← (4) Operation TEAMSTER. sighted 16 🗲 270618Z Fire sighted in vic 17 code letter. FL, Udorn, Thai, alerted. JLG indicated they 18 had assets in close proximity of sighting that could be used 19 1f photo/visual recce positive. Photo recce flown on 28 Jan 1 20 produced negative results. Aircrews flying Neil aircraft 21 made visual reces into target area on 28 Jan. They received 22 ground fire and reported no sighting of code letter. Code 23 letter apparently removed and enemy in area. Speculate trat 24 evadees captured. Operation terminated 29 Jan 67. e. Recovery Operations, 30 Jan-5 Peb 1967** 25 26 (1) Operation SWAP. This operation remains at a stand-27 still due to lack of suitable VC prisoners for possible 28 exchange. The Senior Advisor to the lat ARVN Infantry 29 Division is of the opinion that this unit is perhaps not 30 cooperating fully in the attempt to secure the VC prisoners. 31 He reasons that this attitude may stem from the fact that 32 certain 1st ARVN Division Officers may be resentful of the :

TS) CONUSHACY Hsg, 476/3107312 Jan 67 25) COMUSHACV Hsg, 587/0710392 Feb 67

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1 fact that their counsel and aid were not solicited at the 2 outset of this operation and that, in fact, all planning 3 was taking place without their knowledge. He is of the 4 further opinion, however, that disclosure of sufficient 5 information to secure ARVN support would very probably result in a compromise of the Catholic priest acting as 7 the go-between in these negotiations and place his life 8 in jeopardy. In light of this, the Senior Advisor ' Q recommends that disclosure of information concernin- the 10 operation be withheld from 1st ARVN Division officials 11 until such time as suitable VC prisoners become available. 12 JPRC concurs in this recommendation. In view of the 13 virtual impasse outlined above and the length of time which 14 has elapsed since this operation began, JPRC sees little 25 chance for success of this operation.

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(2) Operation RIP TIDE. No word has been received from
Ngia, the original source of the information concerning
this POW camp, or his wife, who departed Saigon on 7 Jan
with the letter to the US FOWs. There is no further progress
to report on this operation.

21 (3) Operation SYCAMORE. Two separate intelligence reports 22 dated 7 Jan 67 and 19 Jan 67 indicated the presence of a POW 23 🗲 camp in the vicinity of Either two or three OS 24 POWs are allegedly being held in this camp. Aerial photog-25 raphy was flown on 29 Jan, but was not useful due to cloud 26 cover of target area. The mission was reflown on 2 Feb. 27 Photo interpreter readout of this photography reveals a 28 strong possibility of the fact that a camp of some sort had 29 indeed existed at this locale, but that it has recently been 30 abandoned. On 5 Feb, an intelligence report dated 2 Feb was 31 🗲 received which indicated that the camp at had been 32 6 moved to on 28 Jan. Aerial photography of this new 33 location is on order. If the photography reveals a possible 34 prison camp at the reported location, one of two courses of

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action will be taken: (a) If the photography readout reveals 1 a strong probability that a camp exists at this location, a 2 recommendation to launch an operation will be submitted; 3 (b) if the photography is inconclusive, an attempt will be 4 made to infiltrate an agent into the area to obtain more 5 definite information. Both sites mentioned are very near the 6 Cambodian border. 7

1. Recovery Operations, 6-12 Feb 1967*

(1) Operation SWAP No change.

(2) <u>Operation RIP TIDE</u>. the original source is 10 having trouble with his leg and requested permission to turn 11 the letter over to a friend, **Sector 10** delivery to the US POWs. Permission Was granted. 13

(3) Operation SYCAMORE. Additional aerial photography
has been requested. Photography mentioned in last report
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was flown and readout reveals very promising area at extreme
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edge of strip covered which is several hundred meters west
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of location provided by source. Location of what appears to
18
be POW camp is for the several for the several proximately 150 meters
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into RVN from cambodian border.

(4) Operation TOMAHAWK

(a) An O-1 was downed O61200H Peb vicinity. Covering aircraft had good voice contact with downed airman; however, voice contact was terminated when airman advised he had to evade hostiles. Later voice contact was reestablished and SAR helo effected pick-up of downed airman and was immediately taken under intense ground fire. It exploded and crashed into karst at for the state of the pick of the blast and was able to deploy his chute. A second JOLLY OREEN picked up the PJ. There was no evidence of other survivors.

5) COMUSPACY Msg, 687/1411002 Peb 67

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RECRET 1 (b) 2 5 6 Because of this plus extremely small likelihood of crash survivors request 7 8 for search withdrawn. Operation was terminated." 9 (5) Operation CANNONBALL 10 4 (a) At 122220H JPRC was notified that 11 through 12 ← aerial photography. 13 14 (b) 15 Low level 16 visual reoce was requested for first light on 13 Feb. 17 Concurrently 7/13 was prepared to drop one of the pre-18 positioned JPRC survival bundles. (c) Visual recce at 200 feet reveals letter was 19 20 formed by flare chute canopies and there was no evidence 21 to indicate the the chute had been prepositioned by an 22 evadee. The area did not appear to be occupied and no emergency signals were observed. Operation was terminated. 23 24 g. Recovery Operations, 13-19 Feb 1967* 25 (1) Operation SWAP. No change. 26 🗲 (2) Operation RIP TIDE. , the original source, 27 returned to 135th MI Grp, Can Tho, on 17 Feb. He had with 28 him an untranslated letter and a map of the suspected POW 29 compound. These documents were dispatched to JPRC arriving 30 18 Feb. Documents given to OP-34 for translation. 31 (3) Operation SYCAMORE. On 14 Feb, Chief, JPRC, briefed 32 MAC COC on operation and requested authority to contract 33 IIFFORCEV for planning purposes. JPRC representatives TS) COMUSMACV MSF, 787/2108202 Feb 67 work for highering herboses. Alue representatives TOP SECRET F_55

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briefed G-3. IIFFORCEV on 15 Feb and were directed to contact 1 25th Infantry Division. Approximately 1700, 15 Feb intelli-2 gence was received by JPRC which indicated the POW camp was 3 Ą not in the area it was originally thought to be, but in Cambodia. Aerial photography flown on 15 Feb verified a lack 5 6 of populace and livable huts in area of interest but did indicate people that farm area live in a village just across 7 8 the Cambodian border. Further information revealed that a friendly operation was scheduled to take place in the area on 9 10 19 and 20 Feb. FFVII and 25th Infantry Division were notified that the operation was temporarily suspended. Operation 11 will be suspended until further intelligence reports pinpoint 12 the location of the POWs. 13

(4) <u>Operation ANGLER</u>. On 9 Feb, JPRC received a Spot Report on the location of a VC POW camp in vicinity of

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16 4 Two US prisoners are allegedly being held in the 17 camp. Aerial photography of the target a ea was received on 18 10 Feb, and passed to the 149th MI Group, the originators of 19 the Spot Report, for attempted annotation by the source of 20 information. The 149th MI Group Special Agent returned to 21 Saigon on 19 Feb with detained annotation of the a rial 22 photography. The source claims to have seen the US POWs as The 23 recently as 5 Feb, and enjoys a reliability rating of C. 24 information obtained has been rated 2. It should be noted 25 that these are field ratings, not official J-2 ratings.

26 (5) Operation WIGWAM. Sighting of approximately 200 27 US/ARVN prisoners was made in the vicinity of hn 28 12 Feb. This sighting was unusual in that four separate sources were involved. Coordination was made with MAC COC 29 30 on 18 Feb and a TWX dispatched to III MAF requesting that a 31 recon team be placed in the area to pinpoint the location of the suspected POW camp. III MAF was requested to take medium 32 33 level photography of the area to identify if possible the 34 suspected POW camp as well as LZs and other pertinent data 35 necessary to mount a POW raid operation.

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TOP SECRET (6) No name was assigned this operation as JPRC only 1 alerted forces. At approximately 15558, 16 Feb, JSARC 2 called JPRC to inform them an F-100, call sign "Dusty 71" 3 was down 46 JSARC indicated rescue efforts had been in progress for some time, that one HH-3 5 pilot had been killed and another wounded. Although 6 rescue efforts were being continued JSARC requested JPRC 7 alert forces in the event a ground effort became necessary 8 9 10 OP-35 WEB 11 slerted and preliminary arrangements made to launch a HOFNET 12 Force into the area as early as possible on 17 Feb. At 13 approximately 1730H, JSARC notified JPRC that the downed 14 pilot had been recovered. A few minutes later, JPRC 15 16 received a reply 17 at first light 17 Feb. JPRC prepared a message congratulating 18 them on the dispatch with which they had responded to the 19 situation and also on the timely notification to JPRC. 20 Operation terminated. 21 h. Recovery Operations, 20-26 Feb 1967* 22 (1) Operation SWAP. No change. 23 24 (2) Operation RIP TIDE. The letter and map have been translated and provided no additional information to confirm 25 or refute data already in JPRC possession. They were pre-26 27 ← pared by Attempt is being made now to have a confron-28 4 tation with Was formerly the head guard on the prison sampan. The letter referred to above also indicates that 29 30 ← the present head guard is giving serious thought to rallying. If this occurs, every effort will be made to 31 arrange a confrontation with him. 32 COMUSMACV Msg. 880/2110502 Feb 67

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Appendix F

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(3) <u>Operation SYCAMORE</u>. Large scale friendly operations in area precluded additional progress. Upon completion of friendly operation an assessment of the area will be made and future action will be determined at that time.

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(4) Operation WIGWAM. Four separate reports of prisoner sightings have emanated from vicinity **operation** Sources were reinterviewed and the information did not appear as valid as initially assumed; however, III MAF had aerial photography flown in suspect area. It was inconclusive, due to the dense jungle canopy. III MAF will infiltrate a ground recee team in area to confirm or deny the alleged camp location.

(5) Operation ANGLER. After reviewing serial photography 13 14 of the suspected camp area as annotated by the source, a 15 JPRC representative went to III MAF. Source was polygraphed 16 and no deception was noted. Additiona low level photography 17 was flown and readout of the area failed to disclose any of 18 the items previously annotated by the source on initial 19 photography. This area is heavily forested; however, it 20 did raise some doubt as to whether it was in fact the target 21 area. Source will return to the area carrying a concealed 22 radio beacon. If the prisoners are still in the area, the 23 beacon will be left at a predetermined distance and direction 24 from the camp. Electronic recce will be flown after source 25 has had time to put the beacon in place.

26 (6) Operation BLUE ROPE. On 23 Feb JPRC received notifi-27 cation from 7/13 AF that the was observed at 28 🔶 Visual and photo recce was flown and visual 29 produced negative results. Photos revealed what appeared to be 30 👉 31 team was put into the area on 25 Feb and reported the letters were 32 formed by logs which had fallen recently due to fires in the 33 area. Additional recce at location of initial sighting has 34 failed to confirm the letter in the area. Operation terminated. 35

area. Additional recce at location of initial stonting has 34

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(7) On 23 Feb,	1 4
former VC prisoners returned to friendly control.	2
JPRC representative interview them ASAP; however, they were	3
unable to furnish data concerning actual location of other	4
prisoners. They were, however, knowledgeable on the con-	5
dition of several other US prisoners they had encountered	6
during captivity.	7
1. Recovery Operations, 27 Peb-5 Mar 1967	8
(1) Operation SWAP. No change.	9
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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.8
(3) Operation SYCAMORE. No change.	9
(4) Operation WIGWAM. Two recon patrols have been in 2	0
the area with negative results. CG III MAF plans to continue 2	1
the search.	2
	3
• • • • • •	4
	5 4
Aircraft were in voice contact but SAR forces were 2	б
unable to reach the pilot due to weather. JPRC requested 2	7
III MAP to effect a ground rescue. A BRIGHT LIGHT Recovery 2	8
Team was also alerted as an alternate force. On 2 Mar 67, 2	9
the weather cleared and the pilot was picked up by SAR 3	0
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J. <u>Recovery Operations, 6-12 Mar 1967**</u>	2
(1) Operation SWAR No shares	
	3
TS) COMUSMACV Msg, 963/0702172 N . 67 (TS) COMUSMACV Msg, 1061/1410262 Mar 67 ,	
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(2) Operation RIP TIDE. Attemps to contact the 1 **E** original head guard of the prison sampan, and arrange for 2 him to come to Saigon for detailed debriefing are still З Ь in progress.

(3) Operation SYCAMORE

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(b) The source was brought to Saigon on 9 Mar for
more comprehensive interrogation. During this interro14
gation, the source stated that the only US FWs he had
l5
ever seen were a group of 10 US FWs being moved into
16
Cambodia for eventual return to US control.

(c) Because the information concerning US PWs con-18 flicts sharply with previous information, both the 19 interrogator and the JPRC representative were of the 20 opinion that the source might very possibly be telling 21 less than all he knows. In an effort to refute or 22 confirm this opinion, the source was polygraphed on 23 12 Mar. Results of the polygraph indicate no attempted 24 25 deception on the part of the source.

(d) Preparation are underway to insert indigenous agent resources of the 5th Special Forces Group to recheck the suspected area.

(4) Operation WIGWAM

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(a) A new intelligence report, received 10 Mar, 30
indicated that a debrief of two Vietnamese nationals 31
released by the VC in December 1966 tied in very closely 32
with the original intelligence which gave rise to this 33
operation. The new report places the FW camp approximately 34

operation. The new report places the PW camp convertmately 34

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one kilometer south of the original location, but agrees 1 with the original report in other particulars. This most 2 recent report contains a detailed sketch of the camp 1 complex as well as the route followed by the sources as Ы they left the camp. The sources have agreed to lead 5 friendly forces to the camp area. 6

(b) A call was placed to G-2, III MAF, on 11 Mar and attention was invited to this latest intelligence report. 0-2, III MAF indicated that the report would be evaluated for possible action. 10

(5) Operation ANGLER. A homer beacon has been procured 11 and will be concealed in a walking stick to be carried into 12 the camp area by the original source of the information on 13 the camp. The beacon has a battery life of eight days and 14 will not be activated until source has reconfirmed the 15 presence of the US PWs in the camp. 16

(6) Operation CHINOOK

(a) On 10 Mar, a message was received from G-2, US 18 Army Ryukyus. The message stated that the debrief of 19 had narrowed the location of the 20 prison camp from which they were released to five possible 21 locations. All locations lie within a six square 22 kilometer area. The message also stated that a detailed 23 overlay and summary would be forwarded as soon as possible. 24

(b) JPRC has ordered serial photography of the 25 suspected camp site area and hopes to have this on hand 26 for immediate collation when the overlay and summary 27 arrive. 28

k. <u>Recovery Operations, 13-19 Mar 1967</u>*

(1) Operation SWAP. No change. In light of lack of 30 progress on this operation over a protracted period of time, 31 it is being placed in the inactive files and will not be 32

CONUSMACV Hsg, 1169/2109332 Mar 67

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Appendix P

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_	mentioned in future reports unless significant developments	1
	warrant its inclusion.	2
	(2) Operation RIP TIDE	3
	(a) The original source of information on this FW	ħ
	camp, returned to Chau Doc and reported through the	5 4
	Sector Intel analyst. He complained that he had not been	6
	paid recently.	7
-	(b) This was the first indication received by JPRC	8
	that was receiving pay for supplying information.	· 9 ←
	A check with the VN Army officer who had been acting as	10
	go-between with indicated that he had indeed been	11 4
	receiving pay, and in rather amiable amounts. This places	12
	the validity of his information in an entirely different	13
	light.	14
	(c) The VN Army officer and the 135th MI Group were	15
	both contacted and mutual agreement was reached that con-	16
	trol of would be passed to the 135th MI Op. The	17 ←
	first order of business now will be to attempt to persuade	18
	to submit to a polygraph examination.	19 ←
	(3) Operation SYCAMORE	20
	(a) Arrangements were made with Det B-57, 5th Special	21
	Forces Group, to infiltrate two of their indigenous agent	22
	assets into the area in an attempt to relocate the POW	23
	camp.	24
	(b) All indications are that the camp has been moved	25
	into Cambodia due to close proximity of US military opera-	26
	tions to the originally suspected camp site.	27
	(4) Operation WIOWAM	28
	(a) On 18 Mar, JPRC received a report from G-2 III	29
	MAP. The report indicated that two recon teams, one from	30
	5th Special Forces Group and one from III MAF, had com-	31
	pleted a thorough search of all target areas. Though	32
	there were many well-used trails in the area, no evidence	33
	of a POW camp was discovered.	34

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£.	(b) The teams have successfully exfiltrated, and	1
	this operation is terminated.	5
	(5) Operation ANGLER	3
	(a) The homer beacon device was concealed within a	4
	section of bamboo of the sort which a Montagnard might	5
	logically carry. It was turned over to the case	6
	officer on 17 March.	7
•	(b) The case officer estimates that it will take	8
	two days to get the device to the source and an additional	9
	eight days for the source to walk into the POW camp area.	10
	An additional two days will be allowed to clapse before	ננ י
	electronic reconnaissance will begin.	12
	(6) Operation CHINOOK	13
	(a) Aerial photography of the suspected camp site	14
	areas has been received. Preliminary readout is incon-	15
	clusive.	16
	(b) Combined Intelligence Center, Vietnam (CICV) is	17
	in the process of preparing a complete study of the target	18
	area to include enemy OB.	19
	(c) The overlay and summary of the	20
	bebriefing are expected momentarily.	57
l	Recovery Operations, 20-26 Mar 1967*	22
	(1) Operation RIP TIDE	23
	(a) the original source of the PW information,	24
	has been turned over to the 135th MI Group. He is	25
	currently being interviewed in detail and is scheduled	26
	to be polygraphed on 3 Apr.	27
	(b) Unconfirmed data learned by JPRC representative	28
	while at Can Tho indicates some discrpeance around	29
	original injury. It is anticipated that the current inter-	30
	views and polygraph exam will dictate how and if will	
	be retained.	32

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(2) Operation SYCAMORE

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vicinity at last light on 20 Mar. After limited recce they were discovered and moved into a heavily forested area. (b) They spent the night in the forest and moved into a large clephant grass field adjacent to the forest. They were taken under hostile fire and requested exfiltration. Successful exfiltration was effected approximately 211800 Mar under heavy hostile fire. (c) Currently, the situation is being reevaluated and a new plan will be developed which will reinsert indigenous 12 personnel in the alleged PW camp area. . (3) Operation ANGLER. An unexpected delay was encountered 14 when the Montagnard carrying the walking stick, with the homing beacon, was bitten by a snake. He is recovering but a delay has been incurred. It is anticipated the source will 17 not arrive in the target area until approximately 2 April. 19 His determination of PWs in the area should be completed 20 about 4 April, at which time he will depart the area. 21 (4) Operation CHINOOK 22 (a) Aerial photography readout reveals some of the 23 debriefing information from correlates 24 well; however, the jungle canopy is quite dense and 25 precludes more complete location of the camp area. 26 (b) A representative from 441st MI Det, Okinawa who 27 was in on the debriefings at Okinawa is enroute HVN. 28 He is intimately familiar with the area and situation. 29 After his arrival, the overall situation will be evaluated with a view toward launching a recovery type operation.³⁰ 31 (5) Operation CHEYENNE -32 (a) report was received which indicated approxi-33 mately 100 US POWs located vicinity 34 Although there is no confirming F-64 Appendix P Although there is no confirming

(a) Two indigenous agents were infiltrated by helo

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data available, action has been taken to attempt to debrief source in detail. Signal electronic agencies have been alerted to maintain a listening watch for traffic concerning the suspect area. 1

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(b) Since the reliability of the source and validity
 of the information has not yet been determined, the next
 action will be contingent upon the results of the source's
 detailed debriefing and the signal intelligence agencies.
 m. Recovery Operations, 27 Mar-2 Apr 1967⁴

(1) Operation RIP TIDE

(a) the original source of the PW camp informa- 11 tion, was polygraphed earlier than initially anticipated. 12 The results of the exam were inconclusive; however, there 13 did appear to be some validity in **Section** statement con- 14 cerning the PWs. 15

(b) Plans are being made to bring to Saigon for 16 additional detailed debriefings and another polograph 17 examination. Time frame for these confirming checks has 18 not been determined. 19

(2) <u>Operation SYCAMORE</u>. Planning is underway to insert
 20
 indigenous agents in the area at night by parachute when an
 21
 agent team is available.
 22

(3) <u>Operation ANGLER</u>. The Montagnard carring the walking 23 stick containing the homing beacon departed for the FW camp 24 on 27 Mar. It was anticipated he would be in the FW camp 25 area about 2 Apr. The electronic surveillance of the beacon 26 will be flown for the first time on 3 Apr. 27

(4) Operation GREY BULL (Previously Reported as CHINOOK) 28
 (a) Representative from 441st MI Det, Okinawa, 29

arrived 28 Mar.

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(b) Aerial photography of the area confirms some of 31 the details furnished by while some items such as 32 4 trails and location of huts are not confirmed. This may 33

TTS) COMUSMACV Mag, 1416/0411012 Apr 67

TOP SECRET be due to the heavy foliage in the area or possibly 1 confusion by 2 (c) IIFFV was briefed on 29 Mar. They designated 3 5th SFG to conduct a raid on the camp provided additional Ŀ confirming data could be obtained. A SP indigenous agent 5 was inserted and returned with the information that 6 hostiles were in the area. He was not able to confirm 7 the presence of the US PWs. 8 (d) Based upon the information from the SF agent and 9 other evaluations, a recommandation will be made to IIFFV 10 that a personnel recovery operation be attempted. 11 (5) Operation CHEYENNE. No change. 12 n. Recovery Operations, 3-9 Apr 1967* 13 (1) Operation RIP TIDE. the original source of the 14 PW camp information, will be flown to Saigon 10 Apr. He will 15 be debriefed in detail and another polygraph examination will 16 be administered. Further operational planning, if appropriate, 17 will be based on results of the debriefing. 18 (2) Operation SYCAMORE 19 (a) Two indigenous agents from Special Forces assets 20 were infiltrated by parachute from a helo on 3 Apr. Helo 21 was radar vectored to the DZ. 22 (b) The agents encountered no difficulties and accom-23 plished the ground recce; however, it was subsequently 24 determined they were infiltrated in the wrong area. On 25 5 Apr, they were exfiltrated. Further efforts to insert 26 indigenous agents in the area are being planned. 27 (3) Operation ANGLER 28 (a) The Montagnard carrying the walking stick con-29 .taining the homing beacon learned through inquiries in 30 the suspected camp area that the PWs were moved from 31 to an unknown location. 32 🗲

* (AS) COMUSHACV Mag, 1516/1108102 Apr 67

TOP SECRET (b) Further attempts to find the PWs, utilizing the 1 same source, will continue. This operation will no 2 longer be considered active unless additional informa-З tion is obtained. h (4) Operation GREY BULL. A raid was conducted on the 5 suspected PW camp on 6 Apr by 5th SPF. A thorough sweep 6 of the area revealed nothing. Obviously, this was not the 7 camp although the raid did occur at the location as derived 8 from map back-tracking based upon debriefings of 9 This operation is suspended pending receipt of 10 further information. 11 (5) Operation CHEYENNE. No change. 12 o. Recovery Operations, 10-16 Apr 1967 13 (1) Operation RIP TIDE 14 (a) the original source of the PW information, 15 6 has been debriefed in detail and polygraphed. There was 16 no evidence of deception noted during the polygraph and 17 the agent handler is of the opinion that 18 4 is sincere in his efforts. motivation appears to be the 19 6 desire to assure his financial future. 20 (b) has never observed the PWs nor has he been 21 inside the camp. He believes that who is currently 22 <u>_</u>__ assumed to be in charge of the VC prison guards, would be 23 willing to assist in recovering the PWs. 24 has no 4 legitimate reason to be away from the camp in excess of 25 24 hours without his absence arousing suspicion. 26 former VC squad leader, is thought to be in (c) 27 🥧 Phnom Penh; however, his wife is living in a Cambodfan 28 village near the RVN border. Current plans call for 29

village near the RVN border. Current plans call for 29 to learn actual location, through wife, 30 and attempt to bring to Saigon for a detailed 31 debriefing. At this time, the cannot furnish adequate 32 information for purposes of planning a recovery operation. 33

AS) COMUSMACV Msg, 1690/1807422 Apr 67

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(2) Operation SYCAMORE. No change.	1
(3) Operation CYEVENNE. No change.	2
p. Recovery Operations, 17-23 Apr 1967*	3
(1) Operation SWAP	4
(a) revealed that during his last	5
contact with VC, they indicated a willingness to accept	6
VC officer PWs from areas other than I CTZ. Screening	7
for appropriate PWs, under the new criteria, continues.	8
(b) will attempt to determine current	9
VC attitude toward a prisoner exchange.	10
(2) Operation RIP TIDE	11
(a) the original source of the PW information,	12
is preparing to travel to Phnom Penh. He will attempt to	13
bring the former VC guard squad leader, to Saigon for	14
debriefing. Currently, documentation is being prepared .	15
for so he may travel-to Salgon from Phnom Penh. Upon	16
return from Phnom Penh, will stop at the village	17
of uncle. His uncle will be asked to query	18
concerning the US PWs.	19
(b) Aerial photography reveals occupied heavy	20
weapons emplacements and huts in suspected target area.	21
(3) Operation SYCAMORE. No change.	22
(4) Operation CHEYENNE. No change	23
(5) Operation HAVANA	24
(a) A sighting of two US and 30 ARVN FWs by an ARVN	25
coded source in vicinity was received on 21 Apr.	26
This report coincided with previous similar reports in the	27
area East of Tay Ninh city.	28
(b) The 1st Infantry Division is currently conducting	29
Operation MANHATTAN in the vicinity and have been requested	30
to confirm or deny accuracy of information. If information	31
appears accurate, a recovery operation will be effected.	32
S) COMUSMACV Msg, 1736/2508392 Apr 67	

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a. Recovery Operations, 24 - 30 April 1967 (1) Operation SWAP

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(a) MACV ACofS, J2 was contacted and appraised that VC had indicated a willingness to accept VC prisoners from any CTZ for the exchange. J2 has notified all CTZ commanders 5 to be on the lookout for prisoners suitable for exchange. 6

(b) No word has been received from concerning current VC attitude toward the exchange.



(3) Operation SYCAMORE

(a) A coded agent of Det B-57, 5th SF Gp was infiltrated 22 into the general target area. He did not, however, succeed 23 in checking on the prime suspect locations. 24

(b) Although the agent did not personally see any US 25 PWs during the course of his reconnaissance, he was told of 26 a VC hospital in the general vicinity of his search which 27 is used to treat wounded US FWs. The US FWs are reportedly 28 held at the hospital only until sufficiently recovered to 29 travel at which time they are moved to a permanent FW camp 30 in Cambodia. Location of the Cambodian PW camp was not 31 specified. 32

COMUSNACV Msg, 1836/0211582 May 67

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(4) Operation CHEYENNE. No change.	1
(5) Operation HAVANA	2
(a) Elements of the US 1st Division conducted a thorough	3
sweep through the target area. No evidence of recent	4
occupancy, inhabitants or activity was discovered in the	5
target area or the immediate vicinity thereof.	6
(b) This operation is terminated.	7
(6) Operation DEEP SIX	8
(a) Just before midnight on 24 April. JPRC received a	Q

message from Commander, Task Group 77.0 indicating that an 10 The crew of two had successfully 11 AGA was down at ejected, were seen on the ground and had been in voice 12 contact with their wingman. They were last seen making 13 their way to an area of good cover and concealment located 11 approximately 2 mile from the point at which they landed. 15 CTG 77.0 indicated that when and if voice contact with the 16 downed crew was reestablished, he would request activation 17 of a BRIGHT LIGHT team. 18

(b) A BRIGHT LIGHT team was placed on alert at Hue Phu 19 Bai, and a Navy ClA aircraft and crew were standing by at 20 Tan Son Nhut to transport the team to the carrier Kitty Hawk. 21

(c) Because of extensive enemy OB in the area of the 22 downed crew, plus the fact that it appeared to be beyond the 23 range of SAR helos, JPRC recommended to CTG 77.0 that a more 24 realistic plan would be to attempt the recovery with the 25 Fulton Recovery System (SKYHOOK) equipped HC-130. A Combat 26 Spear crew was placed on alert at Nha Trang, and 7 AF placed 27 two F4Cs on alert at Danang to effect a high speed drop of 28 the Fulton kit which had been packed in an M4A container. 29

(d) At the suggestion of Combat Spear crewmen, the 30 operation was planned as follows: 31

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ECREI 1. After voice contact was established, a Fulton 1 2 kit would be dropped to the downed crew at last light of that day. The delivery aircraft would notify the 3 4 downed crew to expect pickup at a predesignated time during that night. 5 2. At the predesignated time, the Combat Spear airб craft would make their pickup run. They would be covered 7 by appropriate MIG CAP, and coordinated strike missions 8 would be flown in the area at the pickup time. 9 (e) No further electronic contact could be re-established 10 with the downed crew and, upon receipt of CINCPAC message 11 prohibiting use of HC-130 due to the high risk area, the 12 operation was terminated. 13 (f) This operation is thought to have been quite worth-14 while as it provided a realistic exercise in mission planning 15 and of the alerting system. 16 r. Recovery Operations, 1-7 May 1967* 17 (1) Operation SWAP. III MAF indicates they have captured 18 a VC Warrant Officer who may be suitable to use in the prisoner 19 exchange. They have been instructed to keep him in custody 20 until reports on the VC attitude regarding the 21 🗲 exchange. 22 (2) Operation RIP TIDE 23 the original source, returned to 24 6 (a) to attend to one of his children who is sick. He will return 25 to Saigon on 11 May. 26 will be interrogated (b) Upon return to Saigon, 27 ---concerning some irregularities which arose in connection with 28 his old Cambodian documents. If the interrogation does not 29 reveal that has been using this situation only as a 30 ← vehicle to obtain valid Cambodian travel papers, new 31 COMUSMACV Msg, 1955/0908072 May 67

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Appendix P

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	Cambodian documents will be prepared and he will be	1
	dispatched to Phnom Penh. Document preparation can be	2
	accomplished in 48 hours.	3
	(3) Operation SYCAMORE. No change.	4
	(4) Operation CHEYENNE. No change.	5
в.	Recovery Operations, 8-14 May 1967*	6
	(1) Operation SWAP	7
	(a) was contacted and advised that the	8 🗲
	two US FWs which he hoped to negotiate for escaped in	9
	early May. This is the first indication of any such escape.	10
	Attempts are being made to confirm or deny the alleged	11
	escape. Attempts are being made to confirm or deny the	12
	alleged escape.	13 6
	assumed to have escaped. If this is true, the operation	14
	will be terminated inasmuch as they were the only US-FWs	15
	of which Dong possessed any knowledge.	16
	(b) Prior to learning of the alleged escape, AMEMB,	17
	Saigon was contacted concerning the possibility of	18
	exchanging VC personnel captured and/or held by GVN.	19
	AMEMB is now willing to intercede with GVN in an attempt	20
	to obtain GVN controlled VC PWs.	21
	(2) Operation RIP TIDE	22
	(a) the original source of the information,	23 ←
	returned to Saigon and was interrogated on the irregularities .	24
	which arose with his old Cambodian documents. He was	25
	polygraphed and no evidence of deception was noted.	26
	(b) departed Saigon on 13 May for Phnom Penh.	27 ←
	It is anticipated he will return about 20 May. He has	28
	documentation for the original camp guard commander,	29 6-
	to return to Saigon provided consents.	30 6

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(3) Operation SYCAMORE. No change.	l
(4) Operation CHEYENNE. No change	2
(5) Operation NEARLY	3
(a) In early May, a Revolutionary Development (RD)	Ъ,
Cadre Advisor, stated one of his personnel had made	5
contact, through several cut-outs, with a VC officer	6
who wished to rally to the OVN with 13 US PWs. Further	7
that he desired to be rewarded for the returned US	8
personnel. All contacts were made in IV CT2.	- 9

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10 (b) A meeting with the wife of the VC officer was 11 arranged for 6 May but she did not show up. On 9 May, 12 she appeared and stated she would be at Chau Doc on 13 May with proof of the identities of the PWs. Further, 13 14 she was to have her husband's plan which would reveal 15 the details concerning the release. She did not know where the release would take place, nor was it known if 16 it would be necessary to engage a hostile force to effect 17 18 the release.

(c) MACV tasked SA IV CTZ to effect a recovery operation, upon obtaining the information from the wife of the VC, if it looked feasible.

22 (d) On 12 May, the female source arrived, one day 23 early, without any evidence of the US PWs allegedly being 24 held by her husband. She stated attempts were made to 25 contact her husband for the information, and details of 26 the release, but due to the amount of activity on the 27 SVN/Cambodian border she was unable to make contact.

(e) Although this operation is considered terminated, the female source was advised how to contact representatives from the 135th MI Group but that she should only make contact when she possesses evidence of the PWs.

32 (6) Other Activities. During interrogation of a captured 33 VC on 12 May, information was obtained concerning the loca-34 tion of an alleged, deceased US soldier currently MIA.

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Appendiv

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Acting on this information, a body search was conducted	1
and the remains of what appears to be a Caucasian dressed	2
in deteriorated fatigues was recovered. Remains were	3
evacuated and attempts to identify the deceased are being	4
made. Although not a specific mission of the JPEC, it	5
has, on several occasions, coordinated and requested body	6
searches.	7

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•	t. Recovery Operations, 15-21 May 1967*	٦
٢	(1) Operation SWAP	2
((a) Absolutely no evidence can be located which would	3
	indicate that two US FWs have recently escaped VC control.	4
	Barring the extremely unlikely possibility that the two	5
	have been in evasion status since early May without making	6
	contact with friendly forces, it must be concluded that	7
	the reported escape was spurious information.	8
_	(b) If the above is true, some credence is lent to the	9
	hypothesis that this may be way of terminating	10 ←
	his contacts with US personnel.	11
	(c) In light of the above, this operation is being	12
	dropped from the active list pending receipt of further	13
	information which would warrant its reactivation.	14 .
	(2) Operation RIP TIDE. No change.	15
	(3) Operation SYCAMORE. No change.	16
	(4) Operation CHEYENNE. Since no progress has been made	17
^	on this operation since it was begun in mid-March, it is being	18
	dropped from the active list pending further developments which	19
	would warrant its reactivation.	20
	(5) Operation GAMBLER	21
	(a) In the late morning hours of 19 May (190311Z) an	22
	AGA from the carrier ENTERPRISE, call sign Raygun 502, was	23
	shot down 30NM SW of Hanoi. Both crewmen ejected success-	.24
	fully, landing at Their point of landing was	25 ←
•	near the center of but while this is	26 ←
	excellent terrain for evasion, it lies well within the SAM	27
	envelope and is considered a high threat area.	28
	(b) Voice contact was made with the downed crewmen.	29
	It was discovered that the pilot was uninjured, but that	30
	the bombardier/navigator (B/N) had suffered a badly broken	31
	(DS) COMUSMACV MSE, 2178/231010Z May 67	
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leg. No rescue operation was attempted from the east utilizing Navy SAR resources due to the existence of the high threat area all the way from the coast to the target area. Assistance from JFRC was requested.

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(c) JPRC notified the Joint Search and Ressue Center 5 (JSARC) at Tan Son Nhut, and asked that feasibility for б launch of a SAR effort from the west utilizing USAF-SAR 7 resources be studied. A plan for launch of SAR assets to 8 be covered by multiple air strikes taking place simultaneously 9 in the same area was devised. Commander 7AF, vetoed this 10 plan on grounds that the area was too well defended to risk 11 SAR assets. 12

(d) JPRC presented a plan which called for the drop of 13 Fulton Recovery System (SKYHOOK) kits by high performance 14 aircraft. If the drop was made successfully, an attempt 15 would be made for a SKYHOOK pick up at a pre-determined time 15 the night following the drop. The plan was approved for 17 execution late in the evening of 20 May. A JFRC representa-18 tive was dispatched to DaNang, the base from which the drop 19 mission would launch, to act as operation coordinator. 20

(e) A flight of AF F4Cs was launched on the morning of 21 21 May to effect the drop. Contact was established with 22 the B/N of the downed crew, and a successful drop accomplished 23 at approx 2103202. A total of three M4A containers were 24 dropped. Two containers carried a two man Fulton ground 25 station and the third, survival equipment. The two MAAs 26 containing the Fulton gear landed approx 100 yds from the 27 downed crewman. The survival container landed approx 200 28 yds from his position. The downed man indicated that although 29 he was injured, he thought he would be able to make his way 30 to the Fulton gear. 31

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(f) The Combat Spear aircraft which would attempt the 1 pick up was launched on schedule at 2111412. The plan 2 called for high performance aircraft to make a final flight 3 ų over the target area a few hours prior to the scheduled 5 pick up time, make a last minute check on the situation of 6 the downed crewmen, and inform them of the precise time the pick up would be attempted. A flight of F4C's was launched 7 for this purpose, and upon contacting the B/N of the downed 8 crew, were informed that all three of the containers had been 9 recovered earlier by North Vietnamese. The Combat Spear 10 aircraft was notified of this development, and aborted at 11 2113372. Before departing the area, an F4C aircraft dropped 12 a container of survival equipment in the vicinity of where 13 he had last seen one of the downed crewmen's strobe light. 14 (g) Meetings were held on the night of 21 May and again 15 on the morning of 22 May with representatives of JFRC, 7AF 16 and 7th Fleet present, in an effort to determine what 17

further action could be taken. Consensus was that no further 18 recovery action seemed feasible at this time, due proximity 19 hostile forces. 20

(h) A total of three flights were flown over the area
21
of the downed aircrew on 22 May. Negative contact of any
22
sort was made. This operation is terminated.
23

(6) <u>Other Activities</u>. The body reported recovered in last 24
week's report has been positively identified through dental 25
records as that of carried as 26
missing since 12 May 66. 27
u. <u>Recovery Operations, 22-28 May 1967</u>* 28

(1) Operation RIP TIDE

(a) the principle source, returned from Phnom 30
Penh, reporting that he had succeeded in contacting KY, 31
the former prison guard commander. He reports that KY 32

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(15) COMUSMACV Hsg, 2298/3001482 May 67

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29

3 refuses to come back to VN as he is doing well financially in Phnom Penh and he fears the VC will assasinate him if 2 he returns. 3 4 — (b) On his return trip, again stopped at the home of the uncle of the man who replaced 5 ← prison guard commander. He was told that 6 ← has been transferred to a VC munitions factory a few kilometers 7 8 from the alleged FW camp but on the VN side of the border. contends that the US FWs are still at the original ے و location. 10 11 ← greed, according to his uncle, to draw a (c) map of the route into the PW camp. 12 6 has been dispatched to to pick up the map. 13 6-(2) Operation SYCAMORE. No change. 14 15 (3) Operation OLD BLUE (a) This operation began with a very completed 16 intelligence report of a FW camp at The report 17 ← was obtained from a newly recruited source of the 149th 18 MI Gp. 19 (b) Field Activities Branch (FAB) of MACV J-2 tasked 20 the Combined Intelligence Center, Vietnam (CICV) to procure 21 22 and annotate aerial photography and complete a study of the FW camp area. 23 (c) The CICV photo readout revealed an unusually close 24 correlation with the intelligence report, particularly with 25 regard to location of PW camp buildings. 26 (d) At this point, FAB contacted JPRC and the operation 27 was named. Concurrently FAB instructed 149 MI Gp to . 28 reinsert the agent into the area to reconfirm the presence 29 of US PWs. 30 (e) The agent returned from the area on 25 May, and a 31 polygraph operator was flown to Rach Gia to examine the 32 agent. JPRC provided the EEI for the examination. 33 F-78

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(f) Preliminary outcome of the polygraph examination	1
casts some doubt on the presence of US PWs at this location.	2
As it appears now, the source actually has not seen US PWs	3
there since 1965.	4
(g) If it appears worthwhile after the present	5
debriefing is completed, the agent will again be sent	6
into the target area.	7
- (h) This operation does not appear very promising and	8
will not be reported further unless future developments	9
warrant.	10
v. Recovery Operations, 29 May - 4 Jun 1967*	11
(1) Operation RIF TIDE	12
(a) the original source of the information,	13 ←
returned to Saigon with a detailed sketch of the FW camp	14
allegedly drawn by the VC who formerly was in charge	15 🗲
of guarding the US PWs. remains in the general area	16 6
and is able to elicit info out of the camp.	17
(b) When shown oblique aerial photography of the area	18
taken from the Vietnamese side of the border, he identified	19
police posts, border check points, mine fields and other	20
items which he has consistently reported in the past. PI	21
personnel assisted in the debrief and confirmed	22 4
findings.	23
(c) advised the camp was located further inside	24 🗲
the Cambodian border in an area not covered by the photograph	y. 25
On 4 June a request was forwarded to CINCPAC for permission	26
to fly medium level photography.	27
(2) Operation SYCAMORE. No change.	28
(3) Operation ANGLER. Reference is made to BRIGHT LIGHT	29
report for the period 3-9 Apr; dated 11 Apr 67. Report advised	30
the operation was no longer considered active, however, further	31
(PS) COMUSMACV MSg, 2423/060940Z Jun 67	
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_	attempts to locate the PWs, utilizing the same source, would	1	
	continue.	2	
	(a) The source, a Nontagnard, has again located the	3	
	US PW camp, vic and personally observed two US.	4	4
	He furnished sketches which indicate the camp is well	5	
	defended.	6	
	(b) To obtain the precise location of the camp, the	7	
	source has been re-dispatched to the area carrying the	8	
	walking stick containing the homing beacon. The beacon	9	
J.	will be monitored by tactical aircraft.	10	
	w. Recovery Operations, 5-11 Jun 1967*	11	
	(1) Operation RIP TIDE	12	
	(a) Due to JCS disapproval of the request for medium	13	
	level photographu, this operation is at a standstill.	14	
	(b) Nghia the original source has advised that the	15	
	area will be flooded by 1 July. At that time the prisoners	16	
	will most likely be returned to the sampan.	17	
	(c) The collection effort continues and will be	18	
	monitored for favorable changes.	19	
	(2) Operation SYCAMORE. No change.	20	
	(3) Operation ANGLER. The source was delayed and should	21	
	have been redispatched by 9 June. No confirming data has been	22	
	received.	23	
	(4) Operation CHEYENNE	24	
	(a) Reference is made to BRIGHT LIGHT report for the	25	
	period of 15 - 21 May 67 DTG 231010Z Ref BRIGHT LIGHT	26	
	report dropped this operation from the active list pending	27	
	further developments.	28	
		29	
		30	
	(c) This operation is terminated.	31	
フ	25) COMUSMACV Mag, 2562/1312502 Jun 67		
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(5) Operation SWAP

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1 2 (a) A source who wishes his identity to remain unknown, 3 ← (the presumed has reported that þ FWs) are dead and he knows of no escape attempts whatever. 5 The bodies are reportedly located near Hue. б (b) Followup is being made to determine the details of the deaths and location of the bodies with a view toward 7 8 recovery action. 9 (6) Operation GRENADE 10 (a) Information was received on 10 June from the 135th 11 MI Group at Can Tho that two US PWs were being held vicinity 12 ← of The source of the information was captured 13 by the VC on 3 Jan 1967 and escaped at 1900 on 6 June 1967. 14 The source stated the two US were brought into the camp on 15 3 June 67 and were there at the time of his escape. 16 (b) Aerial photography was flown on the afternoon of 9 June and the sources description of the camp was verified 17 by the photo interperter. It was still inhabited at that 18 19 time. 20 (c) A JPRC representative was dispatched to Can Tho on 21 10 June for additional debriefing of the source and to obtain 22 the photography. 23 (d) MAC COC was briefed on 11 June and the Senior 24 Advisor IV CTZ was tasked by COC to determine the feasibility 25 of an operation. 26 (e) If an operation is feasible it is anticipated that it will be conducted on 12 or 13 June. 27 28 x. Recovery Operations, 12-18 Jun 1967* 29 (1) Operation RIP TIDE. No change. 30 (2) Operation SYCAMORE. Since no progress has been made on this operation since 30 April, it is being dropped from the 31 active list pending further developments which warrant its 32 reactivation. 33 COMUSMACV Msg, 2703/2009552 Jun 67

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COMUSMACY MSg, 2/03/2009552 JUN 67

(3) Operation ANGLER. Source was not dispatched on 9 June 1 as planned. Unknown to JPRC, III MAF was awaiting instructions 2 from MACV to proceed with the operation. Instructions have been 3 issued to evaluate and determine the feasibility of the operation 4 in the new area and this is in process at the present time. 5 The source will not be dispatched until a concept of action 6 has been determined which can be acted on expeditiously. 7

- (4) Operation SWAP. No change.
- (5) Operation GRENADE

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(a) The operation was deemed feasible and the Senior 10
Advisor, IV Corps Tactical Zone (CTZ elected to conduct the 11
operation the night of 12 June. The concept was to insert 12
a Seal Team by helicopter during the hours of darkness, 13
conduct the raid at first light, then exfiltrate by helicopter.14
The 9th ARVN Recon Company was the standby reaction force 15
with the 43rd ARVN Battalion on one hour alert. 16

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(b) During a last visual reconnaissance the afternoon
of 12 June a discrepancy was noted in the area described by
18 the source and that which was photographed. Another area
19 was determined to be the correct target area. A 24 hour
20 delay was called to permit photography and re-planning.
21

(c) The concept remained the same and the plan was 22 executed on 13 June with the insertion of the Seal Team at 23 2359 hours. The team made contact at 0630 hours with 5 VC. 24 Results - 1 VC KIA, 2 WIA. No friendly casualties. Several 25 huts were destroyed, one resulting in a secondary explosion. 26 The search disclosed no US or ARVN FWs. The Team successfully 27 exfiltrated at 140708 Jun 67. 28

(d) The source accompanied the raid force and, after 29 getting into the target area, determined that this was not 30 the location where he had been held.

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TOP SECRET (e) On 16 June the source reported that he has now 1 learned that the camp was moved on 7 June, the day following 2 his escape. He has learned of the possible relocation site 3 b and is attempting to determine if the US PWs are there. y. Recovery Operations, 19-25 Jun 1967* 5 (1) Operation RTP TIDE. Additional low level oblique 6 photography of the area was obtained. was confronted 7 🗲 with this photography and picked out the same area for the FW R camp that had been previously picked by photo intreperters. 9 The area is very heavily vegetated and no man made construction 10 on 27 June to obtain 11 🗲 is visible. will return to precise measurements from landmarks to the huts allegedly 12 containing the PWs. 13 (2) Operation ANGLER. The source was redispatched on 14 23 June with the UHP homer. Electronic surveillance will 15 16 commence on 2 or 3 July. (3) Operation SWAP. No change. 17 (4) Operation GRENADE. No change. 18 z. Recovery Operations, 26 Jun - 2 July 1967** 19 (1) Operation RIP TIDE. No change. 20 (2) Operation ANGLER. No change. 21 (3) Operation SWAP. No change. 22 (4) Operation GRENADE. No change. 23 24 (5) Operation QUICK TIME (a) This operation commenced to develop 10 June 67 when 25 26 JPRC received information through 5th SFG that four US PWs were being held just inside Cambodia at coordinates 27 🗲 Source is a FRU reconnaissance unit member who 28 poses as a trader along the border. The information was 29 provided by several Cambodian traders who stated that there 30 TS COMUSFACV Msg, 2853/2707502 Jun 67 TS) COMUSMACV Msg, 2977/0407152 Jul 67 F-83 Appendix P

had been seven US PWs but three had been taken away to an unknown destination. The PRU source personally observed the house (known as house) from A distance of 300 yards but did not see the US PWs due to a high fence around the house.

(b) This information tallied with previous information furnished by CRD, Reg IV in March and April from another source that this same house is used as a temporary detention point and way station. It is also alledged that the house is used for high level VC briefings. This source is a Cambodian businessman who lives in the area. On 7 April the source saw four US FWs at the area. They were being displayed in the area for propagands purposes.

(c) Another sighting reported two US FWs kept in this vicinity for several hours and then moved to an unknown destination.

(d) CRD, Reg IV and 5th SFG were requested to continue 17 the collèction effort. Their combined effort, using the 18 PRU agent, disclosed that the four US FWs reported on 19 10 June were seen by a trader to be taken into the house 20 on 6 or 7 June and they were moved by vehicle north on 21 Route 93 at 0600 hours, 11 Jun 67. They had been detained 22 there approximately five days. 23

(e) Current status is as follows:

1. A detailed description of the house and 25 surrounding vicinity has been received. 26

2. Oblique photography has been flown but not as 27 yet received by JPRC. 28

3. Surveillance has been increased to permit the 29 earliest possible report of the renewed presence of 30 US PWs in order to be able to launch a recovery operation31 within the detention pattern time frame of one to four 32 days.

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(6) Operation BANDITO

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(a) On 27 Jun 67, JPRC received information that a	1
platoon of the HOA HAO reinforced by 400 Khmer Serai	2
fought a VC unit in Cambodia on 20 and 21 Jun 67. The VC	3
lost and the Khmer Serai gained custody of nine US PWs;	4
five Caucasian and four Negros. They are being held	5
approximately 20 km inside Cambodia opposite Tinh Bien	6
District, Chau Doc Province.	7

(b) The source departed on 27 Jun to obtain photographs 8 and identities of the FWs with the suggestion that if data 9 proves satisfactory he can arrange a meeting along the 10 border.

(c) Information has been furnished CRD, Reg IV, as to 12 the amount of money that may be paid for each returned FW 13 and, upon the return of the source, a JPRC representative 14 will go to Chau Doc to aspist in negotiating the details of 15 the release.

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(7) Operation STIFF JOINT

(a) Pintail 02, an F-105, was reported down

CAP mircraft remained on scene with SAR 19 mircraft, JOLLY GREEN and AlEs, to arrive 1855H. Pintail 20 Ol had reported a good chute and strong beeper. Aircraft on 21 scene did not have pilot in sight but hold a strong beeper. 22

(b) SAR aircraft arrived on scene 1908H and had 23 difficulty establishing electronic contact. Alles reported 24 receiving ground fire from valley to west of site. At 25 1950H JOLLY GREEN established voice contact with Pintail 02 26 and also reported receiving ground fire. JOLLY GREEN was 27 unable to localize the downed pilot and at 2021H all forces 28 departed area to resume SAR effort at first light. 29

(c) 7th AF contacted JFRC and requested a HRIGHT LIGHT 30 Team be made available for a joint rescue effort to be 31 launched from Nakhon Phanom RTAFB on morning 3 July if pilot 32



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location could not be pinpointed. The ERIGHT LIGHT Team 1
closed at NKP at 0326H. Additionally, a Combat Spear 2
aircraft with M4A container was deployed to Danang to be 3
on station there available to effect a highpperformance 4
drop by F4C of Fulton Ground Station and subsequent HC-130 5
pickup if needed. 6

(d) AlEs returned to area after first light 3 July and 7 established voice contact with Pintail 02. RESCAP flights 8 sterilized the area and JOLLY GREEN 09 moved in for the 9 pickup at 0855H. This time JOLLY GREEN was able to pinpoint 10 downed pilot's location and, although receiving ground fire, 11 was able to make an ARRS combat save. Survivor was in good 12 condition. 13

(e) BRIGHT LIGHT assets were returned to base after SAR effort successfully terminated.

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aa. Recovery Operations, 3-9 Jul 1967*

(1) Operation RIP TIDE

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2(25)

3 🗲 (a) Late on 7 July, the source, was returned to Ŀ Saigon. On 8 July, the following information was passed to 5 the former prison guard commander, has now been JPRC: transferred from the munitions factory back to guard duty at 6 the PW camp. The camp has been moved some 1,000 meters north 7 of its previous location. There are now six US FWs in the 8 ` 9 (___ camp, all in relatively good health. 18 most anxious to return to GVN control as a Chieu Hoi and wishes to bring the 10 11 six US PWs with him.

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12 ← (b)] is currently performing duty from 2,200 to 13 2,400 as guard over PWs. There are two other guards. The 14 only other force in the vicinity is a local force VC Platoon 15 🗲 some distance away. will dispose of the two guards, 16 cut the chains which secure the PWs during the hours of darkness and lead them over land to the MeKong River (a 17 18 🗲 distance of three to four kilometers) where will be waiting with a seven-meter sampan to move them all down 19 20 river to the border.

(c) Preliminary planning is being conducted with a view 21 to use of USN River Patrol Boats in conjunction with 22 helicopter gunships to rendezvous with the border, 23 (off-load the US PWs, for the super which 24 (would then be sunk, and return to for the super which 25 (is the staging area for the patrol. 26

(d) Detailed planning and coordination will be conducted 27
early next week with a view toward execution late in the 28
week. In the meantime, a pistol with silencer and chain 29
dutting tools capable of being smuggled by the into the 30
camp are being obtained. 31

TS) COMUSMACV Msg, 3106/1108552 Jul 67

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<i>.</i>	(2) Operation ANGLER. III MAF surveillance for the UHF	1
	homer on 4 July. As of the end of the reporting period it	2
	had not been detected.	3
	(3) Operation SWAP. No change.	4
	(4) Operation GRENADE. No change.	5
,	(5) Operation QUICK TIME. Three different attempts have	6
١	been made to gain usable photography of the area of interest.	7
1	None of the photography received has been satisfactory and	• 8
- 0	efforts continue to obtain higher quality photography in order	9
1	to pin point the house and surroundings for planning purposes.	10
	(6) Operation BANDITO	11
	Reference: COMUSMACV message (S) MACSOG CITE 3023,	12
	dtg 0707002 Jul 67. It is understtod that the RVNAF chain	13
	of command is working out details of the letter of agreement	14
	that will grant permission for the three Khmer Serai Companie	s 15
	to enter SVN. The CG, IV CTZ is hopeful of receiving it or	16
	further sinstructions' prior to a meeting scheduled for 11	17
<u> </u>	July with the Hoa Hao negotistor. The Senior Advisor, IV	18
-	CTZ will have an observer at this meeting.	19
ษา	b. <u>Recovery Operations</u> , 10-16 Jul 1967*	20
	(1) Operation RIPTIDE	21
	(a) The recovery plan remained as reported previously	22
	with two minor changes; (1) Due to duty period the	23 🗲
	operation was slipped 24 hours so that he had the 2200-2400	24
	watch, and (2) would accompany to the edge of the	25
	camp and backup while he killed the guards, at which	26 E
	time would then go into the camp to assist in in	27 🗲
	freeing the prisoners.	28
	(b) The JPRC field team met with on the morning of	29 🗲
	13 July. then informed the team that he had been in the	30 🗲
	camp on the previous day and that the silenced 22 pistol and	31
	the hacksaw had been buried in the camp.	32
* (T S)	COMUSILACY Hsg, 3234/1811222 July 67	
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(inter	CUMUSIACY Msg. 3234/1811222 July 67	

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(c) The operation was activated on 14 July with the PBRs on station in the Nekong River just below the border by 2230H. The boats remained on station until first light waiting for the Sampan. Neither the Sampan, for the Sampan or for] appeared and surveillance was terminated.

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(d) On the contingency that and and the Prisoners had been able to excapt, but were unable to reach the river and were forced to hide during the day due to the presence of hostile forces, the operation was set up to run again on the night of the 15 July. No contact was made this night, and the operation was terminated.

(2) <u>Operation ANGLER</u>. The source should report back about 22-23 15
July with information on the location of the camp and the 16
status of the UHF homer, Electronic surveillance was maintained 17
through 16 July with negative results. 18

(3) Operation SWAP. As no progress has been made on this operation since 9 June, it is dropped from the active list pending further developments which warrant it's activation.

(4) <u>Operation GRENADE</u>. As no progress has been made on this
22
operation since 16 June, it is being dropped from the active
23
list pending further developments which warrant it's activation.
24
(5) <u>Operation OUICK TIME</u>. No change.
25

(6) Operation SANDITO.
(a) The metting listed in the last report took place
(b) The metting listed in the last report took place
(b) Chief MSS, and Ch

S/A, IV CTZ.

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	(c) told told that he would begin negotiations	:	←
	to return the Khmer Serai to GVN once proff of the nine PWs	Ę	•
	is received. agreed to arrange a meeting with as	3	4
	quickly as possible and believes he can bring the proof of	-	`
	possession to Can The about 18 July. Proof is to consist of	2	
	a group photo of the nine US PWs and a list of their names,	Ę	
	ranks and service numbers.	-	
	cc. Recovery Operations, 17-23 Jul 1967	5	
	(1) Operation RIP TIDE	ç	
•	(a) No further information has been received which would	1	
	indicate fate. wife has queried the Chau Doc	-	\leftarrow
	CRD representative several times as to whereabouts.	3	4
	(b) Efforts are continuing to determine why the operation 3	Ξ	
	failed.	L	
	(2) Operation ANGLER	Ţ	
	(a) The source returned to Tra Bong District Headquarters	Ē	
	on 14 July and was debriefed on 17 July.	5	
-	(b) The source arrived in the camp on 2 July, found the	LE	
ব্যাক	prisoners were gone and did not activate the UHF homer.	13	
	(c) The source stated that the US prisoners departed 2	22	
	the camp on 30 June accompanied by 500 VC headed towards Laos. 2	21	
	(d) This operation will not be reported on unless future	12	
	developments warrant reactivation.	23	
		E –	
		23	4
		25	
		27	
		22	
		29	,
		33	4
	His original estimate of returning by 18 July with proof of	31	
	the U.S. PWs was slipped by CRD Can The to 19 or 20 July.	33	
	201 - 2010 10 - 1067 (2530307 3 - 5 - 5 -		
/	(S) CONUSMACV MSE, 3367/2512122 Jul 67		
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(b) has not surfaced as of this date. (5) Other activities. 2 (a) On 18 July MAGIC STONE 404 (Oriskany A4E) was downed in the vicinity of SAR effort was suspended until first light on the morning of 19 July due Ę heavy automic weapons fire in the vicinity of the downed 6 pilot. JPRC was queried at this time as to the availability of a Bright Light team or other possible JPRC assets. It 6 was determined that the use of a Bright Light team was not . . ġ feasible due to the hostile AAA environment, and the necessity 10 to successfully exfiltrate the team by helo after the pilot 11 had been located. 12 (b) At first on the 19th SAR was again activated on MAGIC 13 STONE 404. The rescue helo was subsequently shot down while 14 attempting to get in position for the pickup and SAR was 15 again suspended. 16 (c) JPRC explored the feasibility of employing the Fultc. 17 Recovery equipped C-130 aircraft for a night pickup, and it 18 was determined to be not feasible due to the heavy **V.**2665 29 concentration 6f AW/AAA/SAM in the immediate vicinity. 20 (d) Contact was maintained with the downed pilot 21 through the 19th and on the morning of the 20th. Two A4s 22 picked up two JPRC M4-A survival kits at DaNang and 23 delivered them to the site of MAGIC STONE 404 at 210015H. 24 (e) There has been no further information on MAGIC 25 STONE 404. 26 dd. Recovery Operations, 24-30 Jul 1967* 27 (1) Operation RIP TIDE 28 (a) wife made an unannounced trip to an 29 🔶 undisclosed place for three days on 27 July. Indications are 30 that she could very possibly have some information on the 31 whereabouts of 32 🔶 (b) She will be debriefed on her trip and knowledge 33 of her husbands activities in the immediate future. 34 CRET

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-	(2) Operation EANCITU	1
-	(a) returned to the 135th MI group on 25 July. Tam	2 🖣
	stated that he ran into "difficulties" and was unable to	3
	obtain the identifying dats on the US PWs.	ł,
	(b) was redispatched on 28 July and instructed to	5 <
	get the identifying information and report back not later	6
	than 3 August.	7
	ee. Recovery Operations, 31 Jul - 6 Aug 1967*	8
	(1) Operation RIP TIDE	9
	(a) wife was debriefed by the 135th MI GP with	10 🗲
	no further knowledge of whereabouts determined.	ш 🗧
	(2) Operation QUICK TIME. No change	12
	(3) Operation BANDITO	13
	(a) has not reported back as directed.	14 🗲
	(b) The sincerity of the is seriously doubted, and he	15 🗲
	is rated as a very poor gource.	16
	(c) Collection efforts are continuing.	17
	(4) Operation SAHARA	18
	(a) This operation was initiated upon receipt of a .	19
	debriefing of a PRU member who was a VC prisoner for a year.	20
	He was imprisoned in the vicinity of WQ 02 77.	21
	(b) During the first six months of his imprisonment he	22
	was kept in the same hut with six US PWs. These six were two	23
	Negroes and four caucasians. One of the negroes told the PRU	24
	member that he was a medic and had been captured at Hai Yen.	25
	(c) In January the camp was moved with the VN and US PWs	26
	placed in two different camps. The PRU member spent the rest	27
	of his 6 months imprisonment rowing a boat daily from the	28
	Vietnamese camp to the US camp carrying food for the US PWs.	29
	(d) A detailed list of EEI has been furnished the 135th	30
	MI Group for use in a more detailed debriefing.	- 31

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SECRET (e) Photo and visual recce will be flown on the suspected 1 2 area. 3 (5) Operation SHAMROCK SEVEN 4 (a) Since Jun 67 there have been an increasing number of 5 US PW sightings in the BS grid zone west of Quang Ngai. 6 (b) CG TF Oregon has been advised and JPRC has offered to send a representative in order to bring available intelligence 7 8 into focus and to discuss potential operations. 9 (c) Intelligence agencies in the area have been tasked 10 to increase their efforts in this area in order that PW camp locations may be pinpointed. 11 (6) Other Activities 12 (a) Agent reports have indicated up to nine US PWs being 13 held by elements of the B-3 Front in Cambodia vicinity XA 54 5014 (b) Liason trip between JPRC and representatives of the 15 CO 4th INF DIV have been accomplished. 16 (c) CG 4th INF DIV has been granted authority to attempt 17 18 a battle field prisoner exchange. 19 (d) The 135th MI CP has furnished the CG 4th ID an experienced agent handler who is familiar with JPRC and third 20 country operations. The agent from the 135th will advise 21 CG 4th INF DIV of the most suitable method to contact the 22 B-3 Front Commander. 23 ff. Recovery Operations, 7-13 Aug 1967* 24 (1) Operation RIP TIDE. No information has been received 25 26 ← fate or location. As no progress has been made as to on this operation since 15 July it is dropped from the list 27 pending further developments which would Warrant its reactivation, 28 (2) Operation QUICK TIME. Photography received did not cover 29 the target area due to camera malfunction. The mission has been 30 re-fragged. 31 COMUSMACV Msg, 3722/0811422 Aug 67 . F-93 Appendix F

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(3) Operation BANDITO. During the reporting period it was 1 2 learned that the Deputy Commander of the Hos Hao unit, 3 was dispatched on 5 Aug 67 with a camera to get pictures of 4 the nine US PWs. As of the close of the period he has not 5 returned. 6 (4) Operation SAHARA. It has been discovered that the source, 7 a prisoner released by the VC, is not a member of the PRU as 8 alledged. Attempts to verify his story continue as does a search 9 for a second source of information. 10 (5) Operation SHAMROCK SEVEN. (a) A JPRC representative spent the period 8-10 Aug 67 11 with Task Force Oregon. Much of the information collated by 12 13 JPRC was not known to that headquarters. The C-2 was given 14 a thorough briefing on the accumulated sighting data and the TF collection effort has been intensified. 15 16 (b) Documents that have been recently captured in the 17 TAOR were sent to CDEC for expedited translation. The initial 18 screening indicates some disclosure of names, possible 19 locations, and cadres of PW camps. 20 (6) Other Activities: On 11 Aug 67 & JPRC representative 21 visited Headquarters, 4th Inf Div, to confer with the CO and 22 G-2. Their plan of action to contact the B-3 Front Commander to 23 negotiate a prisoner exchange was to be presented to the CG 24 for approval on 12 Aug. JPRC assistance was offered to locate NVA prisoners from that Front or funds to pay for release, should 25 26 either of these be the exchange price. Recruiting continues for 27 a suitable individual(s) to establish contact. 28 gg. Recovery Operations, 14-20 Aug 1967* 29 (1) Operation_QUICK TIME (a) Photography flown was again not suitable and is being 30 re-flown. It is expected to be available on or about 23 Aug 67. 31

NO COMUSMACV Mag, 3895/1511452 Aug 67

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(b) Although no new information has been received 1 concerning the new location of the suspected way station 2 several reports have been received indicating PU camp 3 locations at Two Caucasian PWs are alleged to be held along with 40 to 50 5 6 Vietnamese, Cambodian and Chinese PWs at the latter location. Another source has reported a PW camp in tree houses at 7 4 8 No US were reported held here. 9 (c) In view of all of this activity in the general 10 vicinity the collection effort continues. (2) Operation BANDITO 11 deputy, met with (the leader of the 12 (a) Khmer Serai) on 5 August. refused to furnish any proof 13 of the US PWs as he did not believe written statement 4 14 that his Khmer Serai unit would be accepted into the GVN with 15 Hao unit. will not release any US PWs until 16 \leftarrow he sees 4 Hoa Hao cross the border into Vietnam. It the 17 Hoa Hao are allowed in. will follow with the Khmer 18 4 and the US PWs. 19 4-20 (b) was detained by in Cambodia for a short 4 period of time due to 21 distrust of During detention he observed two US PW's, the descriptions were 22 passed to whoin turn informed the CRD Can The. The 23 4 24 descriptions included one negro and one caucasian, one of 25 🗲 whom repaired radios for (c) If the GVN will not allow the Hoa Hao and Khmer Serai 26 into SVN without proof of the US PWs, will terminate 27 negotiations with . If negotiations are terminated, 28 4 has suggested that his forces can effect the release of the 29 PWs if furnished ammunition for Bren guns, BARs, Thompson 30 submachine guns and hand grenaues. 31

(TS) COMUSHACY MSE, 4041/2214062 AUG 67

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(d) As of the close of the period bad not arrived 14 2 ← at Can Tho to pass the above information to 3 the negotiator for CG, IV CTZ. JPRC believes that the 4 CG, IV CTZ, is not disposed to continue negotiations 5 ← without some proof of possession being furnished by 6 4 and , although from our standpoint there is little 7 to be lost and possible much to be gained by going along 8 6 with demands. (3) Operation SAHARA. An erroneous translation of the 9 original Vietnamese debrief of the described him as a PRU. When 10 4 re-checked, it was found that he was a Popular Forces soldier. 11 The collection effort continues. 12 13 (4) Operation SHAMROCK SEVEN. No change 14 (5) Other Activities. There has been no change in the status of the PW Exchange negotiation effort being initiated 15 by CG, 4th Inf Div. 16

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Appendix P

5	TOP SECRET	
_	hh. <u>Recovery Operations</u> , 21-27-August 1967*	ב
\bigcap	(1) Operation QUICK TIME. Photography flown on 23 August	2
`	was unsuitable. Pertinent personnel have been briefed on	3
•	the photography required and suitable photography is	4
	expected shortly.	5
	(2) Operation BANDITO. No change.	6
	(3) Operation SAHARA, A photographic mosaic of the area	7
-	of interest has been constructed. If the source is able to	6
Ŀ	identify the camp, raid planning with SA IV CTZ will commence.	10
_	(4) Operation_SHAMROCK_SEVEN. JPRC received additional	11
	intelligence on the area from III MAF. A JPRC representative	12
	was dispatched to CG III MAF to brief selected personnel	13
	on information which JPRC has collated in the area. Aerial	14
	photography and infra-red imagery failed to confirm the	15
	location of two alleged camps. III MAP intends to page	16
	existing intelligence to CG.Task Force Oregon for further	17
	evaluation and study.	18
	(5) Operation LUCKY LEAF	19
	(a) JPRC received an abbreviated debriefing report of	20
	PW soldier who was captured by the VC in 1962, and escaped	21
	on 9 August 1967. Two U.S. personnel were brought to	22
	the camp during April of 1965. One of the US was a negro	23
	Master Sergeant, the other being a caucasian Captain.	24
	(b) In February 1967, the source was detailed to camp	25
	work parties which obtained fish and cut wood. He was	26
	able to escape from his guard while fishing.	27
	(c) Photography of the area was shown to the source and	28
	he was able to identify work and fishing sites. Subsequently	,29
	he was flown over the area by a FAC, and was able to	30
	localize the camp location by tree patterns to within	31
	200 meters.	35
< /	* (S) COMUSMACV NSg, 4183/2911312 Aug 67	
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-	(d) Source was polygraphed with no deception noted.	1	
· ·	(e) On the basis of the source being able to	2	
	localize the camp, with corroborating information,	3	
	raid planning was initiated. Planning for this mission	4	
	continues with a target date for execution approximately	5	
•	13 September 1967.	6	
	(6) Other Activities. 4th Infantry Division Exchange	7	
•	gram. No further information.	8	
	Recovery Operations, 28 August-3 September 1967	• 9	
_	1) Operation QUICK TIME. No change.	10	
(2) Operation BANDITO. No change.	11	
(3) Operation SARARA	12	
		13	
		14	
		15	
	(b) The source stated that he was willing to contact a	16	
ſ	riend who was the camp commander in an effort to persuade	17	
- h	im to raily with the three US PWs allegedly held.	18	
	(c) The source was polygraphed with questionable results	3,19	
	(d) Debrief of the source is continuing.	20	
. (*	4) Operation SHAMROCK SEVEN	21	
	(a) On 1 September, the 2nd Bn, 502nd, Airborne	22	
Iı	nfantry of Task Force OREGON raided PW camps at	23	
	Twenty-two indigenous personnel were	24	
re	emoved from the camp at the breakdown of	`25	Ę
tł	ne personnel is as follows: One VC	26 27	
	One RF PVT One CIDG PVT	28	
	Three Civil Defendents Sixteen Innocent Civilians	29 30	
	(b) The camp at did not contain any prisoners	, 31	4
hc	owever, the raid force reported evidence that US PWs had	32	•
. be	en held in that location. Battlefield interrogation	33	
	WSMACV Msg, 4299/0511402 Sep 67		
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of the individuals recovered at a local and icated	1
that US PWs had been in the camp, but evacuated	2
approximately 30 days previously.	3
(c) All recovered VNs have been turned over to the	ų
135th MI GP to determine their knowledge of US FWs, and	5
camp procedures.	6
(d) The SHAMROCK SEVEN area remains an area of intense	7
interest to JPRC and information concerning US PWs in	8
this vicinity will continue to be actively pursued.	9
(5) Operation LUCXY LEAF. JPRC is attempting to move	10
the raid target date from 15 September to 9 September in	11
an effort to execute the raid as soon as practical.	12
(6) Other Activities. 4th Infantry Division Exchange	13
Program. No change.	14

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TOP SECRET 1 jj. Recovery Operations, 4-10 September 1967 2 (1) Operation QUICK TIME 3 (a) Suitable photography of this area has been obtained. 4 Initial readout failed to verify the location of the sus-5 pected way station. 6 (b) A detail analysis of the photographs will be made. 7 (2) Operation BANDITO B (a) No contact has been made with of Hoa Hao or of the Khmer Serai since 5 August. 9 10 (b) CO, Region IV 135th MI GP has been requested to develop new sources or means of communicating with the Hoa Hadl and Khmer Serai units who allegedly hold the US prisoners. 12 (3) Operation LUCKY LEAF 13 14 (a) This operation is scheduled to be conducted on 1 October under control of SA IV CTZ. The postponement 15 16 from the previously scheduled date of 13 September was made to permit additional time for planning and rehearsal 17 18 by personnel who will conduct the operation. (b) The tentative plan is to use Special Forces personnel 19 to assault and secure the camp while a reserve force is kept 20 21 in position to react immediately to the needs of the situation. 22 (4) Operation SAHARA 23 24 -(a) The source, was unable to locate the PW camp on a photographic mosaic of the area. 25 26 🧲 (b) will be flown on an aerial reconnaissance of the area. 27 28 (5) Operation SHAMROCK VII. No further information. (6) Other Activities. 4th infantry Division Exchange Program.29 30 The unit is still trying to develop a suitable source to 31 contact the B-3 Front Commander. COMUSMACV Msg, 4435/1212112 Sep 67

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_	kk. Recovery Operations, 11-17 September 1967*	:	
7-	(1) Operation QUICK TIME	2	
í	(a) Detailed readout of photography failed to	3	
÷	indicate the location of the suspected way station.	L	
	(b) Because information has not been developed as	5	
	expected, this operation is being dropped from the active	E	
	list of projects.	7	
-	(2) Operation BANDITO. No new developments.	3	
	(3) Operation LUCKY LEAP	ç	
ч - ч	(a) Planning continues.	10	
	(b) JPRC furnished SA IV CTZ with area, analysis charts	11	
	obtained for them from the Combined Intelligence Center	12	
	Vietnam.	13	
	(4) Operation SAHARA. Was flown on a VR on 16 September.	14	←
	He pointed out, as the camp location, an area 20 KM SW of the	15	
	area originally claimed. JPRC requested Region IV, 135th	16	
	MI Gp, to attempt to reconcile this discrepancy.	17	
	(5) Operation SHAMROCK VII. No further information.	18	
,	.(6) Other Activities. 4th Infantry Division Exchange.	19	
_	No_ohange.	20	
	11. Recovery Operations 18-24 September 1967**	21	
	(1) Operation BANDITO	22	
`	(a) No contact has been made with the original source,	23 -	4
	(b) Region IV, 135th MI GP, has been unable to develop	24	
	a new source to contact the Roa Hao or Knmer Serai. Unless	25	
	recruiting efforts are successful by 30 September 1967,	26	
	this operation will be dropped from the active list of	27	
	projects.	28	
	(2) Operation LUCKY LEAF	29	
	(a) Planning continues.	30	
	(b) US 25th Infantry Division will provide a battalion	31	
	sized reaction force for this operation.	32	
7	S) COMUSIACV Msg, 4603/1912322 Sep 67 S) COMUSIACV Msg, 4776/2612182 Sep 67		
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	(c) Schedule of events:	1
(<u>l.</u> 1 October - Infiltration by Special Forces	2
	personnel.	З
,	2. 1-5 October - Movement to and reconnaissance	4
	of target. A determination will be made 24 to 36	5
`	hours after infiltration as to recommended movement	6
_	time of the reaction force.	7
-	$\underline{3}$. $\underline{4}$ -6 October - Movement of reaction force to	8
	staging area and deployment. Linkup of reaction and	9
-	recovery force and extraction of POWs.	10
	4, 6-8 October - Debriefing of recovery force and	11
•	preparation of after action report.	12
(3)	Operation SAHARA. No new developments.	13
(4)	Operation SHAMROCK VII	14
	(a) <u>Recapitulation</u> . This nickname was assigned to an	15
area	in which a large number of FOW sightings had been	16
made	. A raid conducted in this area on 1 September resulted	17
in t	he recovery of 20 VN personnel beld captive by the	18
VC.	Interrogation of returnees has not revealed any new	19
info	ormation on US PWs or VC camp procedures.	20
	(b) Reference to this area as SHAMROCK VII area is no	21
long	er considered useful and will be discontinued with this	22
repo	rt. Future operations in the area will be assigned	23
indi	vidual nicknames.	5#
(5)	Operation BATON ARROW	25
	(a) On 22 September, the JPRC received a report indicating	26
that	two US FOWs were being exhibited by a VC force in Vinh	27
Binh	Province. This information was received from two	28
вера	rate sources who believed that they knew where additional	29
exhi	bits were to be held.	30
	(b) Acting upon this information, a JPRC representative	31
visi	ted Can Tho to determine if a recovery operation was	32
feas	ible.	33
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(c) At present, there is insufficient intelligence	1	
to launch an operation; however, all available resources	2	
are being utilized in an attempt to discover the location	3	
•	 4	
of the POWs. (d) The nickname BATON ARROW has been assigned to this	5	
activity.	6	
(6) Other Activities. 4th Infantry Division Exchange.	7	•
No change.	, 8	1
mm. Recovery Operations, 25 September-1 October 1967*	9	
(1) Operation LUCKY LEAF	10	
(a) Operations began as scheduled with the infiltration	11	
of Special Porces personnel into the area on the night of	12	
1-2 October.	13	
(b) The reaction force for this operation is a battalion	-5 14	}
from the US 9th Infantry Division. The BRIGHT LIGHT report	15	j
for the period 18 through 24 September 1967 erroneously	16	1
reported this unit as a battalion from the 25th US Infantry	17	ı
Division.	18	
(2) Operation SAHARA. No new developments.	19	
(3) Operation BATON ARROW	20	5
(a) There has been no sighting of the US POWs since the	21	
ones reported to JPRC on 22 September.	22	
(b) No information has been received from the original	23	
sources since 21 September.	24	-
(c) A measenger has been dispatched to re-establish	25	•
contact with the original sources.	26	
(4) Operation BANDITO -	27	
(a) No contact with the original source Region IV,	28	
135th MI GP, has been unable to recruit a source to	29	-
contact the Hoa Hao or Khmer Serai.	30	
(b) This project is being dropped from the active list	31	
of projects.	32	
		-
(8) COMUSMACV Msg, 4919/0311472 Oct 67		τ
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(5) Ath Infantry Division	1
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nn. Recovery Operations, 2-8 October 1967	4
(1) Operation LUCKY LEAF	5
(a) The USSF team was infiltrated into the area early	6
in the morning of 2 October. The team remained in the	7
- area for 36 hours searching for signs of the camp.	8
The team was exfilled at 1700 on 3 October without finding	9
evidence of a camp and without contact with hostile forces.	10
(b) The Vietnamese source was returned to Can Tho and	11
turned over to the Vietnamese Special Forces S-2 for	12
interrogationDuring this interrogation it became apparent	13
that the source had falsified several statements. He had	14
been previously polygraphed with no adverse reactions.	15
(c) This operation was terminated on 3 October without	16
committing reaction forces.	17
(2) Operation SAHARA	18
	19
	20
	21
	22
	23
	24
	25
	26 🗲
	27
	28
(3) Operation BATON ARROW. The messenger has not returned,	29
and no further information is available.	30
(4) 4th Infantry Division. No change.	31
75) COMUSHACV Mag, 5039/1011082 Oct 67	
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 o. <u>Recovery Operations, 9-15 October 1967</u>* (1) <u>Operation LUCKY LEAP</u>. This operation terminated on 3 October 1967. Subsequent intercogation of source railed to reveal any new information. This report is being dropped from the active list. (2) <u>Operation SANAAA</u>. (3) <u>Operation SANAAA</u>. (3) <u>Operation SANAAA</u>. (4) <u>Operation SANAAA</u>. (3) <u>Operation SANAAA</u>. (4) <u>Operation SANAAA</u>. (5) <u>Operation SANAAA</u>. (6) <u>Operation SANAAA</u>. (7) <u>Sanaa</u>. (8) <u>Operation SANAAA</u>. (9) <u>Operation SANAAA</u>. (1) <u>Operation SANAAA</u>. (1) <u>Operation SANAAA</u>. (2) <u>Operation SANAAA</u>. (3) <u>Operation SANAAA</u>. (4) <u>Operation SANAAA</u>. (5) <u>Operation SANAAA</u>. (6) <u>Operation HIP TIDE</u>. This operation was closed out (10) <u>The concept of the source of the operation</u>. (11) <u>Deeration HIP TIDE</u> was executed on .14 and 15 July (12) <u>Operation HIP TIDE</u> was executed on .14 and 15 July (13) <u>Operation HIP TIDE</u> was executed to rally, kill the (14) <u>Uperation HIP TIDE</u> was executed to rally, kill the (15) <u>The concept of the operation was as follows:</u> (14) <u>Uperation HIP TIDE</u>. (15) <u>Deeney to travel</u> <u>uperation uperation</u> <u>10</u> and (2) <u>Upon the release of the POWs</u>. (2) <u>Upon the release of the POWs</u>. (2) <u>Upon the release of the IPUK</u>. (2) <u>Upon the release of the IPUK</u>. (3) <u>The Sampan was to be met just below the border by</u> (4) <u>The Sampan was to be met just below the border by</u> (5) <u>The Sampan was to be met just below the border by</u> (6) <u>The PBHS were on</u> <u>just</u> (7) <u>The Sampan was to be met just below the border by</u> (6) The PBHS were on <u>the night of the 15/15th in the hope that</u> (7) <u>The Sampan was to be met just below that</u> (8) <u>The Sampan was to the </u>	TOP SECRET		
 (1) <u>Operation LUCKY LEAF.</u> This operation terminated on 3 October 1967. Subsequent interrogation of source failed to reveal my new information. This report is being dropped from the active list. (2) Operation SABARA. (3) <u>Operation BATON ARROW.</u> No new developments. (4) <u>Operation BATON ARROW.</u> No new developments. (5) <u>Operation BATON ARROW.</u> No new developments. (4) <u>Operation BATON ARROW.</u> No new developments. (5) <u>Operation BATON ARROW.</u> No new developments. (4) <u>Operation BATON ARROW.</u> No new developments. (5) <u>Operation BATON ARROW.</u> No new developments. (6) <u>Operation RIP TIDE.</u> This operation was closed out on 13 August 1967; however, the source of the operation, 11 (a) Operation HIP TIDE was executed on .14 and 15 July 14 1967, with regative results. (b) The concept of the operation was as follows: (c) <u>Open the release of the camp</u> 17 4 (d) Upon the release of the rolly, kill the 19 with a camp guard who wanted to rally, kill the 19 with a camp guard who wanted to rally, kill the 29 (c) Upon the release of the FOWS. (d) Upon the release of the FOWS. (e) Upon the release of the FOWS. (f) The Sampan was to be met just below the border by six FBRS, the people taken off and the sampan destroyed. (f) The FBRS were on fight of the 14/15th until first 128 light with no contact. The forces were returned to the surveillance area the night of the 15/16th in the hope that the release had been delayed 24 hours by for an unknown reason. 	oo. Recovery Operations, 9-15 October 1967*	ב	
<pre>fulled to reveal any new information. This report is being dropped from the active list. (2) Operation SARARA. (3) Operation BATON ARROW. No new developments. (4) Operation NEP TIDE. This operation was closed out on 13 August 1967; however, the source of the operation, has been arrested by the MSS and being interrogated by them. (a) Operation RIP TIDE was executed on .14 and 15 July 1967, with regative results. (b) The concept of the operation was as follows: 1. (b) The concept of the operation was as follows: 1. (b) The concept of the operation was as follows: 1. (c) The concept of the operation was as follows: 1. (b) The concept of the operation was as follows: 1. (c) The release of the FOWS, 1. (c) Upon the release of the FOWS, 1. (c) The Satpan was to be met just below the border by 1. (c) The FBRs were on 1. (c) The FBRs wer</pre>		2	
 A billed to from the active list. (2) Operation SABARA. (3) Operation BATON ARROW. No new developments. (4) Operation RIP TIDE. This operation was closed out (5) Operation RIP TIDE. This operation was closed out (6) Operation RIP TIDE. This operation was closed out (7) August 1967; however, the source of the operation, (4) Operation RIP TIDE was executed on 14 and 15 July (a) Operation RIP TIDE was executed on 14 and 15 July (b) The concept of the operation was as follows: (c) The concept of the operation was as follows: (d) The concept of the operation was as follows: (e) The concept of the operation was as follows: (f) The concept of the operation was as follows: (g) The concept of the operation was as follows: (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: (h) The concept of the release of the FOWS. (h) The sampan was to be met just below the border by six PERs, the people taken off and the sampan destroyed. (c) The PERs were on for the l4/15th until first (f) the PERs were on for the l4/15th until first (h) the contact. The forces were returned to the surveillance area the night of the l5/16th in the hope that the release had been delayed 24 hours by for an the same operation operation operation was as for a sincontact. 	on 3 October 1967. Subsequent interrogation of source	3	
 (2) Operation BATON ARROW. No new developments. (3) Operation EATON ARROW. No new developments. (4) Operation RIP TIDE. This operation was closed out on 13 August 1967; however, the source of the operation, (a) Operation RIP TIDE was executed on .14 and 15 July 14 1967, with regative results. (b) The concept of the operation was as follows: (c) The concept of the operation was as follows: (d) Operation guard who wanted to rally, kill the shree remaining guards and release the six US FOWS. (c) Upon the release of the FOWS. (d) Operation that had been hidden there, and bring the POWS were to travel who wanted to rally just 27 below the border on the night of the 14/15th until first 28 light with no contact. The forces were returned to the 30 the release had been delayed 24 hours by for an 31 < 14 	failed to reveal any new information. This report is being	4	
 (3) Operation BATON ARROW. No new developments. (4) Operation RIP TIDE. This operation was closed out on 13 August 1967; however, the source of the operation, (a) Operation RIP TIDE was executed on .14 and 15 July 14 1967, with regative results. (b) The concept of the operation was as follows: (c) The concept of the operation was as follows: (d) Uper the release of the FOWS. (e) Upon the release of the FOWS. (f) Upon the release of the FOWS. (f) The sampan was to be met just below the border by six FBRs, the people taken off and the sampan destroyed. (f) The PBRS were on Just 27 below the border on the night of the 15/16th in the hope that 30 the release had been delayed 24 hours by for an 31 	dropped from the active list.	5	
 (3) Operation BATON ARROW. No new developments. (4) Operation RIP TIDE. This operation was closed out on 13 August 1967; however, the source of the operation, 11 has been arrested by the KSS and being interrogated 12 by them. (a) Operation RIP TIDE was executed on .14 and 15 July 14 1967, with regative results. (b) The concept of the operation was as follows: 16 (c) The concept of the operation was as follows: 16 (d) Was to proceed to the camp join up 18 (e) The concept of the operation was as follows: 16 (f) The concept of the operation was as follows: 16 (g) Was to proceed to the camp join up 18 (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: 16 (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: 16 (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: 16 (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: 16 (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: 16 (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: 16 (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: 16 (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: 16 (h) The concept of the operation was as follows: 17 (h) The samp guard who wanted to raily, kill the 19 with a camp guards and release the six US FOWS. 20 (h) Upon the release of the FOWS. 17 (h) The sampan was to be met just below the border by 25 (h) The sampan was to be met just below the border by 25 (h) The PERs were on 16 (h) The peration of the 15/16th in the hope that 30 (h) The peration of the layed 24 hours by for an 31 (h) Was of the layed 24 hours by for an 31 	(2) Operation SABARA.	6	
 (3) Operation BATON ARROW. No new developments. (4) Operation RIP TIDE. This operation was closed out on 13 August 1967; however, the source of the operation, 11 has been arrested by the KSS and being interrogated 12 by them. (a) Operation RIP TIDE was executed on .14 and 15 July 14 1967, with regative results. (b) The concept of the operation was as follows: 1. (b) The concept of the operation was as follows: 1. (c) Was to proceed to the camp form 17 4 with a camp guard who wanted to raily, kill the with a camp guard who wanted to raily, kill the with a camp guard who wanted to raily be with and 2. Upon the release of the FOWs. 2. Upon the release of the FOWs. 2. Upon the release of the FOWs. 2. The sampan that had been hidden there, and bring the POWS 2. The sampan was to be met just below the border by six FBRs, the people taken off and the sampan destroyed. (c) The PBRs were on form 14/15th until first below the border on the night of the 14/15th until first light with no contact. The forces were returned to the surveillance area the night of the 15/16th in the hope that with one contact. 		7	
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three remaining guards and release the six US POWs. 20 2. Upon the release of the POWs, and 21 4 the POWs were to travel pick 22 up a sampan that had been hidden there, and bring the 23 POWS 24 3. The Sampan was to be met just below the border by 25 six PBRs, the people taken off and the sampan destroyed. 26 (c) The PBRs were on 25 below the border on the night of the 14/15th until first 28 light with no contact. The forces were returned to the 29 surveillance area the night of the 15/16th in the hope that 30 the release had been delayed 24 hours by 25 for an 31 4	join up	18	4
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POWs	the POWs were to travel pick	22	
3. The sampan was to be met just below the border by 25 six PBRs, the people taken off and the sampan destroyed. 26 (c) The PBRs were on frequencies just 27 below the border on the night of the 14/15th until first 28 light with no contact. The forces were returned to the 29 surveillance area the night of the 15/16th in the hope that 30 the release had been delayed 24 hours by for an 31 4 unknown reason. 32	up a sampan that had been hidden there, and bring the	23	
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(c) The PBRs were on fight of the 14/15th until first 28 below the border on the night of the 14/15th until first 28 light with no contact. The forces were returned to the 29 surveillance area the night of the 15/16th in the hope that 30 the release had been delayed 24 hours by for an 31 < unknown reason. 32	3. The sampan was to be met just below the border by	25	
below the border on the night of the 14/15th until first 28 light with no contact. The forces were returned to the 29 surveillance area the night of the 15/16th in the hope that 30 the release had been delayed 24 hours by for an 31 < unknown reason. 32	six PBRs, the people taken off and the sampan destroyed.	26	
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surveillance area the night of the 15/16th in the hope that 30 the release had been delayed 24 hours by for an $31 \leftarrow$ unknown reason. 32	below the border on the night of the 14/15th until first	28	
the release had been delayed 24 hours by for an 31 <- unknown reason. 32	light with no contact. The forces were returned to the	29	
unknown reason. 32	surveillance area the night of the 15/16th in the hope that	30	
	the release had been delayed 24 hours by for an	31 -	\leftarrow
(25) COMUSMACV MSB, 5207/1713242 Oct 67	unknown reason.	32	
	(28) COMUSMACV MSg, 5207/1713242 Oct 67		

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TOP SECRET

Appendix P

TOP SECRET by the 135th (d) Preliminary interrogation of 1 4 MI GP indicates: 2 1. The POWs probably were there during July. 3 2. That 44 did not carry out his part of the operation due to fear of being unsuccessful. 5 (c) has been turned over to the MSS for a 4 6 thorough interrogation. 7 (5) 4th Infantry Division. 149th NI GP has been directed 8 to recruit and develop a source to contact the B-3 front 9 commander. 20 pp. Recovery Operations, 16-23 October 1967* 11 (1) Operation SAHARA 12 13 ← 14 ← 15 16 17 4 18 19 4 20 ← 21 22 23 ← 24 25 26 ← 27 28 4 \leftarrow 29 30 ← 31 🗲 32 ← KS) COMUSMACV Msg, 5348/2414142 Oct 67

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Appendix F

(e) This project is closed.

(2) Special Recovery

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(a) On 181120 October 1967, a villager from reported that two Americans were trying to get into South Vietnam from

Cambodia. The information was passed through Special Forces and CRD channels. Representatives of both . these organizations took actions to recover the personnel.

(b) On 200600 October, who claims to be a Hungarian, managed to elude campouran authorities, crossed 10 the border into SVN, and turned himself in at a PF outpost 11 in Chau Doc Province 12 (was taken to the 24th EVAC Hospital, Long Binh. 13

14 (c) Initial interrogation reveals that he has no know-15 ← ledge of US POWs. | claims that he voluntarily 16 entered Cambodia, and that he was being held by Cambodians 17 🗲 PHNOM PENH for deportation to Hungary. elected to escape from Cambodia and attempt entry into SVN. He was 18 accompanied in his escape by an individual, one of twelve, 19 20 who claims to have been working for the US in SVN. and this man parted company at the Cambodian/SVN border when 21 they were taken under fire by a Cambodian outpost. Subse-22 quent information indicated that this man has been 23 recaptured by the VC. The twelve individuals mentioned 24 above were dressed in camouflage suits of the same type 25 26 worn by CIDG personnel.

(d) 27 ← physical condition is considered to be good. He was initially interrogated by members of the 135th MI GP, 28

and is taking 30 🔶 (e) The AMEMB, Saigon, is aware of action to determine his status.

(f) This is a one time report.

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Appendix F

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	TOP SECRET	
	99. Recovery Operations 24-30 October 1967*	1
. شر	(1) Operation BANDITO	2
((a) This operation was dropped from the active list	5
`-	of projects on 3 October 1967 because no contact could be	Ŀ
	made with the original source, and a suitable	5
	source could not be recruited to re-establish contact	6
	with the Hoa Hao or Khmer Serai units in Cambodia.	7
	(b) On 23 October 1967, a new source came to the	8
	attention of JPRC.	9
<u>, 21</u>	sent to Saigon to contact representatives of the	10
	Vietnamese government for the purpose of negotiating an .	11
	agreement to return a 620 man Hoa Hao Unit, now located in	12
	Cambodia, to government control.	13
	effort in Saigon since 15 May 1967.	14
	(c) The documents carried by appear authentic.	15
	Alleges that the Hoa Hao unit holds eight US personnel.	16
	For this reason, and because of the similarity between this	17
	and the past history of BANDITO, this development will be	18
1	explored further by JPRC.	19
	(2) Operation WAYPARER	20
	(a) Since 9 September 1967, there have been 11 reports	21
	of US FOWs being sighted in Dinh Tuong Province.	22
	(b) Each report refers to two or three US POWs being	23
	escorted by a heavily armed VC force.	24
	(c) In an attempt to increase the collection effort,	25
_	and fix the location of the POWs, a JPRC representative	26
	will brief representatives of the intelligence collection	27
	agencies operating in the area of the reported sightings.	28
	(d) The code name WAYPARER has been assigned to this	29
	operation.	30
	(3) 4th Infantry Division Neogitations. No new	31
	developments.	32
	* (S) COMUSMACV Msg, 5542/0113382 Nov 67	
`	TOP SECRET F-108 Appendix F	
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TOP SECRET	•
rr. <u>Recovery Operations, 31 October-6 November 1967</u> *	l
(1) Operation BANDITO	2
(a) Several meetings have been held with	3
)to discuss the situation and conditions for release	L
of the US personnel being held by the Hoa Hao. There	5
have been no new developments.	6
(b) Investigation of background leads to doubt	s 7
concerning the validity of his statements; however, the	. 8
character of the VN individuals who are sponsoring	9
15 such that a certain amount of credence must be given	10
to his story.	11
(c) JPRC will continue to develop this situation.	12
(2) Operation WAYPARER. No new developments.	13
(3) 4th Infantry Division. No new developments.	1 4
(4) Other Activities. Radio Hanoi has announced that thre	e 15
US Army sergeants,	16
	 17
are to be released by the NLF of VN. JPRC is monitoring	18
the actions being taken to receive these individuals if and	19
when they are released.	20
ss. <u>Recovery Operations, 7-13 November 1967</u> **	21
(1) Operation BANDITO	22
(a) Continued interviews and investigations of	、23
the new source, revealed him to be a prevaricator	. 24
who had fabricated his bona fides.	25
(b) This operation will be held in abeyance until a ne	w 26
source is found.	27
(2) Operation WAYFARER. No new developments.	28
(3) 4th Infantry Division. No new developments.	29
(4) <u>Prisoner Release</u>	30
_	•
(5) COMUSMACV Msg, 5698/0712552 Nov 67 (5) COMUSMACV Msg, 5822/1413072 Nov 67	
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Appendix P

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(a) JPRC coordinated and planned with other agencies to arrange for immediate care and debriefing of the three US FOWs released in Cambodia by the VC. These efforts were negated due to the circumstances of release.
(b) The three sergeants will be debriefed in CONUS by members of the 525th MI GP, USARV, who are familiar with and responsive to JPRC requirements.

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(2) Operation RIP TIDE

(a) the source of this operation, has been debriefed by the MSS. A recapitulation of the RIF TIDE operation is given in the BRIGHT LIGHT report for the period 9 October through 15 October 1967. Debriefing failed to reveal any reason for finite failure to carry out his part of the operation other than that he was too scared.

(b) the MSS captain who debriefed to believes that there is some validity to the basic story . presented by the captain visited and has made contact with another individual who has knowledge of the camp. Introduced this source to (c) who states frankly that he is motivated by the possibility of the reward, believes that he can develop other sources of information on this camp location, and possibly carry off a recovery operation.

COMUE! ACV Mag, 5971/2110442 Nov 67

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Appendix F

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TOP	SECRET	
2	(d) does not trust and does not intend	1
	to have him associated with the operation in	2
	coordination with a special agent of the 525th MI GP is	3
	developing a plan of operation.	7
	(e) JPRC will monitor and assist.	5
	(3) Operation DAMP ABBEY	f
	(a) On 8 November, a walk-in source at Det B-55,	7
	5th SFGA, Saigon stated that he knew of two US FOWs who	3
	were being held in a tunnel under a pagoda near My Tho	ç
-1		10
	(b) He stated that he would return to Det B-55 on 11	11
	November with a friend from MY THO who had seen the POWs	12
	and would produce photographs of them and provide the	13
	exact location of the tunnel.	14
	(c) Source failed to return on 11 November and it was	15
	subsequently learned that he had been arrested by the	16
	National Police on or about 14 November. He is being held	17
	in jail in Saigon, charge unknown.	18
	(d) Military Intelligence (the Central Registry Detachment	;)19
-	is now bandling the case and will attempt to contact the	20
`	source or his wife in order to learn the identify of the	21
	individual in My Tho who is the actual source of information	22
	concerning the US POWs.	23
	(e) The name DAMP ABBEY has been assigned to this	24
	operation.	25
	(4) Ath Infantry Division. No new developments.	26
	(5) JPRC submitted EEI to the USAINTC for debriefing of	27
	JPRC is closely monitoring	28
-	the debriefings of these individuals with a view toward	29
	determining the exact location of the camp or camps in which	30
	they were held.	31

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Appendix F

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TOP SECRET	· ·
uu. Recovery Operations, 21-27 November 1967*	1
(1) Operation WAYFARER	5
(a) On 22 November 1967, two reports were received	3
of sightings of US POWs in the WAYFARER area on 15	4
November 1967. Both sights were of US POWs-being	5
moved under VC guard,	6
(b) On 25 November 1967, a report was received of a	7
lone US FOW being held in a cottage in a hamlet reported	· 8
to be protected by two VC companies.	9
(c) In both above instances it was not possible to	10
take action since the source's information was dated.	11
· (d) Attempted recovery operation in the area would	12
be extremely difficult for the following reasons:	13
1. It is difficult to obtain detailed timely	14
information on US POWs in the area since the area is	15
under VC control. '	16
2. The US POWs appear to be heavily guarded by the	17
VC.	18
3. It is difficult to fix the location of the US	19
POWs since a majority of the reports received since	20
9 September 1967 indicate they have been observed movi	ng 21
under VC escort. They do not appear to be kept in the	22
same area for more than a few days and there is no	23
indication of a permanent POW camp in this area.	- 24
(2) Operation RIP TIDE	25
(a) as been released by the MSS and is no longe	r 26
associated with the operation.	27
(b) or the MSS in coordination with a	28
special agent of the 525th MI GP is attempting to develop	29
new sources in the CHAU DOC area.	30
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* (8) COMUSMACV Msg, 6088/2813092 Nov 67	

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/	(c) JPRC will monitor and assist.	l
-	(3) Operation DAMP ABBEY	2
	(a) Special agents of military intelligence (the	3
	Central Registry Detachment) have been denied access to	ų
	the walk-in source who is presently in jail in Saigon	5
	under VN control.	6
	(b) They are now attempting to locate and contact the	7
	wife of the walk-in. She is reported to know the	8
	individual in MY THO who is the actual source of information	9
	concerning the US FOWs.	10
	(4) 4th Infantry Division Exchange	11
	(a) The 4th Infantry Division proposes to dispatch	12
	a NVA prisoner, recently captured in DAK TO area, to	13
	the B-3 Front Commander with a message that proposes a	24
	Battlefield exchange of POWs.	15
	(b) The letter, in both English and Vietnamese, would	16
	y propose a one-for-one exchange of prisoners of comparable	17
	rank. The letter provides detailed information for the	28
	B-3 Front Commander as to methods by which he can	19
	communicate his acceptance or rejection of the proposal,	20
	or his willingness to negotiate the exchange. A suitable	21
	location in SVN, near the SE NAN River border with	22
	Cambodia will be proposed as the site of the exchange, or	23
	negotiations if required. The letter further stipulates	24
	that should he agree to the exchange or to negotiate the	25
	exchange, each delegation shall not exceed ten men; each	26
	delegation will display a white flag of truce, and the	27
	display of National Flags will be prohibited; the combat	28
	forces of either side may be no closer than 5 kilometers	29
	from the exchange site; that the exchange or negotiations	30
	will be without ceremony and that photography will not	31
	be permitted.	32

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(c) The plan envisions a one-for-one exchange as an 1 initial proposal. However, the 4th Division will be pre-2 pared to negotiate for an increased ratio of NVA to US 3 should they so request. Also, JPRC has indicated that a 4 sum of up to \$5,000 may be offered during any initial 5 negotiations for each 4th Div member now in the hands of 6 the NVA. 7

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(d) 4th Div has requested authority to dispatch the NVA prisoner with the letter proposing the exchange of the 4th Div prisoners now in the hands of the NVA for a like number of NVA prisoners captured by the 4th Div. Additionally, they have requested authority to, negotiate the number and rank of prisoners to be exchanged for personnel now held by the NVA.

(e) Permission has been passed for 4th Div to_____ initiate theirpproposed plan.



2. JPRC representatives will visit Can The on
28 Nov to pass available information to the IV CORPS
32
G-2 and G-3 advisors and Company D, 5th SFGA.
Possibilities of a recovery operation will also be
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discussed.

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2	3.	
	vv. Recovery Operations, 28 Nov-4 Dec 1967*	
	(1) Operation WAYPARER. No new developments.	
	(2) Operation RIP TIDE. JPRC has made arrangements to	
	transport of the MSS and a special agent of the	•
	525 MI GP to Chau Doc to initiate a program to develop new	
	sources of information on the camp location as proposed by	1
	in mid-November.	1
	(3) Operation DAMP ABBEY	1
	(a) 525 MI GP has been unable to make contact with	נ
	(the walk-in source of information for this operation,	1
	who is being held in jail in Saigon.	1
	(b) Investigation of police record indicates	1
	that in July 1957, he as dismissed by USOM, AMEMB, for	1
4	illegal use of government equipment; and in August 1960,	1
	he was arrested for organizing the NATIONAL SALVATION	1
	FRONT and charged with plotting treason. There is no	20
	record of the action that was taken in either case.	2:
	(c) The 525 MI GP is attempting to contact with wife	23
	of to determine whether or not she has knowledge of	2)
	the information passed by	• 2
	(4) Operation DARK JUNGLE	2
	(a) On 24 Nov, CI, III MAF received a report from the	28
	3d Marine Division which indicated the possibility of a	23
	VC prison camp containing 100 prisoners located within	28
	the grid square .	29
	(b) There have been three other reports of VC camps	30
	being located in that general area.	31

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TOP (c) An aircraft on a photography mission over the 1 area drew fire from positions estimated as and 2 An aircraft equipped with infra-red sensors 3 4 flew a second mission over the area and also drew ground fire from unknown positions. This aircraft detected 5 numerous heat emissions from this area. 6 , 7 (d) Additional photography of the area will be flown as soon as weather permits, and if the location of camp 8 can be fixed, a recovery operation will be conducted. 9 (e) The name DARK JUNGLE has been assigned to this 10 11 operation. 12 . (5) 4th Infantry Division Exchange. No new developments. (6)/ 13 14 15 161 17 18 19 20 21 22 ^{*#}23 24 25 26 27 28 29 ww. Recovery Operations 5-11 Dec 1967* 30 (1) Operation WAYFARER. No new developments. 31 COMUSMACV Msg, 6389/121300Z Dec 67 F-116 Appendix F

	TOP SECRET	
	(2) Operation RIP TIDE. Of the MSS and a Special	ı
1	Agent of the 525 MI GP are presently in Chau Doc setting up	2
(a program to develop the new sources of information on the	3
	location of the PW camp in Cambodia.	4
	(3) Operation DARK JUNGLE	5
	(a) Aerial photography of the operational area flown	6
	on 7 Dec failed to confirm the location or existence of	7
	the suspected camp containing ARVN PWs.	. 8
	(b) Enemy strength in the area prevents ground	g
	reconnaissance. The nearest point at which helicopters	10
	can land is five kilometers from the suspected camp site.	11
	A surprise airmobile assault against the camp would be	12
	impossible.	13
	(c) Unless new information develops which would	14
	warrant committing a large force in a recovery operation,	15
	there is no plan to take immediate action against this	16
	alleged site.	17
((d) Activity in this area will be monitored, but no	18
1	further reports on this operation will be made unless	19
	significant information develops.	20
	(4) Operation TEAMSTER	21
	(a) Since early Nov, JPRC has received three reports	22
	from the 525 MI GP indicating four possible PW camps	23
	along the Bien Hoa-Long Khanh Province border, northeast	24
	of Xuan Loc.	25
	(b) On 8 Dec, a JPRC representative visited Zuan Loc	26
	and discussed the situation with intelligence personnel	27
	there. Since there are no other sources available with	28
	access to the area where the camps are allegedly located,	29
	it was decided to send a small reconnaissance team into	30
`	the area.	31
	(c) The team will be provided by the Long Khanh	32
	Provincial Reconnaissance Unit (PRU), and is tentatively	33
`	scheduled to infiltrate the area late next week. Its	34

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mission is to determine if there are camps containing US PWs in the area and obtain sufficient data to launch a recovery operation. 1 2

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(d) In order to assist in the reconnaissance, JPRC will provide the Chief, Long Khanh PRU with all available data, to include aerial photography, information reports, and EEI.

(e) This operation has been given the code name TEAMSTER.

(5) Operation DAMP ABBEY

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(a) A special agent of the 525 MI GP contacted the wife of the walk-in. However, she was unable to provide him with the identity of the individual in My Tho, who allegedly knows the location of the two US PWs.

(b) It is believed that the walk-in, presently in
jail in Saigon, is the only person who can identify the
individual in My Thp. Thus far, the 525 MI GP has been
denied access to the walk-in by the National Police.

(c) Further attempts will be made to contact the 19
walk-in through an OSA liaison officer to the National 20
Police. If this is unsuccessful, the operation will be 21
terminated. 22

(6) 4th Infantry Division Negotiations

(a) JPRC representatives visited the headquarters of . 24
 the 4th Inf Div and were briefed on the status and progress 25
 of this operation. 26

(b) A message will be dispatched within 10 days to the B-3 Front Commander via a captured VC soldier.





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	(b) This project is being dropped from the active	ı
(list pending further information which would warrant	2
•	its reactivation.	3
-	(2) Operation RIP TIDE	4
	(a) of the MSS and the Special Agent of the	5
	525 MI GP returned from Chau Doc on 12 Dec.	6
	(b) has established contact with a number	7
	of individuals who he believes will be able to provide	8
-	information on possible US prisoners being held in	9
-	Cambodia.	10
	(3) Operation TEAMSTER. No new developments.	11
	(4) Operation DAMP ABBEY	12
	(a) US intelligence collection agencies have been	13
	unable to gain access to the original source,	14
	who we believe to be in the Saigon jail. On 14 Dec,	15
	representatives of the National Police were queried as	16
~	to his status, and they denied that he had ever been	17
	arrested. This is contrary to information received on	18
	21 Nov from , Deputy Chief, Planning	19
,	Division, Special Police Branch of the National Police	20
	who stated that had been arrested for illegal	21
	possession of false papers on or about 14 Nov.	22
	(b) This conflicting information has been given to	23
	the OSA Advisor to the Special Branch, Vietnamese. National	,24
	Police who will use it to attempt to obtain access to DUC.	25
	(5) 4th Infantry Division Negotiations. No new develop-	26
	ments.	27
	(6)	28
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	zz. Recovery Operations, 26-31 Dec 1967	4
	(1) Operation RIP TIDE. No new developments.	5
•	(2) Operation TEAMSTER. No new developments.	6
	(3) Operation DAMF ABBEY. No new developments.	7
	(4) Operation BLACK KNIGHT	8
1	(a) JCS stated that unless additional intelligence	. 9
~1	dictates the requirement for an immediate response, the	10
	operation should not be executed until at least one week	11
	. after the TET cease fire and then only with prior	12
	Washington approval.	13
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G.	(75) JPRC EVALUATION,	1967	נ
\	1. (TS) CINCPAC Joint	Survey Team	2
	a. In November 196	7, a Joint Survey Team convened at	3
	CINCPAC Headquarters	to undertake a comprehensive study of	4
	MACSOG programs. The	team conducted a survey of the JPRC,	5
	its activities, plans	and programs, and provided the	6
	following conclusions	and recommendations concerning the	7
	Center:	"CONCLUSIONS	8

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"(1) The new JTD, modified to retain the one 04 intelligence officer space, will be adequate to accomplish the JPRC mission.

"(2) The terms of reference provide adequate authority for the JPRC to perform its functions and discharge its responsibilities.

"(3) Sufficient communications facilities are available to the JPRC to permit the full scope of operations envisioned by the mission.



"(5) The largest single problem in location and recovery of detained US/FWMAF personnel is the lack of timely and accurate intelligence data.

"(6) The JPRC is operating in accordance with the terms of reference issued by CINCPAC, as approved by JCS.

"(7) The present JPRC has very high potential, competent, well qualified leadership, and all personnel possess the required skills and are well motivated toward the mission.

"(8) Escape and Evasion programs conducted by the services in SEASIA are progressing in a satisfactory manner. JPRC is monitoring these program closely in an attempt to standardize casualty/MIA/detainee reporting procedures.

"(9) The JPRC post-hostilities plan (now in draft form) is adequate, and will fulfill the prisoner debriefing requirements.

"RECOMMENDATIONS

"(2)

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"(1) That the 04 intelligence officer's position be retained vice the 03 recommended in the new JTD.

relating to confinement and movement of US/FWMAF detainees. To this end, MACSOG should coordinate with

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7AP to arrive at a mutual agreement on sorties, data to be collected, area of interest, etc. If required, a SICR should be issued to obtain this data.

"(3) That COMUSMACV design a standard procedure for casualty/MIA/detainee reporting and the maintenance of personal data files (photos, authentication systems, emergency addresses, etc.) for use by all services in SEASIA.

"(4) That the JPRC continue in its present line of endeavor. It serves an extremely useful purpose in that no other organization or agency provides a central point or focal point for data on MIA/detainees in SEASIA.

"(5) That MACSOG explore the feasibility of developing singleton agent assets specially qualified and trained for introduction into NVN for the purpose of penetrating FOW camps for intelligence purposes and to persuade selected POW guards to defect with prisoners, or permit clandestine operations within the prison."

b. COMUSMACVs comments on the above recommendations were

as follows:

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"(1) <u>Recommendation</u>: COMUSMACV should take action to:

Retain the 04 intelligence officer's position____ in the new JTD vice the recommended 03.

MACV Comment: Concur. A change request will be forwarded as soon as the proposed MACSOG JTD, dated 30 Oct \$67, is approved.

"(2) Recommendation:

U.S./ FWMAF detainees.

MACV Comment: Concur.

from MACV to CINCPAC on 12 Jan 68, stating the requirement for increased intelligence collection relating to confinement or movement of prisoners of war.

"(3) <u>Recommendation</u>:

Design a standard procedure for casualty/MIA/ detainee reporting and for the maintenance of personnel data files for use by all Services in Southeast Asia.

MACV Comment: MACV non-concurs in the CINCPAC/ JCS Joint Survey Team recommendation that a standard procedure for casuality/MIA/detainee reporting and for the maintenance of personal data files for use by all services be established in Southeast Asia. Each military service has developed procedures and forms to satisfy their particular requirements. The information required by the JPRC is contained in all three formats; therefore, a standardized form is not required. required.

(TS) CINCPAC letter serial 0001 of 2 January 1968; Subject: Report of Review of MACSOG Programs (C)

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"(4) <u>Recommendation</u>:

Explore the feasibility of introducing singleton agents into POW camps in NVN to persuade guards to defect or permit clandesting operations within the prison.

MACV Comment: MACSOG has evaluated the feasibility of introducing singleton agents into POW camps in NVN. Such an operation is feasible if qualified personnel can be recruited. Existing TIMBERWORK(2) Teams are not considered capable of such operations at this time."*

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2. (TS) AD HOC Evaluation Group

a. COMUSMACV, in December 1967, formed an AD HOC Evaluation 2 Group (AHEG) to examine the operations of MACSOG and determine 3 whether the results achieved were commensurate with the resources 4 committed to its support. The Evaluation Group's evaluation of 5 the JPRC is contained in Tab 5. 6

b. Aware of the survey of MACSOG conducted in November 1967, 7 the AHEG related their conclusions and recommendations to those 8 of the CINCPAC Survey Team. Conclusions and recommendations of 9 the AHEG which pertained to the JPRC are provided below: 10

"(1) Conclusions: The AHEO concludes that:

"(a) JPRC mission and terms of reference are appropriate and adequate.

"(b) The organization and manning level of JPRC as provided for in the JTD submitted for approval is adequate. Personnel assigned are highly qualified and motivated.

"(c) Procedures for obtaining resources for recovery operations and for conducting and coordinating operations are adequate.

"(d) Intelligence received by JPRC has not been adequate for successful recovery operations primarily because collection has not been sufficiently responsive.

"(e) The key element in recovery operations is timely and reliable intelligence. Further, that the absence of this element is at the heart of our lack of 'success to date. Analysis of the collection effort reveals three areas in which improvement may be possible.

"1. Emphasis on low-level agent potential to collect information on US PW locations within HVN.

"2. Increased emphasis on collection outside of RVN.

"3. Focusing of the total MACV effort through provision of an overall, coordinated PW information collection program.

* (TS) COMUSMACY Letter of 17 March 168; ubject: Report of Review of MACSOG Programs (C)

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"(2) CINCPAC Conclusions/Recommendations:

ⁿ(a) The AHEB offers the following in consideration of the CINCPAC Joint Survey Team conclusions:

"I.<u>Conclusion</u>: The new JTD, modified to retain the one D-4 Intelligence Officer space, will be adequate to accomplish the JPRC mission.

COMMENT: Concur

"2:<u>Conclusion</u>: The terms of reference provide adequate authority for JPRC to perform its functions and discharge its responsibilities.

"COMMENT: Concur

"3. '<u>Conclusion</u>: Sufficient communication facilities are available to the JPRC to permit full scope of operations envisioned by the mission.

"COMMENT: Concur

"4. Conclusion:

Vice an additional source of information on prisoners/ MIA personnel. Systems should be used in suspect areas in SVN and LAOS to locate prisoners and to gather information on prisoner movements.

^a<u>COMMENT</u>: All systems with a capability to collect against known potential sources of US FW information are appropriately tasked. No diversion or concentration of any specific system is considered useful. The present effort is productive and rapid (38 significant reports in the period October-December 67). Responsible personnel are alert to the criticality of this problem and accord it all the emphasis possible.

ⁿ5. <u>Conclusion</u>: The largest single problem in location and recovery of detained US/FWMAF personnel is the lack of timely and accurate intelligence data.

"COMMENT: Concur

"6. <u>Conclusion</u>: The JPRC is operating in accordance with the terms of reference issued by CINCPAC, as approved by JCS.

"COMMENT: Concur

"7. <u>Conclusion</u>: The present JPRC has very high potential, competent well qualified leadership, and all personnel posses the required skills and are well motivated toward the mission.

"COMMENT: Concur

"8. <u>Conclusion</u>: Escape and Evasion program conducted by the services in SEASIA are progressing in a satisfactory manner. JPRC is monitoring these programs closely in an attempt to standardize casualty, MIA/ detainec reporting procedures.

"COMMENT: Concur TOP SECRET P-127

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"a. <u>Conclusion</u>: The JPRC post-hostilities plan (now in draft form) is adequate and will fulfill the prisoner debriefing requirements.

"COMMENT: Concur

*(b) The AHEG offers the following in consideration of the CINCPAC Joint Survey Team Recommendations:

*10. Recommendation: That the 0-4 intelligence officer's position be retained vice the 0-3 recommended in the new JTD.

"COMMENT: Concur. A field grade officer is required for an advisory and coordination role on a recovery operation. Three officers are needed for necessary flexibility

Pll.Recommendation:

suspect areas to collect intelligence data relating to confinement and movement of US/FWMAF detainees. To this end, MACSOG should coordinate with 7AF to arrive at a mutual agreement on sorties, data to be collected, area of interest, etc. If required, a SICR should be issued to obtain this data.

"COMMENT: Concur. See comment on conclusion above.

*12.<u>Recommendation</u>: • That COMUSMACV design a standard procedure for casualty/MIA/detainee reporting and the maintenance of personal data files (photos, authentication systems, emergency addresses, etc.) for use by all services in SEASIA.

"<u>COMMENT</u>: The desirability of such a program should be examined carefully before implementation to be sure that the gains that might accrue are worth the cost of the effort.

"13.<u>Recommendation</u>: That the JPRC continue in its present line of endeavor. It serves an extremely useful purpose in that no other organization or agency provides a central point of contact or focal point for data on MIA/detainees in SEASIA.

"<u>COMMENT</u>: Concur. However, the provision of a focal point for information is secondary to its potential as a recovery agency.

"14. <u>Recommendation</u>: That MACSOG explore the feasibility of developing singleton agent assets specially qualified and trained for introduction into NVN for the purpose of penetrating POW camps for intelligence purposes and to persuade selected POW guards to defect with prisoners, or permit clandesting operations within the prison.

"COMMENT: Concur.

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"(3) AHEG Recommendations: It is recommended that:

"(a) CINCPAC Joint Survey Team recommendations as concurred in by this group be approved.

"(b) Steps be taken to focus ARVN attention on the collecting of information on US PWs; that his collection effort be given priority over all but the most urgent tactical requirements; that US advisors to ARVN intelligence officers at Corps level and below be directed to press this program, and that they be provided the means to induce aggressive agent and agent penetration operations to recover PWs within RVN.

"(c) A conference be conducted by COMUSMACV involving all potential collectors of US PW information in LAOS, CAMBODIA and NVN to determine improved means and coordination on measures required for developing greater emphasis on this program.

"(d) MACV J2 prepare an overall, coordinated collection plan or program of overriding priority for PW information."*

* (TS) AC of S, J3, COMUSMACV 1tr, dtd 14 February 1968: Subj: AD HOC Evaluation Group

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PART V. JPRC HISTORY - 1968 ()

A. (TE ORGANIZATION

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Chief

Opns/Plans Officer

1. (DE) Based on the previous years' experience in operations, the Center's JTD was revised in 1968. It downgraded the Chief, JPRC billet from an 06 to an 05 grade; and upgraded the Operations/Plans position from 04 to 05. Further, a stenographer (E5) and a yeoman (E5) were added to the Staff.

2. (25) The JTD, in December 1968, was as follows:

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03 04 04 E8 A N A E7 Ē61 EVASION AND ESCAPE в. 1. Survival Kits. As the result of lessons learned from VE after action reports, the survival kits were modified to provide .he evader with all essential items of equipment consistent with his capability to carry it. Those items which could be pre-packed into a rucksack without increasing the possibility of damage were packed to enable the evader to quickly recover the items and leave the vicinity of the drop.*



3. IS <u>Briefings</u>. In 1968, JPRC representatives continued to present briefings on the JPRC mission, organization and personnel recovery capabilities to aircrews and E&E personnel of the 7th Air Force, 7th Fleet, and Army Aviation Groups. Live demonstrations of the Fulton Recovery System were included in the briefings.*

15) Appendix XI to Annex F, COMUSMACV 1968 Command History

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REWARD PROGRAM

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North Vietnam a . As part of the continuing program to publicize the 3 Reward Program for the recovery and return of missing US personnel. 4 5 4.65 million reward leaflets were wind drifted into the coastal plain of NVN on the night of 25 January 1968. The area б covered was from Phy Dien to Dong Hoi and along Highway 7 7 8 between Muong Sen and Cua Rao. Plans were made to drop an additional 14 million in these same areas during the following Ð, month utilizing C-130 aircraft based at Ubon, Thailand. 10

b. In July 1968, the Joint Chiefs of Staff requested comments 11 and recommendations from CINCPAC on the desirability of 75 13 continuing the reward Leaflet Program in NVN. This request 14 was generated in view of the negative results, up to that time, 15 and the fact communist films on US PWs had made extensive 16 propaganda use of the unsuccessful efforts on the part of the US to buy freedom for downed aircrews through the Reward Program. * 17

c. CINCPAC, in reply to the request from the Joint Chiefs of 18 19 Staff, recommended that the reward leaflet program in NVN be 20 continued, and based this recommendation on the following rationale: 21

(1) Dissemination of the Reward Program to US combatants provides each man with the knowledge that efforts are being made to assist him should he become an evadee or PW. Additionally, it ensures that the NVN populace is aware of the program.

" (2) The leaflet drops in NVN will probably not aid significantly the return of downed pilots because of the internal security and population control exercised by the Government of North Vietnam (GNVN). However, the fact that the GNVN finds it necessary to counter the leaflet drops with a psychological program of their own, attests to their concern on the attempts on the part of the United States to convert their population.

JCS Mag, 2621592 Jul 1969

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و الم	"(3) Discontinuance of the program would have an adverse	1			
(effect on the morale of US pilots held in NVN since propaganda	2			
	films indicate they are aware of the program. If the Reward	3			
	Program were stopped, Hanol would impart this fact to US	4			
	prisoners in an effort to create a feeling of hopelessness."*	5			
•	2. (78) South Vietnam. As a means of stimulating the Reward	6			
	Program in SVN, the JPRC, in March 1968, determined that leaflet	7			
	drops should be made in target areas where intelligence indicated .	8			
Ĵ	PW camps might be located. ** Subsequently, leaflets were delivered	9			
	over selected targets in SVN in 1968.	10			
	3. (75) Cambodia. In order to enlist the assistance of the	11			
	Cambodian people living along the SVN border in rescuing allied	12			
	personnel from enemy detention camps, the JPRC instituted a	13			
	Cambodian leaflet program. The leaflet drops were conducted from	14			
	within SVN by wind drifting leaflets along target tracks that	15			
	ran through populated areas and communication routes in Cambodia.***	16			
-	4. (TRS) Laos *	17			
•	a. A psychological program to advertise the JPRC Reward Program	18			
-	in Laos was initiated in October 1968. It was determined that	19			
¥	the basic media would be a series of leaflets targeted on				
	segments of infiltration trails in Laos.****	21			
	b. The US Mission in Vientiane, in November 1968, disapproved.	22			
	the leaflet program in Laos and stated that:	ż3			
	"For a variety of internal political reasons and the probability of increasing the jeopardy of the downed U.S. pilots in Laos, we do not want any reward leaflets addressed to the problem of U.S. captured personnel in Laos produced or dropped at this time."				
	5. (15) Reward Payments. A review of the weekly BRIGHT LIGHT	24			
	message reports indicates that the following rewards were distributed	25			
	in 1968:	26			
、	(5) CINCPAC Msg, 1917412 Aug 68 (5) CONUSMACV Msg, 2610552 Mar 68 (75) CONUSMACV Msg, 0509052 Aug 68 (75) CONUSMACV Msg, 2210372 Oct 68 (75) CONUSMACV Msg, 0311062 Dec 1968				
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1	8. A Nontagnard source was rewarded \$153 for providing	1
(information as to the location of a VC FW camp.	2
	b. A SVN national, who helped return to to	3
•	US control, was rewarded \$153.	Ļ
	c. A \$200 reward was paid to	5
	team who recovered the body of missing	6
	in Laos since 1967.	7
•	d. A Vietnamese source was rewarded \$30 for valid_information	8
13	on the location of a PW camp which was raided in Operation	9
~	MILWAUKEE ROAD in July 1968.	10
	e. The crew of a SVN fishing boat, who rescued an RF 101	11
	pilot off the Vietnam coast was paid \$100.	12
	f. A SVN soldier, who escaped the VC, was paid \$300 for	13
	providing information on the status of two US civilian	14
	prisoners captured by the VC	15
	g. Two SVN sources were paid \$400 for helping recover the	16
	body of	71
•	(PS) INTELLIGENCE	18
-	Collection Requirements	19
-	.1. (25) Mindful of the requirement to continuously publicize	20
	the need for information relative to the identification, location,	21
	and recovery of missing and captured personnel, COMUSMACV, in	22
	March 1968, published a more comprehensive Prisoner of War	23
	Specific Intelligence Collection Requirement (SICR D-7CX-20000) .	24
	which superseded SICR D-1E6-14883. So that the JPRC could	25
	receive intelligence information rapidly enough to react to	26
	it, collectors, under MACV control, were tasked by the new	27
	SICR to report PW intelligence information directly to the	28
	Center by the most expeditious means consistent with security	29
	and the value of the information.	30

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TOP SECRET 2. (pS) When the new SICR was developed, information requirements 1 relative to places of confinement, camp accessibility, camp 2 security, and identification of prisoners were extracted from 3 h the SIGR and published as a Significant Information Requirement (SIR). The SIR, in turn, was translated into 5 Vietnamese for distribution within the Republic of Vietnam б Armed Forces.* A copy of the SIR is contained in Tab 6. 7 8 E. (25) LAOS JOINT MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT (TEXAS CREST 9 Ľ, a. On 27 February 1968, nine crewmen bailed out of a Navy 10 sircraft that was shot down over Laos. During the search and 11 rescue (SAR) operations (TEXAS CREST) being conducted by 12 JSARC, seven of the crewmen were rescued by helicopter. An 13 eighth crewman was contacted by voice radio, but could not be 14 picked up because of helicopter hoist problems and impending 15 darkness. The minth man was not contacted. 16 b. JSARC launched another recovery force at first light on 17 28 February; however, no contact was made with the eighth crewman, 18 and it was assumed he had broken or lost his radio during the 19 20 pickup attempt on the previous day. JSARC decided that a limited ground search would be required, and requested the 21 JPRC provide them a BRIGHT LIGHT team for this purpose. 22 23 c. Because of the delay encountered in obtaining clearance 24 25 Initially, the team was landed in a secondary SAR area because of 26 bad weather at the bailout site. Due to heavy fire, the team was 27 extracted. In the afternoon of the 29th, the team was 28 again launched but returned to Nahkon Phanom, Thailand when 29 30 the area where the survivor had been seen on the previous day could not be accurately relocated. The SAR was subsequently 31 32 terminated due to the lack of an objective. (C) COMUSMACV ltr of 25 Jul 68, Subj: Recovery of Missing and Captured Fersonnel (U) TOP SECRET F-134 Appendix F

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2	2. ITS Revision of Agreement	1
	a. As a result of Operation TEXAS CREST, the JPRC initiated a	2
	proposal that the Joint Memorandum of Agreement with the 7th	3
	Air Force and the American Embassy, Vientiane be revised. The	ų
	JPRC pointed out that the agreement overlooked the operational	5
	situation where the JSARC had to employ ground search teams	6
Ĩ,	to carry out its rescue mission. It was recommended that the	7
•	agreement be rewritten to permit the JPRC to furnish ground	. 8
	search teams to the JSARC on an emergency basis without further	9
	clearance but with the understanding that close coordination	10
	would be established as soon as possible.*	11
	b. Pollowing working level discussions, the Joint Memorandum	12
	of Agreement was modified to permit the JPRC to furnish a	13
	ground search team for SAR employment in Laos, on request,	14
	prior to termination of SAR efforts.**	15
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 (PS) MACSOQ itr of 9 Mar 68, Subj: Improved Reaction Time for SAB in Laos (U)
 (S) JPRC itr of 12 Apr 68, Subj: Vientiane-JPRC Joint Memorandum of Agreement (U)

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Appendix F

SECRET TOP 1 (TS) OPERATIONS - 1968 2 Operational Procedures. MACSOG, in January 1968, by means of an internal directive, updated SOG branch and section 3 responsibilities and procedures for implementing personnel recovery 4 actions. The directive is found in TAB 7 and is provided for 5 purposes of future analysis. In accordance with the MACSOG internal 6 organization, and as listed in the directive the JPRC is OF-80, 7 The Operations and Training Division is OP-30, and the Ground Studies 8 Group is OP-35. 9 1 2. (mg) Field Operations 10 (a). Subsequent to the tasking of intelligence collectors 11 in the field to provide the JPRC with PW information by the most 12 expeditious means, the center began to receive a great volume 13 14 of tenuous information on PW sightings within a few hours after 15 it had occurred. This brought to light the problems of rapid operational reaction required to exploit this type of training 16 17 information. Formerly each operation was carefully planned with confirmed intelligence along traditional lines, and no PW 18 operations could be conducted without JPRC coordination and 19 approval. This type of exercise yielded virtually no results. 20 ~, Analysis showed that the enemy was taking advantage of planning 21 22 delays, and was moving prisoners whenever a security leak was 23 suspected. change (b). In April 1968, COMUSMACV issued a new policy rencouraging 24 field commanders to be alert to the possibility of taking 25 immediate action to recover captured U. S. personnel when 26 sufficient information was available. The fact /escaped PWs might 27 28 be able to lead the first forces they contacted to the location where other PWs were being held, was sighted as an example of 29 perishable information, since a situation of this kind offered 30

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the best, and sometimes, the only possibility of recovery. 1 As an additional means of encouraging rapid reaction to 2 bighly perishable PW intelligence, COMUSMACV, in April 1968, 3 cancelled the requirement which required prior approval of 4 the JPRC before recovery operations could be conducted. * 5

(c). Encouraged by several very successful recovery
operations following the policy change in April, COMUSMACV,
in September 1968, re-emphasized the importance of field
8 forces to take immediate action to recover PWs whenever
9 sufficient evidence was available. **

3. (18) <u>Review of Operations</u>. In a review of operations con- 11 ducted prior to, and during 1968, MACSOG concluded that: 12

ⁿa. Prior to 1968, JPRC had conducted 16 PW recovery operations with only one success wherein 20 Vietnamese prisoners were recovered. 13 additional raids were cancelled because intelligence could not be sufficiently developed. It was evident that information reporting was too slow and inaccurate, and operational response was even poorer. Too much time was spent in trying to develop a classical intelligence case and a traditional operation with detailed planning and rehearsal. In the spring of 1968, the JPRC policy was redirected toward faster inputs and immediate local exploitation of the information acquired. The intelligence collection effort was significantly increased and broadened to include all agencies in SEA. The result has been that in 1968 JPRC has conducted 32 PW recovery operations with 8 successes yielding a total of 155 SVN military and political prisoners. Only one operation was cancelled for lack of intelligence development.

"b. In the field of post-SAR operations for the recovery of evading aircrewmen, JPRC opportunities have continued to decline with the increase in SAR capabilities. Prior to 1968, JPRC had executed 13 post-SAR missions with 5 partial successes. 5 live aircrewmen and 13 bodies were recovered. In 1968, air activity over hostile territory was sharply curtailed and SAR ferces achieved an in-flight refueling capability. The result has been that in 1968 JPRC had only 5 post-SAT alerts and completed but two missions. Although 5 bodies were recovered from a downed helo in Cambodia, restrictions against launching recovery missions_against known FW camps in CambodIa remained in effect."***

4. (TS) <u>Chronology of Operations - 1968</u>. Following is the 13 weekly chronology of recovery operations as reported by the JPRC 14 during 1968. 15

S) COMUSMACV Msg, 2104552 Apr 1968 (S) COMUSMACV Msg, 1412102 Sept 1968 (TS) MACSOG Year-End Review 1968

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	-	a. Recovery Operations, 1-7 January 1968	1
	(4th Infantry Division Negotiations	2
	•	(1) A JPRC representative visited the 4th Infantry	3
		Division at Pleiku and was briefed on the status of this	4
		activity.	5
		(2) A NVN soldier captured approximately two months	6
		ago has agreed to carry a message to the B-3 Front Commander.	7
		A suitable backup courier is on hand, and all documents	8
	ŗ	and plans have been prepared to carry out the operation.	9
	-4	However, CG, 4th Infantry Division considers it advisable	10
		to wait until after TET to release the messenger. JPRC	11
٠		concurs.	12
		b. Recovery Operations 8-15 January 1968**	13
			14
		(1) On 031300H Jan 68,	15
		Co, 3/60 Infantry, 9th Division, disappeared from his guard	16
		post in the vicinity of	7ב
		(2) On 081400H Jan 68, was sighted in VC hands	18
		in the vicinity of	19
	-	(3) Intelligence agencies in the Dong Tam - My Tho area	20
		intensified their collection efforts. 2nd Brigade, 9th	21
		Division, at Dong Tam was briefed on the available information	22
		and agreed to conduct a recovery operation if a suitable	23
		opportunity arose.	24
		(4) On 10 Jan 68 a JPRC representative, comparison, departed	25
		for Dong Tam to act as lizison between JPRC and 9th Division.	26
		(5) The situation did not develop to the point that an	27
		operation could be conducted.	28
		(6) At 121115H Jan 68, an armed helicopter from the 114	29
	•	Assault Helicopter Company attacked a sampan at coordinates	30
		that contained and two VC guards.	31
		was recovered, one of the guards was killed, and the	32
		other guard probably escaped.	33
		* (S) COMUSMACV Msg, 137/0912452 Jan 48 * (S) COMUSMACV Msg, 272/1618522 Jan 08	
	1	TOP SECRET F-138	
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TOP SECRET (7) was taken to the 24th EVAC hospital at 1 2 Long Binh. He did not receive any wounds or injuries and his present health and welfare is good. He is being debriefed 3 by agents of the 525th MI Group. 4 c, Recovery Operations, 16-22 January 1968 5 (1) Operation OLD CROW 6 (a) This is an opening and closing report. 7 (b) At 141759H an EB 66 was shot down at Я Four EWO crewmembers ejected approximately 9 from the bomb bay, followed by three crew members from the 10 pilots compartment. Weather precluded immediate 11 recovery attempts. 12 (c) A SAR helicopter, crashed at 13 151727H while en route to the area in which 14 crew members were suspected to be downed. By 171440H 15 Jan 68 all five crewmen of 16 and three of the seven crewmen of/ had been recovered. SAR efforts 17 continued, but were hampered because of weather. 18 (d) At 191200H Jan 68, Chief, SOG, approved proposal 19 to use two BRIGHT LIGHT teams to search the areas in which 20 the crewmen were downed. / 7th AF, 21 was briefed on the proposal and approved the allocation of 22 air assets to support the operation. 23 (e) At 200910H two CH-3 helicopters with BRIGHT LIGHT 24 teams aboard, departed Nakhon Phanom (NKP) for the 25 insertion area. While en route, one helicopter was forced 26 down by mechanical difficulties. Landing was made at 27 28 (THAILAND), and the other aircraft set down nearby. A spare helicopter arrived and both teams proceeded 29 on their mission. After landing for fuel at LIMA SITE 30 36 (L-36) in Laos, the helicopter continued. Teams were 31 unable to find suitable landing site in the target area. 32 Fuel supply and approaching darkness forced the helicopters to 33 return to NKF via L-36. Mission was to be attempted again 34 on the 21st. 35 COMUSMACV Msg, 427/2313012 Jan 68

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(f) Mission was not executed on 21 January because of ٦ bad weather and additional planning necessitated by lack 2 of landing site and hostile fire encountered the 3 h previous day. At 211700G a meeting was held by JPRC 5 task force commander at NKP to determine if all elements involved in the operation could support the proposed concept. 6 7 The representatives of the helicopter unit, who were responsible for insertion of the teams into the target area, 8 could not support the concept as proposed because of hoist 9 10 limitations of CH-3 helicopters. Since no suitable 11 alternatives were available, a decision was made to cancel 12 operations.

(g) On 22 January a strong radio signal was received 13 from the target area and a rescue helicopter was sent to 14 investigate. As the JOLLY GREEN made its approach to the 15 area, it came under extremely heavy ground fire. It is sus- 16 pected that the area is now under positive enemy control, 17 and that the remaining crewmen of PREVIEW 01 are in 18 their hands. 19

(2) <u>Operation BLACK KNIGHT</u>. Phase I of this operation 20
(Intelligence collection) is continuing. Several promising 21
contacts have been established with local fishermen and 22
businessmen who operate in the area in which CPT Rowe is 23
suspected to be held. This effort is being conducted with 24
as much caution as possible so as not to disclose the special 25
interest involved, 26

(3) Operation TEAMSTER

(a) The suspected PW campsite at the was kept under surveillance during the period 17-19 January by a PRU unit. No enemy activity was observed.

(b) This operation is being dropped from the active list of projects.

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	~	(4) Operation DAMP ABBEY. There have been no new	1
	(developments in this operation, and it is being dropped	2
		from the sative list of projects.	5 4
		(5) <u>Return of</u> (a) At the time of this report we have unconfirmed and	7 5
		incomplete information that two U.S. personnel	5
	4	USMC, and USMC, and US Army have	7
	-	been returned to U.S. control.	، 8
		captured on 14 May 1967 in the vicinity of	9
	L	and and on 28 December 1966 in the vicinity	10
		of Both individuals are reported to be under-	11
		going medical treatment in the 2nd Surgical Hospital, Chu Lai	. 12
		(b) The individuals were recovered in the vicinity of	13
		Tam Ky. Whether or not they were released voluntarily	14
		by the VC, or recaptured by U.S. action has not been	15
		determined.	16
		(6) <u>Return of</u>	17
		(a) NOn 22 January 1968	18
		viously reported KIA on .7 January 1968, and	19
	-	reported MIA on 7 January 1968 were returned to USMC	20
		control at Danang.	21
		(b) The men allegedly escaped when their VCA guard	22
		fell asleep.	23
		(c) Both men are in good physical condition and are	24
		undergoing debriefing at Headquarters, III MAF, Danang.	25
		d. <u>Recovery Operations</u> 23-30 January 1968*	26
		(1) <u>Return of</u>	27
		(a) At 231130H Jan 68	28 00
		and USA, were returned to U.S.	29
		control after being released by their VC captors about	30
		230700H Jan, 15km west of Tam Ky	31
	TAS I	COMUSMACV Msg, 545/3014172 Jan 68	
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TOP SECRET Was captured 14 May 1967, and 1 (b) 28 December 1966. After initial medical 2 3 examination and an overnight stay at Chu Lai where they were interrogated for tactical information, h 5 was transferred to III MAF, Danang, and to 6 24th Army Evac Hospital at Long Binh. Both were under 7 MI escort. 8 (c) Initial debrief indicated that both men had been 9 led away from their prison camp and walked for eight days 10 before being released. They stated that they knew nothing of other U.S. PWs or the location of their camp. 11 However, about 25200H under detailed examination, 12 13 Changed his story and admitted walking only four 14 days from the camp, and stated 10 other U.S. PWs were in 15 the camp. He could identify three, and confirm the death 16 of another. 17 (d) At 262100H, when confronted with this evidence, 18 also changed his story. He produced a 19 written list naming 10 U.S. PWs alive in the camp, confirmed 20 the death of another (same man as named). 21 and gave information which may lead to identification of a 22 caucasian living with the VC guards at the camp. 23 (e) Efforts are continuing to determine the location of . 24 this camp. 25 (2) Proposed Release of Pilots by NVN. A meeting was held 26 at Tan Son Nhut AB at 291530H Jan 68, to discuss plans for 27 handling 28 who allegedly will be released by NVN in the immediate future. Participants included representatives from 29 JPRC, 7th AF ELE Office, 7th AF Information Office, NAVFORV, and 30 31 Det 5, 6499th SAG. 32 (3) Operation NINE LIVES (4th Infantry Division Negotiation.) This operation was initiated on 30 Jan 68, with the release of 33 34 a NVA prisoner with a message for the B-3 Front Commander from 35 CG, 4th Division suggesting a battlefield exchange of PWs.

	<u>TOF SPERET</u>	
<i>بر</i>	e. Recovery Operations, 31 January - 5 February 1968	1
(Operation NINE LIVES	2
	(1) A PW, PVT Nguyen Van Be, 3rd Battalion, 174th NVA	3
	Regiment, captured on 15 November 1967, in the battle for	4
	Dak To, was released at 0850 hours, 30 January 1968, at	5
	coordinates The PW carried a letter from the	6
	CG 4th Infantry Division to Commander B-3 Front.	7
	(2) The letter stated that the CG 4th Infantry Division	B
<u>ц</u>	was prepared to execute a direct exchange of one NVA officer	9
	and eight NVA enlisted men for one U.S. Warrant Officer and	10
	eight enlisted men held captive by the B-3 Front. Also the	11
	CG 4th Infantry Division stated he would be prepared to	12
	negotiate. The CG B-3 Front could communicate his reply by	13
	either messenger or radio. Radio frequencies, dates (1 Mar	14
	to 7 Mar 68) and time for communications were included	15
	(3) The PW was instructed to deliver the letter personally	16
	to the CO B-3 Front. When last observed the PW was walking	17
{	at a quick pace west on Highway 512 towards the Cambodian	18
`	border.	19
-	f. Recovery Operations, 6-12 February 1968**	20
	(1) Operation BLACK KNIOHT. (Attempt to release	21
	Phase I (intelligence collection) is continuing.	22
	(2) Recovery Operation at Song Be	23
	(a) On 11 Pebruary 1968, JPRC received a report from	24
	lst Brigade 101st Airborne Division, Song Be, that a PW	25
۰	camp containing 30 US FWs is located along the Song Be River	26
	at approximately	27
	(b) A JPRC representative was dispatched to Song Be	28
	to verify the information, and start coordination of	29
	recovery plan. It was learned that further contact with	30
	information source was to be made 12 February to obtain	31
		32
`	* (S) COMUSMACV Msg, 645/0612482 Peb 68 (S) CINCPAC Msg, 1602092 Feb 68	
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	(c) On 15 February, a VC defector from the camp is	1
	due to report to 1st Brigade Readquarters, and may be	2
	willing to lead a recovery force to the camp site.	3
	(d) Coordination is being effected with MACV COC and 1/101	ų
	Airborne to mount a recovery operation if information is	5
	confirmed.	6
8	Recovery Operations, 13-19 February 1968*	7
•	(1) Operation RIVER SPIKE (Recovery Operation at Song Be)	8
	(a) See BRIGHT LIGHT report for 6-12 February 1968.	9
	(b) Further contact with the source was made on 12	10
	February, and a description and drawing of the camp was	12
	obtained including alleged disposition of PWs, defensive	13
	measures and tentative location at the An alleged	14
	VC interrogator was scheduled to come out between 15 and	15
	18 February, and provide. additional information.	16
	(c) Source was again. contacted at 170900, but the VC	17
	interrogator had not come out. A recovery operation was	18
	launched at 171015 using U.S. Special Forces Det. B-56	19
	SIGMA assets and air support from II PFV.	20
	(d) The objective area was thoroughly searched by	21
	ground forces and helicopters, employing source:as guide.	22
	No evidence of the PW camp was found. Forces were extracted	23
	at 171630.	24
	(e) Source is being intensively debriefed. This is	25
	the closing report.	26
	(2) Operation LINCOLN LIGHT (Recovery operation at Ban Me Thuot	97
	(a) JPRC received information on 18 February of PW camp	28
	vicinity Camp was reported_by escapee, and	29
	allegedly contains nine U.S., 29 VN and 32 Montagnard PWs.	30
	Source has given names of important VN PWs, and	31
	has identified area of camp from air on visual recce.	32
	NCPAC Msg, 2101002 Feb 68	
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(b) JPRC representative was dispatched to Ban Me Thuot 1 20 February to evaluate information and coordinate potential 2 recovery operation. Tactical forces will be US Special. 3 Forces Det B-50 OMEGA assets and 173rd Airborne Brigade. b (c) B-50 reconnaissance team was infiltrated at 5 200900L to verify report and camp location. Operation for 6 PW recovery planned if reconnaissance warrants. 7 h. Recovery Operations 20-26 February 1968 8 (1) Operation LINCOLN LIGHT 9 (a) JPRC received information on 18 February of PW 10 camp vicinity Camp was reported by escapee, and 11 allegedly contained nine U.S., 29 VN and 32 Montagnard PWs. 12 (b) New information gained from other releasees 13 same PW camp indicated camp moved to Reconnaissance 1⁴ team moved south to new location. Team made contact 15 16 211300H with six VC 1,000 meters from PW camp site. Team extracted under cover air strike. 17 (c) One ARVN NCO escaped from PW camp during confusion 18 caused by air strike. He returned to friendly control on 19 20 23 February and verified presence of 31 SVN PWs. 21 (d) Two companies 173rd Airborne landed 220930H to sweep area. Third company landed 231500H to block escape 22 to east. Five reconnaissance teams inserted around area to 23 watch exit trails. 24 25 (e) At 231640H abandoned PW camp located Had been vacated 24 to 48 hours. Elements of 173rd Airborne 26 completed sweep 24 February with no contact, and were 27 28 extracted 25 February. (f) At 241045H trail watch team found blood trail at 29 30 \ Trail followed to where lost at 1030H. Teams unable to relocate trail and were exfiltrated 31 32 on 25 February. CINCPAC MSg. 2800262 Feb 68 8-145 Appendix F

TOP SPORE 7 (g) This is closing report. 2 (2) Operation DUVAL SANDS (Recovery Operation in Hue area) 3 (a) On 23 Pebruary, two US PHs escaped from group of 21 h These escapees were PWs in transit vicinity 5 members of 525th MI GF captured on 1 February at Hue and 6 were able to account for whereabouts and condition of 25 7 other US PWs. 8 (b) Five PWs in poor physical condition held in 9 as of 19 February. fortified NVA camp vicinity 10 One PW separated from rest in South Hue 4 February. 11 Remaining 19 PWs proceeding west from on foot with 12 four guards. Stated destination permanent camp seven days 13 walk west. 14 (c) JPRC representation in Danang planned to insert two BRIGHT LIGHT teams to intercept PW party on 26 February. 15 16 Reaction force, First Air Cavalry, standing by to effect 17 rescue if contact is made. Insertion delayed because of 18 zero zero weather. As of 271600H unable to insert. 19 1. Recovery Operations, 27 February-5 March 1968* 20 (1) Operation DUVAL SANDS. Insertion of the BRIGHT LIGHT 21 teams was delayed until 281100H because of bad weather in 22 objective area. Two teams moved into ambush positions. 23 No contact with PW group established and teams extracted 24 011300H March. This is closing report. 25 (2) Operation TEXAS CREST (Recovery of Navy OP2E Crew 26 Members in Laos) 27 (a) On 27 February 1968, nine crewmen bailed out of a 28 Navy OP2E aircraft that was shot down over Laos. Seven were 29 rescued by SAR helicopters. The eighth crewman was located 30 but contact was lost at sunset before rescue was effected. 31 On 28 February, Joint Search and Rescue Center (JSARC) 32 requested JPRC provide BRIGHT LIGHT team for SAR employment. CINCPAC Msg, 0602472 Mar 68

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1 (b) The plan was to insert the team at the location of the known downed crewman on 28 February to conduct a 2 limited area ground search and extract the team the same Э Ь day. A delay was encountered in obtaining permission from AMENB Vientiane and permission was finally granted 5 for operations on 29 February. 6

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(c) A team was inserted briefly in the morning of 29 February at a secondary landing zone because of bad weather in the prime search area. They were extracted because of heavy fire in the LZ. The primary area was searched for three hours from the air in the afternoon • 11 but the survivor's location could not be pinpointed sufficiently to warrant insertion of the team.

(d) The SAR effort was terminated at 1700H on 29 February because of lack of objective (no contact since 27 February). The BRIGHT LIGHT teams were returned to Danang 292230H.

(e) Special reconnaiseance will be flown over the area 18 19 continuing through 6 March in order to detect evidence of survivors. JPRC is prepared to immediately launch 20 teams to the area if the crewmen are located. Steps are 21 being taken to streamline procedures with Vientiane in 22 order to expedite such emergency assistance to JSARC. 23

(3) Operation BLACK KNIGHT. This operation is still 24 active and intelligence collection as to 25 location is proceeding slowly. 26

j. Recovery Operations _ 6-12 March 1968 Operation TEXAS CREST

(1) See weekly BRIGHT LIGHT report for 27 February-5 March 1968 29

(2) Special reconnaissance was flown over the TEXAS CREST 30 area during the period 2-7 March. No signs of activity associated 31 32 with possible survivors were observed.

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(3) This is closing report.

CINCPAC Hsg, 1223532 Mar 68

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ï.	k. Recovery Operations, 13-19 March 1968	l
(Operation NINE LIVES. There has been no contact with	2
	the B-3 Front Commander by radio or letter. This operation	3
	dropped from active list pending further developments.	4
	1. Recovery Operations, 20-26 March 1968	5
• •	(1) ARVN Recovery Operation in Di Linb Area: On 21 March	6
-	the 23rd ARVN Ranger Bn received a report from one of their	7
	agents indicating that two US advisors were being detained	8
	vicinit: The advisors,	9
	from 525th MI OP, were captured 181200H March	10
	1968. At present, the 23rd ARVN Ranger Bn is searching for	11
	the PW camp.	12
	(2) SEAL Operation in Rach Gia Area. On 13 March prior	13
	to conducting an operation at the SEAL unit at	14
	Can Tho requested a photo recce. The photos showed what	15
	appeared to be occupied PW cages. Their operation was post-	16
-	poned and toordination for possible PW recovery operation	17
l	was accomplished with JPRC. The SEAL unit has tentatively	18
-	planned a raid in this area on or about 1 April.	19
•	m. <u>Recovery Operations, 27 March-2 April 1968***</u>	20
	(1) ARVN Recovery Operation in Di Linh Area. The 23rd ARVN	21
	Ranger Bn has conducted a thorough search of the area in which	22
	were reported to be held.	23
	They found no evidence of prisoners being held in or near the	24
	suspected area. This operation has been terminated.	25
	(2) SEAL Operations in Rach Gia Area. No developments as	26
	of closing time of this report.	27
	(3) Operation MAPLE SUGAR	28
		29
`		30
		31
		32
	SJ CINCPAC Msg, 1920432 Mar 68	
	(S) COMUSHACV Msg, 1636/2610552 M r 68 (S) COMUSMACV Msg, 1779/0211592 Apr 66	
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(b) The VC Security Chief of Phu Long District, who is also deputy camp commander of a detention camp, wants . to defect and bring four US FMs with him. ROIC sources are in contact with representatives of the security chief, and have been told that they will be provided the names of the US FMs. The validity of the story will be confirmed if the names of the US FMs are received.

(4) Operation DADE BEACH

(a) On 28 March, JPRC received information that an RF soldier had escaped from a FW camp in the vicinity of

The RF soldier stated that he had seen two US soldiers at the camp and was willing to lead a recovery force to the camp site.

(b) A JPRC representative went to Danang to coordinate a 16 BRIGHT LIGHT operation. SOG forces were alerted, and were 17 moved to an area from which they could be launched into the 18 19 target area. Planning continued through 29-30 March. The source made an aerial reconnaissance and confirmed the 20 21 general location of the alleged camp. Insert of a BRIGHT LIGHT team was scheduled for 31 March with appropriate 22 23 reaction forces standing by.

(c) On 29 March, a US Marine patrol was operating . 24
approximately 4-5 kilometers north of the suspected camp 25
site. Enemy activity forced them to deviate from their 26
planned patrol route, and they traversed the area which 27
the BRIGHT LIGHT team was scheduled to search. At the 28
suspected site they found an abandoned bivouac site. 29

(d) The Marine patrol conducted a thorough search of the 30 area in which the camp was suspected to be, further search 31 was considered unnecessary and this operation was terminated. 32

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TOP SECRET n. Recovery Operations, 3-9 April 1968 1 (1) SBAL Operations in Rach Gia Area. The SEAL team was 2 inserted on April 1 but has not yet reached the building and 3 cage shown in pre-strike photograph. The investigation of this k area is a secondary mission and will be accompliched when 5 feasible. 6 (2) Operation MAPLE SUGAR. 7 я 9 10 n (3) 9th Division Operation in Long An Province. On 26 March 12 a source of the 9th MID reported two US PWs in transit 13 vicinity By 5 April after several transient 24 sightings, it was concluded that sufficient information was 15 available for the 9th Division to conduct sweep vicinity 16 Operation was conducted with three companies on 17 5 April. No indications of US PWs were found in the area. 18 (4) PRU Operation near Ban Me Thuot. On 6 April JPRC was 19 informed that a Montagnard had escaped from PW camp vicinity 20 on 3 April. Held at this camp were three US 21 civilians captured during Tet: 22 23 24 The camp was found but apparently had been 25 abandoned soon after the Montagnard escaped. 26 a. Recovery Operations 10-16 April 1968** 27 (1) PRU Operation near Ban Me Thuot (RECAPITULATION) 28 5 (a) On 6 April 68 JPRC was informed that a Montagnard 29 had escaped from a VC PW camp in the vicinity of 30 on 3 April. Held at this camp were three US civilians captured at COMUSMACY Msg, 1913/0912122 Apr 68 COMUSMACV Msg, 2034/1612092 Apr 68 TOP SECRET P-150 Appendix F

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during TET: (b) The Montagnard source guided the assault. There was a brief contact with a VC element as the force was landed by helicopter. The camp was entered; but found recently abandoned. Pigs and chickens were found caged, and a large rice stock was located. PW buildings were open, and the layout was as described by the source. The force was exfiltrated on the morning of 8 April. (c) The source provided outstanding service, and was rewarded 18,000 \$VN (\$153 US) as provided for under MACV

13 Reward Program. He plans on returning to the area to 14 search for the new location of the PW camp as soon as he is 15 able (he is currently suffering from Tuberculosis). 16 (2) Intelligence_Collection Effort in the Cambodian 17 Border Area 18 (a) On 11 April JPRC received a report from the 25th 19 Infantry Division that a VC PW camp containing 24 US 20 PWs was located in the vicinity of several 21 This is a VC hundred meters from the Cambodian border. 22 stronghold. 23 (b) In an attempt to fix the location of the camp the 24 following steps are being taken: 25 1. The source who was allegedly a prisoner at the 26 camp will be flown over the area. 27 2. Photo reconnaissance will be flown. 28 3. An indigenous source of the 525th MI Gp was 29 scheduled to be sent into the area on 14 April. 30 (3) Return of A Co, 31 326 Engr Bn, 1st Ede, 101 Abn Div, APO San Francisco, 96347

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(a) On the afternoon of 15 April 68 1 returned to US control in Bao Loc, Lam Dong Province, RVN. 2 who had been captured on 2 March 1968 in the (b) З vicinity of Phan Thiet, RVN, escaped on 1 April while being ą moved to an area his guards identified as the Liberation 5 Army Headquarters. In making good his escape 6 killed two of his five guards. The other three were 7 asleep. evaded in the area northwest of Bao Loc 8 until the morning of 15 April when he reached Hwy 20 about 9 7 km southwest of Bao Loc. A Vietnamese civilian aided him 10 in reaching Bao Loc and US Advisory Team 38. 11 claimed not to have seen any other PWs; (0) 12 however, on the afternoon of 27 or 28 March he was told 13 that he was 1000 to 2000 meters from a hospital where two 14 wounded US PWs, a lieutepant and a PFC were being held. 15 (Probably 16 captured east of Bao Loc on 18 March 1968.) 17 (d) On the morning of 16 April, 18 Was flown on a visual reconnaissance and estimated his position on 27-28 19 March to be vicinity An attempt will be made to 20 locate the hospital near this position in which the two 21 wounded US are held. 22 (e) s being debriefed at the 24th Evac Hospital, 23 Long Binn, num .24 p. Recovery Operations, 17-23 April 19684 25 (1) Recovery Operation near Sa Dec 26 (a) On 19 April the Navy Intelligence Liaison Officer 27 (NILO) at Sa Dec reported that a Vietnamese had escaped 28 from a PW camp vicinity The escapee believed two 29 US PWs were held in a pagoda at that location, and had 30 heard their voices. He had not seen the US captives, but had 31 heard the guards talking about them. 32 COMUSMACV Msg, 2145/2312302 Apr 68 F-152 Appendix F

(b) Later on 19 April, a second escapee confirmed the report of the location of the PN camp; however, the second source had no knowledge of US PWs.

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(c) As a result of this information, the US advisor at Sa Dec conducted an airmobile assault on the BW camp using Vietnamese Regional Forces. The force was landed at 221530H and extracted at 221830H. The initial report claims eight enemy KIA, three captured, and some munitions captured. No PW prisoners found. No friendly casualties. (2) SEAL Operations in Rach Oia Area. SEAL operations were 10

terminated in this area without reaching the secondary 22 objective. This objective was to investigate a building found 12 on pre-mission photography which resembled a PW cage. The 13 14 reconnaissance team was pinned down by heavy fire and forced 15 to exfiltrate on 13 April. . Since there is no evidence of FW 16 being held in this area and no indication the buildings seen in the photograph were in use, this target is not considered 17 28 worth further expenditure of resources.

(3) Operation MAPLE SUGAR. (4) Return of Further attempts are being made

to locate the alleged VC hospital in the Bao Loc area. Aeriel 25 26 infra-red reconnaissance and camouflage_detection photography 27 are being flown this week. The general area pointed out by 28 In his visual reconnaissance on 16 April was vicinity 29 A JPRC representative will arrive in Bao Loc 24 30 April to collate results of reconnaissance and recommend further action. 31

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Appendix F

7	TOP SECRET	
	·	
4	q. Recovery Operations 24-30 April 1968*	1
Ć	(1) Operation MAPLE SUGAR.	5
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•		4
•		5
•		6
	(2) <u>Return of the locate the elleved VC hernitel identified</u>	7
	 (a) Attempts to locate the alleged VC hospital identified by Martin in his debrief have not produced sufficient 	8
l. Lt	information to launch a recovery operation. JPRC will	9 10
	continue attempts to localize the facility where	11
	and may be held.	12
	(b) the South Vietnamese national who helped	13
	return to US control, has been paid an 18,000	14
	piaster reward (\$153). Local publicity was given to stimulate	15
	reporting on the location of the second	16
	r. Recovery Operations, 1-7 May 1968**	17
ł	(1) Recovery of fragment	18
•	(a) On 6 May, Annual Control of Section 1998 , was recovered	19
- .4	during a helicopter gunship raid on a VC base camp area in	20
•	Kien Giang Province. (VS grid square). made a break	21
	from his captors as the gunships attacked and was picked up	22
	by helicopter.	23
	(b) was taken to 24th Med Evac hospital in Long	24
	Binh for medical treatment and debriefing. Re had been	25
		26
		27
	debriefing indicates the 0-1 pilot was killed in the orash.	28
	He has no knowledge of other US PW.	29
	* 151 COMUSMACY Non 2270 (2012587 ADD 58	30
	(S) COMUSMACV Msg, 2279/3012582 Apr 68 (C) COMUSMACV Msg, 2400/0711132 May 68	
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TOP SECRET 1 (2) Operation DAYTON INDIAN (a) 11th ACR (BLACK HORSE) received information during 2 week 22 April that three caucasian PWs were held by VC 3 vicinity They conducted intensive recce but did h not locate PW. 5 (b) French director of Ong Que rubber plantation б confirmed three caucasian PWs alleged held in vicinity and 7 offered to set up negotiations with VC. 8 (c) JPRC received this information 3 May and authorized 9 llth ACR to continue to establish negotiations with 10 payment up to \$5000 for each US PW recovered IAW current 11 MACV directive. 12 (d) On 4 May 11th ACR contacted the plantation director. 13 but he was unable to establish contact with the VC because 14 of the renewed fighting. Further attempts will be made 15 16 when current operations subside. 17 a. Recovery Operations, 8-14 May 1968* 18 (1) Operation DAYTON INDIAN (a) The 11 ACR S-5 contacted the plantation 19 director, on 10 May 1968. He said that the VC told him they 20 had 30 PWs whose nationalities and status are unknown. 21 The enemy wants us to supply names of the PWs they are to 22 return, and have requested one million plasters for each PW 23 24 released. suspects that the VC want to get money for the PWs before the Paris negotiations cause their 25 26 release. (b) On 11 May, JPRC asked 11 ACR to continue negotiations 27 28 with a monetary limit of 600,000 plasters (\$5000) per PW released, but not to give names to the VC. They were asked 29 30 to exploit the VC fears that they would get no money after the Paris talks, and try to get the PWs now. 31

MACV Msg, 2518/1411502 May 68 F-155

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(c) ARPA was contacted, and asked to modify their word
of mouth program for spreading the reward payment runor.
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They will not include the possibility that the rewards
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would be stopped if there is a cease fire.

(2) Operation RAYBURN CANE

(a) On 13 May JPRC received information from CI team Ban Me Thuot that two Montagnards had escaped a VC FX camp at formation on 5 May. They confirmed that three US civilians, where being held in a cave at the second of the prisoners had been moved 7 April from the camp at the prisoners had been moved the PRU on 8 April.

(b) A recovery operation using PRU teams has been set up 13 to infiltrate to the cave from a distant landing zone on 14 14 May. The VN prisoners had occasionally carried food to 15 to the cave where the Americans are held, and will accompany 16 the raiding force. There are alleged to be only two 17 guards at the cave. 18

(c) A JPRC representative was sent to Ban Me Thuot on 14 May to coordinate the operation.

- t. Recovery Operations 15-21 May 1968*
 - (1) Operation DAYTON INDIAN. No new developments.
 - (2) Operation RAYBURN CANE

(a) The operation was scheduled to begin on 14 May, 24
but was delayed because of the physical condition of one of 25
the two escapees who was to accompany the recovery force. 26

(b) During the delay the escapees were interrogated in 27 greater detail on their knowledge of the exact location of 28 the cave in which were alleged to 29 be held. The escapees admitted that they had never actually 30 seen the cave as they had claimed earlier. They had been 31 told about the cave, but they knew its general location. 32 They were positive that the three civilians were there, and 33 that they could lead a recovery force to the site. 34

COMUSMACV Msg, 2663/2111412 May 68

that they could lead a recovery force to the site.

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TOP SECRET (c) At approximately 191000H May 68, a six man team 1 (4 PRUs, one escapee, and one PF soldier) was inserted at 2 coordinates Their mission was to infiltrate 3 to the cave, neutralize the guards, and call for helicopters 4 to evacuate themselves and the recovered prisoners to safety. 5 A reaction force was available to assist as needed. 6 All team members were dressed as VC to facilitate their move-7 ment in the area. It was estimated that the infiltration 8 would take six or seven days. 9 (d) The teams movements were restricted from the outset 10 because of extensive enemy activity in the area. The team 11 made contact with an enemy unit on the night of May 20. Because 12 the team's presence in the area had been compromised, and 13 their movements so restricted, they requested that they be 14 withdrawn. The team was exfiltrated at 210915H May-15 (e) Alternative approaches to the problem are being 16 examined. 17 u. <u>Recovery Operations</u> 22-28 May 1968 18 (1) Operation DAYTON INDIAN. The 11 ACR contacted 19 the plantation director, on 24 May. He had not been able to 20 recontact the VC during the past week because of enemy 21 activity. He will continue efforts at negotiations for PW 22 release. 23 (2) Operation RAYBURN CANE 24 (a) The PRU team inserted at on 191600H May 25 1968 to infiltrate to the cave in which the civilians 26 were alleged to be held was 27 exfiltrated on 210915H May because of enemy activity in 28 the area. 29 (b) The team and the ex-PW were extensively debriefed. 30 Intelligence personnel concluded that the three UW PWs had 31 been moved in April from the camp at 32 Their route of movement was along the stream between 33 and Additionally, the cave in which the three were supposed t34 be held was in the vicinity of 35 rather than at BP ЯF

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~	(c) On 250900H May, two Special Force	s (CIDG) recon	1
	teams, led by US personnel, were inserted	in a landing	2
	zone at Their mission: reco	onnoitor the	3
	stream from	e of the teams	4
	will recon the cave site at	A reaction force	5
	is available if needed.		6
	(d) Both teams have made frequent sig	htings of	7
	enemy forces. On the afternoon of 28 May	, one of the	. 8
	recon teams became heavily engaged with a	л enemy unit.	9
	. A platoon-size reaction force is being co	mmitted to assist	10
	them in breaking contact. The other team	continues its	11
	mission.	•	12
	(3) Recovery Operation near My Tho		13
	(a) On 24 May, information was received	ed that an	14
	unknown number of US personnel were being	detained_by a	15
	VC unit in the vicinity of	n 25 May, a VN	16
	source reported that he could lead a force	e to a location	17
(at where several US and VN per-	sonnel were	18
•	being held prisoner.		19
	(b) The 9th Infantry Division conducto	ed a recovery	20
	operation in the vicinity of the above co	ordinates. The	21
	VN source accompanied the force. The open	ration was	22
	terminated on the evening of the 25th with	h negative	23
	results.	•	24
	v. <u>Recovery Operations, 29 May - 4 Jun 1968</u> *		25
•	(1) Operation RAYBURN CANE		26
	(a) On 29 May, the reaction force that	t had been	27
	committed to replace one recon team recover	ered two VN PW	28
	on a trail, vicinity On 30 M	ay, these	29
	individuals led the force to a PW camp at		30
•	where two VN PW were recovered and one VC	guard was, KIA.	31
	The force was then led to a deserted PW ca	amp, Vicinity	32
		-	
1	COMUSMACV Msg, 2885/041300Z Jun 68		
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Later in the afternoon while searching the area, two more individuals who were identified as VN PW were recovered and another FW was found hiding in a cave. Finally, on 31 May, three more FW were recovered as the team prepared for extraction from an LZ at The force and FW were extracted on 31 May. (b) After debriefing at Ban Me Thuot, it was deter-

mined that the recovered PW had not seen the second since shortly after the PRU raid on 8 April when the Americans were moved to another camp. All of the PW were employed as farm laborers by the VC and had been held at the camp at the second punctil they fled during the attack by the reaction force on 30 May. The PW had been afraid to escape because the VC told them they would be killed by the Americans.

(c) On 30 May, the shoond recon team was exfiltrated after six days on the ground. It was replaced by a platoon-size force accompanied by one of the original ex-PW sources. Shortly after the force left an LZ at they recovered a PW who was recognized by the source. These two individuals then led the reaction force to a PW camp, vicinity and a cave used as a FW camp at Both were deserted, but the camp had been recently occupied and had three buildings still under construction. The force was extracted on 31 May.

(d) As a result of the operation, 11 PW were recovered, two VC were KIA and one weapon taken. Five of the recovered PW had been village officials. Two of the PW camps a second state and second were destroyed. There were no friendly casualties.

(e) This area remains of intense interest to the
JPRC. It is a known VC PW detention area and the VC are
unlikely to leave the area since the valley running from
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water. Although the American PW were not recovered, it is felt that they are still in the area since at last report, they were in poor physical condition, and the VC will probably keep them near the food and water supply. Efforts will continue to localize PW camps within the area.

(2) <u>Recovery Operation by 173d ABN BDE</u>

(a) On 24 May, JPRC received information that on 19 May, two US negro PW were seen at the second sec

(b) On 30 May at 1200H, two companies of the 173d ABN BDE made a combat assault on An Do. No US personnel were found, nor was any evidence located that would verify the reported information.

(c) Although this operation was fruitless, the quick response by the 173d ABN BDE to this perishable information was laudable. Such operations in accordance with recent MACV PW recovery instructions will insure a higher probability of success in future recovery efforts.

25 (3) Return of 26 (a) and USMC, were captured by the VC on 301045K May 68 in the 27 28 vicinity of They were moved to an area in the vicinity of 29 The men escaped at about 010900H June 68 under cover of an ARVN attack, and made 30 their way to the ARVN unit who returned them to US 31 control. 32

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were told by the VC that five (b) 1 other Americans had been captured and were being held 2 nearby. However, the location of the captured Americans ٦ could not be fixed with enough accuracy to warrant making Ŀ a recovery attempt. 5 whose physical (c) Debriefing of 6 condition is good, continues. 7 w. Recovery Operations, 5-11 Jun 1968* 8 (1) Operation DAYTON INDIAN. No new developments. This 9 operation will be placed in inactive files until the VC 10 contact the plantation director again. 11 (2) Operation PREBLE RID E 12 (a) There have been repeated reports of US PW being 13 held in several camps along the Song Giang River, west 14 of Quang Ngai. Up to 18 US may be held between 15 and 🛄 16 (b) A JPRC representative is in Danang coordinating 17 plans for the insertion of recon teams into this area. 18 19 These SOC teams will be supported by reaction forces from 20 the American Division when required. Tentative insertion 21 date is 13 June. x. Recovery Operations, 12-18 Jun 1968** 22 23 **Operation PREBLE RIDGE** 24 (1) Four recon teams were inserted in separate AO vicinity 25 on 15 June. All four 26 came under enemy attack on 16 June and were extracted. 27 Friendly 1 WIA, enemy 2 KIA. No evidence of PW camps located. 28 (2) Since area appears to be enemy base camp, Americal 29 Division is planning to sweep area. They will have secondary 30 mission to recover US PW. JPRC representative is participating 31 in planning for operations COMUSNACV Msg, 3021/110818z Jun 68 COMUSNACV Msg, 3147/181303z Jun 68 F-161 TOP SECRET Appendix F o) COMUSHACY MSg, 314//1013032 Jun 60

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y. Recovery Operations, 18-25 Jun 1968	l
Operation PREBLE RIDGE. The Americal Division is	2
sweeping the area. Thus far, they have experienced light	3
contact with the enemy and have not found any PW camps.	4
2. Recovery Operations, 26 Jul - 2 Jul 1968**	5
Operation PREBLE RIDGE	6
(1) The Americal Division is conducting a battalion-	7
sized operation through the PREBLE RIDGE AO. Known as	8
VANCE CANVON, the operation commenced at the east side of	9
the area on 21 June and will last as long as operations	10
in the area are productive.	'n
(2) During the first week's operations, there was	12
light enemy contact. An arms cache was captured at	13
on 26 June. Total results for the week were:	14
friendly - 5 WIA; enemy - 6 NVA KIA, 46 individual	15
weapons and nine crew-served weapons were captured. No	16
PW camps were located.	

(S) COMUSMACV Msg, 3276/2513052 Jun 68 (S) COMUSMACV Msg, 3408/0213332 Jul 68 TOP SECRET F-162 1

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TOP SECRET aa. Recovery Operations, 3-9 Jul 1968* 1 Operation PREBLE RIDGE. The Bn operation conducted by 2 the American Division in the PREBLE RIDGE AO was terminated ٦ this week with no further significant contact. No signs of Ł. recent PW activity were found, and this area has been 5 removed from the high probability PW camp areas. 6 bb. Recovery Operations, 10-16 Jul 1968** 7 BODeration. On 9 July an element of the (1)8 5th Special Forces Group conducted an operation against a PW 9 camp alleged to hold 26 PW including an ARVN officer. The 10 position of the camp was reported by an alleged 11 escapee on 7 July and was confirmed by a US FAC. The PW 12 camp was found as described; however, it had been abandoned. 13 (2) 25th Division Operation 14 (a) On 9 July, the JPRC received reports concerning 15 an underground bunker at alleged to hold 16 20-40 US and GVN PW, and coordinated the planning of a 17 recovery operation with the 25th Division. 18 (b) Operation commenced at 161200H July with 4/23D 19 Mech attacking from the road in the vicinity of 20 to seize the PW camp. 21 (c) The source who provided the information is 22 accompanying the attacking force. At the time of this 23 report, the force had not located the alleged came site. 24 cc. Recovery Operations, 17-23 Jul 1968*** 25 (1) 25th Division Operation 26 (a) The operation by 4/23D Mech to locate an alleged 27 underground PW bunker was conducted on 16-July in the 28 vicinity of with negative results. The 29 source accompanied the APCs but was unable to locate the 30 bunker. He stated that he believed the PW camp to be 2 31 km further NE. 32 COMUSMACV Msg, 3544/0912552 July 68 COMUSMACV Msg, 3697/1613012 July 68 COMUSMACV Msg, 3830/2313202 July 68 2022 1022 0222 2 - 12 CONTINUE OF THE

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(b) Another sweep was conducted on 20 July in the ٦. with negative results. The 25th vicinity of 2 Division is conducting other operations in this AO and 3 will be alert to recover the PW if located. h (2) Operation MILWAUKEE ROAD 5 (a) On 21 July, the JPRC received a report of two 6 separate sightings of three Caucasian PW in the vicinity 7 of Quan Loi A JPRC representative arrived at 8 Quan Loi on 22 July, and it was decided to launch a 9 recovery operation on 23 July using a platoon of PRU and 10 a platoon from SOG assets. The 1st Ede, 1st Inf would 11 provide a company reaction force, and artillery, and air 12 support. 13 (b) The operation commenced at 230630H, with two 14 platoons landed by helo at A Montagnard 15 source accompanied the force, which proceeded with light 16 enemy contact toward the objective. At 231330H the force 17 located an enemy base camp at 18 consisting of 14 buildings and 15 to 20 bunkers with blankets, tools 19 and medical supplies. The camp contained no PW and only 20 21 a two or three-man guard force. 22 (c) As of the time of this report, preparations are being made to extract the forces. 23 24 dd. Recovery Operations, 24-30 Jul 1968* (1) Operation MILWAUKEE ROAD 25 26 (a) The base camp located at had been abandoned within the hour. The PRU and SOG teams were 27 extracted by 231700H. and the base camp was destroyed by 28 29 artillery fire. 30 (b) The Montagnard source and guide was debriefed on the evening of 23 July. He was very frightened by the 31 helo ride and shooting, but affirmed that they had reached 32 the base campe where the PW had been sighted five days 33 previously. 34 COMUSMACV Msg, 3975/3012032 July 68

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2	(2) <u>173d ABN Operation</u>	נ
	(a) On 28 July, the JPRC received information that	2
	sources of the 173d ABN BDE had reported the presence	3
	of four US FOW in the Cay Giep Mountains	4
	173d ABN BDE has planned and started an operation to	5
	recover the PW.	6
	(b) At 290300H two seven-man long-range patrols (LRP)	7
-	were inserted by boat at the second	8
	teams are to infiltrate to two camps reported at	• 9
	respectively. As of the time	10
	of this report, the LRF are proceeding normally and have	11
	made no contacts.	12
	(c) Artillery, gunships, FAC and a company reaction	13
	force are available for support. If the LPR operation	14
	fails to locate the FW, it is planned to insert two PRU	15
	for additional reconnaissance.	16
ee.	Recovery Operations, 31 Jul - 6 Aug 1968*	17
-	(1) 1734 ABN BDE Operation	18
	(a) The first LRP completed its mission to investi-	19
	gate alleged PW activity at the on 3 Aug with	20
	negative results, and was extracted.	21
	(b) The second LRP located an occupied enemy camp at	22
	on 2 Aug. One VC who awoke and discovered	23
-	the LRP was silently killed. The team investigated	24
	their target at the with negative results. On	25
	3 Aug the team returned to the camp at	26
	finding it just abandoned. A building was found that	27
	had been used to house PW. GI socks and A web belt were	28
	found indicating presence of US PW. A list of 99 VN PW	29
	and other documents were taken.	30
	(c) On 4 Aug a BN cordon and search operation was	31
	conducted at Kuan Vinh village with negative results.	32
C (S) C	OMU3MACV Msp, 4136/0613152 Aug 68	

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		(d) Additional egent reports located possible PW	1
	(Activity at These	5
	•	sites will be investigated during the next few days.	3
		The abandoned PW camp will be placed under surveillance	4
		by 7 Aug. A JPRC representative is at Bong Song to	5
	•	assist in planning further recovery operations in this	6
		area.	7
	•	(2) <u>11th LT INF BDE Operations</u>	8
		(a) JPRC received information on 2 Aug that an agent	9
	-	had reported a PW camp on 31 July alleged to contain 30	10
		US and 25 ARVN PW at The camp was reported	11
		to have been active about one month, and the source was	12
		willing to guide a recovery operation.	13
		(b) The 11th LT INF BDE conducted a company airmobile	14
		assault on 4 Aug, landing at The source led	15
		them down several trails, but became disoriented and lost.	16
		The company searched the entire valley to the south without	17
	-	enemy contact, and was extracted at 041600H at BS 5864.	18
	N I	ff. Recovery Operations, 7-13 Aug 1968*	19
	*	Operation CUSTER LANCE (Formerly 173d ABN BDE Operation)	20
		(1) Company cordon and search operations were conducted	21
		on villages at	22
		on 7 - 11 Aug. No prisoners were found, and	23
		detainees questioned provided no new information on PM	24
		locations.	25
		(2) Five LRP are engaged in searching for reported PW	26
		camps throughout the mountain area. The abandoned PW camp	27
		at was placed under surveillance on 7 Aug. Two	28
		Sandia seismic detection devices were emplaced near the	29
		camp on 12 Aug.	30
		(3) The 173d ABN BDE forces were augmented by two BRIGHT	31
		LIGHT teams of 12 men each on 9 Aug. One team is attempting	32
		a military prisoner snatch in an AO vicinity and	33
	ア	(5) COMUSMACV Mag, 4303/1312262 Aug 68	
	тор	PECRET F-166 Appendix F	
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4	will investigate a cave at reported to contain	1
(three PW on 9 Aug. The second team is employed with the	2
	Sandia devices to monitor the abandoned PW camp and search	3
•	another AO.	4
	(4) Many enemy have been sighted by the reconsteams,	5
	and some light contact has been made. Operations are planned	6
	in this area for two more weeks in attempts to locate the	7
	four alleged US PW.	. 8
-	gg. <u>Recovery Operations, 14-20 Aug 1968</u> *	9
-	Operation CUSTER LANCE. The two BRIGHT LIGHT teams were	10
	extracted 16 Aug upon completion of their missions and	11
	returned to Danang on 17 Aug. The 173d ABN BDE continues to	12
	monitor the Sandia devices, and to keep the PW camp at	13
	under surveillance. Operations in and around the	14
	Cay Ciep Mountain area will continue for another week in	15
	attempts to localize any US PW.	16
_	hh. Recovery Operations, 21-27 Aug 1968**	זב 7
(Operation CUSTER LANCE. The 173d ABN BDE has thoroughly	18
`	searched the area and believes the enemy forces and PW have	<u>,</u> 19
	moved out. The PW camp located at was the only	20
	evidence of US PW found. All forces have been removed from	21
	the Cay Ciep Mountain area because of other operational	22
	commitments. However, the Sandia devices near the abandoned	2 3
	PW camp are being monitored from the air, and a reaction	24
	force is available if the enemy returns.	25
•	11. Recovery Operations 28 Aug - 3 Sep 1968***	26
	Operation CRANBERRY BOG	27
	(1) On 28 Aug, JPRC received a report from Can Tho that	28
	two Vietnamese escaped from a PW camp at the second on	29
	27 Aug, and alleged that the camp contained 35 VN prisoners	30
	and eight US PW. The camp was guarded by only eight VC. A	31
	JPRC representative was flown to Can Tho.	32
	ph a	
	S CONUSMACV Msg, 4476/2013042 Aug 68 S CONUSMACV Msg, 4635/2711582 A 68	
	COMUSMACV Msg, 4790/0311222 Sep 68	

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(2) A Provincial Reconnaissance Unit (PRU) raid was 1 planned for the night of 30-31 Aug. The raiding party con-2 sisted of one US SEAL PRU Advisor, the two escapees, and 3 ning PRU. Special equipment was provided by JPRC including radios, IR strobe lights, a small life-raft, explasive bolt 5 cutters and starlight scopes. The team was inserted at f 1800 in an ARVN outpost at about 3000 meters from 7 the PW camp. At midnight, they began their infiltration to 8 the camp under cover of a US FAC employing the starlight 9 scopes. The raft was used to transport the radios and 10 weapons across the river to the PW camp. 11

(3) At dawn, a reaction force of 60 PRU was airborne in 12 helos near the camp site, and was supported by four gunships. 13 14 The raiding party attacked the guards and killed two VC while the others ran. The raction force landed and cordoned 15 off the area. A total of 49'VN prisoners, mostly ARVN and 16 17 RF-PF, were found shackled and standing in trenches filled 18 with water chest deep. They were liberated, and interrogated immediately regarding the US PW. There were no 19 friendly casualties. 20

(4) It was determined that the US PW has been removed 21 from the camp on 28 Aug by an estimated enemy Bn, and taken 22 in an unknown direction. A search of the area revealed no 23 clue as to the fate of the eight US. Detailed interrogation . 24 . of the VN prisoners is continuing. The two sources were 25 26 rewarded by CORDS for their services. 27 jj. Recovery Operations, 4-10 Sep 1968 28 Operation CRANBERRY BOG 29

(1) Debriefing and colation of information gained in this operation continues.

(2) 15 million leaflets in the following mix are to be 31 disseminated into the area bounded by 32

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5 million # 73B reward for return

7 CONUSTACY MSg, 4924/1011157 Sep 68

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TOP SECRET of captured allied personnel, 4 million weapons reward, 1 4 million Chieu Hoi, and 2 million safe conduct leaflets. 2 kk. Recovery Operations, 11-17 Sep 1968* 3 Operation DOGWOOD KNOT (1) On 13 Sep, JPRC received information that two s 6 US PW were being held at They are kept in a 7 hut at night along the RVN side of a stream that is the border between Cambodia and RVN. In daylight hours, they . 8 9 are dispersed in sampans on the river. (2) Reportedly, one of the VC guards wants to defect 10 with the PW, but is unable to get them away from the 11 village. The source was returned to the area to gain 12 further intelligence. 13 14 (3) Planning is underway for a recovery operation in 15 the early morning hours of 19 Sep whether the source returns 16 or not. 17 18 A company-sized CIDG unit will be landed immediately 19 by held to search the huts along the stream. Suitable air 20 assets and reaction forces are available to support the 21 mission. 22 11. Recovery Operations, 18-24 Sep 1968** 23 (1) Operation DOGWOOD KNOT 24 (a) The operation planned for 19 Sep was canceled because of dated intelligence, inundated landing zones 25 26 making an airmobile assault marginal, and the likelihood 27 of enemy fire support from and PW removal to the 28 Cambodian side of the stream. 29 (b) On 21 Sep, new intelligence was received when 30 the agent returned from the village at Ine 31 two US PW have been moved to the vicinity of a Cambodian outpost 1000 meters into Cambodia at 32 COMUSMACV Mag, 5073/1710362 Sep 68 COMUSMACV Mag, 5235/2411402 Sep 68 COMUSMACV Msg 5073/1710367 San 68

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(c) The agent has returned to the area and was 1 instructed to try to have the sympathetic guard bring 2 the US PW out for the reward money. The agent is due 3 4 to report out on 24 Sep.

(d) Attempts are being made to confirm the presence and obtain the identity of the two US alleged prisoners. The area is under close surveillance in the event the prisoners are returned to RVN, and plans have been formulated for a recovery operation. Because of the thin intelligence and the 11 Americans still detained in 10 Phnom Penh, no clearance for an operation into Cambodia 11 is sought at this time. 12

(2) Operation AZALEA CREEK

(a) A female prisoner escaped from a VC prison camp 14 on 17 Sep. The camp was alleged to hold vicinity 15 70-100 VN prisoners and two US FW. The source was willing 16 17 to guide a recovery operation.

(b) A JPRE representative was sent to Can Tho, Bac Lieu, and Ca Mau to coordinate the operation. After necessary coordination with SA IV Corps, 21st ARVN Div, SA An Xuyen Province and the Province Chief, an operation was launched at first light 21 Sep.

23 (c) A RF Company with US advisors and command element 24 was landed by helo. Tactical air and naval gunfire 25 support were available but not required. The camp was 26 located, but had been abandoned. Further ground search 27 located 25 Vietnamese prisoners hidden in elephant 28 grass and guarded by one female VC. -

29 (d) The guard and three VC suspects were captured, 30 and the prisoners liberated. Debrief of the prisoners 31 reveals that the operation was compromised. The VC 32 removed the prisoners at midnight before the operation 33 in two groups. The second group of about 20 VN PW was

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TOP SECRET 1 moved toward the U-Minh forest, and was not found. The 2 prisoners had heard of two US PW being kept in the area, 3 but had never seen them. There were no casualties. Ą. (3) Operation CUSTER LANCE. The 173d ABN BDE continues 5 patrol activity in the Bong Son area to investigate spot 6 reports of US FW in the area. The Sandia devices which were 7 planted at the abandoned PW camp at on 10 Aug are 8 still active and being periodically monitored from the air. 9 mm. Recovery Operations, 25 Sep - 1 Oct 1968* 10 Operation SAGINAW LAKE 11 (1) On 10 Sep, the 11th Armored CAV REG received informa-12 tion that a PW camp was located in an enemy base area vicinity 13 Agents were sent to gain confirming information. On 14 27 Sep, additional information was reported from two different 15 sources, alleging the presence of nine US PW, a hospital, 16 anno plant and supply area which is heavily defended. 17 (2) Detailed planning and coordination is underway for a 18 multi-battalion cordon and search operation to recover the 19 PW and destroy the base camp. JPRC is participating in the 20 planning and will provide special teams and equipment to 21 secure the PW if required. 22 nn. Recovery Operations, 2-8 Oct 1968** 23 (1) Operation SAGINAW LAKE 24 (a) Planning for this operation continues. On 2 Oct 25 a JPRC representative visited the 11th Armored CAV REG 26 to assist them in formulating a concept for the operation. 27 The tentative plan envisions a multi-battalion cordon and 28 reaction force to exploit intelligence of the target area 29 obtained by Special Forces or PRU recon teams. A target 30 date for execution of this operation has not been estab-31 lished at this time due to other tactical priority 32 missions.

(8) COMUSMACV Msg, 5395/0112142 Oct 68 (8) COMUSMACV Msg, 5532/0811182 Oct 68

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(b) Intelligence updating on the target area will	l
continue until forces are available to conduce the	2
operation.	3
(2) Unilateral Recovery Operations	4
(a) On 5 Oct, the Vinh Binh PRU conducted a uni-	5
, lateral prisoner recovery operation against a VC camp	6
at	7
(b) The camp location was provided by a woman who	. 8
received a clandestine message from her husband who was	9
being held in the camp. She reported the information	10
to a PRU soldier who passed it to his US advisor.	נו
(c) This operation resulted in the recovery/libera-	12
tion of 27 VN prisoners. There were no friendly	13
casualties.	14
(d) Detailed debriefing of the recovered prisoners	15
is being conducted to determine possible knowledge of	16
US PW in the area	17
((e) This is the third successful recovery operation	18
conducted in the Delta in little over a month.	19
oo. Recovery Operations, 9-15 Oct 1968*	20
(1) Operation SAGINAW LAKE. Planning responsibility has	21
been shifted to CQ 1st INF DIV because of the scale of the	22
required operation. Current concept calls for verification	23
of PW camp positions by PRU recon teams followed immediately	24
by cordon and search operations, extraction of any PW	25
located, and destruction of the enemy base area. This target	26
will not be struck until after 20 Oct due to prior commitments	. 27
(2) Operation SAGE BRUSH	28
(a) On 15 Oct, JPRC received information that a VC PW	29
camp was located at . The source, the wife of	30
a VC guard, alleged there were five US and 80 VN PW in the	31
camp guarded by 40 VC. One of the US is reportedly a	32
* (5) COMUSNACV Mag, 5681/1513122 Oct 68	
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Captain in poor health. The VC guard has agreed to protect the prisoners during a raid in return for a reward and his freedom. His wife must return to the camp on 16 Oct, as she was out on a 48-hour medical D836.

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(b) A JPRC representative was flown immediately to Ca Mau where IV Corps representatives were planning for a recovery operation. The concept is not firm at this time, but will involve a PRU raiding force supplemented by other IV Corps assets. This operation will be conducted ASAP.

pp. Recovery Operations, 16-22 Oct 1968*

(1) Operation SAGINAW LAKE

(a) Since 17 Oct, three attempts have been made with PRU recon teams to confirm the location of the PW camps. In one case, the PRU teach leader was killed, and the camps have not been , confirmed .

(b) Further attempts are being made to insert recon teams in the area. CO 1st DIV is prepared to conduct the operation as soon as verification of the PW location is achieved.

(2) Operation SAGE BRUSH

(a) A recovery operation was conducted on 18 Oct at the alleged PW camp at A 120-man PRU-force with US leadership searched the area for four hours without locating any PW or enemy activity. A VC village 26 was located 2 km from the site with only women and 28 children present. The village fortifications were destroyed, with no casaulties on either side.

30 (b) Extensive debrief of sources, guides and village 31 residents is being conducted in order to determine the causes and motives for the apparent deception and 32

COMUSMALV Msg, 5831/221037Z Oct 68

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	compromise. Preliminary investigation indicates that	۲
(a PW camp was widely rumored to be in the area, and	2
	the sources and his female relative thought that a	3
1	large operation might locate and recover the PW and	Ļ
	they would get the reward. The elaborate details and	5
1	notes were fabricated in order to generate a recovery	6
	operation.	7
-	(3) Operation CUSTER LANCE. No activity has taken	. 8
ا تى	place in this 173d ABN BDE AO this month, and this operation	9
<u>م</u> ر	has terminated.	10

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TOP SECRET 99. Recovery Operations, 23-29 October 1968 * 1 (1) Operation SAGINAW LAKE 2 (a) The II FFV LRRP Company has been committed to 3 the recon mission for this operation. The operation h commensed on Oct with the insertion of four teams for an 5 estimated three day mission. An air cavalry reaction force 6 is available, and up to two battalions can be committed 7 from the 1st Division if recon results warrant exploitation. 8 A JPRC rep has been present at all planning meetings, and 9 the LRRP have been furnished silenced/weapons and chain 10 cutters. 11 (b) Two of the LRRP's made contact with enemy forces 12 of unknown size shortly after insertion and required 13 extraction. The other two teams are still on the ground 14 and are operational. The two extracted teams will be re-15 inserted today. 16 (2) Operation JUNIPER BERRY 17 (a) On 27 Oct JPRC was advised that a woman had escaped 18 on 24 Oct. The camp was from a PW camp at 19 alleged to contain 1 U.S., 56 ARVN, and 20 civ prisoners, 20 and to be guarded by 12 V.C. AJPRC rep was flown to Can 21 Tho, and a PRU operation planned for 28 Oct. 22 (b) The escapee, the wife of the Chief of Staff (ARVN) 23 for Ba Xuyen Province, would not accompany the raid. At 24 0800 on 28 Oct a force of 50 PRU was landed on the target 25 without opposition. Some bunkers were located, but it did 26 not appear to be a PW site. The force was moved to 27 a more likely looking area, and two VC were detained. 28 The area was searched from the air and ground until 1030 29 when all forces were extracted. A detailed debriefing is 30 underway. 31

COMUSMACV Msg, 5969/291210A Oct 60

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TOP SECRET rr. Recovery Operations, 30 October to 5 November 1968 1 (1) Operation SAGINAW LAKE 2 (a) Four LERP teams were maintained on the ground in 3 the AO from 29 Oct through 3 Nov. They thoroughly searched 4 the area finding enemy patrols, fighting positions, and 5 other evidence of enemy occupation but no large camps of 6 facilities. 7 (b) A conventional battalion sweep of the area 8 commenced on 5 Nov and will be terminated on 6 Nov unless 9 results warrant a larger effort. 10 ss. Recovery Operations, 6-12 November 1968 11 (1) Operation SAIGNAW LAKE. A battalion sweep through the 12 AO was completed on 6 Nov. A small abandoned enemy camp was 13 located, but no evidence of a PW camp was found. This operation 14 is terminated. 15 (2) Operation RAYBURN CANE III 16 (a) Further information has been gained from an excapee 17 from the camp complex in eastern Darlac Province. There are 18 three possible camp sites where three U.S. missionaries may 19 be held. An operation has been planned to search for the 20 camp in the vicinity of 21 (b) A special leaflet has been produced designed to 22 encourage aid to the missionaries. These leaflets are mixed 23 with regular reward and Chieu Hoi leaflets, and are to be 24 dropped in the base area complex on 12 Nov. 25 (c) A special recon team of 15 men will be inserted on 26 16 Nov with a planned search mission of three days. Air 27 support and a company reaction force will be provided by I 28 FFV. URC-64 radios, M-79 pump guns, a silenced M-16 and 29 special signalling equipment were provided through JPRC. # 30 COMUSNACV Msg, 33539/0513552 Nov 68 Comusmacv Msg, 34898/1213082 Nov 68

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tt. <u>Recovery Operations, 13-19 November 1968</u> * (1) Operation RAYBURN CANE III.

(a) Additional questioning of source and visual recon flown 15 Nov indicate source escaped from camp at the This is in the immediate area of three PW camps located on Operation RAYBURN CANE II in May 68, indicating that the PW camp complex has been reoccupied.

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(b) A special recon team of three U.S., and 12 indigenous. 8 members was inserted at at last light on 17 Nav. 9 They are proceeding toward the objective area with no enemy 10 contact during first 48 hours. The team is prepared to 11 continue until PM 21 Nov and a company reaction force is 12 standing by for insertion if an occupied PW cite is located. 13 uu. <u>Recovery Operations, 20-26 November 1968</u> ** 14

(1) Operation RAYBURN CANE III.

(a) This operation was terminated 211150 Nov when the 16 recon team was extracted after being compromised and tracked 17 by enemy forces. While making the 201700 Nov radio contact 18 the team had established a small perimeter vic. 19 when two VC scouts walked up on the team and observed them. 20 The two VC scouts turned and ran down the trail before the 21 team could react. Shortly after they were compromised the 22 team heard two shots which are normally used by the VC in 23 24 that area to sound an alarm.

(b) The team had observed a large VC village approx one 25
one kilometer west of their compromised location and they 26
felt an enemy search force would soon saturate the area. 27
An extraction was requested. 28

(c) The FAC on station selected an extraction LZ but the 29 team was unable to reach the L2 before dark. They selected 30 a secluded area to await first light and as soon as the 31 morning haze lifted on 21 Nov the team was extracted from 32 without incident.

COMUSMACV Msg, 36519/1913052 Nov 68 COMUSMACV Msg, 38104/2612252 Nov 68

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(d) A plan is being developed to infiltrate Montagnard scoutsinto the area to determine if the U.S. prisoners were moved as a result of the recon team being observed. When the FW camp location has been confirmed, a follow-up operation is planned.

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(2) Operation NORFOLK TAR.

(a) An NVA rallier who turned himself in to the 1st Cav Div last week has disclosed the location of a PW camp at The camp is reported to contain two U.S. and at least eight ARVN prisoners. Polygraph tests indicate the source is probably telling the truth.

(b) Source believes he can guide a recovery to the camp
and has voluntsered to accompany U.S. forces on this operation.
(c) Co A, 5th Special Forces Group has developed a
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vv. Recovery Operations, 27 November -3 December 1968.

(1) Operation NORFOLK TAR.

(a) The operation was approved and supported by II FFV.
Co A, 5th SFQ was to doncuct the raid on 1 Dec after infiltration of a recon team on the night of 30 Nov. There was a Bh from the 1st Cav Div and one Troop of Air Cav as reaction force.

(b) The recon team was inserted at 2300 on 30 Nov and 27 was accompanied by the Hoi Chanh. After moving toward the 28 objective for two hours, they observed a line of 25 to 30 29 flashlights moving abreast towards them. Artillery was called 32 in and the lights went out. About 30 minutes after the 31 artillery ceased the lights went on again and continued to 32

COMUSMACV Msg, 39588/031106Z Dec 68 OP SECRET

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close. The recon team returned to the LZ and was extracted, and Spooky (AC-47) was called in on the search party.

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(a) Because of the compromise and the OB indicating two NVA regiments in the area, the assult was terminated. The source refused to return to the area. Co A, 5th SFG plans to redevelop the target area when enemy action subsides.

(2) Operation SAGE BRUSH II.

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(a) On 18 Oct 68 a PRU force raided an alleged PW camp 9 at The source for this operation was reporting 10 hearsay evidence of a PW camp in the area, and had not actually 11 seen the camp. The camp was not found on the raid. 12

(b) On 1 Dec an escapee from the same camp wes recovered by the PRU. He has been extensively interrogated 14 and polygraphed. He was in the camp at the time of the 15 October raid, and heard the loudspeaker aircraft which were 16 employed. He estimates the actual camp position about 1500 17 meters from the raided site (about for the first of the source 18 confirms that there are three U.S. presents in the camp. 19

(c) Flanning is underway for a second recovery operation 20
in the next 72 hours. A JPRC representative is present, and 21
special equipment will be furnished. 22

(3) <u>Recovery of Bodies from Helo Crash</u>.

(a) On 27 Nov a UH-1 from the USAF 20th Helo squadron 24 was shot down in Cambodia at with 10 persons on 25 board. Five men were rescued alive by another helo from 26 the 20th squadon. The remaining five were believed killed 27 in the fire. 28

(b) On 29 Nov a recovery team was inserted at the site. 29 After checking for booby traps and finding no sight of enemy 30 activity, the team recovered the remains of five persons. The 31 team was extracted without contact. 32

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ww. Recovery Operations, 4-10 December 1968

(1) Operation SAGE BRUSH II

(a) The raid commenced at noon on 8 Dec with one PRU
 company and two mobile strike force companies from Co D,
 5th SFG inserted by helo on the primary target. vice

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abandoned at least 24 hours earlier. The camp was exactly 9 as the escapee had described it with the exception of two 10 new structures built since his excape. Twenty pounds of 11 documents and samples of leg stock leg irons and medicines 12 were captured and the camp set on fire. 50 detainees were 13 taken from a nearby VC hamlet for questioning. 14

(b) At 1400 hours a helo participating in the operation 15 sighted another previously unknown camp and personnel at 16 and the reserve mobile strike force company was 17

and the guards and 20 approximately 60 Vietnamese prisonere fled. Seven Vietnamese 21 civilian prisoners were recovered. Near the extraction LZ a brief fire fight ensued with 2 VC captured and 4 VC KIA. 22 23 A total of approximately 37 structures were destroyed in .24 the camps and near by VC hamlets during the operation 25 after which air strikes were called in to complete the 26 destruction of the primary target PW camp, causing one secondary explosion. There were no friendly casualties. 27

(c) Battlefield interrogation of the 7 prisonere recovered revealed no knowledge of U.S. prisoners. Further
interrogation of these returnees and the 50 detainees is
underway, and the documents are being screened by CDEC for
any information on U.S. prisoners.

COMUSMACV Mag, 41173/1012512 Dec 68

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TOP SECRET xx. Recovery Operations, 11-17 December 1968 ٦ 2 (1) Operation ELM STREET (a) ELM STREET is the code name which has been given 3 to the pending operation being developed by IV Corps Hq 4 and the Ministry of Chieu Hoi in Kien Giang Province. 5 6 (b) Information obtained on 16 Dec indicates there are probably six U.S. prisoners being held in the camp instead 7 of the four prisoners previously reported. Ħ (c) The VC platcon leader has been provided with a 9 small camera and a note book with instructions to obtain 10 pictures of and biographical data on the prisoners. 11 (d) Negotiations will continue in an attempt to effect 12 their release. 13 14 (2) Operation SAGE BRUSH II (a) Information is still filtering out of the area in 15 which this operation was conducted. Local inhabitants have 16 stated that seven VC cadre were killed by the gunships at 17 They further stated that the prisoners were 18 moved because of a planned naval operation in the area. 19 They said they had no forewarning of the recovery operation. 20 (b) Documents captured during this operation consist 21 22 of notebooks, memoranda, personal letters, interrogation 23 reports and PW rosters as well as rosters of the VC Security Section in Cai Nouc District and other Security Agencies of 24 Ca Mau Province, and VC MR-3. In addition, the PW camp SOP 25 26 and regulations, interrogation instruction booklets and VC

EEI were among the captured documents. Initial readout of 27 these documents reveal there is a complex of six separate 28 camps in the area containing 444 prisoners. A detailed 29 readout of these documents is in progress. 30

(c) It is believed the prisoners will be moved to a 31 new location as a result of this operation. PRU assets are 32

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* 15) COMUSMACV Pag. 42682/171450Z Dec 68

TOP SECRET attempting to determine where they will be moved in 1 2 order to conduct another recovery operation. (d) Photographs taken in the PW camp will be for-3 warded under separate cover. h yy. Recovery Operations, 18-24 December 1968 *- --5 (1) Operation ELM STREET 6 (a) Authorities of the Gia Dinh Chieu Hoi Center and 7 Mr Anh of the Ministry of Chieu Hoi have presented the KKK 8 terms of rally to President Thieu for consideration by 9 4 the Government of Vietnam. 10 (b) The KKK are reportedly willing to rally and return 11 the six U.S. PW two days after being informed of the GVN's 12 acceptance of them as Hoi Chan. 13 14 (c) At the last meeting between Chieu Hoi officials and KKK representatives no mention was made of VC elements 15 being involved in the rally or of enemy held U.S. PW. 16 17 (2) Operation SEATTLE FAIR 18 (A) A 525 agent from Phan Thiet, who operates in the 19 vicinity of reported 13 U.S., 16 ROX, 1 Philipino 20 and numerous VN PWs were located in the vicinity of Ong ۰. Mountair The 302 VC Bn is charged with security 21 22 of the enemy's installations in the area. Allegedly this 23 force was moved out of the area on 20 Dec till afternoon of 22 Dec. NADPhan Thiet decided that they would react 24 to this information on 20 Dec. 25 26 (b) NAD initiated planning immediately and noticed the JPRC with an intent message on 21 Dec. JPRC reps were 27 28 dispatched and attended a final mission briefing at 211600H Dec. IFFV designated Task Force South as the Command element, 29 30 In order to accomplish the mission before the 302 VC Bn 31 returned to the area the action team had to be inserted, fix the target and liberate the FW by 221200H Dec 68. 32 CONUSMACV Msg, 44164/2411252 De 68-

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(c) The action team was inserted at last light on on 21 Dec. During the evening and night the team could not find a high speed trail and had not reached their objective by 221200H Dec. At this time the decosopm was was made to abort the mission.

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(d) The JPRC has requested that an increased intelligence collection effort be mounted in this area by both I and IIPPV. When more information becomes available this operation will be reinitiated.

(3) Unilateral Operation Conducted by ARVN in An Xuyen Province.10 On 19 Dec the An XUYEN Province Chief directed a four company 11 unilateral prisoner recovery operation in Cai Noue District 12 This is in the same general area in which 13 vic Operation SAGE BRUSH II was conducted but was based on what 14 was thought to be more current intelligence. There was negative 15 16 enemy contact during instruction and very few people were 17 in the objective area. The reported camp was not found. 18 One VC hospital, completely stocked with medical supplies and 19 equipment was found. One cache consisting of an 82mm mortar 20 and seven rounds of mortar ammunition was also found in the 21 area. There were no friendly caualties. No personnel were recovered. 22

(4) 25th Div Operation. 1st Ede, 25th Inf Div, in coordination with a representative from the JPRC, has formulated
a tentative plan to conduct this recovery operation as soon
as forces are available. The Deputy CG, 25th Div was briefed
on the concept on 19 Dec and has approved it. No date has
been set for the conduct of this operation.

TOP SECRET zz. Recovery Operations, 25-31 December 1968 3 2 (1) 3 þ 5 6 7 8 (2) OPERATION ELM STREET. The GVN is considering conditions 9 10 for the rally of the KKK. However, an employee 11 of USAID, is in contact with the KKK concerning the return 12 of the U.S. PW. The JPRC is continuing to monitor these discussions. 13 14 (3) RECOVERY OF ARVN PRISONERS IN AN XUYEN PROVINCE. The ARVN 32nd Regiment recovered 83 ARVN PW during a search and 15 clear operation north of CA.MAU in an XUYEN Province vicinity 16 on 23 Dec. Although this was not a Recovery 17 18 Operation, elements of the ARVN 32nd Regiment discovered 19 the PW camp in their AO, surprised the guard forces and 20 released the 83 PW's. (4) RELEASE OF 3 U.S. PW FROM EASTERN NAM BO. The enemy 21 22 has stated they released the three men on 22 Dec 68. As yet 23 they have not returned to U.S. CONTROL: Another discussion 24 meeting with the enemy is scheduled for 0101007 Jan 69. The JPRC is continuing to monitor the progress of this release. 25 26 (5) 25TH INF DIV OPERATION. Delayed by the enemy threat to TAY NINH CITY. 27 (6) PRU OPERATIONS 28 . (a) PRU conducted an operation in VINH BINH Province 29 to recover 3 U.S. and 10 VN PW's. Allegedly held in the 30 vicinity of The operation conducted on 27 Dec 31

* (S) CINCPAC Msg, 010304z Jan 69

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resulted in capture of six enemy. Debriefing of the captured VC may reveal the validity of the information.

(b) The Baclieu FRU conducted an unilateral FW recovery operation on 27 December in the vicinity of This raid resulted in recovery of 20 civilians and three ARVN FW and 23 enemy captured.

(7) F-105 PANDA 01, DOWN IN LAOS.

(a) 25 Dec JSARC reported an F-105, was down at for the pilot was observed banging from his chute in the trees. JOLLY GREEN 17 went in for the pick up and a PJ was lowered to the ground where he was . WIA. At this time JG-17 came under attack and was forced out of the area. During the course of his maneuvering the hoist cable was broken, dropping the aircrew member and negating any chance of recovering the PJ. JSARC notified JPRC and requested a bright light be initiated. JSARC also indicated that both men were possible KIA and only an electronic search would continue.

(b) 26 Dec: AlE's received strong beeper signals from the area where the PJ and pilot were lost

A bright light team was positioned at NKP and placed in a hold status pending further word for JSARC. At 271200H Dec 7th AF determined that a rescue attempt would not be feasible and JSARC notified JPRC to cancel the bright light alert and return the team to its duty station. (8) SIGHTING IN LAOS. SAR reported a

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SANDY PILOT reported he observed

sighting in Laos vicinity

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PART VI. JPRC HISTORY, 1969	
A. (75) ORGANIZATION	l
JPRC Missions/Functions	2
1. (TE In June 1969, MACSOG published an Organization and	3
Functions Manual which set forth the mission and functions of	ų
, the Center. The JPRC is identified within the MACSOG organiza-	5
tion as Recovery Studies Group, MACSOG-80, and under JPRC	6
Director is divided into Administrative, Intelligence and	• •7
- Operations Sections.	8
2. (75) Tab 8 contains the mission of the Center and the	. 9
functions of the Director and the Intelligence and Operations	10
Division as prescribed in the manual.	11
B. (DE) EVASION AND ESCAPE (E4E)	12
1. (not Survival Kits	13
a. The Seventh Air Porce, in coordination with the JPRC,	14
took steps, in 1969, to update and incorporate recommended	15
changes in the E&E aerial delivery kits.	16
b. It was determined that two kits would be pre-positioned	17
at both Danang AFB and Nahkon Phanom RTAFB.	.18
	19
	20
	21
	22
2. (TS) Debriefing	23
a. On 31 December 1968, and a second second second second	24
from the VC after baving been a prisoner for five years.	25
The information provided by was determined to be	26
invaluable in assisting the JPRC to develop guidance and	27
procedures for future recovery operations.**	28
b. His debriefing contained the following information:	29
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	30
Seventh Air Force Regulation 67-23. 15 July 1969. CINCPAC Hag. 0918552 Jan 69.	
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(5)	<u>5</u>
(6)	<u>6</u>
- (7)	<u>7</u> 8
	. <u>8</u> 9
C. (TS) REWARD PROGRAM	2 <u>10</u>
1. (pg) Program Review. In conjunction with JUSPAO and the	<u>11</u>
Psychological Directorate of J-3, COMUSMACV, the JPRC, in	12
June 1969, began a long-range review of the PW psychological	<u>13</u>
operations and reward program for the purpose of making the	<u>14</u>
entire program more effective. Major areas to be reviewed were	15
media, themes, target audience, and locale. It was expected	<u>16</u>
_ that this review would take several months to accomplish and	<u> </u>
ould produce a more comprehensive program.	18
2. (25) Reward Payments. JPRC records indicate that during	19
. the first six months of 1969, the following rewards were paid	20
as part of the reward program.	21
a. A Vietnamese farmer received \$400 for recovering the	22
remains of manual interesting lat Cavalry Division, who	<u>23</u>
had been MIA since 1 April 1968.	24

b. A Vietnamese farmer was paid \$400 for recovering the remains of for the second state of the second stat

c. A reward payment of \$100 was made to-a Vietnamese . civilian who located the remains of US Navy.

d. Who recovered the bodies of two Air Force officers found at an A-26 crash site were paid \$400.

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2	D. (TS.) OPEBATIONS	٦
	1. (ps) Field Procedures. In 1969, field force commanders	1 2
٩	probulgated standardized procedures in order that recovery	<u> </u>
•	operations for PWs could be launched with a minimum loss of	<u></u>
	time. These steps were initiated as the result of the $comusMACV$	2
	policy change which encouraged field commanders to be alert to	<u>6</u>
	the possibility of taking immediate action to recover FWs when	- 2
	sufficient information was available. Tab 10 is an example of	. 8
ដ	a directive of this type which was published by Headquarters,	- 2
<u>a</u>	I Field Forcer Vietnam.	10
	2. (78) MACSOG Support of JPRC. Because of the continuing	11
	difficulties encountered in coordinating conventional force	12
	operations, MACSOG, in July 1969, tasked each of the three	13
	command and control (C&C) Detachments to be prepared to provide,	14
	on call, an exploitation force of up to one company of men to	<u>15</u>
	conduct PW recovery operations. * "The TOR which established this	<u>16</u>
	additional support to the JPRC by MACSOG forces is contained in	<u>17</u>
	'ab 11.	<u>18</u>
	3. (T8) Chronology of Operations, 1969. Following is a	<u>19</u>
 ,.	chronology of recovery operations and related activities during	<u>20</u>
	the period 1 January 1969 to 2 September 1969 as reported by	<u>21</u>
	the JPRC.	22
	a. <u>Operations, 1-7 Jan 1969**</u>	<u>23</u>
	(1) Operation ELM STREET	· <u>24</u>
	(a) a USAID employee, was in contact	<u>25</u>
	with the alleged VC camp commander on 3 Jan and the	<u>26</u>
	defection of the VC guards with five US PWs was "arranged"	<u>27</u>
	for 041430 Jan. According to the information provided	<u>28</u>
	by the PW camp was located in Xien Giang	<u>29</u>
	Province, near Ha Tien at (approximately one	<u>30</u>
	kilometer south of the Cambodian border).	<u>31</u>
• •	* (TS) MACSOO Msg, 310610Z Jul 69.	
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(b) The VC commander said he would ignate a yellow smoke grenade at 1430 hours to mark his and the PWs location. The C&C helicopter would land at that location, covered by gunships and LOHs, pick up the defeotors and the PWs and take them to Ha Tien. 1

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(c) To svoid an ambush and to provide a force to / sweep the area once the pickup had been made, a . reaction/recovery force of one CIDG company would be available from the Ha Tien Special Forces camp.

(d) At 041430 Jan, the recovery helicopter was over the target area but there was no signal from the ground. At 1500 hours, the CIDG company was inserted, the area was sealed off and a thorough search of the area was conducted. The area is flat, relatively open with very little cover or concealment for a camp. The sweep revealed that there was no camp nor people in the target area.

(e) and his "assets" could not explain why there was nothing in the area or why the prearranged "defection" did not materialize.

(2) <u>25th Infantry Division Operations</u>. This operation is being delayed by the enemy threat to Tay Ninh City.

(3) (a)

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3.	1
4. VC indoctrination techniques.	2
5. PSYMAR techniques used by the VC and recommendations for countermeasures by US forces.	3
recommendations for constanted by 03 forces.	1
<u>6</u> . Escape and evasion techniques.	5
7. Confinement procedures.	
8. Camp locations and sketches of the main	<u>6</u>
сащр.	<u>7</u>
• (b) The initial lesson learned from first debriefing	<u>8</u>
session with Major ROWE indicate the accuracy of PW camp	2
sightings reported in the intelligence collection effort	<u>10</u>
known as Operation BLACK KNIGHT. Casual source and Hoi	<u>11</u>
Chan reports of PW camp sites within the PW installation	<u>12</u>
were very close to locations provided by Major ROWE.	<u>13</u>
(c) The information pertaining to camp locations	<u>14</u>
provided by MSG PITZER who was released in Oct 67 was	<u>15</u>
extremely accurate	<u>16</u>
(d) The lessons learned from the initial debriefing	17
are being collated by JPRC and forwarded to field units.	18
(4) <u>Release of Three US PWs from Eastern Nam Bo</u>	19
(a) On 1 Jan 69, the VC returned SP4 BRIGHAM,	<u>20</u>
SP4 JONES and PFC SMITH to US control	<u>21</u>
(b) Initial debriefings by 525th MI Group and JPRC	<u>22</u>
representatives disclosed the following:	<u>23</u>
1. During their detention, they observed or	

1. During their detention, they observed or beard mentioned 10 other US prisoners. There is some confusion as to the names of these 10 PWs and the 525th MI Group is developing this list.

2. appeared to be highly confused concerning dates, times and locations. Based on the initial debriefings, it. appears they will have only limited knowledge or information that will assist the JPRC.

3. Even though they were detained for a relatively short period of time, they were not as alert or responsive as Major ROWE was during his debriefing.

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b. <u>Operations</u> , 8-14 Jan 1969*	1
(1) Attempt to Recover Downed USAF 0-1 Pilot in IV CTZ	2
(a) On 11 Jan 69 at approximately 1630 hours, the	3
JPRC was notified by JSARC that 0-1 BIRDDOG was either	<u>4</u>
shot down or crashed in the IV GTZ at	5
crash site was approximately five kilometers NE of Cao	<u>6</u>
Lanh. A JOLLY GREEN which was on the scene, inserted	<u>7</u> .
a PJ who reported that the pilot	<u>8</u>
and a Vistnamese backseat observer were	<u>9</u>
not in the aircraft nor in the immediate area of the	<u>10</u>
crash site. He reported the O-l was not heavily	<u>11</u>
damaged; there was no apparent battle damage and he	<u>12</u>
did not see any blood in or around the aircraft. A	<u>13</u>
recovery force of one RF/PF company was on the ground	<u>14</u>
to guard the aircraft and to search the area for the	<u>15</u>
missing crew.	<u>16</u>
(b) The JPRC took immediate action to notify	<u>17</u>
NAVFORV of the situation to alert all Navy vessels in	<u>18</u>
the area of the possibility that the O-1 crew might	<u>19</u>
have been captured, in which case they would probably	<u>20</u>
be moved by sampan. A reward leaflet drop was re-	<u>21</u>
quested and flown over the search area. The ground	<u>22</u>
search continued until dark.	23
(c) At approximately 1610 hours 12 Jan 69, LTC	. <u>24</u>
LONG, Deputy G-2, IV CTZ, telephoned JPRC and stated	<u>25</u>
that contact had been made through friendly villagers	<u>26</u>
by the captors of the second and the ARVN observer	<u>27</u>
and that they were willing to release them for three	28
million plasters each. A representative from JPRC was	<u>29</u>
sent to Cao Lanh to attempt a negotiation for the	<u>30</u>
release. JPRC, arrived at Cao Lanh at	<u>31</u>
121815 Jan and coordination was initiated. ARVN	<u>32</u>
agents were sent out to establish contact with the	<u>33</u>
• (385) COMUSMACV Msg, 2745/141105Z Jan 69.	
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TOP SECRET captors and to arrange details for a meeting. 1 The 44th STZ planned an operation to seal off the area 2 of interest in the event the negotiation failed. At 3 0900 hours 13 Jan 69, and an ARVN 4 interpreter flew to an outpost north of Cao Lanh to <u>5</u> attempt to locate the enemy negotiator or a liaison <u>6</u> party to establish contact. Upon landing at the out-1 post, the ARVN company commander of the outpost 8 stated that two of his agents had spotted the body 2 of an American in the vicinity of and they 10 were sure that it was 11 notified PSA, of the situation. One company 12 was inserted into the area and the body was recovered <u>13</u> at 131050 Jan. Apparent cause of death was multiple <u>14</u> gunshot wounds. The ARVN Lt is MIA. 15 (2) 25th Infantry Division Operation. The JPRC is 16 dropping efforts to have an operation conducted in the 17 25th Division AO to recover five US and an unknown number <u> 18</u> of ARVN PWs reported at The initial intelli-19 gence on this target was obtained on 30 Nov, but the 20 25th Div has not been able to mount an operation due to <u>21</u> the enemy threat to Tay Ninh City. Chances for a 22 successful operation at this late date are remote. 23 (3) US PW Sighting in III CTZ 24 (a) On 9 Jan 69, the JPRC received a report from <u>25</u> IFFV rated C-3 with information on a possible sighting 26 of three US PWs in Bo Trenar Hamlet, Phouc Long <u>27</u> <u>28</u> Province at The source reports there are only six enemy guards with the prisoners. <u>29</u> (b) The JPRC has recommended to II FFV that a 32 recovery operation be conducted in that area using PRU <u>31</u> or Special Forces assets. This target is within five <u>32</u> kilometers of the Bu Dop Special Forces camp, <u>33</u>

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Appendix P

TOP SECRET c. Operations, 15-21 Jan 1969* (1) Operational Planning for Recovery of US PWs in Ī III CTZ. The JPRC received a message from USAINTC (Fort 2 Holabird) re: the debriefing of who was 3 released by the VC on 1 Jan 69. stated that his <u>4</u> first place of confinement was in a cave at the base of <u>5</u> either Nui Ba Den or Nui Cau. This was the third unre-6 lated report of a VC PW camp at one of the above loca--7 tions. As many as five US PWs have been reported in the 8 same general area at On 18 Jan, the JPRC sent 9 a message to II FFV recommending a recovery operation be 10 conducted against this target. Coordination has been 11 effected between JPRC, II FFV and Co. A, 5th SFGA to con-12 duct a recovery operation between the period 25-29 Jan. <u>13</u> (2) US_PW Sighting in III_CT2 G-2, IL <u>14</u> PFV reports that these PWs have been moved to an unknown <u>15</u> location. 16 (3) Movement of US PWs into Cambodia 17 (a) Since the escape and recovery of 18 the JPRC has received several unconfirmed <u>19</u> reports of US PWs being moved into Cambodia. 20 (b) It is too early to verify these reports or to 21 conclude that as a result of escape, the 22 enemy is attempting to preclude friendly recovery of 23 US prisoners by moving them across the border. How-24 ever, US field commanders are being alerted to this <u>25</u> possibility. 26 d. Operations, 22-28 Jan 1969** 27 (1) NUI BA DEN Operation 28 (1) On 24 Jan 69, the female Hoi Chanh knowledge-<u>29</u> able of the PW cave at Nui Ba Den was escorted by JPRC 30 personnel from the National Chieu Hoi Center in Saigon <u>31</u> to Co. A, 5th SFGA in Bien Hoa. She was interrogated <u>32</u> COMUSMACV Msg, 4285/2109152 Jan 69.. COMUSMACV Msg, 5815/2814452 Jan 9 COMUSMACV Msg. 4285/210915Z Jan 69_

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	by Co. A personnel and will stay there for several	1
(daya. Co. A has conducted a visual reconnaissance	2
	(VR) with the male Hoi Chanh and plan to conduct a	3
	VR with the female Hoi Chanh as soon as possible.	<u>4</u>
	(b) Also on 24 Jan 69, JFRC personnel accompanied	5
	by personnel from Hq, 525th MI Group, visited the 3d	<u>6</u>
	Bn (Provisional), 525th MI Group and tasked their	I
	assets with the mission of determining if the cave	<u>.8</u>
4	installation in the Nui Ba Den area is still active.	2
-	(2) Prisoner Sightings. Information has been received	<u>10</u>
	that on 23 Jan 69, a large group, exact number unknown,	` <u>11</u>
	of ARVN and two US prisoners were in the vicinity of Tan	12
	Thanh(H) Tan Hoa(V), Giong Trom(D), Kien Hoa(P).	<u>13</u>
	Reports have been received of a VC PW camp in the vicinity	<u>14</u>
	of the but this is the first report of US PWs in	<u>15</u>
	the vicinity. On the request of 4th Groups G-2, a JPRC	<u>16</u>
	representative departed on 28 Jan 69 to coordinate a	<u>17</u>
(rescue operation.	<u>18</u>
,	e. Operations, 29 Jan-4 Feb 1969*	<u>19</u>
•	(1) NUI BA DEN Operation	20
	(a) The recovery operation against the Nui Ba Den	<u>21</u>
	cave installation is planned for 8 Feb 69. It has	22
	been reported that there are six US PWs being held in	<u>23</u>
	the cave and they are guarded by an estimated force	. <u>24</u>
	of 50 VC.	<u>25</u>
	(b) Co. A, 5th SFGA will attack this target with	<u>26</u>
	one reinforced mobile Strike Force Co. The 25th Inf	<u>27</u>
	Div will provide one battalion as a ready reaction.	<u>28</u>
	backup force.	<u>29</u>
	(c) The insertion of the Special Forces recovery	<u>30</u>
	force will be preceded by a CS gas strike five minutes	<u>31</u>
	prior to target time.	<u>32</u>
`	(S) COMUSMACV Msg. 7205/0412042 Feb 69.	
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(d) It is anticipated that the majority of the 1 enemy's carly warning posts in the target area will 2 be neutralized shortly before insertion of the 3 recovery force. 4 (s) Representatives from the JPRC will-accompany <u>5</u> the recovery force and the CAC element to assist in 6 any was possible. 7 (2) Recovery Operation in KIEN HOA Province. On .8 30 Jan, word was received from an agent in the vicinity 9 that the US prisoners of the reported PW camp 10, had been moved to an unknown location. Planning for this <u>11</u> operation was stopped pending further information on the 12 new location of the US PWs. Intelligence collection 13 effort on this target will continue. 14 f. Operations, 5-11 Feb 1969* <u>15</u> (1) NUL BA DEN Operation 16 (a) On 4 Feb 69, Do Van Ba, the male source, was 17 administered a polygraph examination at Co. A, 5th 18-SFG. The test was conducted in the Vietnamese language <u>19</u> with the ass stance of a Vietnamese interpreter. 20 Source was tested to determine whether or not he has 21 knowledge of five US PWs being held by the Viet Cong. 22 (b) During the pre-test interview, source was 23 required to cover his entire background, his story 24 about his VC activities, and his story concerning the 25 US PWs. After relating his story twice, he started 26 changing minor details and later started changing 27 major details. He was then interrogated and confessed 28 that he had never been a VC and that he fabricated the 29 entire story of the US PWs. He confessed that he had 30 never seen any PWs and had never been to a cave on <u>31</u> Nui Ba Den. He had heard rumors of five US PWs being <u>32</u> held on Nui Ba Den and when he was turned over to the 33 25th Infantry Division, he embellished on the story 34 COMUSMACV Msg, 8688/1115272 Feb 69. . ጥሰ୭

25th Infantry Division, he embellished on the story

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to please Americans because of the superior treatment 1	
accorded him. He also stated that no one had directed 2	
bim to tell the story to try to lead U.S. troops into 3	
$\frac{4}{2}$	
(c) The ARVN 81st Ranger Bn, presently operating 5	
on Nui Ba Den, will move to the location of, the cave <u>6</u>	
previously reported by a female Hoi Chanh. The informa- 7	
tion reported by her is seven months old.	
(2) Recovery of U.S. Army Air Crewmen from LOH Crash 9	
in Kien Tuong Province	
(a) At 051820H Feb, a 9th Aviation Battalion LOH 1:	-
. on a route reconnaissance mission crashed in the VAM CO TAY 1	-
River vicinity Kien Tuong Province, IV CT2.	-
Members of the ARVN 216th Regional Force (RF) Company on a	_
security mission Vicinity witnessed the crash	-
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and and who	
	8
the Special Forces camp at Moo Hos.	
and who were in the front seats could 2	<u>c</u>
not be found immediately. (b) The RF Company continued the search and on 7 Feb]
69 recovered the bodies of and and and 22	
some distance down stream from the crash site 2	
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(b) On 9 Feb 69, popular Force soldiers from the 3	
r	2
authorities. 2	3
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g. Operations, 12-18 Feb 1969*	2
g. Operations, 12-18 Feb 1969*	2
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(1) <u>Chuong Thien Operations</u> . A representative of the	
JPRC has departed for the IV CTZ to investigate the re-	4
ported sighting of three US prisoners on a canal at	-
and to assist in planning a recovery operation if	<u>5</u>
investigation warrants.	<u>6</u>
(2) Release of GERMAN NURSE. Information presently	<u>7</u>
available indicates that	<u>8</u>
- turned over to US or GVN authorities, but rather turned	<u>9</u>
over to a nearby village chief in Kontum Province. Plans	10
are being made to lend appropriate assistance to	11
	13
	14
(3). Identification of Downed Sirmen. Captured enemy	15
	16
	17
NVN at 231317 Local Nov 68, and the pilot captured. This	18
is either Another	19
news item revealed an F-4C shot down in Quang Binh	20
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<u> </u>	24
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Company, 9th Infantry Division fell from an LCM into	32
* (8) COMUSMACV Msg, 10257/1814072 Feb 69. ** (5) COMUSTACY Msg, 11691/2512262 Feb 69.	
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** (S) COMUSIACY Mag. 11691/2512262 Peb 69.	

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./	/ the Vam Co River. Attempts to recover the body met	1
(-	with negative results.	2
	(b) On 19 Feb the body of was recovered	3
	vic by two VN fishermen. The body was sub-	<u>4</u>
	sequently returned to 9th Div headquarters at Dong	5
	Tem.	<u>6</u>
	(c) Reward Payment to the Two Fishermen is being	1
-	coordinated.	<u>8</u>
٤	(2) Capture of Four-U.S. Aircrewmen Downed in Cambodia	<u>9</u>
_	(a) On 12 Feb 1969 a U-1A (OTTER) from the 146th	<u>10</u>
	AVN Co was downed in Cambodia by ground fire vic	<u>11</u>
	The U-1A carried the following crewmembers:	12
	k,	<u>13</u>
		14
	(b) A FAC in the area reported he saw the crewmen	<u>15</u>
	being captured but could not determine if the captors	<u>16</u>
-	were Cambodian or VC/NVA.	<u>17</u>
	(c) On 18 Feb the French Ambassador in Phnom Penh	<u>18</u>
	reported that according to an unidentified source all	<u>19</u>
-	four crewzen were taken into custody by Cambodians and	20
	were being moved to Phnom Penh. According to the report,	<u>21</u>
	none of the crewmen were injured.	<u>22</u>
	1. Operations, 26 Peb-4 Mar 1969*	<u>23</u>
	(1) <u>Recovery Operation in IV CT2</u>	<u>24</u>
	(a) On 1 Mar 69 a Hoi Chanh reported to the US 9th	<u>25</u>
	Infantry Division that he could lead recovery forces to	26
	a VC PW camp where five U.S. and 30 ARVN prisoners were	<u>27</u>
	being held.	28
	(b) On 2 Mar 69 elements of the 1st Brigade, 9th	29
	Infantry Division, two STRIKE FORCE companies from the	<u>30</u>
	5th SFGA and KIEN PHONG PROVINCE PRUs conducted a re-	<u>31</u>
	covery operation against this target vic	<u>32</u>
	The camp was located but was vacant. During subsequent	<u>33</u>
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search of the area contact was made with an estimated	<u>1</u>
VC company size force. Results; 13 VC KIA; three VC	2
captured; three suspects detained; two friendly WIA.	<u>3</u>
(c) One of the detainees who cooked for the VC	<u>4</u>
reported she heard the VC say they were building a new	2
PW camp on "Canal 28." Another recovery operation is	<u>6</u>
being planned against the second target.	l
(2) Information on U.S. FWs Detained in Cambodia. A	<u>8</u>
Cambodian amuggler from Chau Doc Frovince has reported to	 <u>9</u>
a 525th MI source that for a price he can provide	<u>10</u>
blographical data on five U.S. prisoners being detained	<u>11</u>
by the VC in Cambodia. The 525th M.I. is attempting to	<u>12</u>
to contact the smuggler to determine what information he	<u>13</u>
may have	<u>14</u>
J. Operations, 5-11 Mar 1969*	<u>15</u>
(1) <u>Recovery Operation in IJI CTZ</u>	<u>16</u>
(a) 1st Infantry Division received several reports that	<u>17</u>
the enemy had a PW camp site vicinity They worked	<u>18</u>
on developing this information on 4-6 Mar 69.	<u>19</u>
(b) Combat response was teken to exploit this in-	20
formation on 6-8 Mar 69 through use of ambush and re-	<u>21</u>
connaissance in force. No evidence was found to suggest	<u>25</u>
that a PW camp was ever located near	<u>23</u>
(2) a German	24
National captured by the enemy during the 1968 TET offensive	<u>25</u>
in Kontum City, was returned to Kontum City 9 March 1969.	<u>26</u>
She was accompanied by several Montagnards from the time of	27
her release in Kon So Bai,	<u>28</u>
turn to Kontum City. She saw no US PWS but heard that a US	<u>29</u>
Negro had been held at one of her camp sites. She stated	<u>30</u>
she had been indoctrinated and had made releases for radio	<u>31</u>

• (8) COMUSMACV Msg, 14758/1111252 Mar 69.

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and TV broadcasts. An AMEMB Saigon representative indicates <u>1</u> her comments to the press will not favor United States position. <u>2</u> He also stated that a Military Intelligence session might prove <u>3</u> counterproductive so a request for a formal debriefing was <u>4</u> not pursued. <u>5</u>

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(3) <u>Four US Aircrewmen Held by Cambodia</u>. A representative from the Australian Embassy in Phnom Penh briefed AMEME Saigon and selected MACV personnel on the status of

He believes that these

men will be released shortly after the Cambodian Government receives President Nixon's message.

K. Operations, 12-18 Mar 1969

Sighting. A (1) was 14 sighted in Laos in the vicinity of by the AAIRA from <u>15</u> Savannakat on 13 Mar 1969. "Jprc notified 4802 JLD and JSARC 16 to be alert for the and to attempt to confirm and 17 make contact with the evader. On 14 March an A1 was directed 18= into the area. The pilot located the, and confirmed 19 that there were several people in the area. On 16 March 4802 20 JLD identified the evaders as FAR personnel, soldiers and 21 dependents gathered for evacuation. 22

(2) <u>Possible US Prisoner Sighting by One of Pour US</u> <u>Crewmen Released by Cambodia.</u> While was being led into what appeared to be a VC training camp, approximately 20-27 miles northwest of Go Dau Ha, he observed three persons of large build with sacks over their heads and their hands tied. Because of their size. thought they might have been US PWs.

1. Operations, 19-25 March 1969**

Unilateral PW Recovery by the Ninth Infantry Division

 (a) At 231625H Mar 69 A/3-60th operating near statement
 gained information from their Intelligence Civic Action

 Patrol that an enemy PW camp was in the vicinity.

COMUSMACV Msg. 16431/1811412 Mar 69. COMUSMACV Msg. 18066/2509252 Mar 69

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(b) Ten Vietnamese PWs were recovered from two	ī
locations. Included in the released were a GVN District	2
Chief, three ARVN soldiers, and two ARVN Intelligence	3
Agents.	4
(2) IV Corps Tactical Zone Activities	<u>5</u>
(a) On 19 Mar 69 IV Corps conducted a PW;recovery	<u>6</u>
- operation vicinity using a Navy flotilla of	<u>7</u>
PBRs and LCVPs with a reaction force from the Vinh Binh	8
Provincial Reconnaissance Unit (PRU). The camp was	2
located and found empty but showed signs of recent	10
occupancy. The PRU learned 40 PW, including two US,	<u>11</u>
had been evacuated from the camp site earlier that	<u>12</u>
morning.	<u>13</u>
(b) At 240200H Mar 69 the enemy attacked and over-	<u>14</u>
ran Mobil Advisory Team 49 vicinity wounding	<u>15</u>
and capturing two US advisors. A JPRC representative	<u>16</u>
has been dispatched to coordinate on pending recovery	<u>17</u>
attempt.	<u>18</u>
(c) Province officials in Long Xuyen have been	<u>19</u>
contacted by an individual claiming to be a spokesman	<u>20</u>
for a VC who alledgedly is a guard for one US and five	<u>21</u>
VN PW's, The VC guard desires to rally and claims he	22
can bring the PW's with him.	23
(3) Sighting in Laos. A	24
November was reported vicinity by the 432nd RITS on	<u>25</u>
19 Mar 69. This, was confirmed by Misty 41 on 20	26
Mar 69. JPRC notified 7th AF who responded immediately .	27
and dispatched 366th TFW F4's into the area to deliver CTU-1/A	28
survival kits. The kits were delivered on target at p	<u>29</u>
1470 three hours after confirmation of the letter. As of	<u>30</u>
this date the kits have not been opened. JPRC has asked	<u>31</u>
the 4802 JLD to consider diverting a team into this area	<u>32</u>
to evaluate the situation and recover kit components.	<u>33</u>
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-2	(4) <u>Parachute Shelter and Mirror Flashes (C)</u> . On 20	1
	Mar 69 a F100 FAC reported seeing a parachute shelter and	2
	receiving mirror flashes from vicinity	<u>3</u> 4
	JPRC asked 4802 JLD to investigate the sighting and re-	-
	quested 7th AF continue to fly VR's in the area. JLD is	5 6
•	preparing a team for infiltration and has scheduled to	
•	launch the team on 27 Mar 69.	I B
	m. <u>Operations, 26 Mar 1969-1 Apr 69</u> *	9
-4	Parachute Shelter and Mirror Flashes. The JLD Team that was to have been launched on 27 Mar to investigate parachute	<u>-</u> <u>10</u>
		<u>.</u>
	shelter and mirror flashes vicinity	12
	one two eight six has been delayed. Rescheduled for 31 Mar.	13
	No report at this time.	<u>14</u>
	n. Operations, 2-8 April 1969**	<u>15</u>
	(1) Unilateral PW Recovery by 21st ARVN Inf Div. On 3	<u>16</u>
	Apr 69 the 21st ARVN Infantny Division reacted to information	17
\int	gained from two Hoi Chanhs and recovered 33 civilians and	<u>18</u>
(two ARVN soldiers from	<u>19</u>
	(2) <u>Parachute Shelter and Mirror Flashes</u> . As of this	<u>20</u>
*3	date the JLD Team has not reported back on the results of	<u>21</u>
	the search vicinity	<u></u> 22
	(3) <u>A-26 Crash Site</u> . On 4 Apr 69 a	23
	found a crash site, vicinity and the set of an A-26 tail	<u>24</u>
	missing 27 Aug 67. Remains of aircrew will be turned over	25
		26
	to USAF for positive identification. (4) <u>Unknown A/C Crash Site</u> . On 7 Apr 69 USAF FAC,	<u>27</u>
	observed A/C crash site vicinity	28
	A is going to search this area in an attempt	29
	to locate the downed A/C.	<u>30</u>
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, All	E COMUSMACY Msg, 19721/0112232 Apr 69. COMUSMACY Msg, 21144/0811402 Apr 69.	
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(4) <u>Possible Evader</u>. On 31 Mar 69 12th RITS notified JPRC of a sighting of a possible evader vicinity As this location is in North Vietnam desired to obtain additional photo coverage before committing additional assets. Concurrently a contingency plan was developed by 7th AF and JFRC which called for an 02 FAC to drop a small ESE kit containing two redios, water, and rations into the evader once the confirming photography was available. On 7 Apr 69 additional coverage was obtained and CDR 7th AF directed E&E kit drop. However, weather was below minimums on 8 Apr 69.

o. Operations, -9-15 Apr: 1969*

(1) <u>Unilateral Recovery Operations by 41st ARVN Ranger</u> <u>Battalion</u>. On Apr 69, the 41st ARVN Rangers operating in Kien Tuong Province found a PQ camp vicinity and freed 15 VN PW's and devainees. None of those freed had any knowledge of US, PW's.

(2) <u>PW Recovery Operation Conducted by US 9th Infantry</u> <u>Division</u>. Based on information provided by an ARVN escapee, the 1st Ede, 9th Infantry Division conducted an operation vicinity on 9 Apr 69. The reported FW camp contained an unknown number of ARVN and U.S. prisoners. The alleged camp could not be found and no prisoners were recovered.

(3) <u>Sighting of Approximately 80 Pormer CIDG Solders</u>. A montagnard Hoi Chan was captured by an unidentified Marine unit O/A 7 Apr. Marine interrogation revealed that the Hoi Chan knew of approximately 80 former CIDG soldiers being held at a camp vicinity (1999) 6-2 JII MAF reports that XXIV Corps is planning to conduct an operation to recover the detained CIDG, target date TBA.

(4) <u>Possible Evader North of DMZ</u>. An E&E kit and a survival radio were dropped into the area

S) COMUSMACY MSE, 22695/1511002 Apr 69.

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14	9 Apr 69. No visual or electronic contact has been	1
i –	established with the possible survivor. ARRs search	2
•	suspended by JSARC at 1108302 Apr 69. If any further	3
	leads develop, this mission will be reopened.	4
•	(5) Crash of F-4 (On 12 Apr 69, JSARC re-	5
•	ported that an P-4 (had crashed at	<u>6</u>
	The navigator was picked up at approximately 121140Z Apr	<u>7</u>
	69. One platoon 3d Bn, 503 Abn Inf was inserted 141130H	- <u>8</u>
52	Apr into the area to search for the aircraft commander.	2
	Due to the rugged terrain, the ground movement is very	<u>10</u>
	slow. One parachute was located by the ground troops,	11
	however, a check of the "peg number" revealed that the	12
	chute belonged to the navigator who was picked up. Search	13
	for the missing crewmember continues.	<u>14</u>
	p. Operations, 16-22 April 1969*	<u>15</u>
	(1) Escape/Recovery of U.S. PW in III CTZ	<u>16</u>
, ~	(a) At 170810H Apr	<u>17</u>
(362d Engr Op, 79th Engr Op was observed on	<u>18</u>
-	the ground by an LOH crew at the was picked	<u>19</u>
	up and taken to the 1st Ede, 25th Inf Div C.P.	20
	(b) stated that he had escaped from a	<u>21</u>
	VC prison camp vicinity approximately 20 days	<u>22</u>
	ago. He was taken to 24th Evac Hospital where it was	<u>23</u>
	initially determined that he was suffering from mal-	24
	nutrition and dehydration.	<u>25</u>
	(c) He was captured on 10 Feb 68 at when	26
	the convoy he was in was ambushed by an estimated VC	<u>27</u>
	company.	<u>28</u>
	(d) The initial debriefing revealed there were seven	<u>29</u>
	other U.S. PWs held in the camp from which he escaped.	<u>30</u>
	could identify four of the seven prisoners	<u>31</u>
	and provided enough information to make a possible	<u>32</u>
	identification of one other prisoner. U.S. identified	<u>33</u>
-	(15) COMUSMACV Mag, 24242/2211302 Api 69.	
. 4	(13) CONCOMMENT MSg, 24242/2211302 Apr 69.	
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, /	(d) At 170825 Apr the 25 man Bright Light force	<u>1</u>
1	was inserted without incident vicinity	2
	team conducted a thorough search of the area with	3
	negative enemy contact and negative sightings of enemy	<u>4</u>
	activity. After checking the reported enemy campaite	<u>5</u>
	and the reported crash site the team was extracted at	<u>6</u>
-	181305 Apr and the operation terminated.	<u>6</u>
	(3) Crash of RF-4C (Sage 13). On 17 Apr the ground	.2
5	search party reported they had reached the crash site and	<u>8</u>
	positively identified it as Sage 13, but there was no sign	<u>9</u>
	of the missing pilot	<u>10</u>
		<u>11</u>
		12
		<u>13</u>
	(4) Movement of U.S. PW1s from Cambodia	<u>14</u>
	(a) The JPRC has received a report from GVN Military	<u>15</u>
. –	security Service dated 6 Apr 69 indicating the Cambodian `	<u>16</u>
(Government is exerting pressure on the VC to move all US	<u>17</u>
-	prisoners now held in Cambodia out of RCG territory.	<u>18</u>
	It is reported that some prisoners have already been	<u>19</u>
	moved into SVN and the VC have been given until the end	<u>20</u>
	of July 1969 to move the remaining PW's.	<u>21</u>
	(b) On 19 Apr 69 JPRC received an agent report from	22
	the 4th Riverine Intel Officer, IV CT2 reporting a dispute	<u>23</u>
•	between a Cambodian Lieutenant and a VC Bn Commander	<u>24</u>
	over US PW's in Cambodia Vicinity The	<u>25</u>
	Cambodian officer demanded that the VC turn over all US	<u>26</u>
	PWs to Cambodian authorities. During the ensuing argument	<u>27</u>
	the VC commander was shot and killed.	<u>28</u>
	(c) While these two unconfirmed reports do not indicate	<u>29</u>
	a trend or RCG position, it could possible cause the VC to	<u>30</u>
	move US PW/s back into SVN where recovery operations	<u>31</u>
	would be possible.	<u>32</u>
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1 (d) The JPRC has alerted IFFV, IIFFV and IV CTZ 2 intelligence agencies to monitor any trend that would 3 indicate large scale movement of US PW's from Cambodia 4 into SVN. <u>5</u> q. Operations, 23-29 April 1969* 6 (1) <u>PW Recovery Operation in IV CTZ</u> Z (a) On 25 APR 69 two Hoi Chanh's reported two U.S. 8 PWs were being held by the VC at The Hoi 2 Chanh's volunteered to lead PRU forces to the PW camp. 10 (b) A one hundred man PRU force was inserted 261358 APR 69 at <u>11</u> Operation concluded at 261710 APR 12 69 with following results: three VC KIA four <u>13</u> VC captured. The PW camp had been abandoned. Est <u>14</u> capacity 300 man. PW camp/base camp <u>15</u> abandoned. 16 (c) The camps showed bigns of being recently occupied <u>17</u> and cooking fires were still warm. The buildings were 18 camouflaged and impossible to see from the air. No <u>19</u> buildings were damaged or destroyed. This target will 20 be checked again at a later date. 21 (2)FW Camp Operation. Planning has been, 22 completed and the JPRC concept approved for an operation to <u>23</u> conducted during the week 12-17 May. Although the 1st <u>24</u> Cavalry Division (AM) was tasked by IIFFV to conduct the <u>25</u> operation it appears as though MACSOG assets will be 26 utilized with 1st Cavalry providing the reaction force and 27 the air assets. 28 (3) CRASH OF RF-4C The missing pilot/ <u>29</u> 16th TAC RECON SQ) has been declared KIA by the 377th CMBT SPT GP, Tan Son Nhut. 30 COMUSMACVMsg, 25752/2911217 Apr 69. SECRET Appendix F P-208 AUX AUXINA Appendix F

/	r. Recovery Operations, 30 Apr-6May 1969*	ĩ
	(1) <u>Operation Trojan</u> . 1st Cay Div (AM) is continuing	2
	to plan a PH reconnaissance recovery operation into the	3
	area where was imprisoned. The target is	4
	in the vicinity	5
	(2) Planned PW Recovery Operation in IV CTZ. NAVFORY	6
•	is planning two joint Navy/Mobile Strike Force sweep	1
	operations between 5 and 6 May along the Song Bo De river	8
ч, ,	in An Xuyen Province. During the conduct of these opera-	2
	tions, this joint force plans to search for two reported	<u> 10</u>
	FW camp sites at a and and a to be a the bave	<u>11</u>
	been reported in this same area.	<u>12</u>
	s. Operations, 7-13 May 1969**	<u>13</u>
	(1) Operation TROJAN. Planning for this operation	<u>14</u>
	continued up to the target date of 12 May for commencing	<u>15</u>
	the operation. On that date the JPRC received a message	<u>16</u>
-	from II FFV indicating the 1st NVA Division had moved into	<u>17</u>
	the target area thus precluding a recovery attempt at this	<u>18</u>
	time. Operation TROJAN has been postponed indefinitely	<u>19</u>
	until enemy forces in the target area are such that a	<u>20</u>
	reasonable chance of success is assured.	<u>21</u>
	(2) <u>FW Recovery Operation in IV CTZ</u> . During the period	<u>22</u>
	5-8 May a joint Navy/Mobile Strike Force sweep operation	<u>23</u>
	was conducted along the Song Bo De river in An Xuyen	. <u>24</u>
	Province. Two reported PW camp locations at and	<u>25</u>
	were searched with negative results. There was	<u>26</u>
	no indication camps had ever been located at these coordinates.	<u>27</u>
	(3) PW Sighting in III CT2 (Bien Hoa Province)	<u>28</u>
	(a) On 12 May 69 JPRC received a report that on 10	<u>29</u>
	Nay three US.S. caucasian prisoners were brought to THAI	<u>30</u>
	HUNG VILLAGE	31
	poses. The prisoners were then moved to an area vic	<u>32</u> 33

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	(b) These PWs are possible the three civilians	1
í.	captured near Long Thanh vicinity	2
_	(c) JPRC has requested further develop the	3
-	information on this report.	<u>4</u>
	t. Operations, 14-20 May 1969*	2
	(1) Grash Site Investigation Laos. On 16 May report	<u>6</u>
	received from 7/13th AF UDORN that some villagers (Pre-	Z.
	. sumably refugees) arrived with some pieces of aircraft	<u>8</u>
ال.	and equipment. Aircraft identified as C-47. These items	2
	included two (02) 38 Cal S/W USAF pistols SN K662356,	<u>10</u>
	and an aircraft check list with partial obliterated name	<u>11</u>
	on the cover: Letter The serial	<u>12</u>
	numbers on the weapons correspond to two weapons listed as	<u>13</u>
	being aboard CAP-72, an EC 47 reported missing 5 Feb 69.	<u>14</u>
	The check list name and service number correspond with those	<u>15</u>
	10	<u>16</u>
	Coordinates of crash site are the A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	<u>17</u>
	and report has been received that portions of five	<u>18</u>
	bodies from the wreckage along with assorted small arms have	<u>19</u>
-	been sent to UBON and arrived 1201K 19 May 69. Remains will	20
	be sent to TSN Nortuary to attempt positive identification.	<u>21</u>
	(2) <u>Recovery of</u>	<u>22</u>
	(a) On 6 May 69, () was a crewmember of	<u>23</u>
	River Assult Craft ATC-152-6. He fell over the side of his	24
	boat at 2400 hours, vicinity My Tho Anchorage.	<u>25</u>
-	He reached the North bank in a state of shock and exhaustio	n <u>26</u>
	and wandered along the bank in a westerly direction for	<u>27</u>
	four hours.	28
	(b) At 0500 hours, 7 May 69,	<u>29</u>
	encountered a sampan whose two occupants were fishing.	<u>30</u>
	Neither of the occupants could speak English. They took	<u>31</u>
	to their home where a Vietnamese woman	<u>32</u>
	spoke English. She gave dry clothes and	<u>33</u>
	* (8) COMUSMACV Msg, 30198/2011182 May 69.	
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\mathcal{C}	u. Operations, 21-27 May 1969*	ı
((1) PW Recovery Operation in III CTZ. On 23 May 1969, the	5
	III Corps Mobile Strike Force conducted an operation against the	3
	reported position of the Binh Duong provincial committee	4
	detention center at The detention center Was	5
•	reported to be in two bunkers with 14 ARVN, one Caucasian	δ
	- American and 25 villagers detained by a security platoon of	7
	40 men. The sweep revealed 30-40 bunkers but no signs of a	8
-	detention center.	9
	(2) PW Recovery Operation in IV CTZ. 270630H May 1969,	10
	IV Corps conducted an operation in the vicinity of	ນ
	Agent source reported 3 U.S. and 30 ARVN FW's at site with	,12
	35-50 guards. Operation terminated 271230H May 69 with negative	13
	results.	14
	(3) PW Recovery Operation in IV CTZ. An agent led operation is	
	planned for afternoon of 27 May 69 in the An Xuyen Sector	16
	PW camp with two U.S. prisoners (not verified). Agent	17
	who will lead the raid reported to be the chief guard in the	18
	camp. No further information at this time.	19
	v. Operations, 28 May - 3 June 1969**.	20
	<u>PW Recovery Operation in IV CTZ</u> . The operation conducted	57
	27 May 69 in the An Xuyen Sector	22
	negative results.	23
	w. Operations, 4-10 June 1969***	24
	Recovery Operation in the Kien Hoa Province. On 2 June 1969	25 26
	the Kien HoA Provincial Reconnaissance Unif (PRU) launched a	
	heliborne operation against a PW camp which a Hoi Chanh,	27
	located in the coastal area Thanh Pho District, Kien Hoa Province.	28
	Camp was abandoned, however, seven suspects were detained. Initial	29 30
	interrogation revealed camp had been moved. PRUs were extracted	31
	and inserted at the new site with negative results.	22
	S CONUSTACY Msg, 2711132 May 69 S CONUSMACY Msg, 0311092 Jun 69	
	COAUSNACY Msg, 1011012 Jun 69 -	
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	and four	US advisors	had been moved to	a new location.	The	5
	ARVN 7th	Division is	preparing to respo	nd to this info	rmation.	6
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Appendix F

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aa. Operations, 2-8 Jul 1969*	ı
(1) Plans for PW Recovery Operation in IV CTV. Planning	2
continues for possible recovery operations in Tan Phu	3
District, Kien Hoa Province. Starting date for the series	Ę
of raids against reported sites has not yet been assigned.	5
(2) ARVN Operation, Phong Dinh Province On 5 July 1969	6
an ARVN element discovered a PW Camp vic	7
freed 9 ARVN and 27 civilian detainees. One VC was KIA.	8
_ G-2 Advisor, IV CTZ has been advised that a source once	9
reported three US PWs in that area, and the former detainees	10
will be debriefed for knowledgeability on this subject.	11
(3) Potential Hoi Chanh and 21 US PWs Held in Cambodia	12
Tentative plans continue to be formulated regarding the PW	13
Camp commander in Cambodia who desires to rally with seven	34
security guards and 21 US PWs. Difficulties are expected	15
due to the mass return of KKK in the Chau Doc (16
area on 7 Jul7 1969. A JRPC representative flew to Chau Doc	17
on 8 July to ascertain if any of the KKK were knowledgeable	18
concerning US PWs.	19
bb. Operations, 9-15 Jul 1969.**	20
(1) PW Recovery Operation in IV CT2. The operation based	21
on intelligence provided by the Joint Personnel Recovery	22
Center and the Combined Intelligence Center, Vietnam, was	23
executed during the period 10-13 July 1969. Nicknamed	,24
"Magnolia Chair", the operation involved 25 daytime heli-	25
borne insertions in the area of Thanh Phy District, Kien	26
Hoa Province by the Provincial Reconnaissance Unit (PRU)	27
and a USN SEAL Team, Five separate PW camps were entered,	28
resulting in five ARVN PWs liberated; five VC KIA; 23 VC	29
XBA; 20 VC captured, 9 VC suspected detained; destroyed	30
102 sampans, 55 bunkers, nine structures; captured three	31
kilograms of documents; partially destroyed one grenade	32
factory and about 1000 hand grenades; and disposed of two	33
* (5) COMUSHACV Mag, 30942/0811132 Jul 69 ** (3) COMUSMACV Mag, 41173/1509432 Jul 69	

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82mm mortar rounds. An airstrike at produced 1 one large secondary explosion. The five liberated ARVN PWs 2 had not seen or heard of US PWs in the area. 3 (2) US PW Freed in I CTZ. On 10 July 1969 a Hoi Chanh 4 named level of US PW recovery operation into a VC 5

hospital vicinity The heliborne assault was б executed by a Quang Tin Province Task Porce consisting of 7 elements of regional forces, PRU and a recon Co of the 8 5th ARVN Regt supported by helicopter assets of 101st US 9 Airborne Division. led the forces into the hospital 10 area where he had seen a US PW o/a 1 July 1969. The PW, 11 was found lying face down outside the 12 had reported seeing him. had a fresh hut where 13 head wound (not a gun shot wound) and has been in a coma 14 since recovery. The Sector Intelligence Advisor, Quang 15 Tin Province has recommended a reward of 120,000 \$VN for 16 Psychological exploitation of this payment is planned. 17 (3) Potential Hoi Chanh and 21 US PWs Held in Cambodia 18 Senior Intelligence Advisor, Chau Doc, recently provided 19 information concerning the Phnom Ben Mountain area (VS 9071) 20 where an alleged VC PW camp commander claimed to hold 21 21 US PWs. According to three separate agencies, this area is 22 under control of strong KKK force which is very hostile 23 toward VC. Further contacts with alleged VC camp commander 24 and cohorts will have secondary mission of possible exposure 25 of primary source. 26 cc. Operations, 16-22 Jul 1969. No operations during this 27 period. 28

dd. <u>Operations</u>, 23-29 Jul 1969.^{4*} No operations during this 29 period. 30

COMUSMACV Msg, 42529/221104z Jul 69 COMUSMACV Msg, 43736/291020z Jul 69

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Appendix P

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, 	ee. Operations, 30 Jul-5 Aug 1969*	1
٢	Possible Sighting of Five German Nationals. Message	2
	received from CQ III MAP states that two civil defendents	3
	captured by the 37th Ranger Bn gave information which may	4
	relate to the five (5) West German nationals (three female,	5
	two males) reported missing from West German hospital An	6
	Hoa, 27 Apr 69. First source reported two male and three	7
	female caucasians vie on 15 Jun 69; second	. 8
ъ.	observation of similar group of five at roadside vicinity	9
	on 25 Jun 69; and third observation 26 Jun vic	10
	walking single file. Second source reported	11
	similar group vic on 15 Jun. All sightings	12
	have the five under armed guard and in apparent good health.	13
	AMEMB Saigon JPRC liaison officer was briefed and later	14
	passed word that no repeat no recovery operation for third	15
	country civilian detainees to be conducted without prior	16
_	approval AMEMB Saigon. This policy guidance passed separately	17
	by message to III MAF, and applies also to in-country info	18
	addressees.	19
	ff. Operations, 6-12 Aug 1969**	20
	PW Recovery Operation 199th Inf Bde. Agent reported an	21
	NVA Detention camp contrining 20 PWs two of which were	22
	Americans in the American Americans of the logth	23
	Inf Bde conducted an operation in the area and discovered	24
	an enemy base camp. The area of the camp shoved no signs to	25
	indicate that PWs were being held there.	26
	gg. Operations, 13-19 Aug 1969.*** No operations during	27
	this period.	28
	hh. Operations, 20-26 Aug, 1969.**** No operations during	29
	this period.	30
	COMUSMACV Mag, 45103/0511362 Aug 69 (5) COMUSMACV Mag, 46434/1210492 Aug 69 (B) COMUSMACV Mag, 477 ¹³ 3/1908052 Aug 69	
	**** (1) COMUSHACV HSB, 47743/1908052 Aug 69	•
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\checkmark	11. Operations, 27 Aug-2 Sep 1969*	ı
$\left(\right)$	PW Recovery Operation II CTZ. On 24 Aug 69,	2
•	381st Avn Co, Camp Holloway, was re-	3
	portedly captured by three VC in Kontum. On 27 Aug he met	þ
	a Montagnard who took him to	5
	The village called Dak To Dist Hq and a helicopter pick-	6
_	up was accomplished. The possibility of JPRC reward is	7
-	bing held in abeyance until further details are dis-	8
هات.	patched and investigation terminated.	. 9

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Tab 1 to Appendix F

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Tab 1 to Appendix F F-223 • • ĺ ļ nyyenuaa e • • ì

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Tab 2 to Appendix F ١

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Compatriote in the Propublic of Vietnam For many year, the North Vietneress authorities with the . support of incommational communism have been plotting to dominate South Vietnam by force. The Army and people of South Vietnam, with the help of allies and friends, are fighting to defend their freedom.

Some soldiers of Victnen's allies have secrifieed their lives in support of the proplets struggle spainst communist totalitarianism. Some allied coldiors are hold Prisonore illegally by the communist Vietnemese forces. Friends, please help these allied soldiers, restric them from enemy detention camps. Bring them or give information of their location to a district or provincial chief's office of the RVH, or to an ARVN or US military Post.

RACK

FROM

Your action will earn the gratitude of all freedom-lowing people. Your action will also be richly remarded, and your safety will be assured. 1. For rescuing allied personnal and returning them to safe bases you will be remarded with 600,000\$VN. 2. For giving information enabling ARVN or US forces to free these men from communist detention camps you will be remarded with 60,000\$VN. 3. For giving emact information of the location of allied prisoners held by the communists you will be remarded with 18,000\$VN after your information is authenticated.

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Tab 3

JOINT MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT

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1. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>: Recent efforts to recover downed sircrewmen in Laos point out the need for some standardization of procedures among Joint Personnal Recovery Center, U.S. Embassy Vientiane, and **Schuler** Although each rescue or recovery effort must be handled as the individual tactical situation requires, certain communications, control and support requirements remain the same.

2. <u>PROCEDURES</u>: In normal circumstances, SAR missions in Laos are accomplished by the air rescue resources of 7th/13th AF based in Thailand and deployed in forward areas of Laos. Coordination for the use of these assets in the case of aircrewmen downed in Laos is effected between 7th/13th AF headquarters in Udorn and Vientiane, acting for U.S. Embassy Vientiane. Occasionally, when special circumstances warrant, rescue is effected under the same set of these several resources are unable to accomplish rescue that the Joint Personnel Recovery Center (JFRC) is brought into action.





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Tab 4 to Appendix F

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Experience thus

far has shown an almost immediate need for three or four CH3C helicopters and a flight of AlE or A-26 escort aircraft. Such aircraft must be available on an alert basis and backed up with spares. Since operations of this nature inevitably last for several days it will also be required that 7/13 AF make air support, including close air support, available as requested throughout the operation. Succeeding day's operations will be coordinated with 4802 JLD on a daily basis and resources should be allocated as required from Vietnam based aircraft as well as Thailand based aircraft.



 4. Successful rescue or recovery operations are usually contingent upon rapid movement to secure necessary areas.
A great deal depends on adequate USAF support and effective

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Tab 4 to Appendix F -2

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-	<pre>coordination</pre>		Therefore, request	
	this memorandum be given close attention by all concerned			
	officers.		•	
	Coordinations		*	
	U.S. Embassy Vientiane	Amb Sullivan	1	
	JPRC		•	
L	Hqs 7/13 AF			
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e. The JPRC is a major element of MACSOG and the Chief of JPRC reports directly to Chief, SGG.

b. The JPRC is organized into three branches: Intelligence Branch, Operations and Plans Branch, and a Support Dramch. The JPRC is currently authorized five officers and three calleted way. A modified JTD has been submitted based on the past years' experience in operations. The currently suthorized JTD and the proposed JTD are shown below:



The JPRC is prepently organized and functions along the lines described above. JPRC is considering recommending that the proposed intelligence officer, 03, be upgraded to 04 in order to have three field grade officers so that at least one will be available to go to the scene of an operation to act as an advisor and coordinator. The Chief and one alternate are SI cleared and their freedom of travel is restricted. It is considered desirable to have a field grade officer as an advisor on an operation.

3. (TSL) Recources Available/used/needed:

a. No forces for recovery are assigned to or under the OPCON of JPRC. Housever, two recommingence terms from those used in SOG crossborder operations are maintained on alort status to provide a ready reaction element. ÷

b. Forces under OPCON of HACSDG are used for operations whenever possible. When larger forces are required or the situation indicates,



other MACV elements are tusked as appropriate through COC. Primary forces for recovery operations are those essigned to MACV. If additional forces beyond MACV expedilities are required, they may be requested from CINCPAC.

c. For recovery of US personnal in IV CT2, II FFORCEV is tasked to provide foreas since there are no US troop units under control of SA IV CT2. An OPLAN 10-67 of 31 July 67, delineates tasks and responsibilities of CG II FFORCEV which include provision of up to ese infairly battelion and two cossult helicoptor comparison to be provided to OFCON of SA IV CT2; one infairly correspond within 12 hours and one battalion within 24 hours.

d. Communications available to JPRC are adequate and include a secure voice colophone circuit between JPRC and the Joint Secreb and Rescue Center (JSLRC) at Ten Sem What. The many and varied communications channels and points of contect available to MACSOG make SOG an ideal organization to control the JPRC.

6. The current arrangement for providing forces for JPRC operations appears logical and appropriate.

4. (ISE) Plenning/Coordinations

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A. Recognizing that each operation is unique, planning for a recovery action follows this general pattern:

(1) JFRC receives information or intelligence concerning location of a PN camp or other significant indicator. Information may be received as a post report from a field unit or as the result of an interrogation of a captured VC or a CHIEU NOI rellier.

(2) An area study is conducted for other information about File in the inmediate area of the alleged camp.

(3) If the course is available for interrogation, a polygraph is requested. This is coordinated through 525th HI Group.

(4) If noceosary, EEI are sent through MACV J2 to collection agencies operating in the vicinity of the suspected PN camp.

(5) Photograph and/or In imagery is requested, normally through 7th AF.

(6) When sufficient information is available to indicate that a FW comp is located in a particular area, JPRC presents this information to MACV COC and recommonds that the senior US tectical commander in the area be tasked to evaluate the information to determine if a raid is fursible. If a recovery operation is fermible, the commander in the area is tasked to conduct the recovery operation. :t



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b. Coordination and ligitor is accomplished by JFEC as follows:

(1) Lisicon/coordinution is maintrined with ANRE, SAIGON, Through those agencies the JPRC is able to usintais the necessary in-country links with other agencies such as the National Police, CORDS, sud USAID. Points of contact include the Political Office of the ANEAE; FVH, LLOS, and CHEGDIAN Affairs Office, JUSPAO; and the Office of Special Assistant, SON Country No context is maintained with other country agencies in South Vietnes.

(?) No permanent lision is mintained with 'out-of-country aguncies; however, frequent contact is used with AURE in VILNITANE and BANGROK as well as **Contact is used with AURE in VILNITANE** and 7TH Flagt.

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(3) A MACV letter of 14 Jenuary 1967, subject: Command Relationships, describes the in-country relationships between 500 and the senior US tactical commanders within the CT2s. As a matter of practice, JPRC keeps COC and key officers in each CT2 informed as possible operations within RVN become apparent. This lisison has served to permit senior US commanders to plan chesd an operations develop and to a large extent rooid sudden and disruptive drawdows on their combat operations. HAC CDC indicates this coordination has improved considerably in the past yoar.

(4) Areas of operation and agencies with which JPRC coordinates recovery operations are:

(a) South Vietasp: with NERB, SAIGON prior to initiation.

(b) LACS: with ANEXE, SAIGON, and approved AHERE, VIENTIANE and CINCPAC prior to initiation. If THAILAND based forces are involved, recovery operations will also be coordinated with AMENE BANGKOX prior to initiation.

(c) North Victnam and CAUBODIA: with AMEME SAIGON and approved by CINC:AC prior to initiation. If overflight of LAOS is involved, coordination with AMEME VIENTIANE is necessary.

(5) JPRC also monitors the Escape and Evasion (ELE) program in Southeast Asia on a careful and continuous basis. JPRC has influenced and made contributions to this program in the following areas:

(a) Honthly code letter. The JPRC is responsible for the selection and publication of the monthly code letter used as a recogmition symbol by avading air crewmen without radio communication.



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(b) Survival Eits: Survival kits, capable of being delivered by either high or low performance sirersit, have been prepositioned in five locations in SVN and two locations in TUALLAND. These kits contain items that would assist individuals in their evesion efforts. JFRC is responsible for designating the contents of these kits, recommending preposition sizes, supervising packaging, and kit replacement, and for delivery of kits to the preposition wites.



(d) Reward Leaflet Program: The Reward Leaflet Program is also a JPER directed activity. Sole 41.5 million leaflets have been dropped in NVN and LAOS. Plans are being ands to expand this program to include a CAMEODIAN impuzzo leaflet. A leaflet program for the SVN/ CAMEODIAN border area should commence sometime in February.

5. (IBL) Conduct of Operations/Coordinations

a. As pointed out earlier, operations are normally carried out under the operational control of the senior US tactical commander in the area.

b. Coordination with agondies outside the tactical commander's sphere of influence is accomplished by JPRC. Such coordination way include:

(1) Requesting assets from MACV or CINCPAC that are not evailable to the local contendar, such so neval support, special type weapons, and specially trained personnel.

(2) Coordination with other agencies such as AMERES SAIGON, or VIENTIANE, JCS and CINCPAC.

(3) Arrangement for evacuation and treatment of returnees. JPRC also coordinates hospitalization, evacuation and debriefing arrangements directly with the couporant compande.

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c. After a raid has been conducted, plans call for evacuation of returnees to a point designated by the component cormand, where they undergo preparations for evacuation to CONUS. Acturnees are debriefed by intelligence personnel from their service. A term, usually consisting of two men, will usually accompany returnees to CONUS. A JPRC representative is present at the initial debriefing to determine returnee knowledge of other PMs.



Tab 5 to



c. Throughout the conduct of these operations, JPRC is responsible for keeping higher healquerters informad.

6. (Det.) <u>Results Oblained</u>:

Since activation, the JPRC has been involved id 53 individual operations. There have included six trids expired PN comp sites, five reconnaissance patrols spinst supported PN carp sites, and four search operations to recover downed pilots. The raids and recompaissance patrols have recovered no US personnel, but the four search operations resulted in the recovery of the bodies of two pilots and the recovery of five downed airman. Twenty GVN nationals beld prisoner by the VC wars recovered during raids against two of the camp sites. On 8 November 1967, JPRC coordinated a rescue effort in LAOS that resulted in the recovery of four US personnel. Six US RIA were slap located in the area. These six had previously been listed MA as a result of the name incident Gliesing and Captured Personnel in SEA are at Inclosure 1).

7. (ISE) Lospes/Cont:

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B. The essential nature of the JPRC operation makes cost a secondary consideration. Accually the cost has been negligible unless the forces used in the several secue operations are considered. In some instances battalion sized forces with helicopter support were employed with no results. This will undaubtedly happen again in the future because of the nature of the targets.

b. Operational expanses of JTAC lass the forces constituted have been insignificant. \$253.75 has been paid under the reward program. Small incidental expenses for special items such as bolt cutters, hacksawa, and wespon silencors have been incurred.

8. (JOL) <u>PSYOPS</u>: The JPRC is supported in its reward leaflet program by JUSPLO vio designs the leaflets, by HACVPD who is responsible for delivering the leaflets, by 7th PSTOPS Group who prints that, in coordination with 4th PSYOPS Group who is responsible for final packing of leaflets before they are delivered by 7AF. JPRC coordinates its PSYOP program primarily with MACPD and JUSPAO.





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d. JPRC is in close doily contact with the most important sources of intalligence: MACJ2, the Joint Search and Rescue Center (with whom a secure colophone link has been established). CAS in SAIGON_and VIENTIAME, 525th HI Group, Detachachi 6, 6499th Special Activity Group, HACV COC, 7AF TACC, 7th Fleat CIC's and US Embassies in Southeast Asia. Close coordination is usintained with all components of MACV both in gaining information and in keeping the components informed of PH intelligence in their creas.



a. The mission and objectives of JPRC appear to be adequately stated and complete. Tarms of reference provided by CINCPAG provide sufficient authority for JPRC to conduct its mission. The priority that





has been afforded to JPRC efforts, to include the provision of forces Let, as indicated by operations conducted, been sufficient. Whenever an operation has been indicated the response by all concerned has been rapid and marked by thorough cooperation even to the point of standing down consist operations to permit use of essential resources.

b. The organization of JPRC and its location within MACSOG appears appropriate to the nature of the operations and the availability of commucations and ligison facilities afforded. The proposed JTD changes will improve the capability of JFRC to perform its mission.

C. The resources available appear to be adequate in that virtually may resources within MACV can be provided as required and are furaished on the highest priority basis.

d. Planning and coordination procedures appear to have been worked out over the time since formation of JPRC to a point where the operations can be conducted with relative smoothness and a minimum of turbulence in other combat operations. Coordination with NACV COC and the components has reached a point where JPRC keeps all concerned informed of possible pending reached a point where JPRC keeps all concerned informed of possible pending reached a point where JPRC keeps all concerned informed of possible pending reached a point where of the properations can be plused rather than to present a last minute disruption of other activities.

e. Results obtained have been low. Howaver, this is not an indication of washness in the system. Rather it can be traced primarily to the lack of timely, accurate intelligence due in large part to the precautions taken by the enough for security of PMs.







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(2) The second area is in collection outside of SVN. Here again, the problem expects to be exploses and untivation. Heres to achieve exploses and motivation among potential collectors in LAOS, CANBODIA, and NVN meed to be found.

. (3) Third in this area is the apparent need for an overall coordinated collection plan or program established by MACV J2 which would the together all possible collectors of PN information, establish approprinte priorities and wide-range effort on this problem.

12. (TSh) Conclusiona: The AHEG concludes that:

a. JPRC mission and terms of reference are appropriate and adequate.

b. The organization and manning loval of JPRC as provided for in the JTD subsitted for approval is adequate. Personnel assigned and highly qualified and potivated.

c. Procedures for obtaining resources for recovery operations and for conducting and coordinating operations are adequate.

d. Intelligence received by JPRC has not been adequate for successful recovery operations primarily because collection has not been sufficiently responsive.

e. The key element in recovery operations is timely and reliable intelligence. Further, that the absence of this element is at the heart of our lack of success to date. Analysis of the collection effort reveals three areas in which improvement may be possible.

(1) Ecohasio on low-leval agent potential to collect information on US PU locations within RVN.

(2) Increased emphasis on collection outside of RVM.

(3) Focusing of the total HACV effort through provision of an overall, coordinated PW information collection program.

13. (TOL) CINCPAC Conclusions/Recommendations:

 A. The ABEG offers the following in consideration of the CINCPAC Joint Survey. Toam conclusions;

<u>Conclusion</u>: The new JTD, modified to retain the one 0-4 Intelligence Officer space, will be adequate to accomplish the JPRC mission.

COMPENT: Concur.

COMPENT: Concur

<u>Conclusion</u>: The terms of reference provide adequate authority for JPRC to perform its functions and discharge its responsibilities.

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Tab 5 to

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	Labla to the mission.	Conclusion: Sufficient communication facilities are avai- JPHC to permit full scope of operations envisioned by the	
c.		CORMENT: Concur.	
		Concisco i	Ł

<u>CONTENT:</u> All systems with a capability to collect egainst known potential sources of US YX information are appropriately tasked. No diversion or concentration of any specific system is considered useful. The present effort is productive and rapid (38 significant reports in the period October-December 67). Responsible personnel are alert to the criticality of this problem and accord it all the emphasis possible.

<u>Conclusion</u>: The largest single problem in location and recovery of detained US/FMHAF personnel is the lack of timely and accurate intelligence data.

CONCHENTI Concur.

<u>Conclusion</u>: The JPRC is operating in accordance with the torms of reference issued by CINCPAC, as approved by JCS.

COMMENT: Concur.

<u>Conclusion</u>: The present JPRC has very high potential, competent well qualified leadership, and all personnel possess the required skills and are well potivated toward the mission.

COMMENT: Concur.

<u>Conclusion</u>: Escape and Evasion programs conducted by the services in SEASIA are progressing in a satisfactory manner. JPRC is monitoring those programs closely in an attempt to standardize casualty, MIA/detainee reporting procedures.

COMMENT: Concur.

<u>Conclusion</u>: The JPRC post-hostilities plan (now in drift form) is adequate and will fulfill the prisoner debriefing requirements.

CONSIENT: Concur.



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b. The ANN'G offers the following in consideration of the GINCPAC Joint Survey Team Pacormendations:

Recommendation: That the 0-4 intelligence officer's position be retained vice the 0-3 recommended in the new JTD.

<u>CONTENT</u>: Concur. A field grade officer is required for an advisory end coordination role on a recovery operation. Three officers are needed for necessary flexibility.

Reconvendation

ment and movement of US/FINAF detainees. To this end, MACSOG should coordinate with 7AF to arrive at a mutual agreement on sortics, data to be collected, area of interest, atc. If required, a SICR should be issued to obtain this data.

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COMMENT: Concur. See comment on conclusion above.

<u>Recommendation</u>: That CONUSHACV design a standard procedure for casualty/HA/detrinea reporting and the maintenance of personal data files (photos, authentication systems, emergency addressees, etc.) for use by all services in SEASIA.

<u>CONTENT</u>: The desirability of such a program should be examined carefully before implementation to be sure that the gains that might accrue are worth the cost of the effort.

Recommendation: That the JPRC continue in its present line of endeavor. It perves an extremely useful purpose in that no other organization or sgency provides a central point of contact or focal point for data on HIA/detainees in SEASIA.

<u>COMPLENT</u>: Concur. However, the provision of a focal point for information in secondary to its potential se a recovery agency.

<u>Recommendation</u>: That MACSOG explore the feasibility of developing singleton agent assets specially qualified and trained for introduction into NVN for the purpose of penetrating PON camps for intelligence purposes and to persuada selected PON guards to defect with prisoners, or permit clandestime operations within the prison.

CONDINET: Concur.

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14. (TSLA <u>AHEG Recommendations</u>: It is recommended that:

a. CINCPAC Joint Survey Tean recommendations as concurred in by this group be approved (see para 13b above).



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b. Steps be taken to focus ARVN extention on the collecting of information on US 14"s; that this collection effort be given priority over all but the most urgent tustical requirements; that US advisors to ARVN intelligence officers at Corps lavel and below be directed to press this programs, and that they be provided the terms to induce aggressive agent and agent penetration operations to recover FW's within RVN.

c. A conference be conducted by COMUSHACV involving all potential collectors of US FN information in LADS, CAMPODIA and NVN to determine improved means and coordination on measures required for developing greater emphasis on this program.

d. MACV J2 prepare an overall, coordinated collection plan or program of overaiding priority for W information.



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SECHET

HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES MILITARY ASSISTANCE COMMAND, VIETNAN STUDIES AND OBSERVATIONS GROUP APO 96222

DIRECTIVE NUMBER 500~1

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23 January 1968 (800 - 0P-80)

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ACTIONS TO SUPPORT OF-80 REQUIREMENTS (U)

1. (W PURPOSE: To develop responsive procedures for implementing personnel recovery actions.

2. S GENERAL:

a. It must be realized that the facts and circumstances associated with each recovery operation may and probably will be different than the previous or next recovery operation. Therefore the instructions in this directive are general in nature and will have to be tailored to each specific recovery operation. It is imperative that all personnel involved in a recovery action be aware of the necessity for an expeditious, well planned response. Advance preparation, insofar as possible, should be taken to preclude time consuming delays at critical times to insure proper.ocordination and supervision of actions taken.

b. OP-80 will provide "command and control for the operation, OP-30 will provide or arrange for required air support, and OP-35 will provide ground forces. Other sections will provide support as required.

3. (5) <u>RESPONSIBILITIES</u>: The following responsibilities are fisted to provide all concerned with the tasks each Branch/Section will be expected to execute.

a. <u>OP-80</u>.

(1) Alert OP-30 (Operation and Training Division) and OP-35 (Ground Studies Group) to pending recovery operations as soon as the requirement is known.

(2) Coordinate with OP-3D and OP-35 in formulating the proposed recovery plan.

(3) Provide task force commander for execution of approved recovery plans, and advise OP-30 of additional requirements or changes in plans. Central control point will established at SOG CCC.

(4) Conduct briefing of approved plan for all task force elements assigned.

(5) Provide guidance to all concerned regarding procedures for processing recovered personnel.

* This directive supersedes MACSOG Directive 500-1, 10 January 1967.

> GROUP 1 Excluded from Automatic Down-Grading and Declassification

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GRADING AND DECLASSIFICATION

11ACSO3 DIR 500-1 23 January 1968

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(6) Coordinate and establish lisioon with U.S. and Allied department and agencies to insure additional supporting forces are obtained when required.

(7) Insure that appropriate exbassies have approved ENIGHT LIGHT terms steging through their areas of interest when required, and necessary notification and coordination is accomplished.

(8) Insure that adequate quentities of emergency equipment/supplies rigged for paradrop to percennel to be recovered are propositioned at designated locations.

b. <u>0P-30</u>:

(1) Provide direction to the appropriate operations sections as to . sctions to be taken.

(a) Establish ligison with appropriate agencies to insure that correct lines of communications are established for expeditious response to air support requirements. The following procedures partaining to the Seventh Air Force have been established:

1. Out-of-Country Supports

A. Call 7AF Commander Operations Center (AUTOSSYCCH 3405 or Talk Opick 412) and ask for the Senior Controller. Inform the Senior Controller that a BRIGHT LIGHT requirement follows, outline the situation and inform him when air support is required.

2. In-Country Support: Por immediate action requests, call 7AP TACC Command Post (Talk Quick 416) and ask for the Senior Controller. Outline the situation and inform him what air support is required.

(2) Monitor actions taken to insure they are executed properly and expeditiously.

(a) Upon notification that a recovery operation is to be executed, OP-32 will take the following actions:

1. Assign an Air Linison Officer to OP-80 to monitor, advise, supervise, and respond to air support requirements.

2. Submit air support requests to Seventh Air Force Command Fost which may include but are not limited to:

a. Transport (fixed wing/helicopter)

b. Forward Air Control

Tab 7 to Appendix P

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<u>c</u>. CAP

<u>d</u>. Strike

e. Command and Control.

1. Resupply

3. Provide transportation for OP-80 task force control party and airlift of OP-35 forces as required.

4. When required, provide a tactical air liaison representative for support to C & C Detachment during the conduct of recovery operations.

e. <u>OP-35</u>:

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(1) Train reconnaissance teams and command and control party to qualify for execution of personnel recovery missions.

(2) Upon receipt of order to execute a recovery mission execute the following actions:

(a) Alert C & C Detachment to designate forces to execute the mission.

-' . (b) Insure that the designated forces are equipped with identifying the bands and English Language cards.

(c) Request that the Intelligence Division provide available maps, order of battle, and current intelligence in mission area.

(d) Provide OP-30 with air support requirements.

(c) If required, request that OP-30 provide a tactical air lisison representative to assist the C & C element.

(f) Designate a mission project officer and advise all concerned.

(g) Request that OP-80 conduct the necessary coordination and arrange necessary clearance for personnel and/or equipment into other commtries concerned.

(h) Coordinate with Chief, Communications Branch and insure that required communications equipment accompanies reconnaissance team or will be available at the launch site.

(i) Deploy team as expeditiously as possible.



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d. <u>Intelligence</u>: Provide available maps, order of battle, and current intelligence as requested by OP-30, OP-35, and OP-80. Coordinate requests for aerial reconnaissance.

e. <u>Communications</u>: Provide communications equipment and facilities as requested by OP-30, OP-35, and OP-30.

4. (3) <u>REPORTS</u>: It is the responsibility of the senior OP-80 representative to insure that periodic reports are submitted through available communications channels, to the Chief, SCG. Reporting times or frequency are not specified; however, reports should be submitted on a timely basis to keep all concerned appraised of the current status of operations.

FOR THE CHIEF, SOG:

/s/

IVAN C. HLAND LTC, USA Executive Officer ۸.

>FFICIAL:

1.2. YOUKS, JR. 277, USA Admin Officer

DISTRIBUTION:

0P-60	(1)
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0P-35	(1)
Comm	(1)
C&C Det	(1)
SALT	(1)
Admin	(1)

SECRET F-253 Tab 7 to Appendix F RECOVERY STUDIES GROUP (MACSOG-80)

MISSION

1. (S) To act as the staff cognizant agency and joint coordinating authority within MACSOG for post-search and rescue personnel recovery operations and as such develops requirements for collection of intelligence and other data necessary concerning detained and missing personnel.

2. (S) To assist in providing guidelines for debriefing of recovered personnel.

3. (B) To provide E&E briefing data to component commands and interested agencies.

FUNCTIONS

DIRECTOR

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1. (S) Advises the Chief on all matters pertaining to the recovery of US and allied personnel.

2. (B) Supervises the operations of the Recovery Studies Division.

3. (8) Develops plans and procedures for search and recovery operations and Escape and Evasion programs within the theater of operations.

4. (5) Acts as coordinator during recovery operations involving air, ground and naval recovery forces.

1. (B) Develops requirements for collection of timely and accurate intelligence and other data required for personnel recovery operations.

2. (6) Collates, analyzes, evaluates and maintains intelligence files concerning detained and missing personnel.

3. (S) Develops operational intelligence and prepares studies of areas of interest to the Recovery Studies Division to determine the feasibility of initiating

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Tab 8 to Appendix F personnel regovery operations.

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4. (S) Briefs other intelligence agencies on the mission, operations and intelligence requirements of the Recovery Studies Division.

5. (8) Provides DIA with requirements for the collection of intelligence and other data in excess of local capabilities and provides DIA with information developed, relative to coptured and missing personnel.

6. (8) Maintains close and continuous liaison with other US intelligence agencies to stimulate the flow of information and intelligence pertaining to captured or missing personnel.

1. (B) Formulates, coordinates and supervises operational probedures and plans for the recovery of capatured US or allied personnel.

2. (8) Coordinates and established lisision with US and allied departments and agencies to ensure maximum utilization of available resources and to achieve maximum reaction time for isunching recovery operations.

3. Acts as coordinator/liaison to US and allied Forces conducting recovery operations.

4. (2) Studies and evaluates EXE equipment, survival equipment and related items. In conjunction with air and Naval Forces make recommendations for the procurement and use of new equipment or the modification of existing equipment.

5. S Briefs tactical unit Commanders and operations personnel on the mission and operation of the Recovery Studies Division and advises them on the feasibility and techniques of prisoner recovery operations.

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Tab S to

Appendix F

5. (S) Develops and exploits new tactics and techniques applicable to prisoner recovery operations.

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REGULATION NUMBER 381-3

CONFIDENTIAL

HILLITARY INTELLIGENCE

27 Fabruary 1989

Procedures for Recovery of FPMAP Prisoners of Har (POHa)

1. (6) PURFOSS: To standardize, procedures in order that recovery opstations for FHMAF FOUS can be launched with a minimum loss of time.

2. (C) <u>BACKGROURD:</u> Experience gained from conducting FOW recovery operations indicates that Viat Gong FOU camps are vulnerable to cwift, well planned heliborne raids wherein complete tectical surprise is achieved. Viet Cong FOM camps are generally guarded by a very small force, but achieve their necurity by virtue of their positioning, usually deep within VC base areas. The VC normally rotate FOM camps through pre-calected positions at about thirty-doy intervals, or whenever they believe the camp location has been comprehended by an escapse, Hei-Chanh or V2 flight.

æs INTELLIGENCE: 3. A. Definitions:

(2) Non-perishable intelligence is that type of intelligence
 to which reaction operations are not inhibited by restrictive time frames,

b. The best intelligence is that intelligence which is derived from commons who has had access to the comp; e.g. eccaptes, guards or laborers who are willing to lead a reaction force back into the area.





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e. A comprehensive interrogation/debriefing guide is recommended for use to interrogate ROI CHARMS and POW and to debrief escapes. Such a guide is attached at inclosure I.

5. (C) <u>GUIDANCE</u>: All substantive intelligence reports of ROM emp locations will be reported by Floch opposes to addresses indicated:

a. COMUSIACY (ATTH: JF2C)

b. CG, I PFORCEV

c. DSA, II CIZ

d. 525th MI Group

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f. If U.S. prisoners are involved, the subject of the message in ferrily will be "BRIGHT LIGHT". The urgancy of expeditiously reporting perisbable intelligence, such as information obtained from escapes, cannot be over-emphasized.

h. Follow-up action should be initiated inmediately to fully develop the SSI. Actrema caution must be exercised from the outget to prevent compromising the operation. U.S. unilateral action at this stage is recommended.

1. G2 will noticy JPRC, MAGY, and arrange for JPRG representation as required.

(CANOFORN) OPERATIONS: .

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A. Based on the intelligence generated, immediate operational planning is initiated unilaterally by the designated faction1 domandar or Province Senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with U. S. military advisory staffs the senior Advisor, in coordination with the senior advisory staffs the senior advisor advisor advisory a

to preserve the security of the operation. Camp and Hobile Strike Force units (CSF/NSF) from Gompany B, 5th Special Forces Group Airborne should also be considered as a ready reaction force.

Internal routing instructions will be included as follows: COMUSMACY for JPRC, MACJ21, MACJ22, CG, I PFORCEV for G2; 525th HI Group for M/GPIB. Note: Recovery proposals should <u>NOT</u> be included in intelligence ressages. Messages partaining to proposed oparations should be forwarded to CG, IFFORCEV only.

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Tab 10 to Appendix F J ..

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b. The major tectical unit commanders, or the Province Senior Advisors in the province where U.S. forces are not present will appoint a Task Force and U.S. commander to serve as the overall coordinator and to initiate tectical planning.

c. The recovery test force cornender and the air mission commander will conduct a joint acrial reconnaissance of the area to select the landing zone. Extreme caution must be exercised to prevent compromising the operation.

7. (C/NOTOAN) 1 PFORCEV/11 CTZ SUPPORT:

A. Upon receipt of substantive intelligence reports of POH camp locations by the G2, I FFORCEV, the major unit commander or Province Senior Advisor will be alerted by HQ, MFORCEV of an impending operation. A JFRC representative will be requested, through MACV-203, to come to Neadquarters, MFORCEV.

b. The'l PFORCEV TOC will conitor the operation.

c. An After-Action Report vill be prepared by the Task Force Commander upon completion of the operation. (AVEA-GB)

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FOR THE COMMANDER:

OFFICIAL:

CONFIDENTIAL

ARTINE B. BUSDEY JR. Colonel, AGG Adjutant General JAMES G. KALZEGIS Brigadiar General, USA Chief of Stuff

Tab 10¹

TOP SECRET

Terms of Reference for Additional Support of the JPRC (U) 1. (PS) Terms of Reference are established to provide the JFRC with SOG Forces for FW recovery operations.

· 2. (TS) PURPOSE:

3. (25)

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a. Provide the JFRC (Joint Personnel Recovery Center) an increased capability to its theater FW recovery programs.

b. Provide an experienced exploitation force, up to company size, for immediate reaction to perishable intelligence information on FW locations, primarily U.S. FWs.

c. Provide in-country reaction capability in addition to established C&C AOs.

FUNCTIONAL RESPONSIBILITY:

d. To establish a minimum requirement for additional specialized training.

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GROUF 1 EXCLUDED FROM AUTOMATIC DOWN-GF\DIN AND DECLASSIFICATION Tab 11 to F-262 \ Appendix F GROUF 1

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employed to the maximum degree.

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e. MACSOG-35 will identify the force to be employed and the external fire support assets required.

f. MACSOG-32 will identify air asset requirements based on MACSOG-35 force input; lift to launch points will normally be from SOG assets, while raid lift will be provided from field force assets.

g. The C&C Commander will provide an operations officer to JPRC for planning and coordination when an operation is pending.

h. JPRC will designate the TF Commander.

1. Coordination and liaison with external forces will be the responsibility of JPRC.

4. (TS) FORCES: Primary forces for FW recovery operations are one Exploitation Company at each C&C, to be designated by each C&C Commander. This force may be composite and formed from platoons available at any given time. All C&C Exploitation Forces will be trained and prepared to conduct FW recovery missions on call.

a. The FW recovery role will be in addition to other responsibilities.

b. Forces will operate as presently constituted and equipped.

c. FW recovery force assets will be drawn from more than one C&C if the situation dictates.

d. When forces in addition to those under MACSOG operational control are required for PW recovery, supporting forces will be requested from COMUSMACV resources.

5. (U) Command Relationships will remain as currently established,

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Tab 11 to Appendix F TOP SECRET

6. (U) Areas of operation and appropriate coordinating agencies will be as currently in effect and as additionally detailed above (para 3., Functional Responsibility).
7. (S) MACSOG-35 will prepare implementing instructions immediately upon receipt.

Text copied from MACSOG Ltr. subit Terms of Referen

Text copied from MACSOG Ltr, subj: Terms of Reference for Additional Support of the JPRC (U), dtd 25 July 1969, signed by Col S.E. Cavanaugh, USA, Chief SOG

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Tab 11 to Appendix F ļ

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