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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FREEDOM OF INFORMATION/PRIVACY ACTS SECTION
COVER SHEET

SUBJECT: CARL STOKES

FILE: 62-111875



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62-111875 - Not Recorded, DTD 2/5/73, pgs. 1-9

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
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XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

RE: [REDACTED]

1 Ohio On September 2, 1970, "The Cleveland Press," a local daily newspaper based in Cleveland, Ohio, and published for general public circulation, carried an article indicating that BAXTER HILL, repudiated as the unofficial representative of Mayor CARL STOKES among the ghetto activists, had been beaten. HILL identified two of his assailants as LARRY STEELE and RON GRIER. Both of these individuals had been associated with HILL before he fired them a month prior from Pride, Inc., which was a youth program. Larry Steele

The Pride Program had been given \$51,000 in the spring of 1970 by the Mayor's Council for Youth Opportunity to conduct education-training programs for Hough, Glenville, and central area youths.

The Press article described GRIER as being an influential voice in the black community and as a successful businessman. He was called one of Cleveland's best dressed black men.

HILL told the "Cleveland Press" that on November 1, 1970, during the evening, he had gone to a meeting of the Community Relations Board at the Cleveland Transit Building at 1404 East 9th Street. After the meeting he was accosted in the hallway and beaten by STEELE and GRIER. HILL stated to the "Cleveland Press" that STEELE and GRIER wanted to displace him as a link between black militants and other groups and the STOKES administration. In HILL's position he had received both Federal and Cleveland funds for work with black youth.

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62-111875 - pages 7-15

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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

CARL BURTON STOKES

MAYOR STOKES OF CLEVELAND
IN A RECENT SPEECH REMINDED
HIS BLACK AUDIENCE, THAT
WHITES IN THIS COUNTRY ARE
CAPABLE OF NAZI-TYPE EXTERMI-
NATION.

COLUMBUS, GEORGIA-A COP SHOT A
20 YEAR OLD BLACK WHO REFUSED
TO HALT - JUNE, 1971

JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA-A COP
SHOT A TEEN-AGER IN A DEMON-
STRATION - MAY, 1971

CHATTANOOGA, TENN.-A DEMON-
STRATOR WAS SHOT BY A COP
WHO SAID HE WAS RESISTING,
MAY 1971

ECRU, MISS.-A GROCERY STORE
PROPRIETOR KILLED A BLACK
MAN, SAID HE THREATENED HIM.

THE FOLLOWING SUNDAY-A GAS
STATION ATTENDANT KILLED A
BLACK MAN - SAID HE WAS
DISORDERLY.



(Indicate page, name of
newspaper, city and state.)

B-10 CALL AND POST
(Cleveland, Ohio)

Date: 7/24/71

Edition: CITY

Author:

Editor: WM. O. WALKER

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: Cleveland

☐ Being Investigated

SEARCHED _____ INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____ FILED _____
JUL 27 1971
FBI-CLEVELAND

62-111875-A
NOT RECORDED
184 AUG 18 1971

7-65-614
F415
62-111875
66 AUG 20 1971

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Bishop

DATE: 4/27/71

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]
INFORMATION CONCERNING

On [REDACTED] Crime Research Section, took a call, which was relayed from the Director's Office, and spoke with an individual who identified [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] presently resides at [REDACTED] and was calling because [REDACTED] had heard information that Carl Stokes, Mayor of Cleveland, Ohio, was being considered for a Federal job. [REDACTED] stated although [REDACTED] had no specific information pertaining to Stokes, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED], a number of persons had advised [REDACTED] Stokes was "shaking down" tavern keepers and liquor dealers in Cleveland. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] could not supply the identities of the persons who advised [REDACTED] of this information [REDACTED] acknowledged [REDACTED] had been drinking heavily which was the reason for [REDACTED] slurred speech.

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information.

- 1 - Mr. Mohr
- 1 - Mr. Bishop
- 1 - M. A. Jones

KPW:lg

(5)

57 MAY 11 1971

Tolson _____
Sullivan _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Brennan, C.D. _____
Callahan _____
Casper _____
Conrad _____
Dalbey _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Tavel _____
Walters _____
Soyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

62-111875-
NOT RECORDED

141 MAY 8 1971

16 APR 30 1971

FBI

Date: 1/26/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-183315)
 FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (157-1312) (P)
 RE: AFRO SET
 RM

CARL STOKES

Re CV tel, 1/18/71.

Enclosed are eight copies of an LHM captioned
 and dated as above for Bureau. Two copies furnished CI.

Copies of enclosed LHM are being disseminated
 to U.S. Secret Service, USA, and military intelligence agencies
 at CV, Ohio.

Sources utilized in enclosed LHM are as follows:

Enclosed LHM is classified CONFIDENTIAL as it
 contains information received from sources of continuing

ENCLOSURE

3-Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
 2-Cincinnati (157-33302) (Enc. 2) (RM)
 9-Cleveland

(1-170-183)

(1-157-1870)

(1-157-328)

(1-157-1655)

(1-157-2583)

FVD:jac
 (14)

(Carl Stokes)

Copy to 157-1044/33/RS (night) / CR

by routing slip for

info ☒ action ☐

date 1/28/71

by WAA/bd

3cc 840

62-111875-1

NOT RECORDED RACIAL INT. SECT.

FEB 22 1971

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M

Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

55 MAR 2 1971

CV 157-1312

value, the unauthorized disclosure of which could jeopardize their future effectiveness.

ADMINISTRATIVE

[REDACTED] advised that the city administration of Cleveland; namely, Mayor CARL B. STOKES, is making a concerted effort to have JAY ARKI placed in jail and to, if possible, implicate WILLIAM SEARIGHT, former numbers operator, currently a legitimate businessman, in the activities of ARKI.

[REDACTED]

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62-111875-p3

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XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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62-111875 - Not Recorded, DTD 1-26-71, pages 1-5

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CV 157-274

PAGE FOUR

ADMINISTRATIVE:

[REDACTED]

CLEVELAND IS BRINGING THIS TO THE BUREAU'S ATTENTION BECAUSE OF POSSIBILITY OF THIS AFFECTING STOKES' RELATIONS WITH BLACK EXTREMIST GROUPS. CLEVELAND BELIEVES [REDACTED] WOULD NOT HAVE FILED COMPLAINT AGAINST [REDACTED] WITHOUT STOKES' APPROVAL. ACCORDING TO CV EIGHT SEVEN NINE - R, THIS COULD HAVE AN ADVERSE EFFECT ON THE CLOSE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE STOKES ADMINISTRATION AND THE BLACK EXTREMIST ORGANIZATIONS WHICH HAS EXISTED SINCE HIS ELECTION.

P

END

TRD FBI WASHINGTON DC

ORIG: MR. BRENNAN

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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10:55 PM URGENT 8-19-70 SLO

FROM CLEVELAND (157-NEW)

SHOOTING AT RESIDENCE OF MAYOR CARL B. STOKES, AUG. NINETEEN INSTANT RM

NOTED THAT THE MAYOR REPORTEDLY WITNESSED THE CLEVELAND
POLICE AT THE SCENE RELEASE THE ALLEGED PERPETRATORS OF THIS

END PAGE ONE

59 AUG 28 1970

cc to AG
WDM DELETED

CV 157-NEW

PAGE TWO

CRIME AND ALSO THE MAYOR REPORTEDLY REQUESTED ASSISTANCE FROM THE CVPD. RESPONDING TO THIS REQUEST WAS A CLEVELAND POLICE LT., NAME NOT FURNISHED, WHO REPORTEDLY SHOWED UP INEBRIATED. ALL OF THIS HAS TENDED TO CONFUSE THE SITUATION TO THE POINT THAT [REDACTED] OR NO ONE KNOWS EXACTLY WHAT THE FACTS ARE, HOWEVER, HE ADVISED THAT DEPOSITIONS ARE BEING TAKEN FROM PEOPLE AT THE SCENE TO DETERMINE WHAT ACTUALLY HAPPENED AND WHY THE ALLEGED PERPETRATORS OF THIS CRIME WERE RELEASED BY THE POLICE AT THE SCENE. [REDACTED] STATED THE SUBJECTS WERE SUBSEQUENTLY ARRESTED ALTHOUGH CHARGES REPORTEDLY HAVE NOT YET BEEN FILED.

THE ABOVE FRAGMENTARY INFO IS BEING FURNISHED FOR THE INFO OF THE BUREAU [REDACTED]

THE BUREAU WILL BE APPROPRIATELY ADVISED IN FORM SUITABLE FOR DISSEMINATION SHOULD FULL FACTS INDICATE A RACIAL MATTER WITHIN THE PURVIEW OF BUREAU'S JURISDICTION.

END

DCW

FBI WASH-DC CLR

CC-MR. BARNETT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 24 1970

TELETYPE

NR 008 CV PLAIN

1037 PM URGENT 7-24-70 GDS

TO DIRECTOR

FROM CLEVELAND

~~Confidential - Non Subversive~~

Mr. Walters
Mr. [unclear]
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

[REDACTED] INFORMATION CONCERNING.

[REDACTED] THAT HE HAS
BECOME COMPLETELY DISENCHANTED WITH STOKES [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] HE DOES NOT LIKE THE WAY STOKES IS CONDUCTING
THE CITY'S BUSINESS. HE CHARACTERIZES STOKES AS EXTREMELY
EGOTISTICAL AND SELF-CENTERED. [REDACTED] EMPLOYED STOKES IS MAKING
DEALS WITH PERSONS WHICH IS NOT IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THE
CITY AND THE CITIZENS OF CLEVELAND.

T DCW

FBI WASH DC

CC: Mr. Bishop

NOT RECORDED
98 AUG 31 1970
MR. SULLIVAN FOR THE DIRECTOR

CRIME RECORDS

53 AUG 6 1970

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

3 Policemen Sue Stokes, 5 Others

A \$3 million suit against Mayor Stokes and five other persons was filed today in Common Pleas Court for three Cleveland policemen wounded in the Glenville gun battle of July 23, 1968.

It charges that Cleveland Now funds provided to Fred (Ahmed) Evans and other members of his group enabled them to buy guns and ammunition used in the battle in which the three officers were wounded. The suit filed by attorney Seymour H. Lesser, a former police officer, asks \$500,000 each for Lt. Elmer Joseph and Sgt. Sam Levy and \$2 million for Patrolman Thomas Smith, who is paralyzed.

NAMED AS DEFENDANTS along with Mayor Stokes were three Cleveland Now trustees — attorney Seth Taft, George J. Grabner, president of Weatherhead Co., and William Adams II, director of the Growth Assn.

Two other defendants named were DeForest Brown, director of Hough Area Development Corp., and architect Julian C. Madison, a trustee of Hough Development HADC, was the agency which was given Cleveland Now funds to disburse to Evans and his group.

The suit charges that Cleveland Now funds "were knowingly provided by the defendants to black nationalist and extremist groups for unlawful purposes." It also states that sums were "paid to Evans and his member organization so that they would not commit crimes or foment riots in the city of Cleveland."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Page-A4

THE CLEVELAND PRESS
(CLEVELAND, OHIO)

Date: June 11, 1970

Edition: FINAL

Author:

Editor: THOS. L. BOARD

Title: Racial Disturbances
Vicinity of Auburn
Rd. Cleveland, Ohio

7-24-68

Character:

or

Classification: 157-1521

Submitting Office: CLEVELAND

☐ Being Investigated

NOT RECORDED

191 JUL 10 1970

XEROX

JUL 10 1970

CC in 157-8486 (Fred Allen Evans)
and
157-9687 - Feb 5 - WK
(Federation of Black Nations)
EX-109
Carl Burton Stokes
5 JUL 20 1970

FBI

Date: 11/6/69

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, ST. LOUIS (100-0)

CARL BURTON STOKES
INFORMATION CONCERNING - RM

Re Cleveland airtel to Bureau dated 10/30/69 setting forth that if CARL B. STOKES is re-elected as Mayor of the City of Cleveland, he will possibly replace the current Chief of Police in the Cleveland Police Department. Among those being considered reportedly is a St. Louis police officer who was described as being a Negro.

1 - Cleveland (100-27512) (RM)
1 - St. Louis

58 NOV 21 1969

(5)

NOV 8 1969

Approved: _____

Sent: _____

Special Agent in Charge

M

RACIAL INT. SEC.

Tolson ☒
 DeLoach ☒
 Mohr ☒
 Bishop ☒
 Casper ☐
 Callahan ☐
 Conrad ☐
 Felt ☐
 Gale ☐
 Rosen ☒
 Sullivan ☒
 Tavel ☐
 Trotter ☐
 Tele. Room ☐
 Holmes ☐
 Gandy ☐

Stokes Gets 25% of the White Vote in Early Cleveland Returns

By SEITH S. KING
 Special to The New York Times
 CLEVELAND, Sept. 30 — Mayor Carl B. Stokes appeared tonight in early returns to be winning about 25 per cent of the vote in predominantly white, conservative districts on Cleveland's West Side in the Democratic mayoral primary.

This was about the pace at which he ran when he won the primary in 1966.

As expected, Robert J. Kelly, former director of sanitation and city services, built up an early lead in these areas. A total vote of about 150,000 was expected to reach only half of those registered.

With 450 of 943 voting places reporting, Mr. Kelly had 40,655 votes and Mr. Stokes had 17,997.

This did not include many of the Negro neighborhoods where Mr. Stokes's greatest strength lies.

Even though registered Democrats in Cleveland outnumber Republicans 6 to 1, the winner of the primary can expect to go into the general election Nov. 4 as an even-money choice at best.

Ralph S. Perk, the Republican candidate, has devoted two-thirds of his 55 years to Cleveland politics and has been the most successful citywide vote-getter his party has had in decades. He had no opposition in the primary.

Mr. Perk, an ethnic Czech in a city where nearly 40 per cent of the population has Slavic origins, won five terms in the City Council. (In 1962 he became the first Republican in 30 years to win a countywide office when he was elected county Auditor. Two years ago he was re-elected with a margin of 100,000 votes.)

A handsome, wavy-haired man who slightly resembles Senator Eugene J. McCarthy, Mr. Perk has been quietly assembling a staff and preparing for the race. He plans to begin his campaign against the Democratic winner on Oct. 5.

A police election approach.

"We are going to lean over backwards to avoid the whole question of race. We'd have nothing at all to gain from any approach that suggested race, including any undue harping on crime or law and order."

"We figure 30 per cent of the voters who went against Stokes two years ago will still vote against him. It he wins today, on ethnic grounds alone, we are sure 30 per cent will stay with him. This leaves the deciding 40 per cent among this town's white liberals, and that's the group we intend to get."

Lineup 2 Years Ago

During the general election two years ago, Mr. Stokes got 20 per cent of the white vote without the help of the Democratic organization, which had opposed him in the primary.

His major base then, as now, has been among Cleveland's Negroes, who make up at least 38 per cent of the city's 850,000 population.

Two years ago, Mr. Stokes needed 95 per cent of the Negro vote to creep past the Republican, Seth C. Taft, grandson of President William Howard Taft, by a slender 1,679 votes.

This time the Mayor went into the primary with the active support of the Democratic organization. He also had the endorsement of the city's powerful labor unions and of both city newspapers.

In his two years at City Hall, Mr. Stokes has admittedly made mistakes and acquired some new enemies.

He has been beset by a scandal in the Civil Service, when two of his appointees were indicted for allegedly leaking information on a police promotion test to black candidates.

He has not been forgiven by some voters for ordering the police and National Guardsmen out of the Glenville area last year after Negro leaders asked him to do so. Seven persons, including three policemen, were killed there earlier in a battle with black nationalists.

He has faced a continued deterioration of slum housing and a rise in violent crime since 1966.

But he has been confident that his record on housing renewals, police modernization, antipollution campaigns and his stimulation of a \$224-million construction program would offset any debits he has incurred since his election.

The Washington Post
 Times Herald
 The Washington Daily News
 The Evening Star (Washington)
 The Sunday Star (Washington)
 Daily News (New York)
 Sunday News (New York)
 New York Post
 The New York Times 30
 The Sun (Baltimore)
 The Daily World
 The New Leader
 The Wall Street Journal
 The National Observer
 People's World
 Examiner (Washington)

Date OCT 1 1969

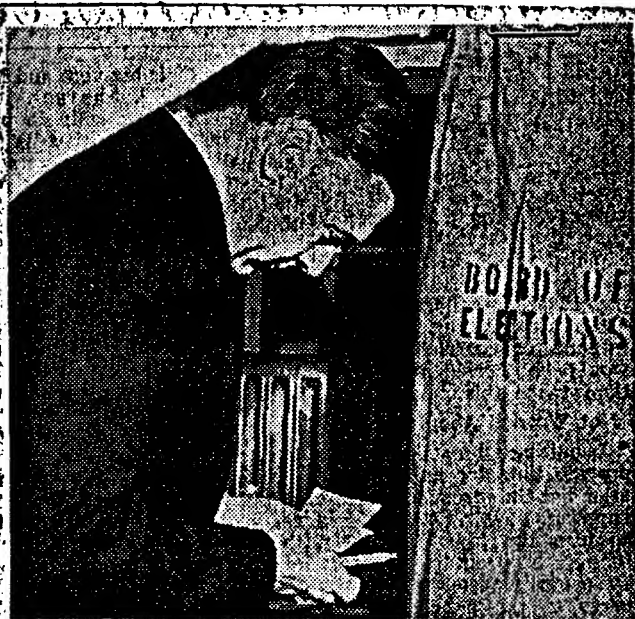
NOT RECORDED
 87 NOV 6 1969

51 NOV 18 1969



Mayor Carl B. Stokes and wife, Shirley, at the polls

Associated Press



Robert J. Kelly, running against Mayor, at voting

United Press International

Date: October 30, 1969

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

G. C. MOORE

To: Director, FBI

From: SAC, Cleveland (100-27512)

Subject: CARL BURTON STOKES
INFORMATION CONCERNING - RM

Re Cleveland airtel, November 3, 1967.

CARL B. STOKES, Negro Mayor, Cleveland, Ohio, is running for re-election. Election will be held November 4, 1969. There are no federal offices involved in this election.

The following is set forth as a matter of general interest to Bureau, inasmuch as the Cleveland sources have indicated that a defeat of Mayor CARL STOKES may have an adverse effect on the racial situation in Cleveland, Ohio.

[redacted]
furnished a copy of the document referred to as "Blueprints for Victory," prepared by the Wyse Advertising Company, Euclid Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio, which company has been retained by Mayor STOKES to assist in his election campaign. This document sets forth the political strategy the Wyse Company believes necessary for STOKES to win election over challenger Cuyahoga County Auditor RALPH PERK, white Republican and for a long period of time the only Republican to hold office in Democrat-dominated Cuyahoga County. This

- 3 - Bureau (RM)
1 - New York (Info) (RM)
1 - St. Louis (Info) (RM)
1 - Cleveland
CGC:esc
(6)

REC-106

25 NOV 1 1969

RACIAL INT. SECT.

Approved: _____

Sent: _____

M

Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

57 NOV 14 1969

NY 100-27512

document has been described by STOKES as having been stolen from his office, and selected excerpts have been widely publicized in the news media, having an adverse result on STOKES's campaign. [redacted] indicated that the public release of the contents of this document has necessitated a complete revamping of the strategy and publicity aspects of STOKES's campaign.

The document splits the campaign strategy into two broad categories aimed at (1) the black voter and (2) the white voter. With regard to the black voter, the document states it will be necessary for STOKES to assure that a maximum number of Negroes vote in the coming election and that this result should be achieved through the instilling of fear in the Negro voter that unless they do vote, STOKES will be defeated. It should be noted regarding the Negro vote that a news media analysis of Election Board statistics made public indicates there are 10,000 less Negro voters registered for the coming election than were registered for the November, 1967 election, at which time STOKES won by a plurality of a 600 votes.

In addition, the document suggests Mrs. MARTIN LUTHER KING be requested to make an appearance in Cleveland to help STOKES obtain as many Negro votes as possible. As yet, Mrs. KING has not consented to such an appearance.

With regard to the white voter, the document points out the need for STOKES to obtain as great a percentage of the white Catholic voters as is possible in the West Side of Cleveland, and this should be done through publicity in the news media and in personal contact by STOKES. The document suggests that the appearance of someone of the caliber of Mrs. ETHEL KENNEDY to speak before groups of Catholic voters would be of great assistance and have a great impact on the white Catholic voters. According to reports in the news media, Mrs. KENNEDY has declined to appear in Cleveland, Ohio, for such an appearance.

The document also points out that STOKES should, in an effort to mute the argument of PERK that STOKES has done little for law enforcement, make as many appearances as possible with city law enforcement officials and obtain optimum publicity regarding his recent appointment of 200 additional patrolmen to the Cleveland Police Department.

CV 100-27512

The political authorities in Cleveland, Ohio, have currently described the mayoral race as being extremely close and feel, in view of recent political setbacks for STOKES, PERK has narrowed the gap between him and STOKES to the extent the election is considered a tossup. They state PERK's momentum continues and there is a large white voter turnout who will upset STOKES.

A further effect of the coming election which will be of interest to the Bureau is that it appears that Chief of Police PATRICK GERITY will be removed regardless of who is elected. PERK has stated that if he is elected he will replace GERITY and Safety Director JOSEPH MC MANAMON. There is no indication as to who PERK's Chief of Police and/or Safety Director nominee would be if he were to be selected.

It is further advised that if STOKES is elected, GERITY will be replaced. PETERS stated that STOKES, as of approximately six weeks ago, was interviewing prospective candidates for this position. One of those interviewed was reportedly a Negro Inspector, not further identified, of the New York City Police Department. There are indications, in view of this, that STOKES will not limit his selection as to a new Chief to individuals within the Cleveland Police Department, which has been traditionally done in the past.

DORIS O'DONNELL, in a story appearing in THE NEWS-HERALD, Willoughby, Ohio, a daily newspaper of general circulation, stated that LLOYD SEALY, former Assistant Chief Inspector and formerly the highest ranking Negro officer in the New York City Police Department, was the leading candidate for Chief of Police position if STOKES were re-elected. This article goes on to say that SEALY apparently has the edge over other candidates for this position, including a St. Louis police officer who is also described as a Negro.

Cleveland Police Department sources and racial sources have advised that they have no information indicating that there is any planned violence, regardless of the result of the coming election. Cleveland sources have been instructed to be alert for such information. Army Intelligence, Cleveland, Ohio, advised on October 30, 1969, that they are fearful of violence and indicated that the Ohio National

NY 100-27-712

Guard will be alerted on Tuesday day and evening in the event there is racial unrest. They indicated, however, that they have no information regarding any planned racial violence.

Copies of this article are designated for the information of New York and St. Louis in view of possibility New Cleveland Police Chief will be from either New York or St. Louis.

7/28/69

U.S. Congressman Claude Pepper
House Office Building
Washington, D.C.

CC: F.B.I. Director J. Edgar Hoover

EXP. PROC.

30 JUL 31 1969

Dear Congressman:

I take note that you are chairman of the House Select Committee on Crime. I also note that Mayor Carl Stokes testified before your committee. Isn't it amazing that Mayors and other so-called "big shots" always invited to testify before committees, whereas the average man on the street cannot afford to go to Washington to testify, and hence you obtain a one sided view of what is happening in different areas of the country. I take note that government that is close to the people is the best type of government. It is not very close when a citizen must go to Washington--and committees only invite people to testify who believe in socialism--calling themselves "liberals".

Why don't you ask Carl Stokes about his own criminal record--since you are investigating crime???

Many of us here in Cleveland have no confidence in Carl Stokes. Enclosed is a copy of a letter I wrote to Deputy Attorney General Richard Kleindienst asking for a federal grand jury investigation of the murder of police in Cleveland. I did not even receive the courtesy of a reply. Kleindienst--NOTE: Mr. Hoover, perhaps you can help in this matter.

Mayor Stokes according to the Cleveland Press of 7/28/69 invited your committee to come to Cleveland. I hope you do come to Cleveland so that citizens may testify about Stokes connections with the revolutionaries promoting violence in this city; and his support of the communists for "self determination" in the negro areas of each city as written in an article in the Nov. issue of "Political Affairs" by Claude Light Nov. 1968.

If you are interested in preventing crime I suggest you investigate those who are pampering the criminals such as the U.S. Supreme Court, those who make excuses for criminals; those who SUBSIDIZE CRIMINALS such as "Cleveland NOW"--under the leadership of none other than Carl Stokes, and all the billions given to communists, anarchists, etc. by the O.E.O.

You realize damn well that POVERTY is NO EXCUSE for committing a crime. All you have to do is think back to the depression of the thirties.

Again, I INVITE YOU to come to Cleveland and investigate CRIME. All enclosed are PICTURES of Carl Stokes marching with his criminal associates whom he financed under Cleveland NOW!

Deleted Copy Sent Lippitt
by Letter 7-29-76
Per FOIA Request

REC-1

ENCLOSURE 235
30 AUG 14 1969

EX-103

10 JUL 31 1969

2/27/69

Deputy Attorney General
Richard G. Kleindienst
Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

I wrote to Attorney General John N. Mitchell 12/19/68 at 450 Park
N.Y. sending him documentation that proves the City of Cleveland of
MILLIONS of OUR tax dollars under false pretenses under the Federal
Renewal Program, and asked for a Federal Grand Jury Investigation.
this investigation does not come about, I will be convinced that the
deterioration in America has progressed so far that there is not much
left for our survival. Please look into this request I made.

I also am disgusted that the justice department has not instituted
federal grand jury investigation of the murder of many Cleveland people
in the Glenville area. Here are enough facts that are obtainable from
the newspapers!

1. Jack Emmer, a known Communist (identified by Julia Brown before) supported Carl Stokes for mayor--listed in full page newspaper advertisement with other known communists.
2. Jack Emmer headed a "Leadership Training School" at Western Reserve University.
3. A man named Alex Weathers graduated from that program--which is run by the O.E.O.
4. Carl Stokes marched in a parade with gun carrying black nationalists many of whom were convicted felons.
5. Intelligence sources knew that certain individuals were in possession of fully automatic weapons, and semi-automatic weapons which could shoot 30 shots. They also knew that some of the people possessing guns were convicted felons. It is against the law in Ohio to possess a gun if you are a convicted felon, and against the law to possess a machine gun (fully automatic weapon).
6. Police had enough information to constitute "probable cause" to issue for a search warrant to search for the automatic weapons, and ASKED FOR A SEARCH WARRANT. Mayor Carl Stokes interfered and refused to allow the police department to obtain a warrant. Instead, he sent out Walter and city councilman George Forbes, and a minister involved in a program to "talk" with the suspected criminals! Obviously talking for help as the criminals that evening murdered policemen, and wounded 7.
7. Mayor Stokes pulled the white policemen, and National Guard out of the guerilla warfare area supposedly to prevent the murder of more police. However, this removal of police and National Guard could also have allowed the criminals to remove their weapons, and to remove the bodies of the town hoodlums which would have proved a "conspiracy" if the bodies were found and identified--bodies of criminals killed in the action.
8. A man named Ron Lucas who is a member of the W.E. DuBois club was named as one of the instigators of the Hough Ave. area riot of 1968 in the Cleveland Grand Jury Report. While the Glenville guerilla action was taking place Mayor Stokes sent out people from a group called "Cleveland Pride" supposedly to talk the criminals into giving up their activities of looting, burning and killing. One member of that group was Ron Lucas. That is like pouring gasoline on a fire to put it out! Later at the Democratic state roast in Cleveland the same Ron Lucas was arrested.

carrying a concealed weapon--he had a cane with a sword in it. During the guerilla activity in Glenville a man named Alex Weathers was arrested and charged with carrying a concealed weapon. He claimed he was a guard for Floyd McKissick of CORE.

9. Mayor Stokes used his office to "squash" the charge against Weathers.
10. Phone listings show that Alex Weathers and Ron Lucas live at the same address!

11. The F.B.I. sought a warrant to search a farm in Ashtabula County where supposedly they hoped to find some of the weapons used in the guerilla in Glenville area of Cleve., and also perhaps some "buried bodies"--probably the dead out of town Guerrillas.

12. The justice department either locally or from Washington refused to give the F.B.I. a warrant for the search of the Ashtabula farm.

13. Intelligence sources had disclosed that other cities were to be hit the same time Cleveland was--policemen to be murdered. However, Cleveland wound up being the city where the guerillas were successful!

14. The criminals who killed the Cleveland policemen obtained money from "Cleveland Now Fund" set up by the administration of Carl Stokes.

15. There is a criminal syndicalism law in Ohio making it a crime to use force and violence to bring about political or social changes in Ohio.

Summary: There is a "cloud of suspicion" hanging over Cleveland. Unless until, there is a FEDERAL GRAND JURY INVESTIGATION of the guerilla war that took place in the Glenville area of Cleveland, the people will be disaffected and distrustful, and feelings between the races will NOT IMPROVE. I am for such an investigation in which ANY WITNESS DESIRING TO TESTIFY WILL BE ALLOWED TO DO SO, IN WHICH ALL MOVIES OF THE PARADE IN WHICH MAYOR STOKES TOOK PART WITH THE GUN TOTING CRIMINALS IN THE HANDS OF ALL THE NEWS MEDIA AND POLICE DEPARTMENT, AND F.B.I. ARE INTRODUCED, AND IN WHICH ALL EVIDENCE IN THE HANDS OF THE CLEVELAND POLICE DEPARTMENT INTELLIGENCE DEPT. ARE SUBPOENED, AND ALL F.B.I. INFORMATION RELATIVE TO THE GUERRILLA WAR INCIDENTS ARE ALSO SUBPOENED.

I was hoping the Nixon administration would abolish the O.E.O. which fincements criminals, anarchists, revolutionaries, Communists as does also the Ford Foundation and other foundations that are tax exempt while the law abiding middle class citizen pays through the nose to finance such nefarious activities. I have paid my taxes every year, but with politicians in Washington supporting Communist countries with aid and trade, and supporting those who would destroy our country from within, I am at the point--almost--of just refusing to pay taxes, and so are all my friends! Frankly speaking I do not expect anything to come about because of this letter because of the act and type of people being appointed to high positions in the Nixon administration except in a few cases---such as yourself. I certainly want Otto Otepka reinstated in full with complete authority to clean house in the pro-republican TRAITOROUS State Department. Any bets that this will ever occur?? I sit and wait and see attitude, but it is gradually being replaced with a feeling of absolute disgust with the record to date.

Best regards,



CITIZENS WAKE UP BECAUSE OF THE LISTED & CONFIRMED TRUTHS
ABOUT WHAT OUR POLICE REFER TO AS "MASSACRE DAY" THE TWO MEN
BELOW COULD BE:

WANTED

TO ANSWER QUESTIONS

FOR THE MURDER
OF 3 POLICEMEN



MAYOR CARL STOKES SAFETY DIR. JOS. MCMANAMON

AND QUESTIONS SHOULD BE ANSWERED REGARDING THE BELOW FACTS
WHICH ARE BEING "SQUASHED" BY CITY HALL "DICTATORS"

1. WHY DID STOKES MARCH WITH ARMED TROUBLE MAKERS JULY 18, 1968?
2. WHY WAS FRED "AHMED" EVANS AT CITY HALL THE MORNING OF "MASSACRE DAY"?
3. WHY WERE POLICE ORDERS NOT GIVEN TO CONFISCATE WEAPONS OF "EVANS" GROUP ON JULY 23?
4. WHY DID STOKES GIVE \$20,000 OF CLEVELAND MONEY TO KNOWN TROUBLE MAKERS AFTER PAST RIOTS INVOLVING THEM?
5. WHY DID STOKES TOTALLY DISREGARD THE GRAND JURY FINDINGS OF THE HOUGH RIOTS?
6. WHY DID STOKES ALLOW A "DAY TO ESCAPE" TO THE CRIMINALS INVOLVED?
7. WHY WERE MAYORS COMMITTEE MEMBERS ALSO LOOTING?
8. ARE THESE MEN FOR THE PEOPLE, BLACK & WHITE, OR FOR THEMSELVES?

CITIZEN! CONTACT YOUR CONGRESSMEN & YOUR SENATORS & GOVERNOR

ALSO

WANTED

FOR

POLICE BRUTALITY

THE PLAIN DEALER, SUNDAY, JULY 21, 1968

POLICE BRUTALITY

is being brutal to
the POLICE
especially by the
Safety Director



is the Mayor of Cleveland who is in favor of gun control



for some of the people but apparently not for everybody

ANNIVERSARY—Mayor Carl B. Stokes leads parade in the Hough area.
Plain Dealer photo (Karl J. Rouschke)

These pictures
show how to
Start a Riot

which KILLS,
wounds and
maims policemen

who are replaced
by BLACK POWER
Social Workers

by the Mayor

FBI

Date: 3/11/69

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-111875)
 FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (100-27512) (C)
 RE: MAYOR CARL B. STOKES
 CLEVELAND, OHIO
 INFORMATION CONCERNING
 RM

SEE REVENUE FOR
ADD. DISSEMINATION

Re Cincinnati letters and LHMs dated 11/22/68, and
 2/24/69.

Enclosed are eight (8) copies of an LHM for the
 Bureau and one copy for the Cincinnati Office regarding
 captioned matter.

The sources referred to are as follows:

[REDACTED]
 [REDACTED]
 [REDACTED]

LHM is classified Confidential as information set
 forth from the above sources could reasonably result in
 identification of sources of continuing value and jeopardize
 their future effectiveness.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
 1 - Cincinnati (157-2589) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
 1 - Cleveland

AJQ/jky
 (5)

AGENCY: ACSI, FBI, SEC. SERV.

DEPT: ISD, FBI, IDIC, State

HOW FORW:

DATE FORW:

BY:

EX-105

REC-127

62-111875-16

18 MAR 12 1969

RACIAL INT. SECT.

51 MAR 28 1969

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Cleveland, Ohio
March 11, 1969

C O N F I D E N T I A L

MAYOR CARL B. STOKES
CLEVELAND, OHIO

In November and December, 1968, [REDACTED] who have furnished reliable information in the past and who have been well acquainted with the NOI activities in the Cleveland, Ohio area since the late 1950s, were contacted re captioned matter. Both of these sources stated that they had never obtained any information indicating that Mayor STOKES or his wife had ever been members of or sympathetic to the NOI in Cleveland. They both recalled, however, that approximately 4 years previously, STOKES, who was then holding some elected position other than Mayor (Representative to the Ohio State Legislature), had attended an open meeting as a guest. Source recalled that STOKES got up and left shortly after the meeting began when the Minister started castigating the white man and referred to him as the devil. This source did not know that this was the reason that STOKES left the meeting but it appeared that way to source. [REDACTED] further stated during these contacts that he was quite positive that STOKES' wife had never been near the Cleveland NOI Temple as this would have been brought to his attention.

A characterization of the Nation of Islam (NOI) appears below in the Appendix.

[REDACTED] stated on December 11, 1968, that within recent months Mayor STOKES' photo had appeared in the NOI newspaper, "Muhammad Speaks" when he was visiting the Shabazz Market which is located near the Cleveland NOI Temple and operated by NOI members. He recalled that at that time STOKES was making political visits to the Negro neighborhoods throughout the eastern suburbs of Cleveland.

C O N F I D E N T I A L

GROUP I
Excluded from
automatic downgrading
and declassification.

ENCLOSURE 62-111875-16

C O N F I D E N T I A L

RE: MAYOR CARL B. STOKES
CLEVELAND, OHIO

[REDACTED] advised during these contacts that he recalled STOKES' visit to the Cleveland Temple about 4 or 5 years ago and believed it took place on a Sunday afternoon when meetings are open to the public and well attended by non-members. He advised that he was quite sure that STOKES had appeared with some other prominently known individual and there was no indication that either of them sympathized with their teaching. Source #2 stated he was quite sure that photos were taken at that time, probably for the benefit of the NOI or for political reasons.

Both sources stated they doubted whether STOKES had served as a lawyer for the Temple and had no information indicating that he had represented the Temple or the leaders in any matters.

[REDACTED] also advised that he had never received any indication that STOKES' wife was in any way affiliated with or sympathetic to the Cleveland NOI.

In November and December, 1968 [REDACTED] who has been acquainted with some of the NOI activities in Cleveland for approximately 3 years, advised he had no information indicating that Mayor STOKES or his wife were sympathetic toward or in any way affiliated with the Cleveland NOI Temple. He also advised he had not received any information indicating that STOKES had represented the Temple or any of its leaders in any matters.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

C O N F I D E N T I A L

REC-23

Potomac Watch

Trinidad Area Adopts a

Congressman



By
William
Raspberry

Louis Stokes, Democrat of Cleveland, Ohio, Elected to the 91st Congress, Constituency includes the 21st District of Cleveland and the Trinidad section of Northeast Washington.

YOU WON'T FIND this entry in the Congressional Directory, but it's true. The brother of Cleveland's first black mayor is Washington's first congressional representative.

Stokes, it must be said, didn't seek the job. He was through the efforts of Roena Rand, the Washington civil rights activist who knew Stokes when she lived in Cleveland. He now is a member of her Howard Model Cities Council.

Nor is Stokes quite sure what his duties will be.

To tell you the truth, I haven't even had a chance to meet with my new constituents," he said this week. "Obviously I will have no official status with the Trinidad residents. All I can

promise is the application of concern for people who lack representation."

Even that little bit isn't to be sneezed at in this voteless city.

Washingtonians — particularly the less affluent ones — have long suffered the disadvantages of having legislation that affects them decided

whose interests lie outside the city.

If you are a local party bigwig or an official of the Board of Trade, you can usually find a friendly Congressman or Senator to look after your interests. But if you're a member of the rank-and-file working class, it's hard to find anyone who will take the time to listen to your problems.

IT IS THIS function Stokes hopes to fill for one small section of the city. Trinidad lies between Calaudet College and the Arboretum, a quarter of a square mile on the north side of Florida Avenue near

Stokes is used to doing battle for the underdog. He has defended Cleveland's black militants against a variety of charges. He was for five years head of the Legal Redress Committee of the Cleveland NAACP. He was one of the three lawyers who conducted the Hough hearings, a response to the grand jury report that blamed the Hough riots on black militancy while largely ignoring the deplorable conditions that had long existed in the community.

And he knows how to fight. It was his suit against the Ohio legislature, fought through to the U.S. Supreme Court, that led to the creation of the 21st District that he now represents.

Trinidad residents hope he will use some of his talents on their behalf.

It would be extremely useful if other congressmen followed Stokes' lead and offered their unofficial services to other sections of Washington.

"Sure, I'd like to see that happen," Stokes said. "I think we could do some real good. But this is still only an inadequate substitute

for what I really hope is that this Congress will do something to see that these people have official representation. It's unthinkable in this day and age that they don't have."

"It was the absence of just this sort of representation that formed the basis of the

creation of this country in the first place. You know, taxation without representation."

He isn't sure just what kind of home-rule legislation he would push for, but he sees a voting representative in the House as a bare minimum.

Stokes acknowledges that service to his Cleveland constituents and his freshman Congressman's need to learn how the system works will mean that he won't have very much time to devote to Trinidad.

expect his full-time service. They think it is important when ordinary means have somebody in Congress who will go to bat for them. And if that isn't the rule, it'll have to do. The real thing comes along.

Tolson ☒
DeLoach ☒
Mohr ☒
Bishop ☒ B/L
Casper ☐
Callahan ☐
Conrad ☐
Felt ☐
Gale ☒
Rosen ☒
Sullivan ☒
Tavel ☐
Trotter ☐
Tele. Room ☐
Holmes ☐
Gandy ☐

F. L. J. S. M.

The Washington Post Times Herald ☒ B-1
The Washington Daily News ☐
The Evening Star (Washington) ☐
The Sunday Star (Washington) ☐
Daily News (New York) ☐
Sunday News (New York) ☐
New York Post ☐
The New York Times ☐
The Sun (Baltimore) ☐
The Daily World ☐
The New Leader ☐
The Wall Street Journal ☐
The National Observer ☐
People's World ☐
Examiner (Washington) ☐

Date MAR 5 1969

REC-25
NOT RECORDED
145 MAR 13 1969

Feb 5-2

62-111875

55 MAR 17 1969

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-111875)

FROM : SAC, CINCINNATI (157-2589) (C)

SUBJECT: MAYOR CARL B. STOKES,
CLEVELAND, OHIO
INFORMATION CONCERNING
RM

DATE: 2/24/69

Remylet and LHM dated 11/22/68, Buairtel dated 12/9/68, and Cincinnati airtels dated 12/16 and 27/68.

Enclosed herewith are eight copies of an LHM for Bureau and one copy for the Cleveland Office, captioned as above.

The information herein was furnished by [REDACTED]

As stated by [REDACTED] it is not believed that additional inquiries of [REDACTED] will produce any more concrete statements. [REDACTED] does not believe that [REDACTED] has firsthand knowledge of any involvement of Mayor STOKES, and may be repeating some boasting Cleveland members of the NOI.

- 1-2
2 - Bureau (Enc. - 8) (RM)
1 - Cleveland (Enc. - 1) (Info) (RM)
1 - Cincinnati

FXF:jms
(4)

REC-54

ST-106

FEB 26 1969

AGENCY: ASST. ATTORNEY GENERAL, SEC. SERV.

DATE: 3/10/69

BY: [Signature]



61 MAR 10 1969

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

NOI CODE FOR
HQB. DISSEMINATION

ENCLOSURE

RE: - MAYOR CARL STOKES
CLEVELAND, OHIO

instructed at the insistence of "our people" in Cleveland. [REDACTED] said that he did not doubt that [REDACTED] was speaking of NOI leaders in Cleveland. The only other statement made by [REDACTED] at this time was that "there is going to be trouble between the heathens and us." When asked what he meant by "heathens," [REDACTED] replied that he meant those black militants who had started the rioting in Cleveland.

[REDACTED]

A characterization of the NOI is attached hereto..

A P P E N D I X

NATION OF ISLAM

A source advised on May 3, 1968, that the Nation of Islam (NOI) is an all-Negro organization originating in Detroit, Michigan, in the early 1930's. Elijah Muhammad is the leader of the NOI and self-styled "Messenger of Allah" in that he claims Allah (God) selected him to lead the so-called Negro out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation within the United States. Headquarters of the NOI is located at Muhammad's Temple (or Mosque) Number 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.

Muhammad teaches there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negro, will be destroyed by Allah in an approaching "War of Armageddon," a war between God and the devil.

Officials and members of the NOI, including Muhammad, have refused to comply with provisions of the Selective Service Act, stating that they respect laws of the United States as long as they do not conflict with the laws of the NOI, but do not believe the government should force them to participate in wars from which they have nothing to gain.

In the late 1950's, Muhammad, acting on legal advice, tempered NOI teachings against the white man and the government to avoid possible prosecution; however, basic tenets remain the same. He de-emphasized religious teachings in the NOI and emphasized economic benefits derived by so-called Negroes who join the NOI. Muhammad believed this would create more interest in his programs and, of course, new followers.

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS NEITHER RECOMMENDATIONS NOR CONCLUSIONS OF THE FBI. IT IS THE PROPERTY OF THE FBI AND IS LOANED TO YOUR AGENCY. IT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE YOUR AGENCY.

MAILED

FEB 20 1969

NAME CHECK

February 19, 1969

Summary

CARL B. STOKES

Born: June 21, 1927

Cleveland, Ohio

Carl B. Stokes

The FBI has not investigated Stokes; however, there is attached for your information a memorandum dated November 22, 1968, concerning him. In addition, our files reveal that on January 25, 1968, an informant, who has furnished reliable information in the past, stated that Gus Hall, General Secretary of the Communist Party, U.S.A., stated at a testimonial banquet that the electoral victory of Mayor Carl Stokes was a victory for the Communist Party. (100-333575-24)

Original & 1 - State

[Handwritten signature]
(4)

REC 17

62-111875-14

19 FEB 20 1969

CC TO: *[Handwritten]*
REQ. REC'D: *[Handwritten]*
FEB 20 1969
ANS.
BY: *[Handwritten]*

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI, and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency. This reply is result of check of FBI investigative files. To check arrest records, request must be submitted to FBI Identification Division. Fingerprints are necessary for positive check.

54 FEB 28 1969

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR
ADD. DISSEMINATION

FBI

Date: 12/27/68

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

PRIORITY

(Priority)

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-111875)

FROM

SAC, CINCINNATI (157-2589) (P)

SUBJECT

MAYOR CARL B. STOKES,
CLEVELAND, OHIO
INFORMATION CONCERNING
RM

ReBureau letter 12/9/68 and Cincinnati dated 12/16/68

dedicated member of the NOI. [redacted] is proud of his "religion" (NOI) and is not reluctant to speak of it to him. On the occasion of the comment of [redacted] concerning Stokes, [redacted] said that it was unsolicited and uncorroborated. Although [redacted] said that he seemed to recall that STOKES had, at some time in the past, had represented some members of the NOI in some type of legal action in the Cleveland area, [redacted] said that he has never known [redacted] to lie to him during the years of their association.

[redacted] advised that he would attempt to "run into" [redacted] again as soon as possible and seek to elicit additional information in this matter and advise [redacted].

② - Bureau (RM)

1 - Cleveland (100-27512) (RM)

2 - Cincinnati

FXF:cfr

(6)

DEC 30 1968

56 JAN 8 1969

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

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Per

RACIAL INT. SECT.

Stokes Says Too Few Are Concerned So Cities Will Get Worse

By ANTHONY RIPLEY

CLEVELAND — After a turbulent year in office as the first Negro to be elected Mayor of a major American city, Carl B. Stokes predicts further trouble for the nation's cities. In an interview in his small office in the Cleveland City Hall, the former Ohio state legislator, who is halfway through his two-year term as Cleveland's Mayor, looked back on the year with a mixture of pride and sadness.

Almost symbolically, his desk is in front of a huge fireplace, with his chair on the hearth.

He is optimistic over dealings with the incoming Republican Administration in Washington but sees a general lack of understanding of city problems by politicians in other levels of government.

He believes that there is a nationwide struggle going on to maintain civilian control over police departments and that cities have become a "battleground for survival" of both the poor and of the democratic traditions of this nation.

Although much of his work to unite Cleveland was ripped apart in a gun battle between black nationalists and policemen on July 23, Mr. Stokes believes that the black nationalist movement in the city remains a positive force.

Aims for More Confidence

His own major contribution, he thinks, is attempting to restore confidence in a city that had "perfected defeatism to an art."

"We would point out our failures to a visitor before he would observe them himself," he said. "It was almost as though [we had] an agonizing kind of civic masochism."

He said that his administration had not been able to change the lives of slum dwellers. But some things have been set in motion that can change them, he added.

"Things are going to get somewhat worse in this country before they get better," he predicted, "until the country is painfully aware of the need for its maximum involvement. It is only at that point that the country will turn its resources, imagination and inventiveness to solving poverty."

He said the urban riots had been confined largely to the black community and the university uprisings to the college campuses, both of them remote areas for the average American. Because of this remoteness, there is no national commitment for change as there was in the Great Depression of the 1930's, he said.

"Let's take that building trades guy who had a high school education and earns \$50 a day," he said. "He doesn't know anything about this. There's no college around him as far as he's concerned these kids are just kooks and those Negroes rioting are just savages. It hasn't touched his life."

"He's now as much a member of the establishment as the so-called power structure, the big industrialists and the businessman. He's now middle-income American with his six rooms and a mortgage and he tends more and more to vote against taxes of every nature."

Mr. Stokes predicted a continuation of present levels of federal funding for most city programs under the administration of Richard M. Nixon.

As much as he might personally like to cut back on domestic spending, I think that reason is going to prevail and demonstrate to him that it is not possible to save the cities without a massive capital investment.

One of the favorite topics of the nation's mayors — block grants from the Federal Government to the cities — may well come about under the Republican Administration, Mr. Stokes said.

It is very consistent with Republican philosophy. It responds to their notion of a strong local government and a weak central government," he said.

"We may have more luck with President Nixon on this than we might have with a Democratic President."

He said the nation had a number of outstanding mayors today. Discussing their work, he said:

"As you watch all of these

men move with different programs in crisis situations and take certain steps, you realize there is no book written to tell you what to do.

And the action they take is born of inventiveness, imagination, innovation and guts—that's a quality that you have to have today in a way never before required—that's just basic, unadulterated guts.

Asked if he felt there was "sort of a war situation on the local level," Mr. Stokes replied: "It is war. These cities have become a battleground. I don't

mean a battleground exclusively in the sense of people with guns. That's just part of it.

"It's a battleground for survival."

The people have flocked to these big cities for a chance to live—not for freedom like the Negro migrated 20 years ago to try to find.

"It's basic, fundamental survival and the police react to this as those of military mind have for centuries. They're

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*T. J. [unclear]
E. J. [unclear]*

The Washington Post Times Herald _____
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Sunday News (New York) _____
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The Sun (Baltimore) _____
The Daily World _____
The New Leader _____
The Wall Street Journal _____
The National Observer _____
People's World _____
Examiner (Washington) _____

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equipped to use force. These great Mayors that have for centuries, they've re- you have throughout the country today, realize that this is the end of democracy. If you succumb to this, that you must have civilian authority and so they have stood against the now familiar cry of policeman about, we don't want political interference.

"This is nothing but the age old cry of the Army taking over and once they do, then democracy, or whatever this nation's potentials for democracy are, are gone."

Mayor Stokes' main political problem today is in his dealings with his own police department following the Glenville disturbances, in which policemen and black nationalists shot it out. Despite this, he feels no bitterness toward the nationalists or the movement they represent.

The sincere black nationalists in my city have been basic and helpful in trying to develop and to maintain and to im-

prove the black community," he explained.

During his first year, Mayor Stokes solicited \$11.25-million from business and private individuals for his Cleveland Now program to aid the city in housing, recreation, health and welfare. Some of the funds went to black nationalist groups, including that headed by Fred Ahmed Evans, now charged with first-degree murder in the Glenville disturbance.

From Business to Art

Some of the black nationalist groups have used funds to start small businesses and others in cultural programs. "In [Luther] King's death," Mr. [in Luther] King's death," Mr. Stokes said, "it was the nationalists who walked the streets with me. Boy Scout people, P.T.A. people, they weren't the ones out there walking the streets with me."

He said he felt no personal bitterness toward Evans.

"I can understand what happened," the Mayor said. "Ahmed and his boys just gave up on us. They gave up on the whole system, gave up on me, gave up on the political and community leadership that had been saying they were going to solve these problems."

"It saddens me just terribly because his desperate act not only precluded him and his immediate group from what the society can mean to them but quite admittedly they set back so many of the things that

we're trying to do for so many other people." His act, as tragic as it was in the killing of policemen, was multiplied many times over in the social trauma that it caused.

Mr. Stokes said that before the July 23 shootings, "with the launching of the Cleveland Now program we had every segment of this community."

He said the contributors had included "the little boys and girls in the elementary schools, people like that man who gave \$1-million who hadn't been involved in the city at all, and companies, like Republic Steel who said, 'this has nothing to do with your United Appeal commitment or muscular dystrophy or the Heart Fund or what not. This is your dollar involvement in this city, it's over and above those other commitments.'"

"Well," the Mayor continued, "with all the community coming together like that, the bigots and the racists and the haters couldn't raise their voices."

"But after July 23, they crawled out from under the rocks and cracks in the wall and they were in business because a certain atmosphere had developed for them."

Ahmed cost us that kind of thing."

"Now, for instance, I've got a lawsuit against me, and there's a recall petition in addition—just from the haters. This is the terrible, pathetic thing about it."



United Press International
Mayor Carl B. Stokes

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Cleveland Mayor Sued

CLEVELAND, Oct. 2 (UPI) — Mayor Carl B. Stokes must appear in probate court here within 10 days to answer charges of misfeasance and malfeasance growing out of Glenville snipings in July and alleged illegal use of "Cleveland, Now!" funds.

Roy F. Richards and four other Clevelanders filed the suit against Mr. Stokes, who was served with the summons yesterday.

Mr. Richards, vice chairman of the Citizens Committee for Law Enforcement, is also chairman of the local branch of the Ohio for Wallace Committee.

The suit charges that Mr. Stokes committed unlawful actions last July when three Cleveland policemen and seven civil

ians were killed by gunfire in the Glenville area of the city. He said Mr. Stokes' action in pulling white policemen and National Guardsmen out of the troubled area was one basis for his suit.

Another was the fact that black nationalists involved in the sniper attack on police July 23 had received money from "Cleveland, Now!" a community betterment project sponsored by governmental and private agencies.

Mr. Richards said Mr. Stokes also took part in an "unlawful parade" July 20 when he marched with armed black nationalists to commemorate the second anniversary of the Hough riots.

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 The National Observer _____
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 Examiner (Washington) _____

Date 10/2/68

50 JAN 7 277 1969

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Stokes Under Fire on Ambush Report

By WILLIAM C. BARNARD

Cleveland City Council is taking a highly negative attitude toward Mayor Carl B. Stokes' report on the July 23 ambush attack on police and the related disorders that followed.

Most councilmen said they felt the report, issued yesterday morning, was an exercise in civic public relations and little else.

Perhaps most critical of all was Council President James V. Stanton, who, at one point, got involved in an altercation with Stokes' news secretary, Richard J. Murway, when Stanton learned his comments to the mayor were being tape-recorded.

THE SIX-PART 34-page report was read to the councilmen at a 7:30 a.m. meeting by the mayor and police officials.

Many said they felt the events leading up to the attack were not adequately explained. Others were critical that the lack of police preparedness was not covered.

Nor did Stanton and his colleagues like the mayor's explanation for withdrawing white police and Ohio National Guard troops from the troubled area the following night.

Council was almost unanimous in its displeasure with Stokes for breaking off the meeting with councilmen before these points were

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Mr. Trotter _____
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Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

1 THE PLAIN DEALER
(Cleveland, Oh)

Date: 8/10/68
Edition: FINAL

Author: _____
Editor: THOMAS VAIL

Title: Racial Disturbances
vicinity Auburndale
Cv. O. CV#157-1

Character: _____
or
Classification: _____
Submitting Office: CLEVELAND

☐ Being Investigated

59 JAN 9 1969

explained. Stokes had a 9:15 a.m. meeting set with news executives.

"The next time someone calls me for a 7:30 morning meeting, then walks out in the middle of it, there's going to be two moons in the sky," exclaimed Councilman Harold B. Smith, D-2.

STANTON later in the day called a news conference at which time he took the mayor to task for not having consulted with council leadership on the report earlier. He then criticized the mayor's decision to withdraw the police and National Guard troops.

"I cannot agree with the decision of the mayor to pull the duly constituted law enforcement authority out of the riot area during the period of Wednesday, July 24.

"I find no moral grounds for taking duly constituted law enforcement authorities away from the families and property of that area regardless of any justification by the administration that there was no loss of life.

"The mayor publicly rejoices that the Glenville riot occasioned no loss of life. But I am sure you will agree that many things less than murder warrant the vigilance and physical presence of our police.

"IF OUR society is to

endure, it must endure under the law, and no mayor's committee or vigilante group can be substituted on any moral basis in lieu of the duly constituted law enforcement authority.

"I strongly urge the mayor or never again to leave a section of this city subjected to a mayor's committee or vigilante committee which individuals could loot or burn at will."

Stanton said he had withheld any comment on the matter until yesterday so that he might talk to the mayor first and also "so the pressures of racial unrest might heal."

Councilman Henry J. Matt, D-14, called the report a sad commentary. A lot of facts were left out.

"It wasn't a report. It was a compilation of figures," Councilman Edmund J. Turk, D-23, said.

"I can see his public relations staff is still at work," was the only comment Councilman George W. White, D-13, would offer.

THE REPORT spent 15 pages detailing the police radio log of that night, and then quoting excerpts of the mayor's statements of that week.

Another section detailed the injuries and deaths.

A third section told of the 91 fire calls between July 23 and July 28. Thirty-four of the fires were ascribed to vandals or incendiary causes; 16 were fires that were rekindled; 19 were unrelated to the disturbance and there were 22 false alarms.

A fourth section said there were 157 arrests in this period, with 87 persons being charged with crimes ranging from homicide to petty larceny.

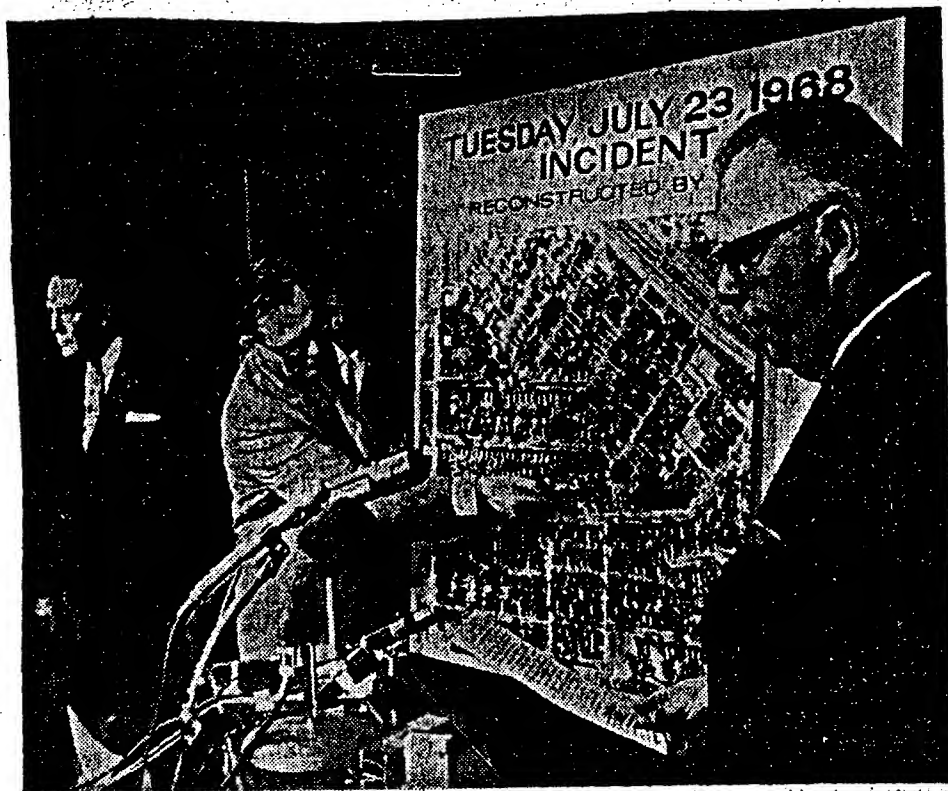
A FIFTH SECTION said 63 merchants had their stores looted. Losses for 50 merchants who were interviewed totalled \$1.5 million. Property damage due to fires or vandalism totalled another \$1 million.

In summarizing the report, Mayor Stokes said, "Cleveland did not have a riot. The trouble started as the result of a single, identifiable group. This touched off a short-lived rash of fire bombing and looting, carried out almost entirely by teen-age gangs and those professional thieves every city has in its midst."

He said there was no proof the trouble was the result of a multi-city plot.

Mayor Stokes called for gun control legislation and improved police training to prevent such a recurrence.

He also said the city would more strictly enforce its juvenile curfew laws.



BATTLE SCENE — Safety Director Joseph F. McManamon points to the intersection of Lakeview Road and Auburndale Avenue N.E., while Detective Capt. George A. Sperber details how 13 policemen were felled there by bullets in the July 23 ambush. They took part in a City Hall report. Plain Dealer photo (William A. Wynne)

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1 - Mr. R. A. Birmingham
1 - Mr. E. M. Johnson

12-9-68

Airtel

To: SAC, Cincinnati (62-111875)

From: Director, FBI

MAYOR CARL B. STOKES
CLEVELAND, OHIO
INFORMATION CONCERNING
RACIAL MATTERS

Bureau and LHM 11-22-68.

For additional information concerning Mayor Stokes and his wife's association with the Nation of Islam (NOI). Information concerning the location and time period of this association is necessary in order that additional checks can be made of our informants and established sources in an effort to substantiate the allegation.

Dissemination of re LHM is being held pending the receipt of your efforts in this regard which should be submitted by LHM to the Bureau and interested office or offices.

Bufiles do not contain any information concerning the above allegation.

1 - Cleveland (100-27512)

1 - 62-111875

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REC 58

62-111875-11

19 DEC 10 1968

EX-102

NOTE:

Re LHM sets forth information received from a police informant that indicated the wife of Mayor Stokes had been associated with the NOI and Mayor Stokes had been the lawyer for the NOI.

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DEC 16 1968

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 11/22/68

FROM : SAC, CINCINNATI (157-0)

SUBJECT: MAYOR CARL STOKES
CLEVELAND, OHIO
INFORMATION CONCERNING
RM

Enclosed for the Bureau are 8 copies of an LHM, captioned as above. One copy of the LHM is being furnished the Cleveland Division for information.

The information from [REDACTED] was obtained by [REDACTED] indicated he wished to keep the source of his information confidential and could not further substantiate the information furnished.

The LHM is being furnished to the Bureau and Cleveland for information.

- 2- Bureau (Enc. -8) (RM)
- 1- Cleveland (Enc. -1) (Info) (RM)
- 1- Cincinnati

HTF:jmh
(4)

CC TO: State
REQ. REC'D 2-2-69
FEB 24 1969
ANS.
BY: JWB DEE

AGENCY: ACSI, SEC. SERV.

RECEIVED FOR
DATE FORW.
BY: [REDACTED]

REC 45
DEC 3

NOV 25 1968

RACIAL INT. SECT



DEC 13 1968

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

SEE BUREAU SIDE FOR
AND INFORMATION



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Cincinnati, Ohio
November 22, 1968

RE: MAYOR CARL STOKES
CLEVELAND, OHIO

On November 12, 1968 [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised a Special Agent of the FBI that during conversation with a source, whom he considers to be reliable, on Saturday, November 2, 1968, regarding Nation of Islam (NOI) matters, his source had remarked that the wife of Mayor Carl Stokes, Cleveland, Ohio, had been in the "church" for a long time and Carl Stokes had been "our lawyer" also for a long time. [REDACTED] said his source meant the wife of Mayor Stokes had been associated with the NOI and Mayor Stokes had been the lawyer for the NOI.

Sergeant Shaw said his source, at the time of the conversation, had been selling copies of the NOI newspaper, "Muhammad Speaks", at the southwest corner of Oak and Morrison Streets, Columbus, Ohio.

According to Sergeant Shaw, his source offered nothing to substantiate his remarks. He added that no remark on his part had precipitated the remark.

Characterization of the Nation of Islam
is contained in the appendix.

ENCLOSURE

62-111875-10

A P P E N D I XNATION OF ISLAM

A source advised on May 3, 1968, that the Nation of Islam (NOI) is an all-Negro organization originating in Detroit, Michigan, in the early 1930's. Elijah Muhammad is the leader of the NOI and self-styled "Messenger of Allah" in that he claims Allah (God) selected him to lead the so-called Negro out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation within the United States. Headquarters of the NOI is located at Muhammad's Temple (or Mosque) Number 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.

Muhammad teaches there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negro, will be destroyed by Allah in an approaching "War of Armageddon," a war between God and the devil.

Officials and members of the NOI, including Muhammad, have refused to comply with provisions of the Selective Service Act, stating that they respect laws of the United States as long as they do not conflict with the laws of the NOI, but do not believe the government should force them to participate in wars from which they have nothing to gain.

In the late 1950's, Muhammad, acting on legal advice, tempered NOI teachings against the white man and the government to avoid possible prosecution; however, basic tenets remain the same. He de-emphasized religious teachings in the NOI and emphasized economic benefits derived by so-called Negroes who join the NOI. Muhammad believed this would create more interest in his programs and, of course, new followers.

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS NEITHER RECOMMENDATIONS NOR CONCLUSIONS OF THE FBI. IT IS THE PROPERTY OF THE FBI AND IS LOANED TO YOUR AGENCY; IT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE YOUR AGENCY.

Memorandum G. C. Moore to W. C. Sullivan
RE: POSSIBLE GRAND JURY
RACIAL DISTURBANCES
CLEVELAND, OHIO

the same time embarrass Mayor Stokes who is very close to the present Democratic Administration. He pointed out he would have more confidence in a Special Assistant from the Department in Washington handling hearings before the Grand Jury if he decides to pursue the matter further.

W.C.S.
R.C.M.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Mohr *[Signature]*

FROM : J. J. Casper *[Signature]*

SUBJECT: CARL BURTON STOKES
MAYOR OF CLEVELAND, OHIO
INFORMATION CONCERNING

DATE: 2/13/68

SYNOPSIS

By airtel 2/8/68, Cleveland Office has furnished summary of developments during first three months of administration of Carl B. Stokes, Negro and Democrat, elected Mayor of Cleveland, Ohio, on 11/7/67.

Stokes made campaign promise to put more officers on the street and steps taken by him to accomplish this have resulted in transfer of one out of three men in police department. Office personnel and command personnel have been shifted and reassigned and specialized units reduced or eliminated. Changes have caused difficulties in booking procedures, etc., in police districts with results that arrests have declined in one high vice area from an average of 800 to 900 per month to approximately 150 to 200 arrests. Information received that overall arrests cut in half and no one seems to know what is going on. Eliminations and reductions of specialized units has inhibited following up investigations of crimes and transfers of command level officers have resulted in loss of continuity and direction.

Friction has developed between Chief of Police Michael J. Blackwell and Safety Director Joseph McManamon because of Blackwell's statements that he did not agree with changes being made and was not being consulted beforehand. To alleviate the situation, Mayor Stokes has appointed a committee of which retired SAC E. E. Hargett is a member to provide professional advice regarding department reorganization.

[Redacted] Mayor
Stokes not satisfied with either Chief Blackwell or Safety Director

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Bishop
- 1 - Mr. Gale
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan

EX-113

REC-41

62-111875

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Memo Casper to Mohr
Re Carl Burton Stokes
Mayor of Cleveland, Ohio
Information Concerning

McManamon. [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

Two appointments by Mayor Stokes to his administration have resulted in unfavorable publicity and as a result, his Executive Assistant was dismissed after newspaper investigation showed she was associated with a liquor "cheat" spot and was sharing illegal profits. attorney who was appointed to a liaison capacity resigned after being shot by an estranged husband of a woman in whose home he was visiting. Certain Cleveland newspapers, formerly favorable to Mayor Stokes, have shown indications he no longer has their complete support.

[REDACTED] while Stokes is one of the most personable, ingratiating, and persuasive persons [REDACTED] Stokes is devoid of administrative ability. While Stokes recognizes problems he has been unable to select the right people or set up necessary controls to solve his problems. Cleveland Office will keep Bureau advised of future significant developments. Detailed memorandum attached.

ACTION:

None. For information.

✓ [Signature] [Signature] [Signature]

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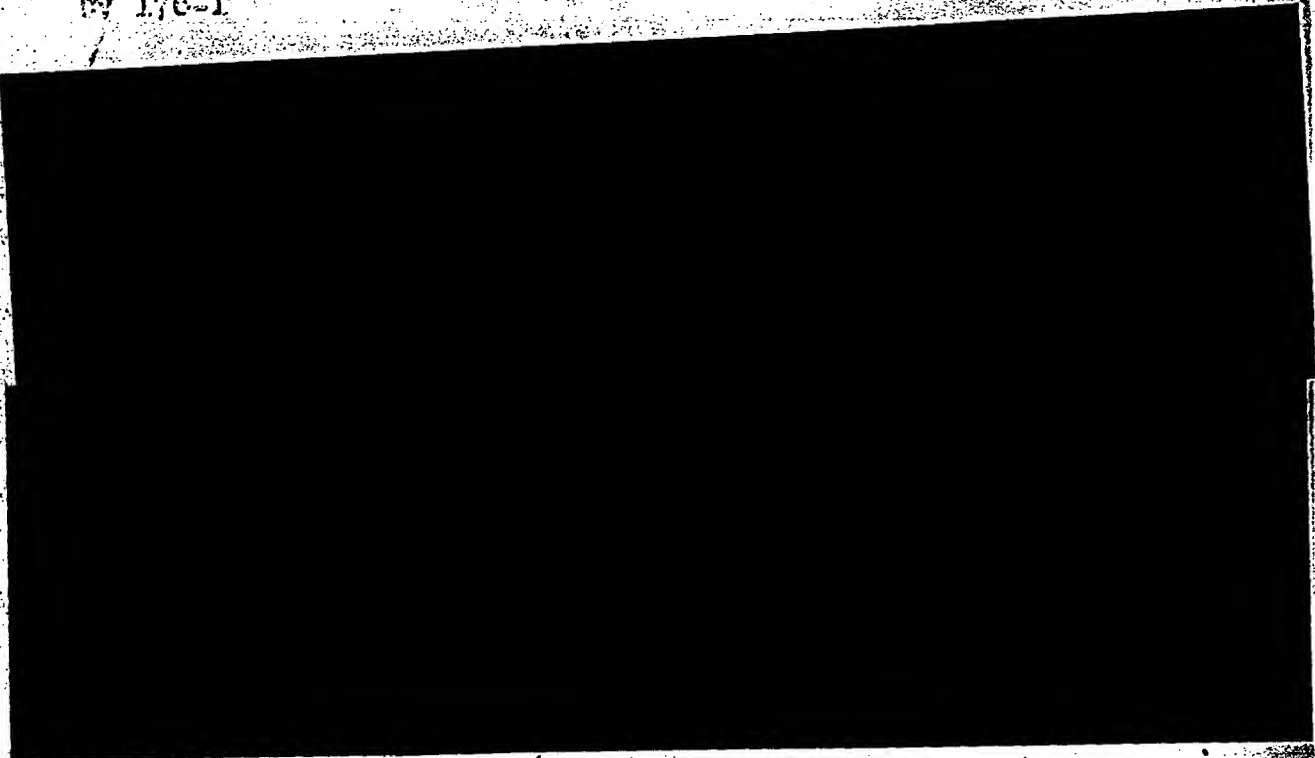
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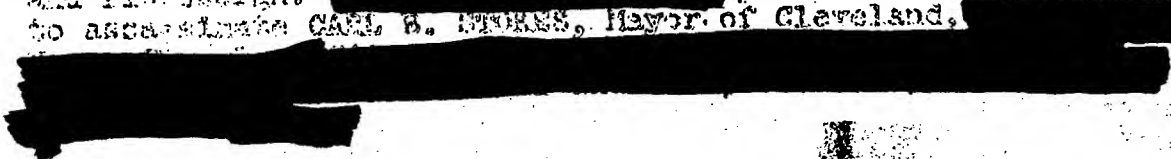
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NY 176-1



[REDACTED] also indicated at the same time, racial disturbances would erupt in Chicago, Detroit, New York City, and Pittsburgh. [REDACTED] plans had been made to assassinate CARL B. STORRS, Mayor of Cleveland. [REDACTED]



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COVER PAGE

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Section 552Section 552a☐ (b)(1)☐ (b)(7)(A)☐ (d)(5)☐ (b)(2)☐ (b)(7)(B)☐ (j)(2)☐ (b)(3)☐ (b)(7)(C)☐ (k)(1)☐ (b)(7)(D)☐ (k)(2)☐ (b)(7)(E)☐ (k)(3)☐ (b)(7)(F)☐ (k)(4)☐ (b)(4)☐ (b)(8)☐ (k)(5)☐ (b)(5)☐ (b)(9)☐ (k)(6)☐ (b)(6)☐ (k)(7)

- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

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1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): This page concern Another Subject
And are outside The Scope (LOS) of your request.

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

62-111875

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 8/8/68

WALTER BEACH, III, Mayor's Coordinator, Youth Opportunity Council, furnished the following information:

He stated he received a telephone call from the Mayor's Office, Cleveland, Ohio, on the afternoon of July 23, 1968, which requested him to be present at that office immediately inasmuch as there was some expected trouble. He advised that upon arrival at the Mayor's Office he joined CLARENCE JAMES, Law Director for the City of Cleveland; JOHN LEECH, Administrative Assistant to the Mayor; GEORGE FORBES, City Councilman, and the following members of the Cleveland Police Department: Captain GEORGE SPERNER, Sergeant JOHN UNOVARY and Detective JOHN SMITH.

He stated that at the meeting he was informed by police officials that the FBI had furnished information to that department to the effect that AHMED EVANS and his Black Nationalist following (New Libya) were planning to cause a riot in the immediate future. He advised the police also advised they had received information that HARLELL JONES, leader of the Afro Set, a Black Nationalist organization, and ABDEL BEY were involved in the planning of this incident. He advised he was told that on the previous Wednesday night a meeting had been held among these three groups and a decision was reached as to whether or not to riot.

[REDACTED] that there was in existence a plot to assassinate Mayor CARL B. SLICKES.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

FVB/ABY

Date dictated 8/8/68

Negro Mayors Eased Urban Tension

By Richard T. Cooper

Los Angeles Times

CHICAGO, April 13—Two major Midwestern cities, Cleveland and Gary, Ind., escaped the racial violence that shook other urban centers last weekend in large part because the Mayor of each is a Negro.

Carl B. Stokes of Cleveland and Richard G. Hatcher of Gary demonstrated that, in a crisis at least, they could exert upon their cities' immense black populations a kind of influence most white leaders could not duplicate.

Their requests for nonviolence appear to have reached their black constituents for two reasons:

First by the sheer fact of being Negro occupants of city hall, they have evoked in the black communities a sense of pride and hope.

In Cleveland, militant Baxter Hill emerged from a meeting with Stokes the day after the assassination of the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. and announced that Negroes there had no reason to riot.

"People here have hope. Through this man (Stokes) we can make it," he said.

Spoke Their Language

The second reason Stokes and Hatcher succeeded is that they spoke the language of the people with whom they needed to communicate. When a lullaby for "the brothers" was required, they knew the words and the tune.

The possibility that Dr. King's death would ignite urban ghettos was instantly recognized by virtually every U.S. leader, but Stokes and Hatcher were able to make uniquely direct appeals for peace.

The news overtook Stokes during a speech in suburban Berea, Ohio. He set out immediately for the studios

of Cleveland's three major television stations. Although he video-taped the same plea.

Honor Dr. King's death in the peaceful manner of his life. Use his death to increase the thrust of progress towards social justice. "To do anything else would be to make a mockery of all he did in his life," Stokes said.

He and his driver toured ghetto streets until 3 a.m. Wherever he found knots of people on the sidewalks, Stokes would get out and deliver his appeal personally.

He made similar trips throughout the tense weekend, declining President Johnson's invitation to the special White House conference because "the imperatives were that I BE HERE."

Assembled Leaders

The day after Dr. King died, Stokes brought together a predominantly Negro group of about 50 ministers, businessmen, civic figures, community organization leaders and public officials to plan intensive on-the-streets efforts at peace-keeping.

City police were alerted but their activity was low-key and Stokes did not contact the Ohio National Guard. "There is no reason to do so," he snapped.

In Gary, Hatcher followed an almost identical course. A "rumor line" for handling citizens' alarmed telephone calls was quickly set up and the special number publicized.

The Human Relations

Commission's office in the heart of the ghetto was kept open longer and its staff was augmented by city hall volunteers. The municipal building remained open until 3 or 4 a.m. during the period of tension.

A large number of public and private citizens, including members of Gary's newly crowned state chair-

Tolson

DeLoach

Mohr

Bishop

Casper

Callahan

Conrad

Felt

Gale

Rosen

Sullivan

Tavel

Trotter

Tele. Room

Holmes

Gandy

The Washington Post

Times Herald

The Washington Daily News

The Evening Star (Washington)

The Sunday Star (Washington)

Daily News (New York)

Sunday News (New York)

New York Post

The New York Times

The Sun (Baltimore)

The Worker

The New Leader

The Wall Street Journal

The National Observer

People's World

Date APR 14 1968

NOT RECORDED

46 APR 26 1968

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plonship basketball team were sent into the streets to pacify crowds.

Hatcher himself walked the streets until about 3 a.m. every night for a week, talking to people, listening to their expressions of anger, and asking for their help in avoiding trouble.

The night Dr. King died, Hatcher even spent an hour in a ghetto pool hall, shooting a few games and absorbing the angry impulses of the men gathered there.

It was an admiring white staff member from Chicago remarked, a performance that Mayor Richard J. Daley, for all his vast power, could never match.

If Hatcher and Stokes worked tirelessly to muffle the tremors set off by the assassination, both realized that their special capacity for restraining the black community could vanish if the future does not bring tangible progress.

"It is a race against time," Hatcher said. "Unless we really tear down slums, build decent housing, and provide quality education for Negro children, we can not avoid trouble."



CONFIDENTIAL

July 26, 1968.

BY LIAISON

1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mr. G. C. Moore
1 - Mr. Trainor
1 - Mr. Stark
1 - Mr. Deegan

62-111875
Mrs. Mildred Stegall
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mrs. Stegall:

I thought the President might be interested in the following information.

On July 22, 1968, a racial informant of our Cleveland Office advised that a cache of rifles and automatic pistols was in possession of the followers of [REDACTED] leader of a militant black extremist organization known as New Libya. The informant stated these weapons were in [REDACTED] residence and this information was immediately given to the Cleveland, Ohio, Police Department.

On July 23, 1968, this same informant advised that the above group still had the weapons and were formulating plans for disturbances in Cleveland and several other cities as well as discussing plans to assassinate several prominent Cleveland Negroes including Mayor Carl B. Stokes. This information was furnished to the Cleveland Police Department by 2 p.m. on July 23, 1968. Information had been previously furnished to the Cleveland Police Department concerning the propensity for violence on the part of [REDACTED] and his followers.

A Cleveland police official advised that on July 23, 1968, the Mayor was out of town but the matter was completely and personally reviewed with his executive assistant. This

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Holloman _____
Gandy _____

JGD:fhd (9)

Delivered to Mildred Stegall

on 7-26-68

57 AUG 8 - 1968

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

CONFIDENTIAL

Group 1

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

CONFIDENTIAL

Mrs. Mildred Stegall

assistant, apparently with the concurrence of the City Law Director's Office, decided there was no violation of any local laws and no basis for any action by the police. The police official indicated disagreement with the decision and stated he would have preferred issuance of a search warrant to recover the weapons as well as possible prosecution of the black nationalist who had the weapons.

The above is being furnished to you in view of the developments on the evening of July 23, 1968, at Cleveland which resulted in the killing of three police officers, the wounding of fourteen other officers, and the killing of seven civilians as well as the destruction caused by the looting and rioting.

This information is also being furnished the Attorney General.

Sincerely yours,

NOTE:

See memorandum G. C. Moore to W. C. Sullivan, 7/25/68, "Racial Disturbance, Vicinity of Auburndale Road, Cleveland, Ohio, July 24, 1968," JGD:fhd. Classified "Confidential" as it contains information from confidential sources the disclosure of which could be detrimental to the national defense.

CONFIDENTIAL

Memorandum G. C. Moore to W. C. Sullivan
RE: POSSIBLE GRAND JURY
RACIAL DISTURBANCES
CLEVELAND, OHIO

DETAILS:

Our Cleveland Office advised that [REDACTED] during a conversation with Assistant Special Agent in Charge James L. Startzell at Cleveland, expressed concern over the racial situation in Cleveland. [REDACTED] stated that he has discussed the situation, including Cleveland's disorders, with several people, including United States Attorney Bernard J. Stuplinski. [REDACTED] stated he has not made up his mind as to whether Federal Grand Jury hearings should be held looking into all possible Federal violations.

[REDACTED] main points of concern are the number of reports appearing in the press and coming to him from other sources indicating a lack of backing for the Cleveland Police Department by the office of the Mayor Carl B. Stokes and the frequent complaints of merchants in the predominantly Negro areas alleging extortion, threats, and intimidation with no resulting police protection and no resulting prosecution of the Negro extortionist.

[REDACTED] stated that among the matters causing his indecision about calling a Federal Grand Jury is his lack of confidence in the aggressiveness of the United States Attorney's office in Cleveland. He said that United States Attorney Stuplinski has made several contradictory press releases and it is difficult to know where Stuplinski stands on the racial situation. He said there is considerable speculation as to whether Stuplinski would aggressively pursue any Grand Jury hearings which might embarrass the Administration at this time and at

CONTINUED - OVER

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: October 14, 1968

FROM : G. C. Moore

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. G. C. Moore
- 1 - Mr. Parkis

SUBJECT: POSSIBLE GRAND JURY
RACIAL DISTURBANCES
CLEVELAND, OHIO
RACIAL MATTERS

SYNOPSIS:

This is to advise that [REDACTED] is concerned over the racial situation in Cleveland, Ohio. He is considering a Federal Grand Jury to look into all possible Federal violations and lacks confidence in the United States Attorney's office to aggressively pursue Grand Jury hearings. [REDACTED] indicated he is concerned about the lack of backing for the Cleveland Police Department by the office of the Mayor, Carl B. Stokes, and complaints of merchants in the predominantly Negro areas of the city alleging extortion, threats, and intimidation. Part of his indecision about calling a Federal Grand Jury stems from his lack of confidence in the aggressiveness of the United States Attorney's office to pursue such hearings if they might result in embarrassment to Mayor Stokes and the Democratic Administration.

ACTION:

Cleveland has been instructed to set forth in letterhead memorandum form the information concerning [REDACTED] lack of confidence in the United States Attorney at Cleveland and his thoughts regarding a Special Assistant from the Department to handle Grand Jury hearings. This letterhead memorandum will be disseminated, upon receipt, to the Civil Rights Division, the Criminal Division, and the Internal Security Division of the Department.

CAP:bjr
(7)

62-111875-
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATION SECTION

TELETYPE

FROM CLEVELAND (157-1521) 3PXX4P

RACIAL DISTURBANCE VICINITY AUBURNDALE ROAD
CLEVELAND, OHIO, JULY TWENTY FOUR INSTANT

THIS IS TO FURNISH BUREAU WITH CHRONOLOGY OF INITIAL PHASES
OF CURRENT OUT BREAK AND INTERESTING PUBLIC REACTIONS. *PLL*

ADVISED ON SEVEN TWENTY TWO SIXTYEIGHT OF FACT THAT A CACHE
OF RIFLES AND AUTOMATIC PISTOLS WAS NOTED IN POSSESSION OF
FOLLOWERS OF [REDACTED], LEADER OF NEW LIBYA, LOCAL BLACK
NATIONALIST GROUP. [REDACTED]

THIS INFORMATION WAS IMMEDIATELY GIVEN TO
CV PD AND INFORMANT WAS INSTRUCTED TO FOLLOW MATTER CLOSELY
AND REPORT ALL PLANS FOR VIOLENCE FOR THIS GROUP.

ABOUT NOON ON SEVEN TWENTYTHREE SIXTYEIGHT [REDACTED]
REPORTED AGAIN RE POSSESSION OF THESE WEAPONS BY THIS GROUP ALONG
WITH FACT THEY WERE NOW FORMULATING PLANS FOR DISTURBANCES IN
CV AND SEVERAL OTHER CITIES AND DISCUSSING PLANS TO ASSASSINATE
SEVERAL PROMINENT CLEVELAND NEGRO⁰S INCLUDING MAYOR STOKES.

THIS INFORMATION WAS IN HANDS OF RESPONSIBLE CONSCIENCIOUS CV
PD INTELLIGENCE SQUAD OFFICIALS BEFORE TWO OCLOCK PM ON SEVEN
END PAGE ONE

FTB

PAGE TWO

TWENTYTHREE LAST. THESE OFFICIALS WERE WELL AWARE OF THE BACKGROUND OF NEW LIBYA [REDACTED] AND HIS FOLLOWERS AND THEIR PROPENSITY FOR VIOLENCE.

AT ABOUT FIVE OCLOCK PM SEVEN TWENTYFOUR LAST CONTACT WAS HAD WITH THESE CV POLICE OFFICIALS. IT WAS LEARNED THE MAYOR WAS OUT OF TOWN BUT THE ^{MAYOR HAD BEEN} ~~CITIZEN~~ COMPLETELY AND PERSONALLY REVIEWED WITH HIS EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT. THIS ASSISTANT, APPARENTLY WITH THE CONCURRENCE OF THE CITY LAW DIRECTOR'S OFFICE, DECIDED THERE WAS NO VIOLATION OF ANY LOCAL LAWS AND NO BASIS FOR ANY ACTION BY POLICE. POLICE OFFICIAL INDICATED DISGUST AND DISAGREEMENT WITH THIS DECISION. HE WOULD HAVE PREFERRED ISSUANCE OF SEARCH WARRANT TO RECOVER WEAPONS, UPSET AND HARRASS AND POSSIBLY PROSECUTE THESE BLACK NATIONALISTS. SIMILAR ACTIONS SUCCESSFULLY TAKEN IN PAST. IN VIEW OF LATER DEVELOPMENTS THAT EVENING AT EIGHT TWENTYSIX PM WHEN POLICE TOW TRUCK WAS FIRED ON IN THE IMMEDIATE AREA OF [REDACTED] RESIDENCE AND OFFICERS KILLED AND [REDACTED] ARRESTED IT WOULD APPEAR DECISION OF LAW DIRECTOR'S OFFICE WAS UNSOUND. THIS CHRONOLOGY

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

AND THIS REASONING HAS NOT BEEN MENTIONED IN NEWS RELEASES AND IS FOR BUREAU'S INFORMATION ONLY. MAYOR STOKES AND OHIO NATIONAL GUARD GENERAL HAVE ACKNOWLEDGED IN NEWS RELEASE PRIOR WARNING OF VIOLENCE FROM FBI.

VIOLENCE ON EVENING OF SEVEN TWENTYTHREE/TWENTYFOUR SIXTYEIGHT RESULTED IN KILLING OR WOUNDING OF NUMEROUS WHITE POLICE OFFICERS. ON SEVEN TWENTYFOUR SIXTYEIGHT MAYOR STOKES INSTRUCTED WITHDRAWAL OF ALL ^{WHITE} ~~WHITE~~ POLICE OFFICERS FROM ^I ~~DE~~STURBANCE AREAS ^{which} ~~WITH~~ ARE BEING PATROLLED BY SOME NEGRO POLICE AND A MAYOR'S COMMITTEE MADE UP ALLEGED NEGRO LEADERSHIP IN THE COMMUNITY, INCLUDING ONE INDIVIDUAL KNOWN TO CV OFFICE AND PD AS RACIAL AGITATOR AND FOUNDER OF NOW DEFUNCT NEGRO RIFLE CLUB. THIS PATROLLING GROUP NOT ON REGULAR POLICE COMMUNICATION NETWORK AND NO ONE KNOWS WHAT COMPLAINTS ARE BEING RECEIVED. TV HAS ANNOUNCED LOCAL NUMBERS TO BE CALLED WHICH HAVE NO ASSOCIATION WITH POLICE ORGANIZATION. OHIO NATIONAL GUARD GENERAL HAS PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED DISAGREEMENT WITH MAYOR'S PLAN AND LACK OF COMMUNICATIONS.

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

NO SHOOTINS OR MAJOR ERUPTIONS REPORTED SO FAR THIS EVENING
BUT IT IS OBVIOUS FROM MONITORING OF POLICE RADIO THAT POLICE
ARE VERY UPSET. DISPATCHERS' MENTION OF STOKES OR HIS COMMITTEE
BEING HISSED AND OTHER SOUNDS AND WORDS OF CONTEMPT BEING HEARD.
MATTER BEING CLOSELY FOLLOWED.

CORRS

~~PAGE 2 2ND PARA 3RD LINE 7TH, 8TH 9TH, 10TH WRDS ARE "BUT THE
MATTER HAD BEEN"~~

~~PAGE 3 2ND PARA 4TH LINE 6TH WRD SHD BE "WRITE"~~

~~5TH LINE 4TH WRD SHD BE "WHICH"~~

OK

END

JCR

FBI WASH DC*

@

CC TEL TRAIL
JAN 30 1968

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO :

Mr. Mohr *W.C. 2/19/68*

DATE: 2/13/68

FROM :

J. J. Casper *JJC*

SUBJECT:

CARL BURTON STOKES
MAYOR OF CLEVELAND, OHIO
INFORMATION CONCERNING

DETAILS

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
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Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

W.C. 10
MDP
Carl B. Stokes, Negro and Democrat, was elected Mayor of Cleveland, Ohio, on 11/7/67. Stokes was expected to bring about significant changes in many areas of Bureau interest. By airtel 2/8/68, the Cleveland Office has furnished a summary of developments during the first three months of his administration.

Developments in Cleveland Police Department

Stokes made a campaign promise to put more officers on the street and steps taken by him through Safety Director Joseph McManamon resulted in the transfer of one out of three men in the Police Department. Stokes put an additional 200 men on the street by reassigning office personnel and eliminating or substantially reducing specialized units. A newly created sex crime unit of 20 men was eliminated. All vice units in each district were cut down and men reassigned. The Helicopter Unit and Waterfront Boat Patrol Units were eliminated.

Command personnel were also shifted and officials in the districts brought into headquarters. Districts were left in charge of three shift captains with one man on each shift to handle booking procedures. It became apparent to experienced officers that administrative aspects of booking procedures, etc., could not be coped with and arrests declined. One police officer confidentially advised that arrests in the Fifth District, a high vice area, decreased from an average of 800 to 900 per month to approximately 150 to 200 arrests.

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Bishop
- 1 - Mr. Gale
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan

REC- 41

(CONTINUED - OVER)

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(7)

EX-113

13 FEB 26 1968

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51 MAR 4 - 1968

Memo Casper to Mohr
Re Carl Burton Stokes
Mayor of Cleveland, Ohio
Information Concerning

During the last week of January, 1968, an apparent open break appeared between Chief Michael J. Blackwell and Safety Director McManamon because of a statement made by Blackwell on television that he did not agree with changes being made and was not being consulted beforehand. An example of this situation is that in December, Blackwell commended the work being done in traffic enforcement by the Helicopter Unit and the following day McManamon announced the unit's disbanding.

During most of January, 1968, Mayor Stokes was vacationing in the Virgin Islands and upon returning was immediately confronted with this breach. The Mayor called together ranking police inspectors and McManamon to discuss proposed changes. On 1/31/68 as a result, Chief Blackwell appeared to have finally asserted his position. The Mayor agreed to a restudy of McManamon's plans and of recommendations made by the Cleveland "Little Hoover Commission" over a year ago.

Our Cleveland Office received information that Stokes said he was appointing a committee of seven or eight men to provide professional advice regarding department reorganization. He told local newspapers he had asked retired SAC E. E. Hargett, now with the Greater Cleveland Growth Association (Chamber of Commerce) to head the committee. Other members of the committee would include Chief Blackwell; McManamon; Dr. George D. Eastman, a Police Analyst; Professor Earle Roberts, Kent State University; and Cleveland Attorney A. A. Sommers.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Mayor Stokes was not satisfied with his appointment of either Chief Blackwell or Safety Director McManamon. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Memo Casper to Mohr
Re Carl Burton Stokes
Mayor of Cleveland, Ohio
Information Concerning

[REDACTED]

that overall arrests have been cut in half and no one seems to know what is going on. He said eliminations and reductions of specialized units have resulted in no one following up investigation of crimes. Removal of command level officers from districts has resulted in a loss of continuity and direction. [REDACTED] said these changes together with wholesale transfers have resulted in a tremendous change in the attitude of the police officers. He also pointed out that during the campaign, Stokes promised pay increases for police but none were included in the new budget.

The "Call and Post", a weekly Negro newspaper, on 1/27/68, stated personal ambition in the police department was at a low ebb and sinking fast. The article called for Stokes to take immediate action. This paper has been a strong supporter for Stokes and said the problem is not a racial one.

Effect On Local Racial Situation

The candidacy and election of Stokes has been credited as a substantial factor in the comparative racial calm in Cleveland during the past year. Stokes had the overwhelming support of the Negro community. Various racial groups including militants adopted "wait and see" attitudes. Except for efforts to speed up urban renewal, Stokes has not made any significant statements concerning the racial situation

[REDACTED]

Situations Involving Appointees of the Mayor

Shortly after assuming office, Stokes named Geraldine Williams as his Executive Assistant. She was a leader in his campaign and a reported long-time associate. In January, 1968, "The Cleveland Press", said an investigation by a reporter developed information that Miss Williams was Secretary-Treasurer of an East Side liquor cheat spot. At first Miss Williams said she had resigned this position in 1966 but investigation showed the association continued and she was paid about

Memo Casper to Mohr
Re Carl Burton Stokes
Mayor of Cleveland, Ohio
Information Concerning

\$2600 a year from illegal profits. On 1/17/68, the Mayor's office announced Miss Williams's dismissal.

On 12/1/67, the Mayor appointed William H. Stein, an attorney and long-time friend, in a liaison capacity. Shortly thereafter, Stein was shot by the estranged husband of a woman in whose home he was visiting. Stein resigned as a result of the publicity.

"The Plain Dealer", Cleveland ^{returns} newspaper on 2/8/68 said Stein failed to file Federal income tax ~~rates~~ for the years 1964 through 1966. Stein admitted this to reporters. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] publisher had been a strong supporter of Stokes. [REDACTED] that unless substantial improvements occur within the next three months [REDACTED] paper will become more critical of the Mayor. [REDACTED] during the campaign, investigated rumors and reports of personal misconduct on the part of Stokes but no allegations were published. [REDACTED] claims that rumors continue to circulate concerning Stokes' moral character and honesty but [REDACTED] has developed nothing of a substantial nature to verify these rumors.

Effect on Organized Criminal Activities

Cleveland Office sources familiar with local gambling and policy operations say there have been no substantial changes in these fields although there is a slight decrease in police activity against gambling in the Negro community. As noted previously there has been a substantial overall decrease in arrests resulting from the turmoil created by major shifts in personnel and policies.

[REDACTED] Mayor Stokes is one of the most personable, ingratiating, and persuasive persons [REDACTED]. Stokes is very alert and has a ready grasp of problems. However by his own admissions, he is poorly oriented to administrative problem and has had no administrative experience. [REDACTED] although Stokes recognizes problems, he is unable to select the right people or set up necessary controls to solve his problems. The Cleveland Office will keep the Bureau advised of future significant developments.

ACTION:

None. For information.

[Handwritten signature]
-4-

FBI

Date: 2/8/68

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

(Priority)

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	✓
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: CRIME RECORDS
DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE
TRAINING DIVISION

FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (100-27512)

RE: CARL BURTON STOKES
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Remy airtel, 11/8/67

As the Bureau is aware, CARL B. STOKES, a Negro and Democratic Party candidate, was elected Mayor of Cleveland on 11/7/67, and his administration took office the following week.

As set forth in previous communications, Mayor STOKES was expected to bring about significant changes in many areas in which the Bureau has an interest. The following summary of developments during the first 3 months of his administration is being submitted for the information of the Bureau.

DEVELOPMENTS IN THE CLEVELAND POLICE DEPARTMENT

As a result of Mayor STOKES' campaign promise to put more police officers on the streets, he took steps immediately after his inauguration through Safety Director JOSEPH MC MANAMON which resulted in the transfer of one out of every three men in the Cleveland Police Department.

6-1 Bureau (RM)
2-1 Cleveland
(100-80-218)

REC 18

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13 FEB 26 1968

CGC/jky
(8)

51 MAR 4 1968

Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

CV 100-27512

Generally speaking, he put an additional 200 officers on the street by reassigning office personnel and eliminating or substantially reducing specialized units. For example, he completely eliminated a newly created Sex Crime Unit consisting of 20 persons. He generally cut down and reassigned all of the vice units in each of the six districts and initiated plans to rotate these vice officers every four months; eliminated the Helicopter Unit; removed the Mounted Patrol from horses and placed them on foot patrol; and also eliminated the Waterfront Boat Patrol.

Command personnel were also shifted and the Deputy Inspectors and Inspectors, who were in the districts were brought into headquarters. The districts were left in charge of three shift captains with one man in the district on each shift to handle booking procedures.

It immediately became apparent to the old-line Cleveland Police Officers that they could not cope with the administrative aspects of booking procedures, etc., with this reduced administrative staff and arrests declined. In early January, 1968, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised that as a result of these moves, arrests, for example, in the Fifth District, which covers the high vice area, had decreased from an average of 800 to 900 arrests per month to around 150 to 200.

In addition to these initial changes, rumors were rampant in the Cleveland Police Department that additional major changes were planned for February 1, 1968. During the last week of January, 1968, an apparent open break appeared between Chief MICHAEL J. BLACKWELL and Safety Director MC MANAMON in the form of a statement made by BLACKWELL on a local television station to the effect that he was not in concert with the initial changes made in the Police Department, and further, that he was not being consulted in conjunction with these additional changes being contemplated.

An illustration of the lack of rapport between MC MANAMON and BLACKWELL was a public statement made by Chief BLACKWELL in December commenting on the value and importance of the work being done in traffic enforcement by the Police Department Helicopter Unit. The following day MC MANAMON publically announced the disbanding of the unit.

During most of the month of January, 1968, Mayor STOKES was vacationing in the Virgin Islands, and upon his return to Cleveland he was immediately confronted with this obvious breach. The Mayor called together his ranking police inspectors and MC MANAMON to discuss the proposed changes.

On January 31, 1968, as a result of this meeting over proposed reorganization, Chief BLACKWELL appeared to have finally asserted his position and won a reorganization delay. The Mayor agreed to a restudy of MC MANAMON's plans and of the recommendations made by the Cleveland Little Hoover Commission for police organization over a year ago before making further changes.

According to sources, Mayor STOKES advised that he was appointing a committee of 7 or 8 men to provide professional advice regarding reorganization of the Police Department.

He told the local newspapers that he had asked Mr. EDWARD E. HARGETT, former Special Agent in Charge of the Cleveland Office of the FBI, now with the Greater Cleveland Growth Association (Cleveland Chamber of Commerce), to head this committee.

Other members of the committee would include Chief BLACKWELL and MC MANAMON, or their designated representatives; Dr. GEORGE D. EASTMAN, a Police Analyst who drew up the Little Hoover Commission and recommendations for the Police Department in 1966; Professor EARLE ROBERTS, in Charge of Police Management and Administration Courses at Kent State University, Kent, Ohio; and Mr. A. A. SOMMERS, local Cleveland attorney who chaired the Cleveland Little Hoover Commission.

[REDACTED]

He stated that in the very beginning it was apparent from remarks made by Mayor STOKES that he was not satisfied with his appointment of either Chief BLACKWELL or Safety Director MC MANAMON. [REDACTED] committee [REDACTED] is to review ideas of BLACKWELL and MC MANAMON, together with the Little Hoover Commission's recommendations, and present to the Mayor plans designed to end the existing turmoil in the Cleveland Police Department.

[REDACTED] pointed out that expressions of business people and individuals close to police officers make it apparent that the Police Department is now in a complete state of disorganization with no real direction being exercised at the command level. As a result of this, a very unfavorable morale factor has been created.

In this regard, Chief BLACKWELL has been known to make the statement that there is "no morale" in the Cleveland Police Department at this time.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] We are, of course, not involved in the Police Department controversy.

[REDACTED] advises that overall arrests have declined by one-half and no one seems to know what is going on. He said the eliminations and reductions of the specialized units have resulted in no one following up with the investigation of crimes. He stated that removing command level officers and administrative personnel from the districts has resulted

CV 100-27512

in a loss of continuity and direction of the work of the men assigned to the districts. One shift does not know what the previous shift did. He stated these changes, together with apparently indiscriminate wholesale transfers of personnel have brought about a tremendous change in the attitude of the police officers. He stated the taking of automobiles and specialized equipment away from command officers and special units and putting this equipment at the disposal of the street officers, has caused many old-line, dedicated officers to feel that their years of work were in vain.

[REDACTED] also noted that during the campaign, Mayor STOKES promised pay increases for police officers but no increases were included in the budget proposed by the new administration. This has also had an adverse effect on morale.

The "Call & Post", weekly Negro newspaper, issue of January 27, 1968, carried a front page article captioned, "Police Department Revolt is Brewing". This paper has been a particularly strong supporter of Mayor STOKES. The article stated that personal ambition in the police department is at a low ebb and is sinking fast. The article called for the Mayor to take immediate action in this matter and printed statements from police officers to the effect that Chief BLACKWELL should have full command of the department and be the sole authority on transfers and personnel controls.

The article noted that the problem is not racial and police resentment is not aimed at the Mayor personally.

EFFECT ON LOCAL RACIAL SITUATION

As set forth in previous communications, the candidacy and subsequent election of Mayor STOKES was credited by sources as being a substantial factor in the comparative racial calm which has prevailed in Cleveland during the past year. STOKES, of course, had the overwhelming support of the Negro community.

CV 100-27512

Various racial groups, including militant ones, adopted an attitude of "wait and see" what the Mayor would do concerning racial problems. To date, there has been no substantial change in this attitude as his administration has not been in office long enough to bring about any substantial accomplishments. Except for efforts to speed up the urban renewal program, the Mayor has not made any significant statements concerning the racial situation. One source reported that the Mayor has been beset with so many problems that he has not had time to give the racial situation any close attention.

Although not racial in nature, the Mayor has brought about one change in connection with Police Department procedure at demonstrations protesting U. S. intervention in Vietnam. Prior to a recent demonstration at the Federal Building site, protesting the draft, several demonstration leaders, including SIDNEY PECK, a national co-chairman of the anti-Vietnam movement, reportedly called on the Mayor and asked that Sergeant JOHN UNGVARY and his men not be present at the scene. It was their contention that Sergeant UNGVARY is publicly known as head of the Subversive Unit of the Police Department and his mere presence at the demonstrations imputed a subversive connotation and tended to incite the demonstrators.

The same group protested the practice of Cleveland police officers not to wear their badges while detailed to cover and maintain order at demonstrations. The officers were all instructed to wear their badges during the demonstration mentioned.

SITUATIONS INVOLVING APPOINTEES OF THE MAYOR

In addition to the problems involving the Police Chief and the Safety Director previously set forth, two other high-ranking appointees were involved in situations which resulted in their resignation or dismissal.

Shortly after assuming office, the Mayor named GERALDINE WILLIAMS as his Executive Assistant, at a salary of \$15,600. She was a leader in the STOKES campaign and reported to be a long-time associate of his.

CV 100-27512

In January, 1968, "The Cleveland Press", local daily newspaper, carried an article stating that an investigation by one of their reporters had developed information that Miss WILLIAMS was the Secretary-Treasurer of an East Side liquor cheat spot. At first, Miss WILLIAMS stated that she had resigned from this position in 1966, but investigation showed that she was continuing to be associated with the cheat spot and was paid about \$2,600 a year from the illegal profits of the club. On January 17, 1968, the Mayor's office announced that Miss WILLIAMS was fired as of that date.

On December 1, 1967, the Mayor appointed WILLIAM H. STEIN, an attorney and long-time friend of the Mayor, as liaison man to City Council, the Ohio Legislature and the Federal Government. Shortly thereafter, STEIN was shot by the estranged husband of a woman in whose home he was visiting. He was not seriously injured, but resigned his position as a result of the publicity over the shooting.

"The Plain Dealer", daily Cleveland newspaper, issue of February 8, 1968, carried an article reflecting that STEIN had failed to file Federal Income Tax returns for the years 1964 through 1966. STEIN acknowledged to reporters that he had not filed the forms.

[REDACTED] "The Plain Dealer" publisher had refused to adopt a critical attitude towards the STOKES administration. [REDACTED] stated that the newspaper had been a strong supporter of STOKES during the campaign and had adopted a policy of giving him enough time to get his administration straightened out before attacking him. [REDACTED] stated she believed that unless substantial improvement occurs within the next three months, [REDACTED] newspaper would become more critical of the Mayor.

[REDACTED] stated that rumors continue to circulate reflecting on the Mayor's moral character and honesty, but [REDACTED] has developed nothing of a substantial nature to verify these rumors.

CV 100-27512

EFFECT ON ORGANIZED CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES

Sources familiar with local gambling and policy operations state there have been no substantial changes in these fields since the election. They state there is a slight decrease in police activity against gambling in the Negro community. As noted previously, there has been a substantial overall decrease in arrests by the Police Department as a result of the turmoil created by the major shifts in personnel and policies.

The following comments by [REDACTED] concerning Mayor STOKES are being set forth as a matter of possible general interest to the Bureau:

[REDACTED] Mayor STOKES is one of the most personable, ingratiating and persuasive persons [REDACTED]. He is very alert and has a ready grasp of problems. However, by his own admissions, he is poorly oriented to administrative problems and has actually had no real administrative or business experience. In other words, [REDACTED] is of the opinion that although STOKES readily recognizes problems, he is unable to select the kind of person or set up the necessary administrative controls to see the problem through to a logical solution.

The Bureau will be advised of future significant developments in these matters.

F.B.I.

REC-71

Date: 11/13/67

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
 FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (92-new)
 RE: CARL STOKES
 MAYOR PRO TEM
 CLEVELAND, OHIO
 INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Los Angeles teletype 11/12/67.

Transmitted herewith is an original and seven copies of a letterhead memorandum concerning captioned subject matter suitable for dissemination. Three copies are being furnished the Cleveland Division, one of which should be disseminated to Secret Service locally.

A copy of the letterhead memorandum is being furnished Secret Service, Los Angeles, inasmuch as [REDACTED] is currently residing in this area.

The interview of [REDACTED] on the night of 11/12/67, was conducted by [REDACTED].

No further investigation being conducted.

③ - Bureau (ENCL. 8) ENCLOSURE
 2 - Cleveland (ENCL. 3)
 1 - Los Angeles

JRB/mjg

(6)

KHM

Bishop

Bishop

Bishop

Bishop

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Bishop

Bishop

Bishop

Bishop

REC-71

ST-103

NOV 16 1967

62 NOV 16 1967

Approved

Sent

M Per

Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Los Angeles, California

November 13, 1967

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

CARL STOKES
MAYOR PRO TEM
CLEVELAND, OHIO



Police Department:

received information from the City News Service, Los Angeles that [redacted] called them claiming that Italian members of La Cosa Nostra were making arrangements to have Cleveland Mayor Pro Tem Carl Stokes murdered.

[redacted] advised that arrangements were being made by his Department to have the Cleveland Police Department notified of this.

[redacted] was interviewed by the Los Angeles Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and immediately denied having any information that any person or group of persons specifically intended to murder Stokes. He denied any specific information that Italian members of La Cosa Nostra were plotting Stokes' death.

[redacted] had non-specific information that a group of white Cleveland citizens were raising funds in Cleveland to have Stokes murdered. He was unable to furnish any information as to the identity of any member of the group, where they were headquartered, or who was behind the alleged conspiracy.

[redacted] was in Los Angeles because he

62-111875-6

ENCLOSURE

RE: CARL STOKES
MAYOR PRO TEM
CLEVELAND, OHIO

had received an anonymous telephone call while in Cleveland telling him to get out of town. He suspects this threat was made because he opposed Negro mayor candidate Stokes. He further stated he suspected that the caller was a representative of a Negro newspaper in Cleveland named "Calland Post."

[redacted] had no additional specific information.

[redacted] volunteered that in May, 1967, he caused a telegram to be sent to the President of the United States, Lyndon B. Johnson and to his Vice President Hubert Humphrey protesting their backing of Stokes. He advised he received no answer to either telegram.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

3 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

☐ (b)(1)

☐ (b)(7)(A)

☐ (d)(5)

☐ (b)(2)

☐ (b)(7)(B)

☐ (j)(2)

☐ (b)(3)

☐ (b)(7)(C)

☐ (k)(1)

☐ (b)(7)(D)

☐ (k)(2)

☐ (b)(7)(E)

☐ (k)(3)

☐ (b)(7)(F)

☐ (k)(4)

☐ (b)(4)

☐ (b)(8)

☐ (k)(5)

☐ (b)(5)

☐ (b)(9)

☐ (k)(6)

☐ (b)(6)

☐ (k)(7)

- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of _____

3 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): These pages concern Another Subject
and are outside The Scope (OS) of your Request

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

62-111875, DTD 11-13-67, pgs 1-3

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this page X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FBI

Date: 11-8-67

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
 ATTENTION: CRIME RECORDS
 DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE
 TRAINING DIVISION

FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (100-27512)

RE: CARL BURTON STOKES
 INFORMATION CONCERNING

Remyairtels 10-10-67 and 11-3-67.

CARL BURTON STOKES, a Negro and the Democratic Party candidate, was elected Mayor of the City of Cleveland on 11-7-67, by a margin of about 2,500 votes over Republican SETH C. TART.

Concerning appointments which will be of particular interest to the Bureau, it is noted that the indications are that STOKES will appoint JOSEPH F. MC MANAMON as Safety Director. MC MANAMON is a former police sergeant, a former state liquor law enforcement chief and has been a practicing attorney in Cleveland for 17 years. He handled the STOKES campaign on Cleveland's West Side, which is made up of white residents.

We have had no occasion to be in contact with MC MANAMON over the years and he is generally not known to the personnel of this office. Our indices reflect no pertinent information concerning MC MANAMON.

6 - Bureau (RM)

2 - Cleveland

CGC:bn

(8)

D. D. Bishop

NOV 11 1967

Approved: _____

Sent: _____

M

Per _____

66 NOV 21 1967

Agent in Charge

 CRIME RECORDS
 DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE
 TRAINING DIVISION
 NOV 11 1967

CV 100-27512

Current indications are that STOKES is considering naming Deputy Inspector GERALD RADEMAKER, NA, Deputy Inspector CARL C. BARE or Inspector MICHAEL BLACKWELL as Chief of Police. As noted in previous communications, RADEMAKER is a very good friend of the Bureau and we would consider him to be an excellent choice. He is also the choice of outgoing Chief RICHARD WAGNER, NA. On 11-28-67, RADEMAKER stated that he would be very much interested in the Chief's position and considers himself to be a top runner for the position. However, he stated that he has never met CARL STOKES and that he has not been approached concerning the job. RADEMAKER is in command of the area where the rioting occurred in 1966. It appears that RADEMAKER would not be STOKES's first choice.

Deputy Inspector CARL BARE served for a number of years with the pawn shop detail and during the past year was placed in charge of the newly formed Public Relations Unit. He worked with STOKES, who was a member of the Ohio legislature on legislation affecting police work. Because of the nature of his assignments, Agents of this office have had limited contact with BARE. BARE served as President of the Fraternal Order of Police of Ohio in 1956, and was Chairman of the Legislative Committee for the National Convention of the Fraternal Order of Police in 1963.


As noted in our airtel of 10-10-67, MICHAEL BLACKWELL is 67 years of age and has been in the department for 44 years and has always wanted to be the Chief. It is generally known that BLACKWELL is just a figurehead in the Police Department and has not participated in policy making decisions for at least ten years. Our contact with him has been very limited in recent years as he has been serving as head of the uniform patrol.

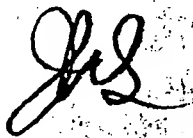
It appears that the election of STOKES will have a significant effect on the racial situation here and the potential for violence. His campaign has been credited with helping keep the situation quiet here during the past Summer and the Negro community will, of course, have a more favorable attitude toward him than they did toward his predecessor, Mayor RALPH S. LOCHER.

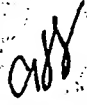
The STOKES administration will take office next week.

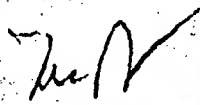
11/12 37
SPECIAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

Attached teletype reports that Los Angeles Police Department, late on November 12, 1967, advised that [redacted] had called news media and reported that La Cosa Nostra in Cleveland had made arrangements for death of newly elected Mayor Carl Stokes. When interviewed by our Los Angeles Office, [redacted] denied any knowledge of La Cosa Nostra involvement in proposed murder of Stokes. He claimed pressure group of white citizens are raising funds to have Stokes murdered, but had no specific information. Department is being advised by memorandum.
CLEVELAND POLICE BEING ADVISED.


McA:dsa







FBI WASH DC

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 13 1967

FBI LOS ANG.

TELETYPE

10-33AM URGENT 11-13-67 NCH

TO DIRECTOR

CLEVELAND

FROM LOS ANGELES (92-NEW) 2P

① CARL STOKES. MAYOR PRO TEM. CLEVELAND, OHIO.

INFORMATION CONCERNING.

Los Angeles
FBI, LA RECEIVED INFO FROM *LOS ANGELES POLICE DEPT.* LATE NIGHT NOVEMBER
TWELVE LAST TO EFFECT THAT [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] HAD CALLED
NEWS MEDIA AND REPORTED THAT LA COSA NOSTRA (LCN) CLEVELAND
HAD MADE ARRANGEMENTS FOR DEATH OF STOKES. LAPD ADVISED THEY
TELEPHONED CLEVELAND PD AND GAVE THEM THIS INFO.

NIGHT OF NOVEMBER TWELVE LAST [REDACTED] INTERVIEWED
BY FBI, LA AND DENIED ANY SPECIFIC KNOWLEDGE OF LCN
INVOLVEMENT IN PLANNED MURDER OF STOKES. [REDACTED] ARRIVED IN
LA FROM CLEVELAND LAST WEEK OF OCTOBER. [REDACTED]

END PAGE ONE

REC-53

62-111875-1

NOV 15 1967

66 NOV 21 1967
NOV 1967

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

PAGE TWO

LA 92-NEW

[REDACTED] STATED PURPOSE OF LEAVING CLEVELAND WAS BE-
CAUSE OF VEILED THREAT MADE TO HIM BY UNKNOWN PARTY OVER
TELEPHONE TELLING HIM TO GET OUT OF TOWN. HE SUSPECTS CALLER
MAY HAVE BEEN REPRESENTATIVE OF NEGRO NEWSPAPER CLEVELAND
NAME, "CALL AND POST."

[REDACTED] HAD NO SPECIFICS CONCERNING IDENTITY OF INDIVID-
UAL OR GROUP PLANNING TO MURDER STOKES. HE CONTENDS THERE
IS A PRESSURE GROUP OF WHITE CITIZENS WHO ARE RAISING FUNDS
TO HAVE STOKES MURDERED. HE HAD NO SPECIFIC INFO.

[REDACTED] ADVISED THAT IN MAY LAST HE DIRECTED A FOUR
PAGE TEL TO BOTH PRESIDENT JOHNSON AND VICE PRESIDENT
HUMPHREY PROTESTING THE PRESIDENT'S AND VICE PRESIDENT'S
SUPPORT OF A NEGRO MAYOR CANDIDATE CITY OF CLEVELAND.
HE ADVISED HE RECEIVED NO RETURN ANSWER.

MEMO
LHM BEING SUBMITTED UNDER SEPARATE COVER TO THE
BUREAU AND CLEVELAND FOR DISSEMINATION SECRET SERVICE.

SECRET SERVICE ^{Los Angeles} LA ADVISED.

LA INDICES NEGATIVE RE FRANK SALANCI.

END

MXS

FBI WASH DC
CC: MR. GALE

11/13/67

PLAINTEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SAC CLEVELAND
FROM DIRECTOR FBI

CARL STOKES, MAYOR PRO TEM. CLEVELAND, OHIO. INFORMATION
CONCERNING.

RE LOS ANGELES TELETYPE NOVEMBER THIRTEEN, INSTANT.

ADVISE CLEVELAND POLICE DEPARTMENT OF DETAILS IN REFERENCED
TELETYPE.

Los Angeles advised airmail

Los Angeles (airmail)

Rec'd

62-111875-

NOV 15 1967

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 13 1967

TELETYPE

RECEIVED

- Tolson
- DeLoach
- Mohr
- Bishop
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- Felt
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

McA:dsa dco
(4)

59 NOV 21 1967

TELETYPE UNIT

7. B.

Date: 11/3/67

Transmit the following in

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: CRIME RECORDS
DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE
TRAINING DIVISION

FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (100-27512)

RE: CARL BURTON STOKES
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Remyairtel, 10/10/67

As set forth in reairtel, informed sources felt shortly after CARL B. STOKES won the Democratic nomination for Mayor of CV in the primary election on 10/3/67, that there was almost no chance of the Republican nominee SETH C. TAFT, defeating STOKES in the general elections on 11/7/67. This was based primarily on the feeling that the Democratic candidate was always elected in CV and that the Democrats outnumbered the Republicans in the city by about five to one.

Despite the above odds, sources and the news media are now predicting an extremely close race with a poll just taken by one of the local newspapers showing that STOKES would win by a margin of less than one per cent of the vote.

felt initially that TART could not win the election, but now feels that he has an excellent chance of being elected. Stated that several factors have brought about this change. One is the race issue. Although TART stated that he did not

6-Bureau (RM)
3-Cleveland (1 - 80-474)

CGC/Blk
(9)

THE Bishop

REC-

EX-108

NOV 14 1967

Approved: 55 NOV 20 1967

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

Mr. Per

CRIME RESISTANCE

RACIAL INT. SECT.

CV 100-27512

want to bring the racial issue into the campaign, it was interjected by STOKES himself and has become more and more important. [redacted] stated that many people in the ethnic neighborhoods are going to vote for TART simply because they do not want a Negro to become mayor. [redacted] feels that TART has improved his techniques tremendously as the campaign progressed and that he is now coming across to the voters better than STOKES in many respects. Initially, STOKES had a big advantage over TART in projecting himself

[redacted] even though STOKES has the endorsement of [redacted] newspapers, the local AFL-CIO Federation and the Democratic Party. [redacted] now believes that the white community will not vote in large numbers to elect [redacted]

[redacted] early in the campaign it was felt that top national Democratic Party figures would come to CV to campaign for STOKES. This has not materialized, however, and she stated that she understands that the Administration became convinced that such support for a Negro candidate in a local election would hurt the party nationally in the elections next year.

[redacted] advised that the general feeling is now that the election will be extremely close. He stated that it is well established that there will be a record vote in the Negro communities with STOKES getting over 95 per cent of these votes. He noted that the vote was rather tight in the white communities in the primary election and a substantial number of whites voted for STOKES over the incumbent mayor RALPH S. LOCHER. He stated, therefore, that the outcome of the election will depend on how many white people turn out to vote and whether they will switch from their usual pattern of voting for Democrats. He noted that race has become a matter of increasing importance in the campaign.

[redacted] has been scoring well in his charges that TART is a "big spender" who moved into CV

CV 100-27512

from suburban Pepper Pike solely for the purpose of running for mayor.

For info, TART is the grandson of President WILLIAM HO ARB TART and a nephew of the late Senator ROBERT A. TART.

Source advised that sometime ago STOKES was a safe choice to win the election. However, the TART campaign has picked up considerable momentum, particularly among the ethnic groups in CV and now CV bookmakers make the odds on TART to stand even money on STOKES. He explained that if a person wanted to bet on TART, they would have to lay odds of 1 to 1.

Source stated that this noticeable shift in the odds is a major indication due to TART's recent superiority in the debates with STOKES as well as the fact that some of the ethnic groups have now organized solidly and actively behind TART.

CHARLES V. CARR, Negro CV community leader, has been among the rounds of the leading Negro clearing house and policy operators in CV and attempting to get \$2,000 each for the campaign of STOKES. Source stated that he knows that CARR has been successful in some instances in collecting this money, but does not know how much of the money will actually wind up in the STOKES campaign as it is generally known that CARR has "sticky fingers" when it comes to money. The source stated that the above indicates to him that should STOKES be elected, it will mean virtually a "heartache" for CV Negro policy clearing house operators.

Both candidates have indicated that major changes will be made in the PD. STOKES again indicated in a statement on 11/2/67 that he would name a new chief of Police from among those currently serving at the Inspector's level. TART has not made a specific statement in this regard as yet.

F.B.I.

Date: 10/10/67

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority)

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
 ATTENTION: CRIME RECORDS
 DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE
 TRAINING DIVISION

FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (100-27512)

RE: CARL BURTON STOKES
 INFORMATION CONCERNING

CARL B. STOKES

The following is being set forth as a matter of general interest to the Bureau and was prepared as a result of contacts with established sources and discussions with personnel of this office who are knowledgeable concerning the Cleveland area. The sources contacted do not wish to be identified if this information is furnished to persons outside the Bureau. This information is being set forth because of the effect the candidacy of CARL B. STOKES has had on the racial situation and because of the changes which will result in the Cleveland Police Department.

Despite forecasts of an extremely close vote, CARL B. STOKES, a Negro member of the Ohio State Legislature, defeated the incumbent Mayor, RALPH S. LOCHER, by about 18,000 votes in the Democratic Party mayoralty primary on 10/3/67. Political experts had predicted that the winner would have a margin of less than one per cent of the total vote, but STOKES won by a 2.4% margin.

In the general elections in November, 1965, STOKES, running as an independent, lost to Mayor LOCHER by about 2,000 votes. In that election, STOKES received practically all of the Negro votes, about one-third of the total, and very little white support. The white vote was

6 - Bureau (RM) (Encl. 3)
 2 - Cleveland
 CGC/drm

(8)

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

NCT 44-103

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OCT 27 1967

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M Per _____

66 NOV 9 1967

CRIME RECORDS

CV 100-27512

divided among three white candidates. There were almost no predictions that STOKES would come that close in 1965.

The recent primary was preceded by an intensive voter registration campaign in the Negro community directed by the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE), the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP), the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), and other civil rights groups. Despite the intensive registration campaign, there were approximately the same number of newly registered white voters as there were new Negro registrants. The civil rights groups claimed a substantial victory in the voter registration race, however, since there are approximately twice as many whites as Negroes in Cleveland.

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. made several trips to Cleveland to help the voter registration drive. There were intensive efforts made by the civil rights organizations to get the registered voters to vote on election day and there was a record turnout in the Negro community.

STOKES received a substantial amount of support from whites and the business community in the recent elections, which he did not get in the 1965 campaign. He was endorsed by "The Plain Dealer", one of the two daily newspapers, and the other paper, "The Cleveland Press", urged its readers to defeat LOCHER by voting for either STOKES or FRANK CELESTE, former Mayor of suburban Lakewood, who was also a candidate.

In addition, STOKES received financial support from CYRUS EATON, noted Cleveland industrialist and apologist for the Soviet Union, as well as public endorsement by GEORGE HERZOG, former Chairman of the Board of the Union Commerce Bank, and H. W. MAXEY, Vice President and Financial Director of the Glidden Company. Some other companies, including the Ohio Bell Telephone Company, also supported him.

[REDACTED] that Mr. HERZOG, Mr. MAXEY, and several other business leaders supported STOKES because of strong anti-LOCHER feelings and because they felt that a Republican has almost no chance of being elected in Cleveland.

In addition, STOKES had the support of administration officials in Washington, particularly that of Vice President

CV 100-27512

HUMPHREY. Money for his campaign was raised in Washington, as well as by movie stars in Hollywood.

The election set a new record for primary votes. In reality, however, it was the whites who elected STOKES. Some estimates are that he received as many as 20,000 white votes. Other factors were the gigantic turnout of Negro voters where about 96.7% voted for STOKES as compared to fewer voters, in comparison, in the white ethnic sections of the city where LOCHER stood to sweep most of the votes.

A large segment of the business community had lost confidence in the LOCHER administration because of the poor image of Cleveland being projected nationally and because of major failings in urban development and community relations. Mayor LOCHER is an honest, conscientious, stubborn, plodding man whose efforts did not create a feeling of enthusiasm and hope for the city. Police Chief RICHARD WAGNER, NA, could be described in about the same way. Neither handles himself well in public, and Chief WAGNER, in particular, is a very poor speaker and public relations promoter. STOKES announced during his campaign that he would fire Chief WAGNER.

STOKES, on the other hand, makes an excellent appearance and handles himself extremely well in public. His campaign sparkled with immediate and direct replies to questions and with witty answers when the occasion called for them.

Informed sources believe that the third candidate, FRANK CELESTE, agreed to run in an effort to split the white vote and that he was supported in this regard by Washington officials.

[REDACTED]
that CELESTE was already being paid for doing his job because the Housing and Urban Development Department in Washington approved CELESTE as the coordinator of a large apartment development in Cleveland on 10/4/67, the day after the election. This will result in a substantial fee for CELESTE. [REDACTED] stated that there have also been reports that he would be offered a high-ranking Federal position.

[REDACTED] feel at this time that there is almost no chance of the Republican nominee, SETH C. TART, defeating STOKES in the

CV 100-27512

general election on 11/7/67. TAFT is a young, liberal Republican who moved from the suburbs to Cleveland in order to qualify for the election. Sources point out that there are 220,000 registered Democrats and only 40,000 registered Republicans in Cleveland. In addition, STOKES will start out with a solid guarantee of the Negro vote which will be about one-third of the total. Therefore, he only needs to pick up some 18% of the other votes in order to be elected.

STOKES received a personal telephone call from Vice President HUMPHREY within an hour after he won the election, and the Vice President reportedly stated that he would come to Cleveland to help in the campaign. In addition, Senator ROBERT KENNEDY stated he would make an appearance here on behalf of STOKES. Other highly placed Democrats are expected to campaign for him also.

STOKES has inferred throughout the campaign, and it is the general feeling of informed people, that if STOKES is elected the Federal Government will pour funds into Cleveland to make it a model city and to insure that his administration is a success.

most of the business community will support TAFT and will pour money into his campaign, but it is generally felt that the only way he could win would be for him to start a GEORGE WALLACE type campaign which would polarize the voting along racial lines. TAFT has already stated emphatically that he will not do this and does not want race to be an issue in the campaign.

The news media reported on 10/6/67, that Mayor LOCHER will be considered for appointment as U.S. Attorney in Cleveland. This post is presently filled by MERLE M. MC CURDY, a Negro, who is on a leave of absence to serve as General Counsel for the President's Advisory Commission on Civil Disorders. *Mrs. Carl Stokes / Stokes*

Photo
A review of Cleveland indices concerning STOKES reflects that he was interviewed by a Bureau Agent on 10/25/56, at Cleveland, Ohio, in connection with an investigation of his former wife. This investigation was captioned, "EDITH SHIRLEY STOKES, nee Smith, Social Worker, VA Hospital, Boston, Mass." SGE STOKES was at that time a municipal probation officer and stated that he had recently received his law degree and was thinking of filing an application for the SA position with the FBI. He asked if there were any Negro Agents and was advised that there were.

CV 100-27512

STOKES stated he had divorced his wife because she ran around with other men.

[REDACTED]

On 1/25/45, CARL B. STOKES was arrested by the Cleveland Police Department and charged with having a Selective Service card belonging to another person in his possession. Upon interview, STOKES stated the card belonged to a friend who had accidentally left the card at STOKES' home. Prosecution was declined by USA, Cleveland.

Cleveland files reflect that STOKES has been supported by the Communist Party (CP), the Socialist Workers Party (SWP), and various liberal organizations during his campaigns for public office. There has been no indication of affiliation or sympathy with these organizations on the part of STOKES.

On 10/6/67, [REDACTED] Ohio CP Chairman, stated on 10/5/67, that he was very pleased with the STOKES victory. He commented that STOKES was not perfect and that there were some basic differences between his ideas and those of the CP, such as the STOKES campaign promise to sell the municipally owned light and power company, but they support him anyway because he is a Negro.

STOKES has served as an official of the Cleveland chapters of the NAACP and the Urban League but has not been a leader of the civil rights movement locally.

There have been a number of rumors and statements by sources, who are usually well-informed, reflecting dishonesty and poor moral character on the part of STOKES. These have included allegations of misconduct which resulted in an administrative suspension when he was a probation officer, and allegations that he was forced to resign from the Ohio State Liquor Department.

[REDACTED] has heard stories about STOKES involving personal misconduct, and that he is already making discreet inquiries of appropriate friends of his within the Police Department in an effort to develop factual information concerning this.

[REDACTED] the situation is very touchy at the Police Department at this time as major changes are expected if STOKES wins the general election. [REDACTED] that the Bureau of Special Investigations, which handles subversive and racial matters, will be abolished if STOKES is elected.

Any factual information developed by the above sources concerning the allegations about STOKES will be furnished the Bureau.

[REDACTED] that he feels certain there will be sweeping changes in personnel in the Police Department after the election, and that a

[REDACTED] Inspector MICHAEL J. BLACKWELL, Deputy Inspector GERALD J. RADEMAKER, NA, and Traffic Commissioner SAM O. SKEROTES, have been mentioned by STOKES forces as likely possibilities. [REDACTED] the Mayor is not required to name his chief from persons already on the force, but STOKES has publicly announced his new chief would be selected from within the department. [REDACTED] believes BLACKWELL will be the choice of STOKES. It is noted BLACKWELL is about 67 years of age and has been in the department for 44 years. He has always wanted to be the Chief. He is head of the basic uniform patrol at present. [REDACTED] believes BLACKWELL would be the choice because the STOKES forces would be able to control him.

CV 100-27512

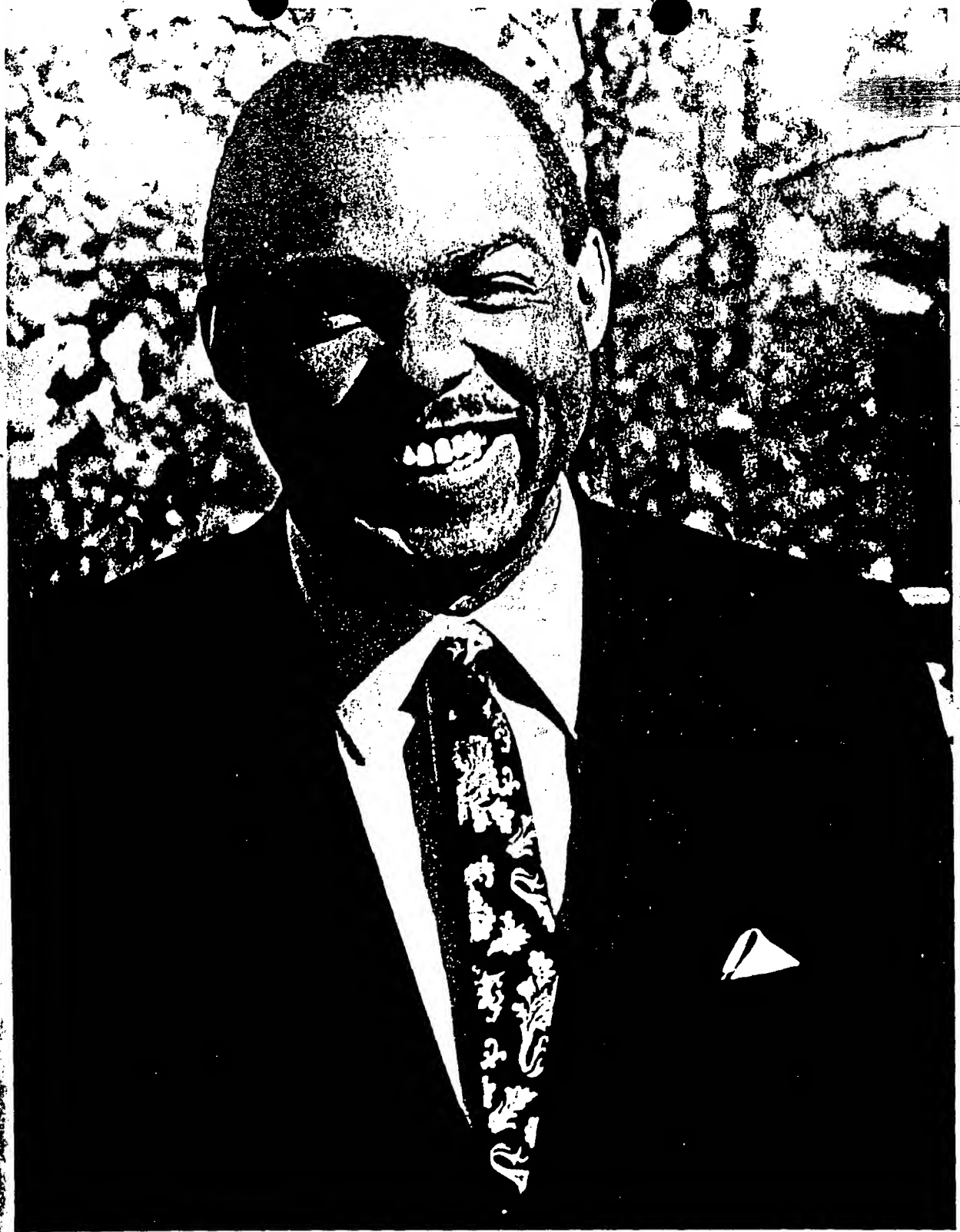
Of the other two names mentioned, Inspector RADEMAKER is a close friend of this office and is very cooperative. We have also had good relations with SKEROTES whose experience has been primarily in the Traffic Division. SKEROTES is very personable and is an excellent public relations man.

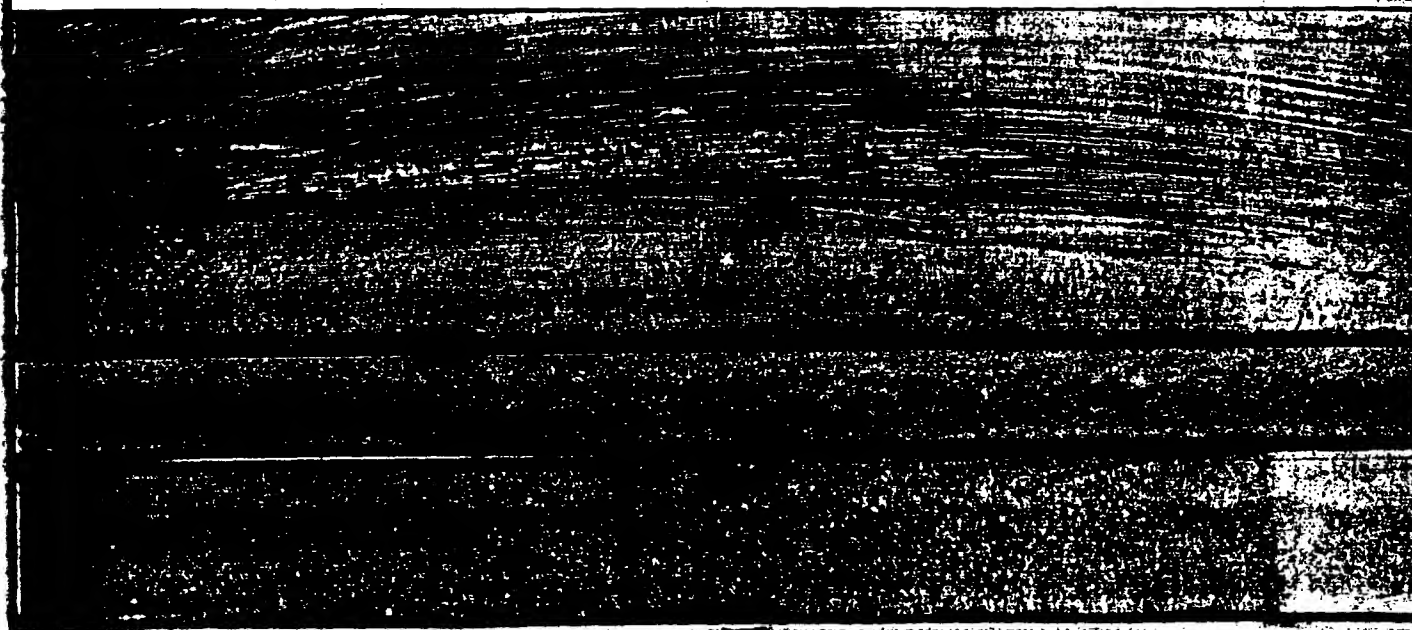
JOHN N. MCCORMICK would undoubtedly be dismissed also. He has held this position for about 5 years. As the Bureau is aware,

and he has never been close to the Bureau. His possible successor has not been named. His possible

The STOKES campaign has had a substantial effect on local racial conditions. Sources have advised that there have been continuing efforts in the Negro community to avoid any racial outbreaks which would hurt his campaign. The slogan "Keep it cool for Carl" has been circulated in the community. There have been no disturbances of any consequence in Cleveland this year and, although there has been a concentration of civil rights groups in Cleveland, they have not called for any demonstrations, marches into white communities, or similar actions which would tend to raise the emotional level of the community.

Enclosed for the Bureau are three photographs of CARL B. STOKES, two of which picture him with his present wife, SHIRLEY.







FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FREEDOM OF INFORMATION/PRIVACY ACTS SECTION
COVER SHEET

SUBJECT: CARL STOKES
CROSS REFERENCE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 22 1970

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Brennan	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Walters	_____
Mr. Soyars	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

NR 005 CV PLAIN

1055 AM ~~URGENT~~ URGENT 8/22/70 CLP

TO DIRECTOR

FROM CLEVELAND (157-3194)

SHOOTING AT RESIDENCE OF CARL B. STOKES, EIGHT NINETEEN SEVENTY.RM.

[REDACTED] ADVISED
INVESTIGATION BY CLEVELAND PD HAS FAILED TO ESTABLISH DEFFINITE
EVIDENCE THAT MAYOR CARL B. STOKES'S RESIDENCE WAS THE OBJECT OF
THE SHOOTING OR THAT ANY WEAPON WAS DISCHARGED IN THE DIRECTION OF
THE MAYORS HOUSE.

[REDACTED] STATED ALTHOUGH FACTS STILL NOT CLEAR HE BELIEVES
WEAPON WAS DISCHARGED AT THE MAYORS HOUSE HOWEVER, NO INDICATION
THAT WEAPON WAS AIMED IN DIRECTION OF MAYORS HOUSE. DETECTIVES
AT SCENE QUESTIONED DRIVER OF VEHICLE FROM WHICH ALLEGED SHOT WAS
FIRED AND DRIVER CONVINCED OFFICERS THAT NOISE WAS CAR BACK-FIRE.
POLICE RELEASED INDIVIDUAL AT THIS POINT. MAYOR CARL B. STOKES
WHO HAD BEEN AWAKENED BY THE NOISE AND HAD OBSERVED THE RELEASING
OF THIS INDIVIDUAL BECAME IRATE. **[REDACTED]** STATED THAT POLICE
END PAGE ONE

MCT-13

REC-46

18 AUG 27 1970

SI-105

56 SEP 3 1970

CV 157-3194

PAGE TWO

ULTIMATELY ARRESTED DRIVER OF VEHICLE, [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] AND ANOTHER MEMBER OF THE OHIO SECURITY POLICE,
BOTH NEGROES, FOR INTOXICATION.

[REDACTED] ADVISED THAT THERE WAS NO APPARENT RACIAL
MOTIVATION AND INCIDENT APPEARS TO BE RESULT OF [REDACTED] INTOXICATION.

THE ABOVE WAS FURNISHED CONFIDENTIALLY [REDACTED] AND
SHOULD NOT BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE THE BUREAU.

THIS INCIDENT IS BEING STRENUOUSLY INVESTIGATED BY
CLEVELAND PD BECAUSE OF APPARENT MISHANDLING BY POLICE AT SCENE AND
DRUNKEN CONDITION OF [REDACTED]
IDENTITY UNKNOWN.

EXND

EBR FBI WASH DC

cc
MR. TARRANT
ROOM 724 920

F B I

Date: 10-29-68

2

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (44-615) (C)
RE: CARL B. STOKES
Mayor of Cleveland, Ohio;
[REDACTED] VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

1 cc airm 6-74 H
91 E per 11-6-68
1 cc Bca 64 unit
(1 leaf)

Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and three copies of a self-explanatory LHM.

This investigation was initiated by the CV Office upon receipt of a letter, 10-21-68, from the [REDACTED] Congress of US, Washington DC. This letter indicated that the victim, [REDACTED] had contacted Congressman [REDACTED] office on [REDACTED] regarding a situation involving his business and a possible violation of his constitutional rights.

The receipt of the above letter was acknowledged by the CV Office by letter on 10-22-68 to Congressman [REDACTED] office.

Numerous attempts were made to meet with [REDACTED] during the week of 10-21-68; however, at his convenience [REDACTED] was finally interviewed on the evening of 10-28-68. It is noted that the victim declined to furnish a signed statement and contending that he did not wish to become involved as it was his belief that nothing of significance could be done on his behalf and he was reluctant to furnish the identities of specific individuals whom he believes have violated his civil rights as the CV PD and the FBI would not be able to afford him or his property adequate protection.

- ③ - Bureau (Encls. 4)
2 - Cleveland

Agency CRD

Date Forw. NOV 1 1968

How Forw. 6-94 (H)

By JB:MKC

1 cc CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT

MVH:mpz

(5)

Bishop

OCT 31 1968

Approved: [Signature]
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

59 NOV 18 1968

CV 44-615

[REDACTED] was advised that the facts concerning this matter would be forwarded to the Civil Rights Division of the United States Department of Justice for its consideration.

One copy of instant LHM is being furnished the USA, CV, Ohio, and no additional investigation is being conducted.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Cleveland, Ohio 44199

October 29, 1968

CARL B. STOKES

Mayor of Cleveland, Ohio;

CIVIL RIGHTS

- VICTIM

ENCLOSURE

44-10720

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 10-29-68

(1)

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] and furnished the following information:
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

On the night of July 24, 1968, which was the night following the murdering of three Cleveland Police Officers and the wounding of fourteen other officers by Black Nationalists, his [REDACTED] was completely looted and burned and [REDACTED] was burglarized and burned. [REDACTED] and windows smashed.

His primary complaint is that on the night of July 24, 1968, Cleveland Mayor CARL B. STOKES pulled at the police from the area which was being looted by Negroes and did not afford him any protection in that area. He, himself, attempted to enter the area in which his [REDACTED] was located, as he was anxious to do what he could to protect his business property, but was not permitted to enter the area by Cleveland Police Officers. He stated that he understands that the police were following the orders of the Mayor, but it is his contention that the Mayor's action represents a denial of equal protection under the law and he noted that Negro businessmen were able to protect their property without restrictions.

[REDACTED] continued that as a result of the looting of [REDACTED] he has suffered a \$50,000 loss. He advised that he has riot insurance but his insurance company will only compensate him for 50% of his loss and he does not believe this is just. As a result, he has not been able to reimburse the 600 to 700 customers, all of whom are Negro, who claim to have had [REDACTED] at the time it was looted. Since he has not repaid his customers for

On 10-28-68 at South Euclid, Ohio File # Cleveland 44-615

by [REDACTED] mpz Date dictated 10-29-68

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

CV 44-615
(2)

his losses, he has been receiving numerous telephone calls threatening damage to his property and harm to him and his family if he does not quickly come up with the money. Mr. [REDACTED] stated that all of the telephone calls have been local and none have been interstate. He further advised that many customers, some of whom are Black Nationalists, have been coming into his store and demanding money in some form or another, and demanding that he get out of the neighborhood.

[REDACTED] have made numerous attempts to obtain some sort of satisfaction for their complaints. However, they have been unable to reach Mayor STOKES and the Cleveland Police Department has been unable or unwilling to afford him protection of his business properties. He noted that his [REDACTED] has been burglarized numerous times in the last four months and on six different occasions, the tires on his personal car have been slashed while it was parked near the main plant.

[REDACTED] stated that demonstrations by Black Nationalists demanding the overthrow of the various levels of the Government are common in the 105th and Superior Avenue area and he is unable to understand why such individuals are allowed to engage in this kind of activity in this country. He also noted that he is unable to see what action might be taken on his behalf by the Federal Government if the Cleveland City Administration and Police Department are unwilling or unable to help him.

He also advised that he does not want to identify specific Black Nationalists who have been threatening him as he does not believe that he would receive adequate protection from local, state, or federal authorities. He contends that much of the trouble he has been experiencing is due to the fact that several years ago he was instrumental in ascertaining the identity of local vandals who were painting and defaming park statues in Cleveland. His cooperation with the police was ultimately publicized, and since that time he and his business have been the object of threats and burglaries. He explained that the threats by the Black Nationalists have not only been directed to him, but have also been directed to

CV 44-615
(3)

many of his Negro employees at the main plant and many employees have been forced to quit for fear of reprisals.

[REDACTED] also stated that he has heard that the clothing stolen from his main plant has been used by the Black Nationalists to obtain money so that they can purchase weapons; and he noted that he ascertained the location of some of the clothing but when he contacted a Cleveland Police Lieutenant, he was advised that by the time the police could obtain a search warrant, the Black Nationalists at the house, which allegedly contained the clothing, would be warned and thus could escape detection.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Ohio House of Representatives



Columbus
43215

February 14, 1967

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I have enclosed copies of H. B.s' 229 and 230 which have been introduced by me in the Ohio House of Representatives.

I wish to request of you certain data and information:

1. Your 1966 annual report showing homicides by dangerous weapons or, if the same is not yet available, then the 1965 report.
2. Comparative data of states having gun control laws.
3. Any recent written data relating gun control laws to reduction in crime.

Finally, I ask that you provide those things which, in your judgment as our chief law enforcement officer, will help me prove my case, statistically, and secure the passage of these bills into law.

Sincerely

CARL B. STOKES
State Representative
44th House District

CBS:pkh

Enclosures

EX-114

REC-9

FEB 17 1967

ENCLOSURE

ack: H.A. 4/26/67

62-21775-223
FEB 17 1967
TWO

MR. STOKES

A BILL

To amend sections 2923.01 and 2951.04 and to enact section 2903.012 of the Revised Code relative to the licensing of all persons and dealers who carry or sell weapons that may be carried in a concealed manner.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That sections 2923.01 and 2951.04 be amended and section 2923.012 be enacted to read as follows:

Sec. 2923.01 (A) No person shall carry or possess a pistol, bowie knife, dirk, blackjack, metal knuckles, sawed off shotgun or any other dangerous or deadly weapon concealed on or about his person, except as provided by this section. This section does not affect the right of sheriffs, regularly appointed police officers of municipal corporations, regularly elected constables, and special officers as provided by sections 311.07, 737.10, 1717.06, 1721.14, and 2917.32 of the Revised Code, to go armed when on duty. Deputy sheriffs and specially appointed police officers, except as are appointed or called into service under said sections may go armed if they first give bond to this state, to be approved by the clerk of the court of common pleas, in the sum of one thousand dollars, conditioned to save the public harmless by reason of any unlawful use of such weapons carried by them. Persons injured by such improper use may have recourse on said bond.

(B) Any person over the age of eighteen years, who shall own or have in his possession, any pistol or other weapon which may be

concealed upon the person, without a license for such weapon, issued as hereinafter prescribed, shall be guilty of a felony.

(C) The sheriff in any county of the state, upon application for a license, by any householder, merchant, storekeeper, or messenger of any banking institution or express company shall, if such sheriff is satisfied of the good moral character of the applicant, and provided that no good cause exists for the denial of a license, issue to the applicant a license to have and possess a pistol or revolver, and authorize him:

(1) If a householder, to have such weapon in his dwelling;

(2) If a merchant or a storekeeper, to have such weapon in his place of business;

(3) If a messenger of a banking institution or express company, to have and carry such weapon concealed while in the employ of such institution or express company.

(D) A sheriff, upon application, may issue a license to carry a concealed weapon without regard to the employment or place of possession of such weapon; provided that no cause exists for denial of such license. The reason for the granting of the license shall be printed upon the license, and the weapon for which the license was granted shall only be used for the purposes stated upon the license.

(E) No license shall be issued under divisions (C) or (D) of section 2023.01 of the Revised Code by any sheriff before the sheriff is satisfied that the application for license sets forth true statements, and until the files of the bureau of investigation and identification have been checked for any previous criminal record. Only after the sheriff has determined that the applicant is of good moral character, has been truthful in completing the application for license, and has no criminal record shall a license be issued.

(F) Every person while carrying, or in possession of a weapon for which a license has been issued, shall have upon his person and shall exhibit the license for inspection to any policeman, sheriff,

constable, state trooper, or any other peace officer. The failure of a person to exhibit his license as provided shall be presumptive evidence that such person is not licensed to carry a concealed weapon, and shall cause a forfeiture of his license.

(G) The conviction of a licensee of a felony in this state, or any other state shall operate as an immediate revocation of such license.

(H) Nothing in section 2923.01 of the Revised Code shall apply to the regular and ordinary transportation of firearms as merchandise, nor to military or civil organizations when parading, nor to the members thereof when traveling to or from the place of meeting of their organizations.

Nor shall this section apply to the possession or use of weapons known as rifles, shotguns, bows and arrows, or other weapons commonly used for hunting unless such weapons are carried in a concealed manner.

(I) The state shall provide all county sheriffs with applications and licenses for the administration of section 2923.01 of the Revised Code. The sheriff shall send a copy of each license issued to the office of the secretary of state, and that office shall keep a file of all licensees. Each license shall be valid for a period of one year and shall be renewed by the licensee by affidavit stating that no cause exists for not issuing a new license. The cost for each initial license, and renewal shall be five dollars. Two dollars shall be retained by the county in which the initial or any subsequent license is attained, and three dollars shall go to the state for the administration of this section.

(J) Whoever violates any provision of this section, notwithstanding any other section of the law, shall **1** for a first offense be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than three, nor more than ten years; for a second offense such person shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than five, nor more than fifteen years; and for a third offense such person shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary for life.

Sec. 2923.012 (A) No pistol, revolver or other firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person, shall be sold, or given away except to a licensee expressly authorized under section 2923.01 of the Revised Code.

(B) Every dealer or person, whose business includes selling weapons to the public, who sells a pistol, revolver or other firearm of a size which may be concealed upon the person shall keep a register in which shall be entered at the time of sale:

- (1) The date of the sale;
- (2) The name, occupation and residence of the purchaser;
- (3) The license number on the purchasers permit to carry a weapon;
- (4) The calibre, make, model, and manufacturer's number or other mark of identification on such pistol or firearm.

Every three months every dealer who has sold or transferred any weapon to which this section applies shall, on a form supplied by the state, transmit the information as required on their register to the secretary of state.

(C) An individual, not being a dealer or engaged in the sale of weapons, shall report to the police department in the municipal corporation in which the transfer or sale took place or to the sheriff of the county if not within a municipal corporation, the transfer of any weapon that must be licensed under section 2923.01 of the Revised Code. The transferrer shall report the name of the licensee to whom the weapon was transferred and the transferee's weapon license number.

Whoever violates division (A) of this section shall be fined not less than five hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, or sentenced less than six months or more than one year, or both. For any subsequent offense the penalty shall be not less than one nor more than three years in the penitentiary.

Whoever violates division (B) of this section shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars and not more than five thousand dollars.

Whoever violates division (C) of this section shall be fined not less than five hundred, nor more than one thousand dollars, or sentenced for a period not less than six months nor more than one year, or both. For any subsequent offense the penalty shall be not less than one nor more than three years in the penitentiary.

Sec. 2951.04 No person convicted of murder, arson, burglary of an inhabited dwelling house, incest, sodomy, rape without consent, assault with intent to rape, carrying a weapon in violation of section 2923.01 for a second or subsequent time, or administering poison shall be placed on probation.

Section 2. That existing sections 2923.01 and 2951.04 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.

The following matter eliminated from the present law - see corresponding number with asterisks in body of bill:

1. be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail or workhouse not less than thirty days nor more than six months, or imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one nor more than three years

MR. STOKES

A BILL

To enact section 2901.131 of the Revised Code relative to placing another person's life in jeopardy by the use of a dangerous weapon, instrumentality, or device.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That section 2901.131 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:

Sec. 2901.131 No person shall in committing or attempting to commit a felony, assault any person, or put in jeopardy the life of any person by the use of a dangerous weapon, instrument, or device. It shall be presumed that any person committing or attempting to commit a felony using a dangerous weapon, instrument, or device, has placed his victim's life in danger. No person shall be convicted under this section unless he has pleaded guilty to, or has been, or is concurrently convicted of the felony giving rise to the offense charged under this section.

(A) Whoever violates this section shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than three nor more than ten years.

(B) Whoever violates this section, having previously been convicted of, or pleaded guilty to an offense under this section, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than ten nor more than twenty years.

(C) Whoever violates this section having been previously convicted of, or pleaded guilty under division (B) of this section shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary for life.

Any sentence imposed under this section shall be consecutive to any other sentence of imprisonment. The penalty for the violation of divisions (B) and (C) of this section shall not be suspended nor shall the person convicted, or having entered a plea of guilty, be placed on probation.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: CRIME RECORDS AND
TRAINING DIVISION

FROM : SAC, CLEVELAND (80-218)

SUBJECT: POLICE DEPARTMENT
CLEVELAND, OHIO

DATE: 4/22/70

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Walters
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Soyars
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

Re Cleveland letter to Bureau, 2/5/70 entitled, "[REDACTED] Cleveland Police Department, Cleveland, Ohio" and Bureau letter, 2/11/70.

By the above referenced letter under the caption of "[REDACTED] Cleveland Police Department, Cleveland, Ohio", Cleveland provided an analysis of the situation involving the Cleveland Police Department since January, 1968. This analysis dealt principally with the problems which had arisen involving the fact that Cleveland had had four chiefs of police during the period of January, 1968 to February, 1970. In very brief summary, the letter indicated principally the differences between Mayor CARL B. STOKES, his then Director of Public Safety JOSEPH F. MC MANAMON and the various chiefs of police who had been appointed and worked under MC MANAMON's direction.

As a result of this summary having been provided to the Bureau, the Bureau on 2/11/70 advised Cleveland as follows:

"You are not to solicit any candidates to the National Academy from the Cleveland Police Department nor extend any training assistance to it until the turmoil surrounding the selection of leadership in that agency ends."

The purpose of this letter is to advise the Bureau that the situation involving the Cleveland Police Department has stabilized itself and there appears to no longer be any turmoil surrounding the leadership in that agency.

2 - Bureau (1 det. 5/7/70) (412)
2 - Cleveland
(1 - 80-615)

CGC/FAS-jsj
(6)

REC-62

APR 23 1970



5010-108-01

56 MAY 22 1970 412

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

On February 1, 1970 Lieutenant-General BENJAMIN O. DAVIS, JR., USAF retired, the nations highest ranking Negro military officer, was appointed as Cleveland's new Safety Director. His appointment coincided very closely with the appointment on February 4, 1970 of the new Chief of Police LEWIS W. COFFEY. Since these two appointments were consummated, the morale in the Cleveland Police Department has improved immeasurably, principally because of the fact that General DAVIS has made several public statements in support of the Cleveland Police Department and its new Chief of Police.

For example in early February, a small disturbance occurred in conjunction with activities in and around the Cuyahoga Community College at which time Cleveland police officers handled the situation with dispatch and with considerable restraint. On that occasion General DAVIS complemented the Cleveland Police Department in the Press, pointing out to the Press that he felt that his police officers had done an excellent job and he commended them for their restraint and congratulated them for a fine performance. He stated further, "They did what was necessary in their job to induce peace and keep the trying situation in hand. I cannot praise them enough".

In addition to the remarks made by General DAVIS in behalf of his police officers, Chief COFFEY has also on several occasions publicly indicated that he feels that his department is doing a good job. He has been complimentary with regard to his relationship with all of his officers. He has at the same time been rather critical of "public apathy" in that he has attempted through his public remarks, speeches and public appearances, to get assistance from the community for his police officers.

Our relationship with Chief COFFEY and with the Cleveland Police Department continues to be very good. We have complete cooperation with all of the various departments within that agency, working particularly close with the Cleveland Detective Bureau and Intelligence Unit in conjunction with bank robberies and with the overall racial situation.

I have personally been in touch with Chief COFFEY on several occasions since his appointment and he is extremely pleasant to deal with and has been completely cooperative with me and with this office.

As such, I recommend that normal cooperative relations with the Cleveland Police Department be resumed.

V-2 - *MAN*

RM

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Walters _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Soyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: May 7, 1970

FROM : J. J. Casper

SUBJECT: POLICE DEPARTMENT
CLEVELAND, OHIO

During the period January, 1968, through February, 1970, the City of Cleveland had four chiefs of police, caused principally through differences between Mayor Carl B. Stokes, his Director of Public Safety and the men who had served as chiefs of police. In 1/70, Stokes announced the appointment of William P. Ellenburg, a former Detroit, Michigan, Police Department executive as chief of police. Extensive publicity immediately occurred regarding allegations that Ellenburg had been "on the take" in Detroit for protecting an abortion clinic, et cetera. Ellenburg resigned a few days thereafter. Mayor Stokes then appointed as Chief of Police Lewis W. Coffey, a Cleveland Police Department Inspector with more than 30 years' service. SAC, Cleveland advised that the Bureau has enjoyed a cordial relationship with Coffey. The Director instructed "We will not solicit candidates for National Academy nor conduct any training for Cleveland Police Department until this turmoil ends." The Cleveland Office was so instructed.

SAC Cusick has now proposed that his office be permitted to resume a normal cooperative relationship with the Cleveland Police Department. He stated the turmoil which existed in command ranks in the police department for an extended period has stabilized, morale of personnel has increased, and the department appears to be solidly behind the new Director of Public Safety and Chief of Police Coffey. In 1/70, Mayor Stokes appointed Lieutenant General Benjamin O. Davis, Jr., U. S. Air Force, retired, the nation's highest ranking Negro military officer, as Director of Public Safety in Cleveland. Coffey was appointed as Chief of Police a few days later. Indications are that Davis knows how to handle men and he has been strong in publicly supporting actions of police department personnel, including when they have had to handle dissenters of various types.

Enclosure *sent 5-8-70*

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Bishop
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Walters
- 1 - Mr. J. V. Cotter, Room 5230
- 1 - Mr. M. A. Jones, Room 4264

TJB:aga

(8)

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CONTINUED - OVER

Memorandum J. J. Casper to Mr. Mohr
Re: Police Department
Cleveland, Ohio

SAC Cusick also advised that the Cleveland Office receives full cooperation from all departments within the police department and especially from the Detective Bureau and Intelligence Unit in connection with bank robberies and racial matters. Cusick has been personally in touch with Chief Coffey on a number of occasions and the Chief is extremely pleasant to deal with and completely cooperative.

There appears to be no reason why the Cleveland Office should not resume a normal cooperative relationship with the Cleveland Police Department. Indications are that General Davis and Chief of Police Coffey are affording the police department strong leadership and Mayor Stokes, who is questionable at the very best, seems to be letting them alone. Since our personnel in Cleveland are receiving close cooperation from the police department, it is believed we should at least meet it halfway.

RECOMMENDATION:

That attached letter be sent to SAC, Cleveland.

✓
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XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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"No conspiracy"....Ramsey Clark

Conspiracy, as defined by Webster, and simply stated is a combination or union (of persons or things) for a single purpose or end, more appropriately it can or was defined in the Revised Code of the State of Ohio as Criminal Syndicalism. However, in light of recent court decisions, U. S. Supreme Court - of course - I am not sure, any longer, of the constitutionality of this law.

2923.12 As used in sections 2923.13 to 2923.15, inclusive, of the Revised Code, "criminal syndicalism" is the doctrine which advocates crime; sabotage, which is defined as the malicious injury or destruction of the property of another; violence; or unlawful methods of terrorism as a means of accomplishing industrial or political reform.

2923.13 Advocating criminal syndicalism, this section states in part "...or voluntarily assemble with any society, group, or assemblage of persons formed to teach or advocate the doctrines of criminal syndicalism."

It is incontrovertible fact, as witnessed by millions on TV, that on July 21, 1968 the mayor of Cleveland did publicly and voluntarily assemble and march with a group of Black Nationalists, the leader (Fred Ahmed Evans) of whom publicly stated that he adheres to the philosophy of Ho Chi Minh.

It is incontrovertible fact, that on July 30, 1968, Agent [redacted] of the local office of the FBI, in my presence, called a local TV station (Ch 5) requesting the film of this infamous march.

It is incontrovertible fact, that positive identifications were made by Cleveland police officers [redacted] upon viewing this film (conducted by the FBI - Agent [redacted] of Black Nationalists who marched with the mayor and then were seen by the officers, armed with rifles and carbines, at the house under surveillance (12318 Auburndale) hours before the murders of the three officers.

It is incontrovertible fact, that an official of the Cleveland Press did call a local radio program [redacted] and did state that a certain picture appearing in the Press (showing the mayor among the group of marching Black Nationalists) was a year old.

It is incontrovertible fact, that said disputed picture, and others, can be purchased from the Press - as was the disputed picture - and once the picture was enlarged the CLEVELAND NOW button, on the lapel of the mayor, can be easily read. That such a button is clearly visible even in the newspaper photo is a fact.

It is incontrovertible fact, that another photo available in this same packet from the Press, shows the mayor and Ahmed together (again with CLEVELAND NOW button) in late May, 1968.

It is incontrovertible fact, that the September 7, 1968 issue of the Saturday Evening Post does in fact and in detail describe a meeting of Ahmed and the Black Nationalists, in late May, 1968 in a Cleveland hotel, where the Black Nationalist leader, when asked if they are arming, states they are beyond that stage and the police will find out.

It is incontrovertible fact, that a taped telephone service to the public (Echoes of Vatican II) was disrupted, at the insistence of the parties concerned, before it could run its contracted specified length of time.

It is incontrovertible fact, that this taped message to the public referred to the allegiance of Ahmed to the philosophy of Ho Chi Minh, as well as the mayor marching with "black clad Black Nationalists."

It is incontrovertible fact, that the Cleveland Plain Dealer did publish on July 30, 1966, an article - the contents of which I had on the 29th of July revealed to my Commanding Officer - in which there were false statements of fact, purposely made by me and related to my Commanding Officer, about an incident occurring at E. 82nd & Superior.

It is incontrovertible fact, that this and other such incidents that occurred on July 23-24, would show conclusively the local conspiracy and refute the statement of the mayor that the events of the 23rd of July were only an isolated shooting of police officers.

It is incontrovertible fact, that two Morse Alarm Co., officers (both white and in uniform) were fired upon at E. 82 & Superior from ambush at 1:40AM on July 24th, official reports notwithstanding.

It is incontrovertible fact that a police car (two white officers) was "pinned down" by gunfire in the intersection of E. 105 & St. Clair Avenue, many blocks from the ambush murders.

at
this

It is incontrovertible fact, that the mayor of Cleveland did journey to Chicago during convention week where he made a plea for "stronger gun registration laws" which to me is the epitome of hypocrisy, in light of his public march with the Black Nationalists on July 21, 1968.

ed

It is incontrovertible fact, that the Black Nationalists, now under surveillance by un-marked police cars, were "spooked" into opening fire around 8:15PM July 23, 1968, on unarmed tow truck drivers (both white and in uniform) who just coincidentally came to tow an abandoned white car.

It is incontrovertible fact, that the Cuyahoga Grand Jury did in fact convene and release publicly its statement regarding the July 23rd murders and racism in Cleveland and the United States.

other

"No Conspiracy Clark" - 4

It is published fact, that the mayor of Cleveland stated that the slaying of the Cleveland Police Officers were similar to the deaths of Dr. King and Senator Kennedy. My inferences and opinions follow:

1. In all three cases there was premeditation.
2. In all three cases there was a "No evidence of a conspiracy" statement by Ramsey Clark.
3. In all three cases this statement was issued before the bodies of any of the victims reached the grave.
4. In all three cases there is a suspect or suspects in custody.
5. In all three cases the murderers lied in wait.
6. In all three cases there is much mystery and doubt.

If I am privileged, if only in analogy, to draw inference from published facts, then I would first tackle the "conspiracy" involving the murder of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.

To be an assassin the hunter must understand his quarry and his habits or movements, this is not entirely unlike the hunter who seeks the wood chuck. In the latter case it is only necessary to locate both the public and private entrances to the wood chuck's "motel" and then take up suitable position and wait.

In hunting man, wisest of all game, it is necessary to know that man goes about on his two feet and usually enters buildings through a door, so designed to accommodate him. Now, given the task of slaying Dr. King, the assassin should locate himself in hiding so he could see the exits of the motel, since it was known to him that his quarry would in fact be there. At the flophouse it would then be necessary to find a room in which to wait, how long is not known, indeed Oswald took a 6th floor vacant room so he could wait as long as necessary without fear of discovery in the event that traffic would hold up the motorcade. However, in Memphis we have a different situation, there the assassin lies in wait in the bathroom - the most public room in the flophouse - where he could only reasonably expect 15-20 minutes of privacy. From this bathroom he can, by standing in the tub, get a clear view of the balcony (not the doors that a man might normally come through) and from this point fires the fatal shot.

After doing his foul deed, unlike Oswald who left his rifle on the cardboard box, this assassin wrapped his rifle in newspaper, thus proving he didn't need it for self-defense and unlike Oswald he took the wrapped rifle into the public street, in a predominantly Negro neighborhood, and after being seen (a white man laying a package down) he placed his wrapped gun in the doorway of a business establishment, and made good his escape, of course, the discovery of the wrapped rifle and the later amazing discovery of identifiable prints on it, the false broadcasts over the Memphis Police radio, attributed to a lieutenant, abandonment of the auto, the three mysterious Canadian aliases and his accidental arrest by the police in London don't even make good copy for a dime novel.

As to the assassination of President Kennedy, we do have the Warren Report, rush to judgement, the wisp of smoke on the grassy knoll, the picture of Dallas police officers running toward a "form" by the fence on the grassy knoll. I look forward to the soon to be released autopsy report

as promised by the late Senator Kennedy, which would shed light on the exact number of wounds and the possible frontal trajectory, as suggested by some authors.

As to the assassination of Senator Kennedy, we have a Jordanian (the late senator did advocate arms to Israel), the rejection of the offer of 50 police officers from the finest police department in the United States for his protection, the new bills in Sirhan's pocket, the "search" for a female and a clipping from a newspaper, to wit: "YOUTH WITH RFK NOTE FOUND DEAD IN JUAREZ CELL" A youth Cris Gonzales, 17 years of age was found dead in his psychiatric ward cell. He was arrested by Mexico police June 17 for having in his possession writings to the effect that the youth had prior knowledge of the slaying of Robert Kennedy." The article is longer than that which I quoted, however, the only similarity here is the facts surrounding the death of this youth as compared to some of the "witnesses" in the New Orleans District Attorney's conspiracy.

The local conspiracy needs no further amplification, suffice to say that the mayor of Cleveland publicly stated that there was a similarity in the slayings of the police officers, Dr. King and Senator Kennedy. I in my humble opinion have tried to indicate what those similarities might just be, newspapers and Warren report to the contrary.

For those interested in the edition as well as the name of the paper in which the RFK article appeared, I would gladly show them the paper.

As an example of "controlled news media" I offer this which did happen on August 20, 1968, as heard over radio, read in the paper and then seen on television.

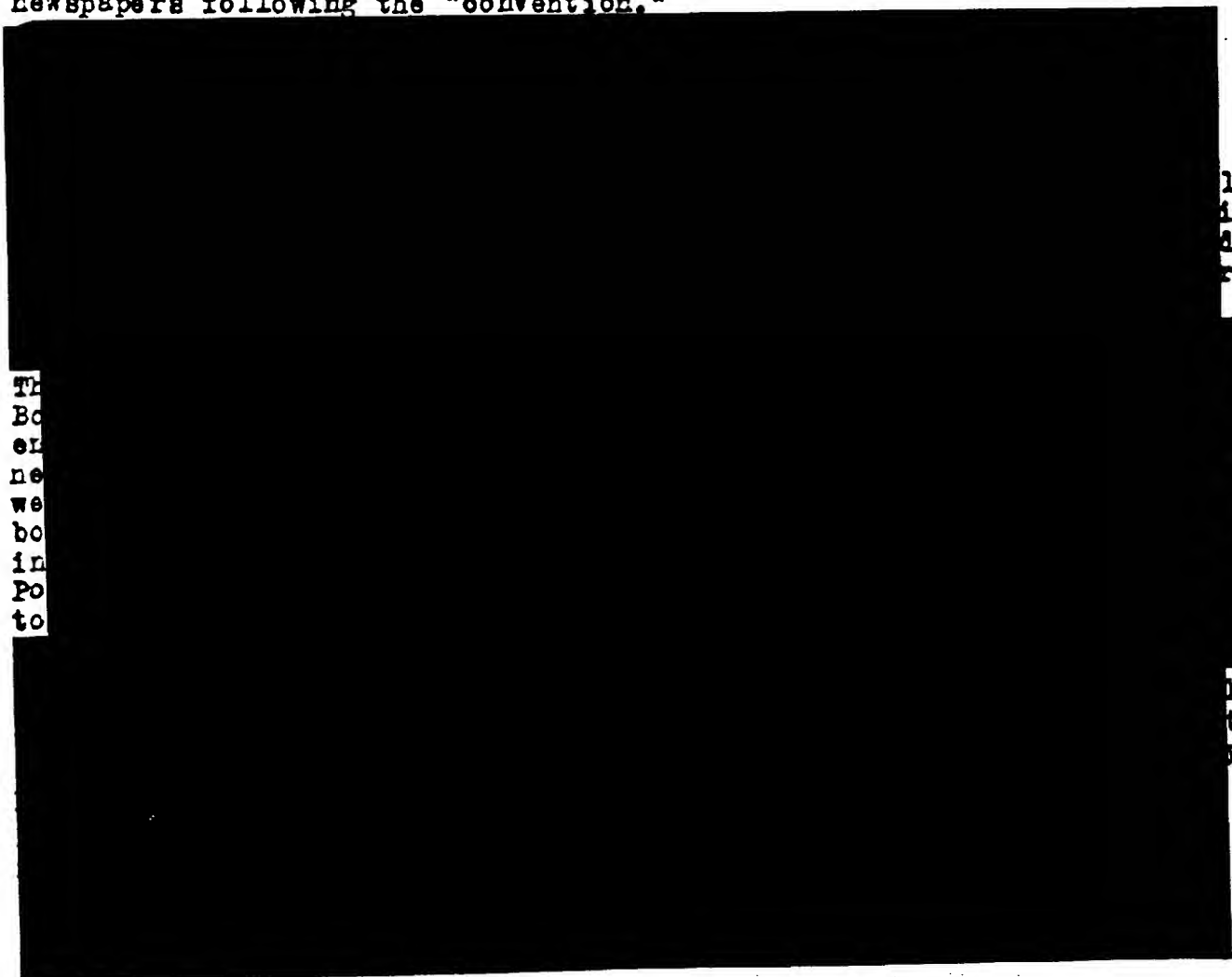
Over radio, broadcast from Washington, W. O. Walker publisher of the negro weekly Call & Post, confronted Mr. Nixon on the steps of a building in D. C., and showed him a "wanted flyer" allegedly printed and circulated by Cleveland Police. Furthermore, he asked Mr. Nixon what he intended to do about this "shame", the commentator said Mr. Nixon turned away and entered the building. That same afternoon, Clevelanders saw on the front page of the Press "NIXON VISITS RHODES and FAIR." This only a week after the two were together for a week in Miami and Rhodes turned down the Vice-presidential offer of Nixon. But... more significantly it was two days BEFORE the opening of the Ohio Fair on August 22, 1968. I imagine there could have been 300 carpenters erecting booths there - of course. Meanwhile, back at the ranch - as they say, on television that very same night the viewer is treated to a meeting of Nixon and Rhodes, but no fair. And the governor states, with a very serious look of deliberation, "We discussed a matter of great concern to all of us." To me it is not merely coincidental that the affidavit I conveyed to the office of the governor of Ohio, on August 19, 1968, should arrive back in Cleveland on the next day after the "NIXON VISITS RHODES and FAIR" story.

I did make use of the old cliché, meanwhile back at the ranch, I would like to place this in proper perspective as did Hal Morgan on WJW during his broadcast of the news at 11:00AM, Saturday, August 24, 1968. In giving the headlines he mentioned the Russians in Prague, LBJ's stock soars, and NAACP complaints about Cleveland Police - inter-alia. However, when he began reporting about the Russians in Prague, he said "Meanwhile, back at

the ranch, as they say", the Russians in tanks passed down the streets of Prague passing a truck full of Czechs waving at them etc. As to the matter of the poll, recently conducted after the Russian entry into Prague, he simply stated that "LBJ's stock soared to new heights as shown in this "poll", he then went on to the NAACP complaints. However, by noon, a hour later, this same commentator on the same station makes no further reference to "meanwhile back at the ranch, nor does he mention the poll or the rise of LBJ's stock (this news was stale in an hour), but he again recites in detail the NAACP complaints about police brutality and concludes with a plea from LBJ for democrats not to drop out of the party.

The spectacle of the convention in Chicago has at least two sides, again in my humble opinion, one is the determination of city officials to see that no group SDS etc., interrupts by force the convention itself or kills any of the nominees. The Chicago Police Department needed no more than the orders to keep demonstrators from reaching the amphitheater, this they did, as the whole world watched, and the "bleeding heart" elements of the news media spread the national smear of Law & Order, to the detriment of George Wallace, across the nation.

Once more I say that this is not coincidental, and certainly not to unlike the question posed to Mr. Nixon by W. O. Walker about the Cleveland Police Department, however, as indicated in Cleveland on the radio program Cooper the night editor, over 90 percent of the callers were in complete agreement with Mayor Daley and the Chicago Police Department. To now speak of Law & Order the "bleeding heart" element says "Gestapo tactics of the Chicago Police Department", such were the stories carried in the two local newspapers following the "convention."



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M. A. Jones to Bishop Memo
[REDACTED]

interviewing Agents noted that [REDACTED] appeared to be in a highly emotional state and at times spoke almost incoherently.

By way of background, [REDACTED] pointed out that there was a great deal of dissension in the police department at the present time as a result of the handling of these riots when Mayor Stokes instructed that no white police officers were to be permitted to enter the riot area. This order followed the killing of several white officers. As a result, there was a great deal of looting and both the Mayor and the Police Chief had been under heavy fire since, especially from lower ranking members of the police department.

[REDACTED]

None. For information.

TEB
P
J
LH

Explains Wallace Significance

The Plain Dealer printed an article which described the campaign of George Wallace for the presidency of the United States. It seemed strange to me that The Plain Dealer could be so contradictory as to have a headline reading, "Phenomenon" is Apt Title for Wallace Campaign" and still have printed a series of articles by Otto Kerner. I am sure that The Plain Dealer knows full well the content of the writing of the former chairman of the President's Commission on Civil Disorders.

Kerner, as spokesman for the commission, was certainly clear in his statement that white supremacy and racism were the underlying causes of civil disorder in this country. Since George Wallace is taken for granted in terms of his running on a syncretic platform of racism, I find the word "phenomenon" to be a misnomer.

There is nothing extraordinary in the man's campaign. It is based on hard core realism. The deep seated hatred in so many Americans provides the foundation for his popularity.

Rather than demanding a political means for the elimination of violence in the ghetto, the citizens of this nation should look in their own minds for the real solution. George Wallace as a powerful candi-

date, represents the antithesis to this solution.

JACK KADIS
3715 Warrensville Center Road,
Shaker Heights

Cause for Alarm

Recent news events give cause for alarm in the area of human relations. When the national executive of the FOP publicly admits a preference for the candidacy of George Wallace because it would enable the police departments to protect citizens in our streets, one has to wonder who will protect us from the police.

When a policeman petitions the governor of our state to remove our mayor and members of his staff, one wonders why a citizen of another city seeks to tamper with a government elected by voters in Cleveland. This Glenville citizen appreciates the efforts of Mayor Carl B. Stokes to put human life ahead of property. His decisions are considered prudent and is the best Judeo-Christian tradition by everyone not blinded by bigotry.

MRS VIRGIL VINCENT
1337 East Boulevard,
Cleveland

City Hall

memo from Norman Mischak

OUT OF THE TRENCHES ...

Mike Sweeney, one-time State Rep. and would-be congressman, is tuning up to run against Carl Stokes for mayor and may use Councilman John Armstrong as his political pitch pipe, a City Hall observer reports. Armstrong presumably would play the role of a chaperone, keeping votes away from Stokes in the Negro district the observer confides.

Sweeney reportedly would step aside, however, and let Jim Stanton challenge the mayor in the event Stanton loses his congressional race.

Armstrong today chanted vigorous denials about his pitch-pipe role saying: "Somebody's throwing a tommyawk."

OVER THE TOP ...

Watch for a Starry-eyed band of political troubadours serenading Councilman George White to get him to run for the Common Pleas Court also named by Hight Cernegan. Stanton's chorale includes Cernegan, chief clerk, Judges Francis Tully and John Patton, talent scout, the Brothers (Jim and John) Carney, musical arrangers and Hughie himself who's running to beat the band.

White endeared himself to that troupe when he did a solo, seconding the choice of Hight for the commissioner's job after Leo Jackson flunked an audition.

ONCE MORE UNTO THE BREACH ...

The reason Bill McKnight burned while Law Chief Clarence James hid away at reorganizing the city law staff this week McKnight, one of the most experienced lawyers in the Hall, was left with a meaningless title while others soared on the wings of the James song.

Probable reason James upbraided McKnight on his job is how McKnight, the Har old leech of City Hall, tends to be too independent and sometimes cantankerous.

One veteran city lawyer described McKnight's new title of general counsel this way: "It's like giving a janitor the title of superintendent and having him do the same work at the same pay."

Press 9-7-68

DON'T TREAD ON ME ...

Safety Chief Joe McManamon wrote to Police Chief Mike Backwell subtly hinting that disciplinary action be taken against Police Sgt. Louis Bora who asked Governor Rhodes to fire Stokes and McManamon. McManamon said he is confident that James would provide the necessary legal help if disciplinary action is taken.

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memo from Norman Mlachak

THE FEW DEAL . . . That militant gang that flexed its muscles in Council Chambers last Tuesday doesn't reflect the views of a fraction of 1% of the Cleveland Negro community, according to informed sources at City Hall.



The group no more speaks for the Negro community than the Ku Kluxers and John Birchers speak for the white community, they say.

TWO CARDS IN EVERY BARRAGE . . . There's a lot of grumbling among councilmen who believe that Walter Beach and Baxter Hill helped mastermind that Tuesday turnout at City Hall, with the knowledge if not outright approval of the mayor.

Says the mayor: "When I go to the people you'll know about it."

Says Beach, coordinator of the mayor's youth program: "The only person I brought was myself."

Says Hill, director of Pride Inc.: "I think the people rallied themselves together."

THE PEOPLE'S CHOICE . . . Democratic leaders blundered badly when they didn't tap Leo Jackson for the county commissioner's post, according to an appraisal by Mayor Stokes.

"Jackson would have run away with that race," says hizzoner, pointing to Leo's vote-getting skills in the 21st District congressional race. "He ran ahead of my brother in the white areas like Garfield Heights, ran second to my brother in the Negro wards and even beat George White in White's own ward."

A CHICKEN IN EVERY POT . . . Mayor Stokes is again dropping some subtle hints that he may hit the campaign trail in an attempt to defeat councilmen whom he regards as obstructionists.

Leading targets: Ed Katalinas, Clarence Thompson, George White.

"There's not a councilman that can't be beat," Stokes told friends recently. "The trouble with most politicians is that they go to the regular ward meetings then sit at home on Sundays watching television. You don't win elections that way."

WHAT THIS COUNTRY NEEDS . . . Mayor Stokes refuses to smoke those big stogies in public because he believes they are symbols of the old-time ward heeling politician. Stokes, who considers himself a new breed politician, goes through about 10 cigars a day—in private.

U.S. Unit to Probe Chicago,

THE PLAIN

WASHINGTON - A national commission charged with finding ways to prevent violence announced yesterday it will investigate the outbreaks in Chicago during the Democratic National Convention. The report, covering the recent racial violence in Cleveland, will also be investigated.

The plan was developed as a speech about the disorders, the commission over police handling of them and criticism of news media coverage of them over shadowed desultory legislative business on the opening day of Congress after the convention session. Some members suggested

-and some demanded a federal probe. IN CHICAGO, Mayor Richard J. Daley flatly rejected King's offer to let him appear on a special one-hour edition of "Meet the Press" or Sept. 13 in which he would be questioned by a panel of reporters and editors.

An aide said that the mayor, who is still demanding prime time from all three television networks to give his side of the Chicago

chaos, wanted the time to use as he saw fit, inhibited by reporters' questions. The aide said the mayor planned a filmed presentation which would take the full hour requested, leaving no time for questions.

CBS TURNED down the mayor's request for time, denying that it had inadequately presented the background planning and tactics of those who sought to disrupt the convention.

Police, Guard Gun Restraint Urged ⁵⁻¹⁴⁻⁶⁸

Representatives of nine organizations have expressed their concern to Mayor Carl A. Stokes about the recent deaths of three minors shot by police and private guards. They took the following suggestions to Stokes: "This is Cleveland now." • Immediately make a public statement to counteract the group said. • The organizations "have present critically tense atmosphere which can easily be perceived as one of 'license to kill'." • Direct that the Police Department, with a citizens' arms and the secrecy sur-committee appointed by the mayor, draft specific regulations regarding the use of firearms by police officers. These regulations, once in effect, should be made public and used as a basis for judging future police actions. • Inform the community of what human relations education programs are available within the police department. • Deadly weapons be used by police officers." said the statement.

STOKES said he is in the process of meeting items: two between the American Civil Liberties Union of Ohio, American Jewish Congress-North made to the public at an appropriate time, he said, on the Bishop's forts in the areas of police community relations and his Commission on Urban Affairs.

He said he is unable to respond to the first request. There will be more meetings with the group, Stokes said.

Ex-Klansman's Sentence Is Appealed by ACLU

By JOHN RUSSELL
Press Washington Writer

WASHINGTON—The American Civil Liberties Union has asked the U. S. Supreme Court to strike down Ohio's criminal syndicalism law in the defense of a former Ohio Ku Klux Klansman who was sentenced to 10 years in prison.

In a brief filed before the court today, the ACLU argues that the Ohio law under which former Klansman Clarence Brandenburg was convicted, violates the

free speech and assembly guarantees of the Constitution.

Brandenberg, 52, a former Cincinnati resident now living in Seattle, was arrested at a KKK rally in Hamilton County on June 28, 1964.

Testimony shows, according to the ACLU, that although a cross was lit and derogatory statements were made about Negroes and Jews, at no time was there any disturbance or call for violence by Brandenburg.

In attacking the Ohio code

the ACLU says criminal syndicalism is defined as the doctrine which advocates crime, violence, sabotage, or unlawful methods of terrorism to accomplish industrial or political reform.

Brandenberg, the ACLU argues, advocated the return of Negroes to Africa and Jews to Israel, and recommended a peaceful march on Congress and two Southern states.

SAME PAPER 2 DAYS LATER SAME CRIME 2923.12RC

Probe Is Asked of Stokes' Actions

An investigation of the July 23 Glenville disorder by Ohio Attorney General William B. Saxbe has been requested by the United Citizens Council of America.

The group asked the attorney general that he crack the possibility that Mayor Stokes may have violated certain statutes concerning criminal syndicalism. The group alleges that Stokes was associated with persons advocating the overthrow of the U. S. Government.

The letter was signed by Robert W. Annable of 10143 Eucras Pkwy., Parma Heights.

Cleveland Violence

and the role of police in dealing with demonstrators. CBS noted that Daley was interviewed for a half hour last Thursday in prime time and had an opportunity to present his views.

A spokesman for ABC said Daley's request had not been received.

MENAWHILE, in a statement, Quinn Tamm, executive director of the International Association of Chiefs of Police, said that even if Chicago police over-

reacted, as charged, people should be more concerned over the provocative situation that precipitated the results.

Dr. Milton Eisenhower, chairman of the National Commission on the Causes and Prevention of Violence, told newsmen the clashes between police and demonstrators represented to him "violence of very large proportions."

Eisenhower said the commission will recommend a spe-

cial task force to determine the facts of the Chicago violence "and other recent events such as the shootings in Cleveland."

HE SAID the probe might also cover rioting in Miami, Fla., while the Republican National Convention was underway earlier last month.

Eisenhower said the members had acted on their own initiative and had not discussed the Chicago inquiry with either President

Johnson or Mayor Daley.

The 13-member panel was established by President Johnson after the fatal shooting of Sen. Robert F. Kennedy on June 5.

Metromedia, a broadcast

group with television and radio stations across the country, offered Daley an hour of prime time and said it would supply tapes to other stations requesting them.

Committee Studies Police Shootings

When is a policeman justified in shooting a person?

That is the key question under study by a 14-man committee which has met for the first time at City Hall. The group will establish guidelines for when a policeman may justifiably shoot a person.

Members of the committee are Safety Director Joseph F. McManamon, lawyers Bernard Berkman, James C. Davis, S. Burns Weston, Frank J. Azzarello, Louis Stokes, Melvyn Durchlag, Jack G. Day and Seymour Terrell; Chief Police Prosecutor Clarence D. Rogers Jr., Deputy Police Inspector Carl Bare and Inspector John O'Brien; Community Relations Director Bertram E. Gardner and Police Capt. George Sperber.

No Check on Tests

The ruling of the Civil Service Commission prohibiting applicants from checking their test papers is utterly ridiculous. It appears that the Stokes administration is making another attempt to supplant the city government with a new breed of workers sympathetic to the mayor's own policies.

It is interesting to note that the men appointed to the commission by Stokes were responsible for the changes. Under such circumstances one cannot help but wonder about the blatant display of party loyalty on the part of these supposedly impartial individuals. It is not the duty of members of the Commission to act according to the party line, but rather as men dedicated to the good of the community.

BRIAN P. O'NEILL, 26951 Forestview Ave., Euclid.

Plain Dealer

Stop Gang-Up on Government

That was a bad scene, a dangerous scene, a sick scene at the City Council meeting Tuesday afternoon.

Nearly 200 militant Negroes ganged up on their city government. They threatened, they yelled, they argued and they disrupted the legislative session at City Hall.

This was an attempt at government by demonstration.

This gang-up made Mayor Carl P. Stokes look bad.

This gang-up made City Council look bad.

This gang-up made Cleveland and its future look bad.

The mayor should have put a stop to Tuesday afternoon's disorder. He is the chief peace officer of the city, and certainly of City Hall.

Councilmen should work for the vast majority of the citizens who do not want any extremist solutions to Cleveland's troubles. They should not escalate hostility between Negro and white citizens, or use the race issue for instant political advantage.

Democracy gives groups of citizens more freedom than any other system of government anywhere in the world, anywhere through a nation.

But democracy cannot continue to protect the lives of a nation unless that free and fair democratic government

No legislative body can allow the public to crash into its proceedings. Not Congress. Not the state legislature. Not City Council.

Ample opportunity is given to the public to speak its piece. There are committee meetings. There are proper methods of presenting petitions. Public officials are available for meeting and discussion. There are proper ways to state any grievance.

But not in a legislative chamber. Not the way it was done Tuesday.

By exhibiting their muscle, breathing down the necks of city councilmen, that group of demonstrators was furnishing heavy-caliber ammunition for the fools who demand a police state.

Extremists on both ends of Cleveland's most painful issues are polarizing this city. They are cleaving it into two angry camps.

Everyone who helps to build up the status and prestige of extremists on either end is helping to crack this community down the middle.

It does not reduce racial tensions if you give aid, comfort, prestige to extremists. Everything done to escalate one extreme only provokes escalation at the opposite pole.

We are banking on the good sense of the majority of citizens, white and Negro, to blunt the extremists' bids for leadership. The majority's hopes for a peaceful community depend upon it.

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XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
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THE JFK HOUSE

They were seen constantly together. They made swift contact with the JPP House leadership, and with Phil Hart, of Middlehurst Road, Cleveland Heights, Ohio, and his wife, Connie, who, the evidence showed, are the leaders of the Communist party throughout the Ohio Valley District including Cleveland.

The police and firemen on the other hand should be commended for their efforts to maintain law and order in the face of great personal danger.

From its inception, DCA has been and is substantially directed, dominated and controlled by the Communist Party and has been and is primarily operated for the purpose of giving aid and support to the Communist Party. * * *

¹ Supreme Grand Jury Report Relating to Klu Klux Riots, pp. 1 & 6.
² Id., p. 6.
³ Friedman, *Mishkin v. S. Kalenbach, Attorney General of the United States, v. W. F. B. DuBois Clubs America, Inc.*, 111, p. 2, filed with the Subversive Activities Control Board.

The DuBois Clubs are now actively organizing in the Watts district of Los Angeles in the hope that yet another "ghetto" riot can be produced. The leader of the DuBois Clubs in that area, and its recently elected national chairman, is Franklin Alexander. Alexander is a member of the CPUSA and has advocated that Watts hold a referendum to see whether it can withdraw from the city of Los Angeles and incorporate itself as a separate entity. The absurdity of this concept is pointed up with the realization that this would mean a cutoff of unemployment and welfare funds now paid into Watts from Los Angeles.

REPORT

BY THE

COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES NINETIETH CONGRESS SECOND SESSION



(INCLUDING INDEX)

MAY 6, 1968 -- Committed to the Committee on the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities
U.S. House of Representatives, Washington, D.C.

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON : 1968

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GUERRILLA WARFARE ADVOCATES IN THE UNITED STATES

CHAPTER V

CLEVELAND—"TRAINED AND DISCIPLINED PROFESSIONALS"

In Cleveland, Ohio, the Communist and black militant doctrine of promoting and supporting violence was clearly evidenced. The special grand jury report on the riots was very clear regarding the role of both. Because of their clarity and lack of emotional rhetoric, the sections of the grand jury report dealing specifically with their roles in the riots are reproduced here:

This Jury finds that the outbreak of lawlessness and disorder was both organized, precipitated, and exploited by a relatively small group of trained and disciplined professionals at this business.

They were aided and abetted, wittingly or otherwise, by misguided people of all ages and colors, many of whom are avowed believers in violence and extremism, and some of whom are either members of or officers in the Communist party.

The majority of people in the Hough Area had no part in either the lawlessness or disorders.

This Jury, in consideration of the basic and wide public interest, and exercising the latitude granted it under the laws which empower the creation of such a body as ours, nonetheless makes reference to individuals and organizations that in varying degrees were contributors to the Hough Area lawlessness and disorder.

It further notes the presence of many of these same individuals and organizations in another instance of lawlessness and disorder, that on Superior Avenue, which bore many of the striking similarities to the Hough Area disorders.

It notes the further significant fact that the Superior Avenue episode preceded the Hough Avenue disorders by less than a month.

Some of the same people were observed in both places on several nights of the disorders.

This jury further believes, that, even though what already happened is both regrettable and tragic in every conceivable human aspect, there is a grave potentiality for repetition of these disorders, or others like them, occurring elsewhere in this community.

Finally, before making specific reference to adult leaders in this [sic] crises areas, and the events leading up to them, the Jury respectfully calls attention to the effective use made of impressionable and emotionally immature and susceptible young minds by those who for one reason or another have set out to accomplish their designs and objectives in Europe, Asia, South America and elsewhere.

It is no casual happenstance or coincidence that those throwing fire bombs, or bricks, or bottles, or pillaging or generally engaged in disorder and lawlessness were in the main young people, obviously assigned, trained and disciplined for the roles they were to play in the pattern of these dual outbreaks separated by less than one month.

Nor, by the same token, is it happenstance, or even just singular coincidence:

- 1 - That the overall pattern for premeditation and destruction to both the Superior and Hough Areas was so highly selective;
- 2 - That the targets were plainly agreed upon;
- 3 - That certain places were identified to be hit, and that certain other places were similarly spared.

On both of these occasions, the Superior and Hough disorders, the presence of teenagers previously referred to was observed by the police, by plainclothes officers and undercover agents who had been assigned for long periods to observe these youths.

No Special Report to Follow Sniper Murder Indictments

The County Grand Jury will not issue a special report on the July 23 Glenville sniper riot and related disorders in which 10 persons were killed and 14 wounded.

Alvin Krenzler, Grand Jury foreman, made that announcement after the jury returned first-degree murder indictments against five persons. They are Fred (Ahmed) Evans, 37, black nationalist militant, and four Negro youths. The five are charged with slaying three policemen and a civilian who tried to help police.

"The matter has been very thoroughly looked into," said Krenzler, whose jury heard testimony from 30 witnesses Friday and yesterday before returning the indictments.

"The Glenville crisis will be included in the regular Grand Jury report at the end of our term next month."

Evans and the four others will appear in court tomorrow before Common Pleas Judge Harry Jaffe on charges they killed Lt. Leroy Jones, Patrolman Louis Golonka, Patrolman Willard Wolff and civilian James Chapman.

In all, the jury returned 20 counts against Evans, including four for first-degree murder, three for killing police officers, 11 for shooting to kill or wound and one each for possession of a machine gun and possession of marijuana.

The others indicted are Lathan Donald, 19, of 991 Linn Dr.; John Hardrick, 17, who lived at the same address as Evans, 12312 Auburndale Ave.; Alfred Thomas, 18, of 11704 Beulah Ave., and Leslie Jackson, 16, of 12702 Bartfield Ave.

Twenty counts were returned against Donald and Hardrick and 19 counts against Thomas and Jackson.

the city

MEMO TO FIRE CHIEF: Publication of Negro firemen's grievances considered been avoided if some private petitions asking for new assignments had been given a hearing. Since their assignment to the station at E. 105th St. and Superior, complaints by white firemen of neighborhood abuse have stopped.

POLICE WIDOWS: Police Lt. Carl DeLau has been to Washington to fill out forms for new federal aid for widows of policemen slain in riots while enforcing federal laws. It was arranged by Cong. William Minshall in behalf of the survivors of the officers killed in the Glenville shootings.

Now awaited is a ruling by Attorney General Ramsey Clark on whether the Glenville outbreak was a riot and whether federal laws were involved.

...no from ... will ...

County Prosecutor John J. Corrigan is scanning Negro attorneys to replace the three he has lost the past year. The only Negro left on his staff is Curtis Smith.

Lloyd Brown was elected to Cleveland Municipal Court, Charles Fleming and Reuben Payne have entered private firms.

GOODBY SWEET TOOTH: Fanny Farmer's E. 105-Euclid store has joined the list of business places closing their doors in the inner city. One office building there is becoming ghost-like as the doctors and dentists slip into the suburbs.

THE OAKLAND VAIL,
 President

F. WILLIAM DUGAN,
 Vice President and General Manager

THE OAKLAND VAIL,
 Publisher and Editor

WILLIAM M. WARE,
 Executive Editor

Daily 396,931

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 months ended March 31, 1968

Sunday 540,522

As filed with the Audit Bureau of Circulations

Page 12

Saturday, August 10, 1968

Glenville Story Still Sketchy

The McManamon report on the Glenville violence, presented to councilmen and newsmen yesterday with public relations flourishes, is only a beginning of the official story of the gun battle and ensuing arson and looting.

Unfortunately, it merely sketches the chronology of some of the events as reported by police and City Hall sources. No mention was made of two shooting incidents on the night violence broke out, July 23, which are known to be under investigation. One was the raking by gunfire of an apartment at 1270 E. 83d Street. A custodian was later found dead behind the building. The other was a police raid on the Afro Set headquarters at 8127 Superior Avenue N. E. in which at least one shot was fired.

The report does not even attempt to explain the confusion in communications that permitted police to go into the ambush area with insufficient arms and without advance warning that they would be fighting a guerrilla battle against snipers firing rifles and automatic weapons.

Nor does it delve at all into allegations of police misconduct ranging from breakdowns in discipline to police brutality and the use of profane and inflammatory language on the police radio the night after the attack, when the trouble area was patrolled only by Negro policemen, sheriff's deputies and Negro civilian leaders. This aspect of the Glenville affair is the subject of a separate investigation on which Mayor Stokes promised a report soon.

Fear of jeopardizing their case against the men charged in the attack constrains police from discussing details; that and the vast amount of police work that remains before all the suspects are apprehended.

Some dozen members of what Mayor Stokes called the "single, identifiable group" that touched off the violence remain at large. Three men have been charged; two of the dead are suspected members of the gang, and possibly a third (one body disappeared). Illegal automatic weapons also are "out there, some where," according to Police Chief Michael J. Blackwell.

The sketchy McManamon report was hardly necessary to arrive at the obvious

conclusion that the danger of repeat shootings of Cleveland policemen (in Miami, or Chicago, or New York policemen) remains and that police must be better equipped and better trained to cope with sniper gangs, and that police communications and coordination must be improved.

Nor is it necessary to read the report to conclude that stronger gun control is necessary. If gun registration will prevent extremists and criminals from obtaining weapons, as the no-control lobby contends (though we do not), then a law prohibiting the open, public display of any uncased weapon (excluding military and law enforcement personnel) should permit police to make arrests and confiscate arms before they can be used in a sniper attack.

National Rifle Association members, it is presumed, would have no objection to keeping their arms in a case on the way to the target range since they profess to be interested in safety as the right to own arms.

The report had some pertinence to Mayor Stokes' order for a crackdown on violators of the existing curfew for teenagers and his recommendation for new legislation to make parents of violators more responsible for their acts. The looting touched off by the extremists' attack on police, it was found, was carried out principally by teen-age gangs, along with the professional thieves who always come out of the woodwork on such occasions.

Cleveland will be a long time learning the full Glenville story—not only what happened but why—and what to do to prevent a recurrence.

Trials in court will fill in some of the story; sociological studies will add more details.

The mayor's forthcoming report on alleged police misconduct, hopefully, will contribute to a strengthening of discipline and the development of greater understanding and rapport between police and citizens, particularly those in the ghetto.

Without this rapport, without public confidence in and support of police, order cannot be maintained, short of adoption of the repressive, freedom-denying methods of totalitarian police states.

Stokes Fielded Hot Questions at Collinwood Town Meeting

Here's how Mayor Stokes fielded some of the questions tossed to him at the Town Hall meeting in the Collinwood area last night:

Q. On July 21 you were photographed in the company of an armed guard in commemoration of the Hough riot. Two days later they (the armed guard) shot policemen. This opens you to charges of criminal syndicalism. (J. J. Brennan, 919 E. 147th St., who identified himself as a lifetime member of the National Rifle Assn.)

A. If the men I walked with were the ones who shot the policemen I don't know what they were doing at City Hall on Tuesday. Everyone involved in the shooting is either dead or under arrest. I walked with them just as I walk with the American Legion.

Q. Why do they commemorate the Hough riots? (Several questioners).

A. I have absolutely no right to tell citizens in this city if they are to observe a particular event or not. If I go with one of you I'll go with the rest of you.

Q. How are you going to get the black nationalists to register their machine guns and other weapons? (Unidentified questioner)

A. Nobody can make them give up their weapons—whether they are black nationalists or white hoodlums and gang-

sters. One thing we can do is have a gun control law so that anybody who has an unregistered gun goes to jail.

Q. What is your position on black nationalists? (Several questioners).

A. I find no difference in the black nationalists from those in the Slovenian National Home or the Polish National Home as long as what those nationalists are talking about is creating an understanding binding together, and developing a pride in their being.

Q. But the Slovenian Nationalists didn't shoot any policemen. (Shouted question).

A. Ten Polish immigrants shot several policemen in 1892 in Toledo. If you want to evidence a certain kind of attitude which lets you take a group of black nationalists and say all are guilty of the acts of an identifiable few then you are perpetrating old Joe McCarthy red-baiting.

Because of Ku Klux Klanners that I know are in this city—or because of John Birchers that I know are in this city—I'm not going to say that every person here is a bigot. It isn't true.

Q. Mayor, we need six new horses. (Mounted Police Sgt. Arthur Lettieri).

A. Let me get the additional men we need on the force and then we'll get the horses.

Call-Post Editorial Page

4B

SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1968

Mayor Stokes Faces A Police Rebellion

CALL & POST 9-31-68

Director McManamon Gets Bors' Report To Governor

Safety Director Joseph McManamon, received last week, a copy of the affidavit filed with Gov. James A. Rhodes by Cleveland Police Sergeant Louis E. Bors, demanding the ouster of Mayor Carl Stokes.

The Bors' affidavit contains many charges, most of which are either distorted or incorrect. It contains many bitter criticisms of Mayor Stokes and his handling of the police and national guard during the Glenville disorders.

No statement has yet been made as to whether Sgt. Louis E. Bors, who is still an active member of the Cleveland police force, will be brought up on charges.

There is plenty of precedent for bringing charges against a member of the police force for acts reflecting on superior officers.

Although Louis E. Bors filed his affidavit with John McElroy, administrative assistant to the governor, two weeks ago, Gov. Rhodes has not dignified the affidavit with an acknowledgment.

If any action is to be taken, The CALL & POST learned that it must start with the officials of the Cleveland Police Department.

riots. Inflammatory innuendoes are made in type against Mayor Stokes and Director McManamon.

Two weeks ago, Sgt. Louis E. Bors, of the Cleveland police department, in uniform, went to Columbus and to the governor's office. There he personally presented to John McElroy, administrative assistant to the governor, a 9-page document demanding that Gov. James A. Rhodes remove Mayor Stokes from office on charges of "Gross neglect of duty, malfeasance, misfeasance and nonfeasance."

Sgt. Bors, who said he was in charge of a detail in the Glenville disorders after the death of the 3 policemen, bitterly criticized Mayor Stokes and Director McManamon for their handling of the efforts to end the disorders, looting and restore peace to the area at a minimum cost of lives.

Despite all of the questioned acts of the police against Mayor Stokes, Director McManamon and Chief Blackwell, no charges have been filed by any superior officer against any of these policemen. This certainly indicates that the patrolmen committing these infractions of the department's rules, either represent the feeling of their superior officers, or, that those in charge are also supporting the rebellion.

All of these events add up to the fact that Cleveland faces a challenge by some members of the

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
(ATTENTION: TRAINING DIVISION,
DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE)

FROM : SAC, CLEVELAND (1-491)

DATE: August 6

SUBJECT: SPECIALIZED (MOB AND RIOT CONTROL)
CAMP PERRY, OHIO
OHIO PEACE OFFICERS TRAINING COUNCIL
ANSON B. COOK, DIRECTOR

POLICE DEPARTMENT

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Mr. Bishop _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Felt _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

Re CV FD-132, 7/23/68.

CLEVELAND, OHIO

The above-captioned school was held July 29-31, 1968, at the Camp Perry Firearms Range, Port Clinton, Ohio, at which time there were 350 officers in attendance from all over the State of Ohio. The attendees were principally officers from the smaller Police agencies although there were representatives from Cincinnati, Dayton, Columbus, Toledo, Akron, and Youngstown. There were no representatives from the Cleveland Police Department.

During the course of this program, considerable emphasis was placed on the practical application of riot control techniques, and several demonstrations were afforded the attendees.

Of pertinence to the Bureau would be the remarks of Major General DEL CORSO, the Adjutant General for the State of Ohio, with regard to his personal feelings and further with regard to his feelings concerning the recent riotous condition in Cleveland, Ohio, wherein three Police Officers were killed and numerous others were wounded.

The General was very pointed in his remarks wherein he stated that under no circumstances should law enforcement nor should a military organization (if committed to a riotous condition) relinquish any control to any other individual, groups of individuals, or vigilantes of any type. He stated very emphatically that the maintenance of law and order at all times was a responsibility of local law enforcement and then if state agencies, such as the National Guard, are committed, it is also their added responsibility. He stated that it

4-Bureau
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62-19816
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136 SEP 10 1968

RECEIVED
AUG 10 1968
FBI - CLEVELAND
ADJ. GEN. DEL CORSO

61 SEP 19 1968

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

CV 1-491

is particularly disturbing to any Police agency head who knows what his responsibilities are under the law and under our Democratic system should he be overruled with regard to what his feelings might be.

A question was directed to General DEL CORSO from the floor by one of the attendees during a panel discussion at the end of the three-day program concerning the situation in Cleveland.

General DEL CORSO stated at that time that when his troops were first committed to the Cleveland Auburndale section, where the riot was occurring and where the Police Officers were shot and killed, they readily restored order along with the Cleveland Police and brought some degree of normalcy to the area.

He pointed out that on the following evening; however, when the Mayor of Cleveland CARL B. STOKES directed the withdrawal of white Cleveland Police Officers and his National Guard units from the riot-torn Auburndale area, he vigorously objected pointing out that this would create an untenable situation. He stated that he made this very clear to the Mayor and to the Chief of Police MICHAEL J. BLACKWELL, Cleveland Police Department; however, at their insistence, withdrew his troops, and the Cleveland Police Department withdrew its manpower to a perimeter around the area.

He stated that shortly after nightfall, it was obvious that there was considerable looting and burning in this area, but that at the Mayor's insistence, they did not re-commit troops to this area. He stated the amount of looting and burning was entirely uncalled for and never would have occurred had his troops been allowed, with the Cleveland Police Department, to carry on their patrol activities.

He emphasized again and again in his remarks that law and order must be maintained in the State of Ohio and in the nation and that the only way that this can be done would be to allow law enforcement to maintain control.

In contrast to the Cleveland situation, General DEL CORSO also pointed out very vividly how totally effective the Akron Police Department was and how closely they worked with his National Guard units during the rioting of two weeks ago in Akron.

CV 1-491

He stated that in Akron, there was a complete and total enforcement of the law, and there was no bargaining or discussion of problems with civil rights groups or individuals who tried to bring pressure to bear upon law enforcement and the military.

He pointed out very vividly that these two situations, the one in Akron and the one in Cleveland, were directly opposite in their end results and that the total and complete enforcement of the law was by far the best manner in which these situations should be handled.

General DEL CORSO was very complimentary of the FBI's intelligence capabilities indicating that the FBI in Ohio has been very cooperative and very helpful in conjunction with their providing military intelligence agencies with responsible and accurate information.

The above is for the Bureau's information.

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Police Need Guerrilla Training, Stokes Says

Mayor Carl B. Stokes yesterday said Cleveland police need guerrilla warfare-type training to prepare them for the kind of battle they waged last Tuesday with Negro riflemen in the Glenville area.

Stokes said police now receive training in crowd control and dispersal.

But, he said, this training is practically useless in a battle such as police fought with snipers holed up in a brick building on Lakeview Road N.E. Three policemen were slain and 14 wounded.

"THE RIOT control training our police receive does not equip them for the type of fighting they had out there," the mayor told The Plain Dealer.

In response to a question, Stokes said he did not feel that knowledge in the Negro community that police were receiving this type of training would harm race relations in Cleveland.

He also said it would not make him abandon

some of his own objectives about better racial understanding.

"It's like a person in a mental hospital undergoing psychotherapy," he said. "Sometimes they have a relapse, but you don't close the hospital, you don't stop the treatment."

"THE SAME holds true for the sociological problems of the ghetto. You've got to try to reach those who have been rejected by society and whose hostility and bitterness are directed at society."

In a two-hour meeting with the mayor, the Cleveland lodge of the Fraternal Order of Police yesterday asked for high-powered rifles and armored vehicles to use in any future battles with snipers.

Stokes later said that police had asked for high-powered rifles, armored cars and armored shields nearly three years ago, but that nothing had been done about the request.

HE SAID the FOP had

made a series of "helpful" suggestions, which will be considered to better prepare police.

The FOP also asked for a rumor control center, to curb the spread of rumors that might inflame violent situations if left unchecked; better arrangements for feeding police on duty for long periods of time, and improved training, such as Stokes mentioned later.

The police were represented by Detective Frank J. Schaefer, president of the Cleveland FOP lodge.

During the meeting, Schaefer objected to the mayor's having withdrawn white policemen from the 6-square-mile trouble area Wednesday night, the night after the Lakeview Road gun battle.

STOKES, at a morning news conference, said of the withdrawal: "My concern that night was that no white policemen — or any other citizen — be killed and that no confrontation take place that might lead to this."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

8 THE PLAIN DEALER
(Cleveland, Ohio)

Date: 7/30/68
Edition: FINAL
Author:
Editor: THOMAS VAIL
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: CLEVELAN
☐ Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

62, 19816

And Police Chief Michael J. Blackwell, who also was at the news conference, said of the move: "The white policemen can thank their lucky stars that he did" order the withdrawal.

"There were machine guns waiting for them," said the chief.

Blackwell explained that they were not small sub-machine guns, but full-size rapid-fire, automatic weapons.

THE CHIEF labeled as false a report that the FBI had notified police 48 hours in advance that there would be trouble in the Lakeview Road - Auburndale Avenue N.E. area.

Blackwell said he had received a tip Tuesday afternoon there might be trouble in the area of Hayden and St. Clair avenues N. E. He said his department knew nothing in advance of that.

Blackwell also said that he was the one who notified the FBI of this intelligence via Capt. George A. Sperber, head of the police

special investigation unit.

Sperber, he said, notified the police of five other large cities in case related incidents should break out.

POLICE YESTERDAY clarified the death Tuesday night of Marvin R. Crim, 29, of 2338 E. 86th Street, who at one point in the battle had been identified as a sniper.

Crim, according to police, was in no way involved in the gunfight with police. Instead, police said, he was shot to death as a group of other men and he attempted to break through the roof of the Liberty Loan Co., 7908 Hough Avenue N.E.

He was shot by policemen answering the call of a neighbor that the loan firm was being burglarized.

The police also announced the death toll in last Tuesday's battle had been revised to either seven or eight, from 10.

They said the deaths of Crim and a Negro civilian, Clifford C. Miller, 22, of 2839 E. 78th Street, were not connected with the Glenville area violence.

WITNESSES HAVE told police Miller was shot by a white person while waiting for a bus at E. 79th Street and Superior Avenue N.E. The investigation into his death is continuing.

Miller was shot at about the time police were battling the snipers on Lakeview Road. But, police said, the spot where Miller was shot is too far from the Lakeview battleground for news of the violence to have spread.

There is doubt as to whether James Haynes, 30, of 1270 E. 83d Street, was a victim of the Glenville fighting, police also said. Haynes was shot to death on Superior near E. 81st Street, also a substantial distance from the Lakeview-Auburndale area.

An investigation into his death also is continuing.

CITIZENS WAKE UP! BECAUSE OF THE LISTED & CONFIRMED TRUTHS,
ABOUT WHAT OUR POLICE REFER TO AS "MASSACRE DAY" THE TWO MEN
BELOW COULD BE:

WANTED

TO ANSWER QUESTIONS
FOR THE MURDER
OF 3 POLICEMEN



MAYOR CARL STOKES



SAFETY DIR. JOE MCMANAMON

AND QUESTIONS SHOULD BE ANSWERED REGARDING THE BELOW FACTS
WHICH ARE BEING "SQUASHED" BY CITY HALL "DICTATORS".

1. WHY DID STOKES MARCH WITH ARMED TROUBLE MAKERS JULY 18, 1968?
2. WHY WAS FRED "AHMED" EVANS AT CITY HALL THE MORNING OF
"MASSACRE DAY"?
3. WHY WERE POLICE ORDERS NOT GIVEN TO CONFISCATE WEAPONS
OF "EVANS" GROUP ON JULY 23?
4. WHY DID STOKES GIVE \$20,000 OF CLEVE NOW MONEY TO KNOWN
TROUBLE MAKERS AFTER PAST RIOTS INVOLVING THEM?
5. WHY DID STOKES TOTALLY DISREGARD THE GRAND JURY FINDINGS OF
THE HOUGH RIOTS?
6. WHY DID STOKES ALLOW A "DAY TO ESCAPE" TO THE CRIMINALS INVOLVED?
7. WHY WERE MAYORS COMMITTEE MEMBERS ALSO LOOTING?
8. ARE THESE MEN FOR THE PEOPLE, BLACK & WHITE, OR FOR THEMSELVES?

ENCLOSURE

62-1916-

Cleveland
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Meighs Job With Pinball Firm

THE PLAIN DEALER, TUESDAY, JUNE 13, 1971

Crime Strike Force's Chief Here Quits

By Brian Williams

The chief of the U.S. Justice Department's Cleveland strike force against organized crime announced yesterday that he is quitting July 1 and is considering a position with a Chicago-based manufacturer of slot and pinball machines.

William J. Tomlinson, 36, who has been

with the strike force here since Jan. 1, confirmed last night that he has a job offer from Bally Mfg. Co.

Samuel W. Klein, 56, of 2960 E. Belvoir Oval, Shaker Heights, was listed last year as treasurer and director of Bally Mfg. Another stockholder was Abe Green, a Newark, N.J., sales consultant, who reported

ly was a front for Gerardo (Jerry) Catena

THE FEDERAL government lists Catena as boss of the Mafia family of Vito Genovese.

Tomlinson told The Plain Dealer last night, when asked about the Bally offer:

Continued on Page 12, Col. 1

Antirackets Chief Quits; Has Offer From Pinball Firm

From First Page

"We checked it out, and it's a pretty good outfit."

Last year, U.S. Sen. William B. Saxton, R-N.J., a former shareholder in Bally, noted that the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) had given the company a "clean bill of health." It was also investigated by crime-fighting agencies in Illinois and New Jersey.

Carl B. Stokes also once owned shares in the firm.

THE BULK of the company's sales comes from slot and pinball machines. The balance is from parts and a coin-operated mechanical soccer game.

According to Tomlinson, the firm wants

to set up "house counsel" and also an investigative apparatus to help avoid questionable business associations and to see that gambling laws are followed.

William T. O'Donnell, president of Bally Mfg., would not comment yesterday about the offer to Tomlinson.

"You better talk to Mr. Tomlinson," said O'Donnell in Chicago. "We're in the throes of going into registration with the SEC, and my attorneys have cautioned me not to give out any information."

BALLY MFG. last month reported plans to file a registration statement covering a proposed public offering of 225,000 of its common shares.

Earlier yesterday, Tomlinson said he was giving serious thought to job offers from three firms, two in Chicago and one in

Los Angeles. The only offer he would confirm last night was the one from Bally Mfg.

"Each (job offer) promises economic security for my family and I'm 36 and have been in government service 10 years.

"I'm at a point now where I can remain in government service . . . or I can leave and undertake a new challenge and perhaps become an expert in a new field.

"I HAVE RESIGNED as of July 1 to take my time and look over these opportunities, which I think will be interesting and rewarding."

Salary was a definite factor in Tomlinson's decision. He now makes about \$24,000 a year as the lawyer in charge of organized crime prosecutions by the federal government in Ohio and Kentucky.

Also the Vietnam veteran and father of

three has a son, Mark, 14, whose health "would be better in a more lenient climate," according to Tomlinson.

The strike force, made up of lawyers and agents from such agencies as the Federal Bureau of Investigation and Secret Service, has had three chiefs since it began operation in the fall of 1969.

TOMLINSON was sent to Cleveland from Los Angeles, where he was an assistant U.S. attorney. Prior to that, in Vietnam, where he was decorated a number of times, he served in the Special Forces and commanded a company in the 9th Infantry Division.

Robert D. Gary, 30, a member of the strike force here since its beginning, is a likely candidate to succeed Tomlinson.



William J. Tomlinson

AP Wirephoto

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Memorandum to the Director
Re: The Congressional Record

HOUSE - continued

Pages H7360-H7387. The House passed with amendments H. R. 17735, to provide for a better control of interstate traffic in firearms. During the discussion on this bill, FBI statistics on crime were cited.

Page H7388. ~~FRANCES P.~~ ^{L.C.} Congresswoman Bolton, (R) Ohio, spoke concerning the civil disturbances in Cleveland. She pointed out that she was bringing it to the attention of the House "because our State adjutant, General Del Corso, of our Ohio National Guard, feels very strongly and says he has the authority to speak of it, that this is without any question a conspiracy that crosses the entire continent, and that attacks are going to be made on every single major city in some such way." Congressman Pucinski, (D) Illinois, stated "the Associated Press today reported that Mayor Carl B. Stokes said the FBI had told him 48 hours in advance, before this holocaust out in Cleveland, that this was going to happen. Does the gentlewoman agree with me that perhaps the FBI ought to make public to the American people exactly what is going on, tell what they know, if indeed they know it is a national conspiracy? Does the gentlewoman believe they ought to tell about that?" Mrs. Bolton replied "that is a very difficult question to answer, because I do not believe the FBI should make everything public. Otherwise its usefulness would come to an end. I happen to have had a very close association, an action and interaction with the FBI in the last 2 weeks, and had they not been doing it undercover, so to speak, it would have been useless."

Pages H7446-H7447. Congressman Green, (D) Pennsylvania, introduced for himself and several other Congressmen, H. R. 18897, a bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to facilitate the collection of statistics with respect to the incidence of crime and to provide for the establishment of a National Crime Statistics Center. He stated "The bill is a direct result of the hearings recently concluded by the subcommittee on the need to create a National Crime Statistics Center as recommended by the President's Commission on Law Enforcement and the Administration of Justice. A Center which, in the words of the Commission, 'should have clear statutory and executive branch authority to oversee and coordinate all Federal criminal statistical programs, including both the collection of statistics from the States and the collection of data relating specifically to Federal crimes.' The many distinguished witnesses who appeared before the subcommittee concurred, without exception, in the objectives of this recommendation, including the Honorable Fred M. Vinson, Jr., testifying for the Department of Justice, and Dr. Raymond T. Bowman, Assistant Director for Statistical Standards, Bureau of the Budget." A copy of this bill will be secured.

Adjournment: Until Thursday, July 25, 1968, at 11 a. m.

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66-1731-3354 pages 4 and 5 and Enclosures pages 1-16.

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lines. At O'Hare field alone, they have about 20 commercial flights scheduled to depart at exactly 5 p.m.

Mr. PUCINSKI. I call the attention of the gentleman to the letter which I put in the Record the other day from Mr. David Thomas, Acting Administrator of the FAA, and the argument is not with the gentleman from Illinois, who tried to preserve flights from Chicago at National, but the argument is with all of these shuttles coming in from New York to National Airport. The airlines just keep adding these shuttle flights on. If you want to divert aircraft to Dulles Airport, I direct your attention to this shuttle traffic and suggest some of the shuttle service be transferred to Dulles so we in the Midwest can continue to enjoy some of the service at National.

Mr. MINSHALL. I think we should divert some shuttle traffic to Chicago.

Mr. HAYS. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. PUCINSKI. I yield to the gentleman from Ohio.

Mr. HAYS. The problem is not the amount of traffic, either. It is a deliberate slow-down on the part of some people in the control tower. I came here last Thursday in a private plane and they stacked us up for 30 minutes. I listened to the instructions being given about the plane we were to follow and the plane following us. We landed and we taxied to Page. I got out of the plane after the propellers stopped, of course, and walked through Page and was on the 14th Street Bridge when the plane following us was coming across that bridge about 10 minutes behind us. There was little traffic at National, but there was a deliberate and obviously a successful attempt on the part of the controller to slow us down. For what purpose I do not know. I suppose they want more money or something. But if the head of the FAA cannot fire some of these characters we had better get legislation so somebody can.

Mr. PUCINSKI. I have the highest regard for the gentleman from Ohio, but I have to disagree with his conclusions.

Mr. HAYS. You can disagree if you want to.

Mr. PUCINSKI. The records are there and they are available for the gentleman to examine. He can go to National Airport or to O'Hare and he will see they are operating, in some instances, at 40-second intervals. It is not a slowdown.

Mr. HAYS. No. They were not last week.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts? The Chair hears none, and appoints the following conferees: Messrs. BOLAND, MCFALL, YATES, MAHON, MINSHALL, JONAS, and Bow.

A BILL TO AMEND THE MILITARY SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT OF 1967

(Mr. HUNGATE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HUNGATE. Mr. Speaker, today I am introducing a bill to amend the Military Selective Service Act of 1967 to defer law enforcement officers from training and service under that act.

This measure would provide needed support for our law enforcement officers who are saddled with the difficult and often thankless task of preserving order while protecting life and property.

Our policemen are performing a vital service in their own communities, dealing with crime hour by hour, when and where it occurs. Deferring law enforcement officers would aid our counties and cities in their continuing battle against crime and violence.

I CALL FOR LAW AND ORDER

(Mr. VANIK asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks and include extraneous matter.)

Mr. VANIK. Mr. Speaker, a horrible thing happened last night in the city of Cleveland, when 10 people, including three police officers, met their deaths and approximately 41 others were wounded by sniper fire from M-1 carbines, M-16 automatics, shotguns, pistols, and apparently other long guns. Undoubtedly, some of these guns came into the city through interstate commerce and certainly the ammunition did.

Yesterday, the House of Representatives riddled effective gun controls by weakening amendments, including one which exempts ammunition from the application of the law.

Like everyone else, I call for law and order. But I am just sick and tired of hearing some of my colleagues deplore violence and call for law and order when I have seen them go through teller votes time and time again and vote for amendments which would strike down adequate gun control laws. A vote on these important matters should be in the open and on the record.

(Mr. FEIGHAN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute, to revise and extend his remarks, and to include extraneous matter.)

[Mr. FEIGHAN addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

CALL OF THE HOUSE

Mr. ARENDS. Mr. Speaker, I make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER. Evidently a quorum is not present.

Mr. ALBERT. Mr. Speaker, I move a call of the House.

A call of the House was ordered.

The Clerk called the roll, and the following Members failed to answer to their names:

[Roll No. 274]

Ashley	Hawkins	Rhodes, Pa.
Brown, Calif.	Herlong	Teague, Tex.
Conyers	Holland	Tunney
Cunningham	Karsten	Udall
Diggs	Moorhead	Wills
Esch	O'Hara, Mich.	
Evins, Tenn.	Resnick	

The SPEAKER. On this rollcall 412 Members have answered to their names, a quorum.

By unanimous consent, further proceedings under the call were dispensed with.

THE INCREASE IN SIZE AND WEIGHT OF TRUCKS ON THE INTERSTATE HIGHWAY SYSTEM

(Mr. GUDE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute, to revise and extend his remarks, and to include extraneous matter.)

Mr. GUDE. Mr. Speaker, I would like to take this opportunity to express my grave reservations about S. 2658 which has been approved by the House Committee on Public Works and cleared for floor action by the Rules Committee.

My reservations begin with the manner in which this bill was considered in the Senate and here in the House. Seven Senators were on the floor at the time the bill was being debated and voted on. The testimony before the Senate and House Public Works Committees was inadequate and in the House committee, lasted only 40 minutes. It is obvious that the implications of this legislation were not fully explored before it was reported out for floor action. In a time when the hazards of our highways are at a peak, a bill to increase the size and weight limitations of trucks which use the Interstate Highway System is flagrantly inconsistent. Two sections of this system, the Beltway and 70S, pass through my district. I share my constituents' concern about the increased danger of putting larger vehicles on our already crowded roads. Of no small concern to those who live adjacent to interstate highways, is the increased clatter and din of these larger behemoths of the highways allowed by this bill.

Perhaps one of the most important factors which has been overlooked in the hasty consideration of this bill is the increased burden on existing roads and highways which are not part of the interstate system. Many of these roads are State roads and are presently inadequate to carry increased loads.

With these reservations in mind, I urge that more complete consideration be given to all the possible implications of this proposal.

TO DESIGNATE THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR BIOMEDICAL COMMUNICATIONS THE LISTER HILL NATIONAL CENTER FOR BIOMEDICAL COMMUNICATIONS

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent for the immediate consideration of the Senate joint resolution (S.J. Res. 193) to designate the National Center for Biomedical Communications the Lister Hill National Center for Biomedical Communications.

The Clerk read the title of the Senate joint resolution.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Alabama?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the Senate joint resolution, as follows:

S.J. Res. 193

Whereas, during his long and distinguished career in the Congress, Senator Lister Hill has achieved more forward-looking legislation relating to improved health and educational opportunities for the American people than any other individual in the history of this body; and

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66-1731-3354 Enclosure pages 18-45

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July 24, 1968

of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 15067) to amend the Higher Education Act of 1965, the National Defense Education Act of 1958, the National Vocational Student Loan Insurance Act of 1965, the Higher Education Facilities Act of 1963, and related Acts, and all points of order against said bill are hereby waived. After general debate, which shall be confined to the bill and shall continue not to exceed two hours, to be equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Education and Labor, the bill shall be read for amendment under the five-minute rule. It shall be in order to consider without the intervention of any point of order the amendment in the nature of a substitute recommended by the Committee on Education and Labor now printed in the bill, and such substitute for the purpose of amendment shall be considered under the five-minute rule as an original bill and read by titles instead of by sections. At the conclusion of such consideration, the Committee shall rise and report the bill to the House with such amendments as may have been adopted, and any Member may demand a separate vote in the House on any amendment adopted in the Committee of the Whole to the bill or committee amendment in the nature of a substitute. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill and amendments thereto to final passage without intervening motion except one motion to recommit with or without instructions.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman is recognized for 1 hour.

Mr. SISK. Mr. Speaker, I yield 30 minutes to the gentleman from Tennessee [Mr. QUILLLEN], pending which I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mrs. BOLTON. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. SISK. I yield to the gentleman from Ohio.

(By unanimous consent, Mrs. BOLTON was allowed to speak out of order.)

CIVIL DISTURBANCE IN CLEVELAND

Mrs. BOLTON. Mr. Speaker, I think the House is not unaware of the fact that Cleveland had a very serious incident last night. It was absolutely unprovoked. The police went out to get a car they had been ordered to get, which had been left by mistake, and they were fired upon by five men in black with carbines.

Three police officers were killed and seven citizens. Fifteen others were in hospitals. About 2 miles of both sides of Superior Avenue were burned. This noon firemen were still putting water on the fire.

It was a very serious incident. One reason why I wanted to bring it to the attention of the House today is because our State adjutant, General Del Corso, of our Ohio National Guard, feels very strongly and says he has the authority to speak of it, that this is without any question a conspiracy that crosses the entire continent, and that attacks are going to be made on every single major city in some such way.

This is exceedingly serious, and I felt I must call it to the attention of the House today.

Mr. PUCINSKI. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mrs. BOLTON. I yield to the gentleman from Illinois.

Mr. PUCINSKI. Mr. Speaker, the Associated Press today reported that Mayor Carl B. Stokes said the FBI had told him

48 hours in advance, before this holocaust out in Cleveland, that this was going to happen.

Does the gentleman agree with me that perhaps the FBI ought to make public to the American people exactly what is going on, tell what they know, if indeed they know it is a national conspiracy? Does the gentleman believe they ought to tell about that?

Mrs. BOLTON. Mr. Speaker, that is a very difficult question to answer, because I do not believe the FBI should make everything public. Otherwise its usefulness would come to an end.

I happen to have had a very close association, an action and interaction with the FBI in the last 2 weeks, and had they not been doing it undercover, so to speak, it would have been useless.

Mr. Speaker, I thought the Members should have this called to their attention, and I thank the Members for their attention.

Mr. SISK. Mr. Speaker, House Resolution 1259 provides an open rule, waiving points of order, with 2 hours of general debate for consideration of H.R. 15067 to amend the Higher Education Act of 1965, the National Defense Education Act of 1958, the National Vocational Student Loan Insurance Act of 1965, the Higher Education Facilities Act of 1963, and related acts. The resolution also provides that it shall be in order to consider without the intervention of a point of order the amendment in the nature of a substitute, and such substitute shall be considered as an original bill for the purpose of amendment and shall be read under the 5-minute rule by titles instead of by sections.

The waiver of points of order against the bill was granted for the following reasons: There is a transfer of funds in section 406 of the bill—page 128—section 407(c) (2)—pages 132-133—and section 416(c) (2)—page 145. Section 1501 of the bill—page 230—amends the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964, as amended, and a point of order against this amendment might lie on the grounds that it is not germane.

H.R. 15067 provides for the extension and/or modification of programs originally authorized under the Higher Education Act of 1965. The bill proposes the continuation through fiscal year 1973 of title I of the act, providing support for community service programs and continuing education; title II, designed to strengthen college library resources and to expand and improve training opportunities in librarianship; title III, designed to assist in raising the academic standards in developing colleges; title IV, authorizing grants for exceptionally financially needy college students and guaranteed loans for other college students; and title VI, providing grants to colleges and universities for the acquisition of instructional equipment. The bill authorizes an appropriation for each program for fiscal years 1969 and 1970.

In addition to certain modifications proposed for existing programs, the bill also proposes a consolidated program which will provide comprehensive, strengthened and coordinated services to expand and to make more meaningful the higher educational opportunity of

disadvantaged students. The consolidated program authorizes activities and services previously authorized under two separate authorities—Talent Search and Upward Bound—and brings them together with a new program designed to strengthen remedial and other special services necessary for disadvantaged students during their enrollment in college. Title V of the act, now known as the Education Professions Development Act, was extended and substantially modified last year, and there is no need to extend it at this time.

Mr. Speaker, I might say that I have in my possession a two-page letter from the chairman of the Committee on Education and Labor explaining the extent of the need for waiving points of order, for which I ask unanimous consent that it may be included as a part of the Record along with my remarks.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

The letter referred to follows:

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION AND LABOR,
Washington, D.C., July 11, 1968.

HON. WILLIAM M. COLMER,
Chairman, Committee on Rules,
U.S. House of Representatives,
Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: In accordance with your letter of May 13, I am submitting the following statement in support of the request to grant a rule on H.R. 15067 waiving points of order against the bill. The following sections of the bill necessitate the request that such a rule be granted:

1. Section 406 of the bill (page 128) permits an institution of higher education to transfer educational opportunity grant funds be allocated to it to the institution's college work-study program. It could be argued that this provision constitutes a change in the purpose for which funds were appropriated and therefore might be subject to a point of order on such grounds. It should be noted, however, that this provision does not apply to previously appropriated funds. The Committee has recommended this provision so as to allow institutions of higher education sufficient flexibility in the administration of the various federally financed institutionally based student assistance programs.

2. Section 407(c) (2) (pages 132-133) requires the transfer of any unobligated funds appropriated in FY 1969 to the Office of Economic Opportunity and allocated by such office for Upward Bound programs to the United States Office of Education for use in a new program which includes support of Upward Bound activities. This section may also be subject to a point of order on the grounds that it constitute a change of purpose for which funds were appropriated, even though there has not to this date been a FY 1969 appropriation for the Office of Economic Opportunity. This provision is a part of a Committee-approved consolidation of two existing authorities and a program of new activities. The Committee's intention is to provide for a coordinated and comprehensive program of services to disadvantaged college students or potential students. To carry out the Committee's intention that there be a coordinated program, it is necessary that the Upward Bound program currently administered by the Office of Economic Opportunity be transferred to the United States Office of Education in whom the new consolidated program authority would be vested. The required transfer of unobligated funds is a necessary component of the Committee's proposed consolidated program.

3. Section 416(c) (2). (page 145) provides

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CV 137-1130

[REDACTED]

Source further advised that [REDACTED] of CV continues to do extremely well in his shylocking business, and this is by far [REDACTED]'s most profitable venture.

Source stated that [REDACTED] along with several partners also runs several poker games in "Little Italy", but these do not amount to very much.

Source stated that he understood that [REDACTED] had contributed \$2000 to the campaign of CARL B. STOKES, who was running for mayor of CV. OLC

Source stated that [REDACTED] who is employed by [REDACTED] in his shylocking business has been very friendly with STOKES for a number of years.

Source stated that in his opinion it was probably [REDACTED] who persuaded [REDACTED] to contribute to STOKES's campaign.

Source expressed the opinion that [REDACTED] would not have suffered adversely if he had not contributed to STOKES' campaign, because he makes most of his money in his shylocking business and that his illegal poker games do not amount to much.

It should be noted that STOKES won the CV mayoral election.

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F B I

Date: 10/4/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (157-1237)

RE: POSSIBLE RACIAL DISTURBANCES,
CLEVELAND, OHIO, BEGINNING
10/3/67
RM

RACIAL MATTERS

ReCVairtel, 10/2/67 and tel, 10/3/67.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of an LHM concerning captioned matter. Copies are also being furnished military intelligence agencies, Secret Service, and USA, Cleveland.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 11) **ENCLOSURE**
2 - Cleveland
(1 - 157-263)

RSB/klg
(5)

Agency G-2, OSI, CRDDate Forw. OCT 10 1967How Forw. RBy COP/RSB 5 Post.

1cc Room 836
9 & D

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157-6-11 967
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BishopRACIAL MATTERS
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235 RSB
90 OCT 18 1967
Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Cleveland, Ohio

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

October 4, 1967

POSSIBLE RACIAL DISTURBANCES,
CLEVELAND, OHIO, BEGINNING
OCTOBER 3, 1967

It is noted that rumors were circulated in Cleveland to the effect that violence might erupt in the Negro community if CARL B. STOKES, Negro mayoral candidate, did not win the Democratic Party primary election on October 3, 1967.

CARL B. STOKES did win the primary with an 18,000 vote margin over the incumbent Mayor RALPH S. LOCHER.

On October 4, 1967, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Cleveland Police Department, advised that there were no disturbances or incidents of any significance on the night of October 3, 1967 or early morning hours of October 4, 1967.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

- I* -

ENCLOSURE

157-6-11 7

F B I

Date: 10/2/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (157-new)

RE: POSSIBLE RACIAL DISTURBANCES
CLEVELAND, OHIO, BEGINNING
OCTOBER 3, 1967
RM

RACIAL MATTERS

Re Cleveland tel, 10/2/67.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of an LHM concerning captioned matter. Copies also being furnished local military intelligence agencies, Secret Service, and the USA, Cleveland.

The sources referred to in the LHM as also furnishing the rumors of possible violence are [REDACTED]

Sources have been alerted to immediately furnish any further information in this matter, and the Bureau and interested agencies will be advised of pertinent developments.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 11) **ENCLOSURE**
2 - Cleveland
(1 - 157-263)

RSB/klg
(5)

Agency G-2, OSI, CRD

Date Forw. OCT 5 1967

How Forw. By

By CAP/RSB Room 336
rec 9 & D

1 OCT 4 1967

SUB CONTROL

Approved: 59 OCT 11 1967 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Cleveland, Ohio

October 2, 1967

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

POSSIBLE RACIAL DISTURBANCES
CLEVELAND, OHIO, BEGINNING
OCTOBER 3, 1967

Sources of the Cleveland FBI Office, and officials of the Cleveland Police Department advised on October 2, 1967 that there is considerable speculation, and a number of general non-specific rumors being circulated, to the effect that violence may erupt in the Negro community and the city might be burned down if CARL B. STOKES, Negro Mayoral candidate in the Democratic Party primary, is not victorious in the elections scheduled for October 3, 1967.

[REDACTED] Cleveland Police Department, advised on October 2, 1967 that most of the rumors that police are receiving come from white businessmen and no specific information of any kind has been received or developed. He stated that he feels that some incidents may result from celebration if STOKES wins, and some from disappointments if he loses but the police have no information at this time indicating that a general outbreak will occur. However, he advised that as a precaution, the police are planning to be on twelve hour shifts with no days off during this period.

[REDACTED] stated that since the predictions are that the election will be very close, it is not expected that the final results will be known prior to October 4, 1967.

Commander ROBERT A. DUNN, Army Intelligence, Cleveland, and Acting United States Attorney BERNARD J. STUPLINSKI, were advised of these rumors on October 2, 1967.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1* ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 8/8/68

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM:

SAC, CLEVELAND (157-1511)(C)

RE:

PROPOSED MARCH COMMEMORATING
THE SECOND ANNIVERSARY OF
HOUGH AVENUE RIOTS,
CLEVELAND, OHIO
7/20/68
RM

RACIAL MATTERS

Re Cleveland teletypes, 7/19/68 and 7/20/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are eleven (11) copies
of an LHM regarding captioned matter. Copies are also
being designated for Secret Service, local military
intelligence agencies, and USA, Cleveland.

Source utilized in LHM is CV 768-R.

Cleveland Police Department was fully advised of
all developments in this matter.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 11) (RM)

5 - Cleveland

PVD/clo
(8)

(1 - 157-328)
(1 - 100-25497)
(1 - 157-263)

AGENCY: CRD, ISD, IIU, RAO, CD,
ACSI, OSI, SS

HOW FORW: _____
DATE FORW: AUG 13 1968

BY: CAP. GOS

EX-100

Room 836
9 & D

REC 22

157-6-11-1219

RACIAL INT. SECT.

56 AUG 23 1968

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
CLEVELAND, OHIO

August 8, 1968

PROPOSED MARCH COMMEMORATING
THE SECOND ANNIVERSARY OF
HOUGH AVENUE RIOTS,
CLEVELAND, OHIO
7/20/68
RM

On July 19, 1968, [redacted] advised that a parade to commemorate the Hough Avenue Riots, which occurred in July, 1966, was being organized in Cleveland, Ohio, for July 20, 1968. Source advised that [redacted] self-proclaimed Black Nationalist and former director of the JFK House, a Black Nationalist center which was closed by local authorities, is Chairman. Source advised the parade will start at 3:00 PM on July 20, 1968, from League Park Neighborhood Center, East 66th and Lexington Avenue, and will proceed through Hough and end up at the Thurgood Marshall Playground, East 86th Street and Hough Avenue.

Source stated that a program had been planned at the Thurgood Marshall Playground, East 86th Street and Hough Avenue, which was to include Afro dancing, readings of Black Nationalist poetry, and speeches. Source advised local Negro groups, including NIEU, CORE, and NAACP were sponsors of the march. Source advised that there was no indication of any violence being planned in connection with this march.

On July 19, 1968, the following article appeared in the "Cleveland Press":

"HOUGH PLANS PARADE
TO MARK ANNIVERSARY

"The second annual Hough Area parade marking the anniversary of the outbreak of rioting there two years ago will be Saturday afternoon.

157-6-11-

RE: PROPOSED MARCH COMMEMORATING
THE SECOND ANNIVERSARY OF
HOUGH AVENUE RIOTS,
CLEVELAND, OHIO
7/20/68
RM

"More than a score of groups are sponsoring the parade and rally which Mayor STOKES has been asked to proclaim as Hough Memorial Day.

"The event will have the three-fold purpose of commemorating the four persons slain in the July, 1966, rioting, symbolizing the unity of the black community and emphasizing its African heritage, said LEWIS ROBINSON, parade chairman.

"Serving as co-chairmen with ROBINSON, former director of the now closed JFK House, are the Rev. DE FOREST BROWN, president of the Hough Area Council and Brother OMAR MAJED, vice chairman of the Afro Set.

Cleveland, Ohio

"The parade is to start at 3:00 p.m. at League Park Center, E. 66th St. and Lexington Ave., and end at Thurgood Marshall Playfield, E. 86th St. and Hough Ave.

"A rally at the playfield will include performances of Afro dancing, readings of Black Nationalist poetry and talks by representatives of the groups taking part, ROBINSON said.

"Merchants and other businesses are being asked to donate chicken, milk, doughnuts and other foods to be distributed at the rally.

"Among the sponsoring groups are the Hough Development Corp., Afro Set, League Park Center, Circle of Afro-American Unity, Negro Industrial and Economic Union, NAACP, CORE Poor Peoples Partnership, Hough Area Council, Welfare Rights Grievance Committee, Hough Tenant Union, Domestic Workers Union, St. Clair Afro Cultural Center, Afro-American Poets, Council of Churches and Superior Area Community Action Program, it was announced."

RE: PROPOSED MARCH COMMEMORATING
THE SECOND ANNIVERSARY OF
HOUGH AVENUE RIOTS,
CLEVELAND, OHIO
7/20/68
RM

On July 20, 1968, [redacted] advised the march commemorating the second anniversary of the Hough Avenue riots commenced at 3:30 PM on the 20th from League Park Neighborhood Center and was led by Mayor CARL R. STOKES and [redacted], self-proclaimed Black Nationalist leader. Source advised that approximately 300 persons took part in the parade and that the majority of these individuals were between the ages of 12 and 20. Source stated the marching proceeded peacefully along Hough Avenue to the Thurgood Marshall Playground, East 86th Street, and Hough Avenue; but when the parade arrived at the playground, a free-for-all broke out among the participants, lasting ten to fifteen minutes. Source stated the cause of the free-for-all was not known, but that no racial overtones were present and that no injuries or arrests resulted. Source stated that after peace was restored, a program of Afro dances, poetry reading, and speeches was begun.

Source advised that he observed approximately twenty individuals in the parade carrying rifles and several others carrying swords. Source advised that the program ended without further incident at approximately 6:15 PM.

This document contains neither
recommendations nor conclusions
of the FBI. It is the property
of the FBI and is loaned to your
agency, it and its contents are
not to be distributed outside
your agency.

FBI WASH DC

FBI CLEVELAND

3:40***PM URGENT 4-10-69 AFS

TO DIRECTOR

FROM CLEVELAND (157-2071) (C)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

APR 10 1969

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

RACIAL MATTERS

PLANNED PICKETING AT FUND-RAISING DINNER FOR CLEVELAND MAYOR
CARL B. STOKES AT CLEVELAND, OHIO, ON APRIL NINE LAST. RM.

SOURCE, WHO HAS FURNISHED RELIABLE INFO IN THE PAST, ADVISED
THAT EIGHT MEMBERS OF UNITED CITIZENS COUNCIL OF AMERICA (UCCA)
A WHITE RIGHT WING, ANTI-COMMUNIST AND PRO SEGREGATIONIST
ORGANIZATION, PICKETED THE FUND-RAISING DINNER FOR CLEVELAND
MAYOR CARL STOKES WHICH WAS HELD YESTERDAY AT THE CLEVELAND CONVENTION
CENTER.

THE PICKETING WAS ORDERLY AND THERE WERE NO INCIDENTS.
THE PICKETS LEFT THE AREA IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE START OF THE
DINNER.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

SOURCE MENTIONED IS [REDACTED]
NO LHM WILL BE SUBMITTED.

END.

ERT

FBI WASH DC

© 1969
ROOM 836 92D

REC-123

157-6-11-1361

17 APR 14 1969

[Handwritten signature]
7/11

FBI

Date: 5/19/71

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via A I R T E L _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (157-6-10)
 FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (157-263) (P)
 RE: POTENTIAL FOR RACIAL VIOLENCE
 CLEVELAND DIVISION
 RM RACIAL MATTERS

Re Bureau airtel to Cleveland, 4/26/71.

Enclosed for the Bureau are all copies of an LHM captioned as above. One copy of LHM is enclosed for the information of Cincinnati as per request. Two copies also being furnished U.S. Secret Service, Cleveland.

Racial, Security and Criminal Informants and Sources continue to be specifically assigned to develop any information that would indicate a potential for violence.

Cleveland believes that within the context of major urban areas, Akron, Cleveland, Lima, Youngstown and Toledo comprise the major urban areas within the confines of this division and are included in this LHM. Kent and Ravenna, Ohio are also being included inasmuch as there has recently been some racially-oriented incidents in these areas.

ENCLOSURE
 2 - Bureau (Enc. 115) (RM)
 1 - Cincinnati (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
 2 - Cleveland

RLA/jky
 (5)

EX-115
 REC-29

157-6-11-1884

MAY 26 1971

AGENCY: CRD, ISD, IJU, RAS, ACSI, ~~US~~ 55, CRS, OEO

HOW FORW: DIS

DATE FORW: JUN 3 1971

BY: JAT

RESEARCH SECTION

Approved: 58 JUN 10 1971

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Cleveland, Ohio
May 19, 1971

POTENTIAL FOR RACIAL VIOLENCE
CLEVELAND DIVISION

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. The information set forth is based upon comments and views of local government officials, police officials, leaders of various racial groups, established sources and public source information and pertains to the racial situation as of the time the views were expressed. The possibility that the racial situation in a particular area may abruptly change at any time must be taken into consideration.

CLEVELAND, OHIO

1. Name of Locality

Recent figures furnished by the Clerk of Courts of the City of Cleveland indicate population is approximately 750,903, with the percentage of Negro population at 40%. The population of Cuyahoga County, which encompasses Cleveland, is approximately 2,200,000, with a Negro population of 15%.

2. General Racial Conditions

Since October 7, 1970, Cleveland has not suffered any racial incidents of any magnitude which could have an effect on any of the general racial conditions in the Cleveland, Ohio area.

3. Racial Minority Objectives and Community Reactions

The overall minority objectives in the Cleveland area are more low-income housing and fair employment practices with a better ratio of minority employees to white employees. The minority groups also strive for good police-community relations which at this time do not seem to exist. The Negro Mayor, CARL B. STOKES, is still thwarted in his attempts to build low-income housing and has announced that he will not run again for Mayor in the coming election.

100-6-11-1081
ENCLOSURE

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET14

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552Section 552a☐ (b)(1)☐ (b)(7)(A)☐ (d)(5)☐ (b)(2)☐ (b)(7)(B)☐ (j)(2)☐ (b)(3)☐ (b)(7)(C)☐ (k)(1)☐ (b)(7)(D)☐ (k)(2)☐ (b)(7)(E)☐ (k)(3)☐ (b)(7)(F)☐ (k)(4)☐ (b)(4)☐ (b)(8)☐ (k)(5)☐ (b)(5)☐ (b)(9)☐ (k)(6)☐ (b)(6)☐ (k)(7)

- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of _____

14

Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): These pages concern Another
subject and are outside the Scope(OS) of your request.

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

157-6-11-1884 pgs- 2-15

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X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this page X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

**FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET**

2 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

☒ Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

- (b)(1)

- (b)(7)(A)

- ☐ (d)(5)

- (b)(2)

- ☐ (b)(7)(B)

- (i)(2)

- (b)(3)

- (b)(7)(C)

- ☐ (k)(1)

- ☒ (b)(7)(D)

- ☐ (k)(2)

- (b)(7)(E)

- (k)(3)

- ☐ (b)(7)(F)

- (k)(4)

- (b)(4)

- (b)(8)

- (k)(5)

- ☐ (b)(5)

- ☐ (b)(9)

- (k)(6)**

- ☐ (b)(6)

- ☐ (k)(7)

- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of

2 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): These pages concern another subject and are outside the scope (OS) of your request.

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100- 448006 - 1815 pgs 1 and 2

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 X No Duplication Fee X
 X for this page X
 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 6/2/70

FROM : *Cfedy* SAC, CLEVELAND (157-1189)

SUBJECT: COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM
BLACK NATIONALISTS - HATE GROUPS
RACIAL INTELLIGENCE

EX-105

REC-94

Ohio
[redacted] has advised that [redacted] leader of the Black Nationalist Party for Self Defense which is also known as the Afro Set, is receiving a grant of \$20,000 which money is coming from the Council Churches and Cleveland Now quasi municipal fund. According to records made public, this money is being given to the Black Economic Union, a group *Ohio* formed by former Cleveland Browns football team fullback, JIM BROWN and is destined for use in the Hough area of Cleveland to fight drug abuse.

2 copies 1-1
Source advised that the actual recipient of this money is to be [redacted] and the reason it is being publicly announced that it is going to the Black Economic Union is because of the adverse publicity such an announcement would generate in the news media and public embarrassment it might cause the Council Churches and Cleveland Now along with Mayor CARL B. STOKES.

[redacted] stated that the committee given to dispense these funds recalls the prior attacks made on Mayor CARL B. STOKES because of the dispensing of Cleveland Now funds to black extremist leader [redacted] *Ohio*

Rec'd to CV 6-11-70 4:44 PM
[redacted] and his organization, according to source, have enjoyed financial help from municipal, quasi municipal and private funds in the past and it is felt that if this information were linked to an established source among the news media, that this might serve to deter future funding of this group. It is felt that this information can be linked to the news media without embarrassment to the Bureau and Cleveland recommends that this action be followed.

2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Cleveland

PVD/jsj
(4)

cc 236

REC-94
only

EX 105

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

18 JUN 4 1970

RACIAL INT. SECT.



Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (9-4088) (RUC)

SUBJECT: DALE CARL JEFFRIES;
REVEREND RALPH ABERNATHY;
ET AL - VICTIMS
EXTORTION

DATE: 5/21/69

OO: Minneapolis

Re Atlanta teletype to the Bureau dated 5/6/69.

Enclosed for the Bureau are four copies of an LHM concerning captioned matter dated as above. Two copies of the LHM are furnished for the information of the Minneapolis Division.

[REDACTED], Secretary, Sammy Davis, Jr., Enterprises, and [REDACTED], Detective Bureau, Police Department, Beverly Hills, California, were contacted by SA [REDACTED]

No further investigation is being conducted by Los Angeles.

ENCLOSURE

- 2 - Bureau (Encls. 4)
- 2 - Minneapolis (Encls. 2)
- 1 - Los Angeles

RMW/kaf
(5)

69 JUN 9 - 1969

REC 18

9-44386-51

1cc LHM to
Sec. [unclear] - C.R.D. [unclear]
4/5/69
C.R.D. 4/5/69

[Handwritten signatures]



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Los Angeles, California

May 21, 1969

DALE CARL JEFFRIES;
REVEREND RALPH ABERNATHY - VICTIM;
ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM;
CARL STOKES - VICTIM;
SAMMY DAVIS, JR. - VICTIM;
HARRY BELAFONTE - VICTIM;
CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM;
RUFUS CATFISH MAYFIELD - VICTIM;
STOKELY CARMICHAEL - VICTIM;
EXTORTION - RACIAL MATTER

On May 6, 1969, Miss Dora E. Mc Donald, Secretary to the President, Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) Offices, 334 Auburn Avenue, Southeast, Atlanta, Georgia, made available to a Special Agent of the FBI at Atlanta, Georgia, a letter received by the SCLC Offices on May 5, 1969, addressed to SCLC President Reverend Ralph Abernathy. The letter was postmarked May 2, 1969, at Minneapolis, Minnesota. The return address on the envelope was Dale Carl Jeffries, 607 Water Street, Eau Claire, Wisconsin. The letter was obscene and contained threats against the lives of the above listed victims.

Miss Ann Slider, Secretary, Sammy Davis, Jr., Enterprises, 2000 Sunset Boulevard, Los Angeles, California, advised on May 6, 1969, that Mr. Davis was then appearing in Mexico City, Mexico, and that his business agent was with him. She noted that Mr. Davis was scheduled to return to Los Angeles on May 15, 1969, and that he would appear in the Playboy Club, Lake Geneva, Wisconsin, June 1 through June 10, 1969.

9-44386-51

DALE CARL JEFFRIES;
REVEREND RALPH ABERNATHY - VICTIM;
ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM;
CARL STOKES - VICTIM;
SAMMY DAVIS, JR. - VICTIM;
HARRY BELAFONTE - VICTIM;
CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM;
RUFUS CATFISH MAYFIELD - VICTIM;
STOKELY CARMICHAEL - VICTIM;
EXTORTION - RACIAL MATTER

Miss Slider noted that she was in regular mail and telephonic contact with Mr. Davis and would communicate with him concerning the receipt of the letter at the SCLC Offices. Miss Slider noted that Mr. David is continually the object of hate mail, and that he hires permanent guards at his residence located at 1050 Summitt Drive, Beverly Hills, California.

[REDACTED] Detective Bureau,
Beverly Hills, California, Police Department, was contacted on May 6, 1969, and was advised of the nature of the letter.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO :

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 5/14/69

FROM :

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (9-2274)(RUC)

SUBJECT:

LUCIUS L. VALERA;
Congressman ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, Jr. -
VICTIM;
ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, III - VICTIM;
JULIAN BOND - VICTIM;
STOKELY CARMICHAEL - VICTIM;
CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM;
LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER - VICTIM;
H. RAP BROWN - VICTIM;
CARL STOKES - VICTIM
EXTORTION
OO: Minneapolis

Re Washington Field teletype to Bureau, dated
5/1/69, and Washington Field airtel to Bureau, dated 5/1/69.

Pursuant to the instructions set forth in referenced
communications, the following local authorities were notified
on 5/1/69 as to the contents of the threatening letter:

[REDACTED] Intelligence Unit, Oakland,
California Police Department, and [REDACTED], United States
Secret Service, San Francisco.

- (2) - Bureau
2 - Minneapolis
2 - San Francisco
(1 - 88-12329)(CLEAVER)
FU/crv
(6)

REC-124

EX-100

11 MAY 1969

JUN 9 1969

MAY 27 1969

5010-108

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

EXP. PROC.



TREASURY DEPARTMENT
UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20226

CO-2-39,700
Document 6028

Date: May 8, 1969

BY LIAISON D. Chalfant

TO : Federal Bureau of Investigation
Attn: SA Bernard Rader *5/14*
FROM : JAMES J. ROWLEY, DIRECTOR
SUBJECT: Lucius L. Valera - Threat to Assassinate
Representative Adam Clayton Powell

797
Reference is made to information received by this Service from SA William Nettles, FBI, on May 1, 1969. SA Nettles advises the subject wrote a letter to the Congressman containing a threat to assassinate Powell on May 10. The letter also threatened Julian Bond, Stokely Carmichael, Cassius Clay, Eldridge Cleaver, Rap Brown, Carl Stokes, and William Clayton Powell, III. On May 6, 1969, SA Nettles advised another threatening letter had been received; however, it was signed by a James Stewart. SA Nettles was of the opinion that these letters are associated.

Please furnish this Service copies of your reports in this investigation and copies of the subject letters.

*OK for Release
Edit: 55 Personnel files
Per WSS communication
with H. J. 5-17-76
rpb*
Deleted Copy Sent H. Rap Brown
by Letter 10-14-76
Per FOIA Request rpb

Attachments

Two U.S.S.S. reports

ENCLOSURE
MAY 27 1969 *BAX*

L H N
[REC] *9-41386-46*

3 MAY 19 1969

*5/12/69
6/7/69*

5/14

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-107

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

U. S. Secret Service

CO-2-39,700 # 6028

TO : SAIC Towns - ID

DATE: May 7, 1969

FROM : SA McGaha - ID

SUBJECT: Lucius L. Valera

SA Nettles, FBI, called to advise that Representative Adam Clayton Powell had received a threatening letter on 5-6-69 which had a return address of James Stewart, 1129 North 7th, Rochester, Minn. SA Nettles is of the opinion that this letter was written by the subject of this file.

Temp. index card prepared.

This material is transmitted for official use and is not to be disclosed to unauthorized persons or disseminated outside your agency without the express permission of the U.S. Secret Service.

9-44386-46
ENCLOSURE

UNITED STATES

GOVERNMENT

U. S. SECRET

ICE

Memorandum

TO : SAIC Towns - Intelligence Division

DATE: May 1, 1969

FROM : SA Gonzalez - Intelligence Division

SUBJECT: Threat Against Adam Clayton Powell.

At 1:10 p.m. this date, SA William E. Nettles, FBI, advised that his office had received a copy of a threatening letter addressed to Representative Adam Clayton Powell. The letter was postmarked April 29, 1969 at Minneapolis, Minnesota and was received at Representative Powell's office today. ~~It~~ bearing a return address of Lucius L. Valera, Mac Allister College, St. Paul, Minnesota.

The author of the letter threatens to assassinate Representative Powell on May 10. He also plans to do away with Julian Bond, Stokely Carmichael, Cassius Clay, Eldridge Cleaver, Rap Brown, Carl Stokes, and William Clayton Powell, III.

The FBI has advised the local police and will furnish us with a copy of the letter.

Valera is not of record with Intelligence Division.


Victor J. Gonzalez
Special Agent

This material is transmitted for official use and is not to be disclosed to unauthorized persons or disseminated outside your agency without the express permission of the U.S. Secret Service.



5010-104

9-44386-46

ENCLOSURE

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

MAY 6, 1969

PLAINTEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATION SECTION

1 - Mr. Beane

MAY 6 1969

705 PM *mlk*
TELETYPE

TO SACs, WFO
ATLANTA

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI

DALE CARL JEFFRIES; REVEREND RALPH ABERNATHY - VICTIM; ADAM
CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM; CARL STOKES - VICTIM; CHARLES
EVERS - VICTIM; SAMMY DAVIS, JR. - VICTIM; HARRY BELAFONTE -
VICTIM; CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM; RUFUS CATFISH MAYFIELD - VICTIM;
STOKELY CARMICHAEL - VICTIM. EXTORTION. OO: MINNEAPOLIS.

RE WFO TELETYPE TO THE DIRECTOR FIVE ONE SIXTYNINE
CAPTIONED QUOTE LUCIUS L. VALERA; CONGRESSMAN ADAM CLAYTON
POWELL, JR. - VICTIM; ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, III - VICTIM; JULIAN
BOND - VICTIM; CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM; LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER -
VICTIM; H. RAP BROWN - VICTIM; CARL STOKES - VICTIM. EXTORTION.
OO: MINNEAPOLIS UNQUOTE FOR THE INFORMATION OF WFO. ATLANTA
HAS ADVISED THAT THE OFFICE OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE IN RECEIPT OF OBSCENE LETTER THREATENING LIVES OF
LISTED VICTIMS, POSTMARKED MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA, MAY TWO
SIXTYNINE, WITH RETURN ADDRESS DALE CARL JEFFRIES, SIX ZERO

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Rm. _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

SEVEN WATER STREET, EAU CLAIRE WISCONSIN. ATLANTA UNFAMILIAR
WITH NAME RUFUS CATFISH MAYFIELD.
1st Miami (AM)
WFB:ms
(3)

JUN 20 1969
MAY 14 1969

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC-5
9-44386-44
SEE NOTE PAGE 2

19 MAY 7 1969

TELETYPE TO SACS, WFO, ATLANTA

RE: DALE CARL JEFFRIES; ET AL

WFO AND ATLANTA SHOULD COORDINATE THESE TWO INVESTIGATIONS IN THE HOPE OF IDENTIFYING A COMMON DENOMINATOR. ATTENTION IS INVITED TO THE FACT THAT BOTH LETTERS WERE POSTMARKED IN MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA. WFO SHOULD FURNISH BACKGROUND INFORMATION TO ATLANTA CONCERNING RUFUS CATFISH MAYFIELD AND ADVISE APPROPRIATE LOCAL AUTHORITIES IN THE EVENT MAYFIELD IS PRESENTLY IN THE WASHINGTON, D. C., AREA. WFO ADVISE MAYFIELD OF THREAT.
AM COPY SENT MIAMI.

NOTE:

An obscene threatening letter signed Lucius L. Valera postmarked April 29, 1969, at Minneapolis, was sent to the Washington office of Congressman Adam Clayton Powell, Jr. This letter directed threats to several well-known Negroes. On May 2, 1969, an obscene threatening letter signed Dale Carl Jeffries was postmarked at Minneapolis, Minnesota. This letter was directed to the Atlanta, Georgia, office of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference and contained threats to a number of well-known Negroes including some of those identified in the letter received by Congressman Powell.

WFO and Atlanta have been advised to coordinate investigations into these Extortion cases in the hope of identifying a common denominator. Since victim Mayfield is unknown to Atlanta, WFO has been instructed to furnish background concerning him to Atlanta and to advise appropriate local authorities.

May 6, 1969

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

Atlanta, Georgia, office of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference received obscene threatening letter postmarked May 2, 1969, Minneapolis, bearing return address Dale Carl Jeffries, Eau Claire, Wisconsin. Letter identified proposed victims as Reverend Ralph Abernathy, Adam Clayton Powell, Jr., Carl Stokes and other well-known Negroes. Bureau Offices are presently advising appropriate local authorities of the threats to the victims. This letter may be connected in some way with a similar letter received last week in the Washington, D. C. office of Adam Clayton Powell, Jr. The letter directed to Congressman Powell also threatens a number of well-known Negroes including many of the same victims described in attached. The Powell letter is postmarked April 29, 1969, at Minneapolis bearing return address of Lucius L. Valera, St. Paul, Minnesota. Investigation to identify unknown subject continuing.

WFB:ms

WFB
LHM
DJB
S
J. Edgar Hoover

FBI WASH DC

FBI ATLANTA

10 45 AM URGENT 5/6/69 MAH

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATION SECTION

MAY 6 1969

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Bishop _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Felt _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

TO DIRECTOR, FBI; MILWAUKEE; CLEVELAND; LOS ANGELES; NEW
ORLEANS; NEW YORK; LOUISVILLE; AND MIAMI
FROM ATLANTA (9-NEW)

DALE CARL JEFFRIES; REVEREND RALPH ABERNATHY - VICTIM; ADAM
CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM; CARL STOKES - VICTIM; CHARLES
EVERS - VICTIM; SAMMY DAVIS, JR. - VICTIM; HARRY BELAFONTE -
VICTIM; CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM; RUFUS CATFISH MAYFIELD - VICTIM;
STOKELY CARMICHAEL - VICTIM. V OO: MINNEAPOLIS.

EXTORTION

ATLANTA, GA., OFFICE OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE,
(SCLC) IN RECEIPT OF OBSCENE LETTER THREATENING LIVES OF LISTED
VICTIMS, POSTMARKED MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA, MAY TWO, SIXTYNINE,
WITH RETURN ADDRESS DALE CARL JEFFRIES, SIX ZERO SEVEN WATER
STREET, EAU CLAIRE, WISCONSIN.

ATLANTA UNFAMILIAR WITH NAME RUFUS CATFISH MAYFIELD.
NO LEAD BEING SET OUT TO CONTACT STOKELY CARMICHAEL AS RESULT
OF HIS BEING OUT OF COUNTRY.

COPIES INSTANT TELETYPE BEING SENT LOUISVILLE AND MIAMI AS INFO
CLAY IN ONE OF TWO CITIES.

JUN 20 1969
PAGE ONE

MAY 2 1969
FBI WASH. D.C.

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

5-
1-
8-
10
3-
2-
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U

9-44386-43
REC-10
9-49537-5

MAY 7 1969

5/6/69

PAGE TWO

RECEIVING OFFICES NOTIFY APPROPRIATE LOCAL AUTHORITIES AND
VICTIMS.

MILWAUKEE, LOCATE AND INTERVIEW SUBJECT.

LHM TO FOLLOW.

memo
END.

CXB

FBI WASH DC

CC-MR. ROSEN

FBI WASH DC*

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATION SECTION

MAY 6 1969

FBI ATLANTA

TELETYPE

3 46 PM

TO DIRECTOR, NEW ORLEANS, AND JACKSON
FROM ATLANTA 9-NEW

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

DALE CARL JEFFRIES; REVEREND RALPH ABERNATHY - VICTIM; ADAM
CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM; CARL STOKES - VICTIM; CHARLES
EVERS - VICTIM; SAMMY DAVIS, JR. - VICTIM; HARRY BELAFONTE
VICTIM; CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM; RUFUS CATFISH MAYFIELD - VICTIM;
STOKELY CARMICHAEL - VICTIM. OO- MINNEAPOLIS. EXTORTION -
RACIAL MATTERS.

RE ATLANTA TELETYPE TO DIRECTOR, MILWAUKEE, CLEVELAND, LOS ANGELES, NEW
ORLEANS, NEW YORK, LOUISVILLE, AND MIAMI.

FOR THE INFORMATION OF JACKSON, RE TEL STATES AS FOLLOWS:
ATLANTA, GA., OFFICE OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE,
(SCLC) IN RECEIPT OF OBSCENE LETTER THREATENING LIVES OF LISTED
VICTIMS, POSTMARKED MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA, MAY TWO, SIXTYNINE,
WITH RETURN ADDRESS DALE CARL JEFFRIES, SIX ZERO SEVEN WATER
STREET, EAU CLAIRE, WISCONSIN.

ATLANTA UNFAMILIAR WITH NAME RUFUS CATFISH MAYFIELD.

NO LEAD BEING SET OUT TO CONTACT STOKELY CARMICHAEL AS RESULT
OF HIS BEING OUT OF COUNTRY.

END PAGE ONE

9-49534-1
9-44386-41

PAGE TWO

COPIES INSTANT TELETYPE BEING SENT LOUISVILLE AND MIAMI AS INFO
CLAY IN ONE OF TWO CITIES.

RECEIVING OFFICES NOTIFY APPROPRIATE LOCAL AUTHORITIES AND
VICTIMS.

MILWAUKEE, LOCATE AND INTERVIEW SUBJECT.

LHM TO FOLLOW.

NEW ORLEANS DISREGARD LEAD.

JACKSON, NOTIFY CHARLES EVERS AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

AIR MAIL COPY FURNISHED MINNEAPOLIS.

END.

ERT

FBI WASH DC*

TUE

ORIGINAL: MR. ROSEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATION SECTION

MAY 2 1969

TELETYPE

FBI WASH DC

FBI ATLANTA

3 00 PM URGENT 5/2/69 LJA

TO DIRECTOR, BOSTON, AND MINNEAPOLIS
FROM ATLANTA 9-1909 P

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

LUCIUS L. VALERA; CONGRESSMAN ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. -
VICTIM; ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, III - VICTIM; JULIAN BOND - VICTIM;
CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM; LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER - VICTIM; H. RAP
BROWN - VICTIM; CARL STOKES - VICTIM. EXTORTION. OO: MINNEAPOLIS

REFERENCE WFO TELETYPE TO BUREAU, ATLANTA, ET AL, MAY ONE,
SIXTYNINE.

FOR INFO OF BOSTON, REFERENCED TELETYPE REFLECTS WASHINGTON,
D. C. OFFICE OF ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. IN RECEIPT OF OBSCENE
LETTER THREATING LIVES OF LISTED VICTIMS. LETTER POSTMARKED
MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA, WITH RETURN ADDRESS OF LUCIUS L.
VALERA, MACALASTER COLLEGE, ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA. WFO INSTRUCTED
RECEIVING OFFICES TO NOTIFY APPROPRIATE LOCAL AUTHORITIES AND
VICTIMS.

MR. HORACE BOND, FATHER OF VICTIM JULIAN BOND, ADVISES HIS
SON ON SPEAKING TOUR AND NOT TO RETURN TO ATLANTA UNTIL MAY TWENTYFOUR,
SIXTYNINE. ITINERARY OF VICTIM BOND KNOWN ONLY BY AMERICAN PROGRAM

END PAGE ONE

MAY 7 1969

70 MAY 13 1969

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

PAGE TWO

BUREAU, FIFTYNINE TEMPLE PLACE, BOSTON, MASS., ROBERT WALKER
DIRECTOR.

ATLANTA POLICE DEPARTMENT ADVISED OF RECEIPT OF THREATING
LETTER. ^{EN}

BOSTON CONTACT AMERICAN PROGRAM BUREAU, ASCERTAIN WHEREABOUTS
OF BOND AND HAVE BOND NOTIFY PER WFO LEAD.

END

SAA

FBI WASH DC

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATION SECTION

MAY 2 1969

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

NA 6 14 PM
5/2/69
JCS

FBI WASH DC

FBI BOSTON

501 PM URGENT

TO DIRECTOR, OMAHA AND MINNEAPOLIS
FROM BOSTON (9 NEW) (RUC)

LUCIUS L. VALERA; CONGRESSMAN ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. -
VICTIM; ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, III - VICTIM; JULIAN BOND - VICTIM;
CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM; LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER - VICTIM; H. RAP
BROWN - VICTIM; CARL STOKES - VICTIM. EXTORTION. OO*
MINNEAPOLIS.

RE ATLANTA TELETYPE TO BUREAU, BOSTON AND MINNEAPOLIS
MAY TWO INSTANT.

FOR INFORMATION OF OMAHA, REFERENCED TELETYPE INDICATES
WASHINGTON, D.C. OFFICE OF ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR., IN RECEIPT
OF OBSCENE LETTER THREATENING LIVES OF LISTED VICTIMS. LETTER
POSTMARKED MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA WITH RETURN ADDRESS OF LUCIUS
L. VALERA, MACALASTER COLLEGE, ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA. REFERENCED
10 MAY 15 1969

END PAGE ONE

EX-116

53 MAY 12 1969

cc - McKinnon

BS 9 NEW

PAGE TWO

TELETYPE INSTRUCTED RECEIVING OFFICES TO NOTIFY APPROPRIATE
LOCAL AUTHORITIES AND VICTIMS.

INVESTIGATION ATLANTA DETERMINED VICTIM JULIAN BOND ON
SPEAKING TOUR WITH ITINERARY KNOWN ONLY BY AMERICAN PROGRAM
BUREAU, BOSTON, MASS.

ROBERT WALKER, DIRECTOR, AMERICAN PROGRAM BUREAU, ADVISED
THIS DATE JULIAN BOND WILL ARRIVE IN WATERLOO, IOWA, AT FOUR
FORTYSEVEN, CENTRAL DAYLIGHT TIME, ABOARD OZARK FLIGHT EIGHT
EIGHT NINE AND WILL BE DRIVEN BY AUTOMOBILE TO DECORAH, IOWA,
WHERE HE WILL SPEAK AT LUTHER COLLEGE TONIGHT. BOND CAN BE
REACHED THROUGH LUTHER COLLEGE PROGRAM CHAIRMAN, LYNN ISAACSON,
AT TELEPHONE TWO ONE NINE - THREE EIGHT TWO - THREE SIX TWO ONE.
WALKER ALSO ATTEMPTING TO CONTACT BOND AND INFORM HIM OF
THREATENING LETTER.

END PAGE TWO

BS 9 NEW

PAGE THREE

OMAHA ATTEMPT TO CONTACT BOND AND NOTIFY HIM.

ATLANTA ADVISED BY MAIL.

END

ERT

FBI WASH DC

TUP

May 2, 1969

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

This case involves an obscene letter threatening the lives of the victims, all well-known Negroes. Leroy Cleaver is presently a Bureau fugitive. The return address listed one Lucius L. Valera, Macalaster College, St. Paul, Minnesota, for whom there is no record in Bureau indices. Our Minneapolis Office is attempting to identify the subject and will discuss case with the U. S. Attorney to determine if a prosecutable violation of the Federal Extortion Statute exists. Victims and appropriate local authorities being advised. Threatening communication has been obtained and is being forwarded to FBI Laboratory for appropriate examination.

CRM:ms

FBI

Date: 5/1/69

the following in

PLAINTEXT

(Type in plaintext or code)

TELETYPE

URGENT

(Priority)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Mr. Holmes

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI AND SACS ATLANTA, CLEVELAND, LOUISVILLE,
MIAMI, MINNEAPOLIS, NEW YORK AND SAN FRANCISCO

FROM: SAC, WFO (9-New)

LUCIUS L. VALERA; CONGRESSMAN ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. -

VICTIM; ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, III - VICTIM; JULIAN BOND - VICTIM;

CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM; LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER - VICTIM; H. RAP

BROWN - VICTIM; CARL STOKES - VICTIM. EXTORTION. OO:MINNEAPOLIS.

WASHINGTON, D. C. OFFICE OF ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR., IN
RECEIPT OF OBSCENE LETTER THREATENING LIVES OF LISTED VICTIMS,
POSTMARKED MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA, APRIL TWENTYNINE LAST WITH
RETURN ADDRESS LUCIUS L. VALERA, MACALASTER COLLEGE, ST. PAUL,
MINNESOTA.

RECEIVING OFFICES NOTIFY APPROPRIATE LOCAL AUTHORITIES AND
VICTIMS IF POSSIBLE. MINNEAPOLIS ^{IDENTIFY} SUBJECT PER WFO TELE CALL.

Letterhead memoranda

LHM TO FOLLOW.

- 2 - Bureau
- 3 - Teletype Unit
- 2 - WFO

WEN:pab
(7)

Deleted Copy Sent
by Letter 10-14-71
Per FOIA Request

Approved:

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

53 MAY 12 1969



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C. 20537

REPORT

of the

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION

YOUR FILE NO.

FBI FILE NO. **REC-72**

LATENT CASE NO.

9-44386 -36
64110

May 20, 1969

TO:

SAC, WFO

RE: LUCIUS L. VALERA;
 CONGRESSMAN ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. -
 VICTIM; ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM;
 JULIAN BOND - VICTIM; STONELY CARMICHAEL - VICTIM;
 CASIUS CLAY - VICTIM; LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER - VICTIM;
 H. RAY BROWN - VICTIM; CARL STOKES - VICTIM;
 LITORTION

REFERENCE:

EXAMINATION REQUESTED BY: **Airtel 5-1-69**

SPECIMENS:

Deleted Copy Sent H. Ray Brownby Letter 10-14-76Per FOIA Request yr

One envelope, Q10

Three pages of an accompanying letter, Q17
through Q19

The listed Q specimens are described in the
 Laboratory report, which is being furnished separately.

No latent impressions of value developed on
 the specimens, which are enclosed.

Enc. (4)

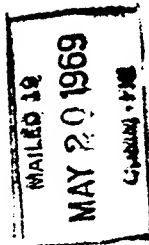
2 - Minneapolis

RDF:cm

(7)

John Edgar Hoover, Director

THIS REPORT IS FURNISHED FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT ☐

OBSCENE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Recorded 5/2/69 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Recorded 5-12-69 3:25 p.m.

Received 5-12-69
Laboratory Work Sheet

NO LAB FILE

Re: LUCIUS L. VALERA;

CONGRESSMAN ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. -

VICTIM; ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM;

JULIAN BOND - VICTIM; STOKELY CARMICHAEL - VICTIM;

CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM; LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER - VICTIM;

H. RAP BROWN - VICTIM; CARL STOKES - VICTIM

EXTORTION

Examination requested by:

SAC, WFO (9-new) Airtel 5/1/69

Examination requested:

Document - Fingerprint

Date received:

5/2/69

Result of Examination:

Examination by:

~~W. J. J. J.~~
15-4-1
Forester

Mr. L. Val. I. C. m. 5/15
" " " sil. m. 5/16
Saf. rept. 5/17
Specimens sub.

Specimens submitted for examination

Q16 ~~627~~ Envelope postmarked "MINNEAPOLIS MN 4A AM 29 APR 1969" with hand printed address "HON. MR. ADAM CLAYTON POWELL c/o HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, LEGISLATIVE BRANCH, WASHINGTON, D.C."

Q17 ~~628~~ First page of accompanying handwritten and hand printed letter dated "April 29, 1969." beginning "William Clayton Powell; tell, black....."

Q18 ~~629~~ Second page, beginning "Next on the list....."

Q19 ~~630~~ Third page, beginning "We will broil that....."

Return evidence

Examination completed

4/15/69

Time

Date

dictated

Date

Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

5/1/69

FROM: SAC, WFO (9-New) (P)

ATTENTION: LAB DIVISION

LUCIUS L. VALERA;
CONGRESSMAN ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM;
ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM;
JULIAN BOND - VICTIM;
STOKELY CARMICHAEL - VICTIM;
CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM;
LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER - VICTIM;
H. RAP BROWN - VICTIM;
CARL STOKES - VICTIM
EXTORTION
(OO:MP)

690502116

Re: ANNIE ELISE O'HALL - Victim

ReWFOteletype to Bureau dated 5/1/69 and WFOtel call to MP the same date.

Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above. Also enclosed for the Bureau are the originals of the letter and envelope in envelope marked obscene. Also two copies of FD-376. Enclosed for each receiving office are two copies of the same LHM. One copy designated for WFO of U.S. Secret Service.

Copies of LHM to receiving offices, with exception of OO, in view of POWELL and his son being in New York City, BOND in Atlanta, CLAY possibly in either Louisville or Miami, CLEAVER out of San Francisco territory, BROWN in New York City, STOKES in Cleveland.

- ENCLOSURE
- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 8)
 - 2 - Atlanta (Enc. 2)
 - 2 - Cleveland (Enc. 2)
 - 2 - Louisville (Enc. 2)
 - 2 - Miami (Enc. 2)
 - 2 - Minneapolis (Enc. 2)
 - 2 - New York (Enc. 2)
 - 1 - San Francisco (Enc. 2)
 - 1 - WFO

MCT-36

REG-24

PHOTOGRAPHED

MAY 6 2 1969

EX-103

14 MAY 6 1969

VEN: stb
(18)

1 - Secret Service
5 - Deleted Copy Sent by letter 10-14-71
FOIA Request

L. E. P.

WFO 9-New

Investigation reflected in LHM conducted by SAs [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] JR., and [REDACTED]

WFO indices negative re subject.

REQUEST OF THE BUREAU

The Identification Division is requested to process letter and envelope for latent fingerprints. It is noted that the letter has been handled by Mrs. DORAIN PRICE, Administrative Assistant to Congressman POWELL, and EMMA SWANN, receptionist in the congressman's office.

The Laboratory is requested to compare handwriting with similar samples contained in the anonymous letter file.

LEADS

MINNEAPOLIS

AT MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA. 1) Present to USA.

2) Identify subject.

OTHER RECEIVING OFFICES

Notify appropriate local authorities and victims if possible.

WASHINGTON FIELD

AT WASHINGTON, D.C. Maintain contact with Congressman POWELL's office.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C. 20535

May 1, 1969

LUCIUS L. VALERA;
CONGRESSMAN ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM;
ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, III - VICTIM;
JULIAN BOND - VICTIM;
STOKLEY CARMICHAEL - VICTIM;
CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM;
LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER - VICTIM;
H. RAP BROWN - VICTIM;
CARL STOKES - VICTIM
EXTORTION

On May 1, 1969, Mrs. Doraine Price, Administrative Assistant, Office of Congressman Adam Clayton Powell, Jr., Room 2244, Rayburn Building, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., made available to Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, a letter received by the Congressman's office that morning, which was postmarked at Minneapolis, Minnesota. The return address on the envelope was "Lucius L. Valera, Macalaster College, St. Paul, Minnesota." The letter, which was obscene, contained threats against the lives of the above listed victims. A copy of the letter and its envelope is attached in an envelope marked "Obscene."

It is noted that the envelope is addressed to "Honorable Mr. Adam Clayton Powell," whereas the letter refers to "William Clayton Powell." Also, the letter refers to "Otis Cleaver," probably meaning Leroy Eldridge Cleaver.

Mrs. Price advised that the Congressman is in New York City and she would notify him of the letter. She stated that the subject's name and the date May 10, 1969, have no significance to her knowledge.

Attachment: 1

9 - 44386 - 36

49520

ENCLOSURE

LUCIUS L. VALERA

The following local authorities in Washington, D. C., were notified of this letter on May 1, 1969:

[REDACTED] Intelligence
Division, United States Secret Service.

[REDACTED] United States Capitol Police.
[REDACTED] Intelligence Unit, Metropolitan Police Department.

This document contains neither
recommendations nor conclusions of
the FBI. It is the property of
the FBI and is loaned to your agency;
it and its contents are not to be
distributed outside your agency.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

To: FBI, Minneapolis

Date: May 15, 1969

Re: LUCIUS L. VALERA; CONGRESSMAN ADAM CLAYTON
POWELL, JR. - VICTIM; ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. -
VICTIM; JULIAN BOND - VICTIM; STOKELY CARMICHAEL -
VICTIM; CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM;
LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER -
VICTIM; H. RAP BROWN -
VICTIM; CARL STOKER -
VICTIM
EXTORTION

John Edgar Hoover, Director

OO: Minneapolis

FBI File No. 9-44386
Lab. No. D-690502116 AT

Examination requested by: Washington Field Office

Reference: Airtel 5/1/69

Deleted Copy Sent H. Rap Brown
by Letter 10-14-76
Per FOIA Request

Examination requested: Document - Fingerprint

Remarks:

Q16 through Q19 are being returned with the
results of the fingerprint examination.

Minneapolis was office of origin concerning
prior investigations in this file in connection with the
Minneapolis file numbers listed herein.

No significant indented writing was found on
Q16 through Q19. Q16 through Q19 were written with a

Enclosures (2) (2 Lab report)

2 - Washington Field Office (9-New) Enclosures (2) (2 Lab report)

1 - Atlanta Enclosure (Lab report)

1 - Cleveland Enclosure (Lab report)

1 - Louisville Enclosure (Lab report)

1 - Miami Enclosure (Lab report)

1 - New York Enclosure (Lab report)

1 - San Francisco Enclosure (Lab report)

5 - Minneapolis (157-414, 157-163, 66-3207A, 157-412, 9-1200)

Enclosures (5) (5 Lab report)

1 - Bureau file (80-600)

MAILED 21

MAY 15 1969

COMM-FBI

olson _____
eLoach _____
ohr _____
ishop _____
asper _____
allahan _____
inrad _____
dt _____
le _____
sen _____
livan _____
vel _____
tter _____
e. Page _____
per _____
dy _____

CEB:RJC (18)

19 MAY 16 1969

EX-100

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE (continued on next page)

Page 1
MAY 15 1969

TELETYPE UNIT

ball-point pen having blue ink. A six-cent U.S. postage stamp which came from a sheet of stamps was attached to Q16. Q16 is an envelope of the Holiday Inn, Downtown Minneapolis, and Q17 through Q19 are sheets of stationery of the Curtis Hotel and Motor Lodge, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

NOTE: The search of the Anonymous Letter File in this matter was conducted by Special Agent David Comeaux, who effected the identification set forth in this report.

REPORT
of theFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

To: FBI, Minneapolis (9-1449)

Date:

May 22, 1969

FBI File No.

9-44386 - 27

Lab. No.

D-690509049 AT

D-690509050 AT

Re: LUCIUS L. VALERA; CONGRESSMAN ADAM
CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM;
ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, III - VICTIM;
JULIAN BOND - VICTIM; CASSIUS CLAY -
VICTIM; LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER - VICTIM;
H. RAP BROWN - VICTIM; CARL STOKES - VICTIM; EXTORTION

Specimens received 5/9/69 from Washington Field Office

Q24 Envelope postmarked "MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. 3B AM 5 MAY 1969,"
bearing handwritten address "Hon. Adam Clayton Powell
U.S. House of Representatives, Washington, D.C."

Q25 Page one of accompanying two-page handwritten letter
dated May 4, 1969, beginning "Adam Clayton Powell: Well..."
ending "...animal."

Q26 Page two of accompanying two-page handwritten letter
beginning "2. If you think..." signed "Signature K.K.K."

Specimens received 5/9/69 from Minneapolis

K7 Envelope postmarked "MINNEAPOLIS MINN. 6 FEB 27
5:30 PM 1962" bearing handwritten address "Mr. Daniel Hintges
Mpls. Work House Parkers Lake Minn" and accompanying
handwritten letter dated 2/19/62, beginning "Dear Daniel, Should
signed "Hank" and note dated 8/5/60, beginning "Dear Sir:
I..." signed "Henry J. Cantwell" bearing handwriting of
HENRY J. CANTWELL

Kc8 Photocopy of note beginning "Dear Erma..." bearing handwriting
of THEODORE BRAUN

Result of examination:

The conclusion was reached that the questioned
handwriting on Q24 through Q26 was written by the writer
of the questioned writing on other specimens submitted
previously in this case.

Due to an insufficient amount of comparable
handwriting, a definite conclusion was not reached whether
the writers of K7 and Kc8 wrote any of the questioned writing
on the specimens in this matter.

No indented writing was found on Q24 through Q26.
The writing on Q24 through Q26 was prepared with a ball-point
pen having black ink. A six-cent U.S. postage stamp which
came from a sheet of stamps was attached to Q24.

CEB:RJC(8)

(continued on next page)

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

The envelope Q24 and the sheets of paper Q25 and Q26 are stationery of the Curtis Hotel and Motor Lodge, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

Q24 through Q26 are being returned separately. K7 is being returned herewith to Minneapolis. Kc8 and photographs of Q24 through Q26 and K7 are retained.

5/2/69

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY
FROM: SAC, WFO

CHANGED

LOUISE L. VALERA; aka
James Stewart
CONGRESSMAN ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR., - VICTIMS
ET AL
EXTORTION
(OO:MP)
(WFO File 9-2356) (P)

DALE CARL JEFFRIES;
REVEREND RALPH ABERNATHY - VICTIMS
ET AL
EXTORTION
(OO:AT)
(WFO File 9-NEW) (P)

Title of first case in dual caption above marked "CHANGED" to reflect name used in return address in letter, info pertaining to which is enclosed with this airtel, as subject of previous case is probably identical with subject who wrote this letter.

ReWFOteletype to Bu, 5/1/69, and airtel and LHM of same date, both titled VALERA as above; and Buteltype to WFO and AT, 5/6/69, titled JEFFRIES as above.

- 5 - Bureau (Enc. 2)
- 3 - Minneapolis (Enc. 2)
- 3 - Atlanta (Enc. 2)
- 2 - WFO

WKM:cas
(13)

AIRTEL

WFO 9-2224

Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies of an LHM dated and captioned VALERA, aka Stewart, as above. Also enclosed for the Bureau are the originals of the letter and envelope from STEWART, marked obscene. Two copies of an FD 376 also enclosed for the Bureau.

Enclosed for Minneapolis and Atlanta are two copies each of same LHM. One copy of LHM designated for WFO of the U.S. Secret Service.

For the information of Minneapolis, info from Bureau teletype dated 5/6/69, to WFO and Atlanta follows:

DALE CARL JEFFRIES;
REVEREND RALPH ABERNATHY - VICTIM;
ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM;
CARL STOKES - VICTIM;
CHARLES EVERS - VICTIM;
HARRY DAVIS, JR. - VICTIM;
HARRY BELAFONTE - VICTIM;
CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM;
RUFUS CATFISH MAYFIELD - VICTIM;
STOKELY CARMICHAEL - VICTIM
EXTORTION
(OO:MP)

ReWFOteletype to the Bu 5/1/69 captioned "LUCIUS L. VALERA; CONGRESSMAN ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM; ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, III - VICTIM; JULIAN BORD - VICTIM; CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM; LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER - VICTIM; H. RAP BROWN - VICTIM; CARL STOKES - VICTIM. EXTORTION. OO: MP". For the information of WFO, Atlanta was advised that the office of Southern Christian Leadership Conference in receipt of obscene letter threatening lives of listed victims, postmarked Minneapolis, Minnesota, May 10, 1969, with return address DALE CARL JEFFRIES, 607 Water Street, Eau Claire, Wisconsin. Atlanta unfamiliar with name RUFUS CATFISH MAYFIELD.

WFO and Atlanta should coordinate these two investigations in the hope of identifying a common denominator. Attention is invited to the fact that both letters were postmarked in Minneapolis, Minnesota. WFO should furnish background info to Atlanta concerning RUFUS CATFISH MAYFIELD and advise appropriate local authorities in the event MAYFIELD is presently in the WDC area. WFO advise MAYFIELD of threat.

Air Mail copy sent Miami.

WFO 9-2286

For the info of Atlanta, RUFUS CAYFISH MAYFIELD is described as follows: "A publically described local racial agitator in Washington, D.C. whose presence at racial disturbances has been widely reported by the local press. He was founder of Pride, Inc., in 1967, an organization funded by the U.S. Department of Labor to provide jobs for ghetto youths. He currently claims employment as a speaker at various colleges throughout the country. He is currently on probation on a narcotics charge and is involved in an FBI case regarding possible FAS at Pride, Inc."

U.S. Capitol Police, U.S. Secret Service, Intelligence Division, and Metropolitan Police Department Intelligence Unit, WDC, advised of letter from STEWART. WFO Intelligence Unit advised of threat against MAYFIELD.

WFO attempting to contact MAYFIELD.

Investigation in LHM conducted by SA's [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]

REQUEST OF THE BUREAU

The Laboratory is requested to compare handwriting in enclosed letter with the handwriting previously submitted in this case from VALERA and with handwriting in the JEFFRIES case.

The Identification Division is requested to process letter and envelope for latent fingerprints.

LEADS

MINNEAPOLIS

- AT MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA. 1. Present to DEA.
2. Continue attempts to identify subject.

WASHINGTON FIELD

AT WASHINGTON, D. C. Advise MAYFIELD of threat.

FBI

Date: 5/7/69

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI ATTN: FBI LABORATORY

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (9-1911) (P)

DALE CARL JEFFRIES;
 REVEREND RALPH ABERNATHY - VICTIM;
 ADAM BLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM
 CARL STOKES - VICTIM;
 CHARLES EVERS - VICTIM;
 SAMMY DAVIS, JR. - VICTIM
 HARRY BELAFONTE - VICTIM;
 CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM;
 RUFUS GAREFISH MAYFIELD - VICTIM;
 STOKELY CARMICHAEL - VICTIM
 EXTORTION - RM
 (OO: MINNEAPOLIS)

Re Atlanta teletype to Bureau dated 5/6/69, and
 Bureau teletype to WFO dated 5/6/69.

Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies of an LHM,
 and for all recipient offices two copies of same LHM, dated
 and captioned as above, and suitable for dissemination.

Also enclosed for the Bureau is the original of
 the extortion letter and envelope marked "obscene".

- 2-Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
 2-Minneapolis (Enc. 2) (RM)
 2-Milwaukee (Enc. 2) (RM)
 2-Cleveland (Enc. 2) (RM)
 2-Los Angeles (Enc. 2) (RM)
 2-New York (Enc. 2) (RM)
 2-Louisville (Enc. 2) (RM)
 2-Miami (Enc. 2) (RM)
 2-Jackson (Enc. 2) (RM)
 2-WFO (Enc. 2) (RM)
 2-Atlanta

REF:bjc

(22)

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

MAY 9 1969

FBI

M

Per _____

action (over)

AT 9-1911

Re Bureau teletype to WFO referenced WFO teletype to Bureau dated 5/1/69, captioned "LUCIUS L. VALERA; CONGRESSMAN ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM; ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, III - VICTIM; JULIAN BOND - VICTIM; CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM; LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER - VICTIM; H. RAP BROWN - VICTIM; CARL STOKES - VICTIM; EXTORTION. OO: MINNEAPOLIS," and suggested WFO and Atlanta should coordinate these two investigations in the hope of identifying a common denominator.

Attention is drawn to the fact that both letters were postmarked in Minneapolis, Minnesota. WFO is to furnish background information to Atlanta concerning RUFUS CATFISH MAYFIELD and advise appropriate local authorities in the event MAYFIELD is presently in the Washington, D. C., area.

Milwaukee advised that the name of DALE CARL JEFFRIES does not appear in the Eau Claire, Wisc., City Directory, telephone directory, directory of Wisconsin State University at Eau Claire, files of Eau Claire, Wisc., Police Department, or Northwestern Credit Bureau, Inc. No record, Eau Claire Post Office, of subject ever having received mail or having ever left forwarding address. Address 607 Water Street, Eau Claire, is fictitious, as numbers jump from 601 to 609 Water Street.

The Agent referred to in the enclosed LHM is [REDACTED] of the Atlanta Office.

REQUEST TO THE BUREAU

The Identification Division is requested to process letter and envelope for latents. It is noted that the letter has been handled by Miss DORA MC DONALD, Secretary to Rev. RALPH ABERNATHY, SCLC Offices, Atlanta, Georgia.

It is also noted that instant letter and envelope should be compared with the letter and envelope in aforementioned case on LUCIUS L. VALERA.

AT 9-1911

The FBI Laboratory is also requested to compare handwriting with similar samples contained in the anonymous letter file.

LEADS

MINNEAPOLIS

AT MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Attempt to identify subject in instant case and afore-mentioned LUCIUS L. VALERA.

Present to USA.

OTHER RECEIVING OFFICES

Notify appropriate local authorities and victims if possible.

ATLANTA

AT ATLANTA, GA.

Will maintain contact with SCLC Offices, Atlanta, Georgia.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Atlanta, Georgia
May 7, 1969

DALE CARL JEFFRIES;
REVEREND RALPH ABERNATHY - VICTIM
ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM
CARL STOKES - VICTIM
CHARLES EVERS - VICTIM
SAMMY DAVIS, JR. - VICTIM
HARRY BELAFONTE - VICTIM
CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM
RUFUS CATFISH MAYFIELD - VICTIM
STOKELY CARMICHAEL - VICTIM
EXTORTION - RACIAL MATTERS

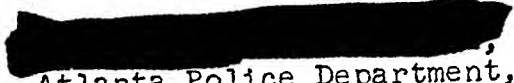
On May 6, 1969, Miss DORA E. MC DONALD, Secretary to the President, Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) Offices, 334 Auburn Avenue, Southeast, Atlanta, Georgia, made available to a Special Agent of the FBI a letter received by the SCLC Offices on May 5, 1969, which was addressed to SCLC President Reverend RALPH ABERNATHY, postmarked May 2, 1968, at Minneapolis, Minnesota. The return address on the envelope was DALE CARL JEFFRIES, 607 Water Street, Eau Claire, Wisconsin. The letter, which was obscene, contained threats against the lives of the above-listed victims. A copy of the letter and its envelope is attached in an envelope marked "obscene".

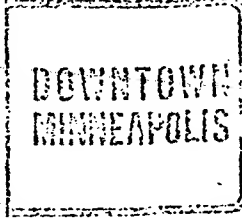
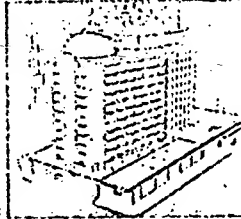
Miss MC DONALD advised that Reverend ABERNATHY has been made aware of the letter and its contents. She stated that the name DALE CARL JEFFRIES and the date May 12, 1969, had no significance to Reverend ABERNATHY or herself.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

9 - 44386 - 31
ENCLOSURE

DALE CARL JEFFRIES;
REVEREND RALPH ABERNATHY - VICTIM

, External Security
Division, Atlanta Police Department, Atlanta, Georgia,
was notified of this letter on May 6, 1969.



May 2, 1969

Rev. Ralph Abernathy

Well, black
mother-fucker, your days
are numbered. This is
the very last straw.
Mother fucker, you will
be assassinated May 12th,
in your own home,
nigger bastard.
The Ku Klux Klan has
decree your death.
Before you die, we will
rip your balls out of
their socket, then hang
you on a scaffold.

ROOMS - APARTMENTS

AREA CODE 218-722-0000

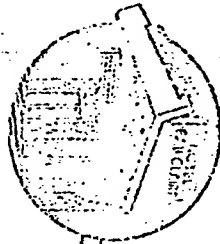
Cascade Motor Hotel

FIRST AVENUE WEST AND THIRD STREET

DULUTH, MINNESOTA 55806

C. WICK, MANAGER

2/ While you hang, you
will be set on fire,
Stokely Carmichael, Sam
Davis Jr, Harry Belafonte,
Cassius Clay, the draft
dodging yellow nigger,
Rufus W. Mayfield,
Adam Clayton Powell,
Carl Stokes, his brother,
Charles Evers, and many
more Nigger communists
like yourself must die,
You are doomed Nigger!
The Ku Klux Klan,
will burn you all
alive. Signed
K. K. K. - The JH



Hotel Eau Claire
NORTHWEST'S FINEST HOTEL
EAU CLAIRE, WISCONSIN 54701

Private

*For Ralph Abernethy
Southern Christian Leadership
Conference,
Atlanta,
Georgia*

Delivered
2 MAY 59
1969

Go
ZIP CODE
U.S. POSTAGE

Dale Carl Williams
- 607 Water St.
Eau Claire, Wisc.



FBI

Date: 5/6/69

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via Airtel _____
(Priority)TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: FBI Laboratory

FROM: SAC, MINNEAPOLIS (9-1449)

SUBJECT: LUCIUS L. VALERA;
CONGRESSMAN ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM;
ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, III - VICTIM;
JULIAN BOND - VICTIM;
CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM;
LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER - VICTIM;
H. RAP BROWN - VICTIM;
CARL STOKES - VICTIM.
EXTORTION

Od: Minneapolis

Re WFO telephone call, teletype, airtel and
LHM, dated 5/1/69.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 13 copies of an LHM, captioned matter. Extra copies of the LHM have been included for Bufiles 9-44386 and 157-8356, inasmuch as the same individual possibly prepared the letters in these cases. Also enclosed for the Bureau is a letter and envelope prepared by [redacted] addressed to Mr. DANIEL HENTGES, letter dated 2/19/62 and a letter dated 8/5/60, prepared by [redacted]; the letter having been furnished by a Minneapolis informant in 1961. Enclosed, too, is a xerox copy of a card beginning "Dear ERMA", which was written by [redacted]. Also enclosed for the Bureau are two FD-302s.

Enclosed for WFO is 1 LHM, captioned matter.

- ③ - Bureau (ENC. 19)
1 - WFO (ENC. 1) (RM)
2 - Minneapolis
CMB:wkb

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

SEVEN

12 MAY 9 1969

MCT-29

9-44386-29

9-44386

etel Copy Sent H Page Brown
by Letter 10-1-69
Per FOIA Request

INDEXED FILES

Lat (6)
5-22-69
CC: [redacted]

[Signature]

100 LHM
Sent 5/14/69

690509049
The [redacted]
M. [redacted]
[redacted]

11
8
2
3
16

MP 9-1449

Investigation at St. Paul, Minnesota conducted
by SA [REDACTED]

Minneapolis indices contain no previous information identifiable with LUCIUS L. VALERA.

The following offices advise by teletypes on date instant that local authorities and victims notified:

Chicago, 5/3/69 (Victim CLAY)

Omaha, 5/2/69 (Victim BOND)

[REDACTED] furnished handwriting specimens on file with the Intelligence Unit of the Minneapolis Police Department of [REDACTED], noting that [REDACTED] has previously been identified with anti-Negro sentiments and is considered to be "Right Wing."

[REDACTED] so furnished a xerox copy of a postcard written by [REDACTED], noting that [REDACTED] FBI # [REDACTED] was acquitted in a murder trial in 1968, at which trial it was noted that [REDACTED] travels extensively, collects hotel and motel stationery and is a prolific note writer.

[REDACTED] advised on 5/5/69 that no subject has been identified in connection with the series of letters sent to the Mayor of Minneapolis and other individuals of prominence in this area; however, their investigation is continuing to identify this letter writer. [REDACTED] advised one other possible suspect is [REDACTED] a resident of rural Minnesota who is known to travel extensively and is known to be associated with "Ultra-Right causes."

The FBI Laboratory is requested to compare the enclosed handwriting of [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] with the letter which was directed to Congressman POWELL and also to other letters on file in Bureau file 9-44386, and additionally compare any handwriting appearing in the FBI record of [REDACTED] to the letter in this case.

MP 9-1449

Upon receipt of the results of an examination conducted by the FBI Laboratory, a report will be submitted in this case for referral to the Civil Rights Division of the Department of Justice.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535
May 6, 1969

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. MP 9-1449

Director
United States Secret Service
Department of the Treasury
Washington, D. C. 20220

RE: LUCIUS L. VALERA;
CONGRESSMAN ADAM CLAYTON
POWELL - VICTIM
ETC.

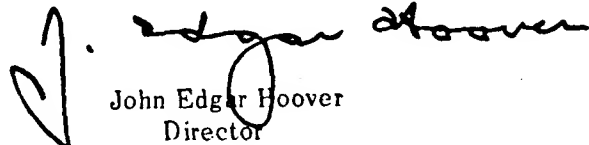
Dear Sir:

The information furnished herewith concerns an individual who is believed to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning Presidential protection, and to fall within the category or categories checked.

1. ☐ Has attempted or threatened bodily harm to any government official or employee, including foreign government officials residing in or planning an imminent visit to the U. S., because of his official status.
2. ☐ Has attempted or threatened to redress a grievance against any public official by other than legal means.
3. ☐ Because of background is potentially dangerous; or has been identified as member or participant in communist movement; or has been under active investigation as member of other group or organization inimical to U. S.
4. ☐ U. S. citizens or residents who defect from the U. S. to countries in the Soviet or Chinese Communist blocs and return.
5. ☒ Subversives, ultrarightists, racists and fascists who meet one or more of the following criteria:
 - (a) ☐ Evidence of emotional instability (including unstable residence and employment record) or irrational or suicidal behavior;
 - (b) ☐ Expressions of strong or violent anti-U. S. sentiment;
 - (c) ☒ Prior acts (including arrests or convictions) or conduct or statements indicating a propensity for violence and antipathy toward good order and government.
6. ☐ Individuals involved in illegal bombing or illegal bomb-making.

Photograph ☐ has been furnished ☐ enclosed ☐ is not available
☐ may be available through _____

Very truly yours,


John Edgar Hoover
Director

1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s) 1 (RM)
U. S. Secret Service Minneapolis, Minnesota

Enclosure(s) 1 (RM) (Upon removal of classified enclosures, if any, this transmittal form becomes UNCLASSIFIED.)



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Minneapolis, Minnesota

May 6, 1969

LUCIUS L. VALERA;
CONGRESSMAN ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM;
ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, III - VICTIM;
JULIAN BOND - VICTIM;
CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM;
LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER - VICTIM;
H. RAP BROWN - VICTIM;
CARL STOKES - VICTIM.

On May 1, 1969 a letter was received at the Office of Congressman Adam Clayton Powell, Jr., Washington, D.C., postmarked April 29, 1969, Minneapolis, Minnesota, bearing the return address Lucius L. Valera, Macalester College, St. Paul, Minnesota; the envelope being stationery of the Holiday Inn Central, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

The letter, which was on stationery of the Curtis Hotel Motor Lodge, Minneapolis, Minnesota, was obscene and contained threats against the lives of the above listed victims.

On May 1, 1969 [REDACTED] Macalester College, St. Paul, Minnesota, advised that a review of current and former full-time and part-time student records, as well as personnel records, disclosed no one currently or previously affiliated with the school by the name of Lucius L. Valera.

A review of current Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minnesota Telephone and City Directories reveals no listing for a Lucius L. Valera.

On May 2, 1969 [REDACTED] Intelligence Unit, Minneapolis Police Department, advised that the records of that department contain no information identifiable with a Lucius L. Valera.

9-11-69
ENCLOSURE

LUCIUS L. VALERA

[REDACTED] noted that during the past two years the Minneapolis Police Department has been conducting investigation in an attempt to identify an individual who has written letters to the Mayor of Minneapolis as well as individuals identified in the press, usually Negroes. This letter writer uses hotel and motel stationery and a fictitious name and usually a non-existent address on the envelope. [REDACTED] noted that the letter received by Congressman Powell appeared similar in content and preparation to the letters which have been directed to victims in Minneapolis during the past two years.

Copies of this memo have been furnished locally to the following agencies: Secret Service, Minneapolis; United States Attorney, Minneapolis; Military Intelligence, St. Paul; Office of Special Investigation, St. Paul (Air Force); and Naval Investigative Service, Minneapolis.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552Section 552a☐ (b)(1)☐ (b)(7)(A)☐ (d)(5)☐ (b)(2)☐ (b)(7)(B)☐ (j)(2)☐ (b)(3)☐ (b)(7)(C)☐ (k)(1)☐ (b)(7)(D)☐ (k)(2)☐ (b)(7)(E)☐ (k)(3)☐ (b)(7)(F)☐ (k)(4)☐ (b)(4)☐ (b)(8)☐ (k)(5)☐ (b)(5)☐ (b)(9)☐ (k)(6)☐ (b)(6)☐ (k)(7)

- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of _____

1 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): These pages concern Another Subject
and are Outside The Scope (OS) of your Request.

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

9-44386-100X

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this page X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

TRUE COPY

I sincerely hope,
you have the nerve to
read this letter

Feb-4 1970

Hialeah, Fla.

U.S. Representative Dante Fascell;

Dear Sir;

You are pro-Communist, Pro Nigger, Pro-Black Panther, Pro-Black Militant, and positively Anti-Semitic! Your a rotten anti-American, a lackey and fellow traveler Communist, you phony.

Six million Jews were murdered between the years of 1939 to 1945. Where, was your voice then, you rotten Nigger loving piece of garbage? But, you filthy left wing liberal Democrats support, Black Panther bastards, like Stokeley Carmichael, Bobby Seale, Dick Gregory, make a fuss over Sam Davis Jr. A one-eyed Nigger Black Panther Communist, who is a member of a rat pack, and a buddy of mafia pimp Frank Sinatra. What a collection of crap, you Democrats have now.

U.S. Senators, Edward Kennedy, Murderer, of an innocent woman, Fred Harris, National Democrat Chairman, stooge of blabber mouth H.M.I. Humphrey, Mr. Horeshit Himself, Jacob Javits, the junk peddler, and gutless bastard, really is a phony Republican turned crummy Democrat, Emmanuel Celler, senile old fuck, ready for the box, piece of shit Mike Mansfield, piece of horeshit punk Walter Mondale, who is another Humphrey stooge and suck hole, ass hole nigger Communist mother fucker Adam Clayton Powell, Nigger bastard Carl Stokes of Cleveland, a real Communist bastard of horse shit. Phony of phonies J. William Fulbright of Arkansas, a senile mother-fucker, and a disgrace to all Americans. All of them including yourself Dante Fascell should be hung on scaffolds, built in front of the White House in Washington, D.C. I would love to spring the trap on all of you. Long live George C. Wallace, our next President. YOU ALL ARE TOTALITARIAN LIBERALS STOOGES AND LACKEYS OF NIGGER COMMUNISTS.

TRUE COPY

~~9-50661-2~~
9-44386-100X

*O recent
true copy*

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

15 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552Section 552a☐ (b)(1)☐ (b)(7)(A)☐ (d)(5)☐ (b)(2)☐ (b)(7)(B)☐ (j)(2)☐ (b)(3)☐ (b)(7)(C)☐ (k)(1)☐ (b)(7)(D)☐ (k)(2)☐ (b)(7)(E)☐ (k)(3)☐ (b)(7)(F)☐ (k)(4)☐ (b)(4)☐ (b)(8)☐ (k)(5)☐ (b)(5)☐ (b)(9)☐ (k)(6)☐ (b)(6)☐ (k)(7)

- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

_____ Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of _____

15 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): These pages concern Another Subject and are outside the scope (OS) of your request.

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

9-44386-100 pgs 1-15

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this page X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
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XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET67 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐
- Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552Section 552a☐ (b)(1)☐ (b)(7)(A)☐ (d)(5)☐ (b)(2)☐ (b)(7)(B)☐ (j)(2)☐ (b)(3)☐ (b)(7)(C)☐ (k)(1)☐ (b)(7)(D)☐ (k)(2)☐ (b)(7)(E)☐ (k)(3)☐ (b)(7)(F)☐ (k)(4)☐ (b)(4)☐ (b)(8)☐ (k)(5)☐ (b)(5)☐ (b)(9)☐ (k)(6)☐ (b)(6)☐ (k)(7)

- ☐
- Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.
-
- ☐
- Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of _____

67 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): These pages concern Another Subject
And are Outside The Scope (OS) of your Request.

- ☒
- The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

9-44386-70 pgs 1-67

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this page X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

To: **FBI, Minneapolis**

Date: **May 15, 1969**

FBI File No. **9-44386**

Re: **LUCIUS L. VALERA; CONGRESSMAN ADAM**

Lab. No. **D-690502116 AT**

CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM; ADAM CLAYTON

POWELL, JR. - VICTIM; JULIAN BOND - VICTIM;

STOKELY CARMICHAEL - VICTIM; CASSIUS CLAY -

VICTIM; LEROY ELDRIDGE CLEAVER - VICTIM;

H. RAP BROWN - VICTIM; CARL STOKER - VICTIM; EXTORTION

Specimens received **5/2/69**

Q16 Envelope postmarked "MINNEAPOLIS MN 4A AM 29 APR 1969" with hand printed address "HON. MR. ADAM CLAYTON POWELL c/o HOUSE C REPRESENTATIVES, LEGISLATIVE BRANCH, WASHINGTON, D.C."

Q17 First page of accompanying handwritten and hand printed letter dated "April 29, 1969." beginning "William Clayton Powell: Well, black..."

Q18 Second page, beginning "Next on the list..."

Q19 Third page, beginning "We will broil that..."

Result of examination:

A search of Q16 through Q19 in the Anonymous Letter File disclosed specimens Q1 through Qc15, which were previously submitted. Qc14 and Qc15 were submitted by Minneapolis on 1/31/68, under the caption "Molotov Cocktail Burned Front of Residence of RICHARD D. HOWELL, Minneapolis, Minnesota, January 24, 1968; Richard D. Howell - Victim; Racial Matters; Extortion." The other previously submitted questioned specimens involved other victims.

The conclusion was reached that the handwriting on Q17 through Q19 was written by the writer of the handwriting on Q2 through Q7, Q13, Qc14, and Qc15 (submitted previously).

Some hand printing also appears on Q17 through Q19. Due to an insufficient amount of comparable writing, a definite conclusion was not reached whether the hand printing on Q16 and the hand printing on Q17 through Q19 were written by the writer of any of the other questioned writing in this case. Similarities were found in the hand printing on Q16 through Q19 with the hand printing on Q1, Q8, and Q10 through Q12 (submitted previously).

Q16 through Q19 are being returned separately. These specimens were photographed.

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐
CEB:RJC (18)

3

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C. 20537



REPORT

of the

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION

YOUR FILE NO.

9-1911

June 10, 1969

FBI FILE NO.

9-44386-31

LATENT CASE NO.

64118

TO: SAC, Atlanta

REC-134

ST 102

UNSUB., AKA LUCIUS L. VALERA

DALE CARL JEFFRIES;

RE: REVEREND RALPH ABERNATHY - VICTIM;

ADAM CLAYTON POWELL, JR. - VICTIM;

CARL STOKES - VICTIM; CHARLES EVERS - VICTIM;

SAMMY DAVIS, JR. - VICTIM; HARRY BELAFONTE - VICTIM;

CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM; RUFUS CATFISH MAYFIELD - VICTIM;

STOKELY CARMICHAEL - VICTIM;

EXTORTION - RM

REFERENCE: Airtel 5/7/69

EXAMINATION REQUESTED BY: Atlanta

SPECIMENS: One envelope, Q27

A two-page accompanying letter, Q28 and Q29

The listed Q specimens are further described in the Laboratory report, which is being furnished separately.

One latent fingerprint of value developed on the envelope, Q27. No latent impressions of value developed on Q28 and Q29.

The latent fingerprint not identical with the fingerprints of Caleb Scott Deming, FBI #1975525, or Ted Waldemar Brauns, FBI #513363G, who have previously been named as suspects this case. On basis information furnished, no fingerprints located for elimination purposes of Dora McDonald, named in your airtel.

Specimens enclosed.

Enc. (3)

2 - Minneapolis (9-1442)

RDF:ljv

(6)

John Edgar Hoover, Director

THIS REPORT IS FURNISHED FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

59 JUN 10 1969

RECORDED
5/12/69

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

LAB FILE

RJC Recorded 5-29-69 11:05 a.m.

Received 5-29-69 fcm

Laboratory Work Sheet

Re: *Unsub, aka, Lucius L. Valera*
~~DALE CARL~~ JEFFRIES; REVEREND RALPH
ABERNATHY - VICTIM; ADAM CLAYTON
POWELL, JR. - VICTIM; CARL STOKES -
VICTIM; CHARLES EVERS - VICTIM;
SAMMY DAVIS, JR. - VICTIM; HARRY BELAFONTE -
VICTIM; CASSIUS CLAY - VICTIM; RUFUS CATFISH
MAYFIELD - VICTIM; STOKELY CARMICHAEL - VICTIM; EXTORTION - RM

File # 9-44386-31
Lab. # D-690512070 AT
LC#64118

Examination requested by: ATLANTA (9-1911) A. 5/7/69 OO: Minneapolis

Examination requested: Document - Fingerprint

Date received: 5/9/69

Result of Examination:

FBI # 1975525

Examination by:

Bohn
Forester

*PREV. NAMED SUSPECTS: Caleb Scott Deming
Ted Waldemar Braune, FBI # 513-3631 G*
Names submitted for elimination purposes of:
MISS DORA MC DONALD - no rec. located C.D. basis info.
furn.

*No lat and I
2277-1/2-11/1/69
1-2-69 928 on 929 work on 6.2 69
on 5-6-69*

Specimens submitted for examination

Q27 **EX** Envelope postmarked "MINNEAPOLIS MINN. 3A PM 2 MAY 1969," bearing handwritten address "Rev. Ralph Abernathy c/o Southern Christian Leadership Conference, Atlanta, Georgia"

Q28 Page one of two-page handwritten letter dated May 2, 1969, beginning "Rev. Ralph Abernathy: Well, black..." ending "...you on a scaffold."

Q29 Page two of ~~XXXXXX~~ two-page handwritten letter ~~XXXX~~ beginning "2. While you hang..." signed "Signed K.K.K."

2 - Minneapolis (9-1444)

Elimination completed *11/10/69* *6/1/69* Dictated *1-10*

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
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9-44386-54 pages 1-5.

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9-44386-38

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☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

9-44386-34 pgs 1-3

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DALE CARL JEFFRIES;
REVEREND RALPH ABERNATHY, ET AL -
VICTIMS

Charles Marx
Administrative Assistant to the Chief
Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol
Jackson, Mississippi

This document contains neither recommendations
nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI
and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are
not to be distributed outside your agency.

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62-9-11-816 pgs 1-4

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FBI

Date: 11/12/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-9-Sub 11)
 FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (92-477)
 RE: CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM
CLEVELAND DIVISION
WEEKLY AIRTEL

Re Cleveland airtel, 11/5/65.

POLITICAL TIE-IN

[REDACTED] long-time Cleveland numbers figure, [REDACTED] had commented regarding the recent mayoralty election in Cleveland, that "they" were disappointed that neither CARD STOKES nor RALPH PERK were elected since "they" felt that they could "handle" either STOKES or PERK, and arrange for removal of Chief of Police RICHARD WAGNER (NA), who "they" have been unable to "handle."

EX-107

REC-18

62-9-11-819

Bureau
 11 NOV 29 1965
 JFK/grm

25 NOV 15 1965

Approved: (4) EBR 157
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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62-9-11-819 pgs 2 and 3

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F B I

Date: 11/27/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-9-Sub 11)
FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (92-477) (P)
RE: CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM
CLEVELAND DIVISION
WEEKLY AIRTEL

~~REC-10~~

Pg 2

Re Cleveland airtel, 11/17/67.

LA COSA NOSTRA

2 - Cleveland
JFK/drm
C. C. Bishop

REC-10

12 NOV 28 1967

Approved: *[Signature]*

Sent

M

Per

Special Agent in Charge
66 DEC 7 1967



GAMBLING ACTIVITIES - CLEVELAND

Ohio
[redacted] advised that he does believe that there will not be any great change in the policy or numbers operations in Cleveland as a result of the election of Mayor CARL STOKES, since City Councilman [redacted] was successful in collecting contributions from virtually all operators for STOKES' campaign.

Source stated the only possibility of any additional money would be to allow several good dice games to function. Source stated he had heard that [redacted] and [redacted] prominent Negro attorney, have made overtures in this regard.

[redacted] advised that [redacted] had indicated that STOKES owes him a favor and has inquired regarding the possibility of setting up a dice operation.

FBI

Date: 12/22/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-9-Sub 11)
FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (92-477) (P)
RE: CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM
CLEVELAND DIVISION
WEEKLY AIRTEL

Re Cleveland airtel 12/15/67.

_____ as a result of the election of CARL STOKES, as Mayor, the clearing house business will be compressed into one group headed by _____ well-known Negro operator, and some of the small-time operators are getting squeezed out. Also, that Negro numbers operators want _____ out of the clearing house picture, simply because they are white.

3 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Cleveland

JFK/jky
(5)

REC-74

SI-117

62-9-11-1090

18 DEC 26 1967

JAN 2 1968

352 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M. _____

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62-9-11-1090 pg. 2

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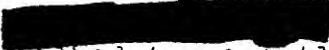

66-2542-11-11-60 pgs 1-5

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CV 137-1130



RE: NUMBERS ACTIVITY - CLEVELAND

Source revealed that on  a number of Negro numbers figures that he has talked to recently were acting a "little porky" and mentioned that "if our man STOKES gets in as mayor, we'll run this town." Source stated that he received the impression in talking to a number of people that if STOKES were elected mayor, the numbers business would flourish and the Negro would emerge with greater power and would be "running the show" rather than being subservient to such white racket figures as .

It should be noted that ~~CARL STOKES~~, a Negro, was defeated by a very narrow margin in the mayoralty race. *CHID*



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66-2542-11-11-60 pgs - 7 and 8

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subject and are outside The Scope (s) of your
request

- ☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

157-6-11-788 pgs 1-4

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BLACK UNITY PLEA DENIED IN NEWARK

Richardson, a Negro, Scores
Withdrawal Bid as Racist

By WALTER H. WAGGONER
Special to The New York Times

NEWARK, March 10—One of the principal Negro candidates in the mayoral race rejected today a telegraphed appeal by seven prominent Negroes and a Puerto Rican, none from Newark, to abandon his candidacy "in the interests of black and Puerto Rican unity."

State Assemblyman George Richardson said the appeal was evidently designed to help Kenneth Gibson, a city engineer who was nominated for Mayor last November by a black and Puerto Rican conference.

The Essex County state legislator said at a news conference that the appeal for him to quit the campaign was based on black racism, which, he said, was no better than white racism.

Mr. Gibson has since been espoused actively by the more militant black leaders of Newark, including LeRoi Jones, the poet and playwright, who was one of the organizers of the convention.

Signing the request for Mr. Richardson to drop out of the contest were Representative Shirley Chisholm of Brooklyn; Herman Badillo, former Borough President of the Bronx; Representative John Conyers of Michigan; Mayor Richard Hatcher of Gary, Ind.; Dr. Nathan Wright, a clergyman and urban affairs expert formerly associated with the Episcopal Diocese of Newark; Mayor William S. Hart of neighboring East Orange; Ossie Davis, the actor, and John O. Killens, author and playwright.

Although his name did not arise at the news conference, Carl Stokes, the Negro Mayor of Cleveland, was among those who endorsed Mr. Richardson's entry into the race two months ago.

Newark's population of 402,000 is more than 50 per cent black, and a Negro candidate is considered to have a good chance of gaining first or second place in the May 12 election that could result in a runoff in June. To win on May 12 a candidate must have more than 50 per cent of the votes, and the seven candidates who may be in the race on Election Day virtually guarantee that there will have to be a runoff.

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Walters _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Soyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

D. Moore
C. H.
W. H.

The Washington Post _____
Times Herald _____
The Washington Daily News _____
The Evening Star (Washington) _____
The Sunday Star (Washington) _____
Daily News (New York) _____
Sunday News (New York) _____
New York Post _____
The New York Times _____
The Sun (Baltimore) _____
The Daily World _____
The New Leader _____
The Wall Street Journal _____
The National Observer _____
People's World _____
Examiner (Washington) _____

MAR 11 1970

Date _____

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RACIAL MATTERS

NEWARK

REC-20

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