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Discover the Truth at: http://www.theblackvault.com
August 16, 2017

Dear Mr. Greenewald:

The enclosed documents were reviewed under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), Title 5, United States Code, Section 552. Deletions have been made to protect information which is exempt from disclosure, with the appropriate exemptions noted on the page next to the excision. In addition, a deleted page information sheet was inserted in the file to indicate where pages were withheld entirely. The exemptions used to withhold information are marked below and explained on the enclosed Explanation of Exemptions:

- Section 552
  - (b)(1)
  - (b)(2)
  - (b)(3)
  - 50 U.S.C., Section 3024 (j)(1)
  - (b)(4)
  - (b)(5)
  - (b)(6)

- Section 552a
  - (b)(7)(A)
  - (b)(7)(B)
  - (b)(7)(C)
  - (b)(7)(D)
  - (b)(7)(E)
  - (b)(7)(F)
  - (b)(8)
  - (b)(9)
  - (d)(5)
  - (j)(2)
  - (k)(1)
  - (k)(2)
  - (k)(3)
  - (k)(4)
  - (k)(5)
  - (k)(6)
  - (k)(7)

11 pages were reviewed and 11 pages are being released.

- Document(s) were located which originated with, or contained information concerning, other Government Agency (ies) [OGA].
- This information has been referred to the OGA(s) for review and direct response to you.
- We are consulting with another agency. The FBI will correspond with you regarding this information when the consultation is completed.
- In accordance with standard FBI practice and pursuant to FOIA exemption (b)(7)(E) and Privacy Act exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. § 552/552a (b)(7)(E)/(j)(2)], this response neither confirms nor denies the existence of your subject's name on any watch lists.

For your information, Congress excluded three discrete categories of law enforcement and national security records from the requirements of the FOIA. See 5 U.S.C. § 552(c) (2006 & Supp. IV (2010). This response is limited to those records that are subject to the requirements of the FOIA. This is a standard notification that is given to all our requesters and should not be taken as an indication that excluded records do, or do not, exist. Enclosed for your information is a copy of the Explanation of Exemptions.

For questions regarding our determinations, visit the www.fbi.gov/foia website under "Contact Us."
The FOIPA Request Number listed above has been assigned to your request. Please use this number in all correspondence concerning your request. Your patience is appreciated.

You may file an appeal by writing to the Director, Office of Information Policy (OIP), United States Department of Justice, Suite 11050, 1425 New York Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C. 20530-0001, or you may submit an appeal through OIP's FOIAonline portal by creating an account on the following website: https://foiaonline.regulations.gov/foia/action/public/home. Your appeal must be postmarked or electronically transmitted within ninety (90) days from the date of this letter in order to be considered timely. If you submit your appeal by mail, both the letter and the envelope should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Act Appeal." Please cite the FOIPA Request Number assigned to your request so that it may be easily identified.

You may seek dispute resolution services by contacting the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) at 877-684-6448, or by emailing ogis@nara.gov. Alternatively, you may contact the FBI’s FOIA Public Liaison by emailing foiaquestions@fbi.gov. If you submit your dispute resolution correspondence by email, the subject heading should clearly state "Dispute Resolution Services." Please also cite the FOIPA Request Number assigned to your request so that it may be easily identified.

The enclosed material is from the main investigative file(s) in which the subject(s) of your request was the focus of the investigation. Our search located additional references, in files relating to other individuals, or matters, which may or may not be about your subject(s). Our experience has shown when ident, references usually contain information similar to the information processed in the main file(s). Because of our significant backlog, we have given priority to processing only the main investigative file(s). If you want the references, you must submit a separate request for them in writing, and they will be reviewed at a later date, as time and resources permit.

See additional information which follows.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

David M. Hardy
Section Chief
Record/Information
Dissemination Section
Records Management Division

Enclosures

The enclosed documents represent the first and final release of information responsive to your Freedom of Information Act request. This material is being provided to you at no charge.
EXPLANATION OF EXEMPTIONS

SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552

(b)(1) (A) specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order to be kept secret in the interest of national defense or foreign policy and (B) are in fact properly classified to such Executive order;

(b)(2) related solely to the internal personnel rules and practices of an agency;

(b)(3) specifically exempted from disclosure by statute (other than section 552b of this title), provided that such statute (A) requires that the matters be withheld from the public in such a manner as to leave no discretion on issue, or (B) establishes particular criteria for withholding or refers to particular types of matters to be withheld;

(b)(4) trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential;

(b)(5) inter-agency or intra-agency memorandums or letters which would not be available by law to a party other than an agency in litigation with the agency;

(b)(6) personnel and medical files and similar files the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;

(b)(7) records or information compiled for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that the production of such law enforcement records or information (A) could reasonably be expected to interfere with enforcement proceedings, (B) would deprive a person of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication, (C) could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, (D) could reasonably be expected to disclose the identity of a confidential source, including a State, local, or foreign agency or authority or any private institution which furnished information on a confidential basis, and in the case of record or information compiled by a criminal law enforcement authority in the course of a criminal investigation, or by an agency conducting a lawful national security intelligence investigation, information furnished by a confidential source, (E) would disclose techniques and procedures for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, or would disclose guidelines for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions if such disclosure could reasonably be expected to risk circumvention of the law, or (F) could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or physical safety of any individual;

(b)(8) contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of an agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions; or

(b)(9) geological and geophysical information and data, including maps, concerning wells.

SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552a

(d)(5) information compiled in reasonable anticipation of a civil action proceeding;

(i)(2) material reporting investigative efforts pertaining to the enforcement of criminal law including efforts to prevent, control, or reduce crime or apprehend criminals;

(k)(1) information which is currently and properly classified pursuant to an Executive order in the interest of the national defense or foreign policy, for example, information involving intelligence sources or methods;

(k)(2) investigatory material compiled for law enforcement purposes, other than criminal, which did not result in loss of a right, benefit or privilege under Federal programs, or which would identify a source who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;

(k)(3) material maintained in connection with providing protective services to the President of the United States or any other individual pursuant to the authority of Title 18, United States Code, Section 3056;

(k)(4) required by statute to be maintained and used solely as statistical records;

(k)(5) investigatory material compiled solely for the purpose of determining suitability, eligibility, or qualifications for Federal civilian employment or for access to classified information, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;

(k)(6) testing or examination material used to determine individual qualifications for appointment or promotion in Federal Government service he release of which would compromise the testing or examination process;

(k)(7) material used to determine potential for promotion in the armed services, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished the material pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence.
Transmit the following in
(Type in plaintext or code)

VD

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL - REGISTERED
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (157-3579)

RE: BLACK PANTHER PARTY - FUNDS

LOS ANGELES DIVISION

RACIAL MATTER

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) captioned as above. Two copies of this LHM are also being furnished to San Francisco.

Source One utilized in the LHM is ________

Source Two referred to is ________

of the Los Angeles Division.

The attached LHM is being classified ________

because disclosure of data set forth from sources utilized could result in their identification, and this identification could adversely affect the internal security of the United States.

AGENCY: ICDSO, SEC. SERV., IRS
DEPT: ISD, IDIU, CD-SIDU

HOW FORW: 8LS
DATE FORW: 25 AUG 1970

St-121

REG: 11

Approved: SEP 18, 1970
Special Agent in Charge

Sent M Per

© U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1969 O - 348-060 (11)
BLACK PANTHER PARTY - FUNDS  
LOS ANGELES DIVISION  
RACIAL MATTER

Charles Garry  
Melvin Newton  
Mark Lane  
Dalton Trumbo  
Jane Fonda  
Luke McKissack

Charles Garry is the major BPP attorney in San Francisco.

Melvin Newton is the brother of Huey P. Newton.

Mark Lane is an author and recently interviewed Huey P. Newton when he was still incarcerated.

Dalton Trumbo is a well-known Hollywood producer and has been identified as a former member of the Communist Party, U.S.A.

Jane Fonda is a well-known actress and leading activist for various minority group causes.

Luke McKissack is the BPP attorney in Los Angeles.

Later advised that it had been learned that David Hilliard, BPP Chief of Staff, had had a disagreement with Milton Kaslow, the key functionary of CUPP, as to the proceeds of the above mentioned fund-raising affair.

Advised that, as of August 12, 1970, no final decision had been reached as to the BPP - CUPP split of the funds that were to be raised. Did advise that the function would be held at the home of Abby Mann in Santa Monica, California.

Also advised that it had been mentioned that a previous fund-raising event which was to be held on August 9, 1970, at the home of Burt Lancaster had fallen through.
Los Angeles, California  
August 18, 1970

BLACK PANTHER PARTY - FUNDS  
LOS ANGELES DIVISION  
RACIAL MATTER

An appendix page for the Black Panther Party (BPP) is attached.

has provided reliable information in the past.

advised that the Committee United for Political Prisoners (CUPP) is planning a fund-raising event to be held on August 23, 1970, for the benefit of the BPP.

CUPP was organized following the December 8, 1969, raid by the Los Angeles Police Department (LAPD) on three BPP locations in Los Angeles by a group of white radicals. The purpose of the organization is allegedly to raise legal and bail funds to aid in the defense of BPP members and "other political prisoners" currently incarcerated.

advised that Ron Ridenhour, currently with CUPP and formerly active in the Youth Section of the Southern California District Communist Party, was making the initial plans of the fund-raising event, which was tentatively scheduled at an unspecified screen playwriter's house. Burt Lancaster's home was mentioned as a possible site for this event.

Burt Lancaster is a well-known movie actor.

Ridenhour mentioned the following individuals as possible speakers:
A second source of known reliability obtained a copy of an invitation printed for the above mentioned function. This source could only advise that the invitation had been sent to a well-known television personality in the Los Angeles area. A copy of the invitation is attached.
Jane Fonda, Burt Lancaster, Abby Mann and Dalton Trumbo invite you to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Abby Mann, 705 Pacific Coast Highway, Santa Monica on August 23rd, Sunday, 5 p.m. for a cocktail party to discuss the existence of political prisoners, especially the cases of Bobby Seale and the Los Angeles 18.

Speakers will be: Don Freed, author and CUPP spokesman  
Charles Garry, chief counsel of BPP  
Mark Lane, author  
Luke McKissack, chief counsel So. Cal. BPP  
Melvin Newton, chairman Black Studies Dept.  
Merrit College, Oakland & Huey P. Newton’s brother

Door Admission: $15 per person, $25 per couple  
(90% of all proceeds go directly for the legal defense of these cases. Ten per cent will go to the Committee United for Political Prisoners which works in behalf of political prisoners).
At an hour just before dawn on December 6, 1969, the Headquarters of a political party in Chicago was invaded by fifty armed policemen. They were dressed in civilian clothes. They killed two men and wounded both men and women. The police maintained that the shots were fired in self-defense. Three investigations by distinguished Americans, including the ex-Attorney General Ramsey Clark and ex-Supreme Court Justice Arthur H. Goldberg, as well as the Federal Grand Jury, found that there were no bullets fired by the members of the party, but that it was an unprovoked attack. That political party was the Black Panthers.

Does the fact that the murdered people were Black Panthers make a difference to you? It shouldn't.

On December 8, 1969, two days later at 5:30 in the morning, 300 policemen, wearing Guerilla attire, entered the headquarters of the same political party on Central Avenue in Los Angeles. Their arms included mortar artillery and a Sherman tank. They wounded four people. There was a gun battle that lasted for five hours. That people weren't killed was a major miracle.

Were the raids synchronized? Was it an attempt to commit genocide? You ought to know. We really all ought to know. We promise you that on Sunday, August 23 at 5:00 P.M. you will know more.

Abby Mann  Burt Lancaster

Jane Fonda  Dalton Trumbo

Among the people signing as Protestors of the Political Persecution of the Black Panther Party are: Jane Fonda, Madame Roger-Vailland, Donald Duncan, Mark Rydell, Joe Hyams, Sydney Pollack, Dennis Hopper, Peter Fonda, Roger Vadim, Don Sutherland and Benjamin Spock.
BLACK PANTHER PARTY - FUNDS
LOS ANGELES DIVISION
RACIAL MATTER

Donald Duncan is a former Green Beret, currently active in anti-Vietnam and anti-military movements.

Dennis Hopper is an actor.

Peter Fonda is the brother of Jane Fonda and an actor and producer.

Rogé Vadim is the husband of Jane Fonda.

Donald Sutherland is a well-known actor and is the husband of Shirley Sutherland, an active supporter of the BPP movement.

Benjamin Spock is a leading anti-war activist.

Madame Roger Vailland, Marjory Rydell, Joely Hyams, and Sydney Pollack are all believed to be associated with the film industry.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.
According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense. NEWTON was sentenced in 1968 to serve 2 to 15 years after being convicted of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther", which further describes itself as the "Black Community, News Service", states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, GEORGE MASON MURRAY, which ends with the following:


Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement "...we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman MAO Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature MAO's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.
Demosntration in Support of American Indians,
Albuquerque, New Mexico, 4/7-11/73; Civil Unrest;
Extremist Movements - American Indian Activities

There is to be a Brotherhood Awareness National Conference
at the Convention Center in Albuquerque, N.M. April 7-8, 1973.
A similar conference was held in Albuquerque at same place
April 8-9, 1972. The 1972 conference grew out of a dinner hosted
by Reies Lopez Tijerina, founder and former president of
Alianza Federal de Mercedes, a militant Mexican-American
organization headquartered in Albuquerque. Attending this
dinner were civic leaders and law enforcement officials in the
area.

The first Brotherhood Awareness Conference received a
great deal of local favorable publicity and support and it was
decided to attempt to make it a national event. Reies Lopez
Tijerina is given credit in news items as the founder of this
REIES LOPEZ TIJERINA, WHO HAS RENOUNCED AND DENOUNCED VIOLENCE AND ILLEGAL ACTIVITY, ADVISES THAT VARIOUS INDIVIDUALS HAVE BEEN INVITED TO ATTEND THE APRIL 7-8, 1973 CONFERENCE. LOCAL CIVIL AND CHURCH LEADERS AND POLITICAL LEADERS ARE PARTICIPATING. INDIVIDUALS INVITED TO SPEAK HAVE BEEN FURNISHED GUIDELINES FOR THEIR SPEECHES WHICH INSTRUCTS THEY ARE TO DEAL SOLELY WITH BROTHERHOOD AWARENESS, THAT IS, HOW TO GET PEOPLE OF DIFFERENT VIEWS AND PROBLEMS TOGETHER FOR DISCUSSIONS SO THAT PROBLEMS MAY BE SOLVED WITHOUT RESORT TO VIOLENCE OR OTHER ILLEGAL ACTIVITY. SPEAKERS WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO DISCUSS PERSONAL ISSUES OR ENGAGE IN ACTIVITY OUTSIDE THE PURPOSE OF THE CONFERENCE.

INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE CONFIRMED SPEAKERS ARE WALLACE PERKINS, ANDERSON, AKA MADBEAR; VERNON BELLECOURT, AMERICAN INDIAN MOVEMENT; THOMAS RANYACA, A HOPI INDIAN LEADER; REV. JESSIE JACKSON OF CHICAGO; DENNIS HOPPER, WELL KNOWN ACTOR; JOSE ANGEL GUTIERREZ, LA RAZA UNIDA LEADER OF TEXAS; CORNBREAD GIVENS, POOR PEOPLES FOUNDATION IN NEW YORK AS WELL AS LOCAL CHURCH AND POLITICAL LEADERS AND LOCAL BUSINESS MEN. THE UPCOMING CONFERENCE HAS RECEIVED LOCAL PUBLICITY.

END PAGE TWO
ATTEMPTS WERE MADE TO MAKE CONTACT WITH MARLON BRANDO AND JOHNNY CASH WITHOUT SUCCESS. NO ATTEMPT MADE TO INVITE STOKELY CARMICHAEL. CORKY GONZALES OF DENVER AND TIJERINA ARE NOT ON GOOD TERMS AND HE HAS NOT BEEN INVITED AND IS NOT EXPECTED.

TIJERINA BELIEVES THAT BECAUSE OF THE PARTICIPATION OF LOCAL CIVIC LEADERS AND CHURCH PEOPLE THERE WILL BE NO PROBLEM IN CONTROL. HE DOES NOT EXPECT ANY DEMONSTRATIONS IN BEHALF OF ANY PEOPLE OR ORGANIZATION.

ADMINISTRATIVE.

REBUTEL 4/3/73.

OVER THE PAST SEVERAL MONTHS ALBUQUERQUE HAS ESTABLISHED A GOOD RAPPORT WITH REIES LOPEZ TIJERINA. IT IS NOT EXPECTED THAT ANY DEMONSTRATION WILL BE PERMITTED. TIJERINA HAS KNOWN MADBEAR ANDERSON FOR A LONG TIME AND BELIEVES HE CAN CONTROL HIM. ALBUQUERQUE WILL COVER THROUGH TIJERINA AND OTHER SOURCES AND WILL ADVISE BUREAU ONLY IF ACTIVITY OF BUREAU INTEREST OCCURS.

END.