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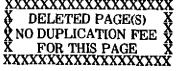
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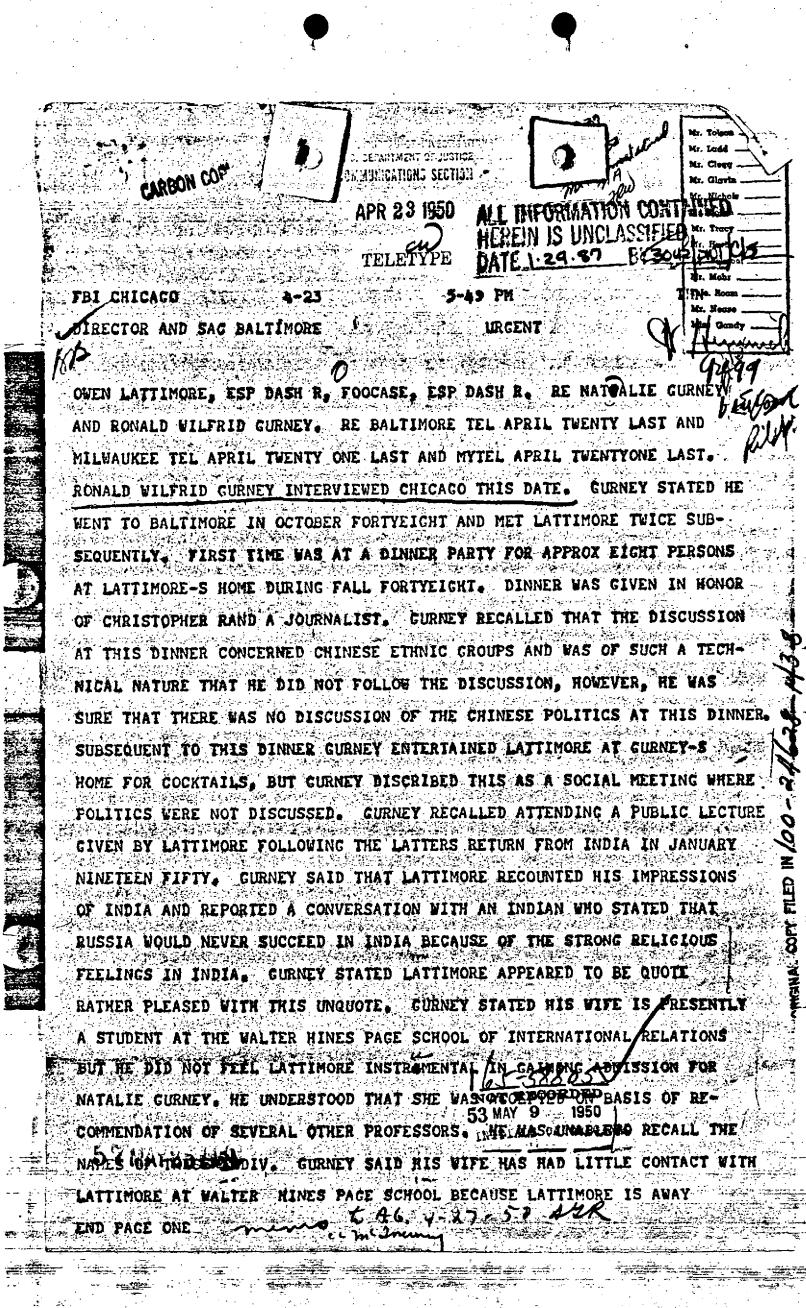
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MAY-17 5 1950 Mr. Nichola TIDIDDTYPD Tolo, Room WASHINGTON 50 FROM NEW YORK 15 9-32 DIRECTOR URGENT No. 2 Sec. 2 Sec. 1. FOOCASE, ESP-R. RENYLET MAY TWELVE TELLING RESULTS RECENT SURVEILL ANCES JOSEPH ARNOLD ROBBINS. ON SATURDAY MAY THIRTEEN, ROBBINS AND WIFE AGAIN OBSERVED ENTERING ADDRESS ONE FOUR SEVEN FOURTH AVENUE MANHATTAN, WHERE OFFICES OF UNION SQUARE OPTICAL COMPANY ARE LOCATED. NOTED THAT AFTER ENTERING LOBBY OF BLDG, ROBBINS RETURNED TO ENTRANCE, LOOKED UP AND DOWN FOURTH AVENUE IN POSSIBLE ATTEMPT TO DETECT SUR-VEILLANCE. THEY LEFT FOURTH AVENUE ADDRESS AFTER HALF HOUR AND PROCEEDED BY SUBWAY TO SIX FOUR WEST FOUR EIGHT ST., AN OFFICE BLDG, WHERE THEY REMAINED ABOUT AN HOUR. THEREAFTER THEY WALKED TO MUSEUM OF MODERN ART, FIFTY THIRD ST, NYC, THENCE TO CENTRAL PARK WHERE FOR SECURITY REASONS SURVEILLANCE TEMPORARILY DISCONTINUED. ABOVE FOR and a state of the s INFO. ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED SCHEIDT HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED BY30421AUT HLD PLS ەرى ئىلىدىدىدىنى بىلى ب 105-RECORDED - 11 MAY 17 1950 and the second second second second 12 :: UEXFA . 11 **JEL XI** - Britten W Last Ma Belle Last

REMENT OF XUSTICE

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Mr. Clevin



PAGE TWO FREQUENTLY. GURNEY SAID NATALLE GURNEY PRESENTLY A MEMBER INSTITUTE PACIFIC RELATIONS BUT DOES NOT KNOW IF SHE HAS ANY ASSOCIATION WITH LATTIMORE THROUGH INSTITUTE. GURNEY HAD NOT HEARD ANY REMARKS ABOUT LATTIMORE SLANTING LECUTRES AT JOHNS HOPKINS TO FAVOR RUSSIA AND THE ONLY CRITICISM OF LATTIMORE RE COULD RECALL WAS THAT LATTIMORE WAS AWAY FROM JOHNS HOPKINS TO MUCH. GURNEY SAID HE HAD HEARD OF AND SEEN COPIES OF QUOTE FAR EASTERN QUARTERLY UNQUOTE AND FELT THAT THE ONLY ORGANIZATION CONNECTED WITH THE FAR EASTERN QUARTERLY WAS FORMED TO PUBLISH THE QUARTERLY. HE DID NOT KNOW IF HIS WIFE OR LATTIMORE WERE MEMBERS OF THE FAR EASTERN ASSOCALATION. | CURNEY STATES HE FIRST MET FUCHS WHEN FUCH WAS ONE OF FOUR REFUGEE CERMAN STUDENTS AT THE UNIVERSI OF BRISTOL IN NINETEEN THIRTY FIVE. HE HAS NO RECOLLECTION OF FUCH AT THAT TIME ONTHER THAN IN CONNECTION WITH THE OTHER REFUGEE GERMAN HURNEY SAID THERE WAS A PROFESSOR MOTT IN CHARGE OF STUDENTS. THEORETICAL PHYSICS AT BRISTO UNIV AT THAT TIME AND FUCH MIGHT HAVE STUDIED UNDER MOTT. GURNEY NEXT MET FUCH WHEN FUCH VISITED ARCONNE LAB, CHICAGO IN ANINETEEN FORTYEIGHT. CURNEY SAID THAT HE MET FUCH ONLY TO QUOTE SAY HELLO UNQUOTE AND HIS ONLY RECOLLECTION OF FUCH AT THAT TIME WAS THAT FUCH HAD GROWN SOMEWHAT CONCEITED CONSIDERING HIS AGE AND SOME WHAT IMPRESSED THAT HE PAREN FUCH PAREN HAD THREE SECRE+ TABLES VORKING UNDER HIM. CURNEY FELT THE MET FUCK AT THIS TIME THROUGH DR. TELLER OF ARGONNE LAB STATING THAT DR. TELLER USUALLY ENTERTAINED FOREIGN VISITORS TO THE LAB. GURNEY NEXT MET FUCH IN SEPT FORTY NINE WHEN HE VISITED HARVELL INSTITUTE IN ENGLAND AT THE REQUEST OF SIR JOHN COCKROFT HEAD OF ATOMICENERGY IN ENG. VISIT TO HARWELL WAS CON-DUCTED BY DR. HERBERT SKINNER WHO INTRODUCED GURNEY TO FUCH. GURNEY DOES NOT RECALL TALKING WITH FUCH AT THIS TIME, GURNEY SAID HE AND END PAGE TWO

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HIS WIFE WERE MEMBER OF SECIETY FOR CULTURE RELATIONS WITH UNION OF GURNEY DOES NOT SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS, BRISTOL ENG, BRANCH. RECALL WHEN HE JOINED THE GROUP BUT HE LEFT THE ORG. IN ABOUT NINETEEN THIRTY SIX WHEN HE CAME TO AMERICA. HE DID NOT FEEL THE ORG. WAS POLITE CAL IN NATURE AT BRISTOL AND DESCRIBED IT AS A QUOTE MILD UNQUOTE ORC. DESIGNED TO HEAR BOTH SIDES OF THE QUESTION REGARDING RUSSIA. HE FELT THE PURPOSE OF THE ORG WAS TO ARRANGE SCIENTIFIC MEETINGS. BECAUSE HE HAS ALWAYS BEEN INTERESTED SAID HE WAS INTERESTED IN THE ORG GURNEY DID IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD HAVING CIRCLED THE WORLD TWICE. NOT KNOW IF FUCH HAD BEEN A MEMBER OF THE SOCIETY FOR CULTURE RELATIONS WITH UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS AND FELT THAT SINCE FUCH WAS A QUOTE POOR REFUCEE STUDENT INQUOTE HE MAY HAVE BEEN ALLOWED TO PAR-TICSPATE IN GROUP WITHOUT BEING & MEMBER, GURNEY STATED THAT TO BEST OF HIS KNOWLEDGE BRISTOL BRANCH OF THE ORC. MAD NO PROPAGANDA MOTIVES. CURNEY DID NOT FEEL THE YOUNG QUAKERS SOCIETY WAS ACTIVE AT BRISTOL BUT HE FELT HIS WIFE HAD BEEN A MEMBER IN LONDON PRIOR TO HER MARRIAGE. GURNEY DID NOT & NOW IF FUCH HAD BEEN ASSOC WITH THIS GROUP. HE DESCRIBED YOUNG QUAKERS SOCIETY AS A PART OF THE QUOTE YOUNG FRIENDS LEADUE UNQUOTE A JUNIOR BRANCH OF THE QUAKER RELIGIOUS BODY. GURNEY SAID THAT HE WAS FORMERLY AFFILIATED WITH THE INTERNATIONAL STUDENT HOUSE BACKED BY THE STUDENT CHRISTIAN UNION. GURNEY SAID THIS GROUP WAS SIMILAR TO THE YMCA ALTHOUGH IT HAS MORE EMPHASIS ON RELIGION AND HAS NO POLITICAL SIGNIFICANCE. GURNEY DID NOT KNOW IF FUCH EVER A MEMBER OF INTERNATIONAL STUDENT HOUSE. GURNEY NOT FAMILIAR WITH GERMAN REFUGEE HOSPITALITY COMMITTEE AND STATES HE KNEW NOTHING OF HIS WIFES ASSOC WITH THIS ORG. GURNEY STATES HE KNEW NOTHING OF HIS WI BEING QUESTIONED BY SCOTLAND YARD IN THIS REGARD.

MC SVAIN

CORRECTIONS PAGE 1 LINE I SECOND TO LAS WORD SHUD READ & 5.83\* PAGE 2 LINE 21 WORD 2 SHUD READ READ SOCIETY PAGE 3 LINE 1 WORD 3 SHUB READ SOCIETY LINE 2 WORD 3 SHUE READ "REPUBLICS" FIRST CORRECTION "NATALIES" . .

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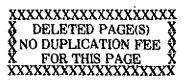
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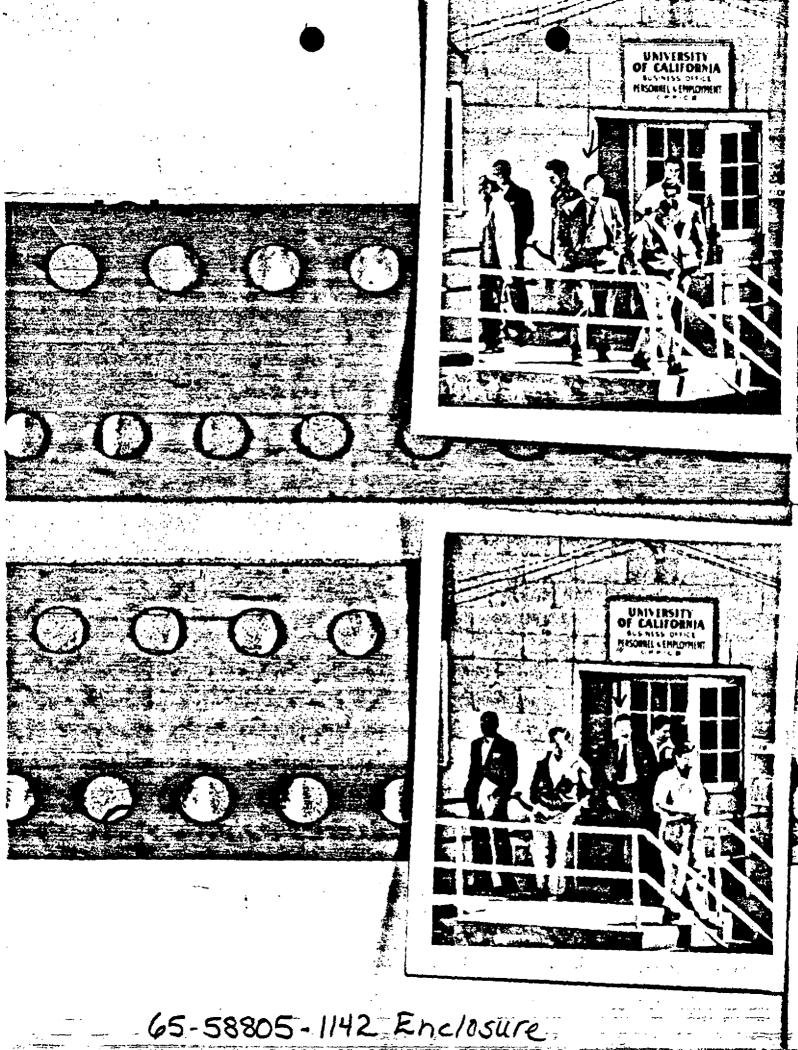
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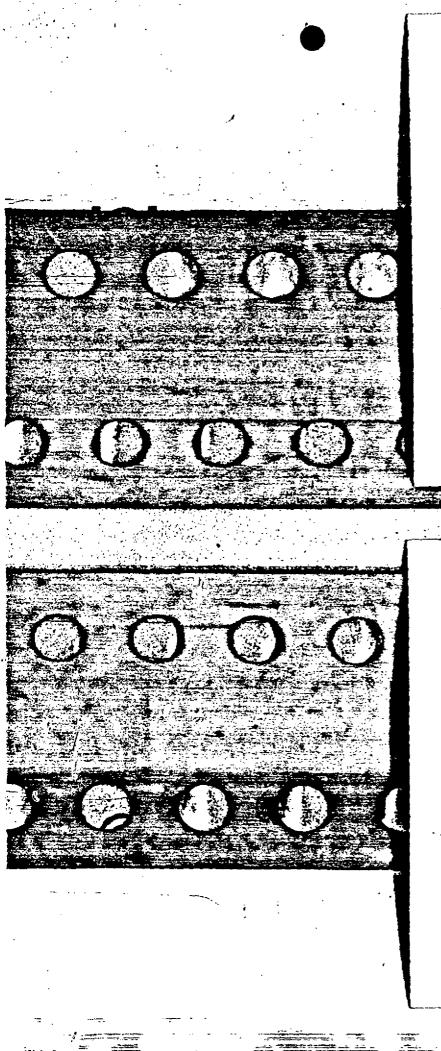
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Office Merror dum UNITED STATES GOVERNMEN SECRET TO 5/2/50 DATE: DIRECTOR, FBI FROM SAC. ALBUQUERQUE 129.81 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED CLASSIFIED BY: 342 PUTKIS SUBJECT: FOOCASE HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DECLASSIFY ON: DADE ESPIONAGE - R EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN **OTHERWISE** Re Boston teletype to Albuquerque dated 3/22/50. تنى برا المحج بالا في تتجيبان بالمحجة أن الله الله الجنوبي أن المعدان ا There are enclosed herewith to the Bureau and the Boston and New York offices four copies each of two surveillance type photographs of JORDAN CARSON MARK. MARK has been identified with an arrow on one copy of each of the photographs for the Bureau and other offices. The Boston Office is requested to exhibit photographs of MARK to ROBERT HEINEMAN as possibly being identical with without with alias No photograph of MARK without a mustache could be located at Los Alemos. TOP-SEORET The second second JJM: toh 65-6 APPROPRIATE AGENCIES 2 cc's - Boston (Encl. 8) (65-3304) New York (Encl. 8) (65-15136) AND FIELD CES ADVISED BY <u>Kasi</u> SLIP(S) OF Enclosures (8) DATE AIR MAIL SPECIAL DELIVE A low & Sugar Classified by 2355 WAB/DVA Butile 65-58805 Exempt from GDS Category 2 Date of Declassifightion Indefinit 8805 RECORDED . BA NOEXED. 5 1 MAY 221950





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ALE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1. 29.87 BY 3012 PUT CLS

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from ONI through Lisison -IFI 1000.0700 DIO-9ND, Chicago, Illinois CANADIAN PRESS 27 . Pre telease OCVLEMEENT OPPOSITION ASKS FUCH'S LINE PROBID INFORMATION CONTAINED UNCLASS ESPIONAGE Gordon GRAYDON (P.C.) gave voice to a question which has been gnawing BHIEF in Canadians' minds; That has and what is the Government doing about the segres of names found in the note book that contained the name of Klaua FUORS? The Covernment's enswer, so far, has been unsatisfactory. This information is of 25 April 1950

1. The Opposition asked for a full account of the tio-up between convicted atomic spy Dr. Klaus FWRS and the 1946 investigation of Poviet espionage in Canada. The request was made by Gordon GRAYDON (FC - Feel), Opposition foreign affairs critic, when Hon. Lester B. PEARSON, External Affairs Minister, appeared before the Commons External Affairs Committee. Mr. GRAYDON asked for the "whole story", as he called it, when Mr. FEARSON revealed that FUCHS' name was found among the personal papers of one of those charged as a result of the 1946 investigation.

2. Mr. PEARSON, however, would not reveal who the charged person was, or whether he was one who was found innocent or guilty. Mr. GRAYDON insisted that the government security officers in the Justice and External Affairs Departments be called, if necessary to testify before the committee. FUCHS, Britain's third ranking stomic scientist, pleaded guilty to charges of giving atomic secrets to the Soviet Union and and antice and started by the soviet Union and antice secrets D (

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3 May 1950

SUBJ: COVERNMENT OPPOSITION ASKS FUCH'S LICE FROMED

4. Mr. FiluSON said it was a fact that FUCH'S name did not appear in the Royal Cormission testimony, in any of the information given the Government by former Soviet cycher clerk Igor GOULENKO, or in the final report of the commission. It was found, however, among a list of numes in a notebook belonging to one of the persons suspected as a result of GOULENKO's disclosures, Mr. FEAMONM said. "It did not arouse any interest at the time," the Minister told the committee. "Fuchs was then not in Cantda - he had gone back to England many years before, about 1940 or 1941. His name was included among a great many in the notebook. But all those names were brought to the attention of the United Kingdom and United States Governments at the time the investigation was proceeding - that is, in 1946."

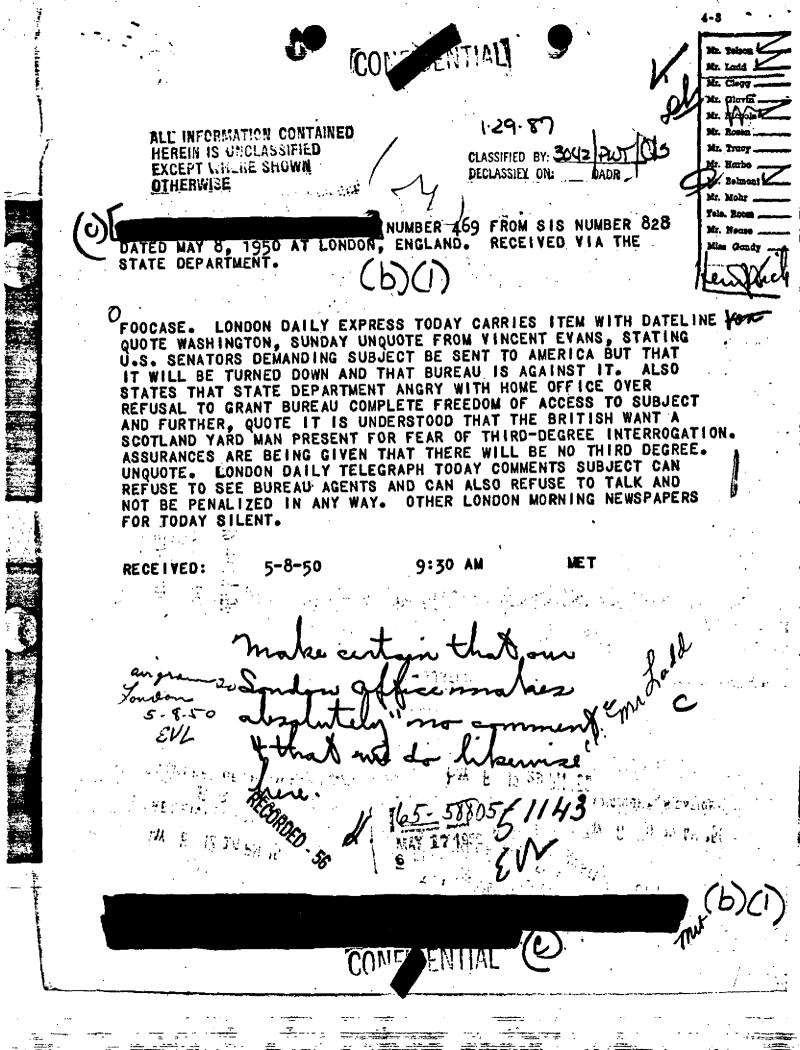
5. "How many names were there in the list?" M. J. COLDWELL, C.C.F. leader asked. "Well, I don't know how far I should go in enswering that because, I'm not sure of the security provisions." Mr. PEARSON replied. "But I can say it was more than NO." Mr. FWARSON whispered to his deputy, Arnold HENNEY, and said he would leave the figure at that. "All the names were placed in the hands of security authorities in London and Washington, and so far so we know, FUCHS' name aroused no particular interest at that time. It would be normal police procedure, I suppose, for all of these names to be investigated." "Of course," Er. PEARSON added, "at that time, we had no idea where many of these people were then living whether in Ganada, the United States, Britain, or anywhere else. Dr. GRAYDON asked whether it would be possible to reveal whether the notebook belonged to a spy suspect who was later found guilty or innocent. Er. PEARSON replied: "It belonged to one of the men charged." Er. GRAYDON asked whether he was questioned by the Royal Commission about the names found in the notebook, individually. Mr. FEALMON said he did not know but would try to find out and would also ascertain whether it would be proper for him to reveal the answer.

6. The Opposition foreign affairs critic then said the responsible security officers should be called before the committee to testify. "There must certainly have been some looseness if the man was not questioned fully," Mr. GRAYDON said.

7. Committee Chairman Joseph BRADETTE (L - Cochrane) said the whole question would be put before the stewring committee for a report at the committee's next meeting.

8. Mr. G. K. FRASER (P.C.) also presented the External Affairs Minister with many pertinent questions which were evaded "for Security reasons" or left unanswered because of the lack of information.

<u>COMMENT</u>: This question has been, to a large degree, avoided by Canada's daily press. But, there have been some intimations that Canada may have done more in the investigation of those individuals named in the notebook.



BUREAU OF INVESTIGATIO CC-15( **BTATES** DEPARTMENT OF To: COMMUNICA! CHEN UR (UP ) Transmit the following message to: INGAL ATTACHE, LOHDON, MIGLAND, ATRORAM 1.1 NED FORMATION CO (472 (b)(|RECORDED -TOOCASI, ISP 05 REUR GARGE FOU ANSOLUTELY CERTATE INTERVIEW OF 32 MAKE NO CONCEPT THIS MATTER. ALC INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED CLASSIFIED BY: EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN DECLASSIFY ON: OTHERWISE 65-58805 6 SHIM'S DAY 000 Vichol iori Iotu DEPT OF JUSTICE PennThe RECEIVED-TOLSON THU 2 53 MA -----

170 Office Mer. dum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT 61,756 TO Director, THI DATE: May 12. 1710 FLON SAC. Yewar! 29.87 SUBJECT: TOODARE SPICHAR . P CLASSIFIED BY (Burean File 65-58805) DECLASSIEY ON: The following individuals have been uncovered during the course of investigations conducted by this office and are believed to be possibly identical with Unknown Subject A AND MARS DAVID NOARTHUR MASON DAVID MARTHU MASON-PHOTO GRAP January 6, 1923, Stoney, Kentens Bern Height 3 518" (1941) Yel ght 163 pennds (1941) ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED Tyes. Dine HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED Eair Brown EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN Cemplerien Light Peculiarities OTHERWISE Vears glaspes Marital Status Married; wife - Hilder ASON Relatives Two daughters, ages 5 and 6 in 1949 **Employment** Standard 011 Development Company-Research Laberatory, Linden, New Jersey Education Montana State University, B. S. degree, June, 1935; University of North Dakota, Master's Degree, Chamical Engineering, June, 1936; University of Wiscensin, ne degree, attended June, 1937 ENOLOSUEE ATTACEED PHOTOGRAPH ARTHUR MEDIVELSS. VAL T. A.Benan, Arthur Bennets ReBulet to Newark dated May 9, 1950, submission of information concorning BLEIVEISS was held up at this office due to difficulty in eb- a taining a photograph of him. The following description of HLEIVEISS is a result of personal observation in 1944, Inclosures (2) Control by 2 3 45 WAB/OVN Example Seres CD6. Deto New York - 2 Incl. s. 601 hWic Duit of Declamifics Boston - 2 Incls. 8ċ1 Vashington Field 100 INDECED 5-58805 1144 158 IX File 100-24501 RECORDED - 93 ME File 65-4036 1950 COL: has FIVE Milling to Ball States COPTN STROFT 18 194

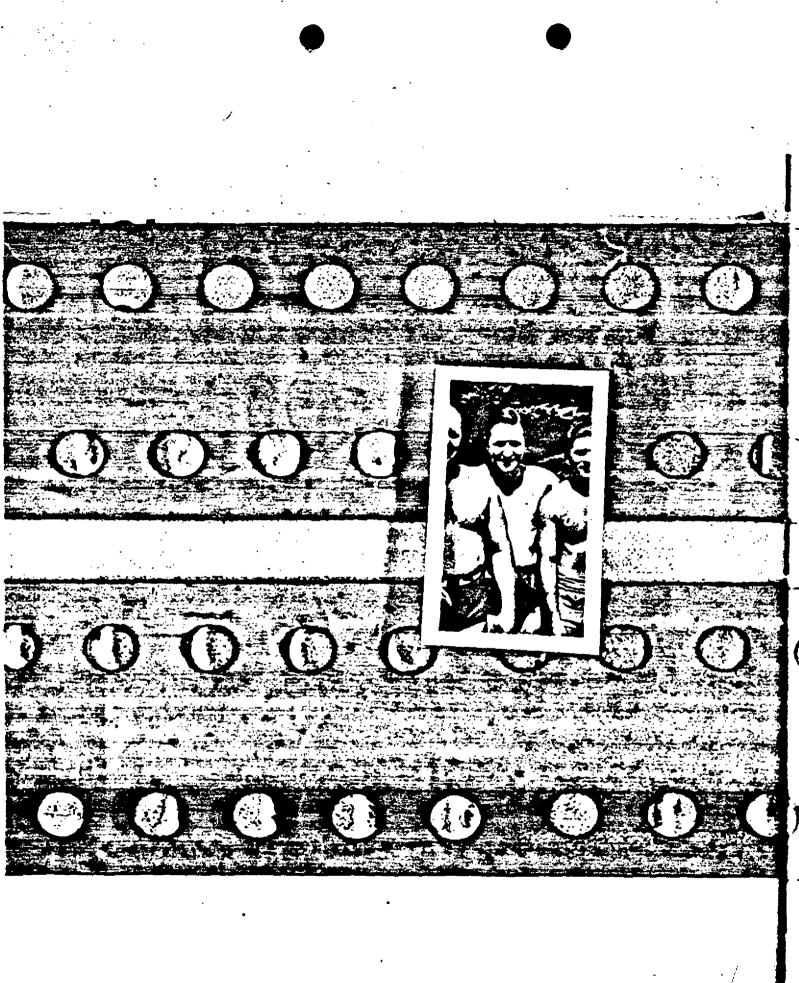
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104	Age Height Veight Juild Hair Gemplerien Marital Status Educatien	29 years 5'S" 170 peunds Elightly heavy Straight, black Dark Married 12/13/41 Attended City Cellege of He	61757
	<b>Mapleyment</b>	years; received B. E. E. graduated cum Lande; subs coived M. E. E. Degree 1950, Chief Engineer, Radia 300 Jelliff Street, Nevar	degree and equally re-
May 7, 194	Description taken from	SULTEDENSON Suly 7. 1903 at Suraj. Ense Chemist	

Reight Veight	5'el-
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Children	Two, born 1941 and 1944 or 1945

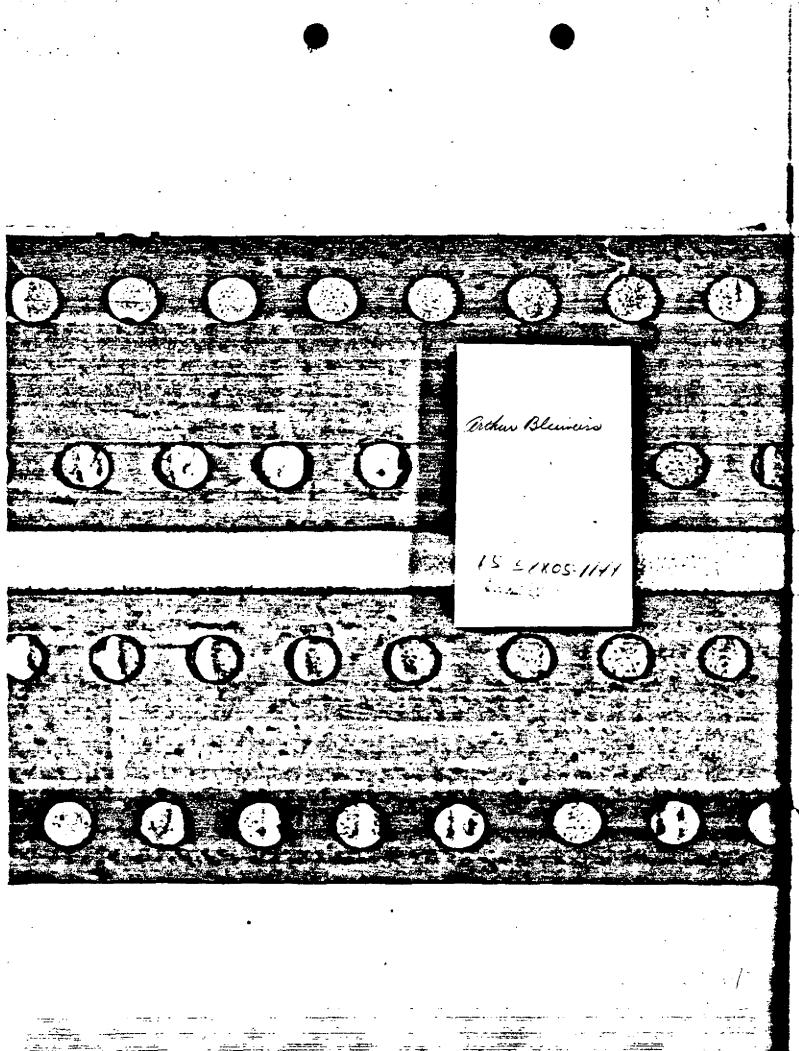
Records of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, New York City, reflect that LIEDENSON received his Dector's Degree in Chemistry frem Buenes Aires University. He entered this country at Reuses Point, New York on May 10, 1942, as an Argentine citizen. He presently resides in Flemington, New Jersey.

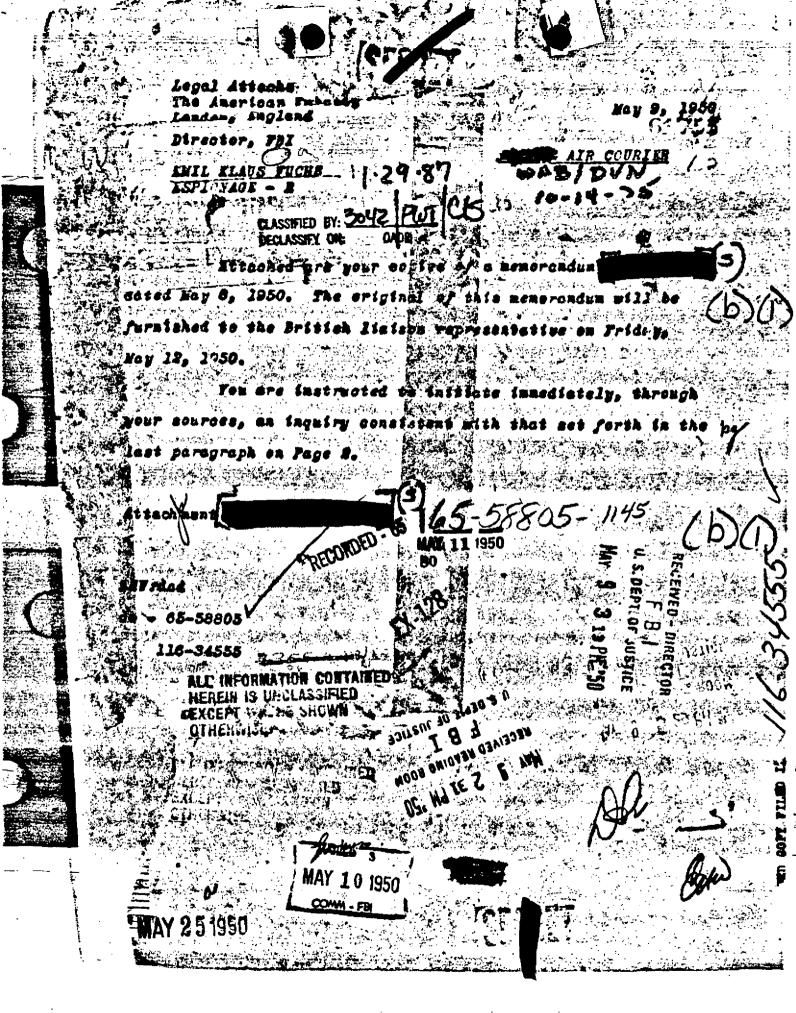
The Newark Office has not been able to obtain a photograph of LIKEEN SON. It is requested that the Vashington Field Office contact the contral office of Immigration and Naturalisation and attempt to secure the photograph undeubtedly submitted with the subject's immigration visa in 1943. If the Washington Field Office is successful in obtaining this photograph, copies should be cent to the Bureau, Besten and New York.

Copies of photographs of MASON and ELEIVEISS are enclosed herewith for the Burean, Boston and New York.



- Enclosure 65-58805-1144







# JULIUS ROSENBERG ET AL.



FILE

HEAD QUARTERS.

IDIFCT KLAUS FUCHS

SUBJECT KLAUS FUCHS

FILE NO. 65- 58805

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UREAU OF INVE FD-72 (1-10-49) mn 160. 1 HIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK 65-15136 NY e STAT MARK NORICO FOR WHICH MAD DET MADE AT JOHN R. MURPHY OP 10/20 2/23-28:3/1.2. NEW TORK 5-31:4/1-24/50 TITLE SEE REVERSE EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, was ESPIONAGE # SIDE FOR Dr. Karl Fuchs, Klaus Fuchs. CLASS AVIGATION Klaus Emi OFucha AUTION ADMINISTRATIVE SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: • FUCHS pled guilty to passing Atomic secrets, 3/1/50; sentenced same date to maximum penalty - 14 years ... FUCHS' known movements, obtained from various sources, outlined. Reasons for implication of FUCHS' sister, KRISTER HEINEMAN, in FUCHS' U.S. D' activities stated and possible link to Canadian espionage ND FININ ring, and ISRAEL HALVERIN in particular, cited. Possible UVISED / suspects, obtained from HALPERIN's notebook, listed and leads set out to secure descriptive data and photographs. Numerous additional possible suspects obtained from rolls of U.S. male citizens employed by Amtorg, NYC, 1944-1946; leads set forth to obtain descriptions, photos. Names of additional Russian students at Columbia University, NYC, 1942-1944 obtained; photos forwarded. ROBERT HEINEMAN viewed OSCAR JOHN VAGO, EUGENE LOUIS FISHER, NYC, 4/11, 12/50; no identification forwarded. ROBERT IS UN made. Background on numerous other suspects obtaineds leads set out. S ROBBINS born ») Brooklyn, NY, 2/3/16; attended CCNY, February 1934 to OPLES DESTROYED Brooklyn, NI, 2/3/10; accounted Court, Civil Engineering 4 MAR 17 19/U enven ti RECORDED - 121 Classified by 2355 - Bureau corner or Thus Why INCEXED -101 - Albany (info) Exempl from CDS Categor 2 - Albuquerque lite e of Declassific - Baltimore - Boston RAPPN 6 PROPERTY OF FBI - This confidential report and its contents are loaned to you by the FEI and are not to be distributed outside of agency to which loaned.

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degree. Employment history set out. ROBBINS admittedly signed CP nominating petition for the late PETER/CACCHIONE, 1939, and obtained other signatures; also was member FARCT, 1945, Lodge 568, INO, December 1947, and signed SCHAPPES petition, 1943. ROBBINS' brother, ABRAHAM, now ALFRED REGER, is an active CP member, NYC; his brother, BORIS ROBBINS, now employed AAA, Washington, D. C. ROBBINS' employment record Jacobson & Co., NYC, from 8/14/44 to 2/28/46 checked for pertinent periods. Show he was "ill" all but 5 work days February 1945, when Unknown Subject, ) a met with FUCHS in Boston on two occasions. ROBBINS worked all except a half day, month of June 1945; was on vacation 7/13-23/45 and again from 8/24-9/4/45. One former co-worker was told by ROBBINS he took "hitch-hiking" trip to New England states, possibly August 1945; ROBBINS' LB file shows he made application for permission to travel to Canada 8/25-27/45. No record ROBBINS Boston hotels, February 1945, or in Santa Fe or Albuquerque hotels, June, July, August 1946. Surveillance on ROBBINS negative except for his contact with RUBIN DREHER, Greenwich, Conn., 3/27/50. ROBBINS married, no children, now lives 5501 14th Avenue, Brooklyn, employed draftsman, Hardesty & Hanover, 101 Park Avenue, NYC. Comparison of ROBBINS! known activities and those of Unknown Subject, wa, and made, Surveillance continues. Additional still (surveillance) photos and made, Surveillance con (K) movies obtained of ROBBINS.

ARTHUR PAWEBER and two female members of British Diffusion Mission set out & Investigation into affairs of ABRAHAM

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TOP SECRET!

JRM: EQ

NY 65-15136

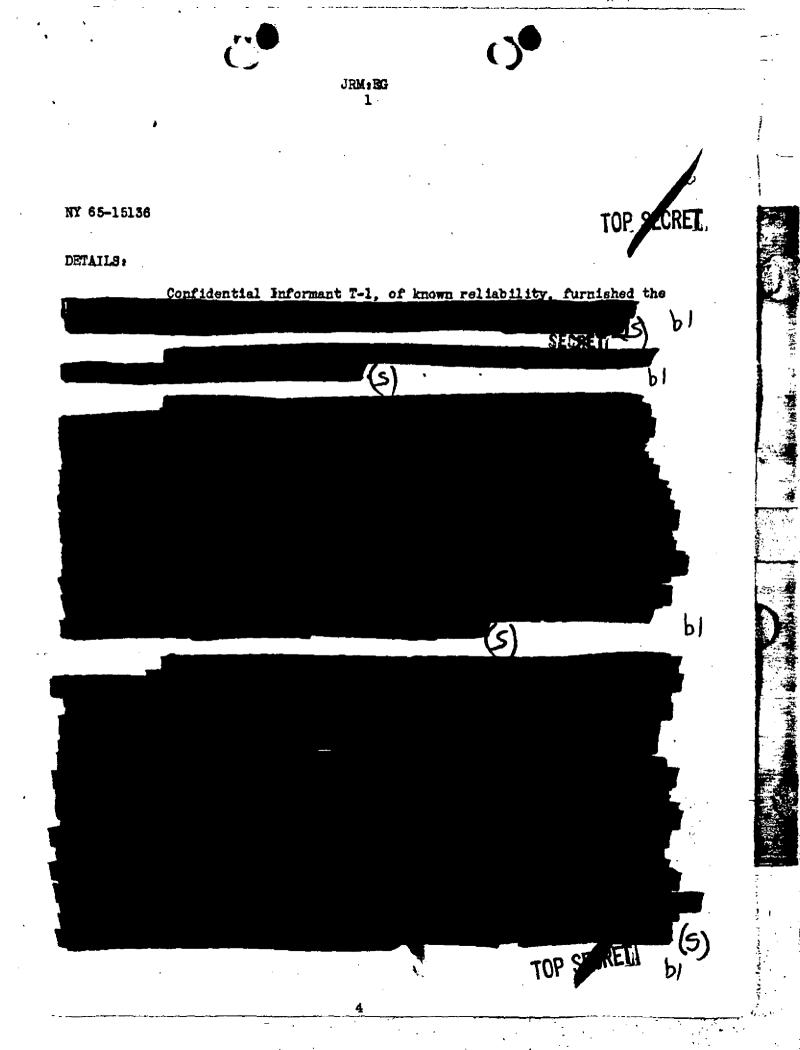


• On March 1, 1950 EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS was arraigned on the charges of violating the Official Secrets Act of 1911 in the Senior Assize Court of the British Empire, London, England, before Lord Chief Justice GODDARD. FUCHS pled guilty to the charge of having transmitted atomic secrets of both Britain and the United States to the Soviet Union. FUCHS made the following statement prior to sentences

"There are also some other crimes which I have committed other than the ones with which I am charged. When I asked my counsel to put certain facts before you, I did so in order to atone for these crimes. They are not crimes in the eyes of the law. They are crimes..... I have had a fair trial and I wish to thank you my lord, my counsel, and the Governor and staff of Brixton Prison for their considerate treatment."

Since FUCHS pled guilty, there was no jury and no evidence beyond that already heard in the prior arriignment of FUCHS shortly after his arrest. After the prosecutor, Sir HARTLEY SHAWCROSS, and FUCHS' attorney made statements regarding the sentence to be imposed, Lord GODDARD sentenced FUCHS to the maximum, fourteen years in prison, after which FUCHS was re-



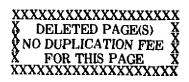




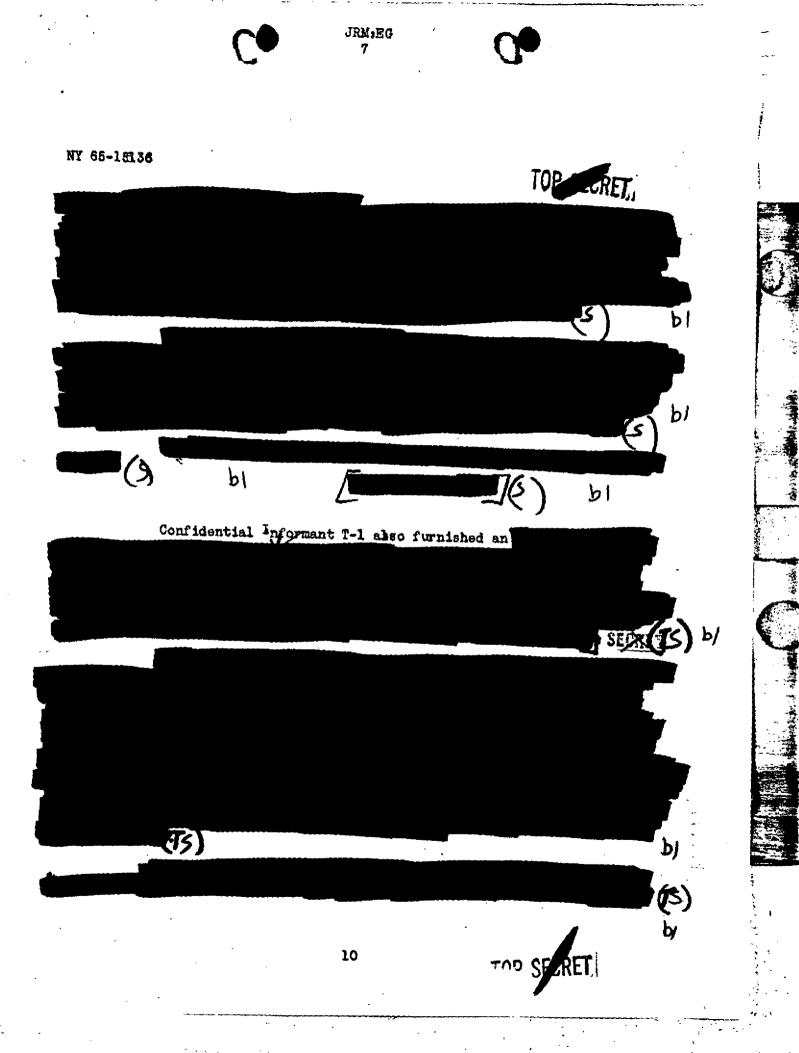
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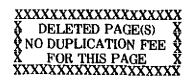


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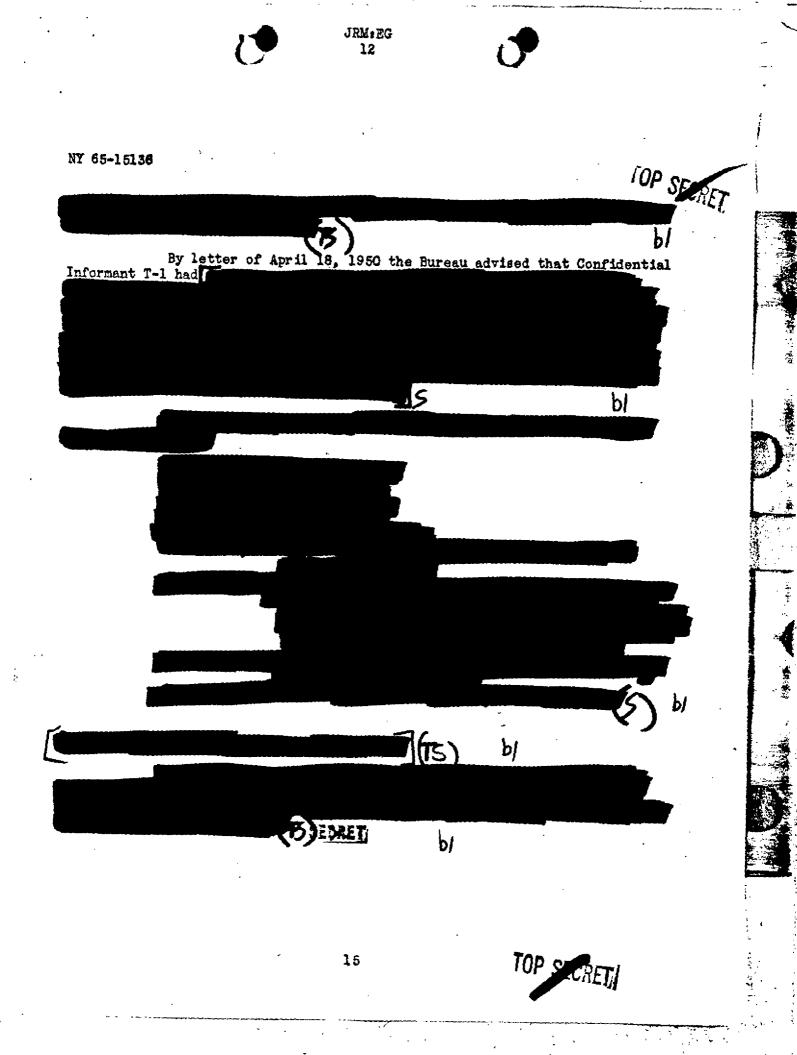
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#### Known Movements of FUCHS While Stationed in United States

December 3, 1943 - FUCHS arrived in the United States at Norfolk, Virginia.

December 1943 to about February 8, 1944 - FUCHS lived at Hotel Taft and Barbizon Plaza Hotel, New York City (unverified but furnished by Til).

December 1943, probably Christmas 1943 - FUCHS visited for a week-end in the HEINEMAN home in Cambridge, Massachusetts.

December 1943 to January 5, 1944 - FUCHS participated in a series of three conferences between British atomic scientists and American atomic scientists in the offices of Kellex, Inc., New York City.

- January 5 to August 12, 1944 FUCHS employed continuously in the office of the British Diffusion Mission, 43 Exchange Place, New York City.
- February or March 1944 FUCHS makes his first meeting with his American contact in New York City.
- May 29 and 30, 1944 FUCHS visited Montreal, Canada for a conference with members of the National Research Council of America.

According to TONEY HILTON ROYLEXSKYRME, FUCHS, PEIERLS and SEYRMS flew from New York to Montreal where they visited GEORGE PLACZEX at the University of Montreal. SKYRME stated this trip was a desire on their part to talk over matters in connection with the atomic project, and particularly to see how things were progressing in Montreal. He states that they may have talked to Dr. CARSON MARK while in Montreal. According to SKYRME, the trip was for one night and they returned to New York the following day.

- July 14, 1944 FUCHS visited Washington, D. C. for a conference with Sir JAMES CHADWICK of the British Mission.
- A week-end in August 1944 prior to August 12th FUCHS paid a visit to Mrs. KRISTELMEINEMAN in Cambridge, Massachusetts.

August 16, 1944 - FUCHS arrived in Los Alamos.

February 11-25, 1945 - FUCHS obtained leave from Los Alamos and visited his sister, KRISTEL HEINEMAN, in Cambridge, Massachusetts. During his visit in Cambridge, FUCHS states he made two meetings with his American contact on the streets of Boston.



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. This corroborates information

- / June 1945 FUCHS makes a meeting with his American contact in Santa Fe, New Mexico.
- Fall of 1945 FUCHS makes a meeting with his American contact, his last according to him, in Santa Fe, New Mexico.
- November 21, 1945 FUCHS visited Chicago, Illinois and Montreal, Canada. He was in Montreal through November 23, 1945 returning to Chicago on November 24, 1945, thence to Albuquerque, New Mexico. (The stated purpose of the trip to Montreal was for an interview with a <u>Major</u> <u>SUMNER</u> and a Mr (HOFF).
- November 25 to about December 8, 1945 FUCHS made a trip by automobile to Mexico City from Albuquerone in the company of Mr. and Mrs. RUDOLFH TEIERLS and Mrs. EDWARD TELLER.
- June 16, 1946 FUCHS departed/for Great Britain via Washington, D. C. and Montreal.
- June 21, 1946 FUCHS was residing with KRISTEL HEINEMAN in Cambridge, Massachusetts.
- June 29, 1946 FUCHS departed for Great Britain from Montreal.

Implication of <u>KRISTEL HEINEMAN</u> with FUCHS in the Carrying Out

furnished by T-2 which indicated that in

On or about November 14, 1944, T-2 reported that

"told

Furthermore, it is noted that FUCHS visited with his sister during the Christmas holidays in 1945 and that he did not make any meet with his American contact until February or March 1944.

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KRISTEL HEINEMAN, of course, has not admitted thus far that she has any direct knowledge of FUCES' activities while in the United States, and furthermore has never admitted any contact with anyone in the year 1944 who, like the contact in February 1945, came to her home seeking FUCES.

As the facts now stand, in the absence of fuller explanations from either FUCHS or KRISTEL HEINEMAN,

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ARISTEL HEINEMAN has admitted that FUCHS met in her home in February 1945 with a man, undoubtedly his American contact, who had been seeking FUCHS on one prior occasion in February 1945. She describes a third yis't by this man after FUCHS had left during which he asked for the date of FUCHS' next visit to Cambridge. FUCHS contradicts HRISTEL HEINEMAN either in an effort to protect her or because it is not true by stating that he never met his American contact in her home, although he now says that the contact "called" on one day while he was there in February 1945.

According to T-1.

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account, it would have been in the HEINEMAN home). SECRET,

In connection with KRISTEL HEINEMAN's possible implication with FUCHS, the following facts are possibly significant and interwoven with the manner in which FUCHS carried out his American meetings.

On the occasion of her first interview on February 2, 1950, KRISTEL HEINEMAN said she had not heard from or seen her brother from 1985 until approximately April 1942. She said that sometime in 1945 ISRAEL NALPERIN. a defendant in the Canadian spy case, wrote to WENDELL FURRY, an acquaintance of hers and her husband's, advising that FUCHS was interned as a German alien in a Canadian internment camp. Thereafter, she said, she heard regularly regarding FUCHS from the FURRYS, who in turn were receiving the information from HALPERIN.

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Later, on February 5, 1950, <u>Mrs. HEINEMAN</u> stated that in April 1942 her brother, KLAUS FUCHS, was interned as a German alien enemy of the British in a camp in Canada. When he had been so interned for about one year ending in April 1943, she discussed his situation with the FURRYS who advised that they had a brother-in-law in Canada whom they would have contact FUCHS.

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(As a matter of fact, FUCHS was interned in a Canadian internment camp from April 1940 to December 1940. On January 11, 1941 FUCHS arrived in England. In May 1941 he went to Birmingham, England where he engaged in joint research at Birmingham under Professor PEIERLS. FUCHS' employment with this special project was confirmed on October 22, 1941.

a certificate of naturalization on the basis of his original application filed in July 1939).

Further, in corroboration of KRISTEL HEINEMAN's statements regarding ISRAEL HALPERIN, her husband, ROBERT HEINEMAN, has said that although he never met ISRAEL HALPERIN, he knew that a man named HALPERIN relayed some cigarettes to FUCHS when the latter was in an internment camp in Canada. To his knowledge, he stated that HALPERIN never visited the HEINEMAN residence and he did not think KRISTEL HEINEMAN was personally acquainted with ISDAEL HALPERIN. Mrs, HEINEMAN has said, however, that Mr. and Mrs. WENDELLAFURRY met FUCHS during his visit in February 1945.

FUCHS' name was found in HALPERIN's address book.

Thus, it appears from statements made by FUCHS, considered with information furnished by T-2.

#### TUP Start

It is also a fact that FUCHS did not make a contact in the United States until February or March 1944, three or four months after his arrival here. In the interim he visited Mrs. HEINEMAN in December 1943 and the possibility exists that arrangements for his first meeting were made while he was in Boston. It is a further possibility that since it appears that HALPERIN apparently was aware of FUCHS' internment in 1940, that FUCHS' American contacts were arranged by HALPERIN during December 1943 or later.

FUCHS has not explained fully how the meetings in Santa Fe were arranged, and since four months elapsed between the Boston meetings and the first Santa Fe meeting, it would appear reasonable that FUCHS (1) know the



identity of his contact and communicated with him directly, or (2) knew the identity of his contact and communicated with him through a third party, or (3) did not know the identity of his contact but was relying upon this fifth SECPT contacting <u>KRISTEL HEINEMAN</u>, who in turn would notify the contact of FUCHS. future plans and desires.

A fact which may strengthen KRISTEL HEINEMAN's implication with FUCHS is that her husband, <u>ROBERT HEINEMAN</u>, has reviewed what correspondence he has been able to locate around the house and has come across a letter from FUCHS wherein FUCHS asks that his regards be given one "WOSEPH". HEINEMAN is unable to identify this individual among the known circle of his and his wife's friends. Although it cannot be stated, with accuracy, that "JOSEPH" is identical with FUCHS' American contact, it does show that FUCHS and his sister had a mutual male friend in the United States whose identity was not then (and never has been) made known to ROBERT HEINEMAN.

Since T-2 has

Keeping in mind the above analysis on FUCHS' United States meetings, there are set forth below a list of questions which should be asked FUCHS on the occasion of the next interview with him either by a representative of T-1 or by a Bureau representative of T-1 or

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Describe in detail the instructions issued by the female contact in England regarding the time, place and manner in which the first meeting in the United States was to be carried out.  $\mathcal{G}(\mathcal{U})$ 

Did the female contact in England specify any date for the meeting? Any place? If she didn't designate the place for the meeting, who did? (u)

Did anyone contact FUCHS by phone or in person at his home or office in New York or during his visit to Boston in December 1943 regarding this meeting?

Did FUCHS contact anyone regarding the first meeting? X(U)



Did the female contact furnish FUCHS with any names or telephone numbers in New York or Boston for him to contact when he was ready to make , the meet?  $\mathcal{J}(\mathcal{W})$ 

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Why was the first meeting delayed until February or March 1944? The selected the meeting place (Market and Henry Streets) and how was it communicated to FUCHS?

FUCHS? Bearing in mind that FUCHS has described a complicated procedure for making meets in England prior to coming to the United States, did he make any attempt prior to February or March 1944 and if so, how many such attempts and at what locations? Describe each of these in detail.

Did the first meeting occur while he was still living in a hotel or after he had moved into a rooming house at 128 West 77th Street, New York?

What address did FUCHS furnish his United States contact?

Did FUCHS miss any meets or fail to make any meets prior to February or March 1944?  $\mathcal{Y}(\mathcal{U})$ 

What procedure was followed if a meet was missed?  $\mathcal{K}(\mathcal{U})$ 

If a meet was missed at any time in New York or any other place, did the contact get in touch with FUCHS regarding the manner in which the next meet was to be made or was there some mutual agreement as in England 1 (M)

Granted that he met with his contact about four times in 1944 in New York, what was the approximate date of his last meet prior to leaving for Los Alamos on August 12, 1944?  $\mathcal{G}(\mathcal{M})$ 

How long before going to Los Alamos did FUCHS know this assignment SU

Did he inform KRISTEL HEINEMAN of his destination when he visited her in August 1944 before leaving for Los Alamos! Did he tell her that a business contact or friend might inquire of her regarding this NS (A)

How were the tentative arrangements for the Christmas, 1944 meet in Boston made if not through KRISTEL HEINEMAN?

How was this meeting cancelled Where was the meeting to be the first of the set of the s

When was the contact first advised of FUCHS' failure to come to Boston? (At Christmas, 1944?) By whom and how? (11)





JRM:EO 19



by KRISTEL . If the contact was advised that FUCHS was not coming by Christmas, 1944, did she confirm to FUCHS the fact that she had cancelled the meet for him?

How was the February 1945 meeting arranged? Directly or with KRISTEL's assistance?

Were any arrangements made for any future meetings, that is, beyond February 1945 during the Boston meets? What were they?

What does FUCHS mean when he says his contact "called" while he was in the HEINEMAN home in February 1945? X

How was the first Santa Fe meeting arranged? X(u)

What was the locale of the first Santa Fe meeting and who designated the place? If the place was selected by FUCHS, how did he communicate it to his contact? Isn't it a fact that his contact was a stranger to Santa Fe

How was the date of the first contact arrived at? (It is noted that FUCHS has stated that the date of the first Santa Fe meeting was arranged "to suit the contact." This was also true of the New York meetings). A U

What difficulty did his contact have in making the Santa Fe meeting? How was it manifest? In correspondence? In his contacts with KRISTEL HEINEMAN? In his conversations with FUCHS?

How does FUCHS know that the contact arrived and departed from Santa Fe by bus?

Did he witness either the contact's arrival or departure: X(U)

Why does FUCHS think his contact was not independent? (u)

Did the contact mention any other means of transportation besides bus? Was he carrying any baggage? From what direction to Santa Fe had he come 1 ( )

When were the arrangements made for the second meeting in Santa Fej

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How much time elapsed between the two meetings  $\mathcal{K}(\mathcal{U})$ 

Is it possible that the first Santa Fe meeting occurred after or about the same time as the dropping of the test bomb on July 16, 1945 rather than prior to it?



What discussions did FUCHS have with his contact regarding the information that was being passed (

engineer (U) Was this his basis for believing his contact is a chemist or an

Did FUCHS specify before leaving England that he would like to be contacted by someone familiar with his subject matter?

Why does he say that the contact was not within the atomic energy project?

The above list of questions is not intended to be complete but should be used in the same or similar forms in future interrogations of FUCHS.

#### Suspects

On the possibility that FUCHS' American contact may have been under the direction and/or control of the Canadian ring in which HALPERIN was involved, a review has been made of the CORBY case, particularly of the names found in <u>ISRAEL HALPERIN</u>'s notebook, in an effort to learn the names of individuals whose age corresponds to the approximate ages furnished by FUCHS and the HEINEMANS of his American contact. These names, with what personal background information is now known, are being set forth hereinafter and leads are being set out to obtain physical descriptions and, where possible, photographs of these individuals.

JACOB BERNARD AGUSHEWITZ, with alias, Jacob Bernard Agus

This individual attended Harvard University Graduate School of Arts and Sciences from 1936 to 1939, receiving an AM degree in 1938 and a Ph.D. in 1939. His home address at the time was 5029 North Kenmore Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. While attending Harvard he resided at 114 Trowbridge Street, Cambridge, Massachusetts. He received his AB degree magna cum laude from Yeshiva College, New York in June 1943. He was also a graduate student at Columbia University, New York, where he studied chemistry, physiology and pure sciences. His name was changed from AGUSHEWITZ to AGUS on the roll of Harvard University by permission of the Assistant Dean in April 1938. The records at Harvard further indicate he had a certificate of derivative citisenship dated January 25, 1938 indicating he was born on September 10, 1911 at



Suislloz, Poland the son of LEIVAGUSHEWITZ and BELACOSTINSSEY. His home address at the time was 5414 12th Avenue, Brooklyn, New York. AGUS left Cambridge for Chicago, Illinois in 1938 and as of 1947 was reported to be a chief rabbi in Cleveland, Ohio.

## JOHN LANDES BARNES

BARNES was born October 16, 1905 at Haddonfield, New Jersey, and as of 1947 was residing at 132 Brooking Street, Medford, Hillside, Massachusetts. At that time he was a professor of mathematics and chairman of the Department of Applied Mathematics and Engineering at Tufts College, Medford, Massachusetts. He is the son of E. H. DARNES and his permanent home is Haddonfield, New Jersey. He received a degree of Bachelor of Science and Master of Science in Electrical Engineering on June 4, 1920. He attended MIT, Electrical Engineering Department, from 1924 to 1929. He was married to MABEL CHMIESER BARNES on July 3, 1935 and as of 1947 they had two children.

From September 1942 forward to an unspecified date BARNES was employed developing fire control apparatus for the United States Navy antiaircraft guns and as a mathematics consultant on Navy and Army radar equipment for the Bell Telephone Laboratories in New York City. On September 1, 1943 he changed his employment from the Bell Laboratories in New York to the Holmdel, New Jersey laboratory of the Bell Telephone Company, where he was developing radio equipment for secret United States Army communication systems.

## DAVID WOLE BILLER

Confidential Informant T-3, an informant of the Boston Office of known reliability, advises that BILLER was born on November 13, 1911 at Boston, Massachusetts, the son of MORRIS BILLER and MINNIE BUFFET. He was admitted to Harvard College in July 1929 and left in April 1930 due to unsatisfactory grades. BILLER's father was an insurance agent and BILLER was formerly employed as a sales manager by the Sturm Company, an advertising firm.

Sometime after 1940 he was president and general manager of the DAVID WOLF BILLER, INC., 20 Providence Street, Boston, Massachusetts. This corporation was organized in 1940 for the purpose of "market research, sales analysis, promotion, advertising and graphic arts generally".

BILLER's wife's name is MARTHA ROSENTHALL BILLER.

On June 26, 1944 BILLER filed a request with his selective service board for deferment, and again on December 5, 1944 and August 4, 1946 claiming

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he was president and general manager of a company whose work included the mapping of areas and the preparation of lists used in connection with war salvage drives. In August 1945 BILLER notified his local board that he was moving to 156 West 20th Street, New York City.

## GARRETT BIRKHOFF

Confidential Informant T-3, an informant of the Boston Office, advises that BIRKHOFF was born January 10, 1911 at Princeton, New Jersey. He was graduated from Harvard University in 1932 with an AB degree cum laude and was a junior fellow at Harvard from 1933 to 1936. As of 1947 he was an associate professor of mathematics at Harvard College, residing at 45 Fairweather Street, Cambridge, Massachusetts. T-3 also advises that as of May 7, 1943 BIRKHOFF was engaged in part-time research on projectile design at the Ballistics Research Laboratory, Aberdeen Proving Grounds, Maryland, having been so engaged since May 19, 1942.

The records of T-3 indicate that on February 24, 1944 BIRKHOFF held a life appointment as an associate professor in mathematics at Harvard University and, in addition, was engaged on a war research contract at Columbia University, New York City.

The records of BIRKHOFF's local board reflect that he accepted an appointment as a visiting professor at the Institute of Mathematics in Mexico City for a period of four months commencing July 1, 1945.

# ISRAEL BLOCK, with alias Srul Block

BLOCK, according to Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, was/born at Kiev, Russia on April 17, 1889 the son of TODRES BAJLOCK and BERTHA D. ABLOCK. He arrived in the United States at Boston on May 18, 1911 and was admitted to United States citizenship November 13, 1944. His wife, DORA SWIATECA, was admitted to citizenship on March 13, 1944.

T-4 further reported that BLOCK conducted a laundry business at 22A Myrtle Street, Boston until December 1, 1942 and then went into the wholesale greecry business at 107 Trement Street, Boston. Since his original entry into the United States, BLOCK has made one trip to Russia between July 5 and September 6, 1935, the purpose of which was to visit his two sisters who were then living in Russia and whom he had not seen since 1911,

T-4 further reports that BLOCK had been a member of the INO Lodge #114, Boston, Massachusetts, for ten years prior to 1944.

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# DANIEL JOSEPH/BOORSTIN, aka Dan Boorstin

Confidential Informant T-5, of known reliability, reports that BOORSTIN was born October 1, 1914 at Atlanta, Georgia. He received an AB degree from Harvard in 1934 and thereafter attended Onford University, England, receiving a BA degree in 1936. He became a member of the staff at Harvard University and Radcliff and from 1939 to 1942 he taught law and history at Harvard. Later, according to T-5, in 1944, BOORSTIN became Assistant Professor of Law and tutor to the Committee on Social Thought at the University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois, where he was still teaching in 1947. BOORSTIN was rejected from military service at Chicago in April 1945 due to severe neurotic symptoms.

ABRAHAM JOSEPH BREGMAN, alias "Dapper"

Confidential Informant T-6, an informant of the Boston Office, of known reliability, advised that

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T-6 states that

On February 12, 1941 BREGMAN was hired by General Electric, Lynn, Massachusetts, as a civil engineer.

Confidential Informant T-7, of known reliability, advises that in 1945 BREGMAN was employed by the Poloroid Corporation, Boston, and had also worked for the Holtzer Cabot Electrical Corporation, Boston, and the Bethlehem Steel Company, Quinoy, Massachusetts. As of 1947 BREGMAN was living at 4 Nasing Court, Roxbury, Massachusetts.

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ALBERT HADLEY CANTREL

Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, has advised that CANTREL was born June 16, 1906 at Hyrsus, Utah. His permanent address was shown as Portland, Oregon. He attended Dartmouth College from 1924 to 1928 receiving a BS degree. He attended the University of Munich, Germany during the winter semester of 1928 and the University of Berlin, Germany in the summer of 1929, studying psychology at both places. In 1931 he was an instructor in psychology at Dartmouth College. T-3 advised that in 1937 CANTREL was an instructor at Princeton University. As of 1947, according to T-3, CANTREL was living at 116A Holden Green, Cambridge, Massachusetts and was employed as an instructor of English at Harvard University.

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### HAROLD EDGAR CLEARMAN

Confidential Informant T-8, of known reliability, advised that CLEARMAN was born February 21, 1914 at Orange, New Jersey. He was educated at Princeton University, receiving an AB degree, and also did four years' graduate study at Princeton. He was then employed as a physicist at MIT under Colonel EDDY for three years. T-8 advised that as of October 5, 1941 CLEARMAN would be employed by the Physics Department, Duke University, and residing at 1107 Minerva Avenue, Durham, North Carolina.

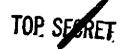
T-8 advised that in March 1942 CLEARMAN went to work at the Naval Ordnance Laboratory, United States Navy Yard, Washington, D. C., as a physicist engaged in physical and analytical research in connection with the development of new or variations on old-type mines, depth charges, torpedces, etc. In July 1946, T-8 states, CLEARMAN was employed at the Applied Physics Laboratories, Johns Hopkins University, Silver Springs, Maryland,

Confidential Informant T-9, an informant of the Boston Office, advised that CLEARMAN was an associate of Professor NATHAN ROSEN, whose name was also in the address book of ISRAEL HALPERIN.

1. BERNARD COHEN, with aliases, B. Cohen, I. Bernard

Confidential Informant T-5, an informant of the Boston Office, advised that COHEN was born in New York City on March 1, 1914 and attended Valley Forge, Pannsylvania Military Academy from 1932-1933. He entered Harvard University in 1933 and graduated with the class of 1937 with a BS degree cum laude. Subsequently he attended the Harvard Graduate School for four years majoring in physics, history, and the history of science. COHEN





officially joined the staff of Harvard University in February 1932 as a teacher of physics.

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AND WHO HAS MADE GROUNDLESS ATTACKS ON CO-WORKERS by C

Confidential Informant T-10, Tunknown roliability, advised the Boston Office on June 23, 1942 that a group associated with Carnegie Institute of Harvard College were engaged in the writing of a history of medieval science, sut generally spent considerable time in the preparation of Communist literature and pamphlets. The informant identified COHEN as a member of this group under the name I. BERNARD. T-10 advised that members of the group, including COHEN, attempted to convert the informant to Communism.

In 1947 COHEN was residing at 127 Washington Street, Brighton, Massachusetts, and was employed as a physics instructor at Harvard University.

## JAMES WILBUR DILLEY

Confidential Informant T-3, an informant of the Boston Office, advised that DILLEY was born March 23, 1912 at Roswell, New Mexico. He was admitted to the Harvard Divinity School in 1935, giving as his address Glendale, California. During his stay at Harvard he served as an instructor at various Sunday schools in the greater Boston area. The records of T-3 further reflect that on December 10, 1938 DILLEY addressed a letter to the Dean of the Harvard Divinity School stating as follows:

"For in my reasoning about war and peace I always find myself going back to this premise: That the only way we are going to have peace is by building the world state on a Socialist basis. I see in the Soviet Union the world Socialist state in embryonic form and realist pacifism means the defense of the Soviet Union at all costs. I would much rather have seen war come out with Britain and France on Russia's side rather than to see it come a few months or years from now with the entire capitalist world united in an alliance against her. Levin (Lenin?) said before he died that the time would come when the Soviet Union would have to fight the entire capitalist world allied against her and recent events seem to bear out this statement."

DILLEY's address as of 1943 was 201 West Daran Street, Glendale, California.

### CLIFFORD HUGH DOWKER

Confidential Informant T-11, of known reliability, advised that DOWKER was born March 2, 1912 at Parkhill, Ontario and arrived in the United States at Buffelo, New York on September 5, 1939. He is the son of ANNIE MAUD





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### MACO MacGREGOR and JOHN WESTLEY DOWNER of Parkhill, Ontario, Canada. He resided in Canada until 1935. From 1935 to 1938 he resided in the United States where he was acquiring his Ph.D. degree at Princeton, University. From 1939 to 1943 he was at the Institution of Advanced Study, Princeton, New Jersey, and Johns Hopkins University. From May to September 1943 he was in Egypt on a mission for the United States War Department. On August 11, 1946 he was employed as a mathematics instructor at Johns Hopkins University.

T-11 advised that DOWKER is a registrant of Local Board 18, Baltimore, Maryland, Order #1017. He filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen on October 25, 1944 in which he stated he had been married on April 15, 1944 at Washington, D. C. From September 1943 to February 1946 DOWKER was employed in the Radiation Laboratory of MIT, leaving on the latter date to take a teaching job at Tufts College.

According to the files of the Boston Office, DOWKER was a member of the Henry Thoreau Branch of the Communist Party. He is married to YAEL DOWKER and they were residing at 375 Charles Street, Boston, Massachusetts in 1947. Both he and his wife were then members of the American Association of Scientific Workers.

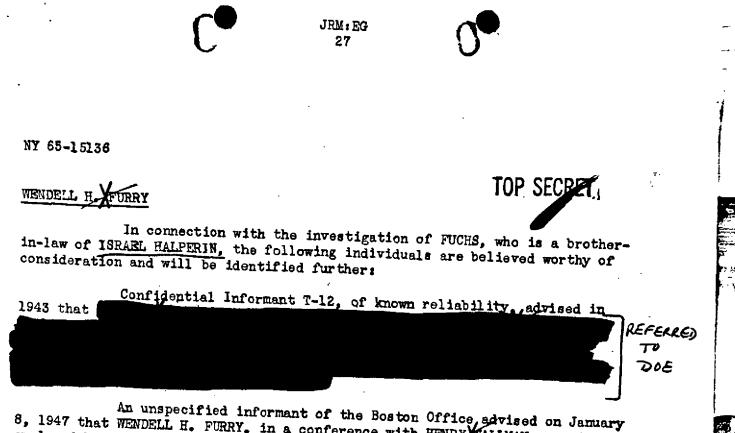
MARCEL AUGUSTE FRANCON

Confidential Informant T-4, an informant of the Boston Office, advised that FRANCON was born in Lyons, France on March 16, 1900. He arrived in the United States at the Port of New York on September 22, 1924 and has resided continuously in Cambridge, Massachusetts ever since. He was married January 11, 1936 to ALICE ALBERT. In 1947 he was living with his wife at 1716 Cambridge Street, Cambridge, Massachusetts and teaching at Harvard University. FRANCON filed his declaration of intention to become a United States citizen on July 9, 1935.

According to T-3, FRANCON received an LIC in Sciences at the University of Lyons, France in 1921 and an AM at Harvard in 1925, and a Ph.D. in Chemistry at Harvard in 1929.

FRANCON is a registrant of Local Board 26, Boston, Massachusetts and, according to the files of the Boston Office, is a Communist.

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8, 1947 that WENDELL H. FURRY, in a conference with HENRY MALLMAN, a scientist employed by the United States Navy Research Bureau, mentioned the name GUNDHEILER (ph). According to FURRY, GUNDHEILER is a good friend of NORMAN LEVINSON and could be the source of information regarding the progress on guided missile projects. WALLMAN stated that LEVINSON had been assigned several complex mathematical problems by GUNDHEILER for solution. The problems related to the work of the Naval Office of Scientific Research and

Leads are being set forth to identify these two individuals further.

T-3 advised that GERSHINOWITZ was born at Brooklyn, New York on August 31, 1910 and his home address was listed as 1419 Avenue I, Brooklyn, New York. He attended Harvard University Graduate School, majoring in Chemistry from 1931 to 1934. He was employed at Harvard as a research assistant in the Chemistry Department starting July 1, 1936. T-3 stated that previously he had attended City College of New York from 1927 to 1931 receiving a BS

From July 1, 1935 to June 30, 1936 he was employed by Professor H WOREY, Department of Chemistry, Columbia University, New York City. From 1942 to 1945 he resided at 40 East 10th Street, New York City, during which period he was a chemist for the Shell Oil Company, 50 West 50th Street, New York City. Sometime in 1945 he returned to Houston, Texas where he continued his employment with the Shell Oil Company.

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ISENBERG, alias Arnold Eisenberg ARNOL

T-3, an informant of the Boston Office, advised that ISENBERG was born September 12, 1911 at Haverhill, Massachusetts, the son of DAVID BC/57, and FANNIE CYSTEKER. He received his AB at Harvard in 1932, his AM in 1933, and his Fh.D. in 1935. He is a registrant of Local Board 37, Boston, Massachusetts. He began teaching at Queens College, New York on February 1, 1941 and as of May 1943 was still teaching there.

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### NORMAN LEVINSON

LEVINSON was born August 11, 1912 at Lynn, Massachusetts. He has been an instructor at MIT since 1937 and is a full professor of Mathematics. He was married in Brooklyn, New York on April 11, 1938 to ZIPPORAH A. LEVINSON. He was a member of the Boston branch of the American Association of Scientific Workers from 1940 to 1942. He is a close associate of WENDELL FURRY and in 1946 and early 1947 was cooperating in obtaining funds for the defense of ISRAEL HALPERIN.

### WILLIAM TED MARTIN

T-5 advised that in 1947 MARTIN was living at 81 Kilburn Road, Belmont, Massachusetts, formerly the residence of NORMAN LEVINSON. At that time MARTIN was a professor of mathematics at MIT, Cambridge, Massachusetts. He had been an instructor and associate professor of mathematics at MIT from 1936 to June 1943, returning in September 1946. No birthdate or Army service record, if any, was furnished by T-5 in 1947 and a lead is being set forth to determine MARTIN's description and whereabouts during the pertinent period of this case,

## Dr. ELIOT FURNESS FORTER

T-3 advised that PORTER was an instructor and tutor in biochemical sciences at Harvard University. He was engaged in the field of photography and employed in connection with secret war work at the Radiation Laboratory, MIT, starting in September 1941. From September 1941 to January 1944 he continued in this employment as a photographer, participating in the field of mechanical design and shop practice. He acted as coordinator of work and superintendent of the shop. At the time he left the Radiation Laboratory he furnished a forwarding address of 410 Greenbay Road, Winnetka, Illinois or 116 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois, He is a registrant of Local Board 3, Winnetka, Illinois.

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RUBBEY SHERR

T-5, an informant of the Boston Office, advised that SHERR is a registrant of Local Board 47, Cambridge, Massachusetts, and was born at Long Branch, New Jersey on September 14, 1913. He received his AB degree from New York University and his Ph.D. from Princeton University. T-5 stated that as of June 8, 1941 SHERR stated he was then working for the Radiation Laboratory at MIT as a research assistant. His father, MAX SHERR, then resided on Davidson Avenue in the Bronx, New York with his wife, ANNA SHERR.

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On July 7, 1944 SHERR notified T-5 that he was leaving Cambridge for New Mexico and that his address thereafter would be P.O. Box 1663, Santa Fe, New Mexico (which is the official address for scientists employed at Los Alamos). He said he would be working on a War Department project there under contract of the University of California.

### ERNEST JOSEPH SIMMONS

SIMMONS was born December 8, 1903 at Lawrence, Massachusetts and attended Harvard University receiving an AB degree in 1925, an AM in 1926, and a Ph.D. in 1928. He was connected with Harvard as an instructor and professor from September 1929 to September 1940 teaching Slavic languages as well as the English language.

T-13, an informant of the Boston Office, has advised that

He is a registrant of Local Board 495, Ithaca, New York.

As of January 8, 1947 SIMMONS was the head of the Department of East European Languages at Columbia University, New York City, residing at 445 Riverside Drive, New York City.

# ELGENE ARTHUR SMITH, aka Gene Smith

T-3, an informant of the Boston Office, has advised that SMITH was a research assistant in the chemical laboratory at Harvard University from March 1937 to June 30, 1939. He was born at Berkley, California on October 12,



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1909. His permanent address is Manhattan, Kansas, He received the degree of AB from Dartmouth College in 1933 and Ph.D. in Chemistry from Princeton University. In December 1939 he was employed in the laboratory of the Sun Oil Company, Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania. In May 1944 he was made manager of research in the Catalytic Development Department, a subsidiary of the Houdry Process Corporation, Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania.

He is a registrant of Local Board 7, Media, Pennsylvania. He was married to MARTHA A SUTER on September 1, 1942. His last known address is 511 East Darby Road, Haverford Township, Pennsylvania.

HARRY BERNARD WISSMANN

T-3 advised that WISSMANN was born August 18, 1908 at San Francisco, California, the son of HARRY WISSMANN and MARY CATHERINE WIDLAND. 1995 499 400 He is listed in the records of T-3 as a permanent resident of Champaign, Illinois. He attended the University of Illinois and did summer work at the University of Wisconsin and Northwestern University.

In 1942 he resided at 2025 Fendall Street, S.E., Washington, D.C., and in 1943 he was employed at the Arthur D. Little, Inc., Cambridge, Massachusetts, which firm was then engaged in highly confidential war work. His occupation, according to T3, is chemical engineering and research.

He entered active duty as a Second Lieutenant, Chemical Warfare Service, United States Army, and was stationed at Gravelly Point, Virginia, His military service terminated on December 19, 1945 at which time he was a Captain. He had Army serial No. 0-384-779.

Dr. HOWARD PERCY ROBERTSON

Confidential Informant T-14, an informant of the Newark Office, has advised that ROBERTSON was born January 27, 1903 at Hoquian, Washington. T-14 advised that ROBERTSON studied at the University of Washington for four years, the California Institute of Technology for two years, the University of Gottingen, the University of Munich, both Germany, physics, two years, and Princeton University, mathematical physics, one year. His wife is <u>ANGELA</u> <u>HOURINSKY HOBERTSON</u> and he has two children, a son GEORGE OUNCAN, and a daughter MARIETTE TULNICAN

The following is a physical description of ROBERTSON obtained from T-14:



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HOWARD PERCY ROBERTSON

Address
Born
Race
Height
Weight
Hair
Eyes
Complexion
Employment

Name

175 Prespect Avenue, Princeton, N. J. (1937) January 27, 1903, Hoquian, Washington White 5'11" 205 lbs. Black Brown Ruddy Mathematics professor and research scientist,

Princeton University, Princeton, New Jersey

Confidential Informant T-15, of unknown reliability, has advised the Newark Office that ROBERTSON was in England during most of the war on a very responsible and secret job, although no dates were specified.

HYMEN AABON DECKER, with alias Hymen tobedecker

Confidential Informant T-16 has advised the Newark Office that DECKER resides at 1505 Stuyvesant Avenue, Trenton, New Jersey and was born in Russia on August 15, 1903. DECKER is a registrant of Local Board 9, Mercer County, Trenton, New Jersey. He married his wife, MINA K. DECKER, on October 1, 1931 and as of 1947 had one daughter born December 23, 1941. In 1947 DECKER was employed as executive and general manager in the clothing business for the Langrock Stores, Inc., 40 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey, with the main office located at 151 Brewery Street, New Haven, Connecticut.

### MALCOM SLINGSBY ROBERTSON

ROBERTSON was born in Brantford, Ontario, Canada on July 18, 1906, He filed his declaration of intention to become an American citizen at New Haven, Connecticut on June 29, 1937. In 1947 ROBERTSON had two sons, JOHN MALCOM and ALLEN JOHN, born 1940 and 1942 respectively. ROBERTSON is a professor of mathematics at Rutgers University and is described as follows:

Height	5111
Weight	160 lbs.
Eyes	Brown
Hair	Brown
Complexion	Light

The Bureau has requested the Newark Office by teletype to furnish a photograph of ROBERTSON for exhibition to FUCHS and HEINEMAN,



ALBERT WILLI

TUCKER was born November 28, 1905 in Oshawa, Canada and, according to Confidential Informant T-17, an informant of the Newark Office, claimed to be a citizen of the United States. He is a registrant of Local Board 1, Princeton, New Jersey, Order #647. His mother, FLORENCE M. TUCKER, resides in Toronto, Canada. In 1947 he was teaching at Princeton University, as assistant professor of mathematics. On September 29, 1943 he was also engaged in teaching mathematics to the pre-radar group of the Navy at Princeton, New Jersey. The following is a description of TUCKER obtained from T-17:

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Height	5*11*
Weight	180 lbs.
Complexion	Dark
Eyes	Brown
Hair	Black
Peculiarities	Wears glasses
Marital status	Married
Wife's name	ALICE CURTISE TUCKER
Children	One son born July 15, 1945

On January 21, 1947 TUCKER was interviewed by agents of the Newark Office in connection with the HALPERIN case. When informed of the purpose of that interview, TUCKER lost his composure and appeared extremely indignant throughout the interview. He said he had known HALPERIN since 1930 or 1931 and considered him a close personal friend. During the years 1940 to 1945 he stated he did not see HALPERIN but apparently corresponded with him. He said he last saw HALPERIN in the summer of 1946 at which time HALPERIN assured him he was innocent of the charges brought against him by the Canadian government. As a personal friend of HALPERIN, TUCKER was certain HALPERIN was innocent and had received a "harshly raw deal". TUCKER accused the Canadian authorities of engaging in a witch hunt and stated that their conduct since HALPERIN's arrest had been an attempt to "save face", and he pointed out that HALPERIN was arrested in February 1946 and had not been brought to trial. TUCKER produced the report of the Royal Commission and criticized it severely, stating that any action taken against HALPERIN would be, in his opinion, a gross miscarriage of justice.

OLDFRANK

GOLDFRANK was born January 16, 1911 at Glen Ridge, New Jersey. He attended Columbia University, receiving a BA in 1931, a BS in 1932, and a Chemical Engineering degree in 1933. Since June 1934 he has been employed as JRL:EG 33

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a chemist and assistant laboratory director at Stein Hall & Company, 285 Madison Avenue, New York City, which firm also has a laboratory at 12-10 Jackson Avenue, Long Island City, New York. The firm is engaged in making adhesives, starch, and other products.

GOLDFRANK now lives at 145 East 92nd Street, Apartment 7A, New York City. Formerly he has resided at 151 East 90th Street and 129 West 75th Street, both New York City. His father, WALTER, and mother, IRMAALEXANDER COLDFRANK, are both deceased. He has two brothers, ALEXANDER, 22 Hugh Street, Caribou, Maine, and THOMAS, 32 Queensbury Street, Boston, Massachusetts, and a sister, SUSAN, 420 Riverside Drive, New York City. He married his wife, SYLVIA GLOSS COLDFRANK, on September 26, 1934 and they have two sons, WALTER L. and DAVID, born 1940 and 1942 respectively. The following is a physical description of GOLDFRANK, who is a registrant of Local Board 51, New York City:

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Born Height Weight Eyes Hair Complexion

Age

January 16, 1911, Glen Ridge, New Jersey 5'11" 160 lbs (1940) Brown Brown Sallow

Attempts have been made to obtain photographs of GOLDFRANK at Columbia University and City College of New York, but the latest photograph available is one taken in 1927 while he was at Columbia. Therefore, immediate attempts will be made to obtain surveillance photographs of GOLDFRANK at or in the vicinity of his residence or employment.

# BANESH HOFFMAN

HOFFMAN is a registrant of Local Board 26, Queens County, New York, and resided in 1947 at 149-30 Hollywood Avenue, Flushing, New York. He was born September 6, 1906 at Richmond, England. He was educated at Oxford University, England, and Princeton University, Princeton, New Jersey. From 1932 to 1935 he was engaged in graduate study in mathematics at the University of Rochester. From 1937 to 1944 he was engaged as an assistant professor of mathematics at Queens College, New York. On April 10, 1944 he left Queens College to assume employment with the Federal Telephone and Radio Laboratories and the Federal Telephone and Radio Corporation, 67 Broad Street, New York City, as a mathematician and theoretical physicist. On February 1, 1945 he resumed his employment with Queens College as assistant professor of mathematics. In 1947 he had one son, born August 24, 1943.



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IRVIN MORRIS alias Kim KORR

Confidential Informant T-18, an informant of the Newark Office, has advised that KORR was born August 24, 1909 at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and attended the University of Pennsylvania from 1926 to 1932 when he received his BA and MA degrees. He attended Princeton University from 1952 to 1935, receiving a Ph.D. From 1936 to April 1943 he taught at New York University College of Medicine, New York City.

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His father, SAMUEL P, KORR, and his mother, ANNA GOLDBERG, both natives of Russia, reside in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. As of February 1944, KORR was residing at 175 Pinkney Road, Little Silver, New Jersey. He is a registrant of Local Board 19, New York City, where he is described as 5'6", 145 pounds, dark brown hair, dark brown eyes, dark complexion. In February 1944 KORR was employed as a physiologist in the Climatic Research Division, Signal Corps, General Development Laboratory, Fort Monmouth, New Jersey.

Confidential Informant T-19, of known reliability, advised the New York Office that KORR's employment with the Signal Corps was terminated on December 23, 1944 and that KORR was to commence employment with the Ordnance Department, Princeton, New Jersey, as a psychologist in the Office of Scientific Research and Development. He terminated this employment June 23, 1945 and on July 16, 1945 KORR intended to assume a position with the Squibb Institute for Medical Research at New Brunswick, New Jersey, under another OSRD contract.

ALEXANDER ELAN, with aliases, Alex Elan, Alexander Eland, A. Elan, Saul Alianow, A. Elian

advised

Confidential Informant T-20, an informant of the Boston Office,

Confidential Informant T-21, another informant of the Boston Office, advised that on July 17, 1944 ELAN was employed by the Federal Telephone



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and Radio Corporation, East Newark, New Jersey, as an equipment engineer.

It is noted that Confidential Informant T-22, an informant of the Newark Office, advised in October 1946 that a photograph of <u>ELAN</u> was contained in the files of the Federal Telephone and Radio Corporation, 39 Central Avenue, East Newark, New Jersey.

The records of the Immigration and Naturalisation Service, New York City, reflect that ELAN obtained derivative citizenship in July 1928 through the naturalisation of his father, SOLOMONTELIANOW. In July 1947 ELAN was employed by the Taller & Cooper Company, 75 Front Street, New York City, as a draftsman, and was residing at 2075 Kindred Street, Long Island City.

### NATHAN ROSEN

ROSEN was listed as a professor of Physics in the publication "American Men of Science" in 1947. He was born in Brooklyn, New York on March 22, 1909 and received degrees of BS from MIT in 1929 and MS in 1930 and a Doctor of Science in 1932. His employment record is shown as follows:

National research fellow, University of Michigan, 1932-1933

National research fellow, Princeton University, 1933-1934

Research worker, Institute of Advanced Study, 1934-1936

Professor of Theoretical Physics, Kiev, Russia, 1936-1938

Spectroscopy research, MIT, 1938-1940

Assistant Professor of Physics, Black Mountain College, 1940-1941

Professor of Physics, University of North Carolina, 1941-1947 (and possibly to the present time).

### HASSLER ELIZABETH WHITNEY

EDWARD B. and JOSEPHA NEWCOMBE WHITNEY. In 1947 WHITNEY was residing at 102 Sudbury Road, Weston, Massachusetts, and had been employed as an associate professor of mathematics at Harvard University since 1933. He was graduated from Yale University in 1928 and from the Harvard Graduate School at an unspecified date. Previously he was employed by the Applied Mathematics Club,

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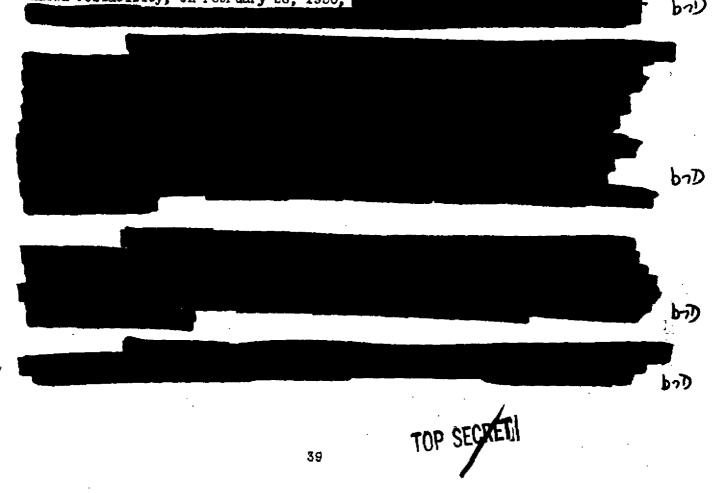
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Division of War Research, Columbia University, New York City. He is a member of the American Association of Scientific Workers.

According to the files of the Boston Office, WHITNEY was listed as one of the student leaders at Harvard in connection with the Young Communist League activities. His wife formerly operated the Holyoke Street Book Shop, Cambridge, Massachusetts, which disseminated Communist literature. The Boston Office also reported that during March 1947 WHITNEY and his wife held Communist Party meetings in their home and are in possession of numerous pieces of Communist literature. WHITNEY's wife is listed as a member of the Daily Worker Press Club.

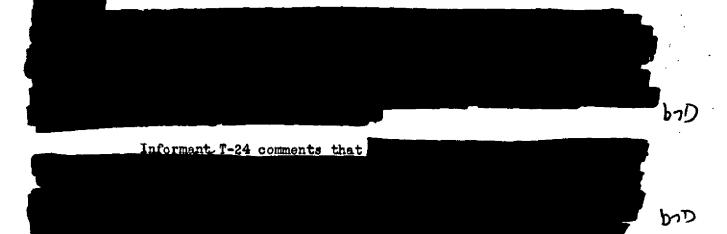
Confidential Informant T-23, an informant of the Boston Office, advised that WHITNEY was employed as a research mathematician on aerial gunnery problems at Columbia University and visited Europe in 1933; Europe and the USSR during the summer of 1935; and Europe again in the summer of 1939.

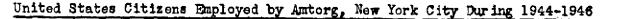
In an interview conducted by Confidential Informant T-24, of known reliability, on February 28, 1950,





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On the possibility that FUCHS' American contact may have been recruited from the United States citizens employed by Amtorg, New York City during 1944-1946, a review of the Amtorg file has been made and the following individuals, all believed to be United States citizens, were employed by Amtorg during 1944-1946:

JACOB M XBUDISH

BUDISH was born in Russia on April 30, 1886. He is described as

follows:

Height	5*4"
Weight	134
Eyes	Blue
Hair	Brown

He has been employed by Amtorg as an economist and did research work concerning the business conditions, business trends, price levels, and foreign trade. He entered the United States in 1912 and has written several books on Soviet economy while employed at Amtorg. A more complete physical description and a photograph, if available, of BUDISH will be obtained.



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JOHAN GOTTFRIED OHSOL

OHSOL was born in Kurland, Russia on October 27, 1878. He entered the United States October 4, 1907 and was naturalized in Boston on March 11, 1913. He attended Harvard University, receiving a Ph.D. degree. He served as an officer of the Amtorg Trading Corporation from 1924 to 1936 and from 1936 to the present has been employed as an economist at Amtorg.

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## SAMUEL FREIBERG

FREIEERG is listed on the official State Department records as an accountant at Amtorg. He was born on February 24, 1909 at Gorodok, Russia. He is a citizen of the United States. He is described as follows:

Height	5'11"
Weight	155 lbs.
Hair	Brown
Eyes	Brown
Complexion	Ruddy
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RUDOLPH E. WITTENBERG, now deceased

WITTENBERG was employed for a number of years in the Accounting Department of Amtorg. He was born in Odessa, Russia on September 28, 1896. He is described as follows:

Height	5*7쿨배
Weight	150 1bs.
Eyes	Blue
Hair	Brown
Complexion	Light
Scars and marks	Tattoo on right arm

He arrived in New York from Scotland on March 3, 1908 and was a United States citizen.

JOSEPH TACHER FEINSTEIN

FEINSTEIN was born November 20, 1889 in Russia and entered the United States on January 12, 1911. He filed a declaration of intention to become a United States citizen on July 26, 1921 and was naturalized May 19, 1927 at Philadelphia. In 1945 his residence was 2809 Barker Avenue, Bronx, New York. FEINSTEIN has been employed in the Traffic Department of Amtorg.





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LOUISAFEINSTEIN, brother of JOSEPH TACHER FEINSTEIN



# EUGENE VLADIMIN SLASS

GLASS has been employed at Amtorg as an interpretor and travelled extensively throughout the United States with Amtorg inspectors and engineers. He was born in Odessa, Russia on April 6, 1888 and resides at 3028 Cruger Avenue, Bronx, New York. He entered the United States at New York City on May 11, 1908 under the name WASYL CZUBINOW. He was admitted to citizenship on January 27, 1936 in the Southern District of New York.

BORISXGOURIN

GOURIN has been listed on Amtorg's records as an economist. He was born in Russia on November 1, 1884 and resides at 2285 Bathgate Avenue, Bronx, New York. His duties at Amtorg are to study market conditions on products imported into the United States from Russia. He entered the United States at New York on March 28, 1911 and received his United States citizenship on July 11, 1916 in Bronx County. He is described as follows:

Height		611뉼
Weight		200 lbs.
Hair		Gray
Eyes		Gray
Complexion	•	Ruddy

# HARRY RUBIN

RUBIN is an assistant director in the Transportation Department of Amtorg. He was born October 5, 1905 in Russia. He is a citizen of the United States. He supervises and controls all financial transactions connected with the shipping of cargoes to the USSR, handling all items with the United States Maritime Commission. He is described as follows:

Height
Weight
Eyes
Hair
Complexion
Wears glasses



5'6" 138 Brown Brown Dark

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LOUIS GREEZE

GREEZE is listed as an interpretor at Amtorg to assist Russian inspectors and engineers. He was born in Latvia on May 24, 1891 and entered the United States under the name LEIDAGREEZE. In 1945 it was known he was applying for United States citizenship in the Southern District of New York. He is described as follows:

> Height Weight Complexion Eyes Hair

515" 150 lbs. Light Blue Gray

ALEXANDE ORIN

MORIN was born in Russia on May 23, 1899. He entered the United States at New York on November 11, 1928 and received his United States citizenship in the Southern District of New York on July 12, 1934. He was employed as an interpretor and translator at Amtorg from 1929 to July 1942. On July 27, 1942 he obtained employment at the North American Phillips Company, Dobbs Ferry, New York, but was back on Amtorg payrolls in 1945. He resides at 1955 Sedgwick Avenue, Bronx, New York.

LOUIS

RICH has been employed as an interpretor at Amtorg since December 1936 and travelled extensively throughout the United States with Amtorg inspectors and engineers. He was born December 25, 1889 in Bussia and entered the United States December 27, 1908 under the name LEID ZULO//SKY. As of 1945 RICH was an alien but then applying for United States citizenship in the Southern District of New York. As of 1945 he was residing at 330 East 19th Street, New York City, and was described as follows:

Height	5'1"
Weight	130 1bs.
Complexion	Dark
Eyes	Blue-gray
Hair	Gray

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A photograph of RICH is available in the New York files and copies will be made and forwarded to the Bureau and Boston.

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BRONSTEIN ABRAHA

BRONSTEIN has been employed as a technical translator at Amtorg since 1936 and prior to that employment was a regular pharmacist. He was born November 23, 1895 in Russia. He was admitted to United States citizenship on August 8, 1929 in the Eastern District of New York. He has attended the Columbia College of Fharmacy for two years. His residence is 2816 Cortlandt Street, Brooklyn, New York. He is described as follows:

Height	-
Weight	
Eyes	
Hair	
Complexion	

5'2" 142 lbs. Gray Brown Light

MEYER JONAS COHEN

COHEN was born in Newark, New Jersey on March 10, 1912 and resided at 1529 West 10th Street, Brooklyn.

POST NATHAN

POST was born February 18, 1881 in Russia and resides at 133 Clarke Place, New York City. He has been employed at Amtorg as manager of the Office Supplies Department since January 1940. He is described as follows:

> Height Weight Eyes Hair Complexion

5'7" 149 lbs. Brown Gray Light

RUTMAN

RUTMAN has been employed at Amtorg for a number of years

He is

described as follows: 5'2" tall, 127 pounds.

HYMAN MALAISAACSON

ISAACSON was born in Lithuania on September 20, 1905 and resides at 912 East 169th Street, New York City. He was employed at Amtorg as a



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chauffour. He is described as follows:

Height Weight Complexion Hair Eyes 5'8<sup>2</sup>" 146 1bs. Light Brown Brown

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He is a United States citizen, having entered the United States at New York City on October 1, 1912 under the name CHAIM MICHEL ITZIKSON.

LEO GKRYZAK

KRYZAK was born January 29, 1896 in Kiev, Russia. He resides at 39-67 47th Street, Long Island City, New York, and is described as follows:

Height	5141	
Weight	147 lbs.	
Heir	Gray	
Eye <b>s</b>	Blue	
Complexion	Sallow	

THEODORR WOLF 40 Monroe Street, New York City FREE GROSS

2111 Hughes Avenue, Bronx, New York

SOLWOLF 1375 Nelson Avenue, Bronx, New York

LEO LO PINTO 20-19 29th Street, Astoria, New York

EUGENE SERGEEV 315 West 75th Street, New York City

IRVINGRUCKENS 24 Center Mall, Brooklyn, New York

EMANUELLIBERMAN 2160 Bolton Street, New York City



NATHAN SIEGEL 2285 Ocean Avenue, Brooklyn, New York

JOSHUA PARKER 165 Woodruff Avenue, Brooklyn, New York

IRVING KRANTZ 1077 54th Street, Brooklyn, New York

WILLIAM LITVOCK 1689 49th Street, Brocklyn, New York

JACOB RIJACK 616 Mest 137th Street, New York City

MISCHEL BERNSTEIN ALEXANDER BRAILOVSKY EPHRAIN BUDISH CAPI M.CARTER LOUISELION LOUIS FRABBY IRVING MENDELL, 457 East River Drive, New York City JACKAISAACS, 232 East 6th Street, New York City MAX HIRSCHENSON JULIUS KATLIN MORRISUROLL MORRIS KAPLAN LOUIS HATZ GEORGE PAKING JOSEPHALEWIN GEORGE MUREX WILLIAM JOSEPH MURPHY SIMON MAGID ROBERT HARRY MERZ HARRY MERZ MORRIS OSTROVSKY SOL A PEARL SOLOMORPERDEMO SEYMOUR SCHULTZ NICHOLAS RYBY MI SHA KOSEMAN RUSSELL RUDIE



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JULIUS SHULDIMER ALEXISTAN VASSILL BORIS C. NOLE NICHOLASSAITRTH JULIUS WARSKY SOLOMON JULIUSIORITZKOVICH **JOSEPHYMOLDOVER** JOHN OULLIVAN JOSEPH CER ALAN ARKHOFF EMANUEL WERVEL A. R. XPLAINE VICTOR A MITCHELL PAUL A. KIANSON HARRY EDWARD LUCKER DANIEL BOBROW OF BORROW BERNARD PETERSON ALEX CHUDOVICH BENJAMINKOANSKER ABNER SELLY ALFRED PAUL HUCHBERGER IVAN DEROME

The Washington Field Office has been requested to check the records of the Soviet Government Purchasing Commission, Washington, D. C., for the identities of United States male citizens employed by that organization, in an effort to develop logical suspects.

Confidential Informant T-2 previoualy has indicated that the

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Previously the New York Office has been requested to obtain the identities of Soviet students at Columbia University, which was done and reported. 0.2.7 However, Confidential Informant T-25, of unknown reliability, advised the New York Office in 1944 that the following male Russian students were then at Columbia University. It is noted that these names were not previously obtaineds

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LEONID ANDREYEV ALEXANDER HORISOV NICOLAI CHELKIN MIKHAIL CHEKMAREV NICOLAI CHEKMAREV

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The New York Office has handled the forwarding of the photographs of ANDREYEV, BORISOV, CHELKIN, IVANOV, and PANCHENKO. The Washington Field Office was requested to obtain and forward the photographs of CHEKMAREV and TITOB.

It is noted that T-25 advised that the tuition of these individuals was being paid by the Amtorg Trading Corporation and they were under the supervision of Amtorg and the Soviet Consulate.

T-25 later advised that the following Russian nationals were enrolled at Columbia for the winter and spring term of 1944-1945;

VLADIMIN DUBNOV SERGUEL COMITRIEV ALEXANDER GOURNOV IVANE KAMENEV VICTORMAPALKIN MIKHATLERHVOSTOV VICTOR S KIRILLOV LEV NAMASLENNIKOV VLADIMIR MIKHAILOV GENNAUDY AGELOBLIN LEONIDATRITOMANOV ALEXANDEDARAEV ALEXANDER N. XLAVIAGIN ANDRELYSMIRNOV EUGENI M. KOMINSKY PAULASVIRSKY VALENTIN E TOLTSKOV LAVENTERBETZKOV

The New York Office has handled the forwarding of the photographs of EGOURNOV, KAMENEV, KIRILLOV, MASLENNIKOV, PRITOMANOV, RAEV, SLAVIAGIN, MIKHAILOV, SMIRNOV, and SVIRSKY. The Washington Field Office was requested to furnish

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the photographs of DUBNOV, DMITRIEV, KAPALKIN, KHVOSTOV, OGLOBLIN, SOMINSKY, TOLTSKOV, and ZHEREBTZKOV.

OTHER SUSPECTS

OSCAR JOHN VAGO

On April 12, 1950 ROBERT HEINEMAN personally viewed VAGO in New York City and failed to effect an identification of him as inknown Subject, alias (1996) (TS) by Dr. ARNO ALFRED BRASCH

ROBERT HEINEMAN was in New York on April 11 and 12, 1950 for the purpose of viewing several suspects for the Unknown Subject, alias (15), including BRASCH. An unsuccessful attempt to view BRASCH was made on April ) b 12, 1950.

IRVING DAVID ROBBINS, with alias

Several unsuccessful attempts have been made to obtain current surveillance photographs of ROBBINS. Efforts to obtain them will continue until successful.

## HARRY GOLD

On March 3, 1950 ARTHUR PHINEAS MEBER, who was interviewed by the New York Office on February 27, 1950, advised the Cincinnati Office of the identities of several other associates of ABRAHAM BROTHMAN, including one FRANK KEPPLER (ph) of whom WEBER had the following to say: He first met KEPPLER in late 1943 when KEPPLER came to visit BROTHMAN at the Chemurgy Design Corporation. KEPPLER, WEBER believed, was a personal friend of BROTHMAN and there was no business connection between the two, although WEBER thinks that



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KEPPLER was in a similar business to that of BROTHMAN. WEBER stated he last saw KEPPLER early in 1944 and described him as being in his middle to late 30's, 5'5" in height, medium build, dark complexion. WEBER assumed KEPPLER was from New York but had no information concerning his address or other identifying data.

On March 20, 1950 WEBER was again interviewed by the New York Office for the purpose of arhibiting to him photographs of numerous individuals including that of JOSEPH ARNOLD ROBBINS, with alias, suspect, to determine whether he could identify ROBBINS as an associate of BROTHMAN. WEBER failed to do this but in viewing the photograph of HARRY GOLD, he readily identified him as the individual known to him by the name FRANK REPPLER (ph). GOLD, of course, is the individual who has admitted making trips from Philadelphia to New York in 1940 and 1941 on the instructions of JACOB GOLOS for the purpose of obtaining certain blueprints from ABRAHAM BROTHMAN. Later GOLD was associated with BROTHMAN in a business venture.

## MANSON BENEDICT

The photograph of BENEDICT has been exhibited to HEINEMAN and FUCHS without identification. On Bureau instructions, BENEDICT was interviewed by the New York Office for his knowledge of FUCHS and FUCHS' activities while in the United States, the results of which were reported in the report of SA John R. Murphy, Jr., dated March 15, 1950 at New York.

#### EUGENE LOUIS FISHER, with aliases

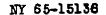
ROBERT HEINEMAN commented favorably on a 1943 photograph of FISHER, stating that that photograph of FISHER had the greatest number of similarities to the Unknown Subject, with alias Thereafter a 1948 photograph of FISHER was exhibited to him along with a group of other photographs, and again HEINEMAN selected this photograph as being most similar to that of the Unknown Subject. Thereafter surveillance photographs of FISHER were obtained and exhibited to HEINEMAN. This time he did not comment favorably on FISHER's current photograph. On the evening of April 11, 1950 HEINEMAN personally viewed FISHER in New York City and failed to effect an identification of him as the Unknown Subject.

### 20LA GOTTHARD A DEUTSCH

DEUTSCH was employed by Kellex, Inc., New York, from March 8, 1943 to June 1945. He was born in Cincinnati, Ohio on September 13, 1899 and



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graduated from the University of Cincinnati in 1923 receiving a Chemical Engineering degree. DEUTSCH was included in a group of sixteen Kellex representatives who participated in conferences with the British atomic group in December 1943 and January 1944, of which FUCHS was a member. Therefore, DEUTSCH would have known of FUCHS and may have had personal dealings with him.

Confidential Informant T-26, an informant of known reliability, who is familiar with the activities of ABRAHAM BROTHMAN, reported on December 12, 1945 that a Mr. DEUTSCH, an engineer, contacted BROTHMAN and had a long technical discussion with BROTHMAN. DEUTSCH, according to this informant, is the person who sent R. M. MANAVATI, Bombay, India, to BROTHMAN for professional assistance. DEUTSCH indicated he was going to India during the week following December 12, 1945.

By letter of April 19, 1950 the Bureau advised that according to the records of T-27, ZOLA GOTTHARD A. DEUTSCH was contemplating travel to India to work for the Tata Chemical Company, Ltd. during the latter part of 1944. Thus, ZOLA GOTTHARD A. DEUTSCH who is now connected with the firm of Deutsch <u>&Loonam</u>. <u>Consulting</u> Engineers and Metallurgists, New York City, and who resides at 47 East 87th Street. New York City, presents a logical suspect for the Unknown Subject, alias **DEUTSCH** since he would have known FUCHS and did know BROTHMAN. The following is a physical description of DEUTSCH as obtained from Confidential Informant T-28, of known reliability, and Selective Service records:

> Age Height Weight Hair Eyes Complexion

50 (born 9/13/99, Cincinnati, Ohio) 5'102" 190 lbs. Brown Brown Ruddy

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Several unsuccessful attempts have been made to obtain current surveillance photographs of DEUTSCH. The

Washington Field Office was requested by teletype or April 21, 1950 to endeavor to obtain a passport photograph of DEUTSCH possibly taken in 1944 or 1945 when he was contemplating a trip to India.

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Passport photos of <u>DEUTSCH</u> taken in 1939, 1940, 1945 and 1949 have been obtained by the Washington Field Office and are being forwarded to the Bureau and Boston. All of these photographs reveal DEUTSCH has a full mustache.

ERNST BERGMAN

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Confidential Informant T-26, of known reliability, advised on December 5, 1945 that ABRAHAM BROTHMAN's secretary, MIRIAM MOSKOWITZ, contacted one Dr. BERGMAN, who agreed to see BROTHMAN on December 8 or 9, 1945. BERGMAN also asked that BROTHMAN meet with him and an engineer from Palestine. BERGMAN indicated he would be in New York City only during the week-end; that his laboratory is in Philadelphia. A definite appointment was made by MOSKOWITZ for BROTHMAN to see BERGMAN at 4:30 p.m. on December 8, 1945.

The same informant advised that ROTHMAN had an appointment to see Dr. BERGMAN on December 28, 1945 at 10:00 p.m. in the Russian Tea Room, New York City.

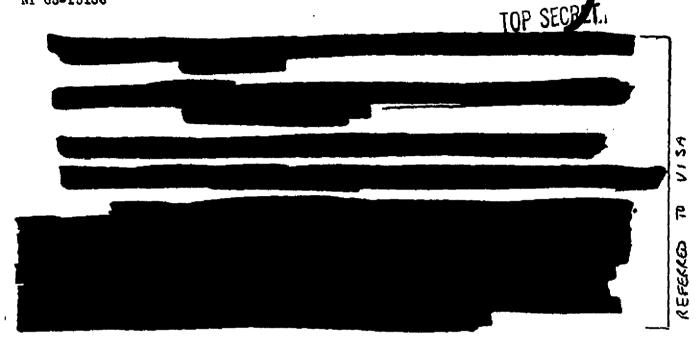
The same informant advised that BROTHMAN agreed to meet with Dr. BERGMAN in BERGMAN's suite in the Hotel Salisbury, 123 West 57th Street, New York City, on the evening of December 27, 1946

Confidential Informant T-29, of known reliability, advised that one Dr. ERNST BERGMAN, address London, England, a scientist, frequently stayed at the Hotel Salisbury and occupied the suite of CHAINWEIZMANN, now President of Israel. T-29 believed that BERGMAN was possibly connected with the Palestine Red Cross.

Confidential Informant T-30 of known reliability, advised that

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BERGMAN actually left the United States January 12, 1944 and apparently did not return until March 3, 1945, travelling on a passport issued in London, England, dated January 18, 1945, due to expire January 18, 1947. BERGMAN indicated to the Immigration and Naturalization Service, New York, that the purpose of this visit to the United States was to complete his assignment in connection with the production of synthetic rubber on the invitation of the WPB, Washington, D. C. BERGMAN again departed from the United States on January 5, 1946 and was re-admitted at New York on October 9, 1947. He again departed from the United States on January 15, 1948. There is a further record of BERGMAN's entry into the United States on April 13, 1949 on Flane F-Bazo, and his departure on May 5, 1949 on Diplomatic pass #119 issued by the Foreign Office, Government of Israel, March 27, 1949, as special advisor to the President of Israel.

The following is a physical description of <u>BERGMAN</u> obtained from Immigration records:

Age	46 (born 10/18/03 Karlsruhe, Germany)
Height	5*7"
Weight	176 lbs.
Eyea	Brown
Hair	Brown
Citizenship	Palestine

In connection with BERGMAN it is to be noted that actually he left the United States on January 12, 1944 and apparently, according to Immigration





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and Naturalization Service records, did not return until March 3, 1945. FUCHS has indicated that his first contact with his American superior was in February or March 1944 and that he had four meetings with him in New York City between February or March and August 1944.

KRISTEL HEINEMAN studied the photographs of <u>BERGMAN</u> at considerable length but denies that she knew BERGMAN. Dr. R. K. HADLEY, a psychiatrist, feels that KRISTEL HEINEMAN either knows BERGMAN or someone closely resembling him. ROBERT HEINEMAN did not recognize BERGMAN as being familiar.

## SAMUEL CODGER

PODGER was at Los Alamos as a member of the United States Army Special Engineering Detachment assigned to the Theoretical Physics Division from December 1944 to December 1945. His father, JOSEPH PODGER, and his mother, REBECCA MEBRINSKY, were both born in Russia. He indicated in his personnel security questionnaire filed at Los Alamos that he had uncles, aunts and cousins still living in Russia.

PODGER was born July 9, 1912 at New York. He is described as

follows:

Height Weight Age Hair	5:7" 140 lbs. 37 (born 7/9/12 at New York) Brown, beginning to grow bald causing high forehead
Eyes	Blue, wears noticeably thick-lensed glasses
Complexion	Ruddy

Photographs of PODGER were submitted by the Knoxville Office to Boston, New York and the Bureau and to date no identification has been effected,

PETER PRENTKY, with aliases, Peter Frentki, Peter Isidore Frentky, Issie Prentky

In a personnel security questionnaire dated February 26, 1944 in connection with his employment on the Manhattan Engineering Project, PRENTKY listed ABRAHAM BROTHMAN as a reference, indicating that he had known BROTHMAN for ten years. Later in April 1947, BROTHMAN was interviewed by the New York



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Office regarding <u>PRENTKY</u>. He stated he had known PRENTKY and his wife JANET PRE for many years and had been closely associated with both of them until PRENTKY went to New Haven, Connecticut.

PRENTKY was stationed at Oak Ridge, Tennessee continuously from February 1944 to June 1947 as a technical engineer employed by the Carbide and Carbon Chemicals Corporation. Primarily his work was connected with the K-25 (gaseous diffusion) project constructed by Kellex, Inc. He was never assigned to Los Alamos.

No photograph of PRENTKY was available at Oak Ridge, Tennessee.

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In the course of the interview with <u>BROTHMAN</u>, he indicated that PRENTKY recently had discussed leaving his present employment and starting an independent business of his own in New York.

The following is a physical description of PRENTKY obtained from his personnel security questionnaire and other AEC records:

Age	34 (born 10/17/15 at Brooklyn, New York)	
Height	518"	
Weight	142	
Eyea	Hazel	
Hair	Black	
Residence (June 1949)	319 Foster Avenue, Sayville, Long Island	
Employment (as of 1947) Brookhaven National Laboratories, Camp		
	Upton, Long Island, as laboratory engineer,	
	Physics Department.	
Education	BS degree, 1937, College of the City of	
	New York, New York City.	

A lead is being set forth to obtain a photograph of PRENTKY at the Brookhaven-National Laboratory.

ALEXANDERSVENCHANSKY, with alias Shura Swan

Confidential Informant T-26, of known reliability, advised on May 15, 1946 that ROSE REUBEN of the American Russian Institute contacted ABRAHAM BROTHMAN, asking him to suggest someone who could translate technical Russian since the ARI was then issuing a pamphlet describing the technical phases of the Soviet industry. BROTHMAN suggested three names, one of which was SHURA SWAN. REUBEN indicated she knew SWAN since he had been used as a translator for a technical commission which had come to the United States from Russia







A further check of the New York indices reflects that SWAN is identical with ALEXANDER SVENCHANSKY, who was born March 6, 1909 in Russia and claims United States citizenship on the papers of his father filed in Chicago in May 1929. SVENCHANSKY and his brother, SIMON SVENCHANSKY, also known as THOMAS SWAN, acted as interpretors for Amtorg in New York City. ALEXANDER SVENCHANSKY was inducted into the United States Army in December 1942 and was discharged in September 1945. He was stationed in Alaska from September 1943 to November 1944 or later and then sent to Great Falls, Montana from which point he was discharged. He is now employed as the UN program officer in the European and Middle Eastern service of the United Nations. Copies of his photograph were forwarded to Boston and the Bureau.

#### SIMON SVENCHANSKY, with alias, Thomas Swan

SIMON SVENCHANSKY was born on January 18, 1905 and was employed as an interpretor for the Soviet Government Furchasing Commission, Washington, D. C. A certificate of citizenship was issued him on January 24, 1930 in Bronx County, New York, under the name THOMAS SWAN, 1565 Boston Road, Bronx. SWAN was inducted into the United States Army in Fébruary 1943 but was discharged May 31, 1943. A photograph of SWAN taken in 1930 was obtained by the Washington Field Office and forwarded to the Bureau, Boston and New York.

Confidential Informant T-31, of unknown reliability, has advised that SWAN now lives at 41-15 45th Street, Long Island City, New York, where he has resided since October 1945. T-31 states that at the time SWAN moved into this address he was employed by Amtorg (however, his name is no longer included among the employees at Amtorg). T-31 stated that SWAN is away from his apartment for long periods of time as is his wife, and his present occupation is not known to the informant.

T-31 stated that SWAN is a "camera bug" and always carries a briefcase. T-31 viewed a photograph of ALEXANDER SVENCHANSKY and stated that he bears a rather close resemblance to THOMAS SWAN.

The following is a physical description of THOMAS SWAN obtained from T-31 and from official records:

Age Height Weight Eyes Hair 45 (born 1/18/05 in Russia) 5'6"-7" 150-160 lbs. Brown Dark brown, receding

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HENRY MORTON STEINFELD, with aliases, Heinrich Steinfeld, "Israel", TEINFELD

By letter of March 20, 1950 the Bureau advised that Confidential Informant T-1, of known reliability, had stated that FUCHS has identified the Communist who first put him in touch with the Bussians as JURGEN KUCZYNSKI. KUCZYNSKI is the brother of URSULA HAMBURGEN DEURTON, new KUCZYNSKI. JURGEN KUCZYNSKI's wife is MARGURRITE, new STEINFELD. STEINFELD is believed to be presently connected with the Trans-scean Commerce, Inc., 165 Broadway, New York City.

The records of the Immigration and Naturalization Service reflect that STEINFELD was born on November 19, 1886 at Liegnitz, Germany. He entered the United States at San Francisco, California on February 6, 1941 from Japan under the name of HEINRICH STEINFELD, at which time he claimed to have been appointed as an expert consultant to the War Department, Chief of Staff Office, Washington, D. C.

The following is a physical description of STEINFZLD obtained from Immigration records:

Age Height Weight Build Hair Eyes Complexion Relatives: Wife Sister Father Mother Occupation Nationality 63 (born 11/19/86, Liegnitz, Germany) 515" 154 lbs. Medium Thinning, gray Brown Dark TEINFEL SUSANNEX to whom he was married 10/19/22 in Breslau, Germany. Mrs. OLGANTILD, 15 Forst Strasse, Berlin, Germany. SIEGMUND STEINFELD GERTRUDE STEINFELD, nee Lewy STEINFELD Merchant, Trans-ocean Commerce, Inc., 165 Broadway, New York City United States citizen, naturalized Southern District of New York, July 1, 1946.

Copies of STEINFELD's photograph were obtained from the Immigration and Naturalization Service, New York City, and were forwarded to Boston and the Bureau.

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#### PERCY NADEL

On February 27, 1950 ARTHUR PHINEAS WEBER was interviewed at the New York Office by SA John M. Collins and the writer regarding his association with BROTHMAN and his knowledge of the identities of any business or social contacts of BROTHMAN.

WEBER named PERCY NADEL, 103 Lexington Avenue, New York City, whom he believed to be a chemical brokerage firm operator, as a known associate of BROTHMAN. WEBER described NADEL as follows:

Age	40 to 45 in 1943
Height	5'10"
Weight	175-180 lbs.
Hair	Black, baldish
Teeth	Bad
Marital status	Married, no children
Wears glasses	÷

The New York indices show one PERCY NADEL was a member of the International Workers Order, Lodge #600 in 1948, and that he was born in 1896.

In 1944-1945 NADEL operated the Delton Products Corporation at 485 5th Avenue, New York City, with himself as president, his wife ADELE as vice president, and Captain JOSEFE SUTTON as secretary-treasurer. NADEL's present office is located at 154 Nassau Street, New York City, and he now lives at 79 Schenck Avenue, Brooklyn.

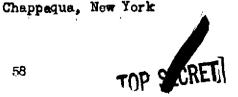
Surveillance photographs of NADEL were forwarded to the Bureau and Boston on March 3, 1950.

# BERNARD KOOPMAN

WEBER also recalled that one BERNARD KOOPMAN, whom he believed to be a university professor, was another associate of BROTHMAN. He described KOOPMAN as follows:

> Age Height Weight Build Hair Wears glasses Residence

About 40 in 1943 519" 160 lbs. Slender Black



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WEBER thought that BROTHMAN's association with KOOPMAN was due to the fact that KOOPMAN was assisting BROTHMAN on a mathematical problem. T-26, of known reliability, previously has advised that KOOPMAN was in touch with BROTHMAN on several occasions and did discuss a mathematical problem with him.

A review of the current New York telephone directory reflects that KOOPMAN resides at 430 West 118th Street, New York City.

Confidential Informant T-32, of known reliability, advised that KOOPMAN was first appointed an instructor in mathematics at Columbia University in July 1937. He was promoted to assistant professor of mathematics on July 1, 1940 and to professor of mathematics on July 1, 1946. He graduated from Yale University in 1922, receiving an AB degree and received an MA degree from Yale in 1924 and a Ph.D. in 1926.

T-32 also advised that KOOPMAN was on leave from Columbia University from March 1, 1944 to December 1945 when he did work for the United States Government at Harvard University. He returned to Columbia in December 1945 and is now a full professor.

A photograph of KOOPMAN in which he appears to be about 35 years old was obtained from T-32 and forwarded to the Bureau and Boston. The following is a physical description of KOOPMAN obtained from the records of the Motor Vehicle Bureau in New York City, which show that he owned a 1940 gray Plymouth sedan in 1949:

> . Height Weight Hair Eyes Marital status

Born

January 19, 1900, Paris, France (of American parents) 5'8" 150 lbs. Brown Brown Married

JAMES JEROME ROBBIN

A photograph of the above individual, who was reported as a suspect by the Indianapolis Office, was viewed by FUCHS, who commented that he could not see enough of ROBBIN's features and would like to see a better photograph of him. The New York Office has obtained additional photographs of ROBBIN and they have been forwarded to the Eureau and Boston under separate cover.

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JACK GREENFIELD

The above named individual was first reported by the Newark Office as a result of a review of the Security Index Cards in the Newark Office. Copies of photographs of GREENFIELD were obtained by the New York Office from the United States Industrial Chemical Company, 60 East 42nd Street, New York City.

By way of background, these files show that GREENFIELD was employed by the United States Industrial Chemical Company in 1942 when the company purchased STROOCK & WITTENBERG. GREENFIELD was previously employed by ROBERT RAUH, 480 Frelinghausen Avenue, Newark, New Jersey, from 1935 to 1938, and the Chemical Engineering and Research Association, New York City, 1933-1935. His present job title is Technical Coordinator of Research Products, United States Industrial Chemical Company, Newark, New Jersey.

According to his employment application, GREENFIELD was born March 1, 1910 in New York, is 5'10" tall, weighs 170 pounds, has brown eyes, brown hair, and a noticeable bump high on his forehead.

## ERNEST JACQUES ARN

ARN entered the United States from Switzerland on July 13, 1941 as a sales executive for the Muhlethaler, Inc., Nyon, Switzerland, with a branch office in Newark. He was known to have forwarded newspaper clippings and photographs of defense materials and airplanes to Switzerland, Portugal, and Spain. Also, he collected aeronautical information for Interavia, a Swiss aeronautical news service.

ARN was interviewed in June 1944, during which interview he disclaimed any knowledge of espionage activities or methods in Europe or the . United States. At that time ARN was living at 475 Washington Avenue, Belleville, New Jersey and employed by the Hoffman-LaRoche Chemical Company, Nutley, New Jersey. The following is a physical description of ARN obtained from observation and interview in 1944;

> Age Born Height Weight Hair Eyes Complexion

42 (present age) June 15, 1907, Zurich, Switzerland 5'8" or 5'9" 165-177 lbs. Black Brown Medium

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Several photographs of ARN, contained in the New York files, were forwarded to the Bureau and Boston on April 21, 1950.

#### ABRAHAM BROTHMAN

A thorough review of the investigative file on ABRAHAM BROTHMAN has been made and reported in a separate report. Leads have been set forth to identify all known contacts of BROTHMAN on the possibility that one of the available contacts is identical with the Unknown Subject, was., letc. Photographs and/or descriptions of all known associates of BROTH AN will be obtained.

On the evening of March 8, 1950 Inspector A. H. Belmont of the Bureau telephonically notified the New York Office that FUCHS had identified a photograph of JOSEPH ARNOLD ROBBINS "with very fair certainty" as his American contact.

Later it was learned from Confidential Informant T-1 that on March 8, 1950 FUCHS examined 27 photographs of possible suspects.

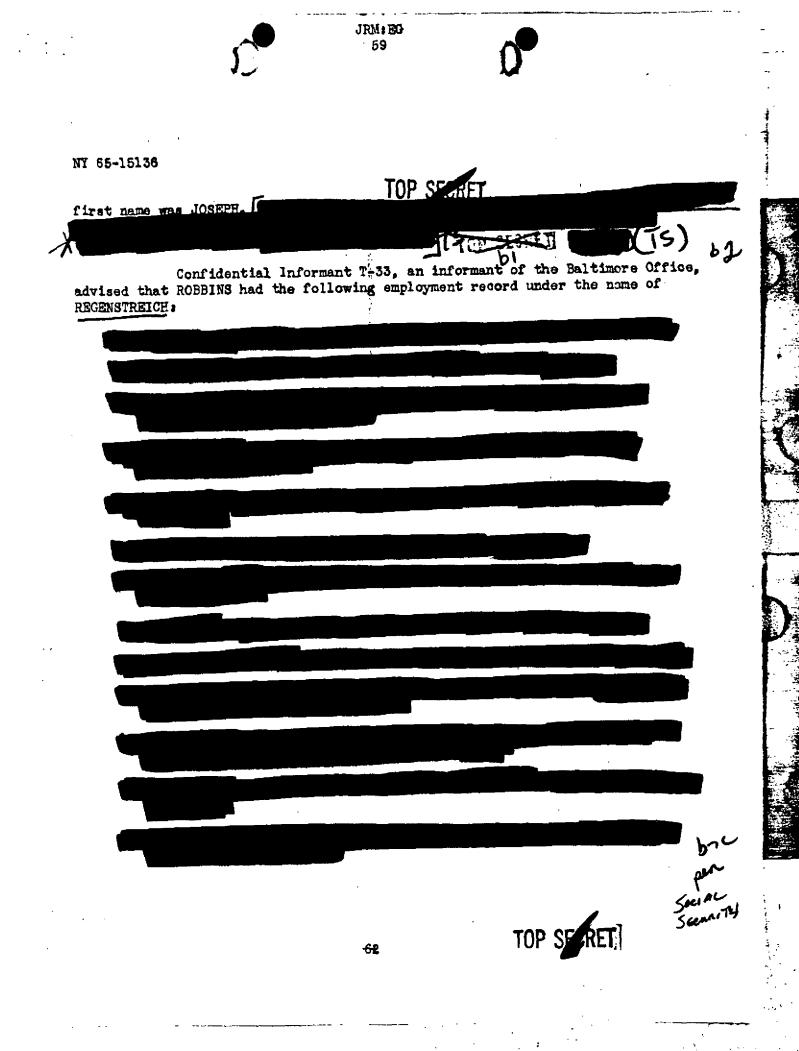
Sht is to be noted that FUCHS was looking at a photograph of ROBBINS which was taken in June 1943 in connection with his application for employment at the George G. Sharp Company, naval architects, New York City.

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It is to be further noted that his name, JOSEFF ROBBINS, fits perfectly with the recollection of <u>ROBERT HEINEMAN</u> as to the identity of the Unknown Subject was. The since HEINEMAN believes that the surname of the unknown subject began with the letters "ROB" or a transposition thereof, and he located a letter from FUCHS to Mrs. <u>HEINEMAN</u> in which FUCHS asks that she give regards to JOSEPH. Since HEINEMAN could not identify JOSEPH among any friends of Mrs. HEINEMAN known to him, the possibility exists that the

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March 9, 1948 - Allied Process Co., Newark, New Jersey

December 1948 - March 1949 - Devence, Inc., 150 Broadway, New York City

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September 1949 (actually September 6, 1949) - to the present - Hardesty & Hanover, 101 Park Avenue, New York City.

Confidential Informant T-34, of known reliability, advised that ROBBINS registered for Selective Service under the name JOSEPH REGENSTREICH from the address 1043 53rd Street, Brocklyn, New York, He furnished his date of birth as February 3, 1916 at Brocklyn, New York, which would make him now 34 years of age. As the person who would always know his whereabouts, he furnished the name of his mother, CLARA REGENSTREICH, same address, and stated he was a student at the College of the City of New York at the time of registering on October 16, 1940.

According to T-34, ROBBINS changed his name in the records of Local Board 173 from REGENSTREICH to ROBBINS, and in support thereof furnished a copy of the petition consent and order relating to the change of his name from JOSEPH REGENSTREICH to JOSEPH ARNOLD ROBBINS. This order was signed by Justice GALLAGHER of the City Court, Kings County, New York, on November 2, 1942 and the order was entered on November 6, 1942. It was ordered that on and after the 12th day of December, 1942, ROBBINS was authorized to assume the proposed name JOSEPH ARNOLD ROBBINS.

T-34 furnished the following physical description of ROBBINS as of October 1940:

Height	5'11"	
Weight	152 lbs.	
Eyes	Blue	
Hair	Brown	
Complexion	Light	

T-34 further advised that on January 20, 1941 ROBBINS, under the name RECENSTREICH, furnished a questionnaire to Local Board 173 in which he stated that his Social Security number then was the stated he had graduated from the College of the City of New York and had taken a course in civil engineering. He advised that he was at CCNY over a  $5\frac{1}{2}$  year period, the dates of which were not furnished. ROBBINS also indicated that he was at New York University for  $1\frac{1}{2}$  years and expected to graduate therefrom in January 1941. As of January 20, 1941 ROBBINS was not working but indicated that he

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had worked as a clerk, typist and draftsman, doing some drafting and supervising of small engineering jobs during 1938 and 1939.

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Also, ROBBINS indicated that he was single at the time and that he had a cardiac condition and was nearsighted. On May 2, 1941, according to T-34, ROBBINS was ordered for a physical examination by Local Board 173 and indicated that he had had a cardiac condition for the past fifteen years. As illnesses he stated he had had measles and rheumatic fever. He stated he had had a heart check-up in March 1941.

On April 26, 1941 ROBBINS was examined by Dr. JOHN D. CRITTO, 1550 75th Street, Brooklyn, who indicated that ROBBINS had a double mitralaortic and pulmonic murrur as a result of rheumatic heart disease. As a result, he recommended that ROBBINS be rejected due to a chronic valvular heart disease. Later, on May 9, 1941, ROBBINS was again examined at the Methodist Hospital in Brooklyn, during which examination it was determined he had been in bed fifteen years ago for four months and eleven years ago for one month due to acute arthritis and heart condition. Again it was found that ROBBINS had a valvular heart disease and a 4-F classification was recommended. ROBBINS was so classified.

On May 25, 1942 ROBBINS changed his address from 1043 53rd Street, Brooklyn to his present address, 5501 14th Avenue, Brooklyn.

On September 11, 1942, T-34 advised that ROBBINS was then employed at Sanderson & Porter, 44 Wall Street, New York City, as a draftsman. T-34 also advised that on August 20, 1945 ROBBINS advised his local board that he was then employed at Jacobson & Company, 335 East 45th Street, New York City.

On the same date ROBBINS made application to travel to Canada on vacation from August 25 to August 27, 1945 (August 25th was a Saturday). At the time of this application for permission to travel, which was granted by his local board, ROBB<u>INS'</u> description was listed as follows:

Height Weight Eyes Hair Complexion Wears glasses

5'11" 170 lbs. Blue Brown Light



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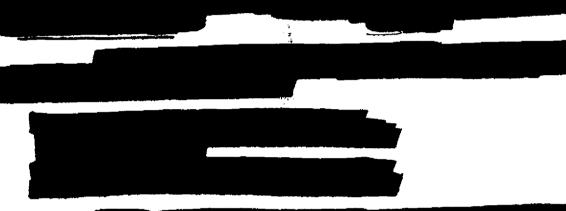
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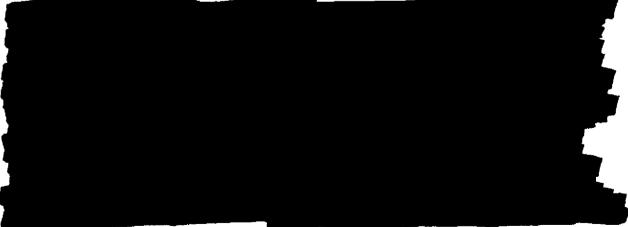
T-34 furnished handwriting specimens of ROBBINS which were submitted to the Bureau.

Confidential Informant T-35, of known reliability, furnished the following information regarding



• T-35 further advised that

Confidential Informant T-36, of known reliability, advised T-35

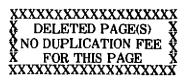




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The records of the Board of Elections, Brocklyn, Now York, reflect the following registrations for ROBBINS and his wife BEATRICE for the following years:

- 1949 JOSEPH ROBBINS Democrat BEATRICE ROBBINS - Democrat
- 1948 JOSEPH A, ROBBINS -----BEATRICE ROBBINS - -----
- 1947 JOSEPH ROBBINS Democrat BEATRICE ROBBINS - Democrat
- 1946 JOSEPH ROBBINS Democrat BEATRICE ROBBINS - Democrat
- 1945 JOSEPH ROBBINS Democrat BEATRICE ROBBINS - Democrat
- 1944 JOSEPH ROBBINS Democrat BEATRICE ROBBINS - Democrat
- 1943 JOSEPH ROBBINS American Labor Party BEATRICE ROBBINS - Democrat
- 1942 J<u>OSEPH RECENSTREICH</u> Democrat BEATRICE REGENSTREICH - Democrat

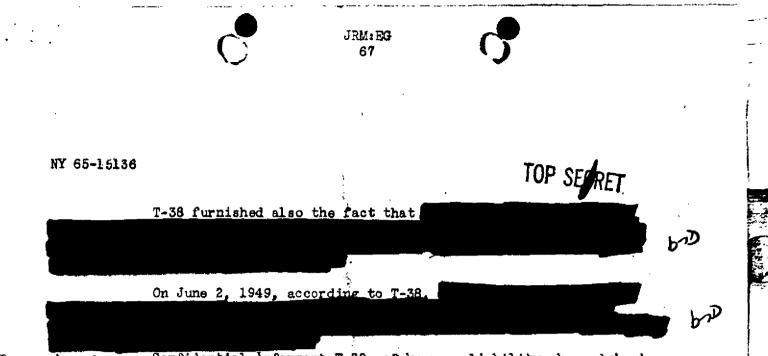
These records further reflect that from the address 1043 53rd Street, Brooklyn, the home of ROBBINS' parents, ROBBINS, as JOSEPH REGENSTREICH, registered American Labor Party in 1939.

These records also reflect that LOUIS REGENSTREICH, ROBBINS' father, age 67 in 1949, born in Rumania, was naturalized in the Eastern District of New York on July 5, 1907. ROBBINS' mother, <u>CLARA REGENSTREICH</u>, age 65 in 1949, born in Austria, was naturalized July 20, 1906 in the Eastern District of New York.

Confidential Informant T-38, of known reliability, advised that

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Jose - Confidential Informant T-39, of known reliability, has advised that ROBBINS, as JOSEPH REGENSTREICH, entered City College of New York in February 1934 from the address 1031 53rd Street, Brooklyn. He was graduated from City College in February 1941, receiving a Bachelor of Civil Engineering degree. Prior to his entrance into City College he had attended Pershing Junior High School and New Utrecht High School (February 1931-February 1934). His father, LOUIS REGENSTREICH, was born in Rumania and naturalized in 1907. According to T-39, LOUIS REGENSTREICH operated a business at 77 Essex Street, New York City at the time ROBBINS entered the school. ROBBINS' transcript had not been forwarded to any other school. T-39 stated that apparently ROBBINS was a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, His disciplinary record was favorable.

Confidential Informant T-40, of known reliability, advised that ROBBINS, as JOSEPH REGENSTREICH, entered New York University, Washington Square, New York City, for the College of Engineering - evening session - 1938 to 1939 term. He furnished his address as 1043 53rd Street, Brocklyn.

Confidential Informant T-41, of known reliability, advised that ROBBINS, as REGENSTREICH, attended NYU College of Engineering from February 1937 to June 1938. He indicated that he had previously attended City College of New York from February 1934 to February 1937. His disciplinary record was favorable.

Confidential Informant T-42, of unknown reliability, advised that ROBBINS' true name is JOSEPH REGENSTREICH and that on February 22, 1942 he filed an application for an apartment at his present address, 5501 14th Avenue, Brooklyn, wherein he described himself as a civil engineer for Sanderson and Porter, 52 William Street, New York City. T-42 stated that ROBBINS pays his rent to the superintendent at that address and as of March 9, 1950 had last paid his rent, in cash, to the superintendent on February 17, 1950. T-42 stated that the superintendent at 5501 14th Avenue is one STANLEY JULIUS NOWCKE, who had been employed there in that capacity for the past fifteen years. T-42 regarded NOWCKE as reliable and trustworthy.



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The New York and Bureau indices were negative on NOWCKE,

The records of the 66th Police Precinct, 58th Street and 16th Avenue, Brooklyn, were checked without finding any record on NOWCKE.

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Father LACEY, St. Francis Catholic Church, 57th Street and 13th Avenue, Brooklyn, advised that while he was not personally acquainted with NOWCKE, a check of the church records determined that NOWCKE was a member of that parish.

On March 10, 1950 Confidential Informant T-43, of known reliability, advised that JOSEPH ARNOLD ROBBINS had been residing at 5501 14th Avenue, Brocklyn, Apartment 3-F, for about ten years. T-43 explained that ROBBINS was married but had no children. Also, he knew ROBBINS did not own an automobile and does not mingle with the other tenants in the building. He described ROBBINS' apartment as being on the second floor, rear, with a bedroom window facing on 55th Street and all other windows of the apartment facing toward the rear.

T-43 thought ROBBINS was a cabinet maker by occupation. He based this on the fact that ROBBINS works on cabinets in his apartment on week-ends and that his father-in-law has a shop where blinds and cabinets are made. T-43 expressed the opinion that ROBBINS possibly worked for his father-in-law. Also, he stated ROBBINS leaves the address 5501 14th Avenue each morning at approximately 7:30 a.m.

T-43 also stated that Mrs. ROBBINS had worked up until three years agd but has not been employed since that time. T-43 also recalled that ROBBINS was not in the armed services during World War II and he did not know of any national defense job ROBBINS may have had. Also, he did not know the names of any relatives or friends of ROBBINS. He could not recall that ROBBINS and his wife ever had any visitors or parties. T-43 described ROBBINS as about 5'10", heavy-set, appearing slightly stoop-shouldered.

#### Information Re ROBBINS and Relatives Contained in New York Indices

JØSEPH ROBBINS, 5501 14th Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, employed by George G Sharp, 30 Church Street, New York City, was listed as a member of the Federation of Architects, Engineers, Chemists and Technicians-CIO in March 1945. His name appeared on a list of individuals in this organization who are Communists or reported Communist sympathizers or were known to be



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members by reason of activity in the union or their declaration of FARCT affiliation and their membership books of the CPA, or because their names appeared on FARCT mailing lists.

Confidential Informant T-44, of known reliability, advised that ROBBINS, as JOSEPH ROBBINS, was a member of Lodge 568 of the International Workers Order in about December 1947. The International Workers Order has been declared by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

Confidential Informant T-45, of known reliability, has advised that JOSEPH ROBBINS, 5501 14th Avenue, Brooklyn, was a signer of a petition to Governor DEWEY in 1943 for the release of MORRIS U. SCHAPPES, convicted of perjury in connection with the Rapp-Coudert investigation of Communism in New York schools.

### ALFRED REGER, with aliases, Abraham Regenstreich, All Reger

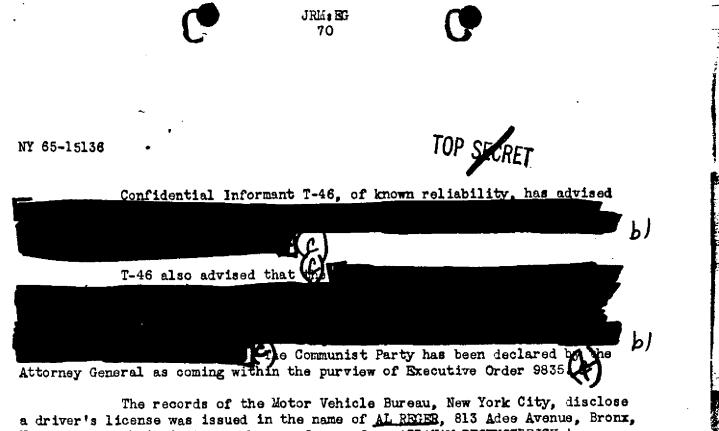
Confidential Informant T-34, of known reliability, advised that ABRAHAM REGENSTREICH, a brother of JOSEPH ARNOLD ROBBINS, was born February 3, 1911 at Brooklyn, the son of LOUIS and CLARA REGENSTREICH, and resided at 1043 53rd Street, Brooklyn in October 1940. T-34 also stated that ABRAHAM REGENSTREICH is also known by the name AL REGER.

In addition, T-34 advised that a copy of a court order of New York, Bronx County Court House, dated September 13, 1935, granted change of names from ABRAHAM REGENSTREICH, ESTHER REGENSTREICH, JANE SUSAN REGENSTREICH, RUTH MARION REGENSTREICH, and NEIL REGENSTREICH, to ALFRED REGER, ESTHER REGER, JANE SUSAN REGER, RUTH MARION REGER, and NELL REGER.

T-34 advised that as of July 1943 ABRAHAM REGENSTREICH resided at 40 Monroe Street, New York City, and in February 1944 resided at 813 Adee Avenue, Bronx, New York. This informant also advised that ABRAHAM REGENSTREICH entered the United States Army on February 3, 1944 at New York and was honorably discharged at Camp Cook, California on October 16, 1945. ABRAHAM REGENSTREICH listed the following as his relatives:

LOUIS REGENSTREICH, father, 1043 53rd Street, Brooklyn, New York CLARA WAGNER REGENSTREICH, mother, 1043 53rd Street, Brooklyn BORIS REGENSTREICH, brother, 1633 Webster Street, N.W., Washington, D. C. JOSEPH REGENSTREICH, brother, 5501 14th Avenue, Brooklyn BERTHARECKER, sister, now Mrs. CHARLES LIPSTEIN, 201 Milford Avenue, Newark, New Jersey

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a driver's license was issued in the name of <u>AL REGER</u>, 813 Adee Avenue, Bronx, New York, which indicates a change of name from <u>ABRAHAM REGENSTREICH</u> to <u>ALFRED REGER</u>. This license listed his business address as CIO, Local 830, 13 Astor Place, New York City.

The "Daily Worker" of March 8, 1943, page 5, column 8, contains an article captioned "A Worker Hero Comes to Life", congratulating AL REGER for his subscription drive for subscribers to the "Daily Worker". The article explains that REGER had obtained forty subscriptions in forty days, and that he takes papers to his shop, thereby getting fellow employees interested. The article further reflects that REGER recently was elected Press Director of an industrial section and that he is a member of Local 830 of the United Retail and Wholesale Union. The article also reflected that "AL has been a Communist for five years and a hard-working one too".

The "Daily Worker" is an East Coast daily Communist publication.

In the October 29, 1945 issue of the "Daily Worker", on page 7, column 1, under the caption "One Man Picket Against Army Scab Policy", there appears a story to the effect that while stationed at Camp Cook, California, AL REGER proposed the recruiting of Army personnel to work for an oil company that was on strike. As a result he was disciplined by being restricted to the company area and his privileges were suspended on two occasions. This article further states, "Now that he is back in New York, REGER is eager to get back to his old chores in labor and politics. Before he went into the service he was a champion sales agent of the 'Daily Worker' and 'The Norker'." The article quotes REGER as stating, "I am ready to get right out with these papers again. It is the first thing I want to do. Help build the circulation of the Daily Worker."

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"The Worker" is an East Coast Sunday Computist publication.

The "Daily Worker" of October 17, 1946 contains an article captioned "Drove Tanks, Now Leads in Subs". This article reflects that "AL REGER is a veteran tanker who pushed his M-4 through France, Germany and Austria with the 13th Armored Division." The article reflects that REGER had gotten 27 fellow union members to subscribe to "The Worker" and that "AL is the business agent of Local 830, CIO, Retail and Wholesale Employees Union." The article also reflects that "AL is Press Director of the Communist Party industrial sections of Manhattan."

The "Daily Worker" of March 9, 1948, page 10, column 1, contains the following quotation:

"The Kings County Communist Party extends deep sympathy to AL REGER on the death of his daughter, RUTH MARION, age 12."

The "Daily Worker" of March 11, 1948, page 10, column 2, contains similar types of articles from the New York County Committee, Communist Party, the Joe Brodsky Club, Distributive Trades Section, Communist Party, and the Gordon Club, 6th A.D.

The "Daily Worker" of March 24, 1948, page 6, column 5, contains the following article:

"I want to thank my friends, comrades and the Communist Party for their condolences, offers of help, and their tremendous help given to me in my hour of need. Comradely, AL REGER".

The "Daily forker" of June 7, 1949, page 14, column 2, contains an article which reflects that a delegation of 25 leading trade unionists appeared at the United States Court House, Foley Square, New York, to protest to Judge HAROLD R. MEDINA the jailing of JOHN GATES, Editor-in-Chief of the "Daily Norker", and the revocation of the bail of HENRY WINSTON, National Organizational Secretary of the Communist Farty, and GUS HALL, Ohio State Chairman of the Communist Party. AL REGER was a member of that delegation.

Confidential Informant T-44, of known reliability, advised on December 23, 1947 that ABRAHAM REGENSTREICH was a member of Lodge 737 of the International Workers Order, as of December 1946.



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Confidential Informant T-47, of known reliability, advised on

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Confidential Informant T-48, of known reliability, advised that ABRAHAM REGENSTREICH had moved from 813 Adee Avenue, Bronx, New York to 270 Stockton Street, Brooklyn on December 11, 1947.

The following is a physical description of ABRAHAM REGENSTREICH, with aliases, furnished by Confidential Informant T-54:

38 or 39 (born 2/3/11 or 2/3/12, Brooklyn) Age Height 516\* 195 lbs. Weight Hair Black Blue Eyes Complexion Fair Organizer, Wholesale and Warehouse Workers Occupation Union, Local 65, Independent, 13 Astor Place, New York City. Marital Status Married; wife, ESTELLE RASKIN REGENSTREICH, born June 30, 1911, Newark, New Jersey.

BORIS ROBBINS, with alias, Buddy Regenstreich

The records of the Board of Health, Brooklyn, New York, reflect that BORIS REGENSTREICH, another brother of JOSEPH ARNOLD ROBBINS, was born December 26, 1917 at Brooklyn. His parents were listed as <u>CLARAWAGNER</u> REGENSTREICH, born in Austria, and LOUIS REGENSTREICH, born in Rumania.

The records of the City Court Clerk's Office, 120 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, reflect that BORLS REGENSTREICH and FRANCES CAREGENSTREICH (nee FRANCES GERTRUDE HERSHY, born August 2, 1921, Bronx, New York), his wife, were granted leave to assume the names of BORLS ROBBINS and FRANCES CAROBBINS, such change to be effective April 9, 1945. These records contained a photostatic copy of ROBBINS; wife's birth certificate #35172 reflecting her name to be FRANCES GERTRUDE HERSKOWITZ, born August 2, 1920 at New York;

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BORIS RCBBINS, with alias, is now employed as a budget analyst, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., and his last known address was 1380 Peabody Street, N.W., Washington, D. C. His name, BUDDY REGENSTREICH, 1356 Irving Street, N.W., Washington, D. C., his residence from December 1939 to January 1941, appeared on the active indices of the Washington chapter of the American Peace Mobilization.

Past Employments of JOSEPH ARNOLD ROBBINS

The records of Sanderson & Porter, New York City, reflect that ROBBINS, under the name JOSEPH ARGENSTREICH, 1043 53rd Street, Brooklyn, filed an application dated January 5, 1942. He listed as prior employment the Forest Box and Lumber Company, Long Island City, New York, from May to September 1939; the Rosen Wrecking Company, South 9th Street and Kent Avenue, Brooklyn, now dissolved, October 1939 to December 1940; Bartlett, Ludlam & Dill, 189 Montague Street, Brooklyn, February 60 March 1941; and the Raritan Arsenal, Metuchen, New Jersey, April 1941 to November 1941.

ROBBINS furnished the following references:

LOUIS D. SADICK, 23 Cedar Avenue, Highland Park, New Jersey JOSEPH SOCHKO, 171 Scholes Street, Brooklyn RALPH MADIN, 8260 116th Street, Queens, New York JAMES F. DE BEBOISE, 160-30 89th Avenue, Jamaica, New York

ROBBINS was employed at Sanderson & Porter, New York City, from January 9, 1942 to October 27, 1942 as a structural draftsman and designer. This personnel record at Sanderson & Porter was revised on January 22, 1948, when ROBBINS returned there seeking employment, as follows:

Janke & Company, Elizabeth, New Jersey - July 1946 to January 1948 Jacobson & Company, New York City - March 1944 to July 1946 George G. Sharp, New York City - June 1943 to March 1944 M. W. Kellogg, New York - October 1942 to June 1943

The records at George G. Sharp & Company, Naval Architects, reflect that ROBBINS was employed as a draftsman for that firm from June 1943 to August 11, 1944. A photograph of ROBBINS taken at the time he began this employment was obtained and forwarded to the Bureau and Boston, and it is this photograph that FUCHS has identified with "very fair certainty" as his American contact.



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Confidential Informant T-49, of unknown reliability, has advised that the employment records showing absences during the time that ROBEINS was employed at the George G. Sharp Company have been destroyed and are not now available.

Joseph ARNOLD ROBBINS was next employed by Vacobson & Company, formerly at 335 East 45th Street and now at 227 East 44th Street. New York City. Confidential informant T-50, of unknown reliability, advised that ROBBINS was employed for this firm from August 14, 1944 until about March 1, 1946 as a draftsman. T-50 indicated that the records which now exist in that firm indicate that ROBBINS had a vacation during the week ending July 21, 1945. The records also show that he had three days off during the week ending September 1, 1945. Since August 25, 1945 was a Saturday, and since ROBBINS had applied for permission to travel to Canada between August 25 and August 27, 1945, it would appear that he had Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, August 27, 28 and 29, 1945 off. T-50 stated that in the event ROBBINS was off sick, he would have been paid for such sickness and available records would not show the dates on which ROBBINS had sick leave.

However, on April 24, 1950 Confidential Informant T-51, of unknown reliability, was contacted and produced the employees' time cards for Jacobson & Company which were located in dead storage. These records were reviewed on ROBBINS from the time he began his employment on August 14, 1944 until he terminated with the firm on February 28, 1946. These records indicate the following absences with the following reasons attributed for each absence. It is to be noted that the weekly pay periods ended with a Saturday and the Jacobson employees worked half a day on Saturdays until June 30, 1945 when the practice was discontinued.

Week Ending	Dates Off	Reason for Absence	Amt. of Overtime
8/19/44	None		$9\frac{1}{2}$ hours
8/2 <b>6/</b> 44	None		17 hours
9/2/44	None (worked until 1:31 p.m., 9/2/44)		10 hours
9/9/44	all day Monday, 9/4/44	Possibly illness	13 hours
9/16/44	None (worked until 1:04 p.m., 9/16/44)		3쿱 hours

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Week Ending	Dates Off	Reason for Absence	Amt. of Overtime
9/23/44	Monday and Tuesday, 9/18 and 9/19/44	Apparently illness	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> hours
9/30/44	Wednesday, 9/27/44	Apparently illness	3 hours
10/7/44	None		7 hours
10/14/44 <u>Jes</u>	None (ROBBINS worked a f on Thursday, 10/12/44, o it was reliably reported	n which date by T-2 that	20 hours bz
1	the Unknown Subject, wa.	TEX	( <b>X</b> )
10/21/44	None	TS)	14 hours
10/28/44	None	bl	14 hours
11/4/44	None		14 hours
11/11/44	None		14 hours
11/18/44	None (ROBBINS worked out of t auxiliary shop on 61st and 11/16/44)		6 hours
11/25/44	Thursday, 11/23/44	Thanksgiving	10 hours
12/2/44	Friday and Saturday, 12/1 and 12/2/44	None given but record show ROBBINS not paid for the 2 days	s 6 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> hours
12/9/44	Records indicate ROBBINS off 12/3, which was a Sunday. Since he was of on previous Friday and Saturday, it is possible he was off on Monday, 12	<b>`f</b>	9 hours
12/16/44	None		14 hours

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Week Ending	Dates Off	Reason for Absence	Amt. of Overtime
12/23/44 JOSEPH ARMOLD	Afternoon of 12/22/44 (ROBBINS worked Saturda until 12:03 p.m.)		92 hours
12/30/44	Christmas day, 12/25/44	Christmas	10 hours
1/6/45	1/1/45	New Year's day	10 hours
1/13/45	None		$13\frac{1}{2}$ hours
1/20/45	None		14 hours
1/27/45	None	·	14 hours
2/3/45	None		9불 hours
<b>2/10/</b> 45	Every day, that is, 2/5,6,7,8,9,10/45	Illness	
2/17/45	Worked Monday and Tuesday, 2/12 and 2/13; off 2/14,15,16,17/45	Illness	3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> hours
2/24/45	Off every day, that is, 2/19,20,21,22,23,24/45.		
<b>3/3/</b> 45	Off Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, 2/26,27,28 and 3/1/45. Returned to work Friday, 3/2/45 and worked 3/2 and 3/3/45. (It is noted that ROBBINS only worked 5 days during the month of February 1945, namely, 2/1, 2 and 3 and 2/12 and 13. It was during this month that FUCHS was in Boston being on leave from Los Alamos from 2/11 to 2/25/45 and visiting in Boston to approximately 2/13 to 2/22/45. Therefore, of course, it would have been possible for ROBBINS		

to have made any number of trips to Boston during the time FUCHS was there and to have contacted him).

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Dates Off

None

None

Nona

None

None

None

None

None

5/8/45

None

None

None

None

Off 5/30/45

Off morning of 6/19;

worked afternoon of

Off Saturday morning, 5/5/45

Off afternoon of

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Week Ending

3/10/45

3/17/45

3/24/45

3/31/45

4/7/45

4/14/45

4/21/45

4/28/45

5/5/45

5/12/45

5/19/45

5/28/45

6/2/45

6/9/45

6/16/45

6/23/45

Reason for Absence

Ant. of Overtime 3g hours 3g hours 3g hours 3g hours 3 hours

3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> hours

7 hours

3<mark>급</mark> hours

3늘 hours

2호 hours

3<sup>1</sup>/2 hours

3월 hours

 $3\frac{1}{2}$  hours

3 hours

3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> hours

5<mark>코</mark> hours

 $6\frac{1}{2}$  hours

6/19 until 5:15 p.m. (Saturday, 6/23/45 was the last Saturday which employees of Jakobson & Company were required to work. Thereafter a five-day week, ending Friday, was maintained).

Illness

V-E Day

Decoration Day

No reason available

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s/30/45

None

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Week Ending	Dates Off	Reason for Absence	mt. of Overtime
7/7/45	off 7/4/45	Independence Day	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> hours
7/14/45	Off Monday, 7/9/45	Bonus day	2 <sup>1</sup> /2 hours
7/21/45	Off entire week. Returned to work Monday, 7/23/45.	Vacation	
7/28/45	None		2 <sup>늘</sup> hours
8/4/45	None		2늘 Lours
8/11/45	None		2출 hours
8/18/45	Off 8/15 and 8/16/45	V-J Day	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> hours
8/25/45	None		2 <sup>1</sup> hours
9/1/4 5	Off all wook	Bonus days, Monday and Tuesday; 8/27 and 8/28; vacation without pay, 8/29, 30 and 31/45.	;

9/8/45

Off Monday, 9/3/15; Vacation without pay returned to work morn-

ing of Tuesday, 9/4/45. Joscon ARNELD

(It is noted from the above that ROBBINS worked the entire month of June 1945 with the exception of the morning of June 19th. It was during this month that FUCHS claims the first meeting of his American contact occurred in Santa Fe. However, ROBBINS had about ten days vacation beginning with the close of bisiness, Friday, July 13, 1945, which is only two weeks into July. Also, he had about ten days vacation in the latter part of August 1945 and early part of September. Assuming that FUCHS is in error or deliberately misrepresenting the time of the first Santa Fe meet, it would have been possible for ROBBINS to have made that meet with him in July 1945. Also, the Fall 1945 meeting which occurred in Santa Fe could have been carried out by ROBBINS at the time of his second vacation in the latter part of August and early part of September 1945).



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Week Ending	Dates Off	Reason for Absence	Amt. of overtime
9/15/45	None		2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> hours
9/22/45	Off Monday, 9/17/45 Off Friday, 9/21/45	Jewish holiday Sickness	1월 hours
9/29/45	None		None
10/6/45	None		None
10/13/45	None		None
10/20/45	None		None
10/26/45	None		None
11/3/45	None		None
11/10/45	Off Thursday, 11/8/45	Illness	None
11/17/45	Off Monday, 11/12/45	No reason available	None
11/24/45	Off Thursday, 11/22/4 Worked Friday, 11/23/4	5 Thanksgiving 45	
12/1/45	None		None
12/8/45	None		None
12/15/45	None		None
12/22/45	None		None
12/29/45	Off afternoon of 12/24 and all day 12/	Christmas 25	None
1/5/46	Off 1/1/46	New Year's day	None .
1/5/48 1/12/48	None		None
1/19/46	None		None

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Week Ending	Dates Off	Reason for Absence An	at, of Overtim
1/26/46	Off Monday & Tuesday 1/21 and 1/22/46	111ness 🦾	None
2/2/46	None		None
2/9/46	None		None
2 <b>/</b> 16/46	off 2/12/46	Holiday due to strike	None
2/23/46	off 2/22/46	Holiday	None
3/2/46	None		

(Terminated employment Thursday, 2/28/46)

In an effort to learn, if possible, ROBBINS' activities during the time he was with the Jacobson firm, and particularly what may have been known of his destinations at the time of his vacations in 1945, the following co-workers of ROBEINS at the JICOBSON firm have been interviewed with the following results:

> JOSEPHAISNER, who was employed at Jacobson from April 1943 to October 1945 and who is now associated with Fred L. Moesel Associates, 101 Park Avenue, New York City.

> AUGUST UKZIMMERMAN, employed at Jacobson from August 1942 to 1945. ZIMMERMAN was in charge of the Engineering Division for part of the period and was ROBBINS' supervisor. ZIMMERMAN is presently a partner in the firm of ZIMMERMAN & LUKES, 189 8th Avenue, Brooklyn.

> JOHN F. PURVOGEL, employed at Jacobson from April 1943 to April 1946, and who was ROBBINS' supervisor during part of the time. PURVOGEL is now with STARRETT & VAN VLECK, 101 Park Avenue, New York City.

FRED LAHEWES, who was at Jacobson from 1942 to 1945 and is now at the Fred L. Hewes Construction Company, 152 West 54th Street, New York.

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All of the aforementioned, with the exception of HEWES, recalled ROBBINS. They were carefully questioned regarding vacations or periods of leave taken by ROBBINS and any trips he may have made outside of New York

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while employed by the Jacobson Company, particularly during the pertinent periods. None of them was able to furnish any information along these lines.

It is pointed out that ZIMMERMAN and PURVOGEL were ROBBINS' supervisors during part of the time he was at Jacobson. They Stated that if ROBBINS had applied for time off either for vacation or for a few days for other purposes, they would have been cognizant of this. They stated all employees were entitled to at least one week vacation and they presumed ROBBINS had received time off for one. They had no recollection of where ROBBINS may have gone on his vacation or during other periods while he was absent from the firm.

By teletype of April 6, 1950, the Newark Office advised that E. H. JANKE, NORMAN SECHE, and CECELLA LOWE, all former employees of Jalobson, recalled that ROBBINS took a vacation, exact year unknown, in the vicinity of the New England states. (The only extended vacation that ROBBINS had was in the summer of 1945). These individuals do not know whether ROBBINS travelled to Canada. JANKE stated MYRON STLVERSTEIN and CARL SCHWARZ were two individuals that appeared to be more friendly with ROBBINS than anyone else in the firm, although JANKE did not believe anyone was actually very close to ROBBINS.

By teletype of April 14, 1950 the Newark Office advised that interviews had been conducted with MERRILL EXPTORER and DAVID PANGBORN, former employees of Jacobson, who were unability to recall any mention by ROBBINS of his vacationing or taking a trip to Canada during 1945 or any other time.

P. EDWARD POLITING, 1415 57th Street, Brooklyn, New York, advised he was employed as chief deal teman at the Jebbbson firm from December 1943 to March 1946. Later, for a period of about three weeks, he worked at the Janke firm in Elizabeth, New Jersey with ROBBINS. Also, for a time MAPOLITANO was at Allied Process Co. in Newark with ROBBILS. NAPOLITANC recalled the following facts concerning ROBBINS:

JOSCON JENELD He stated (ROBBINS had a heart condition which resulted from a case of rheumatic fever which ROBBINS had while a child. During the time he was at Japobson, NAPOLITANO knew that ROBBINS had considerable sick leave, which he places in the late winter of 1944 or 1945 or early spring 1945. NAPOLITANO's reason for placing it at this time was that ROBBINS' sickness usually began with a heavy cold and that he apparently caught cold easily. He stated that on one and possibly more occasions ROBBINS was off for at least a week and possibly more. He stated that while it was not necessary for ROBBINS to call

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لاستقرارة يتوار المدس عالاهال TOP St in on each day of his illness, as a listter of fact he usually received one or two calls from ROBBINS and/or his wife during the time ROBBINS was ill. On one occasion NAPOLITANO recalled he telephoned ROBBINS at home when ROBBINS was ill but was unable to reach him. NAPOLITANO made no issue of the fact but mentioned it to ROBBINS when ROBBINS returned to work. ROBBINS explained it by stating he had been out to the doctor.

Although he was not certain, NAPOLITANO thought that ROBBINS had had several days or weeks sick leave in May or June 1945, placing this date as several weeks or a month before ROBBINS' regular vacation in July 1945. NAPOLITANO stated that his own vacation in 1945 occurred during the middle two weeks of July 1945 and thereafter he would have been away from work at the same time ROBBINS took the first part of his vacation.

NAPOLITANO said that ROBBINS had stated his intention to take a cance trip with his wife into upper New York State and/or New England during one part of his vacation in 1945, possibly the latter part of August or early September. Actually, when ROBBINS returned to work he informed NAPOLITANO that he had gone on a hitch-hiking trip with his wife through New England, NAPOLITANO remembered this because of the fact that ROBBINS mentioned having had several shore dinners enroute. NAPOLITANO said he received a post card from ROBBINS from some place in Massachusetts or Maine but was unable to locate this. He also recalled ROBBINS wore glasses in 1944-1945.

He also recalled that sometime later, possibly in the early part of 1946, ROBBINS borrowed his father-in-law's car and took a trip with his wife and two other people, possibly his or his wife's aunts, to New England and possibly Boston.

In October 1948, after both NAPOLITANO and ROBBINS had left the employ of Allied Process Co.in New Jersey and were working for a firm operated by one ALBERT HOLLAND in New York, which later dissolved, NAPOLITANO obtained information that a draftsman was needed by the H. K. Ferguson Company. NAPOLITANO indicated his intention to recommend ROBBINS for the job and so informed ROBBINS, However, ROBBINS refused to consider the job on the grounds that he would have to "file a long FBI form and would be disqualified". NAPOLITANO thereupon sent another man.

NAPOLITANO said that since he and ROBBINS lived relatively close together, he knew ROBBINS fairly well. He stated he had entered into discussions with ROBBINS concerning religion and politics on many occasions. He said that ROBBINS appeared to be rather familiar with the Communist Party line

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and to be somewhat toward the "left" in his thinking. However, ROBBINS never admitted Communist Party affiliation. He did indicate that he was then or had been a member of the Workmen's Circle, possibly connected with the International Workers Order, which ROBBINS admitted was a Communist-dominated organization.

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NAPOLITANO could not recall ever meeting any relatives or friends of ROBBINS. However, he was exhibited a photograph of ABRAHAM BROTHMAN which he stated "looked familiar", but which he could not connect with ROBBINS.

NAPOLITANO was unable to recall having heard ROBBINS discuss trips to any other parts of the United States or to Canada on any occasion.

NAFOLITANO knew that the Jacobson firm maintained time cards on all employees and thought they should still be available. Also, a daily record of the accomplishments of the draftsmen was maintained during that period which also might still be available.

NAPOLITANO also recalled that ROBBINS had a brother whose name he could not remember, who had gotten into some difficulty and fired from some job in Brooklyn due to union activity on his part. (NAPOLITANO is undoubtedly referring to ROBBINS' brother, ABRAHAM.)

NAFOLITANO believed, although he was not certain, that ROBBINSresumed his schooling in the Fall of 1945 at Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute, at which time he began working toward his Master's degree in Civil Engineering. He knew that ROBBINS has completed class attendance and may even have written his thesis by this time. He knows that ROBBINS consults with a faculty advisor at Brooklyn College occasionally at the present time.

The records of Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute will be checked to determine when ROBBINS attended there, on the possibility that he would fit into the known information concerning the Unknown Subject, with elies.

Confidential Informant T-52, of known reliability, has stated that ROBBINS has been employed by the firm of Hardesty & Hanover, Consulting Engineers, 101 Park Avenue, New York City, since September 6, 1949. This source advised that ROBBINS is employed as a draftsman; that he works daily five days a week, from 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m., with one hour for lunch.



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At the time of applying for this position, ROBBINS listed all of the prior employments already available in the New York file. He stated further, however, that he was working toward his Master's degree in Civil Engineering at the Polytechnic Institute of Brocklyn. He furnished as references Mr. McCARTER of the Ambursen Company; Mr. WALSH of the Fraser-Brace Engineering Company; and Mr. NAPOLITANO of 1415 57th Street, Brocklyn.

# Physical Surveillance of JOSEPH ARNOLD ROBBINS

A physical surveillance of JOSEPH ARNOLD ROBBINS has been maintained since March 10, 1950. It has been established that he leaves home each work day morning at 7:30 a.m., takes the BMT subway from the 55th Street stop in Brooklyn into his place of employment at 101 Park Avenue. ROBBINS' lunch hour is from 12:30 to 1:30 each day and ordinarily he leaves work at 5:30 p.m. and, with the exceptions hereinafter noted, proceeds directly home.

On the evening of Monday, March 27, 1950, ROBBINS left work at 5:05 p.m. and proceeded via subway to an ice cream parlor at 159 East 86th Street, New York City, where he was observed having a milk shake. Shortly after his arrival there, ROBBINS was joined by an unknown man. For about ten minutes ROBBINS and this man conversed at the counter, then continued their conversation in the street for about another ten minutes before parting.

SA V. J. Cahill undertook the surveillance of ROBBINS' contact, who proceeded by subway to 125th Street, New York City, thence by train to Greenwich, Connecticut. He was observed to enter a driveway between two houses, one of which was the address 44 Soundview Drive, Greenwich. ROBBINS' contact was described as about 35 years of age, 5'6" tall, 140 pounds, dark brown hair receding in front, parted on the left, light complexion, wearing dark brown hat, navy blue overcoat, dark blue suit, black shoes, and carrying exhibit-type envelope.

It is to be noted that following his meeting with this individual, ROBBINS was observed to take a crosstown bus westward on 86th Street. The surveillance on him was discontinued at that point, but he was later observed at about 7:00 p.m. entering his apartment at 5501 14th Avenue, Brooklyn. It appears, although it is not definitely known, that ROBBINS proceeded directly home after this contact.

ROBBINS' contact was subsequently identified by the New Haven Office as RUBIN DREHER,'44 Soundview Avenue, Greenwich,'who is an accountant in New-York City, 'DREHER's wife's name is ROSE and she operates a hat shop at 161 Greenwich Avenue, Greenwich, known as Celine's Milliners, in which enterprise DREHER also assists her. The New Haven Office forwarded surveillance photos of DREHER which are being kept in the New York files.



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DREHER registered as a voter in Greenwich, Connecticut in October 1944, listing his birthdate as January 22, 1911 at New York City, and his employment at that time as an accountant for the Restaurant Accounting Company, 1457 Broadway, New York City. The New Haven Office obtained photographs of DREHER which are being maintained in the New York files. ROBBINS listed RALPH DRAYER as a reference at Janke Company, Elizabeth, New Jersey.

On the evening of April 3, 1950, one week after ROBBINS' original contact with DREMER, he left work again at 5:00 p.m. and proceeded on foot to Grand Central Station where he boarded an uptown express train to 86th Street. Upon leaving the train he made several obvious efforts to determine whether he was under surveillance. He again entered the ice cream parlor at 159 East 86th Street and sat at the counter. DREMER was not observed in the establishment while ROBBINS was there. Once ROBBINS was observed to leave his seat at the counter and look out the front door of the place, again apparently attempting to uncover surveillance.

After five minutes he left this address, turned west on 86th Street, then abruptly east, jay walked from the north to the south side of 86th Street, and then turned south on Lexington Avenue. He walked from 86th to 81st Street, again making several efforts to uncover surveillance, and then turned rapidly west on 81st Street. The surveillance was discontimued at this point and ROBBINS was not seen thereafter in the vicinity of 81st Street and Lexington Avenue or at or in the vicinity of 159 East 86th Street. On the evening of April 3, 1950 ROBBINS was carrying a portfolio.

T-52 was recontacted and stated that he was aware that ROBBINS had left work early on the evening of April 3, 1950 but did not know any reason therefor. He stated if ROBBINS had taken a half hour for lunch he would be entitled to leave a half hour early.

T-52 also stated that ROBBINS was presently engaged in drawing up plans for an express-way which is to be constructed through the city of Philadelphia, which project was expected to be completed on April 5, 1950. The possibility exists unat thereafter ROBBINS would be employed on another project not now known. T-52 stated that ROBBINS has no legitimate business contacts outside of the office at the present time and probably will not have any in the future. Moreover, T-52 said that the firm of Hardesty & Hanover is not now engaged in any work of a defense or restricted nature. In the past the firm has done work for the Army and Navy on a consulting basis,

