

I have personally and carefully read this statement consisting of ten single-spaced, typewritten pages and I do hereby state that all the above information is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signed this the 26th day of May, 1950.

Klaus Fuchs

Witnesses:

Hugh H. Clegg  
Hugh H. Clegg, Assistant Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation

Robert J. Lamphere  
Robert J. Lamphere, Special Agent  
Federal Bureau of Investigation

William James Skardon  
William James Skardon, Officer  
Security Service, United Kingdom

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3/6/96 306 AC/JS  
FOIA 5612101

July 10, 1950  
~~June 30, 1950~~  
Philadelphia, Penna.

H.G.

*H.G.*  
I, HARRY GOLD, hereby make the following voluntary statement to T. SCOTT MILNER, JR., and NICHOLAS D. BRENNAN, who have identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. No threats or promises have been made me, and I realize that I do not have to make any statement, and any statement I do make may be used against me in a Court of Law. I realize that I have a right to counsel.

I would like to add the following to the statement which I gave the above Agents on May 22, 1950. The matter concerns an elaboration on my various meetings with KLAUS FUCHS.

*H.G.*  
The first meeting took place in late January or very early February 1944, and was at the Henry Street settlement on the East side of New York.

The second meeting, and I had set the place, and the time had been agreed upon mutually by KLAUS and myself, was on the Northwest corner of 59th Street and Lexington Avenue; this was about ten days to two weeks after our initial contact. The corner I have specified has a bank with very tall colonnades, and there is a subway entrance in the bank building itself. I met KLAUS directly under one of the first colonnades, or possibly along 59th Street on the South side of the bank. We walked in the general direction of the Queensboro Bridge, the intention in my mind being that we would walk across the bridge and into Queens itself. However, this bridge was closed to foot traffic during this period, and instead we walked along 1st Avenue, North of the bridge.

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We may have walked as far North as 75th Street, and we may have gone back to 2nd Avenue, and very likely we made at least several passages on the dark deserted streets between 1st Avenue and 2nd, between 55th Street and 70th Street.

My recollection of the third meeting with KLAUS FUCHS <sup>NYA</sup> It occurred in March of 1944. I recall this clearly, it was still quite cold and we both wore overcoats. This took place on Madison Avenue in the 70's, and we immediately turned into one of the dark deserted side streets toward 5th, and the transfer of information took place there. The whole affair took possibly 30 seconds or one minute, and I immediately walked ahead of KLAUS and down 5th Avenue toward 57th Street and 6th Avenue, where approximately 15 minutes later I turned over the information to JOHN. Here again the meeting was of the briefest possible duration, possibly a minute or so.

The fourth meeting with KLAUS FUCHS took place in the Bronx of New York, and was in front of a large movie theater on the Grand Concourse near Fordham Road, but not quite that far.

We went for a walk partly along the Grand Concourse, but usually on the side streets, during which time we discussed the next meeting which was to be at Queens, and at which a second transfer of information was to take place, and the exact details were arranged. After this I took KLAUS to dinner, it was a wet and somewhat chilled night for April, and as I recall, he had a bad cough, and I did not wish to expose him to the elements any more than was necessary. This whole procedure of going to dinner in a restaurant was against anything

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that we had previously set forth as a matter of technique of meeting, but I felt that the circumstance justified such a deviation from the rules. We had a dinner at which we discussed a number of matters, including music and chess. It was also at this dinner that we agreed that should either of us ever be questioned as to how we happened to meet, that the story would be that we had met at one of the New York Philharmonic's concerts sometime in March of 1944, and in Carnegie Hall; <sup>H.B.</sup> ~~H.B.~~ the idea was that we had had adjacent seats and had talked together in the lobby during the intermission. Also, there was the idea that at a subsequent time I would go to the files of a New York paper, most likely the New York Sun, and I believe I mentioned this paper to KLAUS, and would look up the date of such a concert and would determine what numbers or what musical selections had been on the program. I would then give KLAUS a list of the musical selections so that we would both be familiar with the program were we questioned. The restaurant to which I took KLAUS to dinner was called Rosenheim's, and is adjacent to Alexanders Department Store at Fordham Road and the Grand Concourse. After we had dinner and emerged from Rosenheim's—the weather was still nasty—I recall a cold drizzle was falling, <sup>we</sup> and I took a cab and went <sup>H.B.</sup> ~~H.B.~~ downtown to the neighborhood of the 80's and Madison Avenue. There is some possibility that it may have been the 90's and Lexington Avenue. We went into a small bar which also contained tables, and sat at one of these tables and had several drinks. We then left the bar and I put KLAUS in a cab. I now recall that the reason for KLAUS taking the cab was that he lived on the other side of Manhattan, and

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direct transportation through Central Park late at night is very difficult. After KLAUS's cab had departed I waited for a few moments until an empty cab came along, and took this to the Pennsylvania Station and then took the next train to Philadelphia.

My fifth meeting with KLAUS FUCHS took place in May of 1944, and was in Queens, not too far from Queensboro Plaza. I recall the event clearly because I got lost in the neighborhood of Queens' Plaza and had to take a cab for a distance of about a half a mile until I came to the spot I had indicated to KLAUS FUCHS. I was possibly two or three minutes late; he was already there. On this occasion FUCHS gave me the second packet of information, a train consisting of some 25 to 40 pages. The total time of the meeting was not over three or four minutes, and after I left him, I walked rapidly further out in Queens, and then took an elevated train some distance further, possibly a ten minute ride. After leaving the elevated I was in the general area where I was to meet JOE. I still had about five minutes to wait and I recall stopping near a drug store, and taking a glimpse at the information that KLAUS had turned over to me. This was in a very small but distinctive writing; it was in ink, and consisted mainly of mathematical derivations. There was also further along in the report a good deal of descriptive detail. I did not look at the report for much more than two minutes at the most. About five minutes after this I went to the place where I was to meet JOHN, this was somewhere between Woodside and Jackson Heights, and somewhere close to the elevated line which runs

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out Queens and ends in Flushing; there I turned over the information to JOHN, <sup>N.Y.</sup> and the total time of transfer was not more than one minute with hardly a word said. The time of the meeting with KLAUS was about 7:00 o'clock in the evening, possibly somewhat earlier. The time of the meeting with JOHN was about 7:30. As I recall it was dark or certainly very early evening when I met JOHN, but this may have been due to the fact that the entire day was heavily overcast.

The sixth meeting with KLAUS FUCHS occurred in Brooklyn, and it was somewhere in the area of Boro Hall, <sup>N.Y.</sup> This was in June, 1944. <sup>N.Y.</sup>

During this meeting I recall that KLAUS FUCHS told me that there was some possibility that his sister who lived in Cambridge, Massachusetts, he did not give me her name, however, might come to <sup>N.Y.</sup> New York. He explained to me that his sister was married and had two children, and that she was having great difficulty with her husband and that she was fully intending to leave her husband and come to New York. Should this occur, KLAUS told me that he would like very much to be able to share an apartment with his sister. I gathered that he and his sister were very close to each other and also the fact that KLAUS <sup>is</sup> was extremely fond of <sup>the</sup> children. <sup>N.Y.</sup> KLAUS told me that he brought up the matter because he first wanted me to inquire of my superior whether such an action would be all right. I said that I would make the inquiry. This conversation took place while we were walking away from Boro Hall and further into Brooklyn. I recall clearly that after this meeting I met JOHN, on the very same evening. The meeting with KLAUS took place

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at about 8:30 and lasted for possibly half to three quarters of an hour, possibly even an hour, so that I met JOHN sometime about 9:00.

There may have been during this meeting with JOHN and the just completed one with KLAUS FUCHS, some transfer of information from KLAUS to me and then from myself to JOHN; however, I do not clearly recall such an event. I do not recall much of the subject of my conversation with JOHN, except that he was extremely satisfied with the way that things were going and that he left me after a very brief meeting of possibly five to ten minutes. It is this briefness of the meeting with JOHN that makes me think that there may have been some transfer of information.

The seventh meeting with KLAUS FUCHS occurred in either very late June, but most likely in early July of 1944. This took place near an Art Museum in the 80's, and on the West side of 5th Avenue. We went for a long walk, almost entirely in Central Park and in the many winding roads and small paths leading through the park itself. This meeting took at least an hour and a half and was a very leisurely one.

*at least in the year,*  
*or early*  
*44*  
During this walk KLAUS told me that there was some possibility in the next year, <sup>N.Y.</sup> that he would be transferred somewhere to the Southwest. He thought that possibly this would be Mexico. He also told me at this time that his brother, GERHARD, was now in Switzerland and was convalescing as a result of having been only recently released from a German concentration camp. I gathered from the conversation that GERHARD was of the same political <sup>conviction</sup> ~~conviction~~ as KLAUS FUCHS. I also told KLAUS <sup>N.Y.</sup> that it would be perfectly all right, should his sister come to New York,

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for him to take an apartment together with her and the children. Actually, I had not mentioned the matter to JOHN at all, but had taken it upon myself to tell KLAUS that such a proceeding was O.K.

The eighth meeting was to take place in Brooklyn and was to be <sup>in</sup> about two weeks, possibly three, after the meeting in Central Park <sup>H.B.</sup> in July; this would place it about the end of July 1944. The meeting was to occur in front of the Bell Cinema, which is just off the Eastern Parkway in Brooklyn and very close to the Brooklyn Museum of Art, only it is on the <sup>opposite</sup> ~~eastern~~ side of the Parkway from the Museum. <sup>H.B.</sup> This meeting did not take place, nor did a subsequent one which had been scheduled for such an eventuality, on Central Park West, and somewhere about 96th Street and possibly somewhat above 96th.

On the second occasion I became very worried, particularly since the area is very close to a section of New York where "muggings" often occur, and also the fact that KLAUS was of slight build and might seem an inviting prey. I would like to emphasize that neither the meeting at the Bell Cinema in Brooklyn, nor the one on Central Park West, about 96th Street, occurred because of the fact that KLAUS FUCHS did not show up -- I was there on both occasions.

When I reported the fact of the second unsuccessful attempt with KLAUS FUCHS to JOHN, we held a very long discussion lasting possibly two hours, in which we speculated upon just what the difficulty might be. Our principal trouble was to decide whether KLAUS, for some reason was unable to keep the meetings <sup>if</sup> ~~through~~ he was still in New York, or whether he had actually left New York.

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On the occasion of my next meeting with JOHN, which was in, I believe, very late August of 1944, the following events occurred:

This meeting took place on a very early Sunday morning, I would say about 8:30 to 9:00 o'clock, and it occurred in downtown New York, *near Washington Square. H.B.* At this time JOHN told me that he had ascertained the address of KLAUS FUCHS, and that I should, that very morning, make inquiry at that address as to whether KLAUS was there. Toward this end I went some distance up town and in one of the railroad stations I purchased a book called, "JOBBER! THE PROVIDER" which had recently been published and had been written by THOMAS HORN. On the inside cover of this book I printed very legibly the following, "K. FUCHS, 128 West 77th Street, New York, N.Y.,"*which address John had given me. H.B.* It was this book that I took with me to the address given. I recall the appearance of the building very well. It was some sort of white stone and looked newer and better kept than the other buildings on the same block. It was, as I recall, about a four-story-dwelling, used as an apartment house. This building was on the South side of the Street. I looked around outside the building, and down a very short flight of steps, *H.B.* and just to the side of the door leading into the building was an old man whom I took to be a janitor; he was handling some rubbish from the apartment house. I believe that I made an inquiry of him as to whether KLAUS FUCHS lived there, but he appeared somewhat puzzled by my question. I then opened the door and went into the vestibule. There may have been a very short flight of steps leading up to the vestibule. There to my gratification, among the nameplates, I saw

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one reading, "Dr. KLAUS FUCHS," though it might have read, "Dr. K. FUCHS." I pressed the buzzer, but there was no answer, and finally I opened the door leading from the vestibule into the main hall; this <sup>door H.G.</sup> was unlocked. I went into the main hall, along the first floor, looking for the apartment which as I recall had been given alongside the nameplate as being 1-E or 1F, (there is some possibility that it may have been 1-D). As I walked along the vestibule a door opened, either in the very apartment where KLAUS was supposed to live or possibly in the one alongside it, and an old woman looked out. Also at that time there came behind me the janitor. I asked the woman for the apartment of Dr. FUCHS, and at this time the janitor joined in the conversation. I can not recall clearly whether it was he or she who told me that Dr. FUCHS was no longer there. On further questioning, when I asked how I could get in touch with him, they said that they did not think that I could; that he had left town for somewhere on a boat. <sup>H.G.</sup> I then explained to them that I was a friend of Dr. FUCHS and that I had merely wanted to return this book which he had loaned to me. I did not deem it wise to make any further inquiries at 128 West 77th Street, but I do recall the janitor and the woman, who I believe was his wife, talking as I left. <sup>H.G.</sup>

Later that morning, and somewhere between 10:00 and 11:00 o'clock, possibly closer to 11:00, I met JOHN on Broadway, somewhere around 96th and Broadway, and possibly further up on Broadway and very close to Columbia University. I told JOHN about the results of my investigation and we held a long discussion, principally while walking

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along Riverside Drive and in the area of the 90's. We talked at great length as to how we might possibly send a letter or communication to the 77th Street address with the hope that it would be forwarded to FUCHS. I believe that our conclusion was that such a procedure might be too risky as it might involve an awkward explanation on <sup>the</sup> ~~MEMO~~ <sup>N.B.</sup> part to the authorities, who were very likely censoring all mail. After some further discussion the only conclusion we could come to, and the advice which JOHN gave me, was to "sit tight."  
<sub>N.B.</sub>

On the occasion of a subsequent meeting in early September of 1944, we again discussed at length the matter of getting in touch with KLAUS FUCHS, and it was there, I believe, that I mentioned the fact that FUCHS had a sister who lived in Boston. Now it may be possible that JOHN himself may have brought up the matter of FUCHS's sister. I believe this latter to be true, since I had not previously mentioned anything about FUCHS's sister to JOHN. In any event, JOHN told me that he thought that there lay our best line of inquiry.

On the occasion of the next meeting, about the middle of September, JOHN told me with great glee that he had ascertained both the name and the whereabouts of FUCHS's sister. The name that he gave me was that of Mrs. ROBERT HEINELMAN, and the address was merely Cambridge, Massachusetts. I do not recall JOHN having given me the street and number.

I went by coach on a Sunday in very late September to Boston, Massachusetts. I arrived there very early in the evening, and recall looking up the address in the telephone directory of ROBERT HEINELMAN. This  
<sub>N.B.</sub>

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was, as I recall, 144 Lakeview Street or Avenue, in Cambridge. I went to this address and the entire street was dark as well as the home where the HEINEMANS <sup>W.B.</sup> lived. However, I knocked at the door and a woman answered. I inquired for Mrs. HEINEMAN and the woman replied that the HEINEMANS were still away on their vacation and were not expected back until sometime in October. I gathered somehow that the woman was a housekeeper of some sort. I believe that the woman wanted me to leave my name and address, but I think that I merely said that I would call again sometime in October and that the matter was not very important. I gave no indication that I was from out of town.

First I returned from Boston to Philadelphia, and then several days later I met JOHN in New York and told him about the results of my trip. He was highly pleased that we had succeeded in locating Mrs. HEINEMAN, and we agreed that in October I would take another trip to Cambridge.

This second trip to Cambridge occurred in either very late October, <sup>or</sup> ~~but~~ most likely <sup>in</sup> ~~early~~ <sup>W.B.</sup> November. Upon this occasion I took with me a piece of paper or a card inclosed in an envelope, and on this piece of paper were the following <sup>instructions</sup> ~~inscriptions~~: There was given the name of a man and a phone number, I believe that the first name began with a "J" and that the last name was something like "KAPLOUN," but I am not very certain on this point at all. Also on the piece of paper was the information that KLAUS was to call the phone number given, any time—on any morning between the hours of 8:00 and 8:30, and was to give the following message: Merely to say, "I have arrived in Cambridge and will

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be here for - - - ~~two~~ <sup>two</sup> days!" This message was printed by me in  
~~Engineering~~ <sup>N.S.</sup> lettering, but the details were given to me by JOHN. Also,  
the message was sealed in the envelope. As I have said, I arrived in  
Cambridge early on a weekday morning and sometime in early November of  
1944. The reason for my making the trip during a weekday, and the reason  
for arriving in the morning, ~~was~~ <sup>was</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>was</sup> the recollection I had of a warning  
from JOHN that it would be inadvisable to be at the HEINEMAN home while  
ROBERT HEINEMAN was there. The trip took place as I have indicated,  
and as it was planned. I arrived in Boston on a weekday morning early  
in November. I then went directly to Cambridge, and at 144 Lakeview  
Avenue, walked up to the door and rang the bell. A young woman appeared,  
somewhere in her very early 30's, and I asked for Mrs. HEINEMAN. She  
said that she was Mrs. HEINEMAN. I told her that I was a friend of KLAUS  
FUCHS, and for a moment she seemed somewhat puzzled, and then she said,  
"Oh, yes, by any chance did you call sometime in September when we were  
away?" I said "Yes, I am the man." I entered the house and stayed there  
for possibly half an hour. I noticed that there were two children there,  
the oldest one a boy called STEVE, and I recall a very small child, and  
~~I faintly~~—there is also some possibility <sup>of W.G.</sup> a third child, considerably  
younger than STEVE, whom I took to be about seven years of age, and this  
third child was a girl of about four. We spoke for some time about KLAUS,  
and Mrs. HEINEMAN said that she was very glad that he was now in the United  
States, since they were very close and KLAUS was very fond of the children.

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She may, at this time have indicated that at some prior time ~~she~~ <sup>H.G.</sup> KLAUS visited Cambridge. I told her that I had met KLAUS in New York, and that we had become very firm friends, and that I just happened to be on business in the Boston area and had thought that I would stop by and inquire for him. Mrs. HILBERT told me that KLAUS had been transferred somewhere in the Southwest United States, but that she expected him home about Christmas time. I believe that she indicated that she had <sup>received</sup> several letters from him. She said that she thought that he would certainly be home about Christmas, as he usually made a great event of bringing presents for the children. I told her that my plans for the future and my whereabouts were very uncertain, and in that eventuality I would leave a message for KLAUS which would tell him how best to get in touch with me. I then gave her the sealed envelope, and told her should KLAUS arrive, to give it to him.

I then returned to Philadelphia, and some days subsequent, <sup>H.G.</sup> possibly a week or so later, reported the results of my trip to JOHN. At this time, I recall, we made an emergency arrangement whereby JOHN could get in touch with me should this other party, the one with the phone number in Manhattan, advise JOHN that FICKE was now in Cambridge. This emergency arrangement, which would even at that have involved the <sup>H.G.</sup> passage of several days, was never used, and instead, in the first week in January 1945, JOHN called me shortly before 7:00 A.M., on a weekday morning, just as I was getting ready to leave for work; with some difficulty he described to me the fact that he was in a gasoline station, near what I finally determined to be Oxford Circle section of Philadelphia. JOHN wanted to know if I would come down there and meet him. I did so.

It was a very snowy morning, I recall it well, and JOHN was wet. We got on the car again and went down <sup>to</sup> the terminal in Frankford, where JOHN told me that he had just the previous day received notification that PETER was now at Cambridge. He also told me at that time that the reason he had not used the emergency meeting was that he had some other affairs to attend to which would have taken him out of New York, and where he would have been unable to get in touch with me. He then told me that I must, as soon as possible, arrange to go to Cambridge. I did so. I believe that I met JOHN on a Tuesday or a Wednesday, and that I arrived in Cambridge on most likely a Friday. I went directly to the HEISEMAN home, this was in the morning, and when I knocked I was admitted by, I believe, a servant girl. KLAUS was there and welcomed me. Mrs. HEISEMAN left after a few minutes and excused herself, saying, "I have to pick up the children from the school." KLAUS asked me to go upstairs with him to his room, which was the front one looking out on the street, and we sat there for possibly 15 or 20 minutes, during which time the following took place: KLAUS told me that he was located at an atomic energy experimental station which was called Los Alamos and which was located some 30 miles away from Santa Fe, New Mexico. He said that Los Alamos had once been a very exclusive boys' school, and that there was nothing else in that area. The nearest habitation of any kind was Santa Fe. He told me that he was getting along very well there, but that he was strictly limited in regard to being able to leave Los Alamos. He said that it had only been with the greatest difficulty and due to the fact that he had gotten a bit ahead on his work, as regards the rest

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of the group, that he had been able to wangle time off to come to Cambridge. I had, previously, that is on the occasion of my meeting with JOSE in Philadelphia, been told of an arrangement which involved meeting KLAUS again in Cambridge, should he make another trip. The place of the meeting was to be somewhere in the area of the Charles River. JOSE had told me that it would be inadvisable to meet at the BERENSON home again and we were only doing so this time because it was the only way that I could meet KLAUS without utilizing to <sup>lengthy</sup> a message or <sup>set</sup> ~~message~~ of instructions. When I mentioned the <sup>proposed</sup> ~~meeting~~ <sup>N.Y.</sup> meeting near the Charles River to KLAUS, he told me that such would be impossible; that he was certain that it would be a very long time, possibly even a year, before he could again leave Los Alamos, and that the next meeting would have to take place in Santa Fe. <sup>we</sup> ~~he~~ <sup>N.Y.</sup> discussed this matter at some length. I believe that KLAUS told me that about April he would again have information for me, but I told him that I could not possibly get to Santa Fe in April. He finally set a date which was very early in June, and we also set the exact hour, which as I recall, was 1:00 o'clock in the afternoon of <sup>the</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>N.Y.</sup> first Saturday in June. KLAUS showed me a map of Santa Fe, and indicated on it the Castillo Street Bridge over the Rio Santa Fe. He also told me that he would make every effort to keep this appointment.

To the best of my recollection, I recall that should this scheduled meeting on the first Saturday in June not take place, that there was provision made for an alternate meeting, most likely on the first Saturday in the following month, and at the same time and place.

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KLAUS gave me a quite considerable packet of information, and by this time, I recall, Mrs. HEINELMAN had returned and one of the children peered curiously into the room. Mrs. HEINELMAN called the child back, though possibly it may have been the housekeeper who called the child back. In any event the child was called away. There also occurred the following events:

As a Christmas present I gave KLAUS a wallet of the very thin dress or opera type. Also, I had been given the sum of \$1,500.00 by JOHN with instructions to give it to KLAUS, but that I must proceed very delicately in this last matter so as not to offend him and that under no circumstance must I insist upon or make an issue of this matter. KLAUS did accept the wallet, but looked somewhat bewildered, and when I made some very tentative inquiries concerning whether he needed any money either for himself or possibly for his sister, the reply was so cold and final that I went no further with the matter. It was quite obvious that by even mentioning <sup>this</sup> ~~so~~, I had offended the man. I left shortly thereafter, and returned to New York. There I turned over the information to JOHN and also returned to him the \$1,500.00, saying that I had made some tentative inquiry, but that KLAUS FUCHS had responded so violently that I deemed it inadvisable to pursue the subject further. I recall very well that on the occasion of my meeting KLAUS FUCHS at the HEINELMAN's in Cambridge, that there was a heavy snow on the ground. This transfer of the information from me to JOHN was in New York City, but I do not believe it was in Manhattan, and I can not recall the exact borough.

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Just prior to my trip to Santa Fe, and I am referring to the first trip, and in very late May of 1945, on a Saturday afternoon, I met JOHN in a bar near 42nd Street and 3rd Avenue <sup>in New York City</sup>. I believe it was actually the Southwest corner of 42nd Street at 3rd Avenue. JOHN verified the fact that I was going on the trip and we made arrangements for a meeting in New York on my return from Santa Fe. The actual place of the meeting was to be in Brooklyn.

I left Philadelphia and went by train to Chicago, just about the end of May. <sup>N.B.</sup> From the Union Station in Chicago, I went to the Dearborn Station, and managed to obtain space (an upper) to Albuquerque, New Mexico. I would like to state here that I had been told by JOHN to use a very circuitous route which involved going beyond Albuquerque and into Arizona, and then going from Arizona to El Paso, Texas, and then from El Paso to Santa Fe. However, I was extremely short of money, and had to watch what I had very carefully, and such a trip was completely out of the question. Also, there was the matter of time; it was only with the greatest difficulty and only at the last minute that I had been able to arrange to take part of my vacation that early in the year. I recall that the train that I took did not go directly to Albuquerque, but stopped at Clovis, New Mexico; there we took a coach, attached to a shunt engine, <sup>N.B.</sup> for a distance of some 25 to 30 miles into Albuquerque. I would also like to add that KLAUS had advised me that <sup>N.B.</sup> getting off at Lamy, New Mexico, some 40 miles from Albuquerque, that I could get direct transportation into Santa Fe, without first going to Albuquerque. This last I had deemed inadvisable, as I thought that the only people going to Santa Fe would be those connected with the atomic energy project and

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they might wonder who this stranger was in their midst. Very likely, I deemed it certain that most of these people going from ~~Los~~ to Santa Fe, would be in uniform. I arrived in <sup>Albuquerque N.M.</sup> ~~Santa Fe~~ in the very early afternoon, just shortly after 12:00 o'clock, and inquired the way to the bus station. I believe that either KLAUS had told me that there was transportation by bus from Albuquerque to Santa Fe, or that I had obtained such information from one of the porters or conductors on the Santa Fe line. I took the bus to Santa Fe, and arrived there about 2:30 in the afternoon. I had considerable time to spare until 4:00, and to avoid drawing attention to myself, I went as any ordinary tourist would, to the rather large historical museum located in Santa Fe. There I inquired about obtaining a map of Santa Fe, and they did give me one which I believe to be identical with the one which KLAUS had shown me in Cambridge, Massachusetts. I wanted such a map because I did not wish to ask the way to the Castillo Street Bridge and have any one in Santa Fe remember such an occurrence. I located the Castillo Street Bridge on the map, and went there promptly at 4:00 o'clock. KLAUS arrived there possibly two or three minutes late, during which two or three minutes I became extremely uneasy, as the area around the Castillo Street Bridge was extremely sparsely settled. He finally came along <sup>Alameda</sup> ~~Alameda~~ Street, a gravel road, and driving a dilapidated old car, a two seater. He parked the car and we went for a walk, during which time the following events took place? *N.S.*

KLAUS told me that he was getting along very well with his work in Los Alamos, and told me that he did not, however, believe, and that was a reiteration of his statement which he had made several times before, *N.S.*

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on<sup>N.Y.</sup> in Cambridge and at least once or twice in New York, that the atomic energy project would be completed in sufficient time for use in the war against the Japanese.

He also told me that everyone concerned with<sup>N.Y.</sup> this work was working very hard, practically day and night, and that he himself put in an average of from 18 to 20 hours a day. We made arrangements for the next meeting, which KLAUS said should be sometime in August, but I demurred, and we finally set it for the 19th of September 1945.

I would like to state here that the date of<sup>N.Y.</sup> the first meeting, and the one that I am now discussing in<sup>N.Y.</sup> Santa Fe, was on the first Saturday in June of 1945.

The final occurrence was that KLAUS gave me a considerable packet of information. There should be added one more thing, and that is that KLAUS's insistence on a meeting in late August 1945, may have been due to the fact that he had mentioned that some important development was to take place during August, but he did not indicate what this development was. I left KLAUS and took the first bus from Santa Fe to Albuquerque. I had considerable difficulty that evening in trying to obtain a place to sleep, since I did not intend<sup>N.Y.</sup> to leave Albuquerque until the following day, that is Sunday. I believe that in the course of searching for a hotel room, I registered at the Hilton with the understanding that should a room become available they would save it for me. During the evening I made inquiry at practically every other hotel of any size in Albuquerque, including one that I recall, the San Francisco. Finally, about 12:00 o'clock<sup>N.Y.</sup> at night, the Hilton advised me that there was such a long waiting list ahead of me that they were certain that no

room would be available that night. I thereupon wandered through Albuquerque and finally, upon asking a policeman, he directed me to a private home near the main street of Albuquerque, Central Avenue, which had been temporarily converted into a rooming house. The only space that these people had, and I with difficulty talked these people into letting me stay there, was in the hallway on the second floor of this home, where a makeshift screen was put up around a very rickety cot. I spent the night there, and late the following afternoon, about 6:00 o'clock, took the train from Albuquerque to Chicago. Here again I had been unable to make prior reservations, and only obtained my space in the early afternoon of Sunday. When I arrived in Chicago I inquired by telephone at the Airport Terminal and determined that the only space I could get was from Chicago to Washington. Even so, that was cheaper than going by train from Chicago to New York or Philadelphia. Accordingly, I went by plane to Washington, and arrived there about 4:30 or 5:00 in the afternoon, and then <sup>took N.Y.</sup> to the Pennsylvania Railroad train from Washington to New York. About 9:00 o'clock in the evening, and somewhere in the area of Metropolitan Avenue in Brooklyn, and where Metropolitan Avenue approaches Queens, I met JOHN and turned the information over to him, that is, <sup>N.Y.</sup> the information I had received from KLAUS FUCHS.

My last meeting with KLAUS FUCHS occurred as scheduled in Santa Fe on September 19, 1945. Again I had the usual difficulties in preparing for this trip, first the matter of money, and I did a considerable amount of borrowing toward this end, some of it at the very last minute. Also there was the matter of obtaining time off, and again with

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great difficulty, I managed to accomplish this. I took the train from Philadelphia to Chicago, and stayed over in Chicago at the Palmer House. *H.G.* during the ~~day of~~ <sup>*H.G.*</sup> Atonement. In the evening I checked out of the Palmer House and went again to the Dearborn Station, where I had earlier in the day obtained space to Albuquerque. I arrived in Albuquerque early in the week, possibly on a Tuesday or Wednesday, and registered at the Hilton Hotel. I used the name "HARRY GOLD," the same which I had used at the Palmer House. From Albuquerque I went to Santa Fe, and very late in the afternoon, about 6:00 o'clock, met KLAUS FUCHS. This meeting place was on the outskirts of Santa Fe, and was near a large church.

For the first time in my association with FUCHS he was late for a meeting which occurred, and by late I mean that he was fully twenty or twenty five minutes tardy. He did come along driving from the outside of Santa Fe in the direction of the city itself. He explained to me that he was very sorry about not being punctual, but that he had great difficulty, first in obtaining the use of the car, and secondly, in being able to get away from his friends with whom he worked at Los Alamos. He also explained to me that there were some bottles of liquor in the bottom of the car which <sup>*liquor H.G.*</sup> had been purchased by KLAUS and these friends, in preparation for a party which they were going to have back at Los Alamos that very evening. The purpose of the party was to celebrate the successful use of atomic energy in the form of a weapon. KLAUS also told me, and this occurred while he was driving away from Santa Fe and up into the surrounding hill and desert country, that he himself was rather awestricken

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by what had occurred, and that, frankly, he had not been too certain  
that the project might not have been abandoned before it was completed,  
and that certainly he had grievously underestimated the industrial  
potential of the United States in being able to complete such a gigantic  
undertaking. He was also greatly concerned by the terrible destruction  
which the weapon had wrought. He told me that whereas, before, the  
townspeople in Santa Fe had regarded them, the people at Los Alamos, as  
a sort of "boondoggles" outfit engaged in work which they could not com-  
prehend; that now they were hailed on all sides as conquering heroes,  
and the townspeople were now very friendly to them. He also told me that  
the relationship between the British mission and the United States, which  
once had been extremely cordial and free, had now become somewhat strained,  
and that there was no longer the free exchange of information between the  
two groups. He said that certain sections of the project <sup>at</sup> Los Alamos,  
which had been freely opened to him now were barred. He further said  
that he had no idea as to how long he would continue to be at Los Alamos,  
but that he expected that sometime in the near future, possibly about  
December of 1945, and possibly sometime early in 1946, that the British  
would have him return to England where he would again resume work on  
Atomic Energy, exclusively for them. He told me also that he had been  
notified by a member of the British intelligence that they were trying  
to contact KLAUS's father in Kiel, Germany, though it may be likely that  
KLAUS actually said they were trying to repatriate his father from Switzer-  
land to Kiel. I believe that KLAUS said his father had for a time lived

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in Switzerland during the war, taking care of one of his grandchildren who had been orphaned by the death of its parents in a German concentration camp. In any case, KLAUS was concerned because he told me that his father was very old, and was given to talking rather freely about his son's past, meaning KLAUS's activities in the Communist Party in Germany in the years 1932 and 1933. KLAUS told me that as far as he knew the British had no inkling about his past as it related to his Communist activities, and he was anxious that this continue so. He told me that the British intelligence man had also mentioned that it might be possible to bring KLAUS's father to England, and again KLAUS was concerned, lest his father inadvertently let drop some hint as to KLAUS's past. He was also very much concerned about the welfare of the old man, and was in somewhat of a dilemma. I could not give him very much advice, except to tell him to proceed as he thought best, and that possibly he was greatly overestimating the extent to which the old man would talk and also the extent to which the British might be interested in <sup>KLAUS's</sup> his past. <sub>N.B.</sub> I could see that KLAUS was also very much concerned about the welfare and health of his father.

<sup>arrangement</sup>  
The following <sup>arrangement</sup> was made with KLAUS FUCHS for meeting him again should he be transferred to Great Britain, starting with the first <sub>N.B.</sub> Saturday in a given month, which month was to be determined from inquiry at KLAUS's sister's, <sup>the meeting</sup> and was to take place in England as soon as it could be arranged for someone to meet KLAUS there. To amplify, neither of us had any idea as to how soon we could determine from KLAUS's sister when he would actually leave, or had left for Britain. So that a month after

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KLAUS's arrival in England, and on the first Saturday, these meetings were to begin. The time was to be 8:00 P.M., and the place was in London at a tube express stop which contained the word "Crescent," and may have been something like "Paddington," or "Teddington," Crescent. The meeting was to be above the tube on the street, and the recognition signal was to be the following: *H. G.*

In one hand the person meeting KLAUS would have five books bound together by a tight string. These books were to be carried by a couple of fingers hooked under the string. In the other hand the person was to have ~~in hand~~ <sup>book</sup> a ~~copy~~ <sup>copy</sup> containing the outside jacket of BENNETT CERF's book, popular at that time, and which contained a large collection of anecdotes. The book jacket had, I believe, a yellow and green design on it. I can not recall what KLAUS was to have used for a recognition signal, beyond the fact that the person meeting him would have a complete physical description of KLAUS FUCHS. The other point about this meeting with KLAUS FUCHS was that he mentioned that he had attended the first explosion of the bomb at Alamogordo, New Mexico, and he also mentioned to me that the people back at Los Alamos told him of having seen the flash even though it was raining and the sky was overcast. There was also provided for the contingency should KLAUS be in Cambridge later that year. <sup>H. G.</sup> He said that he hoped in any case to be able to again spend the time around Christmas with the HEINEMAN family in Cambridge, and that the best way of ascertaining his whereabouts was to make an inquiry shortly before that time. This meeting took place as I have said in the hills surrounding Santa Fe and was a fair distance away, because below

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as I could barely see the lights of Santa Fe in the distance. KLAUS drove me into Santa Fe and just on the outskirts of the central area of the town. The last event that transpired before KLAUS dropped me off in Santa Fe, on the outskirts of the central area of the town, was that KLAUS gave me the packet of information relating to atomic energy. This was in accordance with our procedure, whereby no information was to be passed until such time that we were ready to part. After a period of anxious waiting, about an hour and a half, I finally obtained a bus going back to Albuquerque.

I spent part of the night in a room at the Hilton Hotel, and very early in the morning, possibly 2:30 A.M., I was informed by the airlines that there was space for me as far as Kansas City. I was picked up by the Airline's limousine, and went to the Albuquerque Airport and from there by plane to Kansas City. At Kansas City I was forced to leave, and from there I took a day coach to Chicago, arriving late in the evening. I just managed to catch a train leaving La Salle <sup>Street</sup> Station and going to New York. I rode part of the way until the morning <sup>N.Y.</sup> in the day coach, and the rest of the way in a Pullman space.

I went directly from New York home to Philadelphia, and carried on my person the information which KLAUS had given me for the next few <sup>N.Y.</sup> days. Actually there was one meeting with JOHN which did not occur simply because I was far too rushed for time to keep such a meeting.

It was all that I could do to accomplish this trip to Santa Fe and back.

I did meet JOHN some days later after my return to Philadelphia, and the place was in Queens, New York, and was somewhere between Jackson

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Reidgate and Flushing, and also somewhere in the neighborhood of the elevated line that runs through Flushing. There I transferred the information which KLAUS FUCHS had given me to JOHN. Since this last meeting that I had with KLAUS FUCHS, in September of 1945, I have never seen nor heard from him again.

I would like to set out the conversations I had with KLAUS FUCHS concerning his work for the Manhattan Engineer Project.

On one occasion, and I believe this to be on the occasion of our fourth meeting and that is the one where we had dinner at Rosen-<sup>N.B.</sup> <sup>N.B.</sup>hein's Restaurant, KLAUS told me that the atomic energy project was being pursued, or was going to be pursued on a very large scale as regards the separation of the necessary isotope of uranium, somewhere in the Southeastern United States, and he thought possibly that the location would be in Georgia or possibly even Alabama. Also on the occasion of our last meeting in New York, this was the <sup>seventh</sup> eighth meeting and occurred during a walk in Central Park, KLAUS told me that the place where he expected to be transferred was somewhere in the Southwest, and he thought most likely in Mexico, not New Mexico. Further, on the occasion of this meeting in Central Park, KLAUS told me that the Danish Nobel prize winner, NILS BOHR, was at present in this country under the name NICHOLAS BAKER. KLAUS said that obviously the pseudonym NICHOLAS BAKER was being used because too many people might recall that NILS BOHR was the discoverer of the commonly accepted BOHR Theory of Atomic Structure,

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and might relate this fact to the circumstance that some activity regarding atomic energy was going on in the United States. I am certain that I turned the information concerning the separation of the isotopes of uranium by gaseous diffusion in the Southeast United States over to JOHN, as well as the fact that KLAUS was due to be transferred to the Southwestern part of the country, probably Mexico, and also the information that NILS BOHR was in this country under the name NICHOLAS BAKER.

I would like to add that KLAUS knew of only two methods for the separation of the isotopes from uranium, that is methods as were being pursued here in the United States, and that these methods were. (1) The gaseous diffusion process. (2) The electromagnetic separation method.

I recall that this last information concerning the methods for the separation of isotopes was given to me on the occasion of our second meeting, when we were walking along 1st Avenue in Manhattan. I also recall that at that time I had mentioned to KLAUS the possibility of the use of <sup>thermal</sup> ~~thermal~~ diffusion as a means of separating isotopes, but that KLAUS had brushed this aside.

On any occasion when KLAUS gave me verbal information, either separate from, or which he wanted to go along with written information, I made good mental notes of such data and at the first opportunity I put this material in writing, and later handed it over to JOHN. The verbal information which KLAUS gave me ~~was~~ <sup>H.G.</sup> such as the fact concerning NILS BOHR being in the country under the name NICHOLAS BAKER,

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the information concerning the location of the atomic energy project on a large scale, involving gaseous diffusion in the Southeastern United States, <sup>N.B.</sup> and the information concerning the fact of the location of a large scale experimental station in the Southwestern part of the country, possibly even Mexico, <sup>which</sup> were <sup>N.B.</sup> data I later reduced to writing and turned over to JOHN.

I recall that on the occasion of the sixth meeting with KLAUS, near Boro Hall in Brooklyn, that JOHN had given me several typewritten pieces of paper about three by nine inches, of irregular size, which had contained a number of questions relating to atomic energy. The phraseology of these questions was extremely poor, and I had great difficulty in making any sense out of them. For example, in place of the word "installation" the word "factory" was used; in place of the word "techniques or methods" the words "How to make out" were used. <sup>N.B.</sup>

I believe that the original message was probably more accurately phrased, but that either in coding or in translating, or possibly both, <sup>probably</sup> the person who had done such <sup>N.B.</sup> had no technical background whatever, possibly being on the level of a clerk, and as such, the message had become badly jumbled. I did make what sense I could out of the message, and on this occasion of this meeting in Brooklyn, began to tell KLAUS about what further information was desired. I did not get very far along this course because KLAUS seemed to take offense at being instructed and said very briefly that he had already covered all <sup>N.B.</sup> of such matters very thoroughly, and would continue to do so.

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I further believe that on the occasion of our first meeting in Santa Fe, New Mexico, early in June 1945, <sup>N.B.</sup> that KLAUS told me that among the data he had given me was a sketch of the atomic bomb itself. I did not, however, inspect this material, so I can not say whether there was any such, but I do recall clearly FUCHS' statement to this effect.

I would like to add that throughout our entire meetings, the relationship between KLAUS FUCHS and me was that of two firm friends. Further, on the occasion of the last meeting in Santa Fe, KLAUS expressed the hope that sometime in the near future we might be able to meet openly as friends.

/s/ Harry Gold

I have read the above statement, consisting of this and 28 typewritten pages, and have signed each page as all statements contained therein are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

/s/ Harry Gold  
July 10, 1950  
Phila., Penna.

Witnessed:

T. Scott Miller, Jr., Special Agent  
F.B.I. Justice, 7/10/50, Phila., Pa.

Richard E. Brennan  
Special Agent, FBI, Justice  
July 10, 1950, Philadelphia, Pa.

F.O.I.A.

JULIUS ROSENBERG ET AL.

FILE DESCRIPTION

HQ FILE

SUBJECT KLAUS FUCHS

FILE NO. 65-58805

VOLUME NO. 34

SERIALS

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File No: 65-68805  
sect 34

Re: Fuchs

Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
1248	5/19/50	AEC let HQ and end	7	7	Disposition made by DOE in 1975 (7)
1249	5/26/50	SL rept HQ	4	4	
1250	6/2/50	HQ TT NY	2	2	
1251	6/1/50	Tracy memo to Tolson & S	1/1	1/1	
NR	6/2/50	HQ let DOJ	6	-	Disposition of document in H. Gold 65-57449-329
1252	6/2/50	HQ let DOJ	9	9	b1 per DOE
1253	5/25/50	Ottawa let HQ w/enc	1/5	1/5	
NR	6/1/50	HQ TT PH	3	3	
1254	6/1/50	PA TT HQ	1	1	
1255	6/5/50	HQ TT NY	1	1	b1
1256	5/24/50	LA let HQ	1	1	
1257	5/31/50	BH let HQ	1	1	

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File No: 65-58805  
part 34

Re: Fuchs

Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
1258	5/12/50	Belmont memo to Ladd and encl.	1/2	0/0	Refer to Army
1259	6/1/50	Ladd memo to Belmont	1	1	b7D
1260	5/18/50	Belmont memo to Ladd & encl.	2/1	2/0	b7C b7D
1261	5/19/50	State let	3	3	
1262	5/19/50	CIA let HQ	-	-	Disposition made by CIA (1)
1263	5/16/50	Belmont memo to Ladd	3	3	b1
1264	5/23/50	NH let HQ and encl.	1/1	1/1	
1264	5/31/50	HQ let NH	1	1	
1265	4/12/50	London let HQ and encl. <sup>+EBF</sup>	3/8/31	2/0/0	b1 negatives not counted
1266	6/5/50	HQ TT London	1	1	b1
1267	6/1/50	KX rept HQ	3	3	
1268	5/29/50	Ladd memo to Director	2	2	

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FBI/DOJ

File No: 65-58805  
sect 34

Re: Fueho

Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
1268	5/29/50	HQ TT London	2	2	b1
1269	5/29/50	LA rept	3	3	b7c b1
1270	6/2/50	HQ let AEC	6	6	b1 per ERDA
1271	5/4/50	HQ let DOJ + encl.	1/4	1/10	b1
1272	6/1/50	SU let HQ	1	1	
1272	6/7/50	HQ TT NY	1	1	
1273	6/6/50	Bates memo to Keay	1	1	
1274	5/24/50	Hennrich memo to Belmont	1	1	
1275	5/31/50	MO TT HQ	1	1	b2 b7D
1276	5/23/50	London cable HQ	2	2	b1
1277	5/24/50	London cable HQ	1	1	b1
1278	5/26/50	London cable HQ	4	4	

28 24 4 0 0  
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FBI/DOJ



File No: 65-58805  
sect 34

Re: Fuchs

Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released	
1291	5/31/50	LA let HQ	1	1	b2 b7D
1292	6/1/50	AL let HQ and encl.	2/3	2/3	
1293	5/27/50	NY let HQ	1	1	
1294	6/1/50	LR let HQ	1	1	b2 b7D
NR	6/1/50	CE TT HQ	1	-	Disposition of document in H. Gold 65-57449-268
NR	6/1/50	MPTT HQ	1	-	Disposition of document in H. Gold 65-57449-267
1295	6/1/50	London cable HQ	1	1	b1
1296	5/12/50	state let DOJ	2	0	Refer to state
1297	5/31/50	OC TT HQ	1	1	b2 b7D
1298	5/22/50	Lon cable HQ	1	1	b1
1299	6/7/50	DE rept HQ	4	4	b7c
1300	5/11/50	Ladd memo to Director and encl.	1/2	0/2	Refer to state

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
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65-58805 Serial 1248

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X FOR THIS PAGE X  
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# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FORM NO. 1  
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEW YORK**

FILE NO. **65-1537**

REPORT MADE AT <b>St. Louis, Missouri</b>	DATE WHEN MADE <b>5-26-50</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE <b>5-17-50</b>	REPORT MADE BY <b>EDWARD E. KACHELHOFFER WOF</b>
TITLE <b>EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, was.</b>		CHARACTER OF CASE <b>ESPIONAGE - R</b>	

**SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:**

ADMINISTRATIVE

Records AGO, DPRB, Department of the Army, SLMO, indicate ROLF SIDNEY WOLLAN, ASN 37284475 and O-2039603, in U. S. Army Signal Corps as enlisted man 6-18-42 to 6-8-45. Honorably discharged as Technical Sergeant to accept commission as an officer. Served as an officer 6-8-45 to 10-16-45. In 1942 assigned Headquarters Signal Intelligence Detachment, London Base Command. In 1943 assigned 849th Signal Intelligence Service, Caserta, Italy. Returned to U. S. August, 1945. Awarded Bronze Star Medal in 1945 for meritorious achievement (responsible for solution of German cipher traffic from Italy and Balkans and thereby furnished valuable intelligence to G-2). Military specialty, Cryptographer, cryptanalyst and cryptanalyst officer. Civilian occupation, high school teacher. Born 11-14-11 Minnesota. Brother, GERHARD WOLLAN. Background and descriptive information set out.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 2/3/89 BY 3040/m/11

- RUC -

W/NOF/DEK

DETAILS: AT ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

A review of the Army service record on file at the Adjutant General's Office, Demobilized Personnel Records Branch, World War II Unit, Department of the Army, for ROLF SIDNEY WOLLAN, Army Serial Number 37284475 and O-2039603, indicates that he was inducted into the United States Army on June 18, 1942 and entered on active duty on July 2, 1942. He was honorably discharged on June 8, 1945 as a Technical Sergeant for convenience of the Government to accept a commission as an officer in the Army.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5-Bureau 4-New York (2-65-15185) 1-Atlanta (Info) 1-Boston (Info)		65-58805-1249 RECORDED INDEXED JUN 5 1950
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**JUN 8 1950** 354

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ADMINISTRATIVE

On the same date he was commissioned a Second Lieutenant. He was relieved from active duty as a Second Lieutenant, Signal Corps, and from the 849th Signal Intelligence Service, Camp Wood, New Jersey on October 16, 1945 through the Separation Center, Fort Monmouth, New Jersey by reason of demobilization.

As an enlisted man soldier was assigned to the Signal Corps and was attached to Signal Service Training and Service organizations from July, 1942 to November, 1942 when he was transferred to a Signal Intelligence Detachment, Fort Dix, New Jersey. He left the United States for London, England during November, 1942 and thereafter was attached to the Headquarters Signal Intelligence Detachment, London Base Command. In 1943 he was assigned to the 849th Signal Intelligence Service, Caserta, Italy. He returned to the United States on August 7, 1945.

Soldier was awarded a Bronze Star Medal on July 19, 1945 for meritorious achievement in connection with military operations in North Africa and Italy from March 1, 1943 to May 8, 1945. The recommendation for the award was made by Lieutenant Colonel M. E. RADA, Signal Corps, on May 25, 1945 and reads in part as follows: ". . . . Since 1 March 1943 Technical Sergeant Wollan was personally responsible for the solution of a phenomenal quantity of German cipher traffic from Italy and the Balkans, of the most difficult type worked on in this theater of operations. The results of his work have furnished an abundance of valuable intelligence to G-2 staffs of AFHQ and 15th Army Group (then AAL). . . . his tireless efforts and example were in large part responsible for the success of the American cipher effort in this theater. As chief non-commissioned cryptanalyst of the Solution Section, in addition to his own work, it was his function to direct and coordinate the work of all other members of the Section, in which task he displayed the highest competence and most admirable leadership . . . ."

The following background and descriptive information is contained in the record:

*ROLF SIDNEY WOLLAN*

<u>Date/Place of Birth</u>	<u>11-14-11 at Glenwood, Minn.</u>
Height	5' 1"
Weight	146-155
Race	White
Hair	Brown
Eyes	Blue
Build	Medium
Complexion	Ruddy
Decent	Norwegian
Education	(Luther College, Decorah, Iowa (1930-34); University of Minnesota (1941))

SL 65-1537

ADMINISTRATIVE

Civilian Occupation	High School teacher and principal. Taught Mathematics, music and science.
Military Specialty	Cryptographer, Cryptanalyst, Crypt- analysis Officer General.
Address	Glenwood, Minnesota, 115 W. Chestnut St.
Employment	School District #5, Verndale, Minnesota (1941-42) School District #105, Hilaire, Minn. (1936-41) Pope County Agricultural Association, Glenwood, Minnesota (1934-36)
Relatives	Mother, CLARA WOLLAN, 115 W. Chestnut Street, Glenwood, Minnesota. Brother, GERHARD WOLLAN, 67 Seeley St., Brooklyn, New York and 28 Reeve Place, Brooklyn, New York
Miscellaneous	No photograph available.
LDB#	1 at Glenwood, Minnesota
Order#	1254
Vet. Adm. Claim #	C-13483637, Minneapolis, Minnesota and C-8134606, New York Regional Office, New York, New York.

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN -

SL 65-1537

ADMINISTRATIVE

ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Pertinent information in this report was forwarded to the Bureau, Atlanta, New York, Boston and Minneapolis by teletype on May 17, 1950. Information copies of this report are designated for Atlanta, Boston, Minneapolis and Omaha for background information in connection with investigations being conducted by such offices in this matter. Possible leads for the Minneapolis Division to develop additional background information re the WOLLAN family is being left to the discretion of the office of origin.

REFERENCE: Minneapolis teletype dated 5-15-50 to St. Louis and Omaha.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

CC-150  
*Wm*

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

JUNE 2, 1950

Transmit the following message to:

SACS, NEW YORK  
PHILADELPHIA

URGENT

*Jk* **FOOCASE, ESPIONAGE - R**

RE LONDON CABLE MAY THIRTEEN, FIFTY, BUREAU ADVISED AS FOLLOWS: FUCHS CLAIMS HE HAD ONLY ONE ESPIONAGE CONTACT IN THE UNITED STATES, WHO WAS GOLD AND WHOM HE KNEW AS RAYMOND AND MET NO ONE ELSE IN ESPIONAGE WORK. FUCHS STATED HE DID GIVE HIS SEVENTY-SEVENTH STREET ADDRESS TO GOLD AT NEXT MEETING AFTER MOVING THERE. AT THE LAST NEW YORK MEETING HE TOLD GOLD HE WAS GOING TO ENGLAND OR LOS ALAMOS. HE STATES HE GAVE TO GOLD HIS SISTER'S ADDRESS AND TOLD HIM HE COULD CONTACT HER TO FIND FUCHS' WHEREABOUTS. AFTER FUCHS FOUND OUT IN JULY FORTY-FOUR THAT HE WAS GOING TO LOS ALAMOS HE WENT TO HIS SISTER'S HOME AND TOLD HER THIS AND SAID THAT SHE WOULD BE CONTACTED BY A MAN WHO WOULD STATE "GREETINGS FROM KARL." FUCHS STATES HE WROTE SISTER FROM LOS ALAMOS THAT HE COULD NOT GET TO CAMBRIDGE CHRISTMAS FORTY-FOUR BUT WOULD BE THERE FEBRUARY FORTY-FIVE. FUCHS BELIEVES HE HEARD FROM HIS SISTER THAT JOSEPH OR JACK OR A LIKE NAME HAD CALLED. FUCHS THEREFORE EXPECTED A CONTACT AT CAMBRIDGE IN FEBRUARY FORTY-FIVE. HE STATES THAT WHEN GOLD CALLED AT WEINEMAN HOME AND FUCHS BELIEVES IT WAS IN THE MORNING, HE WAS UPSTAIRS, CAME DOWN AND TOOK GOLD BACK UPSTAIRS, HAD A SHORT MEETING, TEN MINUTES OR LONGER. HE BELIEVES THAT HE MADE ARRANGEMENT FOR BOSTON AND FIRST SANTA FE MEETING. HE THEN GAVE GOLD

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Ladd A MAP OF SANTA FE AND INDICATED THE MEETING POINT. FUCHS HAD BOUGHT MAP FOR  
Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
Glavin THIS PURPOSE. FUCHS DOES NOT RECALL, AND BELIEVES HE WOULD RECALL, IF HE MADE  
Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Tracy TELEPHONE CONTACT WITH KAPLAN. FUCHS STATES NO ACTUAL ARRANGEMENT OF HIMSELF  
Harbo \_\_\_\_\_  
Mohr HE WENT TO SOVIETS IN FIRST INSTANCE. AFTER HE RETURNED TO ENGLAND IN  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Nease FORTY-SIX HE DID NOT WANT TO MAKE MORNINGTON CRESMONT CONTACT AND THEREFORE  
Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

~~SECRET~~

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AJM:OW

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DECLASSIFIED BY 5012 PWT/1/22

SENT VIA

Per \_\_\_\_\_

JUN 5 1950

OR 2/3/57

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INDEXED-83  
65-58805-115

*EVX*

WENT TO JOHANNA KLOPSTECH AND ASKED ABOUT KUCZYNSKI AND FOUND HE WAS IN GERMANY. FUCHS TOLD KLOPSTECH HE HAD "LOST CONTACT." HE MET HER A WEEK OR SO LATER HAMPTON COURT. SHE MADE ARRANGEMENTS TO MEET HIM AT MEGS HEAD PUB. CONTACT TO CARRY A RED BOOK, FUCHS COPY OF TRIBUNE, RECOGNITION SIGNAL, RAISED DRINK. FUCHS DID MAKE THIS CONTACT IN LATE FORTY-SIX OR EARLY FORTY-SEVEN. HE CARRIED OUT SIX MEETINGS IN ALL UP UNTIL FEBRUARY OR MARCH FORTY-NINE. MEETINGS DURING THIS PERIOD HELD ALTERNATELY AT SPOTTED HORSE PUB ON HIGH STREET AND UNDERGROUND STATION, KEN GARDENS, LONDON. EMERGENCY ARRANGEMENT FOR MEETINGS THROWING MAGAZINE "MEN ONLY" OVER WALL, AND MARKING WITH A CHALK ON FENCE AT OTHER SPOTS USED BY FUCHS ONLY ONCE SUSPENDED ARRANGEMENT. ABOVE ADDRESS LISTED FOR CHARLES J. MOODY ONE SIX SIX KEN ROAD, LONDON. MOODY LIVES WITH WIFE AND SISTER CLARA ISAACS. THEY WERE INTERVIEWED AND DENY ANY KNOWLEDGE OF THE MATTER. FUCHS' LAST CONTACT OR BANBURY WOMAN ESPIONAGE CONTACT HAS NOT BEEN IDENTIFIED TO DATE.

HOOVER

(CC - HARRY GOLD CASE)

AJM:ow

*initialed for Dir per Mr. Tadd  
6-2-60 Jda*

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUN - 2 1950

TELETYPE

*- 2 - 4-50P LLS*

# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON ✓

FROM : Mr. S. J. Tracy ✓

SUBJECT: EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS

DATE: 6/1/50 ✓

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. E. A. Tamm	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Coffey	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	✓
Mr. Carson	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn Tamm	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

Fred Hartley telephoned stating he had received a copy of the New York Journal American for Friday, May 26, 1950, and noted an editorial giving the FBI a terrific boost in the handling of the identification of Harry Gold. He wanted to be certain that the Director knew of the Journal American editorial. Fred is taking his copy up on the Hill and will have it introduced in the record.

Mr. Hartley stated he has been following the Amerasia and other publicity and he hopes that in some way he might be of assistance either now or at any time subsequent. He wanted to be certain that the Director and the Bureau would not hesitate to call upon him for any service at any time.

I thanked him for his call.

SJT:edm

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 2/3/89 BY 3048 PWT/vh

G.I.R.-9

INDEXED - 89

65-58805-1251

RECORDED - 89

34 JUN 5 1950

JUN 1 3 51 PM '50  
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE  
F. B. I.  
RECEIVED - DIRECTOR

RECEIVED - DIRECTOR  
F. B. I.  
JUN 1 4 18 PM '50

51 JUN 7 1950

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Room 5744 6-1, 1950

TO:  Director  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Ladd  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Clegg  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Glavin  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Harbo  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Nichols  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Rosen  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Tracy  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Belmont  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Mohr  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Carlson  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Callahan  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Nease  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Miss Gandy  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Personnel Files Section  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Records Section  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Mrs. Skillman

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

See Me For Appropriate Action

Send File Note and Return

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DATE 2/3/89 BY 30420WT/vjs

Clyde Tolson

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XXXXXX

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FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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- Deleted under exemption(s) \_\_\_\_\_ with no segregable material available for release to you.
- Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

\_\_\_\_\_ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

6 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):  
Disposition of document in Harry Gold  
65-57449-329

For your information: \_\_\_\_\_

The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:  
65-58805 Serial NR dated 6/2/50

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**SECRET**

Jan 4, 1950

**SENSITIVE AND CONFIDENTIAL**

The following is a summary of the information received from the source who has provided reliable information in the past and who has provided information in the past which has been of great value to the United States Government.

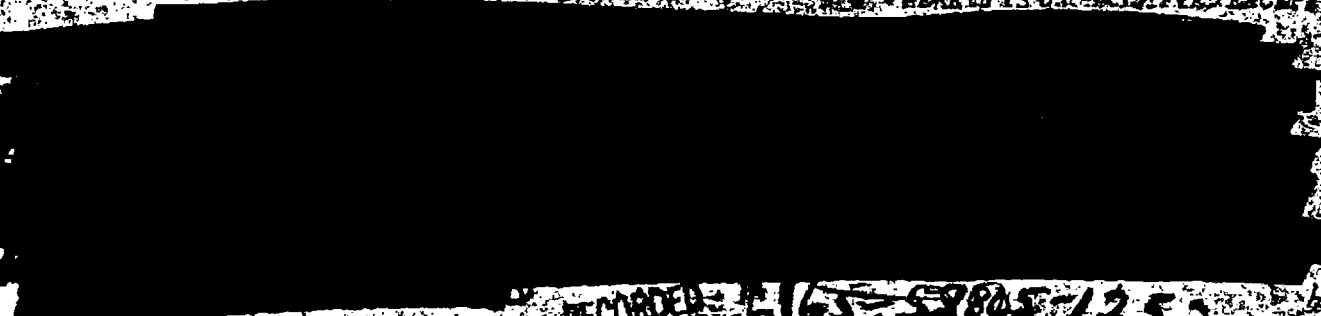
The source has provided information which indicates that the source has been in contact with the source who has provided reliable information in the past and who has provided information in the past which has been of great value to the United States Government.

The source has provided information which indicates that the source has been in contact with the source who has provided reliable information in the past and who has provided information in the past which has been of great value to the United States Government.

Classified by 2040/...  
Declassify on: OADR - 1/1/77

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RECORDED - 165-59805-1252

It is noted that the source has provided information which indicates that the source has been in contact with the source who has provided reliable information in the past and who has provided information in the past which has been of great value to the United States Government.

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- Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

\_\_\_\_\_ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

\_\_\_\_\_ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):  
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For your information: \_\_\_\_\_  
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The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:  
65-58805-1252 pg 2

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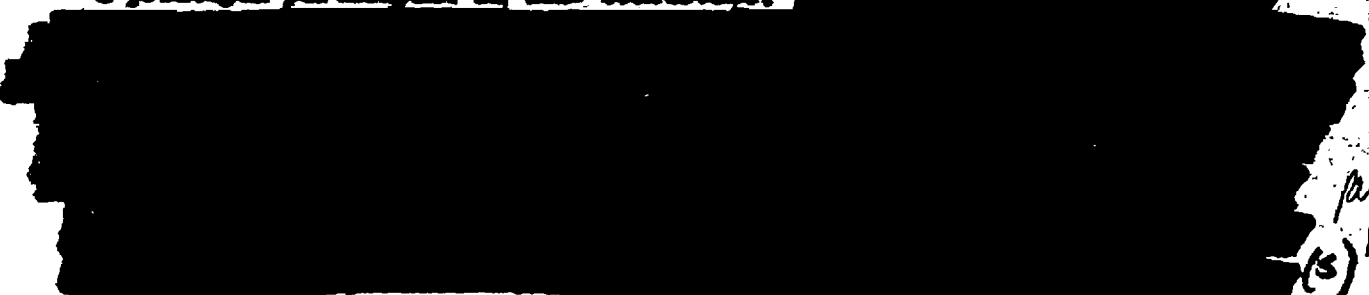
3. Los Alamos ] (S) (u)

7. For the evaluation of the Los Alamos aspects the Committee had the advice of Drs. Bradbury, Serber, Smith and Teller of the Los Alamos Laboratory. It is apparent that the information regarding weapons which Fuchs turned over to the Russians was very complete. (S) (u)

8. With respect to the Trinity (plutonium implosion) type weapon, it is clear that the essentials of the bomb in adequate detail were turned over either while Fuchs was at Los Alamos or later. It is also apparent that considerable information was turned over regarding gun-type weapons. (S) (u)

9. As far as more recent implosion type weapon developments are concerned, Fuchs did not know at the time of his departure what the actual design of the Manhattan bombs would be. However, he was familiar with the ideas and early operating designs of the composite and levitated bombs. It should be recalled that Fuchs' status in the Laboratory was that of a highly esteemed scientist and that he participated in all major conferences of the theoretical division while at Los Alamos. It is not clear from the Ferris statement whether Fuchs turned over the idea of the levitated bomb at all or whether he gave more than an indication of the composite bomb and its essential features. (S) (u)

10. In regard to thermonuclear weapons, the extent of Fuchs' participation in the work at Los Alamos Laboratory is indicated by the excerpts quoted in the Sub to this report. Fuchs apparently transmitted essentially the ideas contained in the report on the April 1946 'super' conference at Los Alamos (documents LA 331 and LA 375). He was present and a principal participant in this conference.



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(S) DOE

and the idea of using this arrangement as a means of 'boosting' the fission reaction was also known while he was at Los Alamos. The other presently (S) (u)

In the 'booster' the DT reaction is not expected to necessarily proceed in non-equilibrium but serves only to add a large number of neutrons at an early time of energy generation by the nuclear reaction in order to increase the nuclear efficiency. (S) (u)

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conceived thermonuclear weapon, the 'Alarm Clock' was not known to Fuchs when he left Los Alamos (June 1946), nor was it well known to any other member of the British Mission. (S) (U)

7. Other Projects (S) (U)

"11. Officially Fuchs had little information concerning other phases of the U.S. Project, e.g., the Hanford project. (This is true of all the members of the British mission as far as Hanford is concerned.) It would be pertinent to know what Fuchs gave away of such additional information as he may have learned. From the Ferris report of his confession it would appear that the information in this category which he turned over was relatively minor. The possibility that Fuchs might have made additional disclosures to the Russians should, however, be borne in mind. In addition the extent of information concerning the U. S. project made available to Fuchs as a result of the Technical Cooperation Program should be considered. Although the Ferris report does not indicate these other sources of information to be involved, it would be valuable to have further information on this point. (S) (U)

"12. The statements to Ferris indicate that as far as fission technology is concerned, including British work, Fuchs did not pass a great deal of information to the Russians. (S) (U)

8. Fundamental Nuclear Information (S) (U)

"13. It was noted that Fuchs had not transmitted any information relative to the fission process itself, except for such specific information as the spontaneous fission problem (Ps 240). This may possibly be interpreted to mean that fundamental nuclear data were not needed by the Russians because of their own efforts in this field, or because the information was being furnished to them through other sources. (S) (U)

9. Summary (S) (U)

"14. Detailed examination of the Ferris report and the documents mentioned on the information transmitted by Fuchs has proved very illuminating and has given in general terms a most valuable summary of the situation. Naturally additional questions come to mind. It would be very helpful in evaluating fully our present position if more detailed technical information on transmittals by Fuchs could be obtained. Particular areas (S) (U)

'Alarm Clock' relies

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in which were detailed information which is useful include thermocouple  
wires, sensors and such diffusion plant problems as barriers, conditioning,  
etc. (S)(u)

**THESE INVESTIGATIONS IN THE DISSEMINATION  
OF THE PROGRAM OF THE ATOM** (S)(u)

The following document was prepared by Mr. R.A. Smith, of Los Alamos  
Laboratory, from his files. Mr. Smith was present at the meetings described  
in this document. (S)(u)

2. In a report dated April 3, 1946, from Colonel Seaman to  
Major General Gurney, on the subject of participation of British Mission  
Personnel in the Los Alamos program, the following technical meetings are  
reported at which Mr. Fuchs was in attendance. (S)(u)

- 1. 5 March 1946 The Interim Council was addressed by  
Fuchs of the British Mission on the theory of the  
gadget. Mr. Richardson also attended the meeting.
- 2. 12 March 1946 Harold Brown spoke at the Interim  
Council on the experimental data developed on the  
Inverted Spherule gadget and elements of design of  
that device including the composite gadget of  
plutonium and uranium. Those attending included  
Messrs. Bosticher, Fuchs, Mack, and Titterton.
- 3. 19 March 1946 The Theoretical Seminar was addressed by  
Miller on the possibility of thermocouple junctions in  
water and air. Attending were Messrs. Bosticher, Fuchs,  
Mack, and Brown.
- 4. 27 March 1946 Mr. Haddock presided at the Interim  
Council and discussed briefly the postponement of Oper-  
ation Crossroads. Morrison spoke on "Brookline," "Overturn,"  
"Tower Files," and the like. This time Morrison did not  
go into details of operation as he did several years ago.  
Present were Messrs. Fuchs and Mack. (S)(u)

3. In the report of May 3, 1946, on the British Mission, Colonel  
Seaman listed several meetings at which Mr. Fuchs was in attendance. Among  
these were (S)(u)

- 1. 1 April 1946 Mr. H. Haddock addressed the Interim  
Council on the operation of IP Site with particular  
reference to the processing of plutonium from the nitrate  
to the metal component for an atomic bomb. Messrs. Fuchs  
and Mack attended. (S)(u)

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7. 18 April 1946 (1900) First meeting of the "Super" conference. The meeting was held at Mr. Emswiler's office. Mr. Edward Teller addressed the meeting and gave a brief summary of the subject matter described in LA Report No. 571. He restated the physical considerations and the design factors of the proposed subelement intended to effect these considerations. In attendance were Moore, Tuck, Fuchs, and Kurchatov.

8. 18 April 1946 (1900) Second meeting of the "Super" conference. Mr. Edward Teller presided. Mr. E. Lawrence spoke on the conditions in the beryllium oxide component of the proposed "Super" subelement. In attendance were Moore, Tuck, Fuchs, and Kurchatov.

[REDACTED] and the beneficial results accomplished thereby. Mr. Lawrence suggested the ignition of a "Super" bomb through the employment of an implosion process of fissionable material which could be so utilized as to result in a

[REDACTED]

In attendance were Moore, Tuck, Fuchs, and Kurchatov.

9. 19 April 1946 (1900) Third meeting of the "Super" conference. Moore, Kurchatov and Teller discussed numerical calculations on various phases of the "Super" carried out on the "Eniac" calculator at Philadelphia. These solutions were for plane systems of infinite dimensions and excluded the wall effects and the inverse Compton effect, but nevertheless indicate the feasibility of the presently proposed design (in LA Report No. 571). Though not complete, they indicate that in such a system the deuterium plus deuterium reaction builds up to a substantial energy release. Mr. Lawrence discussed the compression properties of deuterium and deuterium plus tritium mixtures. From the considerations of the equations of state and the mode of assembly contemplated, he suggests the use of

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[REDACTED]

Funk, Kretschmer, and Fuchs.

19 April 1946 (1000) Fourth meeting of the "Super" conference. Mr. Lawrence continued his discussion on the compression of the various materials. Mr. Edward Teller then addressed the meeting on the experimental program which was believed necessary in the preparation of a "Super." He mentioned a program for the study of the 14 new neutrons released in the nuclear reaction and the cross sections for various processes concerning these neutrons and the materials employed in the "Super." Furthermore, the various reactions involved in the "Super," such as tritium plus tritium, helium plus deuterium, hydrogen plus deuterium, and the like, as well as the nitrogen plus nitrogen reaction should be studied.

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[REDACTED]

proposed by Ulan, etc. In attendance were Messers, Funk, Kretschmer and Fuchs.

21. 20 April 1946 (1000) Fifth meeting of the "Super" conference. Mr. Edward Teller presided. The meeting was a general discussion period concerning the possibility of peaceful applications of the deuterium plus deuterium reaction. General schemes were proposed all of which were very far-fetched and presented numerous practical difficulties. In attendance were Messers. Fuchs, Kretschmer, and Funk.

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(S)

22. On June 1, 1946, Colonel Stevens listed in his monthly British Mission report a meeting of May 27, 1946, as follows: (S) (u)

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"At the Interim Council Dr. Broadbent spoke briefly on the radiation accident occurring on 21 May 1946, indicating that no critical assembly experiments were to be continued until safer methods were developed, and that the involved plutonium sphere was so "hot" that it will not be handled for some time. The main speaker was J. W. Stout on the developments in slow explosives, particularly barium nitrate-plastic compositions, for use in explosive lenses. Mr. Fuchs was present."

"4. Again on July 2, 1946, Colonel Stumm's report to the British Mission includes a meeting involving considerable weapon data at which Mr. Fuchs was in attendance: (S)(u)

"5. June 1946. Harold Truman presided over the meeting of the Interim Council. Miss Sampson spoke on the material and shock velocities in the proposed [redacted] assembly. Velocities of [redacted] for the material, and [redacted] for the shock were measured employing the pit method for velocity determination. Messrs. Fuchs and Mark attended."

"According to that report, Mr. Fuchs permanently departed from Los Alamos on 15 June 1946. (S)(u)

"6. On March 6, 1947, Colonel Gee reported a meeting of February 3, 1947, which was attended by Dr. Titterton of the British Mission. The report is as follows: (S)(u)

"Truman presided at the Coordinating Council, briefly mentioning some characteristics of the cyclotron. Tschak spoke on the fission cross section of U238. Richtmyer gave a short explanation of how this might affect the "Atom Clock" type Super."

"7. In connection with the "beester" proposal, it should be noted that as early as April 12, 1944, in a patent memorandum an implosion type device containing deuterium and tritium was suggested, with the statement that the efficiency of a neutron-induced chain reaction is greatly increased by the action of neutrons produced in a thermonuclear reaction ignited by said fission chain reaction. At another point in the same patent memorandum there is a statement that the neutrons released in the thermonuclear reaction can be utilized for producing fissions in the mass of fissile material used for igniting the thermonuclear reaction and thereby greatly increasing the [redacted]"

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Efficiency of the fission chain reaction. Statements and examples of such devices appeared in many parts of the proposed patent application on this subject which application was executed by the inventors in August 1945. Figure 6 of that Application Serial No. 699,095 discloses such a device with the statement that the efficiency of an fission type explosive device may be increased

[redacted] mixture of deuterium and tritium are also disclosed for this purpose in the patent application. (S) (u)

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7. Furthermore in November, 1943, Dr. Teller received the idea of using a [redacted]

[redacted] patent application was filed in the U. S. Patent Office under application Serial No. 630,806 on 13 December 1943 showing an arrangement generally similar to the booster type weapon. In the application it is stated as follows: (S) (u)

As a final example [redacted] may be considered. In addition to high probability and reasonably high neutron-emitting cross sections this mixture releases at high temperatures and quantities neutrons produced in the thermonuclear reaction between deuterium and tritium gases. Some of these neutrons will react with the fissionable material causing additional fission and increasing the efficiency. (S) (u)

This information has also been furnished to Rear Admiral Sidney V. Gosson, Special Consultant to the President; Honorable Louis A. Johnson, Secretary of Defense; Rear Admiral Earl H. Stone, U.S.N., Director, Armed Forces Security Agency, Department of Defense; Mr. James H. Loy, Jr., Executive Secretary, National Security Council; Rear Admiral Monroe H. Hilschetter, Director, Central Intelligence Agency; Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2; Director of Naval Intelligence; Director of Special Investigations, Department of the Air Force; and Mr. Jack B. Neal, Associate Chief, Division of Security, Department of State. (S) (u)

This is for your confidential information. (S) (u)

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# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : The Director, FBI

FROM : *geb* Glenn H. Bethel, FBI Liaison Officer

SUBJECT: Ottawa, Canada.

DATE: May 25, 1950.

*STOP DEBK*

Emil Julius Klaus Fuchs, was.  
ESPIONAGE - R

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Forwarded herewith are the following clippings:

- (1) "Garson to Answer Questions on Diary of Atom Spy," taken from the "Ottawa Evening Journal" of May 24, 1950.
- (2) Article entitled "U.S. Spy Suspect Cog in Canadian Ring," taken from the "Ottawa Evening Journal" of May 24, 1950.
- (3) Article entitled "Garson's Answer Reveals RCMP Check Active," taken from "The Gazette," Montreal Quebec, May 25, 1950.

*HANDLED BY STOP DEBK*

These clippings are forwarded together since they refer to related material, and this memorandum is forwarded to advise that the article in the "Ottawa Evening Journal" of May 24 entitled "U.S. Spy Suspect Cog in Canadian Ring," is pure conjecture on the part of the press. Justice Minister Garson never had any intention of making statements other than as pertained to Halperin's address book and his remarks are accurately reported in the clipping taken from the "Montreal Gazette," of May 25 entitled "Garson's Answer Reveals RCMP Check Active." The statement in the article in the "Ottawa Journal" to the effect that, "He promised to say what he could, without divulging too many secrets, about the Philadelphia arrest of Harry Gold, Swiss-American research worker charged with acting as a go-between between convicted atomic spy Dr. Klaus Fuchs and Soviets agents," is incorrect, Mr. Garson had no knowledge of Gold before the press publicity.

*SENT*

Enclosures

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51 JUN 19 1950

*RECORDED - 115 INDEXED - 107001*

*165-58805-1253*

JUN 6 1950

*think this shows wisdom of keeping our information close. Even when others have no information they begin of hearing it; surely if they had any they would fill it.*

# U.S. SPY SUSPECT COG IN CANADIAN

## RING

### Garson Giving Details

#### Cove Linked To Ottawa Espionage Book

PHILADELPHIA, May 24 (AP) — A mild appearing research chemist, arrested for helping British Scientist Dr. Klaus Fuchs give a bomb recipe to Russia, became the first American to try to face the death penalty for atomic spying.

Fuchs, who arrested Dr. Harry Gold, 37, and his wife, who was charged with a bomb, information to the British.

Congressional sources said this was only the first in a series of arrests of American associates of the British scientist who was sentenced to 30 years in London in London last March 1 for being a Russian atomic spy. Two FBI agents now are questioning Fuchs in the London prison cell.

Rep. James E. Van Zandt, a member of the Joint Congressional Atomic Energy Committee, said Gold's capture "is the first of a series of arrests as the result of the FBI's investigation of Fuchs' international espionage ring."

"We know definitely that there are others involved," Van Zandt said. "It's just a question of the FBI getting them. They've been working on this for months."

"I think the arrest of Gold will take us further in this espionage effort and maybe allow us to determine just how much information was turned over to the Russians."

In Ottawa Justice Minister Stuart Garson planned to lay a security curtain tonight to tell Parliament a little of what he knew about the Gold-Fuchs spy case.

He promised to say what he could, without divulging any secrets about the FBI's help in arrest of Harry Gold, whose American research work was charged with acting as a link between the two countries.

Fuchs was said to have been with the Canadian espionage investigation in Ottawa a few weeks last August at a time when he was charged with the Gold-Fuchs spy case.

Mr. Garson was expected to say that part of the spy case was the Gold-Fuchs spy case.

in the report of the Teachers Kellock Royal Commission which investigated espionage in Canada in 1948 and recommended legal action against suspects, some of whom were later jailed.

Neither was Fuchs, but it was disclosed some time after he was closed in London that he had been among the persons named in the notebook.

The book contained 122 names, among them the names, sometimes addresses and phone numbers, of 125 Canadians. There also were 121 names of U.S. residents and five of persons living in the United Kingdom. Fuchs was one of the latter five.

External Affairs Minister Pearson told a House External Affairs Committee earlier this month that the five names were sent to British authorities and the 123 names of Americans were relayed to Washington for further action security officials there considered necessary. Gold was arraigned before Federal Judge James P. McGranery who set bail at \$100,000. The judge's order was signed by Judge James P. McGranery.

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DATE 2/3/77 BY 3022 CWT/llc

65-58805-125

Prison Office,  
Ottawa, Canada.

ENCLOSURE

The charges, in 1951, were  
made merely more than five feet  
all made no effort to raise the  
ball money and was taken to  
loyalty hearing here under  
guards of six FBI agents.

Gold made no statement at the  
arraignment except to ask court  
permission to call a lawyer.

The arrest came as a shock to  
Gold's brother, Joseph, 38, a  
civilian navy employee with  
whom he made his home, and to  
his 70-year-old Russian-born  
father.

"To my knowledge my brother  
was never a Communist,"  
said Joseph Gold. "My father  
was never a Communist. And  
I myself hate communism."

Made Confession

But the arrested man, according  
to FBI director J. Edgar  
Hoover, "admitted his contacts  
with Fuchs and has given a detailed  
account of his activities."

"I was only helping the Soviet  
Union attain certain information  
that I thought it was entitled  
to," Hoover quoted Gold.

Gold explained he "thought I  
would be helping a nation whose  
final aims I approved along the  
road to industrial strength,"  
Hoover said.

Particularly was I taken  
with the idea that whatever I  
did would go to help make living  
conditions for more advanced  
along the road as we  
know them here in the United  
States," the FBI chief quoted  
Gold.

The complaint charged specifically  
that Gold acted on behalf  
of Russia.

The Charge

It charged that Fuchs and  
Gold and one "John Doe", at  
wartime did conspire to obtain  
from Fuchs "documents, writings,  
sketches, notes and information  
relating to the national defense  
and, with intent to injure the  
national defense and to the injury  
of the United States and to the  
interests of a foreign nation,

was the Union of Soviet Socialist  
Republics.

Gold, born in Switzerland on  
Dec. 12, 1910, and brought to  
the U.S. in 1914 by his Russian-  
born parents, obtained secrets  
of the atomic bomb from Fuchs  
and in turn, gave the data to  
"John Doe" who delivered them  
to Russia, according to Hoover.

Fuchs had access to atomic  
secrets when, as part of a group  
of British scientists working on  
atomic research, he was sent to  
Los Alamos, NM, where the  
first atomic bomb was assembled.

The British scientist confessed  
after his arrest Feb. 9 on infor-  
mation supplied to the British  
by the FBI that he gave  
atom bomb secrets for Russia's  
use to an unidentified contact in  
this town fry. This presumably  
was Gold.

Hoover said Gold and Fuchs  
first met in early 1944 on New  
York's East Side and met on  
later occasions in Brooklyn,  
Bronx, Manhattan and Queens.

Many Meetings

At a later meeting in Cam-  
bridge, Mass., the Philadelphia  
received both "written and oral  
information which Fuchs pro-  
vided as a result of his work at  
Los Alamos", Hoover said.

Gold received more infor-  
mation from Fuchs in Santa Fe,  
NM, in 1945 and their last meet-  
ing was in September, 1945,  
Hoover said.

Gold was taken in custody by  
the FBI at his Philadelphia home  
and held for two days before  
formal charges were made.

### Garson's Answer Reveals RCMP Check Active

(Gazette Reading Correspondent)  
Ottawa, May 24. — Justice Minister Stuart Garson disclosed in the House of Commons today that "names" of the 150 Canadians named in an address book found in the possession of an espionage suspect in 1948 are still being investigated by R.C.M.P. security police on suspicion of "espionage or subversive activity."

This, and other disclosures came when the short, dapper Minister of Justice answered orally two questions asked by E. D. Fulton (P.C., Kamloops) regarding the Canadians listed in the mystery notebook.

The address book hit the headlines only this year when it was announced that Dr. Klaus Fuchs, recently convicted on espionage counts in Great Britain, was one of those mentioned by name in it.

The Minister of Justice assured the Commons that R.C.M.P. investigators had carefully checked and re-checked on the 150 Canadians listed in the address book "to ascertain which . . . if any, were those of persons who could be suspected of espionage or subversive activity."

"It was found," Mr. Garson declared, "that a limited number of the persons named belonged to either or both of these groups. In all such cases where positive identification proved possible, the entries were then related to, and dealt with, on the appropriate investigation files."

It would not be prudent to specify the "names" of persons identified, Mr. Garson added, especially "as some of these investigations are still current."

#### Majority Expressed

He emphasized that "the majority" of the entries in the notebook referred to "professional people and others of good repute whose loyalty is beyond question."

The Minister of Justice gave an even more cautiously-worded reply to a question placed by Mr. Fulton asking how many of the 150 Canadian residents listed in the address book were, or had ever been, in the employment of the Dominion Government.

His answer was . . .  
This question cannot be answered with precision in view of the fact that the names of persons covered by these checks are constantly and continuously being identified and re-identified in the notebook. It was pointed out that the names of persons who were in the employment of the Dominion Government at the time of the discovery of the notebook were included in the list of names checked by the R.C.M.P. security police.

### R.C.M.P. Report

Council had been discharged on security reasons since Jan. 1, 1949. Gordon Graydon, deputy leader of the Opposition, asked Mr. Garson if the suspect in whose possession the notebook was found . . . was later tried for espionage or acquitted—had been "examined" for information regarding the names listed in the notebook.

"It seems to me," Mr. Garson said, "that only the names forwarded (to Britain) as a result of the examination . . ."

The minister said that for obvious reasons, he could not be expected to furnish such information without receiving prior notice.

"I could not possibly answer the question without consulting with the Royal Canadian Mounted Police," he said. "I will be glad to do that, taking my honorable friend's question as notice for the purpose, and without making any commitment about bringing down an answer."

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4805-1253

## Garson to Answer Questions on Diary Of Atom Spy

Justice Minister Garson on Tuesday promised to bring down answers today to a series of questions arising out of the now-famous Canadian notebook that helped imprison Klaus Fuchs, the British atomic spy now serving 14 years.

He was replying to a new attempt by E. D. Fulton (PC—Kamloops) to find out what the Government did about the 150 Canadian names that were found in the notebook when it was seized in 1946 from one of the original 18 persons detained in Canada's spy probe. One of the names was that of Fuchs.

Mr. Fulton asked in the Commons if there "has been any examination or re-examination of the loyalty of any of the 150 persons . . . since the trial of Fuchs?"

When it was suggested that he already had tabled a series of questions, one asking just that, he said he was asking it on a more urgent basis because the Fuchs trial disclosed "that there were persons—there was one name mentioned—engaged in espionage".

Mr. Garson said he had to discuss such matters with Commissioner E. T. Wood of the RCMP since they involved

FROM

DO-7

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO  
OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK

- Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Clegg \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Glavin \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Ladd \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Nichols \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Tracy \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Gurnea \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Harbo \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Belmont \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Mohr \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Nease \_\_\_\_\_
- Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

*Handwritten signature*

- See Me \_\_\_\_\_
- Note and Return \_\_\_\_\_
- For Your Recommendation \_\_\_\_\_
- What are the facts? \_\_\_\_\_
- Remarks: \_\_\_\_\_

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION JUNE 1, 1950

URGENT

Transmit the following message to SAC'S, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BUFFALO, KNOXVILLE, BOSTON, BALTIMORE

RE: ALFRED DEAN SLACK, ESPIONAGE - R. REFERENCE IS MADE TO PHILADELPHIA TELEPHONIC CONVERSATION WITH INSPECTOR C. E. HEARICH THIS DATE AT BUREAU IN CASE ENTITLED QUOTE HARRY GOLD, WAS., ET AL; ESPIONAGE - R UNQUOTE CONCERNING SLACK BEING IDENTIFIED BY GOLD AS NINETEEN FORTYONE DASH FORTYTWO CONTACT. BUFFALO REFER YOUR FILE ONE HUNDRED SEVENTEEN DASH THREE RE ABOVE SUBJECT, ATOMIC ENERGY ACT. FOR INFO ALL OFFICES, BUFFALO PREDICATED INVESTIGATION ON NEW YORK OFFICE LETTER DATED AUGUST TWELVE, NINETEEN FORTY SEVEN, WHEREIN <sup>GIVEN</sup> ~~KNOWN~~ AND OLGA TROUGHTON, FIVE ONE EAST SEVENTY EIGHT STREET, NEW YORK ADVISED THAT SLACK, KNOWN TO HER FAMILY, HAD EXHIBITED A DEFINITE COMMUNIST ATTITUDE. ACCORDING TO OLGA, SUBJECT WAS DRAFTED FROM HIS JOB INTO ARMY IN CIVILIAN CAPACITY FOR SECRET WORK AND SUBJECT WORKED ON ATOM BOMB. FURTHER THAT SUBJECT'S FATHER INDICATED TO HER THAT MONEY LEFT AT HOME OF PARENTS ON FARM IN WEBSTER, NEW YORK FOR SLACK AND FRIEND RICHARD DANIEL BRIGGS, DECEASED, WAS RECEIVED FROM RUSSIANS FOR INFORMATION FURNISHED BY SLACK AND BRIGGS. SLACK EMPLOYED BY EASTMAN <sup>MANAGED BY</sup> KODAK COMPANY, BUFFALO, NY, JANUARY SEVENTEEN, NINETEEN TWENTYSEVEN <sup>AS</sup> ~~AS~~ CHEMIST. SEPTEMBER TWENTYFOUR, NINETEEN FORTY TRANSFERRED FROM RESEARCH LABORATORY TO CHEMICAL PLANT REMAINING THERE UNTIL SEPTEMBER EIGHT, NINETEEN

Fortytwo. TRANSFERRED TO HOLSTON ORDNANCE RESEARCH WORKS, KENDLETT, TENNESSEE OPERATED BY TENNESSEE DASH EASTMAN CORPORATION SS NUMBER QUOTE SEVEN THREE DASH QUOTE NINE DASH TWO SEVEN THREE QUOTE. SLACK ATTENDED SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY NINETEEN TWENTYFIVE. BORN AUGUST SIX, NINETEEN HUNDRED FIVE AT SYRACUSE, NEW YORK. INVESTIGATION AT EASTMAN KODAK REFLECTED DR. LOUIS VILAS, RESEARCH LABORATORY, STATED SUBJECT EMPLOYED UNDER HIM NINETEEN THIRTYFIVE DASH NINETEEN

Forty. IN NINETEEN THIRTYFIVE EMPLOYED BY DR. IVAR N. HULTMAN, ASST. GENERAL

SENT VIA TELETYPE DATE 6/1/50 BY 3048 PWT/ML Per DUPLICATE YELLOW TRANSMITTED

*Handwritten:* O F 107

*Handwritten:* 65-59183-26 ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN

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MANAGER TO REMOVE SLACK THEREAS AS MANAGEMENT HAD RECEIVED INFO THAT SLACK WAS FURNISHING INFORMATION CONCERNING FORMER OF COLORED PHOTOGRAPHY TO RUSSIA. INTERVIEW FAILED TO DETERMINE THE SOURCE OF ABOVE INFORMATION. JOHN EA RUS PATTERSON, CHEMICAL ENGINEER AT EASTMAN KODAK, ADVISED THAT IN LATTER PART OF NINETEEN FORTYFOUR SUBJECT WORKED FOR HIM AT THE CLINTON ENGINEER WORKS, OAK RIDGE, AND HAD ACCESS TO RESTRICTED DOCUMENTS DURING HIS EMPLOYMENT. SUBJECT, ACCORDING TO AVAILABLE INFORMATION, TOOK VACATION YEAR AT

OAK RIDGE, TENNESSEE. BOSTON REFER TO FILE ONE ONE SEVEN DASH THREE OR THIRTYEEN. SLACK EMPLOYED AS PLANT MANAGER OF I&M ASSOCIATES, ONE FOUR THREE MAURY HILLWOOD AVENUE, CRANFORD, NEW JERSEY JUNE TWO, NINETEEN FORTYEVEN. CORRESPONDENCE FROM SUBJECT PRIOR TO COMING TO PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND WAS WRITTEN ON RAFFI BEARING LETTERHEAD OF THE DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERS COMPANY, PO BOX ONE FIVE TWO, BEN HILL, GEORGIA. ON JULY THIRTY, NINETEEN FORTYEVEN, SLACK PURCHASED HOME AT ONE THREE TWO CHALLENGE STREET, CRANFORD, RHODE ISLAND. MORTGAGE OBTAINED THROUGH ROGER WILLIAMS FUND AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, AND FURNISHED FOLLOWING BACKGROUND: QUESTIONNAIRE DATED OCTOBER THIRTYONE, NINETEEN FORTYFOUR REFLECTED SUBJECT EMPLOYED OAK RIDGE, TENNESSEE AS ENGINEER, ON SHORT CONTRACT. PRESENT ADDRESS: ONE ONE MAURY HILLWOOD DRIVE, KINGSPOINT, TENNESSEE. BORN AUGUST SIX, NINETEEN NINETEEN AT STAMFORD, NEW YORK. HEIGHT: FIVE FEET, SIX INCHES, ONE HUNDRED FIFTY POUNDS, HAIR BROWN, EYES BROWN, MARRIED. FATHER: JOSEPH P. SLACK, ROCHESTER, NEW YORK, CHURCH STREET, 2, NO. ONE. MOTHER: HELEN P. ROCHESTER, SAME ADDRESS. SPOUSE: JEAN W. SLACK, ONE ONE MAURY HILLWOOD DRIVE, KINGSPOINT, TENNESSEE. CHILDREN: GLEN ALVIN AND BRUCE ROBERT - LIVING. PHILIP AND MICHAEL - DECEASED. BROTHERS: LEWIS MARTIN SLACK, 2, S. ANNE. SISTERS: MARY ALICE PIVANON, CHURCH STREET, ROUTE ONE, ROCHESTER NEW YORK, MRS ADELAIN BECKER, TRAVELING WITH HUSBAND, ANNE. FURTHER INFO WILL BE FURNISHED ALL OFFICES AS BUREAU FILES ARE REVIEWED. IMMEDIATELY INITIATE INVESTIGATION TO ASCERTAIN THE PRESENT WHEREABOUTS OF SUBJECT AND ADVISE BUREAU AND

INSCREE

INTERESTED OFFICES IMMEDIATELY. BALTIMORE REQUESTED TO CONTACT  
A APPROPRIATE SOURCE. NEW YORK ORIGIN.

HOOVER

CC: HARRY GOLD FILE  
CC: FOOCASE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUN - 1 1950

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI PITTSBURGH 6-1-50 4-34 PM EDST

DIRECTOR AND SACS PHILADELPHIA AND NEW YORK U R G E N T

FOOCASE, ESP-R. RE NYLET TO BUREAU MAY TWENTY FOUR LAST. FOLLOWING ESTABLISHED SOURCES IN AEA FIELD CONTACTED AT PGH. BUT HAD NO INFO RE HARRY GOLD-DR. ALEXANDER J. ALLEN, GRADUATE PROFESSOR OF ENGINEERING, UNIV. OF PGH.-DR. EDWARD C. CREUTZ, HEAD PHYSICS DEPT., CARNEGIE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY-DR. JOSEPH SLEPIAN, ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR, WESTINGHOUSE RESEARCH LABORATORIES- DR. JOHN C. WARNER, PRES., CARNEGIE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND FORMER PROFESSOR IN COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING. DURING INTERVIEW CREUTZ ADVISED HE WAS CASUALLY ACQUAINTED WITH FUCHS AT LOS ALAMOS IN NINETEEN FORTYFIVE. IF DETAILED INTERVIEW WITH CREUTZ IN THIS CONNECTION IS DESIRED PITTSBURGH SHOULD BE SO ADVISED ABOVE SOURCES WERE CONSIDERED MOST LIKELY TO HAVE INFORMATION CONCERNING GOLD. THIS OFFICE HAS NO CNDIS LIKELY TO BE OF VALUE IN THIS MATTER. PITTSBURGH INDICES NEGATIVE RE HARRY GOLD. RUC.

*Closest  
arriving  
C  
H  
inter-*

THORNTON

CORR-NEXT LAST LINE WORD 11 "VALUE" WORD 13 "THIS"

END ACK IN ORDER PLS

WA 4-42 PM OK FBI WA RK

OK FBI PH MOB

K FBI NYC JJG

JUN 8 1950  
DISC

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165-58805-1254  
JUN 8 1950 Belmont

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

CC-150  
*cu*

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

June 5, 1950

URGENT

Transmit the following message:

SAC, NEW YORK  
PHILADELPHIA

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

POCCASE, ESP DASH R. BY CABLE DATED JUNE ONE, LAST, LONDON ADVISED THE  
FOLLOWING. FUCHS AGAIN ASKED ABOUT TIMOFEL KAPLOUN AND THE ACADEMY TELEPHONE  
NO. AND HE STATED HE KNEW NOTHING CONCERNING THE MATTER.

[REDACTED]

HOOVER

AJM:jan

STOP PRESS

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Declassify on: OADR 2/3/87

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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

JUN -5 1950

TELETYPE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
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Exempt from GDS, Category 3  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. E. A. Tamm
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Coffey
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Carson
- Mr. Egan
- Mr. Hendon
- Mr. Pennington
- Mr. Quinn Tamm
- Mr. Nease
- Miss Gandy

SENT VIA

7:52 P M Per *Jen*

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI  
FROM : SAC, Los Angeles

DATE: May 24, 1950

SUBJECT: FOOCASE  
ESPIONAGE - R  
Bureau file 65-58805

MAILED  
FBI  
MAY 25 1950

Reference San Francisco letter dated March 27, 1950, suggesting that interested Offices search their indices regarding LISITSIN in an effort to determine if established sources have furnished information concerning FUCHS under the name LISITSIN. The Los Angeles Office was requested to analyze information in the file concerning RUDOLPH WILLIAM SABBOT and advise of any possibility that the LISITSIN mentioned in this notebook referred to FUCHS.

The Los Angeles Office files were searched under the name LISITSIN in connection with FUCHS with negative results.

RUDOLPH WILLIAM SABBOT was interviewed on October 4, and November 28, 1947, concerning names mentioned in a notebook allegedly belonging to SABBOT. An analysis of information concerning SABBOT determined that it was never thoroughly established that this notebook belonged to SABBOT nor is there any basis for assuming that LISITSIN, in this investigation, has any connection with FUCHS.

~~DEFERRED RECORDING~~

GGR/mlw  
65-4988  
cc - San Francisco (65-4149)  
New York  
Boston

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JUN 6 1950  
SI 24  
EVZ

58 JUN 9 1950 342

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
United States Department of Justice

Birmingham, Alabama  
May 31, 1950

Director, FBI

RE: FOOCASE  
ESPIONAGE - R  
(Bureau #65-58805)

Dear Sir:

Re New York let to Bureau 5-24-50.

This office has no informants or sources of information who would be in a position to furnish information of value relative to HARRY GOLD. RUC.

Very truly yours,

*G. D. King*  
G. D. KING,  
SAC

ATP:rlg  
65-1176  
AMSD

cc: New York (65-15136) - AMSD  
Philadelphia - AMSD

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S-EUL

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- Deleted under exemption(s) \_\_\_\_\_ with no segregable material available for release to you.
- Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

3 Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).  
*Refer to ARMY*

\_\_\_\_\_ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):  
\_\_\_\_\_  
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For your information: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

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X NO DUPLICATION FEE X  
X FOR THIS PAGE X  
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. BELMONT

DATE: June 1, 1950

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: FOOCASE

Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
 Ladd \_\_\_\_\_  
 Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
 Glavin \_\_\_\_\_  
 Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
 Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tracy \_\_\_\_\_  
 Harbo \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mohr \_\_\_\_\_  
 Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
 Nease \_\_\_\_\_  
 Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. Glen Bethel telephoned from Ottawa on May 27 and advised that [redacted] had received an inquiry from the Minister of Justice as to whether there was any Canadian angle developed as a result of the arrest of Gold.

I told Bethel that there was none as of this time.

b7D  
 Humphreys  
 van Buren

DML:dad

cc - Mr. Lamphere

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165-58805-1259

JUN 5 1950

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EX-115

S/EVL

53 JUN 20 1950



# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

FROM : A. H. Belmont *Handwritten initials*

SUBJECT: **EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS  
ESPIONAGE - R**

DATE: May 18, 1950.

Tolson ✓  
Ladd ✓  
Clegg ✓  
Glavin ✓  
Harbo ✓  
Rosen ✓  
Tracy ✓  
Mohr ✓  
Tele. Room ✓  
Nease ✓  
Gandy ✓

*Handwritten:* Belmont, Fuchs, Ladd, Rosen

### PURPOSE

The purpose of this memorandum is to set forth the results of a conference held among R. Gordon Arneson, Special Assistant to the Under Secretary of State, Joseph Chase of the Under Secretary's Office, and Mr. Henderson of the Atomic Energy Commission, Assistant Director H. H. Clegg and Special Agent Robert J. Lamphere at 4:00 p.m. on May 17, 1950.

### DETAILS

During the conference held among the above representatives, pursuant to the request of Mr. Arneson, the first matter taken up was the lifting of [redacted] passport by the State Department and in connection therewith Mr. Arneson furnished a copy of a letter written by [redacted] the father of the aforementioned, to the Secretary of State in which he requested that his son not be allowed to go to Europe inasmuch as he felt that he might have intentions of going to the Soviet Union and might thereafter disappear. Mr. Arneson indicated that this might be of use in connection with the interview of Fuchs if Fuchs were reluctant to furnish information based on the U. S. Government's treatment of Corson. A copy of the letter to the Secretary of State is attached.

The next matter brought up was that the Joint Atomic Energy Intelligence Committee had submitted two questionnaires to the British authorities regarding the technical aspects of the information provided by Fuchs to his Soviet agent contact. The first of these questionnaires was dated March 7, 1950, and the second was dated March 16, 1950. Mr. Arneson stated that he understood that the answers are forthcoming and that the questions in both sets of questionnaires have been put to Fuchs. He said that upon the receipt of the answers they will be provided to the Bureau through regular liaison channels. An examination of the questionnaires reflects that they are very technical in nature and Mr. Clegg has made arrangements through Mr. Arneson that they be submitted to the Laboratory in order that they may be put in less technical language for the Bureau's information and use.

The next matter raised was regarding an estimate prepared by the Committee on Senior Responsible Reviewers concerning the question of reviewing the declassification of information in the Atomic Energy file as a result of the disclosures by Fuchs to the Soviet Union. It was noted that this matter was the subject of a memorandum to Mr. Pike, Chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission dated April 25, 1950, which concludes with the statement that the information

EX-115  
ENC 5  
RJM:spa

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MAY 6 1950

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contained in the memorandum as a result of Fuchs' disclosures might probably lead to a reconsideration of the entire question of secrecy.

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that upon the receipt of the questionnaires and answers propounded to the British authorities by the Joint Atomic Energy Intelligence Commission that they be routed to Mr. Harbo's division in order that they may be examined by Mr. McGee and that thereafter copies be forwarded to Mr. Cimperman for possible use in the interrogation of Fuchs.

Attachment

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XXXXXX  
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For your information: \_\_\_\_\_  
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65-58805 serial 1260 enclosure

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SECURITY : UNCLASSIFIED

PRIORITY: AIR FORCE

*Handwritten initials*

For Dept. use only.

RECORD ACTION

MAY 24

EUR

FR DGR OLI SY U/A JUS

TO : Department of State

761.5211 Fuchs, K.F.J./ 6-1950

FROM : LONDON 2478

May 19, 1950

Received from the State Department through Liaison channels

REF :

Date 4/1/50

SUBJECT : Hansard Report, House of Commons, re. Fuchs case.

*Focused*

*Handwritten signature*

Following is a transcript from the Hansard Report of House of Commons oral questions and answers period, May 11, 1950, regarding Dr. Fuchs:

*Handwritten mark*

MR. THOMAS asked the Secretary of State for the Home Department to what extent permission has been granted to Foreign representatives to question Dr. Fuchs; and whether he will make a statement.

*Handwritten signature*

MR. DONNELLY asked the Secretary of State for the Home Department what are his regulations governing the questioning of prisoners in British jails by police of other countries; and to what countries are these facilities granted.

ms

MR. WYATT asked the Secretary of State for the Home Department what conditions will govern the interrogation of Dr. Klaus Fuchs, at present in one of His Majesty's jails, by officers of the United States Federal Bureau of Investigation; and what precedents there are for interrogation of His Majesty's prisoners in England by officials of a foreign Power.

MR. FERNYHOUGH asked the Secretary of State for the Home Department if he will make a statement to the House in connection with the permission which has been granted to officials of the United States Federal Bureau of Investigation to question Dr. Klaus Fuchs, the atomic scientist at present serving a 14 years' sentence of imprisonment in His Majesty's prison.

MR. EDE: I would refer my hon. Friends to the reply given on 11th May to my hon. Friend the Member for Northfield (Mr. Blackburn), to which I have nothing to add.

MR. THOMAS: Is my right hon. Friend aware that this distasteful departure from normal procedure is watched with some anxiety by the public, and can he say whether the prisoner concerned will be legally represented when foreigners are questioning him in court?

*May be Cabard via F. ... per State Dept. Exter. of 11-10-75*

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K 207 NOV 17 1964

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 59  
DATE 2/3/87 BY 1343 PWT/vj  
JEB:rus  
15-58805  
126  
5. EVL  
JUN 6 1950  
-115

51 JUN 19 1950

MR. EDE: This prisoner's activities were also exceedingly distasteful, and it is necessary that the State should take such steps as it can to protect itself against such activities. This man need not answer any questions unless he chooses to do so. He will not be interviewed unless he expresses a willingness to be interviewed.

MR. FERNYHOUGH: Does not my right hon. Friend think that this is rather a reflection upon our own M. I. 5 and Scotland Yard, and would they not have been capable of interviewing this man and getting from him, if he is prepared to volunteer it, the information which the Americans are seeking?

MR. EDE: No, Sir. There is no reflection on the police services of this country in this matter, but some of the offences which this man has committed were committed in the United States of America, and I think it is desirable, in the interests of both countries, that as far as possible his activities should be investigated.

MR. DONNELLY: What are the normal regulations governing cases of this kind? Could my right hon. Friend also say to what countries these facilities are normally extended?

MR. EDE: This is the first time that such facilities have been granted because this is the first time that such an offence has been committed.

MR. SYDNEY SILVERMAN: Can my right hon. Friend say why it was not thought sufficient for the information which the United States police want to get from this man to be put to him by our own police forces? Can he also say whether any arrangements have been made to provide himself with a copy of any statement which may now be made?

MR. EDE: A British officer will be present if this interview takes place, and it will be conducted according to British practice. It is important--I should have thought that my hon. Friend the Member for Nelson and Colne (Mr. S. Silverman) would have recognised it--that some questions should be followed up by supplementary questions and it is, therefore, desirable that a person who can supply the information for an appropriate supplementary question should be there to put the question.

MR. HECTOR HUGHES: Will my right hon. Friend take care that at any such interrogation there will be present responsible British scientists, so that full advantage may be taken of any further information elicited?

JHBruins:res

MR. EDE: Sir, I do not think that that would be desirable. I think that if any officer representing the British police or the British security service is present that will be enough."

*John H. Bruins*

John H. Bruins  
Counselor of Embassy

JH Bruins:res

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### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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  1   Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):  
Disposition made by CIA in 1975

For your information: \_\_\_\_\_

The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:  
65-58805 - 1262

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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. D. M. Ladd  
FROM : A. H. Belmont  
SUBJECT: FOOCASE  
ESPIONAGE - R

DATE: May 16, 1960

**SECRET**

Tolson  
DeLoach  
Mohr  
Bishop  
Casper  
Callahan  
Conrad  
Felt  
Gale  
Rosen  
Sullivan  
Tavel  
Trotter  
Tele. Room  
Holmes  
Gandy

PURPOSE:

To call to your attention previous instances in which the British have been granted facilities to conduct interviews in the United States.

DETAILS:

[REDACTED]

It will be noted that neither of these individuals were in custody, however, and no such instances have been recalled.

Classified by 3042 awt/llw  
Declassify on: OADR 2/4/87 **SECRET**

Leon Helfand:

[REDACTED]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
EXCEPT WHERE

(100-139925-40)

**SECRET**

EJVL: wbr  
66-58805 COPIES DESTROYED

RECORDED - 143  
INDEXED - 169

65-58805-1263

JUN 7 1960

R 207 NOV 17 1960

2355-10-22-75

58 JUN 2 1960

Classified by  
Exempt from GDS, Category 3  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

b1  
c

EV2



~~SECRET~~

By letter dated ~~SECRET~~ February 6, 1947.

[REDACTED]

b1

You will recall that Helfand was a former Soviet diplomat who had spent considerable time in the Soviet Embassy at Rome, Italy. He defected in 1940 and entered the United States on August 2, 1940. Considerable investigation concerning Helfand was conducted by the Bureau beginning in 1942. This investigation failed to reflect that Helfand was active in Soviet espionage in the United States and accordingly he was interviewed

[REDACTED]

b1

Rudolph Franz Hatschitzky:

By cable dated February 15, 1947, the Legal Attache, London, England, advised that

[REDACTED]

b1

By cable dated February 24, 1947, the Legal Attache in London was

[REDACTED]

(40-15076-11)

[REDACTED]

b1

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

[REDACTED]

SECRET

(40-15076-14)

[REDACTED]

It will be noted that [REDACTED] was a Czech National who had taken out first papers toward naturalization. (40-15076-29 p. 48 and Serial 8) He had been born December 15, 1896 in Vranovice, Moravia, Czechoslovakia, which at the time of his birth was a part of Austria-Hungary. In 1920, however, after the defeat of Germany in the first World War it became a part of Czechoslovakia and he became a citizen of that country. After the entry of the German troops into the town in which he resided he and his wife left Czechoslovakia on April 24, 1939 for England where he arrived on April 29, 1939. He resided in England until September 22, 1944 when he arrived at New York City. (40-15076-29 p. 48 through 51)

[REDACTED]

Pursuant to these requests we had located him in New York and had advised the Legal Attache.

RECOMMENDATION:

The foregoing is being brought to your attention in connection with the present status of our efforts to interview Emil Julius Klaus Fuchs.

# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI - ATTN: MECHANICAL SECTION

FROM : SAC, New Haven

SUBJECT: EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, was.  
ESPIONAGE - R  
Bufile 65-58805

DATE: May 23, 1950

Re report of SA FRANCIS X. MC BRIDE dated 5/19/50 at New Haven in above case.

There is being transmitted herewith one film pack of undeveloped film containing negatives of a photograph of RICHARD WEEKS SUMMEY.

It is requested that five photographs each be made from the negative for the New York Division, New Haven and the Bureau.

It is requested that the Bureau through its foreign source present a photograph of RICHARD WEEKS SUMMEY to Dr. FUCHS for the purpose of ascertaining whether this individual is identical with FUCHS' American contact.

*cc to  
New Haven  
cc n. y.  
5-31-50  
EJW*

ISG:ML  
65-1317

ENCL.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 2/3/89 BY SP12 PWT/ld

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED (Reg. Mail)

cc New York (65-15136)  
cc New Haven(100-11438)-SUMMEY

RECORDED - 36

INDEXED - 36

65-58805-1264

JUN 8 1950

33

*C. Thomas*  
MAY 29 1950

RECEIVED  
DEVELOPED  
PRINTED  
ENLARGEMENTS  
COPIED  
INSPECTED

*[Handwritten initials]*  
5-29-50

*[Handwritten signature]*

*[Handwritten signature]*



enclosure 65-58805-1264

SAC, NEW HAVEN

May 31, 1950

DIRECTOR, FBI

REGISTERED MAIL

RECORDED - 36

FOOCASE  
ESPIONAGE - R  
New Haven File 100-11438

65-58805-1264

Reference is made to your letter dated May 23, 1950, transmitting one film pack containing undeveloped negatives of Richard Weeks Surrency.

Inasmuch as Fuchs' contact in the United States has now been identified as Harry Gold, no further action is being taken with respect to these photographs. Prints have been made and five are being retained in the Bureau. The remaining prints are being enclosed herewith, together with the film, to your office for possible future use.

Enclosure

CC: New York (Information)(65-15136)

65-58805

EJVL:hc

HANDLED BY  
STOP DESK

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 2/3/87 BY 3042 [signature]

- Tolson \_\_\_\_\_
- Ladd \_\_\_\_\_
- Clegg \_\_\_\_\_
- Glavin \_\_\_\_\_
- Nichols \_\_\_\_\_
- Tracy \_\_\_\_\_
- Harbo \_\_\_\_\_
- Mohr \_\_\_\_\_
- Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_
- Nease \_\_\_\_\_
- Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAILED 12  
MAY 31 1950  
COMM - FBI

RECEIVED  
FBI  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAY 31 3 00 PM '50

58 JUN 20 1950

[Handwritten signatures and initials: "AB", "Cell", "42"]



United States Department of Justice  
Federal Bureau of Investigation

American Embassy  
1, Grosvenor Square  
London, W. 1

April 12, 1950

~~SECRET~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ - AIR COURIER POUCH

14-1,7

Director, FBI  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Re: FOOCASE

Classified by 3042 pur/lsh  
Declassify on: OADR 2/3/87

Rebuletts March 17 and 29, 1950.

[REDACTED]

b1

[REDACTED]

b1

[REDACTED]

b1

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

[REDACTED]

b1

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ENCL  
ENCLOSURE BEHIND FILE  
EX-11  
EX-11

RECORDED - 24

INDEXED - 24

65-58805-1465  
2355-10-22-75

JUN 1950  
Classified by  
Exempt from GDS, Category 3  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

EX-11  
SECRET

79

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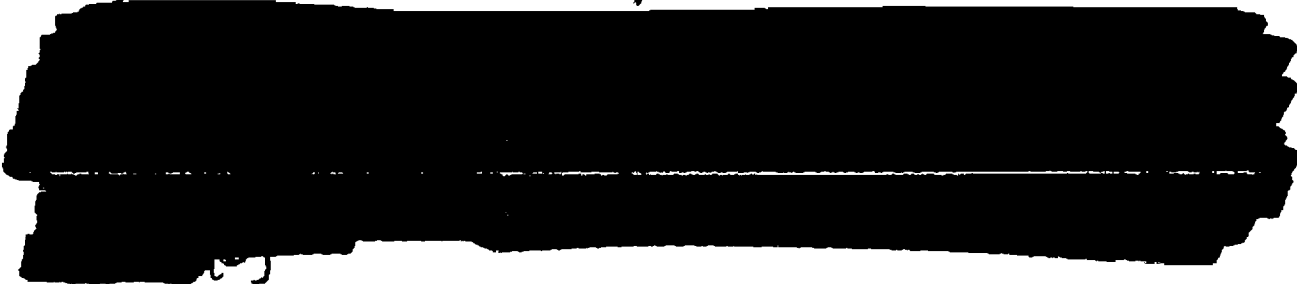
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~~SECRET~~

Director, FBI  
Washington, D. C.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

April 12, 1950



b1

Very truly yours,

J. A. Cimperman  
Legal Attache

Enclosure  
JAC:LL  
65-721

5/4/50  
undeveloped photos  
developed + printed  
2 copies + negatives  
attached 4/12.

~~SECRET~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

39

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

CC-160

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

Transmit the following message to: LEGAL ATTACHE,  
LONDON, ENGLAND

**CONFIDENTIAL**

JUN 8, 1950

CABLE

CIPHER PAD CODE

*gm*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

**FUGGAS.**

YOU ARE TO HANDLE LEADS FUGABLE JUNE SECOND WHEN YOU ARE ABLE TO MAKE  
ARRANGEMENTS TO AGAIN SEE FUCHS.

#488

[REDACTED]

RJL:hs  
65-58806

Notes: The Bureau's cable of June 2, 1950, arrived in Mr. Cimperman's office just prior to the time that Mr. Clegg and Mr. Lamphere were preparing to leave for the airport to return to the U. S. Mr. Cimperman requested that he be advised as to whether he should handle the leads in the cable, and when they were to be handled, in view of the fact that Mr. Skardon was, by necessity, going to have to handle some of his other work for a few days, and the arrangements are such that it is not possible to see Fuchs without Mr. Skardon being present.

MANAGED BY  
STOP DESK

cc: Foreign Service Desk

- Tolson
- Ladd
- Clegg
- Glavin
- Nichols
- Rosen
- Tracy
- Harbo
- Mohr
- Tele. Room
- Nease
- Gandy

JUN 2 1 30 PM '50

Classified by 2490/1/76  
Declassify on OADR 2/3/87

RECEIVED READING ROOM  
F B I  
JUN 5 12 44 PM '50

65-58805-1  
1266

RECORDED - 114

Classified 2355/10-22-75  
Exempt from GDS Category 1, 3  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

51 JUN 13 1950

SENT VIA Cable 6/5/50 5:52 PM

Per *mev*

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1  
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEW YORK**

FILE NO. **65-466**

REPORT MADE AT <b>KNOXVILLE</b>	DATE WHEN MADE <b>6/1/50</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE <b>4/27; 5/9,11,17, 23/50</b>	REPORT MADE BY <b>CHARLTON C. McSWAIN</b> at
TITLE <b>EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, was.</b>			CHARACTER OF CASE <b>ESPIONAGE - R</b>

**SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:**

ADMINISTRATIVE

Photograph of MARION GORDON MASTIN not available at Oak Ridge, Tenn. Little information concerning him located in AEC file.

- RUC -

**DETAILS:**

RE: MARION GORDON MASTIN

Inquiry was made of Mr. G. L. RATHMAN, AEC Security; JOHN S. DAVIS, AEC Patrol; WILLIAM OLIVER, AEC Retired Records Section, and JAMES SYKES, Carbide and Carbon Chemicals Corporation Retired Files, to determine if a photograph of MARION GORDON MASTIN might presently be available at Oak Ridge, Tennessee. Extensive search by each of these individuals was unsuccessful in discovering a photograph.

The files of the U. S. AEC, Security Records Section, as made available by Mr. G. L. RATHMAN reflected that MARION GORDON MASTIN had been employed as the Works Manager for the S-50 Project (Thermal Diffusion Process) managed by the Fercleve Corporation, a subsidiary of H. K. Ferguson Company, with headquarters at Cleveland, Ohio. This file reflects that he was terminated from this employment on May 13, 1945. His birth date is shown as August 12, 1891.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 2/3/89 BY 3012/pt/ld

**COPIES DESTROYED**

**207 NOV 17 1964**

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
		<b>65-58805-1267</b>
COPIES OF THIS REPORT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5 - Bureau (65-58805)</li> <li>1 - Cleveland (Info.)</li> <li>3 - New York (65-15136)</li> <li>2 - Knoxville</li> </ul>		<i>[Handwritten initials]</i>

PROPERTY OF FBI—THIS CONFIDENTIAL REPORT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE LOANED TO YOU BY THE FBI AND ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE OF AGENCY TO WHICH LOANED.

Reports received from confidential informants of the Manhattan Engineer District, Security Office, and contained in this file, reflect that MASTIN was disliked by several employees under his supervision and accusations of incompetence were leveled against him. None of these reports, however, indicated any disloyalty on the part of MASTIN.

This file also reflects previous employment for MASTIN at Westvaco Chlorin Products, 405 Lexington Avenue, New York City, from 1930 to 1943, and the Michigan Chemicals Corporation, St. Louis, Missouri, from 1943 to August, 1944.

- REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN -

REFERENCE:

Report of Special Agent STANLEY E. FEWSTER, San  
Francisco, dated 4/7/50.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: May 29, 1950

FROM : D. M. Ladd *DL*

SUBJECT: FOCCASE  
ESPIONAGE - R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 11/3/86 BY 3042 PWT/lmw

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Ladd	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Clegg	<input type="checkbox"/>
Glavin	<input type="checkbox"/>
Nichols	<input type="checkbox"/>
Rosen	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tracy	<input type="checkbox"/>
Harbo	<input type="checkbox"/>
Mohr	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tele. Room	<input type="checkbox"/>
Nease	<input type="checkbox"/>
Gandy	<input type="checkbox"/>

PURPOSE

To inform you of what remains to be done in London, England, in connection with the interview of Emil Julius Klaus Fuchs.

STATUS OF INTERVIEWS WITH FUCHS

A cable dated May 27, 1950, from Assistant Director H. H. Clegg in London, England, advises that a ten-page signed statement including technical and classified information delivered by Fuchs to Harry Gold has been obtained and that another seven-page, signed statement omitting the classified data has also been obtained. These statements have been forwarded by confidential pouch and should arrive today. It is stated that all pending leads had been covered. Previous cables reflect that considerable details concerning Fuchs' recollection of his meetings in the United States with Harry Gold, whom he has positively identified as his American contact, have been obtained.

By cable dated May 28, 1950, and the attached cable, all information received to date from Harry Gold concerning his association with Fuchs not already furnished to London was transmitted for assistance in further interview with Fuchs. It was requested that the information supplied by Gold be confirmed and elaborated on if possible by Fuchs. Specific questions to be asked of Fuchs were set forth and additional questions are contained in the attached cable.

While additional information received from Gold in the future may necessitate further questioning of Fuchs, the substance of Gold's story has now been received and made available to Assistant Director H. H. Clegg and Special Agent R. J. Laspere, and, therefore, it is believed that consideration may be given to their return when the presently outstanding inquiries are covered. It is believed desirable for Assistant Director Clegg to make arrangements for Mr. John Gimperman to question Fuchs in the future on any information that Gold may subsequently furnish or may be developed through other means in this case. It is believed that if the interviews with Fuchs are of any appreciable duration, the matters still to be discussed with Fuchs probably could be covered in two interviews.

For your information, the possible need for Fuchs as a witness in this case and his availability has been considered. The Department has been furnished a preliminary summary of evidence in this case which, of course, reflects that

EJVL:ehw/hc/mp

65-58805  
cc - 65-57449

Attachment

*Declassified by [unclear]*

2355 10-22-75

RECORDED

Classified by 2355 10-22-75

Exempt from GDS, Category 3

Date of Declassification Indefinite

65-58805-126

JUN 14 1950

FIVE

602

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 65-57449

Fuchs is presently in jail at Wormwood Scrubbs, England. As the need for Fuchs' appearance as a witness against Gold is a decision to be made by the Department and any negotiations to have Fuchs appear would be instituted by the Department, no action is being taken in this regard.

U

ACTION

Attached is a cable addressed to Assistant Director H. H. Clegg, submitting further questions, making inquiry as to the estimate of time it will take to complete the outstanding questioning of Fuchs and advising that arrangements should be made for Mr. John Cimperman to interview Fuchs in the future on matters arising in this case.

✓



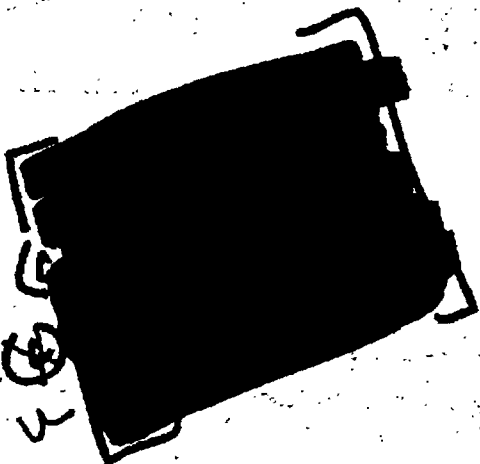


~~SECRET~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ATTEMPTS, IT WOULD SEEM QUITE COINCIDENTAL FOR GOLD TO ARRIVE IN WINS TO  
 LEARN FUCHS COMING IN FEBRUARY. FURTHER INDICATION FUCHS MAY HAVE KNOWN JOHN IS  
 THAT GOLD STATES JOHN TOLD HIM THAT HE SHOULD ACT NATURAL WITH KRISTEL BUT IF ROBERT  
 HEINEMAN APPEARED, TO GET OUT FAST. HOW DID JOHN GET INFORMATION RE HEINEMAN?  
 IF FUCHS HAD PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED SOVIETS WITH PERSONAL BIOGRAPHY, THAT COULD HAVE  
 BEEN MADE AVAILABLE TO JOHN, THIS STILL WOULD NOT EXPLAIN JOHN'S KNOWLEDGE OF NY  
 APARTMENT ADDRESS. ALSO BEAR IN MIND FUCHS' DENIAL THAT ANY INFORMATION PASSED  
 IN HEINEMAN'S HOME AND ALLEGATION OF MEETING IN BOSTON. GOLD CLAIMS INFO RECEIVED  
 HEINEMAN HOME AND DOES NOT MENTION ANY BOSTON MEETING. ADVISE ESTIMATE OF TIME  
 NECESSARY TO COMPLETE INTERROGATION OF FUCHS RE PENDING MATTERS. MAKE ARRANGEMENTS  
 FOR GIMPelman TO INTERVIEW FUCHS IN MATTERS ARISING THIS CASE IN FUTURE.

HOOPER



[# 4836]  
 W

61

100  
 202 MAR 28 8 13 AM '50  
 RADIO COMMUNICATIONS

2014 APR 30 5 00 PM '50  
 RADIO COMMUNICATIONS

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~SECRET~~

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TOP SECRET

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEW YORK**

FILE NO. **65-1986**

REPORT MADE AT <b>LOS ANGELES</b>	DATE WHEN MADE <b>5/29/50</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE <b>5/24, 25/50</b>	REPORT MADE BY <b>GILMER G. ROBINSON</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>LCR</b></span>
TITLE <b>EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, was. Dr. Karl Fuchs, Klaus Fuchs, Klaus Emil Fuchs</b>			CHARACTER OF CASE <b>ESPIONAGE - R</b>

**SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:**

ADMINISTRATIVE

Physical description of **JAMES WILBUR DILLEY** set out.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED - RUC -  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT  
DETAILS: JAMES WILBUR DILLEY

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 2/3/87 BY SP4 BJA/ML

A pretext inquiry determined that **JAMES WILBUR DILLEY** is teaching at the San Mateo Junior College and lives at 1140 Harborside Road, in Hillsborough, California.

Selective Service records reflect the following physical description of **DILLEY**:

*1/13/77*  
Classified by 3042 PUN  
Declassify on: OADR

DILLEY

Date of Birth: \_\_\_\_\_  
Place of Birth: \_\_\_\_\_  
Height: \_\_\_\_\_  
Weight: \_\_\_\_\_  
Eyes: \_\_\_\_\_  
Hair: \_\_\_\_\_  
Complexion: \_\_\_\_\_  
Social Security No. \_\_\_\_\_  
Physical Defects: \_\_\_\_\_

March 23, 1912  
Roswell, New Mexico  
5' 10"  
130  
Blue  
Brown  
Light

*see*  
**TOP SECRET**

~~DEFENSE RECORDING~~

In 1942 was suffering from severe psycho-neurosis.

**DILLEY** graduated from Glendale Junior College in 1932, Pomona College 1935, Harvard University with S.F.B. Degree 1938, Masters Degree from

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
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L A 65-1986

the University of California, at Los Angeles in 1942 and PhD degree from University of California Los Angeles in 1946. He was a teaching assistant at U.C.L.A. from 1942-45 and was appointed instructor in the History Department of Stanford University in 1945.

The Los Angeles files do not contain a photograph of DILLEY. The San Francisco Office will not be requested to obtain a photograph of DILLEY because the physical description does not compare favorably with that the known subject [REDACTED] (KS) b7

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN

TOP SECRET

L A 65-4986

REFERENCE: Report of SA JOHN R. MURPHY, New York dated 5/10/50.