!€) NY 105-2577 (CONT'D) ADMINISTRATIVE b7c 670 KLAUS FUCHS, confessed Russian espionage agent, advised that JURGEN KUCZYNSKI was the individual who enabled him to establish contact with SIMONAKRAMER, Secretary of the Military Attache Staff, Soviet Enbassy, London, and it was through this initial contact that FUCHS subsequently furnished information to the Russians. \$ A 30-day mial cover has been placed on all mail received by the subject at the following addresses: 963 Woodycrest Avenue, care of H. KOHN, D and 611 West 111th Street, New York City. SHERY-17

SAC, Baltimore

December 20, 1950

Director, THI

JAKES VERBON LEAIS RSPICHACE - R

Reference is made to your letter of November 16, 1950, in which the attention of the Bureau is directed to the fact that the above-captioned individual was allegedly associated with Dr. Sail Elsus Fuchs, an admitted Soviet espionage agent.

It is noted that your analysis of the information appearing in the loyalty case entitled "Janes Vernon Lewis, Mathematician, Department of the Army, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland, Loyalty of Government Employees, " reflects that James Vernon Lewis was associated with one Robert A. Fuchs, a mathematician at the University of California, Radiation Laboratory, Father than with Dr. Smil Klaus Fuchs.

In view of the above, and in the absence of further information developed by you - which the would warrant continuing an espionage investigation, the Bureau feels that this investigation should be discontinued.

You are requested to submit a report covering the investigation thus far conducted in the event that no further basis is found for continuing the present espionage case.

65-59524 cc -WAA: gmu Note:

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#86-1840 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINE HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED BY 3042 Juit D DATE

UNRECORDED C. An espionage investigation was opened in this case based on information developed during the loyalty investigation indicating b7C that the subject was associated with Dr. Emil Klaus Fuchs 50

This information was reported. in 121-22907 and a loyalty investigation failed to establish this fact. - 16 it

HECEIVED READING ROOM On the contrary it was developed that the Fuchs with whom subject was associated is Robert Fuchs of University of California Radiation Laboratory. (65-59524-2)

BIRMOARD FORM HO, 64

# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ROM

Director, FBI

SAC, Baltimore

SUBJECT:

WGO:mhp

65-1797

COPIES DESTROYED R342NOV 23 1960

JAMES VERNON LEWIS ESPIONAGE R (<del>BUFILE 121-22907)</del>

# 86-1840
ATT. THEORMATION CONTAINED
HUREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DITE 6-8-87 BY 3042 JUZ-DJC
DITE 6-8-87 BY 304 CHEATER .
pgs. 1,2 1

11/16/50

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DATE:

Rebulet 10/6/50, instructing the Baltimore Office to institute an espionage investigation on the above subject.

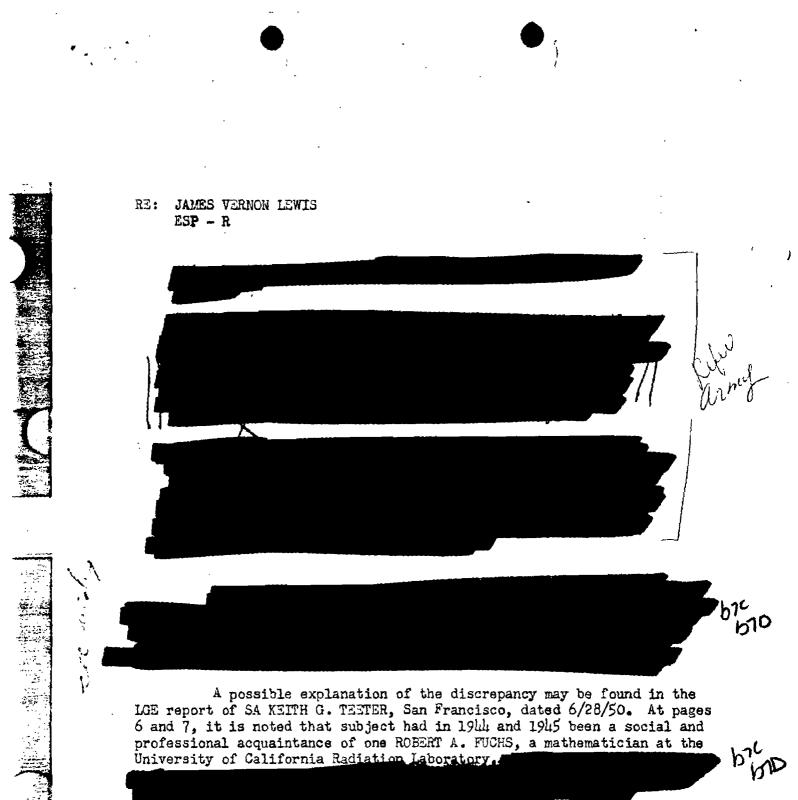
The attention of the Bureau is invited to certain matters, set  $\sigma$  out hereinafter, which bear upon the advisability of continuing this d investigation:

### 1. Association with Dr. EMIL KLAUS FUCHS.

RECORDED -2 SE 7

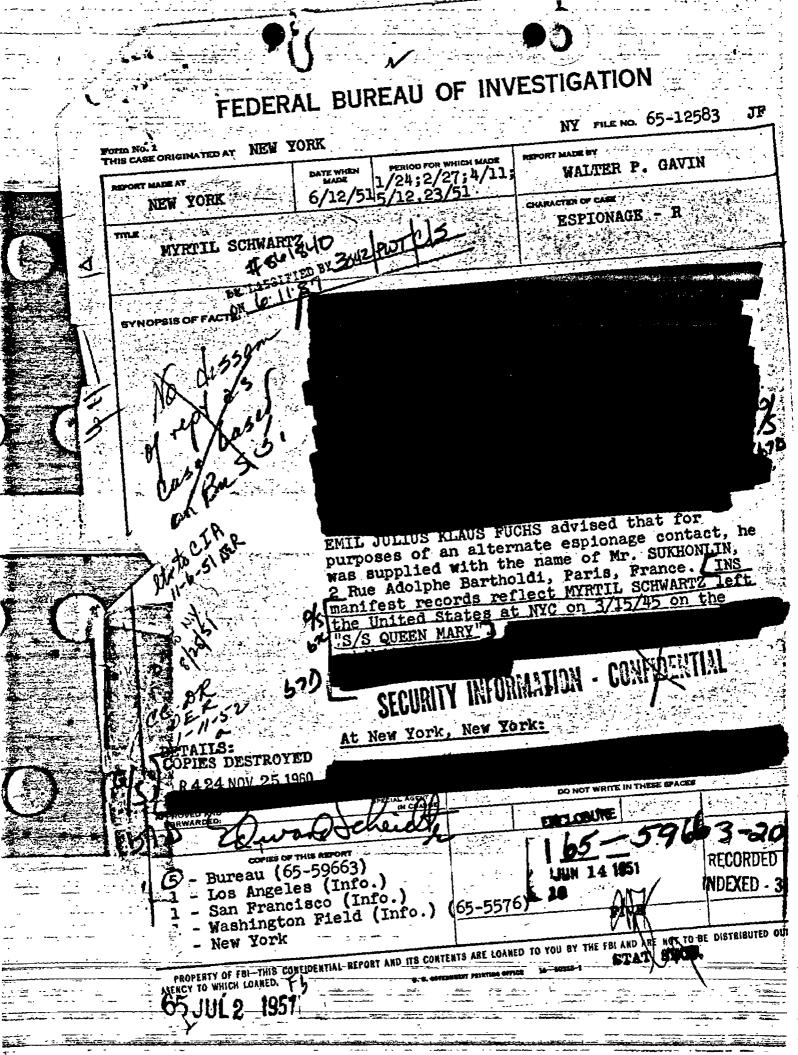
INEDXED - 22

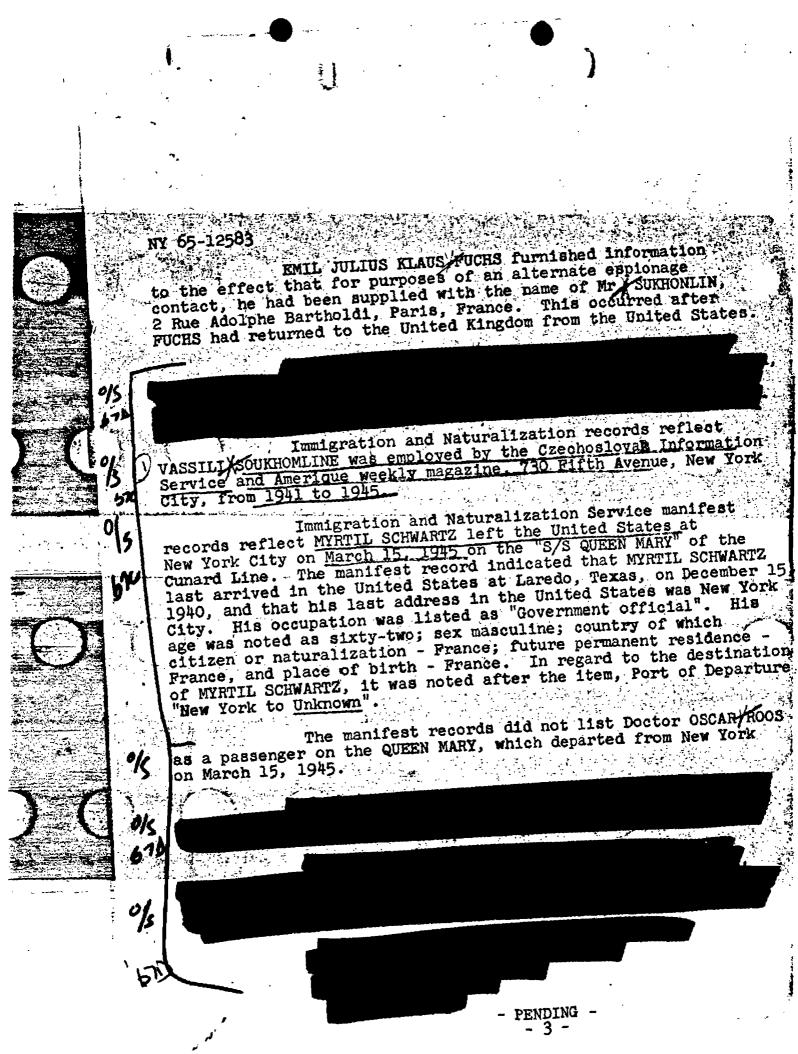
Relet in the last paragraph indicates subject was acquainted with Dr. EMIL KLAUSAFUCHS, admitted Soviet espionage agent. This is not borne out conclusively in the LGE investigation, and, in fact, is placed in question by information appearing in the administrative section at page 9 of the LGE report of SA JOHN O. MONTGOLERY; Baltimore, mentioned in relet.



It may be noted that the subject's association with ROBERT FUCHS preceded his marriage to the present Mrs. LEWIS, whom he married on July 3, 1947.

- 2 -

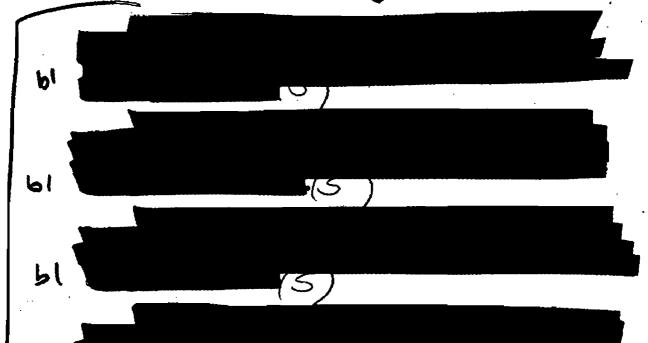




....dum fice Men UNITED S1 GOVERNMENT CLEAR DATE: March 12, 1961 DIRECTOR, FBI SAC, BOSTON ROM Ð SUBJECT: GEORGE MILLER; F. CHASE SODFREY phere ESPIONAGE - R (Bufile 65-59738) In accordance with instructions received in Bureau letter to Boston ols dated February 7, 1951, Jas interviewed. V えてのの SOFE E BX 012192# يم 0 NFORMAN PEIN 670 670 In view of the fact that has no knowledge of an association of KLAUS FUCHS with either of the captioned subjects and inasmuch as the Boston indices are negative on these same two individuals, no further action is contemplated by the Boston Office. Copies of instant letter are being designated to the Philadelphia and New York Offices for the completion of their files. NECORDED . 37738-20 10001 Vinlen FMC:ALM 65-MAR 001 Philade New York

SUREAU UF INVESTIGA BALTIMORE, MD. -1850 1/17,18,19,22 NEPORT MADE AT CATE WHEN REPORT MADE BY وأوراء المتشاطية والمتحاف والمتحاف 4711/ Baltimore, Md. FRANK G. JOHNSTONE: AC 3,25,27,29, CHARM RONALD WILFRID GURNEY 9,10,21,2 aka, Dr. Ronald W. Gurney ESPIONAGE<sup>®</sup> المتجاب يود المؤسة الج وارس مح NEORMATION CONTAIL 55057507 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIE SYNOPSIS OF FACTS INVESTIGATIVE SUMMARY REPORT EXCEPT WHERE SHOWE 103 Background, personal history and activities to date of a subject and his wife, NATALIE GURNEY. detailed herein, mutalus hunn convicted in England of Soviet espionage in 1950, we palt fund and an acquaintance of the GURNEYS, has advised that he knows of no espionage activities on the part of the GURNEYS, but believes other people might get in contact with Soviet espionage agents through SHIP ON SA NATALIE GURNEY. Information alleging possible Communist activity and pro-Russian or Soviet sympathy, as well as results of interviews with the GURNEYS, also set out. Investigation continuing to prove disprove the above espionage allegations, 0.1 3, 32 40 49, 45 98, 79 A80, To A Copies destroyed per notation on merry nichols to Belmont DEFENTER PERCONTINE 97 99 00 109 2222 only.po dated 11/9/54. one copy filed in file. TASS. & EXT. BY RCT1 11 TION APPROVED AND FORWARDED IN CHARGE DATE OF REV NETWARK IN THESE A DESTROYED **RECORDED** - 23 16.105 15 OCT 20 1967 Bureau - ONI, Balto. ND)))())) 4 - Baltimore 2 - Chicago2 - Minnemolis 😕 - New Yerk (65-15594) t, and its contents are loaned to you hyper PBI and are not outside of ly, to ich loaned.-CON

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Information Furnished by EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, Self-Confessed Soviet Espionage Agent (s.)

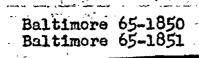
EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, self-confessed Soviet espionage agent who was convicted during 1950 of Soviet espionage in England, and is presently serving a sentence under said conviction, was interviewed by Mr. HUGH H. CLEGG, Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and Special Agent ROBERT J. LAMPHERE of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at London, England, on May 26, 1950. FUCHS furnished the following information regarding his early background and his association with RONALD and NATALIE GURNEY.

FUCHS stated that he joined the Communist Party in Germany while he was attending the University of Kiel. He said that while at the University of Kiel, he had been the head of a group of German Communist students, and he said that the Nazi students at the University of Kiel knew of his Communist work. He stated that in March of 1933, with the burning of the Reichstag, he realized that it would be necessary for him to stop his active Communist Party work, and he therefore went He travelled to Berlin, and took up underground. studies at the University of Berlin, but a short time later the authorities there learned of his Communist Party affiliations, apparently, according to FUCHS, from the Nazi students at Kiel; and he, therefore, was forced to leave the University as he was afraid he would be taken into He thereafter, in the summer of 1933, went to custody. France, and thereafter, in September, 1933, travelled to England. FUCHS said that while at the University of Bristol, he was active on a committee helping the Spanish Republican forces, and FUCHS said that he regarded this activity as work in behalf of the Communist Party. FUCHS also said that while he was in Bristol, he attended some meetings of the Society For Cultural Relations with the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, and that he regarded this organization as being a Communist front group. He said that he was not actually a member of this society, but did go to many of the meetings. FUCHS stated that while he was at the University of Edinburgh, he organized the sending of propaganda leaflets from Scotland to Germany. He said that this was work in behalf of the German Communist Party

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FUCHS said that he became acquainted with Mr. RONALD GURNEY and his wife, NATALIE, in Bristol, England, in about 1933, and was closely acquainted with thom until at least 1937. He said that he also met the GURNEYS in Chicago, Illinois, in November of 1947. He said that consideration had been given for the employment of Dr. GURNEY at Harwell, England, on the Atomic Energy Research Plant there, FUCHS said that he would regard Dr. GURNEY as a security risk. He based this on the fact that GURNEY and his wife had both belonged to the Society for Cultural Relations with the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in Bristol during the FUCHS himself had attended meetings of this 1930's. organization, and know that Mrs. GURNEY was particularly active in the organization. FUCHS regarded the Society for Cultural Rolations with the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics as a Communist front organization.

- 32 -

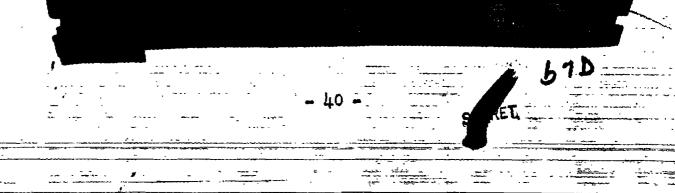


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that at that time neither RONALD nor NATALIE GURNEY was a citizen of the United States and consequently he can offer no opinion concerning their loyalty to the United States. He emphasized that he noticed nothing to reflect either was ever hostile or unfriendly toward the United States.

Interview with EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, Self-Confessed Soviet Agent, Convicted in England during 1950

S)

During the interview of EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS by Assistant Director H. H. CLEGG and Special Agent ROBERT J. LAMPHERE at London, England, on May 26, 1950, mentioned supra, FUCHS said that his statement that he would regard Dr. GURNEY as a security risk may have been somewhat prejudiced because GURNEY was turned down for employment at Harwell, England, for work on the Atomic Energy Research Plant. there. FUCHS believes that the question of loyalty possibly entered into this rejection of Dr. GURNEY but he does not know that this is absolutely a fact. FUCHS said that the question of the loyalty of Dr. GURNEY did not trouble him so much as the loyalty of Mrs. GURNEY. He explained this by saying that he did not know of any espionage activity on her part, and did not know if she would actually engage in such activity but he believed that other people might get in contact with Soviet Espionage through her. FUCHs also said that Mrs. GURNEY was not sufficiently discreat

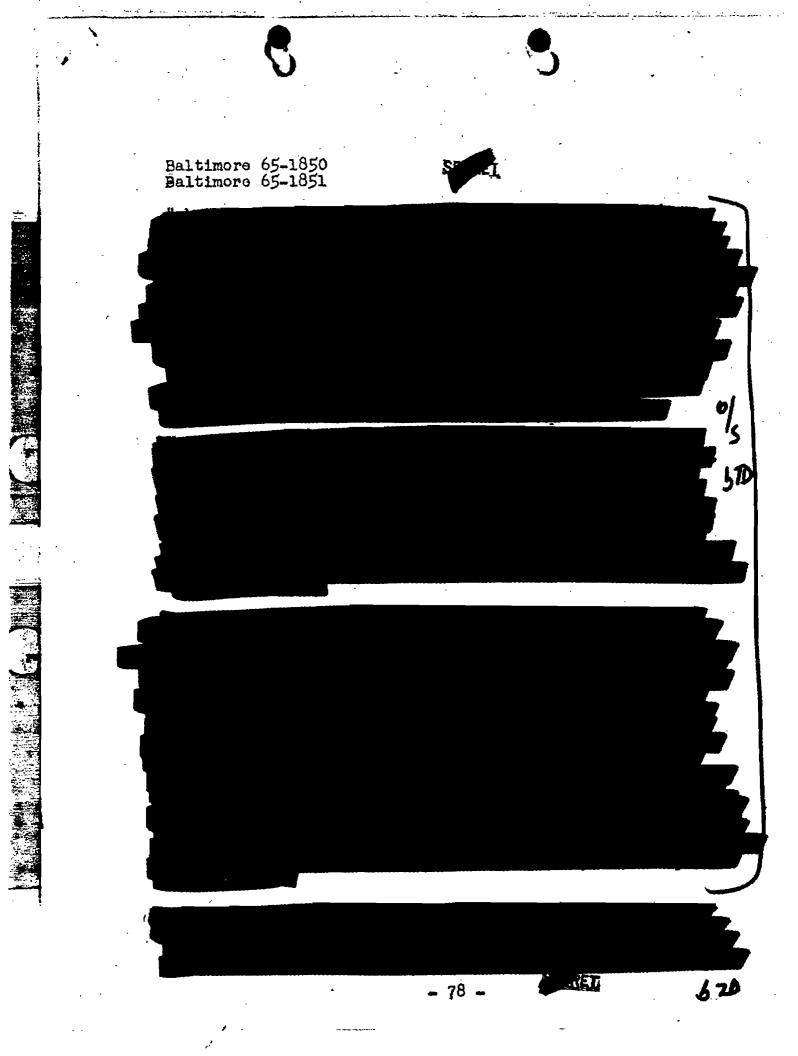
Excerpt From a Letter Dated April 24, 1950, Addressed by NATALIE GURNEY to the Baltimore Office of the FBI

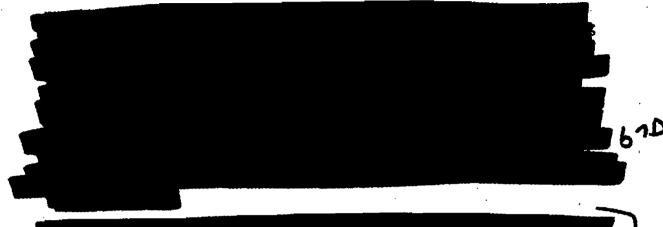
In the letter dated April 24, 1950, addressed to the Baltimore Office of the FBI, among other things, NATALIE GURNEY stated as follows:

"I realize that my case is only incidental to the major inquiry that you have on hand. If, however, in the interests of individual justice you could see:

- (1) that all the new information is included in both our files;
- (2) that a new evaluation of my own file is made as soon as possible, in conjunction with the new information, so that government agencies do not continue to receive the type of information from the FBI that leads them to the unjust and harmful conclusion that I am in any way pro-Communist in my sympathies,

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EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, montioned above, is a self-confessed Russian espionage agent.

OWEN LATTIMORE, Director of the Walter Hines Page School of International Relations, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland, in the early part of 1950, was the subject of certain allegations concerning his involvement in espionage and Communist activities. The allegations were given considerable publicity and resulted in the personal appearance of LATTIMORE before the Sub-Committee, Sonate Committee on Foreign Relations, on April 6 and 19 and May 3, 1950.

OWEN LATTIMORE has been named as a Communist by LOUIS F. BUDENZ, former Managing Editor of <u>The Daily Worker</u>, an East Coast Communist newspaper, who severed his affiliation with the Communist Party in 1945. BUDENZ, in interviews with Special Agents of the FBI in New York City during the course of another investigation, has advised that he based such characterization of LATTIMORE upon reports mentioning the latter, made between 1940 and 1944, at Political Committee meetings of the Communist Party at which high-ranking Party members, including BUDENZ, were

- 79 - SEP .....

She said that some of the people who came to her for assistance were sent with letters of introduction from the Quaker organization, but that she did not recall any instances where a person had secured such a letter prior to leaving Germany.

She advised that in 1937, she was interviewed by two representatives of Scotland Yard who informed her that a person who was attempting to land illegally in England, and was a Communist, had a letter of introduction to her among his papers. She stated that she had never learned the identity of this individual and did not know except for her conversation with the Scotland Yard men, that any Communists coming to England had a letter addressed to her.

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Mrs. GURNEY advised that she was not aware that any of her social acquaintances in New York City belonged to any organizations that were considered pro-Communist and that she had never been invited to attend any meetings of organizations which were pro-Communist, by persons who visited her home. She advised that it was customary for her to hold open-house once a week while she resided in New York City, but that these gatherings were composed for the most part of scientists with whom she and her husband had become acquainted while in New York as a result of her employment by the Southeast Asia Institute, and during the time that her husband worked for the Commonwealth Foundation.

With reference to information set out previously in this report with respect to Mrs. GURNEY's acquaintance with EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, self-confessed Russian espionage agent, Mrs. GURNEY advised that FUCHS was a student at Bristel University in 1935 and 1936 while her husband was on the faculty there. She said that FUCHS was on the fringe of her social set and she recalled several instances when he was part of a social group which included herself and Dr. GURNEY. She was unable to give any specific information concerning the number or nature of these gatherings, but advised that during the time that she knew FUCHS in Bristel, she had never observed any conduct on his part which would indicate that he was engaged in espionage or was a Russian or Communist sympathizer.

She stated that FUCHS was a member of the Society for Cultural Relations with the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Bristol Branch, but that she did not recall that he had any particular influence in this group above those of other members.

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She stated that she never saw FUCHS after she and Dr. GURNEY came to the United States in 1940, until the summer of 1948, when FUCHS visited Dr. EDWARD CELLER, a noted Hungarian physicist who, she believed, was presently connected with the Los Alamos, New Mexico Atomic Energy Project, in Chicago. Dr. TELLER resided at 5445 Ellis Avenue at that time, and the GURNEYS lived across the street. She stated that she could not recall whether TELLER had brought FUCHS over to her home or whether he had invited the GURNEYS to his house to see FUCHS. She advised that the only conversation with FUCHS at the time was to discuss former friends in England. She did not know where FUCHS had come from or where he was going subsequent to his visit to Chicago. She advised that she had never been given any indication that Dr. TELLER was pro-Russian or pro-Communist in his sympathies, and had no reason to think that his contact with FUCHS was in any way connected with FUCH's espionage activities.

Mrs. GURNEY advised that she and Dr. GURNEY had visited England in the summer of 1949, and during this visit Dr. GURNEY had occasion to go to the Harwell Institute, Atomic Energy Research Project in England. She stated that at this time, FUCHS was the head of this Institute, and anyone visiting it would have had occasion to come in contact with him, and that Dr. GURNEY did see FUCHS as a result of this visit.

She advised that Dr. HERBERT SKINNER, who succeeded FUCHS as Director of the Harwell Institute, is also an acquaintance of the GURNEYS, and commented that SKINNER was horrified at the disclosure of FUCH's espionage activities.

Mrs. GURNEY said that as a result of her reading accounts of the FUCHS case in the newspapers, she had never had any indication that any other mutual acquaintances of herself and FUCHS were part of FUCHS! espionage activities.

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Dr. GURNEY advised that his wife, NATALIE GURNEY, was then a member of the Institute of Pacific Relations, but he was unable to state whether his wife had any association with OWEN LATTIMORE through this Institute. RONALD GURNEY stated that he had not heard any remarks about OWEN LATTIMORE's "slanting his lectures at Johns Hopkins University in favor of Russia," and advised that the only criticism he could recall was that LATTIMORE was too frequently absent from Johns Hopkins University. GURNEY stated that he did not know if either his wife or OWEN LATTIMORE was a member of the Far Eastern Association.

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Dr. GURNEY advised that he first met EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS when FUCHS was one of four refugee German students at the University of Bristol, Bristol, England, in 1935. GURNEY has no recollection of FUCHS at that time other than in connection with the other refugee German students. GURNEY said there was a Professor MOTT in charge of Theoretical Physics at Bristol University at that time, and believed that FUCHS might have studied under MOTT. GURNEY next met FUCHS when FUCHS visited Argonne National Laboratory, Chicago, Illinois, in 1948. On this occasion, GURNEY said that he met FUCHS only to "say hello" and his only recollection of FUCHS at that time was that FUCHS had grown somewhat conceited considering his age, and was somewhat impressed that he, FUCHS, had three secretaries working for him. GURNEY was of the opinion that he met FUCHS on this occasion through Dr. EDWARD TELLER of the Argonne National Laboratory, stating that Dr. TELLER usually entertained foreign visitors at Argonne National Laboratory. GURNEY advised that he next met FUCHS in September, 1949, when GURNEY visited Harwell Institute in England, at the request of Sir JOHN COCKROFT, Head of Atomic Energy in England. GURNEY advised that his visit to Harwell was conducted by Dr. HERBERT SKINNER, who introduced GURNEY to FUCHS. RONALD GURNEY does not recall talking with FUCHS on this occasion.

RONALD GURNEY advised that both he and his wife were members of the Society for Cultural Relations with the U.S.S.R., Bristol, England Branch. RONALD GURNEY did not recall when he joined the group, but remembered that he left the organization in about 1936, when he came to America. GURNEY did not feel that the organization was political in nature at Bristol, and described it as a "mild" organization, designed to hear both sides of the question regarding Russia. GURNEY felt that the purpose of the organization



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was to arrange scientific meetings. He said he was interested in the organization because he has always been interested in all parts of the world, having travelled around the world on two different occasions. GURNEY stated that he did not know that FUCHS had been a member of the Society for Cultural Relations with the U.S.S.R., and expressed the opinion that since FUCHS was a "poor refugee student", FUCHS may have been allowed to participate in the group without being a member. To the best of his knowledge, GURNEY stated, the Bristol Branch of the Society for Cultural Relations with the U.S.S.R. had no propaganda motives or objectives.

GURNEY did not think that the Young Quakers Society was active at Bristol, England, but he felt that his wife had been a member of this organization in London prior to her marriage. GURNEY stated that he did not know if FUCHS had been associated with the Young Quakers Society. GURNEY described the Young Quakers Society as a part of the "Young Friends League", a junior branch of the Quaker religious body.

Dr. GURNEY stated that he had formerly been affiliated with the International Student House, which is backed by the Student Christian Union. GURNEY described this group as similar to the YMCA, although he stated that the Student Christian Union placed more emphasis on religion and had no political significance. GURNEY did not know if FUCHS had ever been a member of the International Student House. RONALD GURNEY stated that he was not familiar with the German Refugee Hospitality Committee in England and advised that he never knew of his wife, NATALIE GURNEY, being associated with this organization and further stated that he had never known of the British authorities questioning his wife regarding this organization.

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#### ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION

given Mrs. GURNEY a ride for the several blocks from their residence to the Administration Office on the campus. He remarked that at the time their conversation was very general and he can furnish nothing at all concerning the GURNEYS.

Dean GEARY EPPLEY has long been friendly with the Hyattsville Resident Agents and, as often in the past, he stated at this time that he would be glad to assist in any way possible in this matter.

Information set out above pertaining to the current whereabouts and activities of the GURNEYS has been set out in the attached report in appropriate chronological sequence.

As indicated in this report, rather extensive investigation has already been conducted regarding RONALD WILFRID GURNEY and NATALIE GURNEY, such investigation having been concerned primarily with their background, loyalty and associations. In an effort to eliminate duplication of effort in the current investigation and for the information and guidance of all offices concerned in instant investigation, there are listed below under appropriate headings the names of all individuals interviewed and all other sources checked to date during previous investigations of the GURNEYS. This list may not be complete as it was compiled only from the reports and other communications available in the files of the Baltimore Office. Individuals and other sources are listed alphabetically under the various headings, for ready reference.

#### I. INDIVIDUALS

A. 1. 1

ALPAUGH, HAROLD A., Civilian Sec. Off., Ballistics Research Laboratory, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. (BA 121-1309-8 p.4; 116-793-3 p.3)

ANDERSON, Mrs. BARNARD, 264 Lewis Street, Havre de Grace, Md. (BA 116-793-3 p.6)

ANDRES, ADOLF (Supit.), 452 Riverside Drive, New York City. (BA 65-1850-11 p.3; 65-1851-5 p.4).

BARNAUW, Prof. ADRIAAN J., President, Southeast Asia Institute, Columbia University, New York City. (BA 65-1851-5 p.2; 121-1309-18 p. 8-9)

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ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION

DIEKE, Dr. GEORGE H., Chairman, Physics Dept., Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md. (BA 121-1309-8 p.5)

EBY, Mrs. CHARLES S., 3507 Woodley Rd., NW, Washington, D.C. (BA 65-1851-6 p.2)

EISNER, ELMER, Argonne National Laboratory, Chicago, Illinois. (BA 65-1850-3 p.2)

EPPLEY, GEARY, Dean of Men, Univ. of Maryland, College Park, Md. (BA 65-1850-21)

FAUNCE, WAYNE, Assistant Director, American Museum of Natural History, New York City (BA 121-1309-18 p.11)

FISCHER, RUTH, 150 West 82nd St., New York City. (Temporary Confidential Informant of New York Office) (BA 65-1850-6 p. 1,18)

FLYNN, Mrs. WILLIAM E., 215 Tuscany Rd., Baltimoro, Md. (BA 121-1309-15 p.7)

FRAZER, JOSEPH, Chief, Internal Ballistics Section, Ballistics Research Laboratory, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md. (BA 121-1309-8 p.4; 116-793-3 p.4)

FRISCH, Mrs. ESTHER, 5436 S. Ellis Avenue, Chicago, Ill. (BA65-1850-3 p.4)

FUCHS, EMIL JULIUS KLAUS, Wormwood Scrubs Prison, London, England. (BA 65-1850-4 p.7-8)

HILLIER, Mrs. W.H., 5521 S. Blackstone Ave., Chicago, Ill. (BA 65-1850-3 p.3)

HOCH, ELSIE E., 4230 Loch Raven Boulevard, Baltimore, Md. (BA 121-1309-8 p.6)

HOLLAND, HARRY, 1153 E. 56th St., Chicago, 111. (BA 65-1851-7 p.2)

HOUYOUX, AINE, janitor, 1157 E. 56th St., Chicago, Ill. (BA 65-1850-2 p.1, -3 p.5)

**- 109** 

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Office Memorandum DATE: 8/2/51 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DIRECTOR, FBI 1 SAC, BALTIMORE EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN FROM 74 OTHERWIS SUBJECT: NATALIE GURNEY nee, NALINKA OF NATINKA KOUTEINIKOFF, Lkas, WAS ESPIONAGE - R (Bufile 65-59841) Re investigative summary report of SA FRANK G. JOHNSTONE, 4/14/51 at Baltimore. All leads set out in rerep, as well as all logical leads developed in the course of this investigation since the date of/rerep, have now been covered. Re leads set out for Baltimore in rerep, coverage of them follows as the material is not considered appropriate for an investigative report suitable for dissemination. On June 13, 1951, an unsuccessful effort was made to oG.I.R.5 tain photographs and handwriting specimens of RONALD GURNEY at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. GURNEY's 201 file had been forwarded to the Discontinued Records Branch, AGO, St. Louis, No effort was made to have GURNEY's 201 file at St. Missouri. Louis checked because other offices had obtained adequate photographs and handwriting specimens of RONALD GURNEY, in the interim. M On June 2, 1951, additional handwriting and printing and typewriting specimens, as well as a photograph, of NATALIE GURNEY were, obtained from the files of the Registrar at Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore. By letter dated June 25, 1951, these specimens and photograph were forwarded to the Bureau for examination and reproduction. Both the New York and Washington . Field Offices have also submitted additional handwriting specimens, for both RONALD AND NATALIE GURNEY. SPERAL LE LECKI By laboratory reports dated April 24, June 21, July 9 and July 18, 1951, the FBI Laboratory has advised that the handwriting and printing and typewriting of NATALIE GURNEY, as well as the handwriting of RONALD GURNEY, were compared with appropriate sections of the National Security File without effecting any identification. ್ಷೇ ಎಂದಿ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದ ಮಾಡಿದ A mail cover was maintained during the months of February and May and for brief portions of January, March and April, 1951, on the residence of RONALD and NATALIE GURNEY at College Park, R. Maryland. To date the results have only been reviewed for names of people of significance with negative results, but have not been reported. RECORDED - 90 165- 5 AUG FGJ:IW CT-MD 1951 .65-1851 COPIES DESTROYED R 28 NOV 28 1960



RE: NATALIE GURNEY

nee, NALINKA OF NATINKA KOUTEINIDOFF, akas, WAS ESPIONAGE - R (Bufile 65-59841)

8/2/51

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espionage or had ever entertained such a belief, admitting, however, that he considers NATALIE GURNEY "pro-Stalinist."

It would appear that allegation number 1 has deteriorated into a variably worded piece of gossip or personal opinion which is accompanied by no facts or proof and defies even confirmation through investigation.

Allegation #2 (quoted from Bulet dated 1/10/51) "As a further basis for the current espionage investigation, <u>EMIL</u> <u>JULUIS KLAUS (FUCHS</u>, a convicted Soviet Agent, stated to representatives of the Bureau that he was acquainted with the GURNEYS. FUCHS advised that he did not know of any espionage activities on the part of the GURNEYS but he believed that other people might get in contact with Soviet Espionage Agents through Mrs. GURNEY."

In view of the fact that this allegation appears to be only an opinion or impression of FUCHS without any basis in fact, it was suggested to the Bureau in Baltimore letter dated 6/5/51, that FUCHS be reinterviewed to ascertain if this allegation was merely an opinion or if FUCHS could document his statement with some facts or even a logical line of reasoning.

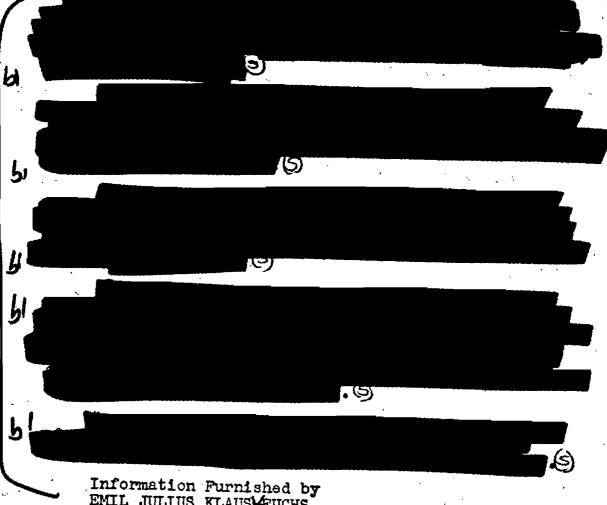
By letter dated 7/6/51, the Bureau advised that the Bureau was of the opinion that no useful purpose could be served by reinterviewing FUCHS at this time. It was pointed out that FUCHS had furnished all information recalled by him regarding subject's activities and that this allegation constituted only an opinion of FUCHS.

It is believed, in view of the results of investigation to date, that these two non-specific, unsupported allegations or opinions are not sufficient basis for a full-scale espionage investigation of NATALIE GURNEY at this time. Accordingly, it is suggested that the Bureau authorize the closing of this case until such time as developments may warrant reopening the investigation.

Also, the Bureau is requested to advise if copies of (1) report of SA GORDON PLAYMAN dated 5/2/51 at Minneapolis, Minnesota, (2) report of SA JOSEPH C. WALSH dated 6/15/51 at New York City, (3)

(4)

AU OF INV 65-1851 BALTIMORE, MD. 89701 NOR CARL ODISH DATE WHEN REPORT MADE BY REPORT MADE AT THERE OF FOR WHILE MADE HAC FRANK G. JOHNSTONE Baltimore, Md. 23, 25, 27, 29, 30, THE NATALIE GURNEY, nee 2-1,2,3,5,6,7,8, 9,10,21,23,28; CHARACTER OF CASE Nalinka or Natinka ESPIONAGE - R. Kouteinikoff, aka, Mrs. Ronald W.<sup>o</sup>Gurney, 3-1,3,5,6,7,8-51 1 Suc - 4 Pozel-7: SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Mrs. Natalie K. Gurney was []. Natalie Koutane, Netta Kutane INVESTIGATIVE SUMMARY REPORT Background, personal history and activities to date of subject and her husband, RONALD WILFRID ABO SUP . 5 ST GURNEY, detailed herein. INT LUD AL M. P. THE JULIUS TOOLS 150 in England of Soviet espionage in 1950, and an acquaintance of the GURNEYS, has advised that he knows of no espionage activities on the part of the GURNEYS, but believes other people might get in contact with Soviet espionage agents through NATALIE GURNEY. Information alleging possible Z Communist activity and pro-Russian or Soviet sympathy, as well as results of interviews with the GURNEYS, also set out. Investigation continuing to prove or disprove the above espionage allegations. 3/20/19 Metubale # 254948 ICC - Car CAGENCY/LL und B REQ. REC'D. to - INS 12/3/52 REP'T. FURW -m BY Copy O.s. APPROVED AND FORWARDED: IN CHARGE 19 DO NOT WRITE IN THES RECORDED OF THIS REPO REDED 6 Bureau 2 - ONI, Balto. 2 - Chicago 4 - Baltimore - Minneapolis - New York (65-15594) - Washington Field (121-11070 PROPERTY OF FBI-This confidential report and its contents are loaned to you by the FBI and are not to be distributed outside of agency to which loaned/ 61 JUN9 1951 AND



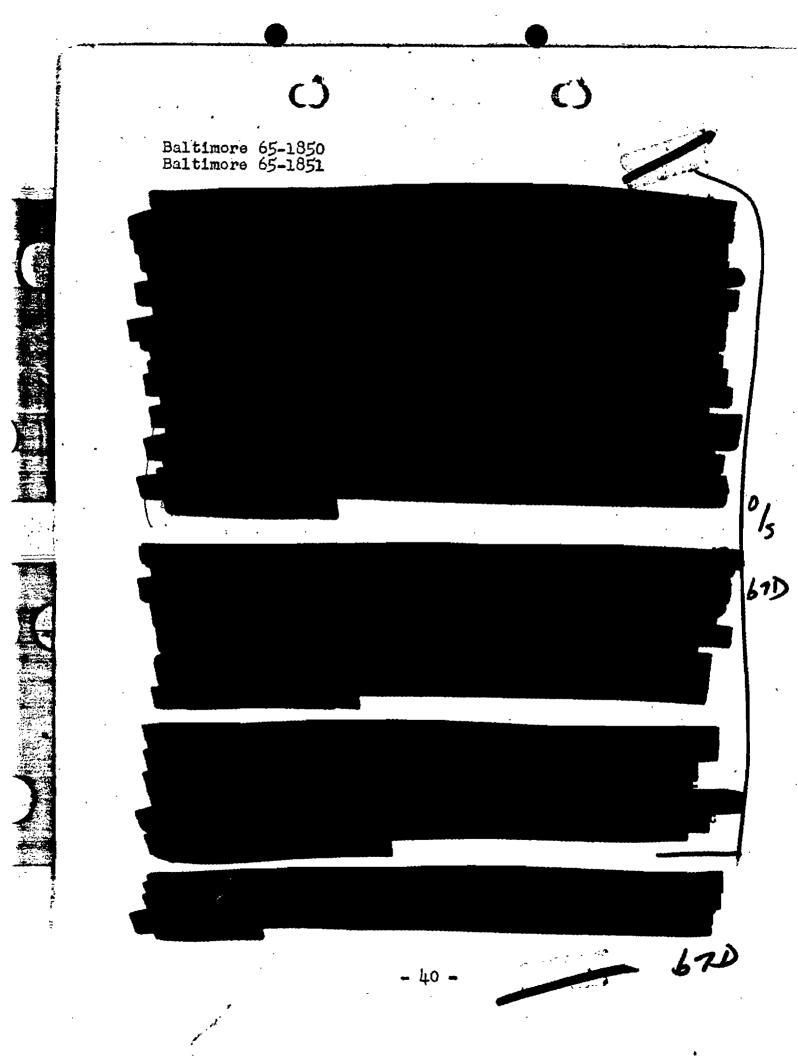
Information Furnished by EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, Self-Confessed Soviet Espionage Agent

EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, self-confessed Soviet espionage agent who was convicted during 1950 of Soviet espionage in England, and is presently serving a sentence under said conviction, was interviewed by Mr. HUGH H. CLEGG, Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and Special — Agent ROBERT J. LAMPHERE of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at London, England, on May 26, 1950. FUCHS furnished the following information regarding his early background and his association with RONALD and NATALIE GURNEY.

FUCHS stated that he joined the Communist Party in Germany while he was attending the University of Kiel. He said that while at the University of Kiel, he had been the head of a group of German Communist students, and he said that the Nazi students at the University of Kiel knew of his Communist work. He stated that in March of 1933, with the burning of the Reichstag, he realized that it would be necessary for him to stop his active Communist Party work, and he therefore went underground. He travelled to Berlin, and took up studies at the University of Berlin, but a short time later the authorities there learned of his Communist Party affiliations, apparently, according to FUCHS, from the Nazi students at Kiel; and he, therefore, was forced to leave the University as he was afraid he would be taken into custody. He thereafter, in the summer of 1933, went to France, and thereafter, in September, 1933, travelled to England. FUCHS said that while at the University of Bristol, he was active on a committee helping the Spanish Republican forces, and FUCHS said that he regarded this activity as work in behalf of the Communist Party. FUCHS also said that while he was in Bristol, he attended some meetings of the Society For Cultural Relations with the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, and that he regarded this organization as being a Communist front group. He said that he was not actually a member of this society, but did go to many of the meetings. FUCHS stated that while he was at the University of Edinburgh, he organized the sending of propaganda leaflots from Scotland to Germany. He said that this was work in behalf of the German Communist Party.

FUCHS said that he became acquainted with Mr. RONALD GURNEY and his wife, NATALIE, in Bristol, England, in about 1933, and was closely acquainted with thom until at least 1937. He said that he also met the GURNEYS in Chicago, Illinois, in November of 1947. He said that consideration had been given for the employment of Dr. GURNEY at Harwell, England, on the Atomic Energy Research Plant there. FUCHS sthat he would regard Dr. GURNEY as a security risk. FUCHS said based this on the fact that GURNEY and his wife had both belonged to the Society for Cultural Relations with the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in Bristol during the FUCHS himself had attended meetings of this 1930's. organization, and knew that Mrs. GURNEY was particularly active in the organization. FUCHS regarded the Society for Cultural Rolations with the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics as a Communist front organization.

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Baltimore 65-1850 Baltimore 65-1851

that at that time neither RONALD nor NATALIE GURNEY was a citizen of the United States and consequently he can offer no opinion concerning their loyalty to the United States. He emphasized that he noticed nothing to reflect either was ever hostile or unfriendly toward the United States.

Interview with EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, Self-Confessed Soviet Agent, Convicted in England during 1950

During the interview of EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS by Assistant Director H. H. CLEGG and Special Agent ROBERT J. LAMPHERE at London, England, on May 26, 1950, mentioned supra, FUCHS said that his statement that he would regard Dr. GURNEY as a security risk may have been somewhat prejudiced because GURNEY was turned down for employment at Harwell, England, for work on the Atomic Energy Research Plant, there. FUCHS believes that the question of loyalty possibly entered into this rejection of Dr. GURNEY but he does not know that this is absolutely a fact. FUCHS said that the question of the loyalty of Dr. GURNEY did not trouble him so much as the loyalty of Mrs. GURNEY. He explained this by saying that he did not know of any espionage activity on her part, and did not know if she would actually engage in such activity but he believed that other people might get in contact with Soviet Espionage through her. FUCHS also said that Mrs. GURNEY was not sufficiently discreet.

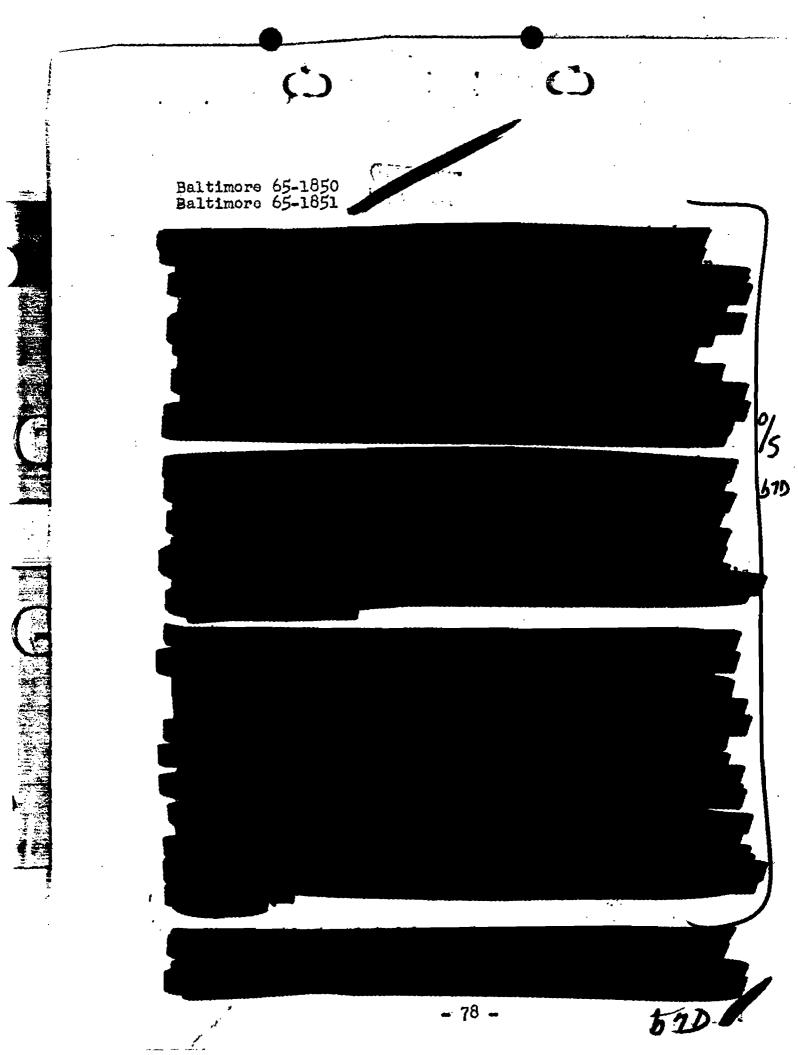
Excerpt From a Letter Dated April 24, 1950, Addressed by NATALIE GURNEY to the Baltimore Office of the FBI

In the letter dated April 24, 1950, addressed to the Baltimore Office of the FBI, among other things, NATALIE GURNEY stated as follows:

"I realize that my case is only incidental to the major inquiry that you have on hand. If, however, in the interests of individual justice you could see:

- (1) that all the new information is included in both our files;
- (2) that a new evaluation of my own file is made as soon as possible, in conjunction with the new information, so that government agencies do not continue to receive the type of information from the FBI that leads them to the unjust and harmful conclusion that I am in any way pro-Communist in my sympathies,

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Baltimore 65-1850 Baltimoro 65-1851 57] EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, montioned above, is a self-confessed b Russian espionage agent. OWEN LATTIMORE, Director of the Walter Hines Page School of International Relations, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland, in the early part of 1950, was the subject of certain allegations concerning his involvement in espionage and Communist activities. The allegations were given considerable publicity and resulted in the personal appearance of LATTIMORE before the Sub-Committee, Sonate Committee on Foreign Relations, on April 6 and 19 and May 3, 1950. OWEN LATTIMORE has been named as a Communist by LOUIS F. BUDENZ, former Managing Editor of The Daily Worker , an East Coast Communist newspaper, who severed his affiliation with the Communist Party in 1945. BUDENZ, in interviews ' with Special Agents of the FBI in New York City during the course of another investigation, has advised that he

based such characterization of LATTIMORE upon reports montioning the latter, made between 1940 and 1944, at Political Committee meetings of the Communist Party at which high-ranking Party members, including BUDENZ, were

She said that some of the people who came to her for assistance were sent with letters of introduction from the Quaker organization, but that she did not recall any instances where a person had secured such a letter prior to leaving Germany.

She advised that in 1937, she was interviewed by two representatives of Scotland Yard who informed her that a person who was attempting to land illegally in England, and was a Communist, had a letter of introduction to her among his papers. She stated that she had never learned the identity of this individual and did not know except for her conversation with the Scotland Yard men, that any Communists coming to England had a letter addressed to her.

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Mrs. GURNEY advised that she was not aware that any of her social acquaintances in New York City belonged to any organizations that were considered pro-Communist and that she had never been invited to attend any meetings of organizations which were pro-Communist, by persons who visited her home. She advised that it was customary for her to hold open-house once a week while she resided in New York City, but that these gatherings were composed for the most part of scientists with whom she and her husband had become acquainted while in New York as a result of her employment by the Southeast Asia Institute, and during the time that her husband worked for the Commonwealth Foundation.

With reference to information set out previously in this report with respect to Mrs. GURNEY's acquaintance with EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, self-confessed Russian espionage agent, Mrs. GURNEY advised that FUCHS was a student at Bristel University in 1935 and 1936 while her husband was on the faculty there. She said that FUCHS was on the fringe of her social set and she recalled several instances when he was part of a social group which included herself and Dr, GURNEY. She was unable to give any specific information concerning the number or nature of these gatherings, but advised that during the time that she knew FUCHS in Bristel, she had never observed any conduct on his part which would indicate that he was engaged in espionage or was a Russian or Communist sympathizer.

She stated that FUCHS was a member of the Society for Cultural Relations with the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Bristol Branch, but that she did not recall that he had any particular influence in this group above those of other members.

She stated that she never saw FUCHS after she and Dr. GURNEY came to the United States in 1940, until the summer of 1948, when FUCHS visited Dr. EDWARD FELLER, a noted Hungarian physicist who, she believed, was presently connected with the Los Alamos, New Mexico Atomic Energy Project, in Chicago. Dr. TELLER resided at 5445 Ellis Avenue at that time, and the GURNEYS lived across the street. She stated that she could not recall whether TELLER had brought FUCHS over to her home or whether he had invited the GURNEYS to his house to see FUCHS. She advised that the only conversation with FUCHS at the time was to discuss former friends in England. She did not know where FUCHS had come from or where he was going subsequent to his visit to Chicago. She advised that she had never been given any indication that Dr. TELLER was pro-Russian or pro-Communist in his sympathies, and had no reason to think that his contact with FUCHS was in any way connected with FUCH's espionage activities.

Mrs. GURNEY advised that she and Dr. GURNEY had visited England in the summer of 1949, and during this visit Dr. GURNEY had occasion to go to the Harwell Institute, Atomic Energy Research Project in England. She stated that at this time, FUCHS was the head of this Institute, and anyone visiting it would have had occasion to come in contact with him, and that Dr. GURNEY did see FUCHS as a result of this visit.

She advised that Dr. HERBERT SKINNER, who succeeded FUCHS as Director of the Harwell Institute, is also an acquaintance of the GURNEYS, and commented that SKINNER was horrified at the disclosure of FUCH's espionage activities.

Mrs. GURNEY said that as a result of her reading accounts of the FUCHS case in the newspapers, she had never had any indication that any other mutual acquaintances of herself and FUCHS were part of FUCHS: espionage activities.

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Dr. GURNEY advised that his wife, NATALIE GURNEY, was then a member of the Institute of Pacific Relations, but he was unable to state whether his wife had any association with OWEN LATTIMORE through this Institute. RONALD GURNEY stated that he had not heard any remarks about OWEN LATTIMORE's "slanting his lectures at Johns Hopkins University in favor of Russia," and advised that the only criticism he could recall was that LATTIMORE was too frequently absent from Johns Hopkins University. GURNEY stated that he did not know if either his wife or OWEN LATTIMORE was a member of the Far Eastern Association.

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Dr. GURNEY advised that he first met EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS when FUCHS was one of four refugee German students at the University of Bristol, Bristol, England, in 1935. GURNEY has no recollection of FUCHS at that time other than in connection with the other refugee German students. GURNEY said there was a Professor MOTT in charge of Theoretical Physics at Bristol University at that time, and believed that FUCHS might have studied under MOTT. GURNEY next met FUCHS when FUCHS visited Argonne National Laboratory, Chicago, Illinois, in 1948. On this occasion, GURNEY said that he met FUCHS only to "say hello" and his only recollection of FUCHS at that time was that FUCHS had grown somewhat conceited considering his age, and was somewhat impressed that he, FUCHS, had three secretaries working for him. GURNEY was of the opinion that he met FUCHS on this occasion through Dr. EDWARD TELLER of the Argonne National Laboratory, stating that Dr. TELLER usually entertained foreign visitors at Argonne National Laboratory. GURNEY advised that he next met FUCHS in September, 1949, when GURNEY visited Harwell Institute in England, at the request of Sir JOHN COCKROFT, Head of Atomic Energy in England. GURNEY advised that his visit to Harwell was conducted by Dr. HERBERT SKINNER, who introduced GURNEY to FUCHS. RONALD GURNEY does not recall talking with FUCHS on this occasion.

RONALD GURNEY advised that both he and his wife were members of the Society for Cultural Relations with the U.S.S.R., Bristol, England Branch. RONALD GURNEY did not recall when he joined the group, but remembered that he left the organization in about 1936, when he came to America. GURNEY did not feel that the organization was political in nature at Bristol, and described it as a "mild" organization, designed to hear both sides of the question regarding Russia. GURNEY felt that the purpose of the organization

was to arrange scientific meetings. He said he was interested in the organization because he has always been interested in all parts of the world, having travelled around the world on two different occasions. GURNEY stated that he did not know that FUCHS had been a member of the Society for Cultural Relations with the U.S.S.R., and expressed the opinion that since FUCHS was a "poor refugee student", FUCHS may have been allowed to participate in the group without being a member. To the best of his knowledge, GURNEY stated, the Bristol Branch of the Society for Cultural Relations with the U.S.S.R. had no propaganda motives or objectives.

GURNEY did not think that the Young Quakers Society was active at Bristol, England, but he felt that his wife had been a member of this organization in London prior to her marriage. GURNEY stated that he did not know if FUCHS had been associated with the Young Quakers Society. GURNEY described the Young Quakers Society as a part of the YYoung Friends League", a junior branch of the Quaker religious body.

Dr. GURNEY stated that he had formerly been affiliated with the International Student House, which is backed by the Student Christian Union. GURNEY described this group as similar to the YMCA, although he stated that the Student Christian Union placed more emphasis on religion and had no political significance. GURNEY did not know if FUCHS had ever been a member of the International Student House. RONALD GURNEY stated that he was not familiar with the German Refugee Hospitality Committee in England and advised that he never knew of his wife, NATALIE GURNEY, being associated with this organization and further stated that he had never known of the British authorities questioning his wife regarding this organization.

PENDING-

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#### ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION

given Mrs. GURNEY a ride for the several blocks from their residence to the Administration Office on the campus. He remarked that at the time their conversation was very general and he can furnish nothing at all concerning the GURNEYS.

Dean GEARY EPPLEY has long been friendly with the Hyattsville Resident Agents and, as often in the past, he stated at this time that he would be glad to assist in any way possible in this matter.

Information set out above pertaining to the current whereabouts and activities of the GURNEYS has been set out in the attached report in appropriate chronological sequence.

As indicated in this report, rather extensive investigation has already been conducted regarding RONALD WILFRID-GURNEY and NATALIE GURNEY, such investigation having been concerned primarily with their background, loyalty and associations. In an effort to eliminate duplication of effort in the current investigation and for the information and guidance of all offices concerned in instant investigation, there are listed below under appropriate headings the names of all individuals interviewed and all other sources checked to date during previous investigations of the GURNEYS. This list may not be complete as it was compiled only from the reports and other communications available in the files of the Baltimore Office. Individuals and other sources are listed alphabetically under the various headings, for ready reference.

#### I. INDIVIDUALS

ALPAUGH, HAROLD A., Civilian Sec. Off., Ballistics Research Laboratory, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland. (BA 121-1309-8 p.4; 116-793-3 p.3)

ANDERSON, Mrs. BARNARD, 264 Lewis Street, Havre de Grace, Md. (BA 116-793-3 p.6)

ANDRES, ADOLF (Supit.), 452 Riverside Drive, New York City. (BA 65-1850-11 p.3; 65-1851-5 p.4).

BARNAUW, Prof. ADRIAAN J., President, Southeast Asia Institute, Columbia University, New York City. (BA 65-1851-5 p.2; 121-1309-18 p. 8-9)

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ADMINISTRATIVE SECTION

DIEKE, Dr. GEORGE H., Chairman, Physics Dept., Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md. (BA 121-1309-8 p.5)

EBY, Mrs. CHARLES S., 3507 Woodley Rd., NW, Washington, D.C. (BA 65-1851-6 p.2)

EISNER, ELMER, Argonne National Laboratory, Chicago, Illinois. (BA 65-1850-3 p.2)

EPPLEY, GEARY, Dean of Men, Univ. of Maryland, College Park, Md. (BA 65-1850-21)

FAUNCE, WAYNE, Assistant Director, American Museum of Natural History, New York City (BA 121-1309-18 p.11)

FISCHER, RUTH, 150 West 82nd St., New York City. (Temporary Confidential Informant of New York Office) (BA 65-1850-6 p. 1,18)

FLYNN, Mrs. WILLIAM E., 215 Tuscany Rd., Baltimoro, Md. (BA 121-1309-15 p.7)

FRAZER, JOSEPH, Chief, Internal Ballistics Section, Ballistics Research Laboratory, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md. (BA 121-1309-8 p.4; 116-793-3 p.4)

FRISCH, Mrs. ESTHER, 5436 S. Ellis Avenue, Chicago, Ill. (BA65-1850-3 p.4)

FUCHS, EMIL JULIUS KLAUS, Wormwood Scrubs Prison, London, England. (BA 65-1850-4 p.7-8)

HILLIER, Mrs. W.H., 5521 S. Blackstone Ave., Chicago, Ill. (BA 65-1850-3 p.3)

HOCH, ELSIE E., 4230 Loch Raven Boulevard, Baltimore, Md. (BA 121-1309-8 p.6)

HOLLAND, HARRY, 1153 E. 56th St., Chicago, Ill. (BA 65-1851-7 p.2)

HOUYOUX, AINE, janitor, 1157 E. 56th St., Chicago, Ill. (BA 65-1850-2 p.1, -3 p.5)

fice Memor indum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DIRECTOR, FBI

SAC. BALTIMORE

6/5/51

DATE:

NATALIE GURNEY, aka SUBIECT: ESPIONACE - R

(Bufile 65-59844)

Rerep of SA FRANK G. JOHNSTONE, 4/14/51, Baltimore.

At page 44 of rerep, the results of an interview at London, England 5/26/51 with ENIL JULIUS KLAUS/FUCHS, are set out. It is stated that FUCHS said on this occasion that the question of the loyalty of Dr. GURNEY did not trouble him so much as the loyalty of Mrs. GURNEY. He explained this by saying that he did not know of any espionage activity on her part, and did not know if she would actually engage in such activity but he believed that other people might get in contact with Soviet Espionage through her. FUCHS also said Mrs. GURNEY was not sufficiently discreet.

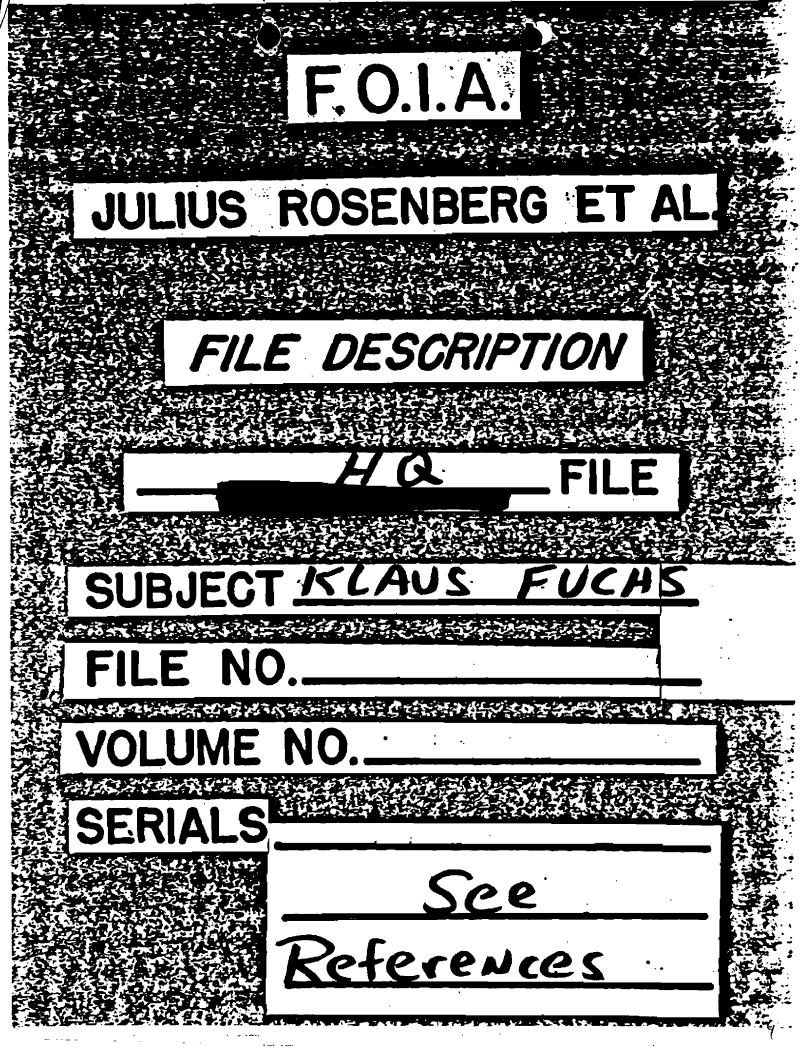
This vagary constitutes one of the two allegations which has occasioned an espionage investigation of NATALIE GURNEY. From the text, it would appear that the above is merely an opinion or impression of FUCHS without any basis in fact. If this is true, it would appear that nothing much can be done about it, except that it would tend to weight or evaluate the allegation in better proportion.

If it is advisable or possible at this time, it is suggested that FUCHS be reinterviewed to ascertain if this allegation is purely an opinion or if FUCHS can document the above statement with some facts or even a logical line of reasoning. Further, it is suggested that this reinterview, if possible. be conducted by the Bureau's London representative rather than British Intelligence.

EX. - 52

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED BY 3012 PUT CL3 65-598 65-1851 DATE 6.11.87 #861840 FGJ:ah **RECORDED - 46** Bet Baltimare B. L. J. 7-6-5/ 1. INDEVED - 48

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	*	ROBERT EDWIN JOHN; DOROTHEA DOUGLAS JOH Douglas	CHARACTER OF CASE ESPIONAGE - R						
		SYNOPSIS OF FACTE:			7.	K 5-1			
	*	Recent investigation of HARRIS LOUIS MAYER, scientist employed at Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM, and husband of reported contact of subject DOROTHEA JOHN in 1952, did not reveal any further indication of such acquaintanceship or association. HARRIS MAYER was							
		acquainted with KIAU: part of 1944.	FHCHS at		ty for short time in L-1940CV 7 FORMATION CONTAIL	-			
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AQ 65-129

Mrs. HARRIS MAYER

Mrs. HARRIS MAYER

JAITHEDITHOO Hadassah 1819 Broadway New York 23, N. Y.

Hadessah 1819 Broedway New York 23, N. Y.

Mrs. HARRIS MAYER

Hadassah Mt. Plains Region, 2005 Grand Avenue Pueblo, Colo. New York, N. Y. December 11, 1953

New York, N. Y. December 3, 1953

Pueblo, Colo. December 12, 1953 8:00 P.M.

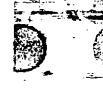
Under date of January 15, 1954, the Newark Office advised that H. E. KNUDSON resides at 1917 Parkwood Drive, Scotch Plains, N. J., and that indices of that office are negative as to such name.

On February 14, 1950, HARRIS LOUIS MAYEB was interviewed at Los Alamos by SA J. JEROME MAXWELL relative to KLAUS FUCHS. MAYER stated at that time that he had not been employed at Los Alamos at the same time as FUCHS, but that he had known FUCHS in New York City during the early part of 1944. MAYER stated that at the time he was employed at the Columbia University Division os War Research, and that members of the British Mission, including FUCHS, occasionally came to such offices for conferences. He stated that his only contact with FUCHS was at these conferences. He added that several other scientists or employees attended these meetings and had similar contacts with FUCHS. He said he did not have any other contact with KLAUS FUCHS and was unable to furnish any other information concerning him.

Confidential Informants T-2, T-3, T-4, T-5 and T-6, known reliability, who are acquainted with Communist Party members and Communist Party activity in the Northern New Mexico area, advised that HARRIS LOUIS MAYER and ROSALIE ANN MAYER are unknown to them and that they have never known the name of either of these individuals to ever be mentioned in connection with any Communist Party activity.

-RUC-



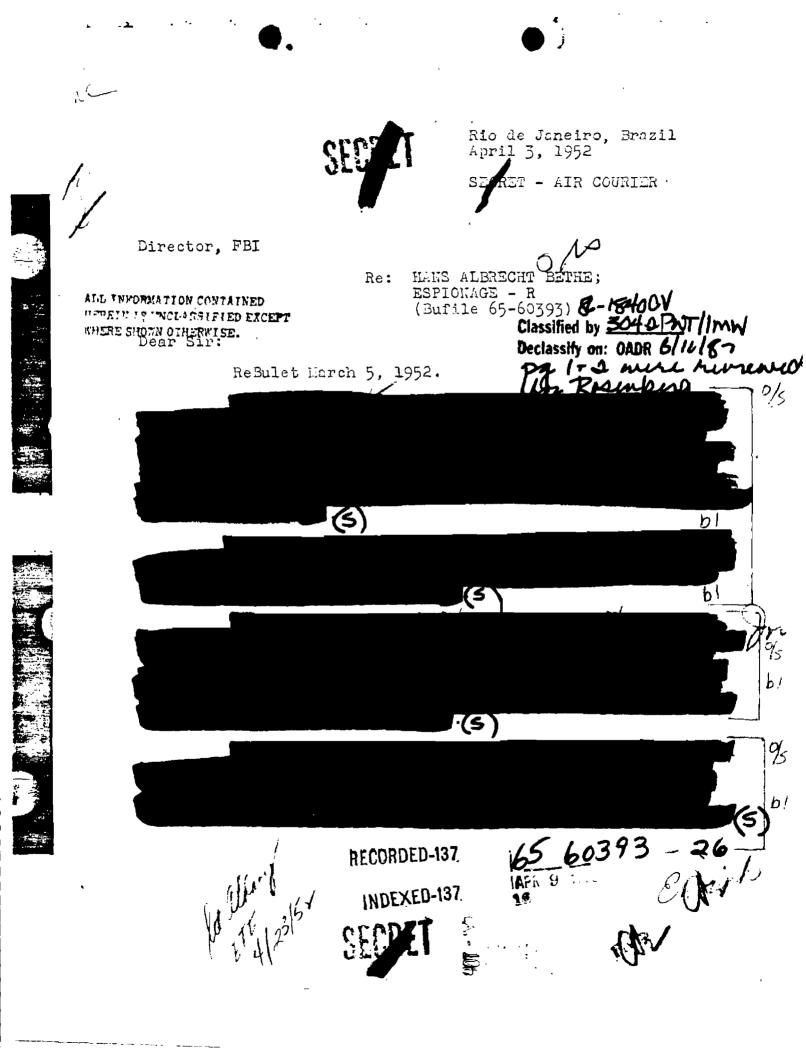


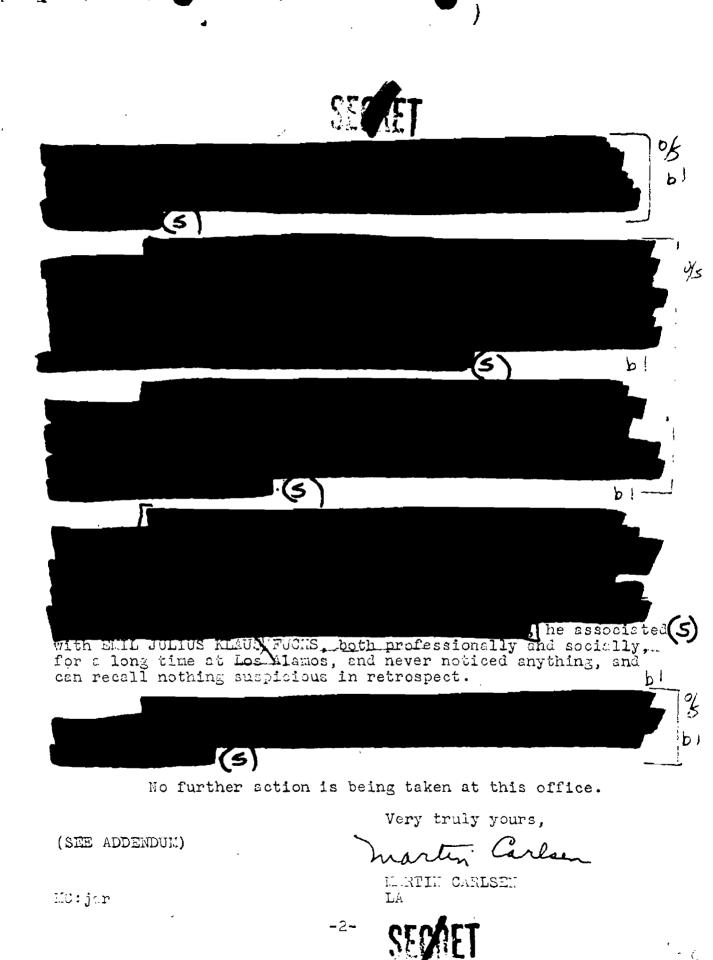
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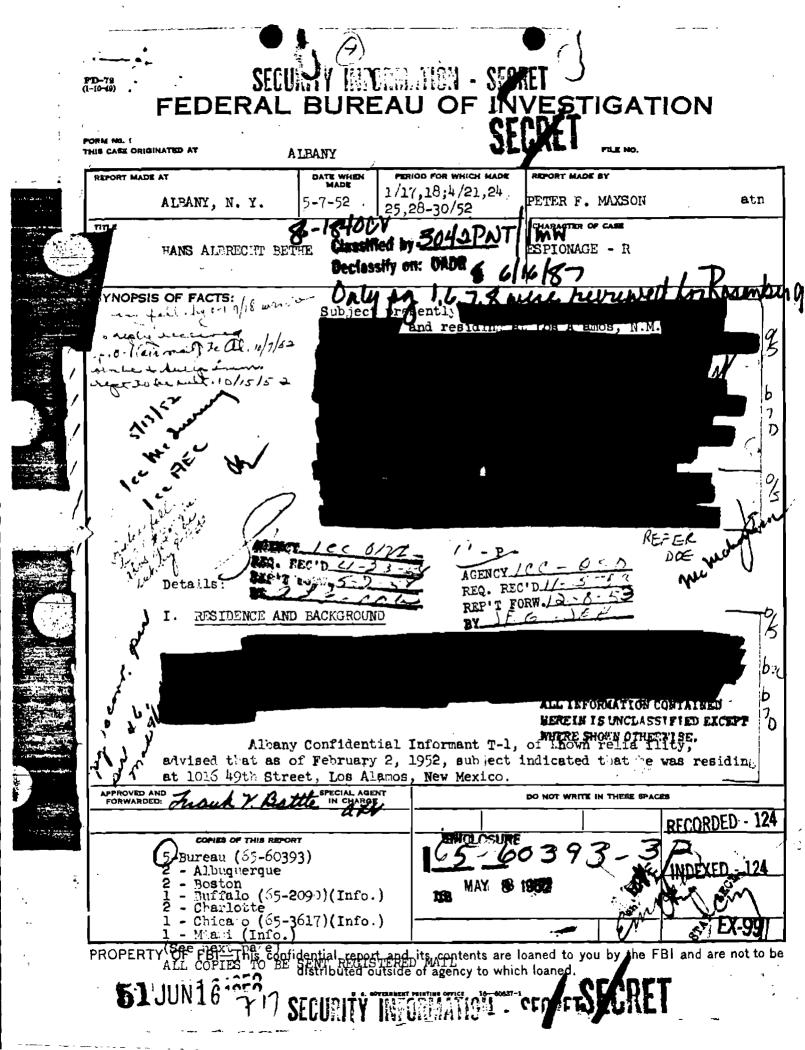


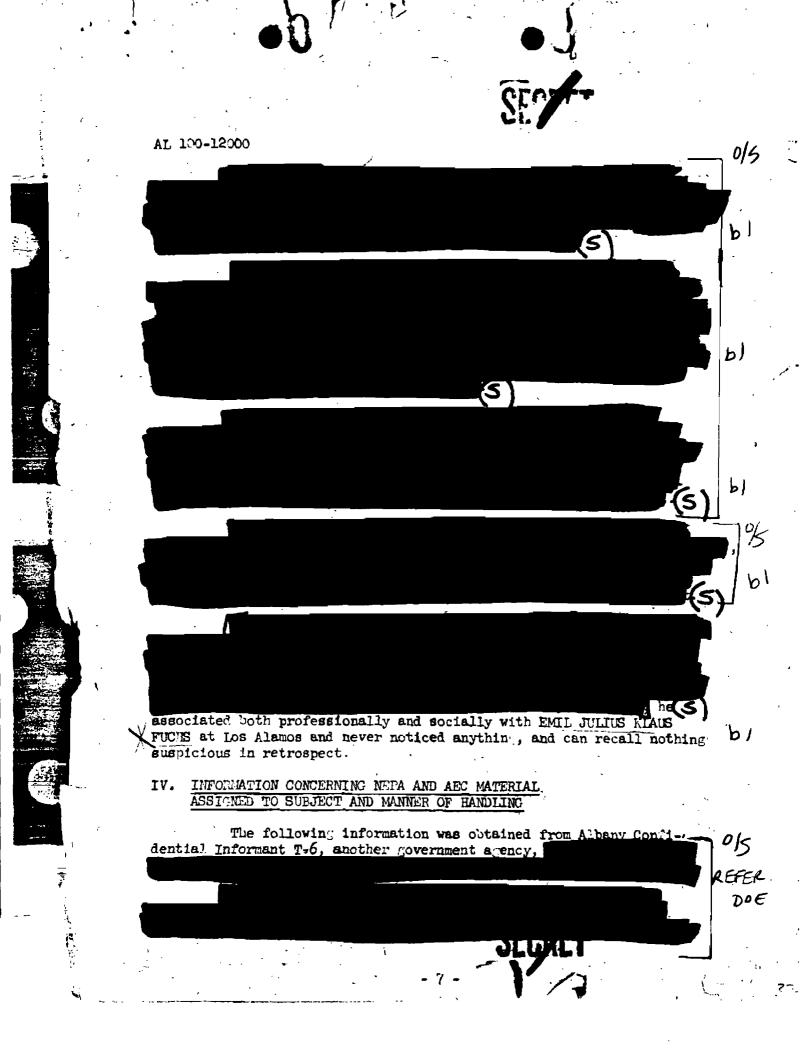


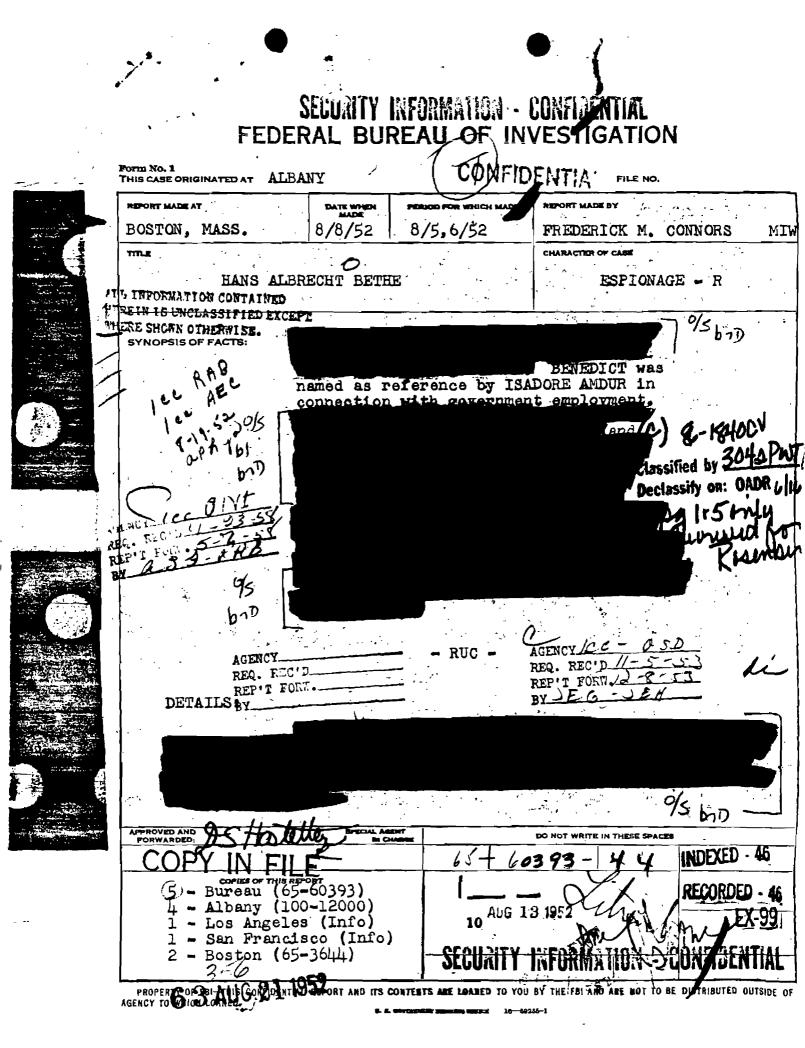


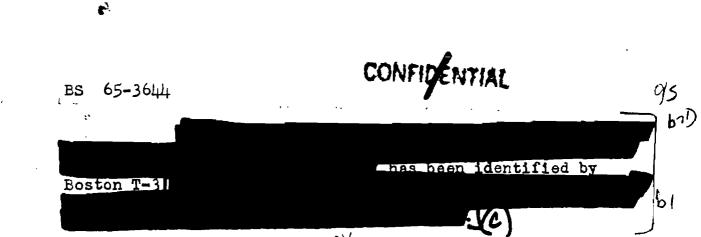


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EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, self-admitted Soviet espionage agent convicted by the British Government on charges of disclosing United States atomic energy secrets and presently committed to Wormwood Scrubs Prison, England, was interviewed during May of 1950 at which time he stated that after his arrival at New York City during the last war, he took up employment as part of the official British mission which had its offices at 43 Exchange Place, New York City. FUCHS said that the British mission was working with officials of the Kellex Corporation which was under the control of the Manhattan Engineering District. FUCHS said the work of the British mission was with respect to developing the mathematical theory for the building of a chemical plant with regard to gaseous diffusion process. FUCHS stated one of his immediate contacts in the Kellex Corporation was MANSON BENEDICT. FUCHS advised, however, that he knew of no espionage or Communist activity on the part of BENEDICT.

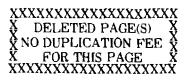


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### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
$\boxtimes$	Deleted under exemption(s) $b_2$ $b_7D$ with no segregable material available for release to you.
	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.
	Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).
	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
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# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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## NY 65-16235 NY 65-15852 116 EMIL JULIUS KLAUSXFUCHS, self confessed and convicted Soviet espionage agent, furnished information to the 16.1 effect that for purposes of an alternato espionage contact he had been supplied with the name Mr. SUKHOMLIN, 2 Rue トムノインビ Adolphe Bartholdi, Peris, France. This occurred after FUCHS had returned to the United Kingdom from the United States. °f T-1, of known reliability, advised that at that time 61 トラレ 670 By letter, deted October 5, 1953, received at the Now York Office on October 7, 1953, boc 620 CORRESPONDINCE OF FUFROSIMA and NUKOLAN SHFSTUN T-2, of known reliability, advised that EVFROSIVA dispetched correspondence to her son, DEVITRIUS, in Washington, D.C. on the following dates: 1

REAU OF IN **SATION** FEDER THE CASE OMOMATED AT WASHINGTON FIELD Atomic En DATA PROF PESTP ERIOD FOR WHICH MAD REPORT MADE AT DATE WHEN REPORT MADE BY MADE 8/8,11-15,18-22, WASHINGTON, D. C. JOE R. CRAIG JRC/adg 25-28/52 8 1957 SF CHARACTER OF CASE TITLE CHANGED: JOSEPH ALSOP. ESPIONAGE - X STEWART ALSOP. UNKNOWN SUBJECT Columns of Mar 5 and June 18. 1012 SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Carles referred w AEC #86-1840CI Classified by 3049 0000 Declassify on: OADR 6 /12/87 C. Aneres 3,14,20 Ne Rules, AEC 7,18,35 AT WASHINGTON, D. C. DETAILS: 000 ડે () The title of this matter has been changed to include the ALSOP column of June 18, 1952, an additionally pertinent column. 2 74-18470.V a securidages! 11 13 3 contario 24 any da SPECIAL AGENT APPROVED AND DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES BOUSAN IN CHARGE BECORDE 20 COPIES OF THIS REPORT INDEXED-86 EP 15 15 5)- Bureau (65-61000) γ. Se . - Washington Field (65-5722) 3 : 14 60 OCT 14 1952 PROPERTY OF FBI - This confidential report and its contents are loaned to you by the FBI and are not to be distributed outside of ageness to which loaned. SECTION 

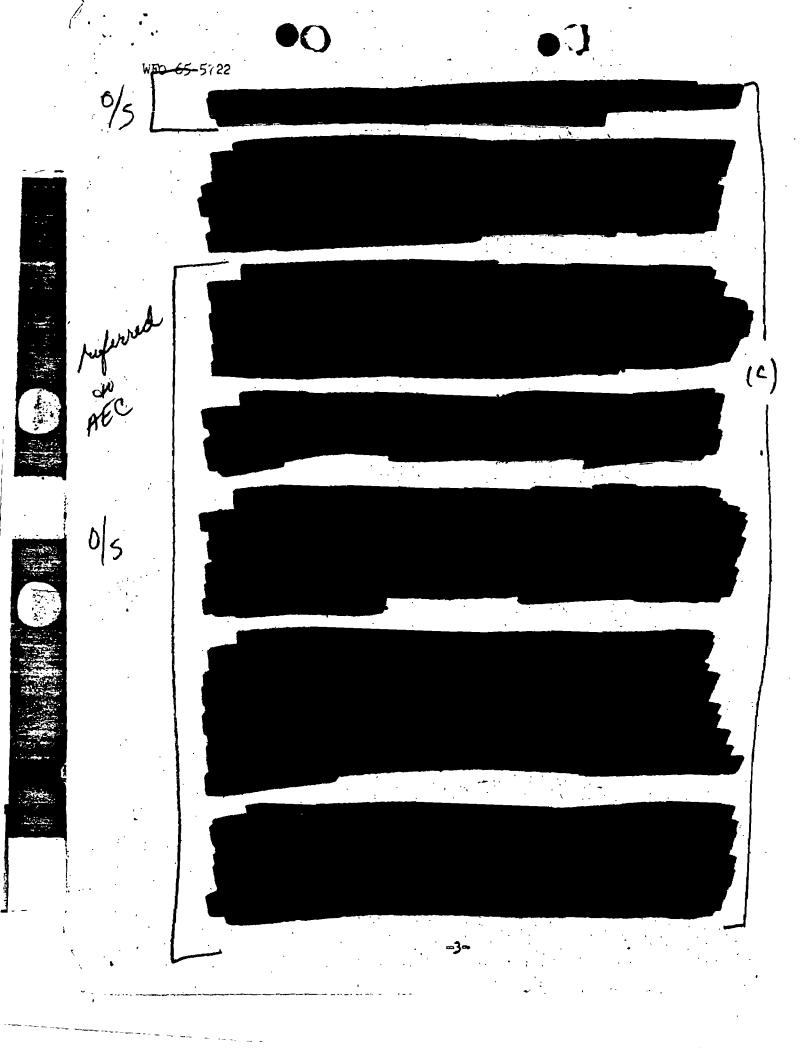
WF0 65-5722

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#### I. BASIS

Instant investigation involving JOSEPH and STEWART ALSOP was initiated upon the basis of information set forth in a letter of May 13, 1952, from J. A. WATERS, Director, Security Division, Atomic Energy Commission, inviting attention to the ALSOP article of May 5, 1952. Such letter noted that the subject article contained the following statements considered to be "Securicted Data":

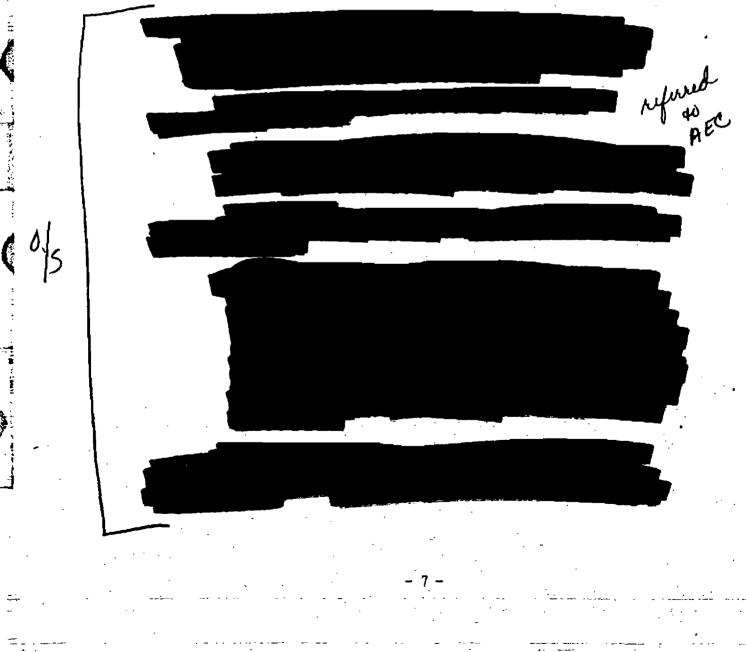
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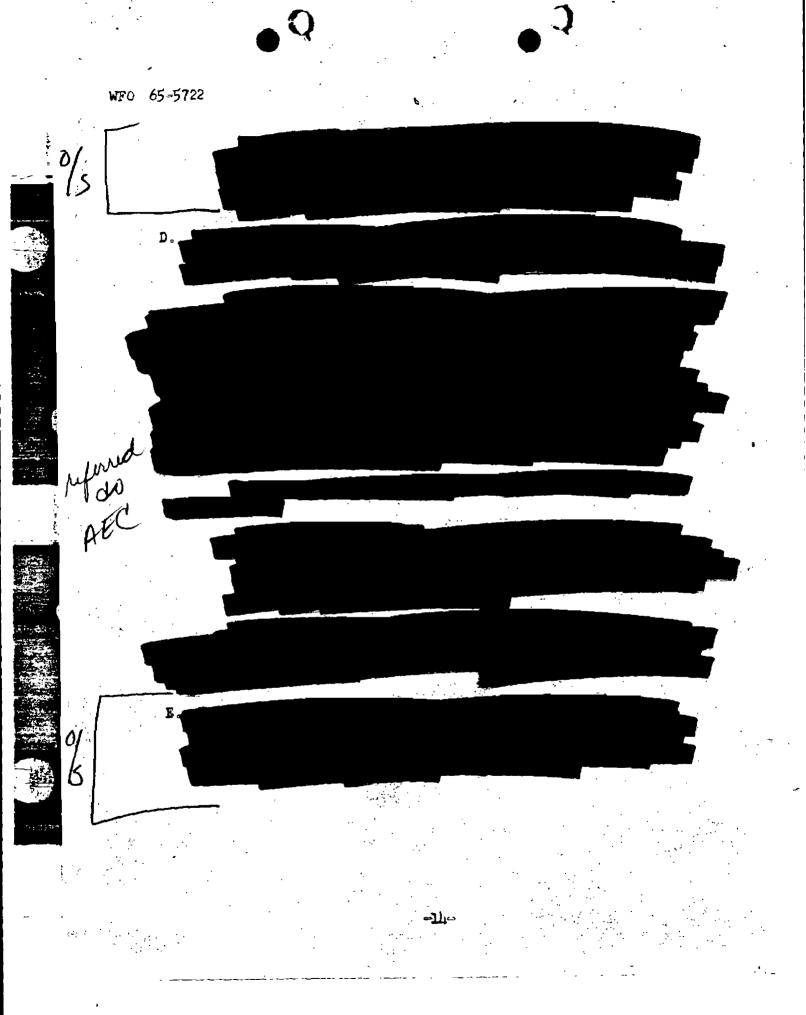


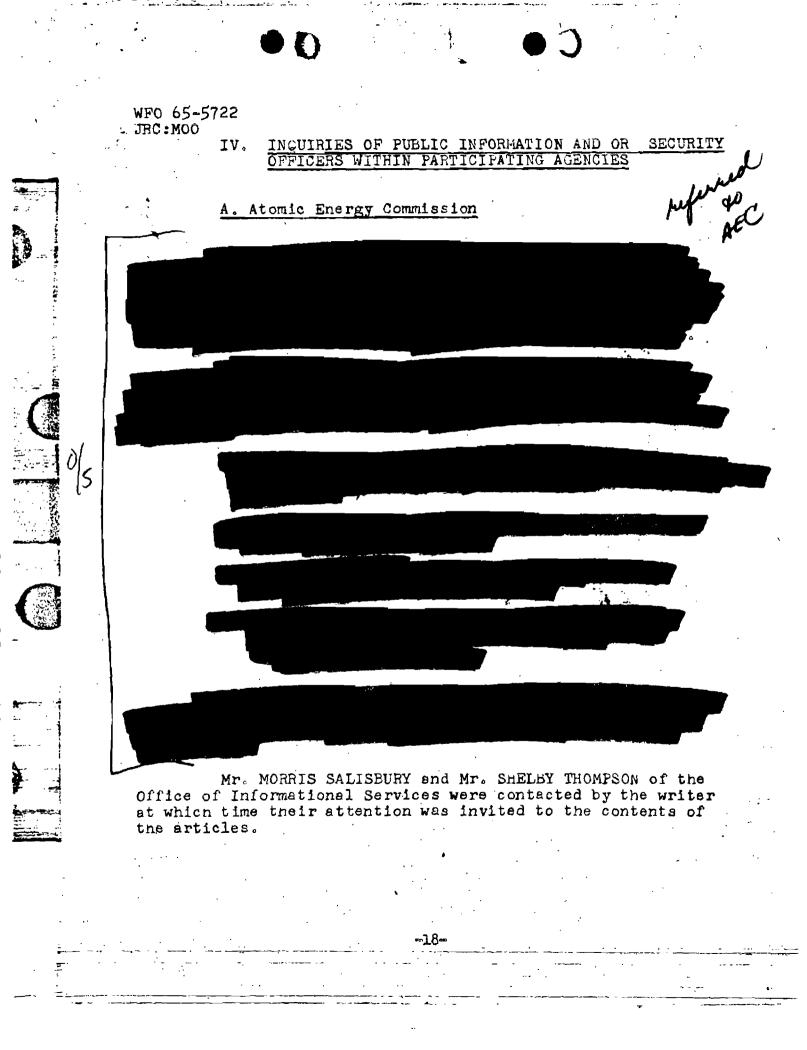
#### WFO 65-5722

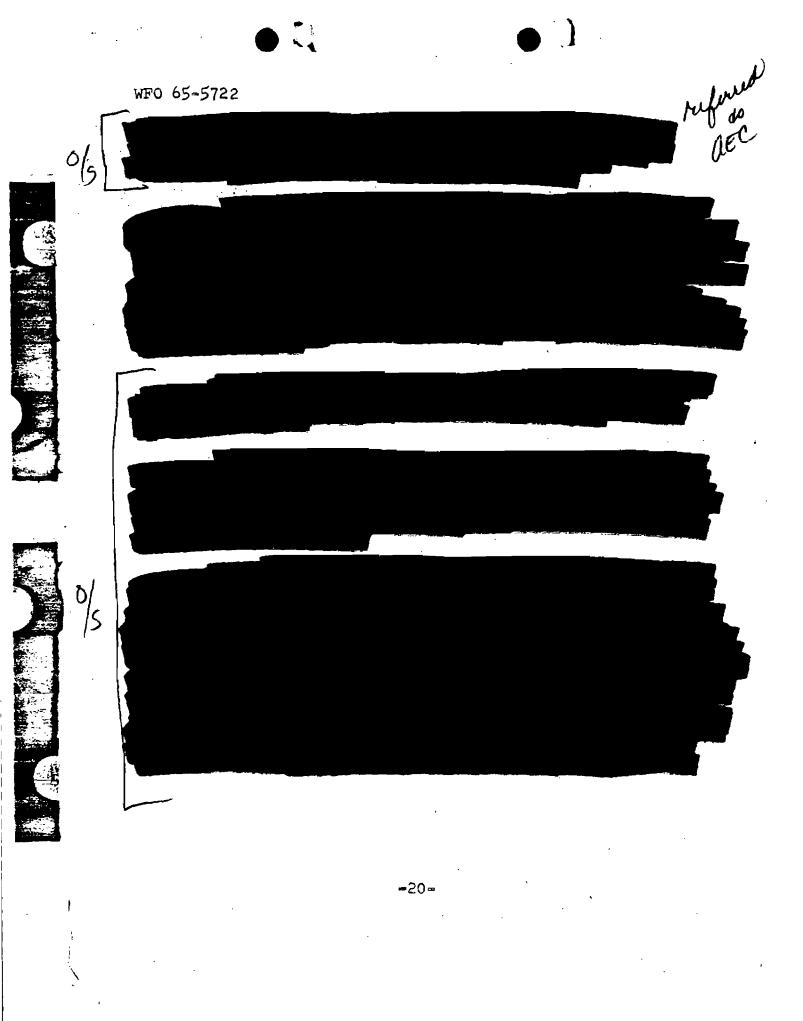
#### III. INFORMATION RELEASED CONCERNING THERMONUCLEAR RESEARCH AND RELATED TESIS

Mr. MORSE SALISBURY and Mr. SHELBY THOMPSON, of the Office of Informational Services, Atomic Energy Commission, were contacted by the writer relative to official releases and published information concerning thermonuclear research and/or related tests. In this connection, Mr. SALISBURY and Mr. PHOMPSON called attention to the following materials, indicating such to contain the extent of officially released information pertaining to AEC research and progress on a thermonuclear device and related tests, to their knowledge:









JRC/adg WFO 65-5722

#### ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

It will be noted that WFO in let of August 12, 1952, requested Bureau consideration as to authorizing contact with JOHN F. LODSBROCK of "Air Force" magazine, indicated to be the author of an article "The Inexcusable Risk", appearing in the June 1952 issue of "Air Force" magazine and referred to herein.

By letter of August 20, 1952, the Bureau advised that an interview was not desired with LOOSBROCK at this time and that the contents of the above article were being called to the attention of the Atomic Energy Commission.

This report is being classified security information top secret inasmuch as the details makes reference to information previously indicated to be considered restricted data - top secret by the Atomic Energy Commission.



LEADS

INFORMANTS

T-1

WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

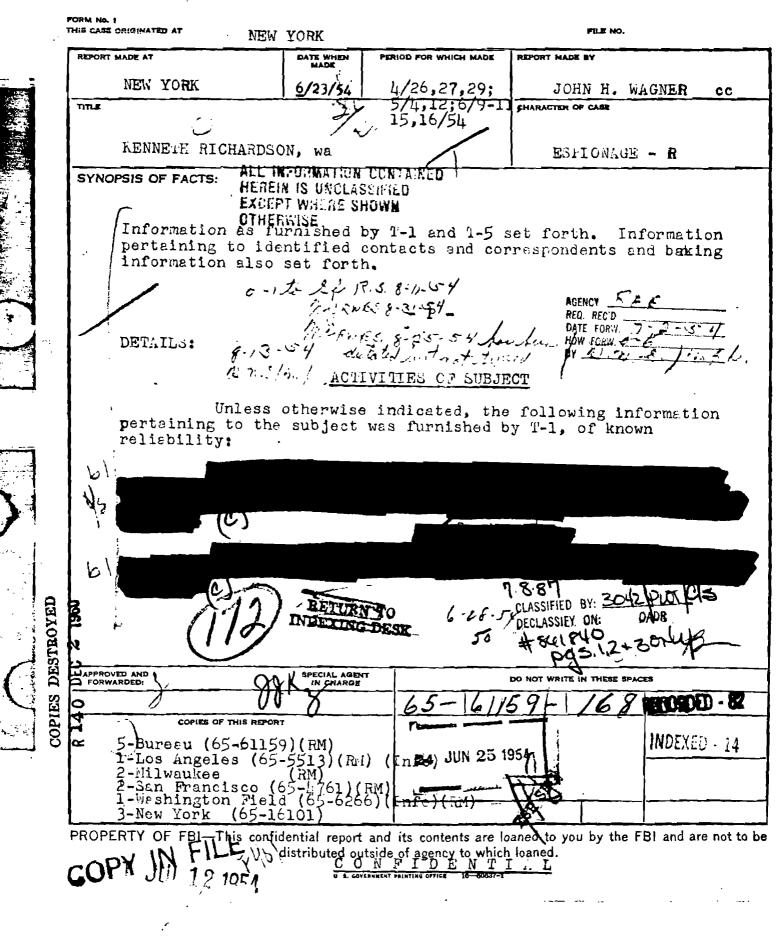
#### At Washington, D. C.

Will upon receipt of appropriate Bureau authority interview JOSEPH and STEWART ALSOP relative to the source or sources of the information contained in the subject articles, which has previously been indicated to be considered "restricted data" by the Atomic Energy Commission.

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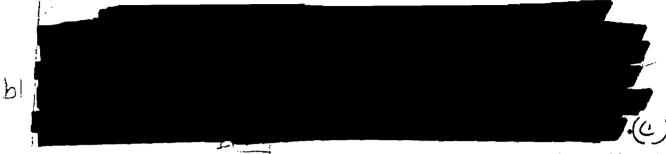
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## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION





NY 65-16101



It is noted that the Baltimore, Maryland, telephone directory contains a residence listing for Dr. JOHN T. KING, 219 West Lavalle Street of Madison 3-1387 and an office listing of Lafayette 3-5751 at 1210 Eutaw Place.

T-10, of known reliability, in June, 1951, furnished names and addresses of individuals whom he believed to have been acquaintances or contacts of NATALLE GURNEY or her husband Dr. - Aler RONALD WILFRID GURNEY among which was contained the name of Dr. JOHN T. KING, 1210 Eutaw Place.

It is noted that EMIL JULIUS FUCHS, convicted in England of Soviet Espionage in 1950 and an acquaintance of the GURNEYS in 1950, advised that he knows of no espionage activities on the GURNEYS' part but believed other people might get in touch with Soviet espionage agents through NATALIE GURNEY.

On May 29, 1954, the subject was in contact with an unidentified man at telephone number Liggett 4-4991. The

-3- With a final

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION CONFIDENT. Form No. 1 THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK REPORT MADE BY REPORT MADE AT DATE WHEN 9,13,17 AUG 2 4 1954 JOHN H. WAGNER NEW YORK :8/ (3,5,10-12) TJD 7111.8 CHARACTER OF CASE KENNETH RICHARDSON, wa ESPIONAGE - R . . SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Information as furnished by T-1 and T-3 relative to subject's set forth. No pertinent information noted in RICHARDSON's bank accounts. n. Joll 10-11-5 35. n. 3/ml R.W. 85. 10-1 RA AGENCY . REQ. REC'D DATE FORW. HOW FORW. DETAILS Unless otherwise indicated the following information pertaining to the subject was furnished by T-1, of known reliability. (C) K The current Nassau County, New York telephone directory contains a listing of Lynbrook 9-2476 for HARUID CLASSIFIED BY: 3042 PUT ALL INFORMATION CON COPIES DESTROYED DECLASSIFY ON HEREIN IS UNZLASS **OADR** 4 56 15 UD EXCEPT WHERE SHOW R 140 DEC 2 1960 D. 1.2.54 OTHERWISE APPROVED AND ADD DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES RECORDED - 5 COPIES OF THIS RE AUG 25 INDEXED - 9 2A Bureau (65-6115 - Los Angeles (65-5513) EX-130 (Info) copies cont'd - see next page - New York 1: 45-16101 PROPERTY OF FBI-THIS CONFIDENTIAL REPORT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE I TANED TO YOU BY THE FBI AND ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE OF AGENCY TO WHICH LOANED. Ĺ

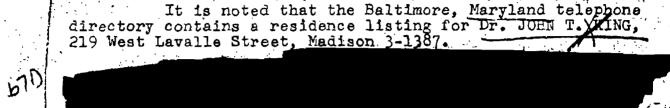
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NY 65-16101

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T-6, of known reliability, in June, 1951 furnished names and addresses of individuals whom he believed to have been acquaintances or contacts of NATALIE GURNEY or her husband Dr. ROLAND WILFRID GURNEY, Among these was contained the name of Dr. JOHN T. KING, 1210 Eutaw Place.

It is noted that EMIL JULIUS FUCHS, convicted in England of Soviet espionage in 1950 and an acquaintance of the GURNEYS in 1950, advised that he knows of no espionage activities on the GURNEYS' part, but believed other people might get in touch with Soviet espionage agents through NATALIE GURNEY.

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Date

June 17, 1954

June 18, 1954

#### Addressee

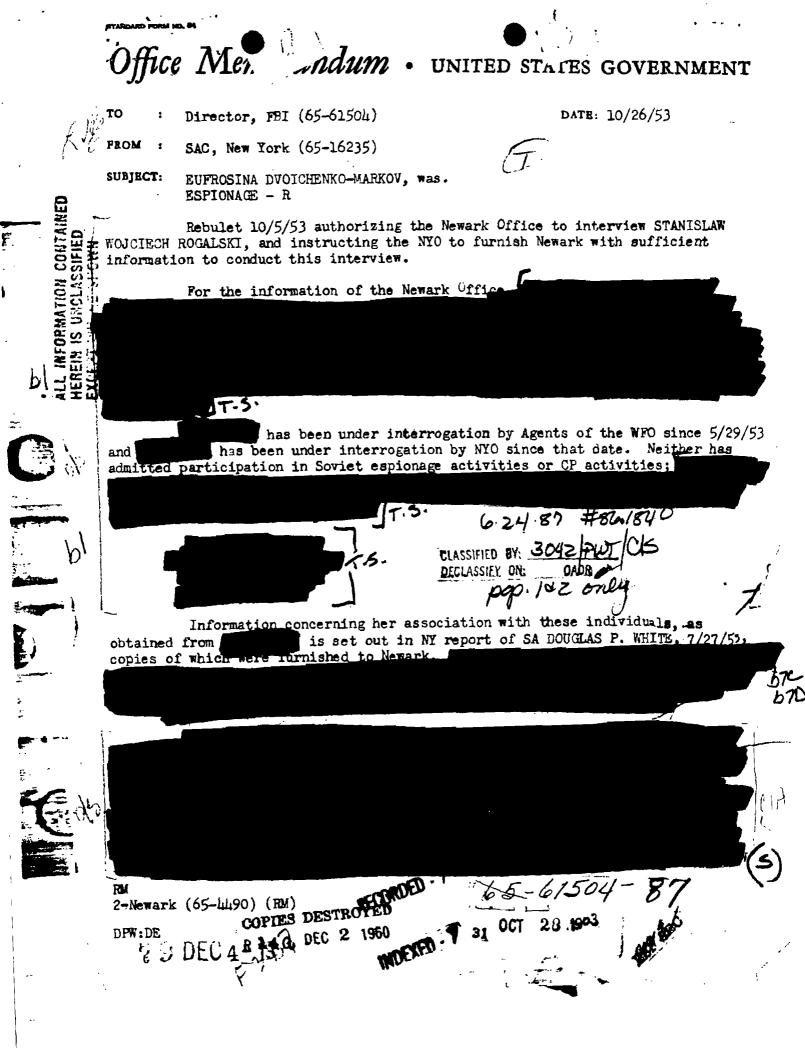
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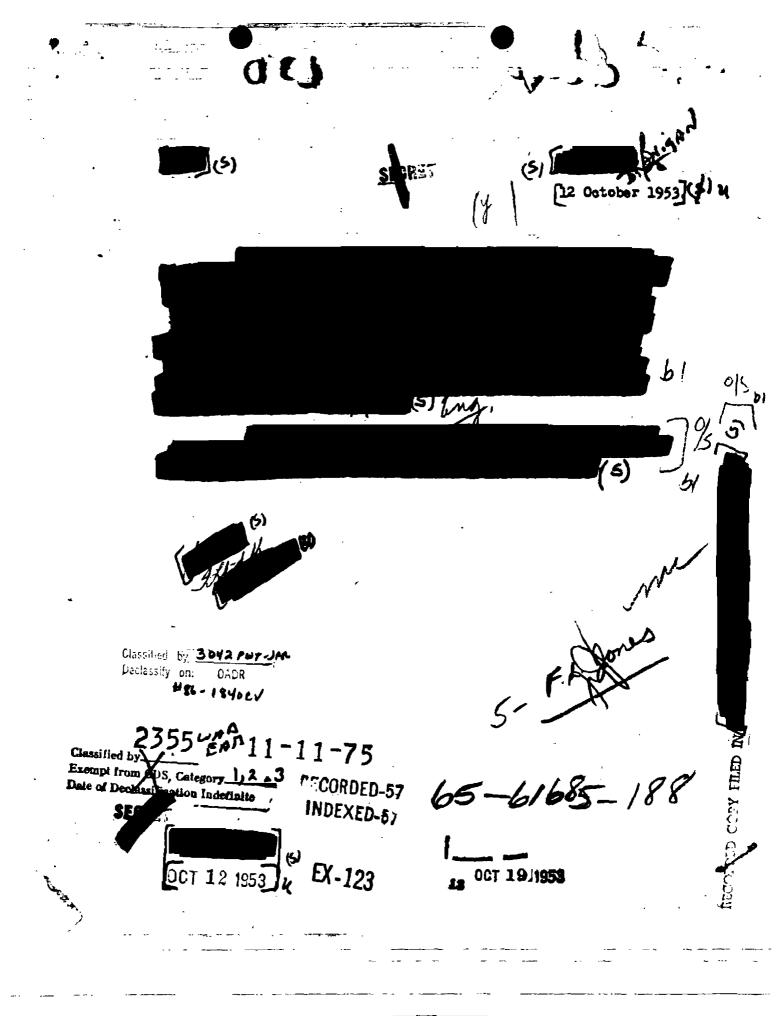
Mrs. JAMES REANEY Cambridge Arms Apartment Baltimore 18, Maryland

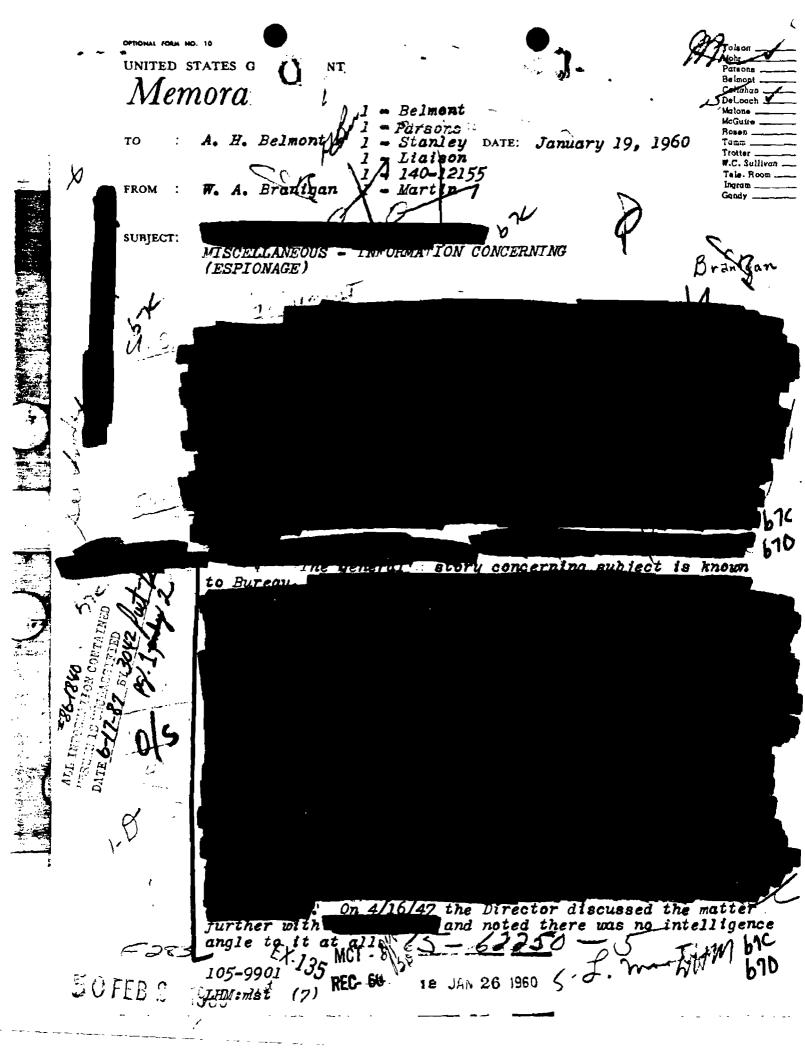
14425 124 Holly Park Drive Apartment 1. Inglewood 4, California

The Arrow, Hart and Hegeman Electric Company 103 Hawthorne Street Hartford 6, Connecticut

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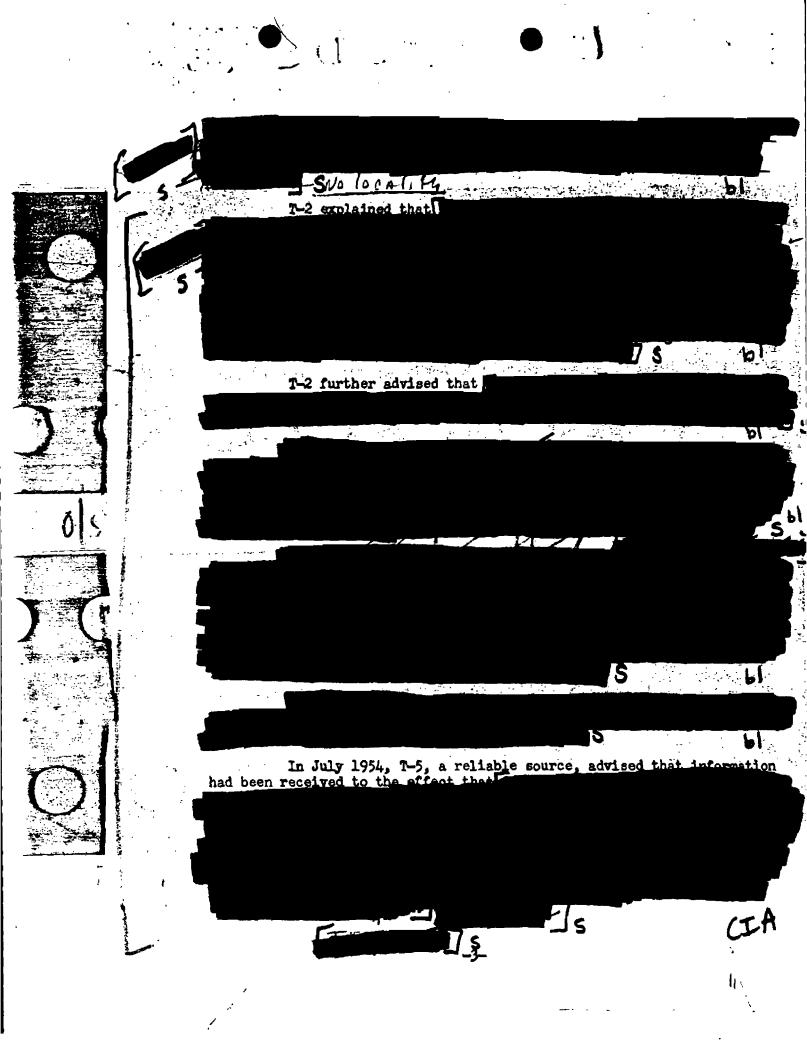




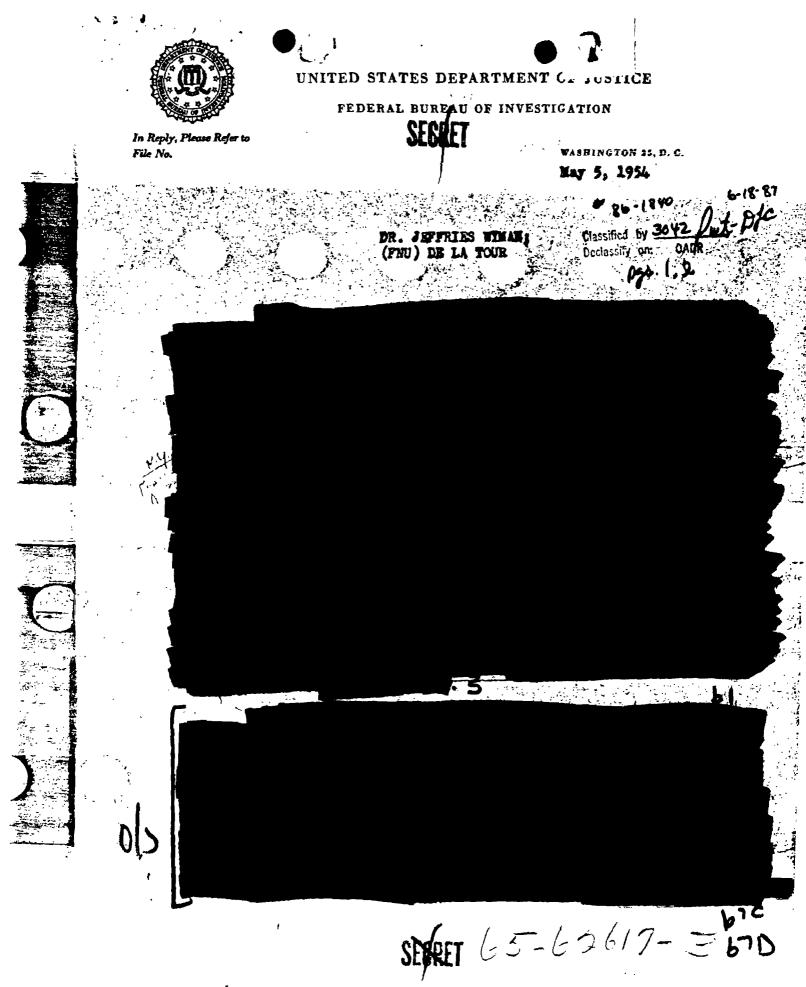


SECR FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Form No. 1 SRF THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT' BUREAU FILE NO. REPORT MADE AT DATE WHIN REPORT MADE BY 30:5 7/13/54 CN HOWARD P. WINTER PARIS, FRANCE TITLE CHARACTER OF CASE AGENCY ton DR. JEFFRIES ENLAN; REQ. REC'D 9-IVONNE'LA TOUR ESPIONAGE REP'T FORM. 9 W BX SYNOPSIS OF FACTS E Ŷ ğ Ć Tut-osc bi left ruis with T 86-1840 classified by one <sup>s</sup> Ma 071 0 ..... 9 ٦ CIP. CHED & W. 2 近川 ودلا 0 alle, Ŷ SEC KEI BX ð <u>p</u> CULL AGENT APPROVED AND 5 ××× DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES Classified by 2355 1/5/ West TRAN 65 **SE 38** Frempt from 603, Cotogets 2 Date OF DE Chastin Carrier Indefinito **EFCORDO** 10 2 Bureau (Encl. - 1) 6... Embassy Security Officer JUL 21 1954 24 E. P 1 Paris (65-303 11-11-2 <u>, 115</u> PROPERTY OF FBI-THIS CONFIDENTIAL REPORT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE LOANED TO YOU W THE FBI AND ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE Ü9 7-26-54 AGENCY TO WHICH LOANED. 5.1 à 14 5**6-**1 SEP 22105 5 215 19243 11 30 281





THE FOREIGN SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA American Embassy Paris 8, France May 5, 1954 Director, FBI Tot Legat, Paris (65-303) TOR Classified by 3042 Subject: DR. JEFFRIES WINAN; (FNU) DE LA TOUR Declossily of ESPIONAGE - R Separate minus Submitted b ReBucables 4/21/54 and 4/27/54 entitled "DR. J. ROBERT OPPENHEIMER INTERNAL SECURITY - R. Legat Pains i oppenterner. In accordance with the instructions in reBucables, there is attached hereto in quintuplicate an appropriate blind memorandum containchimber Knowshit ing data desired by the Bureau relative to the captioned matter. This memorandum is classified "Secret" because of reasons hereinafter set mashels. forth. 5/13/34 For the Bureau's inform a ha lk. 11-2050 1.3 61 • The information furnished by 1 S The Paris office will follow this matter closely and keep the Bureau currently informed of all information received. Your RECORDED-48 Enclosure INDEXED-49 Jet To () Nemo Le Belwert HPW: CM .FS 16 MAY 12 from Braugan illied by WAB/M 5-24-54 10th Exempt from DS. Catego GWK1PLB Date of Declassification Inde



ENCLOSURE

0-19 (Rov. 6-1-61) Tolson \_ Belmont \_\_\_\_ Mohr \_\_\_\_ Callahan \_\_\_\_ Conrad \_\_\_\_\_ DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_ Evans Malone \_\_\_\_\_ ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED Rosen HERETY IS UNICLASSIFIED Sullivan \_\_\_\_ EXCEPT THERE SHOWA Tavel \_\_\_\_ OTHERWISE Trotter \_\_\_\_ Tele Room \_\_\_\_ Ingram \_\_\_ Gandy \_\_\_ What Happens to Old Red Spies—They Move Around bel Will Ply His Trade as an Insider Mastermin By Frank Kelley In the tightly guarded headquarters of the Soviet Committee of State Security (KGB) near the heart of Moscow, Rudoli Ivanovich Abel is soon expected to return to his lifelong trade, that of master-spy for the Boviet Union against the United States. It will be a change for the KGB colonel who worked so long on the outside to return to an important inside job. The thin, slient man who operated so successfully from a phony photographic studio in downtown Brooklyn will be in position to control part of the huge Soviet espionage apparatus, making assignments for others among its estimated 300,000 agents throughout the world. In returning to the KGB, Abel will not find it difficult to reach many members of the old Soviet spy ring which operated with fantastic success out of Canada early in World War II until it began to break up after the disclosures of cipher-clerk Igor Gouzenko in 1945. Among them are these three top nuclear physicists who helped to steal the secrets of the atom bomb: The Washington Post and Dr. Klaus Fuchs, former British scientist who served Times Herald ten years in prison and now is deputy director of the East The Washington Daily News \_\_ German nuclear research station at Rossendorf, hear Dres The Evening Stor .... den: New York Herald Tribune \_ Dr. Alan Nunn May, another British scientist who spent nearly seven years in prison, and is on his way to a New York Journal-American \_\_\_\_ New York Mirror .. New York Daily News ... New York Post . The New York Times ..... REG 14 165-64538-A REG 14 165-64538-A FJU AR FED TO BED The Worker The New Leader \_\_\_\_ The Wall Street Journal \_\_\_\_ Date \_ FFR: 3 1962 EX. - 107



new ich as special professor of physics at the University of Ghana, Africa  $G_{\ell}\rho_{\ell}$ new

of Ghana, African protective of physics of physics of Ghana, African Genz Dr. Brund Pontecorvo, who field Britain in 1950, was seen briefly at Helsinki, Finland, and now occasionally presides at scientific meetings in Iron Curtain countries.

Another of Abel's future contacts would be the Soviet. Ambassador at Hayana, Sergei Miggudryavisev, a softspoken, moon-faced veteran of espionage tricks who helped to organize the spy ring in Canada that Fuchs, Nunn May and Pontecorvo served.

With an embassy staff of sixty and the assistance of 200 Soviet and Czechoslovakian "technicians" who are helping to equip and train Premier Fidel Castro's armed forces, Kudrysvtsev is in position to direct much of the Soviet-bloc subversion of the Western Hemisphere, nOe of his old associates—whom he has seen in New York—is Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Valerian Foreign Minister Valerian Foreign Minister Valerian Foreign Context and State and Sta the United Nations and a veberan of Soviet "hatchet jobs" in Europe

Those who are in position to make educated guesses about Abel's future do not expect him to be penalized for

his arrest in a Manhattan a hotel in 1597. So far the Soviets have never acknowledged that he worked for them. Nor have they disclosed his exchange for Francis Gary Powers. It was expected that Abel would be kept out of sight for the time being, probably away from, Moscow, before being re-introduced at KGB headquarters.

There had been speculation that Abel might be due for assignment later to handle "the American desk" at the KGB's main branch in Karlshorst, East Berlin. There the KGB maintains a vast recruitment and training base for spies. It works closely with the Karlshorst branch of Soviet Military Intelligence (GRU) which is busy collecting strategic mliitary information on member-nations of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

Both the KGB and the GRU at Karlshorst co-operate with the spy units of the East German Ministry for State Security (MFS) and other Soviet-dominated espionage systems.

Inside West Germany alone, these organizations have planted as many as 50,000 agents. These use every means st their disposal-money, false documents made in an E. Berlin counterfeit "factory," blackmail, romance, business deals and even anti-Semitism-in a never-ending quest for intelligence.

Both Fuchs and Nunn May have said, on looking back at their years behind prison bars, that they would be willing to do what they did all over again,

Fuchs has told interviewers in East Germany:

"The Soviet Union is on the right line. It is for peace. Whatever helps the Soviet Union is right."

Thinks He Acted Rightly

Nunn May, the first atomic scientist to be arrested as a result of the Gouzenko discloseures in Canada, said on his release:

"I myself think that I acted rightly and I believe many others think so, too,'

Gouzenko, who was only a young code clerk at the time, remembers Kudryavtsev on duty as "first secretary" in the Ottawa embassy when he arrived there in 1943 with Col Nicolai Zabotin to help build the spy ring.

Kudryatvsev, in transmitting intelligence to Moscow from Ottawa, used the code name "Leon," according to the official Canadian investigation.

When Kudryavtsev was named ambassador to Havaha in 1960, Gouzenko, from his hideout in Canada, described the envoy as one of the Soviet Union's "most clever, most cautious, most disarming and most dangerous agents, One of Kudryavstsev's jobs in Canada was to complie



an official report on the Canadian armed forces. He also lectured younger members of the Soviet colony in Ottawa. Stationed in Germany before the war, Kudryavtaev left in a hurry the day Hitler attacked Russia in 1941. He has served in Soviet embassies in Vienna, Bonn and Paris, usually as "No. 2 man."

#### "Covers" in Latin America

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What makes Kudryavtsev's present assignment from the esplonage standpoint is that, according to a recent defector from the East German intelligence system, East German trade missions are being dispatched to various Latin-American countries to act as "covers" for espionage and subversion.

The defector, a former 1st Lieut. Guenther Maennel. said last month that the East German "traders" seek memberships in American clubs and in German business men's associations in Latin-American cities.

Mounnel also said that East Germany also has a tenyear plas for laying the groundwork for its own intelligence network in the United States.

According to Maennel, East German spies seeking to enetrate the American Embassy at Bonn used this tech aique: وجهرا الكرروفا مت

"We got next to the German women working in the Embassy. We could do a lot with a woman with a lonely heart. She didn't even have to have a confidential position or one in which she regularly handled confidential documents, as long as she was working in the Embassy."

How Larke the Net Ale How far does the Soviet net stretch? In London last year "Peter John Kroger" and "Helen Joyco Kroger," who claimed to be New Zealanders, were among five sentenced of stealing nuclear submarine secrets that the United States had turned over to the British government to help in building Britain's first nuclear submarine, the Dreadnought.

The "Krogers," identified by the Federal Bureau of Investigation as Mr. and Mrs. Morris Cohen, American citizens, had a silver locket hidden in their living room coach in London. In it was a picture of three children and a "microdot" film of a newspaper clipping concerning the thirty-year sentence given to Abel in New York, Nov. 15, 1957

When Abel was arrested at the Hotel Latham here June 21, 1957, the "Krogers" picture was found inside his briefcase.



Sergei M. Kudryavteev

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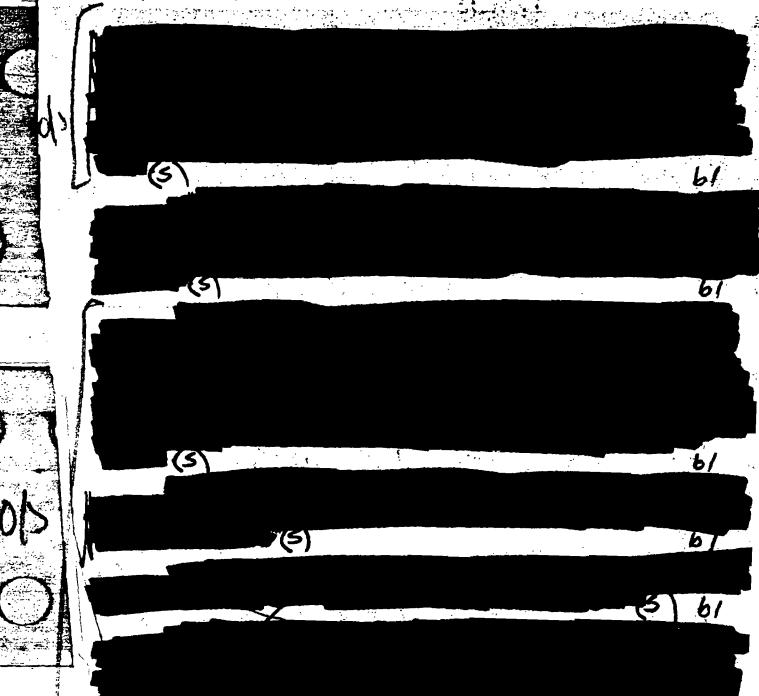
Klaus Fuchs , Dr. Alan Nunn May

Office Memorandum UNITED SI TES GOVERNMENT Director, FBI DATE: December 2, 1958 τo SECRET Legat, London (62-220) FROM ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED SUBJECT: HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT J. HUGHES WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE. 46 WHITEHAWK ROAD BRIGHTON, ENGLAND MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING (ESPIONAGE) Classified by 3090PhJT/Imw Declassify on: GADR ReBulet 10/28/58. KS 61 5 2 Roberts State 6 (ک) · . · · · · · (5)61 5 22 51 '58 **REC-13** MAIL 5 - Bureau 1'- London C Mami ty RS6-? Remarks Rewelet 10-16.58 Times Ar allan - Runn May MCT > 30 CWB: mas DEC 25 9 1958 unto Tunck uchs In to Conci DEC 2 1958% 12.17.68 2209

Director, FBI

December 2, 1958

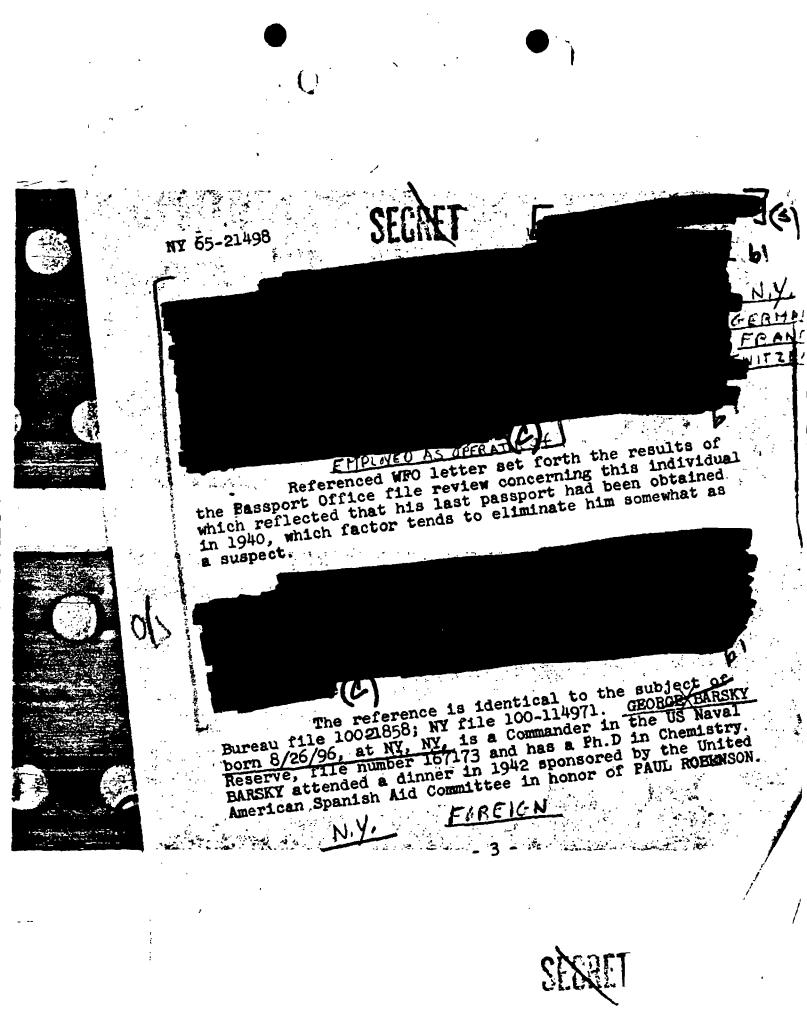
RE: D. J. HUGHES, 46 Whitehawk Road, Brighton, England MISC. - INFO. CONCERNING (ESPIONAGE)

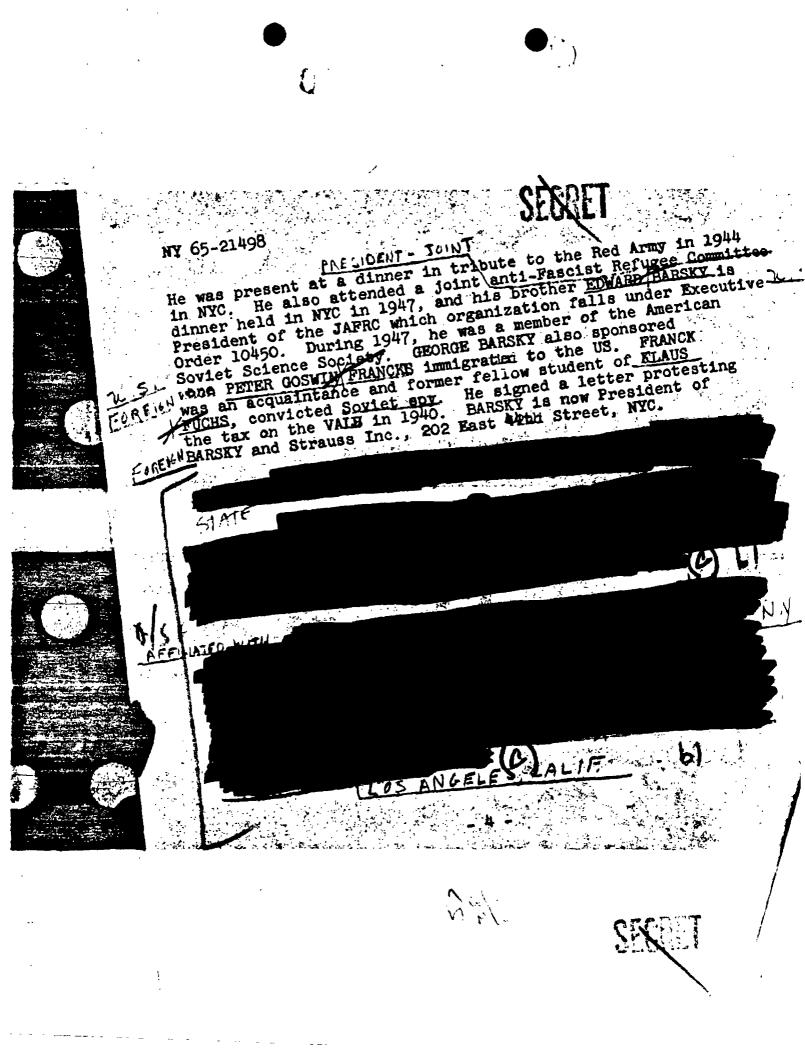


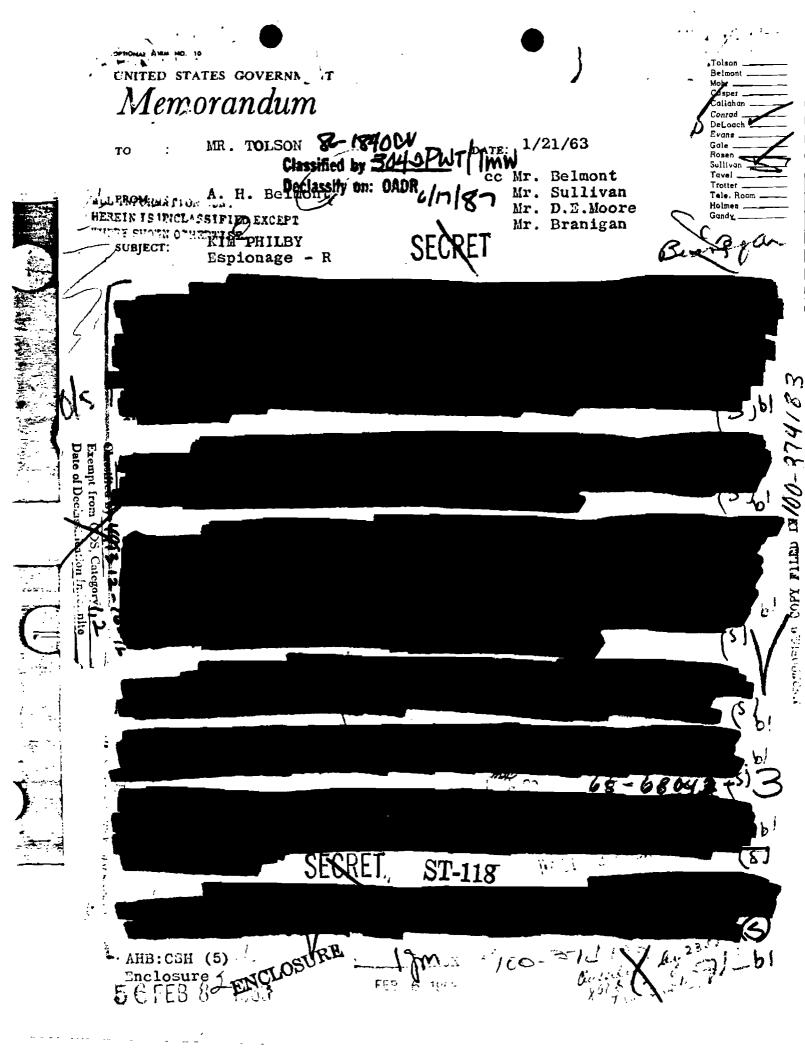
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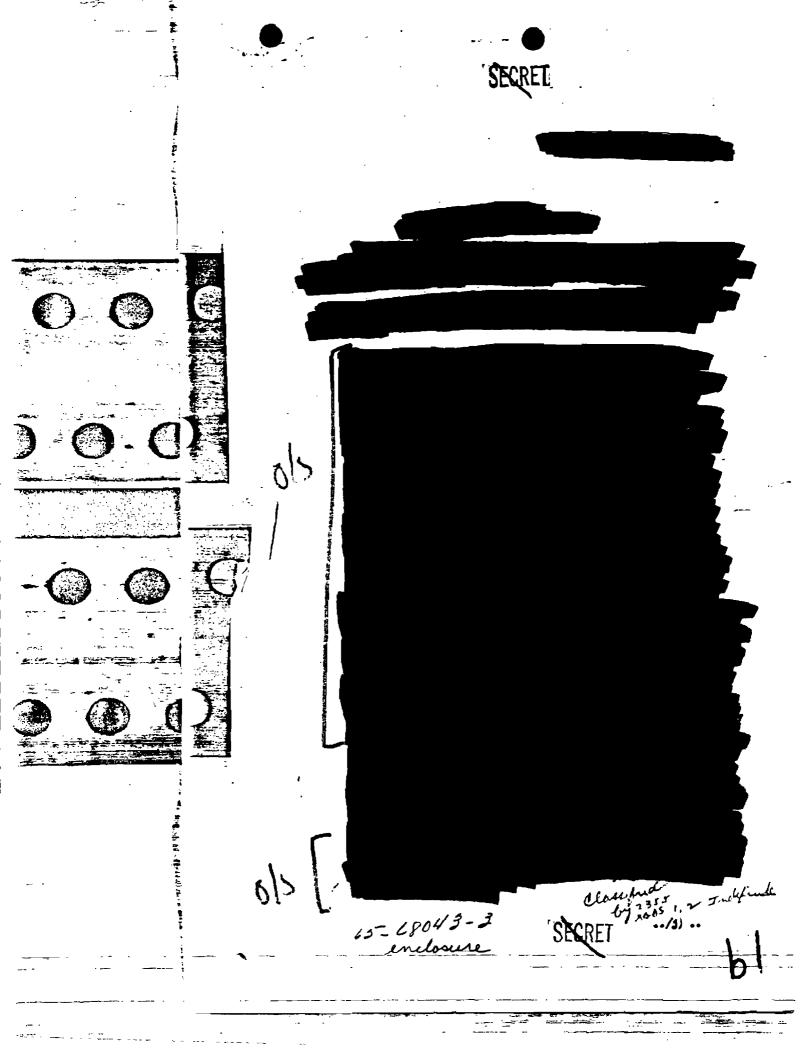
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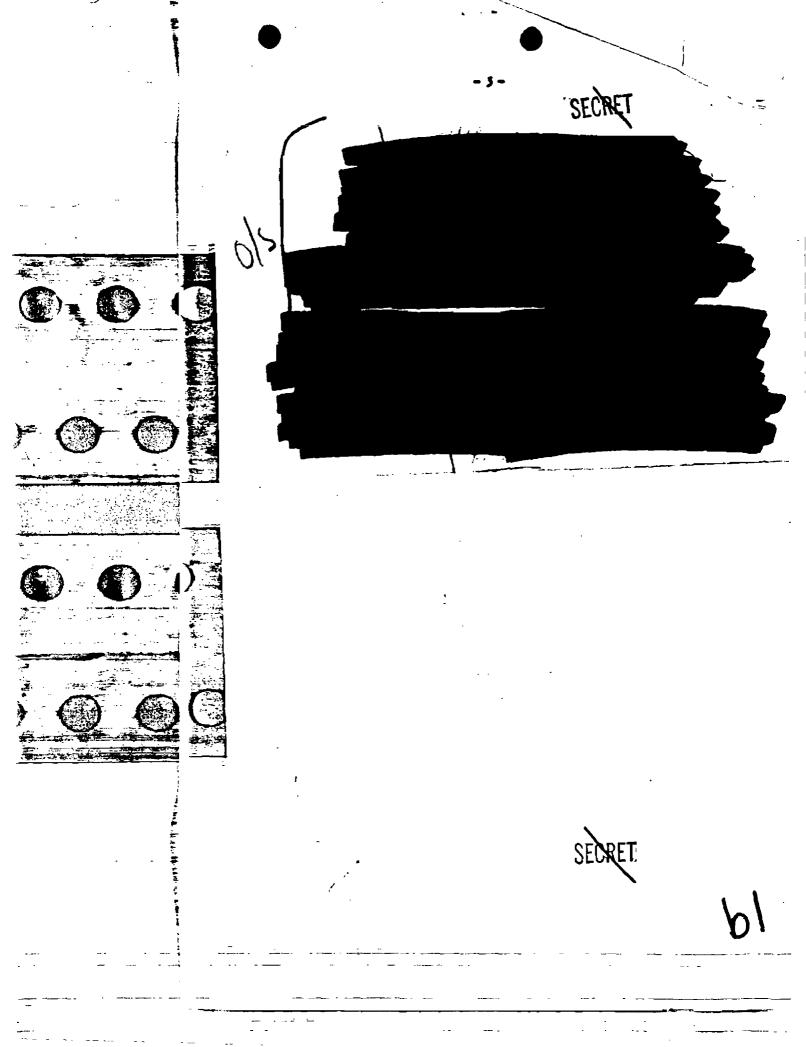
8010-104 UNITED STATES 1emora**n**aum DIRECTOR, FBI (65-67319) τo DATE: 8/10/62 SAC, NEW YORK (65-21498)( FROM UNSUB: SUBJECT 8-18-10CV 3043PWT/IMW Classified by 2 ESP-R Declassify on: OADR (00:NY) ReNYlet to the Bureau, 6/5/62, and WFO letter the Bureau, 7/31/62. CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCERT Bureau authority is not necessary prior to HERWISE. dissemination outside of the Bureau of the informant's information, but it must be suitably paraphrased in order that the identity of the source is not jeopardized. In the event that certain information is of such a nature, it should not be disseminated, and the decision not to disseminate should be called to the attention of the Bureau on a UACB basis. For the information of the Los Angeles and Springfield Offices. the informant advised MRST 2- Bureau (65-67319) (RM) 2- Los Angeles (AM)(RM) 2- Springfield (RM) RE 2- Washington Field (65-8683) (RM) 1- New York (65-21498) 13 1962 FJK:csp ×-108 (9) F229 58 AUG 17 1962 cc - 64

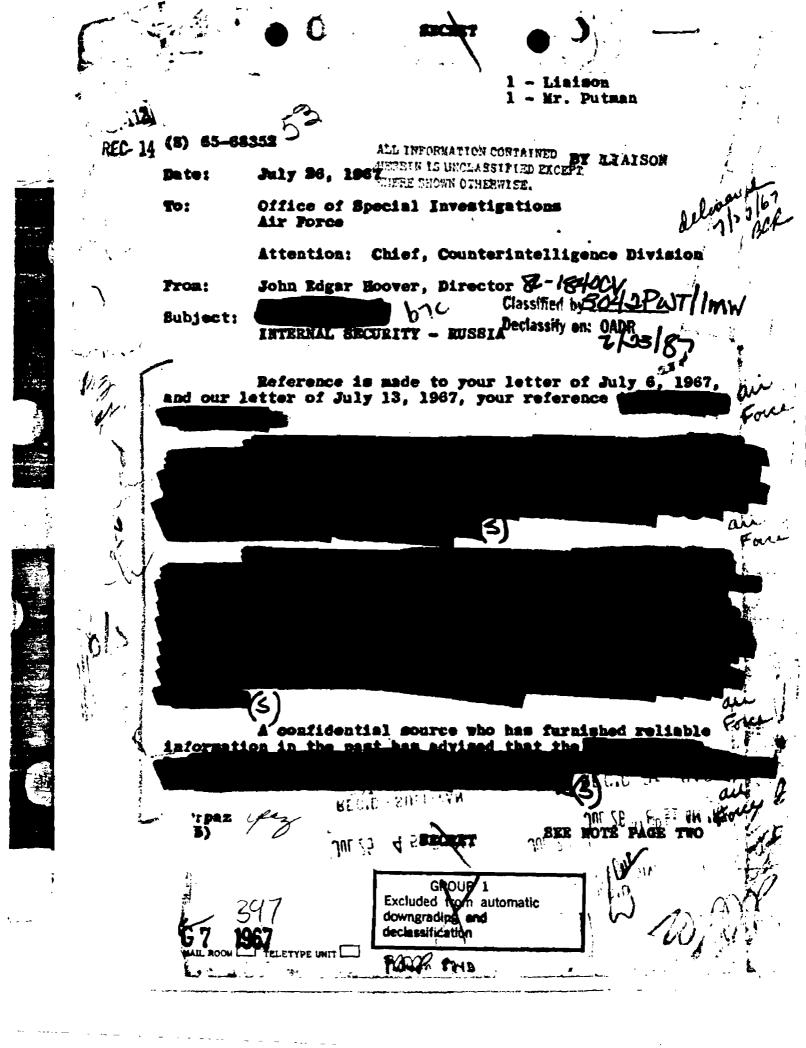














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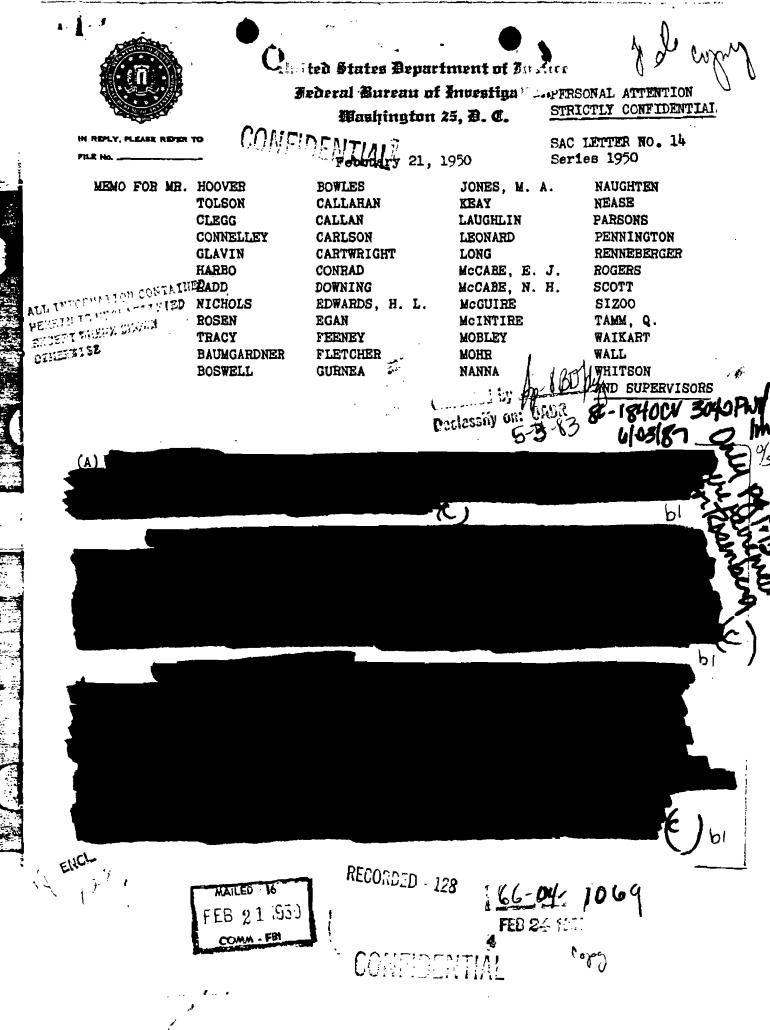
The files of this Bureau contain no additional pertinent information concerning the other individuals mentioned in the enclosures to your referenced letter.

We would appreciate receiving any additional information developed as it pertains to this matter.

## NOTE:

Classified "Secret" since it contains information pertaining to an Air Force matter which was so classified by that Agency.

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(G) FOOCASE -- In the interests of economy the Bureau desires that the code USA word "FOOCASE" be used in all communications, other than investigative reports, which relate to the case entitled "Emil Julius Klaus Fuchs, was., Espionage-R."

(H) SELECTIVE SERVICE MANUAL - SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT, 1948 -- There is transmitted herewith to each office, one copy of Packet No. 11, issued by the Selective Service System January 24, 1950.

(I) CONTRACTS - FISCAL YEAR 1951 -- Inasmuch as all contracts with the exception of telephone contracts presently in force at your office will expire on June 30, 1950, pertinent instructions relative to the solicitation of bids for the fiscal year 1951 are being issued at this time so as to preclude a recurrence of typical errors experienced in the submission of contracts during the past year. These instructions should be reviewed carefully before extending invitations to bid to prospective contracting concerns for the forthcoming year.

Because of a recent stand taken by the General Accounting Office toward eliminating all possibilities of restrictive bidding, you are instructed to post a notice on the bulletin heard in your office concerning the proposed solicitations to be made by your office for each of the services supplied your office. This notice should contain information as to the service involved, the date on which the bid will be extended to the prospective bidders, and the date on which the bid is to be returned to your office.

There is listed below a number of items concerning contracts which must be checked carefully so as to eliminate the unnecessary return of bids for correction. You are therefore urged to have each of the bids reviewed carefully for such errors before transmitting them to the Bureau for acceptance.

- 1. The date on which the bid was executed by the bidder must be set forth. This date must be subsequent to the date on which the bid was extended to the bidder and prior to the specified time on which the bid is to be opened to the public.
- 2. The effective period of the bid must be indicated. The beginning date of the effective period cannot precede the two dates of solicitation nor the date on which the bid was executed by the bidder.
- 3. The widest possible solicitation must be made in each instance in addition to posting notices. This requirement must be observed closely. In the past, it has been the general opinion that the solicitation of bids to three concerns is sufficient. However, this idea has been wrongly included in the interpretation of contract regulations by the field offices. Every available reliable concern which is capable of performing the service in question must be afforded the opportunity to bid.

CONFIDENTIA

2-21-50 SAC LETTER NO. 14 Series 1950

- 12 -

ETANDARD FORM N Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DATE: 2/12/50 : MR. TOLSON TO 6-19-87 FROM : J. P. MOHR Classified by 3042 Declassity on: OADI SUBJECT: XFREPARATION OF SERIEF ON pga 1-5 EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS) was Reference is made to the memory and a ted February 9, 1950 from Mr. H. B. Fletcher to the Director in which Mr. Fletcher endeavors to explain why the brief of Fuchs which was prepared for the Director did not clearly indicate that there was material in the Bureau's files showing that the Bureau knew when Fuchs arrived in the United States and of his various movements and assignments while with the Nanhattan Engineering District. There are four items in the Bureau's files which could clearly show this information and had this information been clearly set out in the brief, it would have been apparent that the Bureau knew when Fuchs arrived in this country and of his various movements with MED. The four items are as follows: 1. A <u>letter</u> to the Director from the For, olk Office dated December 18, 1943, which advised of the arrival on Lecember 3, 1943 of the H.L.T. Andes with 80 civilian passengers, all of whom were subjected to the regular panel procedure. Among the passengers listed as having been interviewed by Bureau Agents during the panel procedure was Klaus Emil Julius Fuchs. The Norfolk Office was advised by letter dated January 8, 1944 that there was no information concerning fuchs in our files. 67-149000-1059 2. In response to an inquiry from the Bureau, a letter dated March 28, 1944 was received from the Landsttan Engineering District ad 36 Using of certain Dritish Scientists who were in the country and engaged in work of interest to MED and that communication gave the Location, date of arrival and BKSE Pass Number, at the British scientists. This list included the name of K. Fuchs as having arrived December 3, 1949 and gave his BLSM Pass Number a 8995. 3. By letter dated August 11, 1944, <u>KED set forth information</u> concerning the <u>movements of British personnel</u> in this country working on the MED project and in this connection advised that Dr. K. Fuchs had been transferred from New York to "Y" and that he would leave New York on or about August 11 and arrive for duty at "Y" on or about August 14.

4. A <u>memorandum</u> dated July 2, 1946 from <u>MED</u> to the Director <u>ad</u> <u>vised</u> that in connection with the Pritish personnel in the United States on the DSM Project that <u>Dr. K. Fuchs</u> returned to the United Kingdom on June 28, 1946 by bomber from Montreal.

There is nothing in the brief on Fuchs which specifically sets forth the above information as having been in the Bureau's files. In an effort to determine why this information was not placed in the Fuchs brief, I have interviewed the five Special Agent Supervisors in the

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Security Division who prepared the brief for the Director under the supervision of Er. H. D. Letcher.

I have ascertained that <u>Vr. Pletcher issued the instructions</u> concerning the preparation of the brief and the purpose for which it was to be used. There seems to be no question in the minds of the Supervisors that <u>Wr</u>. Pletcher instructed that the brief be complete and he also furnished an outline of the material that should to in the brief. The outline prepared by <u>Wr</u>. Pletcher was discussed in conferences with the various supervisors and it was elaborated upon and clarified. At no time juring the discussion of the material to go in the brief was the question raised whether the FBI knew that fuchs was in the country working on the *Wr*. Froject and Wr is believe, is responsible for the failure to include the appropriate information in the brief.

The five Supervisors who worked on the brief worked on separate portions and each was responsible for the portion which he prepared. None of the five Supervisors read the entire brief but some of them did read portions of material prepared by other Supervisors. There is set forth hereafter the results of the interviews with each of the five Supervisors.

ERNEST JYAN LOON

Kr. Van Loon was assigned to the Security Division Espionage Section upon his arrival in Washington, D. C. on July 7, 1949. He was assigned to assist Special Agent Supervisor Robert J. Lamphere, whose principal duty is handling material from the second s

## UTS.

Van Loon stated <u>some time in August of 1949</u>, <u>information</u> was being developed that would possibly lead to the <u>identification</u> of the unknown agent **identification** and that he assisted Lamphere in trying to effect an identification of **identif** Van Loon stated that he <u>understood</u> that when the identification was made the case would be assigned to him and that early in September, 1949, information was finally developed which indicated that the unknown agent **i** Espionage case on Fuchs was opened in the Espionage Section and was assigned to Van Loon on September 20, 1949.

In late August, 1949 while working in conjunction with Lamphere in an endeavor to identify the unknown subject and the dill references in the Bureau's files on K. Fuchs, Klaus Fuchs and Emil Julius Klaus Fuchs were reviewed by Van Loon and Lamphere. Some of the references were reviewed by Lamphere and some by Van Loon. Lamphere went on annual leave and while he was on annual leave, Van Loon identified the subject while the information contained in a captured German document while effected that Klaus Fuchs, a student of Philosophy, was re-

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garded by the Gestapo as a former German Community of relatively important character. The <u>possible identification</u> of <u>Fuchs with</u> an in-<u>dividual named</u> in the <u>diary</u> of <u>Israel Malperin</u> in the Canadian spy case was also <u>effected</u>. Van Loon stated that on <u>-eptember 22</u>, 1949 he then <u>prepared a memorandum of all references on Fuchs</u> in the bureau's files which he had obtained. Van Loon said as a result of his review of the files in the preparation of his memorandum of September 22, 1949, he <u>definitely recalls seeing three of the four items about fuchs' movements</u> and assignments in the United States with LED. Van Loon said he had no specific recollection of ever seeing the item concerning the letter from LED that Fuchs was being transferred from New York to Site "Y", which in effect was the project at Los Alamos. He states, however, that in spite of that fact he knew from the **d**iscussions with the British representative that some question arose as to whether Fuchs had been transferred from the project in New York to Cak Eidge or Los Alamos.

Van Loon also states that the other supervisors who were working on the brief looked to him for information and that he was asked on several occasions what there was in the Eureau's files with reference to suchs. Van Loon states that his answer to these questions undoubtedly [misled the other lupervisors for he stated that there were no references in the Bureau's files concerning jucks except that Fuchs' name was contained in the diary of Halperin and his name also appeared in a captured German document. Van Loon stated that the reason he did not mention the four items concerning fuchs' arrival and assignments with the Lanhattan Engineering District was due to the fact he did not consider that information as being anything on which the sureau took any action to deternine espionice activities of suchs. Von Loon said when he was asked the clestion as to what there was in the Eureau's files on Fuchs, he understocd that what was wanted was information which the Sureau had received ncicating that Fuchs was an espicinage agent and then what action the Sureau took with respect to this information. Van Loon stated he did not realize that the  $\mathbb{P}$ irector in testifying would be asked the question did the FBI know of Fuchs' arrival in the United States and his various assignments to the Kanhattan Engineering Project and if so what did the FEI do about it. Van Loon did state further that no one asked him that ouestion and he did not ask it himself. Van Loon states, therefore, that to is his entire responsibility for the failure to include this information in the brief on suchs.

Van Loon stated that he was responsible for the preparation of the following material in the brief on Fuchs: Personal History, Known Activities of Fuchs, pages 4 through 8 except page 5, and Knowledge of Atomic Research Developments.

ROBERT X LAMPHERE

that are contained in the Bureau's files at one time or another during his effort to identify the unknown subject He stated at the b)

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time the brief on Fuchs was prepared, he had forectten the four references concerning Fuchs' arrival in the United States and his movements in connection with his work on the NED Freject. Lamphere stated that he was responsible for preparing the following portions of the Fuchs' brief: the cover memorandum dated February 6, 1950 on the Fuchs' material; the f whole section on Identification as -oviet Espicnage Agent; Espicnage Contacts; FBI - British Collaboration and Lecent Developments in England.

Lamphere stated that the four items concerning Fuchs' arrival and his movements were not recalled by him in the preparation of his material and would not have been because the material he prepared was not pertinent to fuchs' arrival and his movements on the LED Froject. Lamphere states that before the brief was assembled, he did read most of the sections but did not read them at one time and that the question of Fuchs' arrival and movements on the LED Project did not occur to him. Lamphere stated he was not asked whether there were other references in the Eureau's files concerning Fuchs and he stated that since the case was assigned to Van Leon that Van Loon would have been the logical person to answer such questions from any of the Supervisors or Mr. fletcher.

## LOBERT COLLIER

Mr. Collier stated that he was assigned to preparing the section of the brief on Jurisdiction and Clearance for Atomic Inergy Imployment in the United States. He stated that Mr. Victor Keay colleboreted with him in preparing the section on Jurisdiction. Collier stated he did not know of the four references in the Eureau's files concerning the arrival and the movements of Fucks on the MED Project. He said he had never seen them in the file and had no knowledge concerning them. He stated in the preparation of his material he was concerned with two questions, namely, whether the IBI had been asked for a clearance by MED or the Atomic unergy Commission and the Eureau's jurisdiction with respect to the investigation of such matters. He said in the preparation of his material he relied on the summary of available/information in the case file as well as material received from the Atomic Energy Commission.

# EL'ORINGREGG

Lr. Gregg prepared the following portions of the section of the brief Known Activities of Fuchs: Association with Israel Halperin, Wendell Hinkle Furry and Kristel Fuchs Heineman. Gregg stated he had never seen the four references in the file or ever been told of their existence concerning Fuchs' arrival and movements on the MED Project. He stated in the preparation of his material he did not work with the Fuchs' file but that his information came from his supervision of the Corby case. He stated the material he prepared was not concerned with the arrival and movements of Fuchs but rather his associates.



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VICTOR REAY

Mr. Keay stated that his only work on the brief was collaboration in writing the section on Jurisdiction and that he had no knowledge of the four references concerning the arrival and movements of Fuchs.

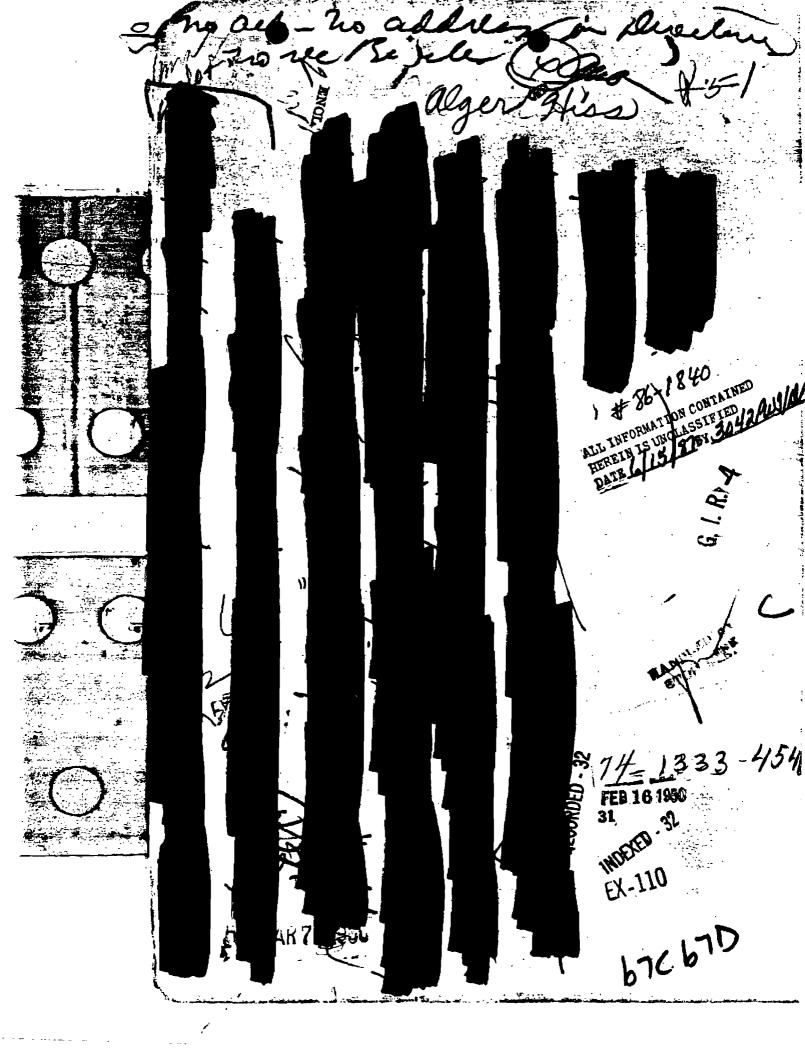
From the foregoing it is clear that Supervisors Keay, Gregg and Collier had no knowledge of the information concerning the arrival and movements of Fuchs and in no way can be held responsible for the failure to include this information in the brief. Supervisor Lamphere had seen the references in the Eureau's files previously but at the time he prepared the brief he had forgotten them and the material he was charged with preparing did not refer to the arrival and movements of Fuchs. I do not think that Special Agent Lamphere can be held responsible for the failure to include this material or refer to it in the brief.

Supervisor Van Loon did have the case assigned to him, the had knowledge of at least three of the references to the arrival and movements of fuchs but did not call them to the attention of Mr. Fletcher or anyone else. Lr. Van Loon states in connection with inquiries as to whether there were other references in the Eureau's files concerning Fuchs, he undoubtedly misled the other Supervisors by advising them that there were only two references, namely the item of Fuchs' name appearing in the Halperin diary and his name appearing in the captured derman Van Loon very frankly advises that he did not realize the document. import of the information about suchs' arrival and movements in connection with the Director's testimony and he just did not realize the Director would be asked did the FBI know about fucks being in the country and what action did the FBI take. He states that he had never had any previous experience in the preparation of a brief and as will be seen he is a relatively new Supervisor at the Seat of Government, having arrived July 7, 1949. I feel, therefore, that the responsibility for the failure to include the material in the brief is chargeable to Special [Agent Supervisor Van Loon and to Er. fletcher who gave the instructions and coordinated the work of the five Supervisors in preparing the brief. Vr. Van Loon was aware of the information but failed to properly evaluate it. Ir. Eletcher failed to ask hizself the question would the Director be asked in his testimony did the FBI know of Fuchs' arrival in the United States and what action did the FBI take.

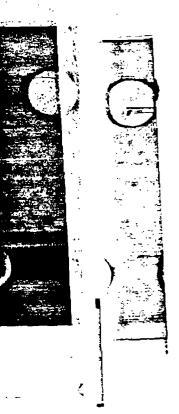
There are attached summaries of the files of Special Agent Supervisors Van Loon, Lamphere, Collier and Gregg.

I should like to point out that in interviewing these various Eupervisors concerning the failure in this instance they all exhibited excellent attitudes. They all expressed regret over the failure to include the information in the brief and realized the magnitude of this failure in the embarrassment which it could have caused the Director and

that such an inefferinced are been assigned to the dran important document a







### These Days \*\* GEORGE E

A SENSE of proportion is rare when aid of America's State Department? Involved in, something never On balance, how does this proposed road, whistling for comfort.

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We only knew about it after it had share in a \$50,000,000,000 bribe? been exploded. The Hellbomb has not yet been made. It is something A S FOR A-bombs and hydrogen unknown, out of the scientist's labalmost beyond belief. Can you imag- what they want. And when the FBI ine New York destroyed in the tries to arrest a spy, like Arthur twinkling of an eye?

Hellbomb I think of my walk samples in his brief case. Or, such through the streets of Tokyo on the a scientist as Dr. Tuchs is not even second day after the great earth- screened because our Government quake of 1923. About 150,000 corpses has a contract against it with the are never forgettable.

Yet it strikes me that the group of f Or when Alge: Hiss is convicted by scientists who met in New. York to a jury, after two open and fair trials, tesolve that the United States would our learned Secretary of State denever use the bomb first were rather, livers himself of a sermon on eternal ailly. There may never be a chance friendship and quoteth Matthew to to use it second. \* \* \*

signed to reduce an enemy to im- why Senator McMahon's well-intenpotence. It is war without chivairy; tioned idea must have been the it is a kill rather than a war. The Kremlin's laugh of the year. victor in such a war would have won his victory.

tion is unbelievably unrealistic. Does some and good in its wake. he actually believe that he can bribe U there is \$50,000,000,000 to spend to take what they choose with the along that way.

86-1840

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

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seen, never heard, never experienced. \$50,000,000 bribe stack up against It is like a child walking past a cem- the total conquest of China with its etery at dusk on a lonely country huge population accustomed to work and fight under primitive condi-Actually, we were much better off tions? Which is worth more, French when the A-bomb came upon us. Indo-China, Malay and Burma, or a . . .

oratory. For the rest of us, it is to send spies here and they can take

Whenever one talks about the mits him to leave the country with British.

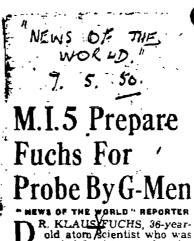
prove a point. A Congressional investigation into the Alger Hiss de A ND that is the trouble with fense fund might startle this country knockout warfare; It is de- into a better understanding as to

You can't bribe people into being nothing left but poisoned earth and good. Nor, can a bribe fix moral a poisoned atmosphere after he had standards. Marxism is a disease of mankind. Unstopped it will run its Senator Brien McMahon's solu- course, destroying everything whole-

the Russians with \$50,009,000,000 dis- on a bribe, it had better be spent on tributed to their satisfaction? Why means of defense, on a superior Air should they bother with such a bribe, Force, on radar installations, on a when thus far they have been able workable Navy. We shall get further

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ENCLOSURE



gaoled for 14 years for giving atom secrets to Russia, was told yesterday that the Government had agreed to allow American G-men to interrogate him.

He was taken from his task of sewing mailbags in Wormwood Scrubs and was informed of the decision by Mr. William J. Scardon, of M.I.5.

Mr. Scardon will accompany the Gomen during their interro-gation, to which conditions have been attached. They are expected to fly to Britain from Washing-ten during the next 48 hours.

The men selected are senior officers of the Federal Bureau of Investigation who have been Investigation who have been specially assigned to anti-espionage duties.

Since he has been in prison Fuchs has been interviewed several times by Mr. Scardon. who i-making a nation-wide investigation into. Communist activities in into ( Britain.

The Americans have already compiled a dossier of the activities of Fuchs in the United States, where he worked in the Los Alamos atom station from 1944 to 1946.

#### ROOM SET ASIDE

Armed with this dossier the investigators will spend several hours at a time at the prison seek-ing information likely to further their own anti-espionage system in the United States. Major B. D. Grew, Governor of Wormwood Scrubs, has set aside a room for their use ÷ their use.

Messages from the United States say that Britain was reluctant at first to break the accepted principle that no foreign country has any right to guestion prisoners con-victed in British courts. ĉ

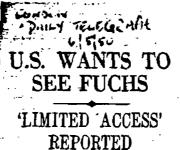
Yesterday, Senator Edwin C. Johnson, of Colorado, said he was shocked that Britain had given the F.B.J. only limited opportunity to question Fuchs.

Reports in Washington indi-cated that the conditions under which the interrogation has been allowed are regarded by the F.B.I. as inadequate if it is to get to the bottom of the atomic spying system.

A Home Office spokesman said to me: "From the very beginning there has been the fullest possible exchanges of information. The United States has very recenly asked for facilities to interview

asked for facilities to interview Fuchs. "In the exceptional circum-stances of this case the request has been granted" Fuchs is sewing mailbags along-side Brian Donald Hume who was ment for the part he played in disposing of the body of Stanley Setty, the London car dealer, and Norman Hignett the former selicitor gaaled for fraud. 4. £. solicitor saaled for fraud, 

3, <del>----</del>-



FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT WASHINGTON, Fridax America's Federal Bureau of

Investigation was reported here to-day to have been offered "limited access" to Dr. Klaus Fuchs, who was imprisoned by Britain in March for giving atomic information to Russia. He was sentenced to 14 years ' in\_gaol.

In gaol. Britain was stated to have been esked to allow F.B.I. agents un-restricted access to Fuchs and free-dom to question him. According to the report, Britain was reluctant to agree, but later informed the United States Government- that the F.B.I. could see Fuchs in gaol under certain conditions. Since the full Fuchs confession. including parts kept secret for security reasons, was forwarded to the F.B.I. some surprise has been caused by an assertion of the American columnist David Law-rence-that the British Government had been unco-operative. The only basis for the charge appears to be that Britian has not yet stated who "cleared" Fuchs when he was sent to discuss atomic security in 1947, though the "cold war" had then started and Fuchs was known to be a Communist.

was known to be a Communist.

SCIENTIST'S TBIP BAN

The State Department confirmed to-day that a passport had been taken from Erof. Edward M. Corson. 28. American research ettentist, because it was considered that a lecture trip he proposed to make to France "was not in the public interest." Prof. Corson said in New York to-day that he believed the action had been taken because he expressed faith in Brochs Fuchs.

Fuchs. He said that after Fuchs's arrest, but before his conviction, he sent a letter to an American physics magazine in which he mentioned that he had written to Sir John Cockeroft, director of the Harwell Atomic Establishment, saying that he did not believe Fuchs was rully of treason. He also sent the following telegram to Fuchs: "Have written Cockcroft. Natur-ally do not believe the accusations. If I can be of any service call on

ally do not believe the accusations. If I can be of any service call on me." Fuchs replied from Bow-street police station: "Thank you. There is nothing you can do. The evidence will change your mind." When he telegraphed Fuchs. Prof. Corson was Fulbright Ex-change Professor at Edinburkh University. He worked on the Manhattan project for the first atomic bomb from 1043 to 1946.