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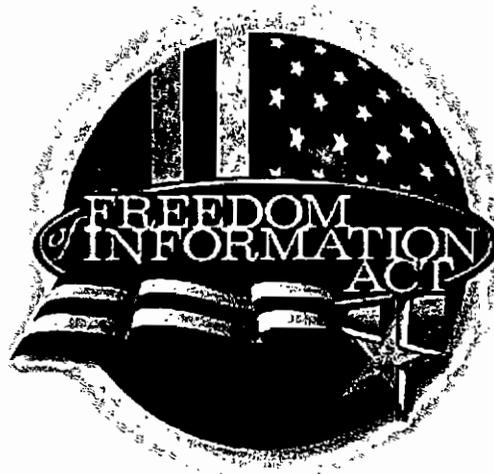
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**FREEDOM OF INFORMATION
AND
PRIVACY ACTS**

SUBJECT: JOHN DILLINGER GANG

FILE: 62-29777

SECTION 5



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

NOTICE

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SUBJECT John Dillinger

FILE NUMBER 62-29777

SECTION NUMBER 5

SERIALS 135 - 150

TOTAL PAGES 172

PAGES RELEASED 170

PAGES WITHHELD 2

EXEMPTION(S) USED b6, b7C, b7D, b7E

~~PERSONS AND
CONFIDENTIAL~~

Chicago, Illinois
March 12, 1934

Director,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:-

Confirming my teletype message to you today,
at which time I advised that [redacted] alias [redacted] b7D
who had been employed as a confidential informant, had not
produced any results, please be advised that I talked with
this informant again today, and he has been unable to make a
contact into the Dillinger gang. It is my judgment that he
will not be able to make such a contact, and that any money ad-
vanced to him, would be wasted. I will therefore terminate his
services immediately, unless otherwise instructed.

He was employed from March 8 to March 10, making
a total of five days, at \$5.00 per day. I have the understanding
with this informant, however, that in the event he is able to
secure any information which would assist this office in bringing
about the apprehension of Dillinger, that I will make some financial
arrangement with him at that time.

Very truly yours,
[Handwritten initials]

M. H. PURVIS,
Special Agent in Charge.

MP/cr

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&
INDEXED

MAR 17 1934

62-29277-35
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 16 1934 P.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

P.O. Box 815, St. Paul, Minn.

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEPT. OF JUSTICE
DIVISION ONE
March 8 1934
MAR 13 1934 PM

Mr. A. C. Anderson,
Chief of Detectives,
Omaha Police Department,
Omaha, Nebraska.

Dear Sir:

My attention has just been called to a newspaper item apparently taken from an Omaha newspaper, which is entitled "Anderson Scoffs at Idea Bandits May Be Omahans." I notice in that clipping that I am "credited" as having said, "I do not believe John Millinger is responsible for the Sioux Falls bank holdup. I think the gang probably was from Sioux City, Iowa or Omaha, Nebraska."

Just to let the record be straight, please be advised that no such item appeared anywhere in the Twin City papers and I have not made any statements of that kind to any newspaper representative. Regardless of the source of that article, all I can say is there is no basis to the words quoting me.

Very truly yours,

WERNER HANKE,
Special Agent in Charge.

WH:DM
CC Division (Encl.)
Kansas City

12"
27
9

62-29777-135
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 12 1934 A.
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

INTERESTED PARTIES
IN THE MATTER OF
THE ESTATE OF
MRS. J. B. BARRON
MAY BE OBTAINED
AT THE OFFICE OF THE
CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF
SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO,
AT THE CITY OF ALBUQUERQUE,
NEW MEXICO, ON AND AFTER
THE 15TH DAY OF MARCH,
1962.

62-29777-

U. S. Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

311 Hurley-Wright Building,
Washington, D. C.



March 16, 1934.

Director,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

RE: JOHN DILLINGER, with alias, FUGITIVE
I. O. #1217
NATIONAL MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT ACT.

Dear Sir:

Upon my oral instructions, Special Agents Levin and Hirsh conducted the following investigation.

Inquiry was made at each of the following hotels and apartment houses, commencing with the Shoreham Hotel, which is located just north of the "Million Dollar" Bridge on Connecticut Avenue, upon which bridge it was reported Dillinger had been seen.

- The Shoreham Hotel, Assistant Manager, Mr. Anderson.
- The Wardman Park Hotel, Assistant Manager, Mr. Thomas.
- 2701 Connecticut Avenue, telephone operators, E. Huff and L. Jones.
- 2700 Connecticut Avenue, Resident Manager, Mrs. M. M. Boteler.
- Kennedy-Warren, secretary to the Resident Manager.
- The Broadmoor Apartment House, Mr. Fisher, clerk on duty.
- Sedgewick Gardens, Resident Manager, Miss E. V. Halley.
- 3901 Connecticut Avenue, Resident Manager, Mr. A. Clephane.
- 4701 Connecticut Avenue, Resident Manager, Mrs. Anna Ricketts.
- 4707 Connecticut Avenue, Resident Manager, Mrs. S. Hennessey.
- 3000 Connecticut Avenue, Resident Manager, Mr. Duff.
- Cathedral Mansions, Resident Manager, Mr. Malone.

*2 copies
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MAR 19 1934

62-29777-136

17 1934 A. M.

FILE

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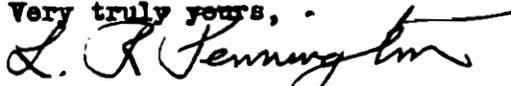
170 AUG 31 1964

The apartment house located at Connecticut Avenue and Devonshire Place, Resident Manager, Mr. R. L. Douglas.

It is to be noted that these apartment houses constituted the larger apartment houses from the "Million Dollar" Bridge north on Connecticut Avenue. In each instance, Agents were advised that no individual resembling the photograph of fugitive had made inquiry at any of these apartment houses. In each instance, a copy of Identification Order #1217 was left with the request that this office or the Division be immediately notified should any individual appear resembling the fugitive. In each case, also, it was requested that the purpose and the Identification Order be kept strictly confidential.

Agent Hirsh recalled that an individual who bore a striking likeness to the picture of the fugitive had attended George Washington Law School with him about a year ago. Agent Hirsh was unable to recall his name, but it was felt that if this individual were still residing in Washington he, having been seen upon the streets, had been mistaken for the fugitive. Accordingly, discreet inquiry was made at George Washington University Law School, and it was learned that the individual Agent Hirsh remembered was James Bailey, Jr., who resides at 1701 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W. At that address, Agents interviewed Mr. Bailey, and it was very apparent that he does bear a striking resemblance to the picture of the fugitive. Photographs of Bailey were taken, and two pictures are being attached to this letter. Bailey advised that his home is near Nashville, Tennessee; that he has been attending the George Washington Law School for the last three and one-half years, and that he is at the present time employed at the Agricultural Adjustment Administration, working on a shift from midnight to 8 a. m. Since Wednesday morning, March 14, Mr. Bailey has been confined to his bed with an attack of tonsillitis. Mr. Bailey voluntarily furnished Agents with an impression of his right little finger, and Agent Levin is certain that this finger impression does not agree with the right little fingerprint of the fugitive. Agent Hirsh has known Bailey for at least three years, and is certain that Bailey is not the fugitive. This investigation concerning Bailey was instituted so that photographs of him might be available for display to any individuals claiming to have seen Dillinger in the city.

Very truly yours,



L. R. PENNINGTON, Assistant
Special Agent in Charge.

Encl.
LL:CGM
26-3377

62-9111-136

ENCLOSURE





ENCLOSURE

62-2117-13



U. S. Department of Justice
Bureau of Investigation

1900 Bankers Bldg.,
Chicago, Illinois
March 15, 1934

Director,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:-

RE: JOHN DILLINGER, with aliases,
I.O.#1217; et al
NAT. MOT. VEH. THEFT ACT.

There are attached hereto, a photograph of Evelyn Frichette, and a group snapshot also containing a photo of her.

Investigation conducted by this office thus far has shown that one "FRANK KIRTLEY", on December 26, 1933, transferred an Essex Terraplane Coupe to Miss Frichette at Daytona Beach, Florida. It is possible that KIRTLEY is an alias of JOHN DILLINGER. Subsequently, Miss Frichette wrecked the above coupe and traded it in to an automobile dealer in Milwaukee, Wisconsin on another car. The Wisconsin license obtained for the second car was found on Dillinger's car when he was apprehended at Tucson, Arizona in January, 1934. In addition thereto, recent inquiries made by Agents of this office indicate that it is possible that Evelyn Frichette may now be with Dillinger.

Accordingly, it is suggested that sufficient copies of the enclosed photographs be made at the Division and distributed to all Division Field Offices, with ten copies of each for the Chicago Division Office, for the purpose of conducting any investigation which may later become necessary. Kindly return the original pictures when they have served their purpose.

Very truly yours,

M. H. Purvis
M. H. PURVIS,
Special Agent in Charge

JJW:TMH
26-5685

2 ENCL. (2)

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MAR 27 1934

62-29777-137

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
17 1934 A.M.	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
<i>one</i>	FILE

*Letter Chicago
3/24/34
JWS*

all 40 files

TMS:RCL

62-29777-137

RECORDED INDEXED

MAR 27 1934

March 24, 1934

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
1900 Bankers' Building,
Chicago, Illinois.

Dear Sir:

Re: John Herbert Dillinger, with aliases,
Identification Order 1217, et al,
National Motor Vehicle Theft Act.

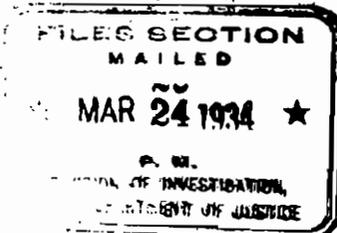
Replying to your letter dated March 15, 1934, there
are returned, herewith, the original photographs of Evalyn
Frichette, with twenty copies thereof. Four copies of this
photograph have been forwarded to the Detroit Office.

Inasmuch as Evalyn Frichette has been located at
Detroit, Michigan, copies of her photograph have not been
forwarded to the other field offices.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Enclosure 685585



WASHINGTON, D. C.

March 19, 34.



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Mr. J. Edgar Hoover

Chief of the Justice Department

Dear Sir

Last week I wrote a letter to you about the escape of that certain bandit. It will not do much good just to criticize, if one cannot offer some suggestion to better these conditions. I have no doubt, that throughout your career you have come in contact and studied quite a few people and I wonder, to what conclusion you have come to find the blame on and who helps it along.

I my past ten years of experience dealing with that type of people, I have come to the conclusion, that they are most guilty of all the crime committed and for prolonging it.

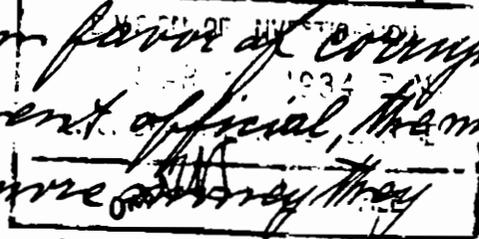
That type of people are in favor of corrupt city, state and government officials, the more corrupt the official, the more money they make.

John D. Williams

RECORDED

MAR 21 1934 INDEXED

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They are buying stolen goods, which has been in the public mind and has been a dispute by the people quite often in the City I have lived for years.

They are lending money on clothes, jewelry and property, charging excessive interest, with the result, that most of the people are not able to retain their property.

They are 15 times out of 100 behind a crooked deal.

They are in favor of prices and wages going up sky high, so they can go ahead and cut them just enough, to take the business away from the other fellow.

They have no conscience in business, their ambition is to control and monopolize whatever is coming their way and force the other fellow out of business, money is their Religion.

Now there is a better type of them, but should the lesser type of their race be persecuted, they certainly will, right or wrong stick together.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

I also know, that many settlements have been made in business among their race, in case of bankruptcy, a case by which one outside of their race never would have a chance.

I am very much afraid, that this type of people are a great deal to blame for prolonging this present condition and I am sure, that this type has ^{never} suffered from undernourishment

Now my suggestions are, to stop crime to the greatest extent, to close up all Pawnshops and second hand dealers, these are the ones you can't trust.

To clean up on Money lenders, they are not needed, people, knowing that they couldn't pawn anything would be more careful with their money and thieves wouldn't have a place to get rid of their loot.

This measure would take away the power from those who are controlling crime and money at the same time

WASHINGTON, D. C.

The reason I am writing to you is, because I think the public ought to be more interested about what is going on around them. I am not going to mention that certain race in particular, because 95% of my customers are of that race and as you know, the good always have to suffer for the bad ones.

What my purpose is, honest clean competition in business and no cut-throat methods

Now I hope Mr Hoover my letter will enlighten you a little on the present conditions

Very respectfully yours
John B. Priest

SPG:CF

March 14, 1934

Mr. Warner Hanni,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Post Office Box 515,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

Dear Sir:

The enclosed newspaper clipping has been brought to my attention, quoting you to the effect that "I do not believe John Dillinger is responsible for the Sioux Falls bank holding. I think the gang probably was from Sioux City, Iowa or Omaha, Nebraska".

It is also noted that Chief A. C. Anderson of Omaha, Nebraska has taken offense at this quotation. It is requested that you advise the Division whether you are responsible for the above quotation. It is, of course, obvious that no such comment, as the above, should be made by employees of the Division, which brings about opposition rather than cooperation by police departments.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover
Director

MAR 15 1934
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

62-29777-139
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 15 1934 P.M.
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
FILE

Handwritten note: No copy for Harry

Handwritten initials: SPG

Not a copy of
**Andersen Scoffs
at Idea Bandits
May Be Omahans**

"I do not believe John Dillinger is responsible for the Sioux Falls bank holdup," said Werner Hannl, St. Paul, Minn., chief of the northwest office of the federal department of justice, according to an Associated Press dispatch late Tuesday. "I think the gang probably was from Sioux City, Ia., or Omaha, Neb."

A. C. Andersen, chief of the Omaha detective department, "blew up" when he heard this statement.

"I don't know what Hannl's talking about," he shouted, "and I don't believe he does, either! I never heard of any such mob in Omaha! The only way to treat such a statement is with contempt."

UNITED STATES BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **Chicago, Illinois**

FILE NO. **88-5685**

REPORT MADE AT: Chicago, Illinois	DATE WHEN MADE: 2-15-34	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 2-8, 9, 10, 11, 12 1934	REPORT MADE BY: J. J. WITCALFE
TITLE: JOHN DILLINGER with aliases, et al.		CHARACTER OF CASE: FUGITIVE; FEDERAL ACT	

Records of Deulah Home and Hospital, Chicago, disclose that Mary Evelyn Frechette was patient there in 1923. She was hospitalized in Greenham, Wisconsin, in 1924.

Report of Special Agent J. J. Witalfe, Chicago, Illinois, dated March 2, 1934.

At 111 Madison Street, Chicago, which was approached as a possible meeting place, the entrance to which is on Madison Street, it was learned from Mr. Wignoff, manager, that no person bearing the name or aliases of Evelyn Frechette, or anyone resembling her picture, has resided there to his knowledge. It was learned from him that similar inquiry was made by the Chicago Police Department about December 1933.

At 111 Broadway Avenue, the names of all the mail boxes were inspected, but no name having any interest in this case was found. This is a large court apartment building running from about 721 to 723 in street numbers. The two houses immediately west were likewise checked, but no names of interest were found. In front of this house was noted a Dodge sedan, bearing 1934 Indiana license 542-271, which it was ascertained, were issued to Robert Kahl, 328 Spencer Street, Logansport, Indiana for 1934 Dodge. These plates were seen on a Dodge sedan that appeared to be about a 1927 model. Interview was had with Auris Erickson, manager of the Hampton Avenue apartment building. These entries are located at 253 Broadway, Chicago, Illinois.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SUPERVISOR:
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COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: 2 Division 3 Chicago 2 Cincinnati 1 Detroit	UNITED STATES MAR 17 1934 A M BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION ROUTED TO: FILE MS
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170 AUG 31 1964

Ericksen advising that no person by the name of Evelyn Friedman or name similar to her aliases, had been known to reside at this address, and he was unable to identify her picture. He likewise stated that inquiry along the same lines had been made by the Chicago Police Department about December, 1933.

At 2315 Sunnyside Avenue, interview was had with William Kaplan, the janitor, who said he has been at this address for the past 3 years, and that he has never heard of anybody by the name of Arthur S. Cherrington or Harry Copeland as being residents of that building. He was unable to identify the picture of Harry Copeland as being familiar to him. The mail boxes in this apartment building revealed the names of Charles Hull, who Mr. Kaplan said was employed in a credit collection agency in the Pure Oil Building in Chicago, and had resided in this building for the past 7 years. The name of Robert Harris was likewise found, and Kaplan stated that Bob Harris is employed in the sporting goods department of the Fair store, Adams and Dearborn Streets, Chicago, and that his wife, who is now in the hospital is the manager of the building.

The Ravenswood Station of the Post Office, 2311 Lawrence Avenue, had no removal address for Arthur S. Cherrington, and interview with carrier W. S. John Schellekens at his home, 2311 Castello Avenue, determined that one Arthur S. Cherrington had resided at 2315 Sunnyside Avenue about May or June, 1933 for a period of approximately 2 weeks, and that he had left in a great hurry. No removal address was given by him, and the carrier had no knowledge as to Cherrington's present whereabouts. He suggested interview be had with Mr. Slavin, the owner of the premises, who has an apartment at 2326 Sunnyside Avenue.

At the P. H. Brothers Store, 75 East Washington Street, Chicago, it was learned from Mr. Brothers, manager, that there was no record of any customer by the name of Kirtley, or any other name similar to the aliases of John Billinger, except that he remembered a customer by the name of Bob Harris, who resided somewhere on the north side of Chicago, and who purchased a suit, that was delivered to him. No record of this transaction was kept, however, and no record of the delivery of any package to that name. The salesman who handled this transaction advised Agent, that he did not recall the address of Bob Harris, but did remember the individual well enough to describe him. He was unable to identify the picture of John Billinger as being familiar to him.

On March 7, 1934, the metropolitan newspapers of Chicago reported that John Dillinger had been seen at a gas station at 73rd Street and Stony Island Avenue, Chicago, on the night of March 7, 1934, and that the person who had seen him, and who first talked with him, was one E.H. Deacon, 1508 East 73rd Street. At 73rd and Stony Island Avenue, it was ascertained that E.H. Deacon is employed at the National Petroleum Gas Station in the northwest corner of said intersection, and accordingly he was interviewed by Special Agent F.C. Guerrero and the reporting agent. Present also at this interview was one Jack Sundstrom, 102 East 73rd Street, a young boy, who was likewise present at the time that the person believed to be Dillinger was at the gas station. Deacon said that Dillinger came to his gas station in an automobile that was either gray or tan in color, and which was driven by another person. The car parked on Stony Island Avenue approximately 100 ft. from the gas station, and according to Mr. Deacon the car appeared to be a Buick Model chassis with especially constructed taxi-cab body. This body was either gray or tan in color. Dillinger entered the gas station and demanded washing facilities for the purpose of cleaning his hands and face, and he then removed his coat, and Deacon noted that the man wore two revolvers attached to shoulder holsters, one on each shoulder. The man appeared to be quite calm in his manner and at the time made no requests, but always commanded the station attendant to do his bidding. When he had finished washing, he demanded a towel, and when Deacon went to a cabinet to get the towel the man placed his hand on one of the shoulder guns and pointed it at the attendant as he to cover him in the event he tried to obtain any weapon. This move of covering the attendant was accomplished by swinging the gun up; evidently the holster allowed the barrel to protrude as the barrel of the gun was plainly visible to the gas station attendant. The attendant then brought out a towel and shook it in the air to convince Dillinger that there was nothing in the towel, and he then handed it to him. Dillinger asked Deacon if he knew who he was, and Deacon replied that he did not know anything. Deacon said this was not true, he knew that Dillinger recognized the man as Dillinger. Dillinger told him it was a good thing he didn't know who he was, and then said he would do something similar to - "I sure gave those Indiana sheriffs a good running around". He then warned Deacon not to follow him, and left.

This story was substantiated by Jack Sandstrom, who was unable to add anything further.

The car, according to Deacon, then headed south. This was about 3:30 P.M. It was also learned from Deacon that the man thought to be Dillinger appeared to slightly limp on his left leg, or seemingly dragged it along the ground, but that this limp or dragging did not appear to be an infirmity or injury, but only the natural action of a man who had been riding a long time in an automobile and had cramped his leg, or his feet had gone to sleep.

Deacon further advised that a man believed to be Dillinger was likewise seen by a man whom he knew by sight but not by name, and who he thought was an insurance salesman for the Illinois Automobile Club. This man was said to have seen someone resembling Dillinger prior to Dillinger's capture at Tucson, Arizona in January of this year. Deacon said he would endeavor to obtain his name and advise the Chicago office.

At the Illinois Automobile Club, 5401 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, at the office of the sales manager, it was learned that the only southeast side resident, or salesman of the Illinois Automobile Club insurance salesman, is W.J. Ward, 2804 Dorchester Avenue. It may be noted that there is also an Automobile Club of Illinois, which is an entirely different organization from the Illinois Automobile Club. Interviews will be had again with Mr. Deacon to determine the identity of the man referred to by him, in order to ascertain whether the salesman in question saw Dillinger on the street, or whether he saw him coming out of any house.

On March 15, 1934, the Chicago Herald and Examiner carried a report that a person believed to be John Dillinger had on the night of March 3, 1934, seized a black sedan belonging to Mrs. Bertha Stern, 5409 South Shore Drive, Chicago, and kidnaped the chauffeur, James W. Gaskin, who was released about 2 miles from the place where the car was taken. The car was taken from a front of the home of Mrs. Stern's married son, Robert L. Stern, 2610 Lakeland Avenue. The item continued by saying that as the black sedan sped away, it was followed by a gray sedan, which was said to be identical to that in which Dillinger was reported seen at 73rd and Stony Island Avenue. This article also stated that the stolen car was easily recognizable, because of its white tires. Nothing was said about the make of automobile, but this and other information will be obtained from the persons whose car was taken.

On March 20, 1934, Special Agent [redacted] telephoned W.R. Boyer, Superintendent of the Indian Agency at Neeshaw, Wisconsin, in an effort to obtain all possible information regarding the identity and possible whereabouts of Mary Evelyn Frechette, and one V. Harrington said to be a friend of the Frechette woman. Mr. Boyer advised that Evelyn Frechette had been at the Polish Home and Maternity Hospital, 1144 North Clark Street, Chicago, in March of 1928, and that she had a sister, Miss or Mrs. Frances Schilitz, whose address was care of Mrs. J. McKee, 1225 North Dearborn Avenue, Chicago. V. Harrington referred to according to Mr. Boyer is one [redacted] Harrington. Mr. Boyer was requested to forward by letter to the Chicago office all available information regarding Frechette and Harrington.

[redacted] of the Polish Home and Maternity Hospital, Chicago, 1144 North Clark Street, advised that Mary Evelyn Frechette was there in February, 1928 at the age of 18, at which time she gave birth to a child that died 3 months later of syphilis. Evelyn Frechette had 4 men associates, one of whom she claimed was responsible for the child that was born to her. The 4 men and their ages in 1928, are as follows:

[redacted]

All four are said to be from Gresham, Wisconsin. The records further revealed that Frechette was an eighth grade student of Catholic religion. [redacted] said she was a brunette of medium size, and that she had brown eyes. The records show that her father, William Frechette, and mother Mary Frechette, are both dead. The Frechette home was in Neeshaw, Wisconsin. She had 3 brothers and 2 sisters, but their names are unknown. They are believed to reside in Neeshaw. [redacted] said that Frechette came to her from the Salvation Army in Chicago, and referred Agent to [redacted] of the Salvation Army Maternity Home. [redacted] also advised that while Frechette was at her hospital, she was in touch with [redacted], telephone [redacted] and that after leaving the hospital she went to reside with [redacted]. This was as late as May 24, 1928. [redacted] furnished a specimen of the

b7D
b7C

handwriting of Evelyn Frechette in the form of a letter addressed by her to ██████████, which is signed "Evelyn Frechette". This letter was written from ██████████ on May 24, 1933. It pertained solely to the child that was born to her. This letter is being kept in the Chicago files as a specimen of her handwriting, and it is to be returned to ██████████ when it has served its purpose.

b7D

An inquiry in the neighborhood of 1115 North Heritage Avenue, determined that a party by the name of Wicker resides on the first floor, and that a party by the name of Rudy resides on the second floor. The Wicker Park post office station had no record of a removal address, or anyone named Rudy or Wicker. The carrier William Broeske, was interviewed at his home 5915 Addison Street, and he testified that the mail which he delivered in the name of Wicker was always received by a young blond woman who smokes cigarettes, and resides on the first floor. He was unable to say whether anyone else resides on the first floor, as the blond woman was the only person he had ever seen there. He also stated that ██████████ lived upstairs and that they managed the premises. He said Mr. Rudy was a day watchman for the closed premises of the American Hide and Leather Company, 1520 Klovon Avenue.

Mr. Rudy was interviewed in his place of employment, but he declined to furnish any information regarding the tenants of the building where he resides, and suggested that Mr. Kowalik be interviewed, who he said, was the landlord for the premises, and who resides in the basement at 1115 North Heritage Avenue.

Letters dated March 9 and 10, were received from one George Howard, 250 North Oxford Street, Indianapolis, Indiana, who styled himself as a fingerprinter, and said he also worked on the Star newspaper; these letters containing conclusions arrived at by him from attempting to decipher what he thought to be a code said to have been used by the woman posing as Mrs. John Dillinger when she called on John Dillinger at the Lake County Jail, Crown Point, Indiana. Copies of these communications were forwarded to the Cincinnati office under date of March 10, 1934, requesting that they interview Mr. Howard to determine the reliability of the source of this information, as also to obtain a better explanation of his deciphering methods.

Several communications in person and by telephone have been received by Special Agent in Charge E. J. Purvis from [redacted] confidential informant, but the information thus obtained is either so vague and tentative as to preclude the possibility of intelligent investigation, or is of such a nature as is believed to be of no great value in this case. Among other things [redacted] advised that some notorious gangsters have previously been known to live at the Chateau Hotel, 3636 Broadway, which is said to be owned by one Sol Stern. In this connection, it might be noted that Sol Stern is no longer manager of this hotel, but that the manager at present is one Charles [redacted], who is the receiver for the premises, who is located at 625 Sheridan Road.

The report of Special Agent E. Carter Egan dated Chicago, Illinois December 20, 1935, in the case entitled "Vernon C. Miller, (deceased), et al., Conspiracy to Deliver Federal Prisoner", sets forth an interview with Mr. Charles [redacted] by Special Agent L. D. Nichols, in which it was learned that he was appointed receiver to succeed the management by Sol Stern and Max [redacted]. He said both of these men were known to the police of Chicago, and were reputed to have evil associates. It was learned that [redacted] is a man of good character and willing to cooperate in every way possible with the authorities, and that he would not tolerate the presence in that hotel of any hoodlums or gangsters, such as had formerly occupied these premises.

[redacted] also advised Special Agent in Charge Purvis that a friend of his had seen Dillinger going south on Stony Island Avenue near 67th Street in a dark colored Ford sedan. However, the license number was not obtained, and no further information was furnished by [redacted] in this connection.

On March 9, 1936, Special Agent F. J. Waters, interviewed William Charles Sigler at the Indiana State Prison, Michigan City, Indiana in connection with a further matter, but no information was obtained reflecting that Sigler had any relation to Dillinger. [redacted] [redacted] the names of other individuals he had signed to an [redacted] were forwarded to William Miller, Frankfort, Indiana on January 2 and 3 of this year. He stated, however, that he did meet Pierpont, Mackley and had previously been an inmate of the Indiana State Prison. Sigler also advised Agent Waters that he knew Pierpont and Mackley very slightly when they were fellow inmates with him at Michigan City. Agent Waters also endeavored to obtain a list of Dillinger's correspondence while

Billinger was in the Penitentiary at Michigan City, but the
clerk of the institution advised Agent Waters that the girl
was not there. All responsibility has been forwarded to
Sgt Leach of the Indiana State Police at Indianapolis, Indiana.

Under date of March 12, 1937, the Division advised by
telegraph that the blank correspondence card referred to in the
report of reference contained no writing. This card was sent
to the Division criminal laboratory to determine if any invisible
writing could be found thereon.

In further reference to Evelyn Frechette, it may be
further noted that Special Agent Ray C. Newman in his telephonic
conversation with the Keshena, Indian Agency at Keshena, Wisconsin,
obtained her description, which is as follows:

Name: Mary Evelyn Frechette
Age: 25
Height: 5'2" or 5'3"
Weight: Approximately 140 lb.
Build: Slender
Color of Hair: Dark
Complexion: Fair
Peculiarities: Does not possess Indian features.
Considered very good looking, neat
and neatness.

b7D In connection with the statement under peculiarities, it may also
b7C be noted that [redacted] of the Deulah Hospital observed the
picture of Evelyn Frechette, which is in the Chicago files, and
stated that while it bore some resemblance to the girl, she could
not say for a fact that it was her picture, and stated that
Evelyn Frechette was much better looking than in the picture in
question.

At 256 Lincoln Park, West, Chicago, Illinois, was made
by Special Agent F.S. [redacted] to determine if Bill Davis was
residing there, but no information of value was obtained.

In an effort to locate Mrs. E. Foster, inquiry was made at the Postal Office Station, 1240 Lawrence Avenue, where it was learned that no removal address was on file for Mrs. E. Foster, and that the carrier who served that neighborhood in 1934 was no longer on that route, or was he attached to the same postal station. The records of this station reflected the removal of one Edward Foster from 3711 Danmore Avenue to 2517 Kenmore, and inquiry at the latter address revealed that a Mrs. Edward Foster had moved from there about 2 or 3 years ago, and that her present whereabouts are unknown. The telephone company is being requested for information regarding the Foster telephone account to determine if Mrs. Foster's whereabouts can thus be ascertained.

In a reference to the lead in the report of reference for investigation to be conducted at Kenosha, Wisconsin, it is to be noted that the report of Special Agent T.F. Mullen dated at Chicago, Illinois January 10, 1934 in the case entitled - "Harry Pierpont with aliases, et al, National Motor Vehicle Theft Act - Murder of Sheriff Jesse Herbert, Lima, Ohio, File 25-5847, sets forth a similar investigation at Kenosha, in which it was determined that only one another John Hamilton resides at that place, who is Elmer J. Hamilton, 227 25th Avenue, whose home at that time was kept under surveillance by the police department of Kenosha. When conducting investigation at Kenosha the agent should refer to this report of Agent Mullen, and should of course, communicate with the Kenosha police department.

UNDEVELOPED LEADS:

CINCINNATI OFFICE at INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA, will interview Sgt Leach of the Indiana State Police to determine if he has a list of the correspondences of Dillinger which were on file in the Indiana State Penitentiary at Michigan St.

CHICAGO OFFICE at CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, at 2225 Sunnyside Avenue, will interview Mr. Davis to determine what information he has regarding one Arthur B. Harrington, said to have resided there in June 1933.

Chicago Office will again interview Mr. E. B. Deaton at the gas station at the northwest corner of Erie and State Island Ave. to determine the identity of the individual who was said to have seen Dillinger prior to his capture at Tucson, Arizona.

At the Salvation Army Maternity Hospital, 2040 North Crawford Avenue, will determine what records are available regarding Evelyn Frochette, who is said to have been in that place in care of Miss Thomas.

At 1113 North Hermitage Avenue, will interview Mrs. S. McKee to determine the present whereabouts of Frances Schultz, the sister of Evelyn Frochette.

At 2400 South Shore Drive will interview James V. Gaskin the chauffeur for Mrs. Herman Stern to obtain the facts regarding the theft of Mrs. Stern's automobile, and to obtain all facts regarding this car and its description.

At the Illinois Bell Telephone Company will make inquiry to determine if Mrs. L. Foster, whose telephone number was Ardmore 0637 in 1939, has a telephone at the present time, in order to locate her and interview her regarding the whereabouts of Evelyn Frochette.

At Kenosha, Wisconsin, superseding the Kenosha lead in the report of reference, this office will communicate with the Kenosha Police Department, and make such further investigation to obtain information regarding the possible whereabouts of John Dillinger, having in mind that Elmer J. Hamilton, brother of John Hamilton, resides at 6407 25th Avenue in Kenosha.

RECORDED

TSB:TAH
62-29777-140 ✓

March 20, 1934

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
625 Lafayette Building,
Detroit, Michigan.

Re: John Herbert Billinger, with aliases,
Identification Order #1217, et al
National Motor Vehicle Theft Act

Dear Sir:

Pursuant to the request of the Chicago Division Office,
there are forwarded herewith four photographs of Evelyn Fricette,
who it is believed may be contacted by subject Billinger or ac-
companying him at the present time.

Evelyn Fricette is described as follows:

Age	28 years
Height	5'2" or 5'3"
Weight	Approximately 140 pounds
Build	Plump
Color of hair	Dark
Complexion	Fair
Faculiarities	Does not possess Indian features. Considered very good looking. Bears bad reputation.

FILES SECTION
MAILED
★ MAR 20 1934 ★
P. M.
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION,
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Very truly yours,

Director.

Enclosure (38529)

①

62-29777-140

JAS

RECEIVED



(7)

MAR 13 1934 AM

Hon. Olaf Eide,
United States Atty Gen.,
Sioux Falls, South Dakota.

Dear Sir:

Acknowledging receipt of your telegram
of today, requesting photographs of Vera Milliner,
there are enclosed herewith, and his description follows:

Age:	31 years
Height:	5' 7 1/2"
Weight:	155
Build:	Medium
Eyes:	Yellow Blue
Hair:	Medium wavy
Complexion:	Medium
Scars:	1/8" back left hand; Scar middle upper lip; Brown scale between eyebrows.
Occupation:	Machinist.
Fingerprint Classification:	12 9 8 9 12 9 8 10

Very truly yours,

EHF/or
Att.
CC Division

62-29777-1001

DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
E. H. PURVIS,
Special Agent in Charge
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

one ju FILE

61



MAR 18 1934 AM



P. O. Box 7704
Cincinnati, Ohio

STO:KCR
22-3082

March 18, 1934

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Suite L, Federal Building,
Kansas City, Missouri.

Re: JOHN WILLINGER, with aliases,
et al.,
National Motor Vehicle Theft Act.

Dear Sir:

In connection with the above entitled matter, as to which CHICAGO is the office of origin, and confirming my telephone conversation with you today, the most recent report from the Chicago office indicates Willinger and Youngblood are described, as follows:

Name	John Willinger, alias John Hall, alias Clarence Cross, alias John Deaneck Hall, alias Joseph J. Harris, alias J. H. Donovan, alias Kirtly.
Age	31 years.
Height	5' 9"
Weight	160 lbs.
Build	Medium
Hair	Medium chestnut
Eyes	Yellow slate
Complexion	Ruddish
Scars	1" scar back left head; small scar 1 1/2" brown mole between eyebrows.
P. D. number	Illinois State Penitentiary, Joliet, Mo., No. 11000.

Name	ROBERT YOUNGBLOOD
Age	20 years (1934)
Height	5' 9"
Weight	150 lbs.
Eyes	Brown
Occupation	Garage man
Race	Negro
Color	Very black
Hair	Black, kinky and tight.
Scars	Has faint scar on right cheek; cut scar on top of right head.

62-2977-1111

DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION	
MAR 15 1934 A.M.	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
ONE TWO	FILE

Marital Status-Married; two children.
 Residence 2345 Massachusetts Ave., Gary, Indiana.
 Received at Crown Point Jail on December 22, 1935 awaiting trial for
 first degree murder.
 Photograph A copy on file at Chicago office, obtained from Gary
 Police Department, Gary, Indiana.

For your further information, in connection with this
 matter, there is enclosed herewith to you photograph of Dillinger,
 together with those of John Hamilton and Joseph Fox. We have no pictures
 of Youngblood in our possession. Hamilton and Fox were involved in the
 prior escape from the Michigan City, Indiana State Penitentiary and might
 again be with Dillinger.

[redacted] private investigator for insurance
 companies at Indianapolis, Indiana advised that he obtained confidential
 information through the bank with which [redacted] conducts his
 business in Indianapolis, Indiana [redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted] has been
 one of the defense counsel at Lima, Ohio in the trial of Harry Pierpont
 who was convicted of first degree murder in connection with the murder
 of Jesse Barker at Lima, Ohio, which murder occurred at the time Harry
 Pierpont, et al., effected the escape of Dillinger from the County
 Jail at Lima, Ohio.

b7c
 b7D

It was [redacted] opinion that possibly this money
 might have been sent by Dillinger, who, it is expected, may try to finance
 the defense of Pierpont and others, who are to be tried for murder at
 Lima, Ohio.

Very truly yours,

R. F. CONNELLY,
 Special Agent in Charge.

CC Division
 Chicago
 Detroit
 St. Louis
 St. Paul

TELETYPE MESSAGE TO DIRECTOR
DIVISION OFFICE

MAR 14 1934

SAC PURVIS

DILLINGER EDWIN EDWARD SHOUSE NOW MICHIGAN CITY PENITENTIARY ALLEN
INFORMED MAYOR EDWARDS MARION INDIANA FUGITIVE HAS CONNECTIONS HERE
AND MAY BE HIDING HERE SUGGEST IMMEDIATE INTERVIEW SHOUSE AND EDWARDS

CC Division

92-29-277-190-15
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 14 1934
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
- one
JB FILE

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
DIVISION ONE
MAR 19 1934 AM

Division of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice

Washington, D. C.

March 16, 1934.

SPC:DSS

an

MR. NATHAN
MR. TOLSON
MR. CLEGG
MR. COWLEY ✓
MR. EDWARDS
MR. EGAN
MR. QUINN
MR. LESTER
MR. LOCKE
MR. RORER

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR.

Agent in Charge Larson called on the telephone and stated that they had positively identified Youngblood by certain scars on his face and that Youngblood has admitted his identity; that Youngblood is very low and the Doctor is not certain that he is going to live; that he has been questioned considerably and the Doctor has instructed that he should be permitted to rest; that Youngblood advised that the last time he saw Dillinger was nine o'clock last night at Port Huron but he does not know where he was going; that Youngblood spoke of a Ford V-8 car; that they are covering a car driven by a woman at the present time, thinking it may be the Indian woman who has been with Dillinger. Mr. Larson stated that he has gotten in touch with the Prosecuting Attorney, who is cooperating very nicely, in an effort to have Agent Murphy question Youngblood privately, without the police officers being there. Mr. Larson will advise the Division if information of interest is secured.

Respectfully,

S. P. Cowley
S. P. Cowley.

Have them press this particularly as to Dillinger.

RECORDED

MAR 19 1934

62-29777-141

DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION

MAR 17 1934 P.M.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FILE

109

SP

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

Division of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

SPC:DSS

March 16, 1934.

MR. NATHAN	.....
MR. TOLSON	.....
MR. CLEGG	.....
MR. COWLEY	.....
MR. EDWARDS	.....
MR. EGAN	.....
MR. QUINN	.....
MR. LESTER	.....
MR. LOCKE	.....
MR. RORER	.....
.....

H.C. Clegg

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR.

Special Agent in Charge Larson called from Detroit and advised that he had just received information to the effect that Youngblood, who escaped from the Crown Point County Jail with Dillinger was in a hospital at Port Huron, Michigan, in a critical condition as a result of being shot while resisting arrest this morning at Port Huron. He stated that though the identification was not positive the report had come to him that it was Youngblood. He stated that he had an Agent en route to Port Huron now where he would endeavor to obtain some information concerning the whereabouts of Dillinger and in the event any information is obtained he will immediately conduct an active investigation looking towards his apprehension.

Respectfully,

J.P. Cowley
S. P. Cowley

*John Dillinger
Headed to Youngblood*

NOT RECORDED COPY FILED IN 66-3574

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAR 20 1934

62-29777-142

DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION

MAR 17 1934 A.M.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

CLEGG

FILE

U. S. Bureau of Investigation

Department of Justice
1900 Bankers Building
Chicago Illinois

SPECIAL DELIVERY

March 17, 1934

Director,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Re: JOHN DILLINGER, et al.
NATIONAL MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT ACT

Dear Sir:

There is transmitted, herewith, in connection with the above entitled case, a Bill of Sale executed December 26, 1933 at Daytona Beach, effecting the transfer of an Essex Coupe from one, Frank Kirtly to Evelyn Frechette.

Evelyn Frechette is reported to be an associate of Dillinger and it is requested that the signature "Mr. Frank Kirtly" appearing on the Bill of Sale be compared with the signature of Dillinger on Identification Order Number 1217 to determine whether or not they are identical.

The Bill of Sale should be returned to this office so that it may be forwarded to the Braemar Sales Corporation at Milwaukee, where it was obtained.

Very truly yours,

M. H. Furvis

M. H. FURVIS,
Special Agent in Charge.

JJW:FVV

Enc.

26-5685

12-26-33
cc
we
92
MS

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAR 26 1934

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DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION	
MAR 19 1934	
CLERK	FILE
OWEN	EDWARDS

DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

501

Laboratory Report

Case: John Dillinger, et al.
National Motor Vehicle Theft Act
62-29777-143

Number:

Specimens: 1 bill of sale executed December 26, 1933, and signed
" Mr. Frank Kirtley "

Examination requested by: Chicago Division Office

Date received: March 20, 1934

Examination requested: Handwriting comparison

Result of examination:

Examination by:

W. J. ...
No. Believe Dillinger may have
written the signature Mr. Frank Kirtley
on the Bill of Sale but impossible
to adequately compare -
i r m z

ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL KEENE

OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK

The Attorney General

The Solicitor General

Assistant to Attorney General

Assistant Attorney General

Assistant Attorney General

Assistant Attorney General

Assistant Solicitor General

Mr. Sargent

Director, Division of Investigation

Mr. Bates, Director, Bureau of Prisons

Division of Accounts

Chief Clerk

Appointments Clerk

Division of Supplies

Mail and File

Mr. Finch, Payroll Bureau

Mr. Parrish

Mr. Egan

Mr. Risher

Mr. Wynn

Mr. Fisher

Mr. Conroy

Mr. Bradley Smith

Mr. Harrison

Mr. Kille

Mr. Norris

Mr. Cottrell

Miss Reynolds

Miss Brown

MEMORANDUM

MAR 20 1934

PROCEEDED

62-2447-70
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
WASHINGTON, D.C.



C O P Y

CHARLES B. METCALFE & SON
Metcalf Spring Creek Ranch
Breeders Rambouillet Sheep, Registered Shorthorn Cattle, Angora Goats
Growers of Wool, Cotton, Alfalfa and Paper Shell Pecans
GLENMORE HALL
SAN ANGELO, TOM GREEN COUNTY, TEXAS, P.O. BOX 206

March 6, 1934

Hon. Homer S. Cummings
U. S. Atty. Genl., Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Inclosed clippings give a most graphic detailed record
of the delivery of Dillinger from jail by officers.

It is so clearly told may be you have not seen it in such
well assembled form so I transmit it to you hoping it will interest you
so you may put your men on it to punish the participating officers
jailures, etc. who so obviously got paid and turned loose this cold
blooded assassin on the people again.

The mass of our people are in penic terror of their lives ---
Help us out.

Resply yours,

/s/ Charles B. Metcalfe

My references
Senator
Tom Connally,
Morris Sheppar

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAR 20 1934

Newspaper clippings
attached were articles
re escape of Dillinger
from jail at Crown Point, Ind.

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DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION	
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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
one	FILE

Key 3-16 JMS

13
x
TBS:AEK

RECORDED

March 16, 1934

ae
62-29777-144

Mr. Charles B. Metcalfe,
Post Office Box 206,
San Angelo, Texas.

MAR 20 1934

Dear Sir:

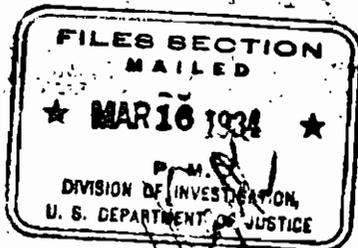
By reference from the Attorney General, I desire to acknowledge receipt of your letter dated March 6, 1934, and to express to you my appreciation for your interest in forwarding the newspaper clipping relative to the escape of John Dillinger from the Lake County Jail at Crown Point, Indiana.

In the event you receive any information as to the whereabouts of Dillinger it will be appreciated if you will communicate directly with Mr. F. J. Blake, Special Agent in Charge, Division of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice, Post Office Building, Dallas, Texas.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Director.



JHS
Division

Lm

UNITED STATES BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **Chicago, Illinois**



REPORT MADE AT: Washington, D. C.	DATE WHEN MADE: 5/17/34	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 5/16-17/34	REPORT MADE BY: R. E. BURRESS	BY: BT
TITLE CHANGED: JOHN HERBERT BILLINGER alias JOHN HALL alias JOHN DONOVAN HALL alias CLARENCE THOSE alias JOSEPH F. HARRIS alias J. H. DONOVAN alias J. HENNELY I.O. #1217 - FUGITIVE - HERBERT JOUNELOAD			CHARACTER OF CASE: NATIONAL MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT ACT	

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Subject John Herbert Billinger, U. S. Navy Serial Number 291-06-78, enlisted Indianapolis, Indiana July 25, 1925 as Fireman, Third class; declared a deserter as of December 6, 1925; given undeniable discharge January 15, 1926; record had—sentenced on two occasions to solitary confinement on bread and water. On enlistment claimed he was born June 22, 1903, Indianapolis, Indiana; home address on enlistment, 615 Main Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri; next of kin, John Billinger, father, same address. Additional marks and scars obtained from Navy record, the most important one being half inch scar on right side of face. Attended public high school, Indianapolis, Indiana for eight years. Copies of U. S. #1217 left with passport division, Department of State, with Terminal Police, Washington, D. C., with all telegraph offices located in Washington, D. C. and with Identification Divisions of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard.

DETAILS:

AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

The title of this case is being changed due to the fact that it has been definitely established by Navy Department records that the full name of subject Billinger is John Herbert Billinger.

b7c On March 16, 1934, [redacted] Navy Department, advised this Agent that by comparison of fingerprints it has been determined that John Herbert Billinger, Navy Serial Number 291-06-78, was accepted for enlistment in the United States Navy at Indianapolis, Indiana July 25, 1925 as a Fireman, third class, and

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>R. E. Burress</i> Assistant in Charge	RECORDED AND INDEXED: MAR 19 1934
COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: 2 Division 2 Chicago 2 St. Louis 2 Cincinnati 2 Washington Field	SEARCHED OFF: MAR 28 1934
COPIES DESTROYED 270 AUG 31 1964	BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION ROUTED TO: <i>one</i> FILE <i>MS</i>

4

was immediately transferred to the Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Illinois.

The following data was furnished by subject Dillinger as enlistment.

Occupation:	Machinist
Place of Birth:	Indianapolis, Indiana
Date of Birth:	June 22, 1905
Home address:	515 Main Ave., St. Louis, Mo.
Next of kin:	John Dillinger, father, same address
Age on enlistment:	18 years, one month (present age 21 yrs.)
Height:	5'7"
Weight:	135 pounds
Eyes:	Blue-15
Hair:	brown
Complexion:	ruddy

Personal characteristics, marks etc.

one half inch scar right side of face,
1/2 inch scar left leg,
pin scar - left knee,
1/2 inch scar - base left ring finger,
vaccination scar - left arm.

The date of birth of Dillinger was verified by a certificate issued by the school board at Indianapolis, Indiana.

The Navy record indicates that on October 8, 1925, subject Dillinger was received on board and attached to the U.S.S. "Utah" then stationed at Boston, Massachusetts. From 8 A.M. October 28, 1925 to 5:30 A.M. October 29, 1925 (23 hours, 50 minutes), subject Dillinger was A.W.O.L. On November 2, 1925 he was sentenced to military confinement at bread and water for ten days with full rations every three days, and to loss of pay amounting to \$12.00. On November 9, 1925 there appears a notation "leaving post of duty without authority - disobedience of orders" sentenced to five days military confinement at bread and water.

While attached to the U.S.S. "Utah" at the Navy Yard, Boston, Massachusetts, subject Dillinger was granted liberty to expire December 4, 1925 and he failed to return - left no effects - intentions not known.

On December 20, 1923 he was declared a deserter as of December 4, 1923, reward of \$50.00 offered. The record indicates that he was given an undesirable discharge January 13, 1925, a notation appearing to the effect that he was then confined in the Indiana State Reformatory at Pendleton, Indiana.

A copy of I.O. #1217 was left with the Identification Divisions of the Navy Department, War Department, Marine Corps and Coast Guard, with the request that this office be immediately informed of any subsequent enlistment of subject Billinger.

Twenty copies of I.O. #1217 were personally delivered to [redacted] Washington Municipal Police, for distribution to the men under his command with a request that this office be at once notified in the event subject should be recognized.

Five copies of I.O. #1217 were personally delivered to Mr. James McKenna, Passport Division, Department of State with a request that this office be informed immediately should subject Billinger make application for passport. Mr. McKenna indicated his desire to closely cooperate in this matter by sending one copy of the Identification Order to each of their passport agents located at New York City, N.Y., Boston, Massachusetts, Chicago, Illinois and San Francisco, California with the notation that his office as well as the Division offices located in their respective jurisdictions be immediately notified should subject make application for passport. Mr. McKenna informed this Agent that no passport or visa is required for passengers sailing by steamer or via airplanes for Cuba or Bermuda. Suggestions for action by the Division with respect to this angle of the case are being covered by a letter to the Division.

Twenty-eight copies of I.O. #1217 were left with the superintendent of the Western Union Telegraph Company and twenty-five copies with the superintendent of the Postal Telegraph Company, who indicated their desire to cooperate by immediately distributing them to their respective branch offices located throughout the City of Washington.

UNDEVELOPED LEADS:

St. Louis Office - In the event it has not been done, appropriate investigation should be immediately conducted in the neighborhood of 916 Bain Avenue to establish whether any relatives or friends of subject Dillinger are now living at that address and if not, whether they are now located in any other section of that city; if not, their present whereabouts should be established. Every effort should be made, if possible, to establish the names of all relatives of Dillinger and their present addresses. Tax records on real estate and personal property may be of assistance in this respect.

Cincinnati Office - It is suggested that all information be obtained from the school board at Indianapolis concerning the record of subject Dillinger who attended the public schools at Indianapolis, Indiana, for eight years. These records may indicate names of parents or relatives, addresses and other data which may be of assistance in this case. It is further suggested that the Bureau of Vital Statistics be contacted from which the names of the parents of subject Dillinger may be obtained and their addresses. It is suggested that a request be made there to notify your office should any attempt be made by anyone to secure the birth certificate from their office of subject Dillinger.

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN

COPY

Mar. 3, 1934.

Department of Justice

Sirs:

In the escape of John Dillinger, notorious desperado, an order should be issued to take him dead or alive.

And in the case of any desperado quick action should be taken no appeal should be granted Let justice ACT!

Sincerely

/s/ C. W. McCray
911 Barbara Ave. Akron Ohio

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAR 20 1934

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DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION	
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ONE	FILE

OK 3/11/34
R

RE:GJ

March 16, 1934.

62-29777-146

RECORDED

Mr. C. W. McCray,
911 Barbara Avenue,
Akron, Ohio.

MAR 20 1934

Dear Sir:

This is to acknowledge receipt of your letter dated March 3, 1934, wherein you make reference to the escape of John Dillinger, notorious desperado, and suggest that an order be issued to have him taken dead or alive.

The contents of your letter have been noted and your interest in this matter is very much appreciated.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover
Director.

AA
RE
FILES SECTION
MAR 16 1934
P. M.
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

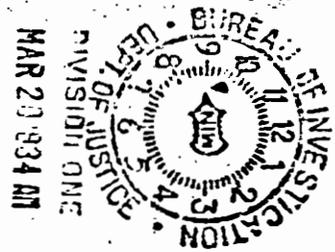
car

U. S. Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation

311 Hurley-Wright Building
Washington, D. C.

March 17, 1934



Director,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Changed:

Re: John Herbert Dillinger alias John Hall
alias John Donovan Hall alias Clarence
Cruse alias Joseph J. Harris alias
J. H. Donovan alias F. Kirtly - I.O. 1217 -
Fugitive - Herbert Youngblood -
National Motor Vehicle Theft Act.

Dear Sir:

Special Agent R. P. Burruss has been informed by Mr. James McKenna, passport division, Department of State, that passports are not required for persons leaving via vessel or air transportation for Cuba and Bermuda, and that a similar condition exists with respect to certain Central and South American countries and other foreign countries. Agent Burruss has obtained, and same is being transmitted herewith, a copy of a circular issued by the Department of State, Passport Division, February 15, 1934, listing those countries with which the United States has succeeded in concluding reciprocal agreements for the reduction or abolishment of non-immigrant visa fees, under the authority of an act of Congress of February 25, 1925. Your attention is respectfully invited to the fact that numerous countries on this list require no passport or visa.

Agent Burruss respectfully suggests that it would appear to be helpful and advantageous to immediately instruct the Jacksonville Office to distribute a sufficiently large number of I.O. #1217 to the appropriate offices of the Pan American Airways located in Florida and other Airlines leaving that State for Cuba, Bermuda and Central and South American points. He further suggests that similar action be taken with respect to the steamship lines leaving ports of embarkation for similar points.

COPIES DESTROYED

Agent Burruss further suggests that a large number of I.O. #1217 be at once delivered to all Canadian Immigration Officials, et al, across the entire Canadian Border. In connection therewith he points out that Herman Barrere who was wanted in connection with the Mary Baker case was located at Montreal, Canada twenty minutes after an Agent from the New York Office personally delivered copies of his photograph to the

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MAR 21 1934 AM

DIVISION ONE

DEPT. OF JUSTICE

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION



Handwritten signatures and initials: "msf", "49", "25", "12"

RECORDED & INDEXED

APR 10 1934

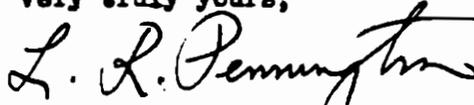
62-29777-147
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 19 1934
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

police at Montreal, Canada. It is further suggested by him that similar action be taken with respect to the Mexican Border.

In the event it has not been done, and having in mind that subject Dillinger previously served as a fireman, third class, in the United States Navy, Agent Burruss further suggests that it may be advantageous to have copies of I.O. #1217 immediately distributed to the Officials of steamship companies who operate both passenger and freight boats on the Great Lakes. This distribution could be accomplished by personally delivering Identification Orders to the leading steamship companies operating out of Buffalo, New York, Cleveland, Ohio and other similar lake ports. He points out in connection therewith that these companies, and primarily those operating freighters, employ seamen and firemen without requesting anything concerning their identity and that it is a well known fact that the crews of these vessels are composed of the toughest element of humanity. It is not an infrequent occurrence for a man to accept employment possibly at Buffalo, New York and to quit the service at Cleveland, Ohio.

The fact that subject Youngblood was located at Port Huron, Michigan March 16, 1934, may carry with it indications that subject Dillinger is also in that locality or other lake ports awaiting an opportunity to cross the border or to accept employment temporarily on some lake steamer.

Very truly yours,



L. R. PENNINGTON, Assistant
Special Agent in Charge.

RPB/DT
#26-3377

**FEES OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES FOR THE
VISA OF AMERICAN PASSPORTS**

The information given below is believed to be correct as of the date of issue of this list. This list does not represent any changes due to rates of exchange. For further and more authentic information inquiry should be made of the consuls of the countries to be visited. Many countries issue special transit visas. Information regarding conditions of issuance of such visas should be obtained from the respective consulates. Those countries with which the United States has succeeded in concluding reciprocal agreements for the reduction or abolishment of non-immigrant visa fees, under the authority of an Act of Congress of February 25, 1925, are marked by an asterisk.

The list given below does not apply to persons who go as immigrants to foreign countries.

<u>COUNTRY</u>	<u>TEE</u>
• ALBANIA _____	gratis
• ARGENTINA _____ \$ 5.00	for visa applied for in United States; \$8.00 for visa applied for outside the United States.
• AUSTRIA _____ \$ 2.00	(transit visa \$.25)
• BELGIUM _____	no visa required.
• BELGIAN CONGO _____ \$ 2.00	for three months or less;
_____ \$18.00	for longer periods than three months.
BOLIVIA _____ \$ 4.00	
BRAZIL _____ \$ 2.20	
• BULGARIA _____ \$ 2.00	
• CHILE _____ \$ 4.00	
• CHINA _____ \$10.00	
• COLOMBIA _____	gratis
• COSTA RICA _____	gratis (Tourists remaining in Costa Rica less than 90 days are not required to have passports or visas and may receive from Costa Rican consul tourist cards valid for 90 days.)
• CUBA _____	no passport or visa required.
• CZECHOSLOVAKIA _____	no visa required.

DANZIG,

62-29777-147

<u>COUNTRY</u>	<u>FEE</u>
• DANZIG, Free City of---	no passport or visa required
• DENMARK-----	no visa required.
• DOMINICAN REPUBLIC-----	no passport or visa required
• ECUADOR-----	gratis
• EGYPT-----	10 gold francs (transit visa 1 gold franc). Effective November 1, 1933.
• ESTONIA-----	gratis
• FINLAND-----	gratis
• FRANCE-----	\$ 2.00 good for 2 years. (Visa for one entry sojourn limited to 30 days (\$.20) (transit visa 50 cents)
• GERMANY-----	\$.50 (transit visa 50 cents)
• GREAT BRITAIN-----	\$10.00 (transit visa \$1.00)
• GREECE-----	\$10.00 Good for one year. The following visas are also granted. \$2.40 three months, one entry. \$1.40 tourists traveling in groups of more than 25. From June 15 to Sept. 15 the \$2.40 and \$1.40 rates are reduced one-half. Transit visa 60 cents.
• GUATEMALA-----	gratis. (passport and visa not required for stay of one month or less; instead tourist card will be issued without fee by Guatemalan consul.)
• HAITI-----	no passport required.
• HUNGARY-----	\$ 2.20 good for three months but limited to one entry. (Visa for one year and unlimited entries, \$10.60; for single transit, \$1.15; for transit and return, \$2.20.)
• HONDURAS-----	no visa required.
• HONDURAS, BRITISH-----	no passport or visa required
• ICELAND-----	no passport or visa required
• IRISH FREE STATE	

<u>COUNTRY</u>	<u>FEE</u>	
IRISH FREE STATE	\$10.00	one visa covers the British Isles. (When debarkation is in an Irish Free State port, or Londonderry, the Irish Free State visa should be obtained; when debarkation is elsewhere in the British Isles, the British visa should be obtained.)
• ITALY	-----	no visa required.
• JAPAN	-----	gratis
• LATVIA	\$10.00	(transit visa gratis)
• LIBERIA	\$ 2.00	
• LIECHTENSTEIN	-----	no visa required.
• LITHUANIA	\$ 5.00	(transit visa gratis)
• LUXEMBURG	\$ 2.00	
• MEXICO	-----	no passport or visa required; in lieu thereof a certificate of identification should be obtained from a Mexican Consul.
MONACO	\$.90	
• NETHERLANDS	-----	no visa required.
• NICARAGUA	-----	no visa required.
• NORWAY	-----	no visa required.
• PANAMA	-----	no passport or visa required.
• PARAGUAY	-----	no passport or visa required.
• PERSIA	-----	gratis
• PERU	-----	no visa required of tourists; visa for other travelers required but will be granted without fee.
• POLAND	\$ 4.00	visa can not be extended; maximum validity 2 years; (single transit, 28 cents; transit and return in transit, 56 cents.) Each person over 16 years of age included in the passport must pay a separate visa fee.
PORTUGAL	\$ 3.50	when passport includes one person.
	\$ 5.50	when passport includes more than one person.

RUMANIA

COUNTRY

FEE

..... RUMANIA -----	\$10.00	(transit visa good for a 48 hour stop, \$1.00; for continuous passage, 20 cents.)
ST. PIERRE-MIQUELON ---		no visa required.
* SALVADOR -----		gratis
* SIAM -----		no visa required.
* SPAIN -----		10 pesetas.
* SWEDEN -----		no visa required.
* SWITZERLAND -----		no visa required.
TURKEY -----	\$ 3.00	(transit visa \$1.20; permits a stay of 15 days in Turkey.)
URUGUAY -----		no passport or visa required of first class passengers.
VENEZUELA -----	\$ 2.00	Fee is payable on arrival in Venezuela.
* YUGOSLAVIA -----	\$ 2.00	(single transit, 50 cents; transit and return in transit \$1.00)

Passport Division, Department of State,
 Washington, D. C.,
 February 15, 1934.

DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION, U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.**

St. Louis FILE NO. **88-4215**

REPORT MADE AT: St. Louis, Mo.	DATE WHEN MADE: 3-17-34	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3/7 to 3/10/34	REPORT MADE BY: D. W. MAHER	BDM:M
TITLE: JOHN DILLINGER, aliases; JOHN HALL, JOHN DONOVAN HALL, Clarence Cross, Joseph J. Harris, J. M. Donovan, Kirby, L. O. Flitz, HERBERT YOUNGBLOOD.		NATIONAL MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT ACT		

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Photos of subjects Dillinger and Youngblood identified as two persons seen in red or maroon colored Buick Sedan or Buick Coupe at Granite City, Ill. and vicinity on 3-7-34. White man and colored man in maroon colored automobile seen leaving outskirts of Granite City, Ill. going north toward Hannibal, Ill. leading to main highway for Chicago, Ill. at 8:30 A. M. on 3-8-34. White man and colored man resembling photos of Dillinger and Youngblood in maroon colored Buick Sedan bearing Arkansas license #A-42,978 stayed at negro shack at East St. Louis, Ill. on nights of 3-6-34 and 3-5-34.

REFERENCE:

Division wire dated 3-7-34 and report of Special Agent T. F. Mallon, Chicago, Ill., 3-6-34.

DETAILS:

On March 7, 1934 at about 2:45 P. M. while this agent was at the East St. Louis, Ill. Police Dept. on official business a phone message was received by that department from a man, who appeared to be very excited, to the effect that a white man answering the description of John Dillinger and a colored man answering the description of Herbert Youngblood, recent escapes from Jail at Crown Point, Indiana, had just left Granite City, Ill. in a red colored Buick coupe and were headed for East St. Louis, Ill., by the way of Horse Shoe Lake. On receipt of this information agent phoned Special Agent in Charge Ladd, who advised he would at once transmit same to the St. Louis Police Department.

agent, accompanied by some eight officers of the East

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	RECORDED AND INDEXED:
COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: 3 Division 2 Chicago 1 U. S. Attorney, Chicago, Ill. 3 Oklahoma City	St. Louis DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE ROUTED TO: FILE

St. Louis, Ill. Police Department, immediately made a careful survey of the two roads leading from Horse Shoe Lake to East St. Louis, Ill. but was unable to locate or obtain any information concerning the white man and negro in the red colored Buick coupe referred to.

b7c
b7D

Shortly after agent's return to the East St. Louis, Ill. Police Dept., [redacted] St. Louis Electric Terminal Ry. Co., put in an appearance and after advising he was the person who phoned stated that at about 2:15 P. M. on March 7, 1934 he was in his Ford Sedan at 25th St. and Madison Ave., Granite City, Ill. and noted parked, headed east, a large red painted Buick coupe bearing new Illinois license plates, numbers unknown; that there was in the car a good sized negro and a white man wearing sideburns and a big, soft, black hat pulled down over his eyes.

[redacted] stated that the negro, who was doing the driving, turned the Buick car around and headed west toward Niedringhaus Ave.; that shortly after they again passed him going east; that after he saw them the second time he was fully convinced that the two in the car were Dillinger and Youngblood who had escaped from Jail at Crown Point, Indiana; that he followed the two men and they kept zigzagging around Granite City for a distance of about three miles when they stopped a white man who later advised him that the man asked the road to East St. Louis and that he informed them to go by the way of Horse Shoe Lake. [redacted] stated that because he was positive the two persons referred to were the two escapes he at once phoned the Granite City police, called at the Madison, Ill. Police Dept. and phoned the St. Louis, Mo. and East St. Louis, Ill. police the information stated above.

[redacted] described the white man referred to as about 30 years of age, 5' 8" or 9" in height, weighing 140 lbs., dark complexion, long dark sideburns set square, dark overcoat and wearing a large black felt hat pulled down over his eyes close to his ears. He described the negro as 30 years of age, 5' 7" or 8" in height, weighing 180 lbs., very black, round fat face, large lips and wearing dark overcoat.

[redacted] accompanied agent to the St. Louis Division office and then to the St. Louis, Mo. Police Department and at both places positively identified photos of Dillinger and Youngblood as the men previously mentioned.

At the St. Louis Police Department, Lieut. Jeremiah O'Connell advised this agent that immediately upon receipt of the phone message from Special Agent in Charge Ladd furnishing the above mentioned informa-

tion he caused a general order to be issued to all members of his department to be on the lookout for a white man and a colored man in a red Buick coupe and that he immediately caused additional men to be placed at the St. Louis approaches of the bridges between St. Louis, Mo. and Illinois.

On March 8, 1934 agent [redacted] accompanied by George Byrnes, Chief of Detectives, East St. Louis, Ill., proceeded to the Granite City, Ill. Police Dept. and there contacted Deputy Sheriff Harry O'Connell and Police Officer Ray Williamson. After making numerous inquiries at Granite City it was ascertained that the man referred to by [redacted] who was stopped by the white man and negro in the red Buick coupe the day previous, [redacted]

[redacted] was contacted by agent and the officers previously mentioned and stated that about 2:25 or 2:30 P. M. on March 7, 1934 on the Namecki Road between the Edwardsville Road and Bandy Ave. on the outskirts of Granite City, a white man and a negro in a red colored coupe headed south stopped him; that the negro was driving; that the white man inquired as to the road to East St. Louis, Ill. and that he directed him by the way of Horse Shoe Lake. When shown a photo of Dillinger, indicating his age to be 21 in 1934, and a photo of Youngblood, indicating his age to be 29 in 1933, [redacted] stated that the photos somewhat resembled the two men he saw in the red colored coupe, but the photo of Dillinger appears to be a younger man than the white man and the photo of Youngblood appears to be a little older than the colored man. [redacted] described the white man as 28 or 30, 175 lbs., medium build, black soft hat, black overcoat. He described the negro as about 175 lbs., very black, and wearing a red sweater.

After making numerous inquiries at Horse Shoe Lake on the road leading into East St. Louis agent and the officers mentioned contacted [redacted] who conduct a tavern on that road. They stated that on March 7, 1934 at about 2:00 P. M. a white man and a negro in a large maroon colored coupe bearing Illinois license plates, numbers unknown, drove to about twenty-five feet south of their tavern, which is on the side of the road, and instead of facing their car to the entrance of the tavern they backed in and kept the car facing south toward East St. Louis, with the motor running; that the white man alighted from the car, entered their tavern, and inquired if they were on the right road to East St. Louis, stating that they got lost in Granite City, Ill. and did not know the way out, and that when [redacted] answered in the affirmative the white man asked if they served draught beer to negroes; that when [redacted] stated they did the white man went to the rear door, whistled and beckoned for the colored man to come in; that the colored

man left the engine of the car running and entered, that each ordered a glass of beer. Nothing was said by either. The white man paid for the beer and the two then again entered the maroon colored car, drove south on the road leading to East St. Louis and that was the last they had seen of either. When shown photos of Dillinger and Youngblood both [redacted] stated that they were pretty sure Dillinger was the white man previously referred to and both stated they were absolutely positive that the photo of Youngblood was that of the negro accompanying the white man in the maroon car, as previously stated.

[redacted] described the white man as 33 to 40 years of age, 5' 8" in height, weighing 140 to 150 lbs., soft hat, believed to be dark gray, gray overcoat and apparently had not been shaved for several days; they described the negro as 28 to 30 years of age, 5' 10" in height, weighing 180 lbs., short black kinky hair, wearing cap, and had very dark brown skin.

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On leaving the [redacted] agent and the officers made a thorough canvass of the cottages, taverns, etc. in and around Horse Shoe Lake but were unable to obtain any additional information relative to the man and the car heretofore mentioned.

On returning to the Granite City Police Dept. the Desk Sargent advised that an unknown person phoned to the effect that at 8:30 that morning, March 8, 1934, a white man and a colored man in a red painted car were seen traveling north toward Namecki leading to the main highway for Chicago. After numerous inquiries on the Namecki Road on the outskirts of Granite City it was ascertained that the phone call referred to was made by one [redacted] at the request of his mother-in-law,

b7c
[redacted] upon interview stated that at about 8:30 A. M. of March 8, 1934 she was at her window and saw a white man and a negro in a red car going north toward Namecki, Ill.; that the white man was driving; that she did not know the make of the car; that she could not give a description of either man because they were driving fairly fast when they passed her home.

b7c
On March 9, 1934 George Byrnes, Chief of Detectives, East St. Louis, advised agent that the night men in his department had just informed him that a white man and colored man in a maroon colored car stayed for two nights at the shack of a negro, [redacted], in East St. Louis; that his men, accompanied by [redacted] Terminal R. R. Assn., endeavored to locate the two men but were unsuccessful.

On receipt of this information, Sergeant Patrick Byrne, East St. Louis Police Dept., called on ██████████ who resides in a small shack at Black Bridge, south of St. Clair Ave. and west of the Terminal railroad tracks in East St. Louis. ██████████ stated that on Sunday night, March 2, 1934, at about 9:00 o'clock a white man and a colored man in a Buick four door sedan maroon in color, wooden spokes, and bearing Arkansas license plates JA-65978, called at his place and the white fellow stated they had been drinking a little and wished to stay all night; that he said to the white fellow "Alright" and the white fellow then took off his overcoat; that he then noticed the white fellow had two 45 caliber revolvers in holsters strapped around him; that the white fellow kept the revolvers strapped on him and threw himself across the bed; that the colored fellow kept on his overcoat and hat and threw himself across the foot of the bed; that he stayed in the room with the two men, but neither of them slept; that at 4:00 o'clock the following morning both left in the Buick sedan which they had previously concealed in the rear of his shack. ██████████ stated that about 9:00 o'clock on Monday night, March 5, 1934, the same two fellows in the same Buick Sedan again called at his place; that they had a pint of whiskey with them; that they started to talk about women and when the white fellow asked if he could find some women for them, stating that they would treat the women alright, he advised he did not know where they could get any women; that the white fellow again discarded his overcoat at which time he, ██████████ again observed the two large 45 caliber revolvers in holsters strapped around him; that the colored fellow kept on his overcoat and hat and after talking for a few minutes both threw themselves across the bed; that neither slept, spoke very little, and that about 4:00 o'clock Tuesday morning, March 6, 1934, both left in the Buick sedan but did not say where they were going and that was the last he saw or heard of them.

██████████ stated that during the two nights the white man and colored man were at his shack they did not mention their business, where they were from, or anything relative to their past. He further stated that the two fellows referred to did not offer him anything for the two nights lodging at his shack other than a drink of whiskey each night.

██████████ stated there was but one oil coal oil lamp, with part of a chimney, in the room in his shack during the two nights the white and colored fellows referred to stayed there and for that reason he was unable to observe either very closely; that on Sunday night, March 3, 1934, after observing the two revolvers strapped around the white man he went to get some coal which was on the ground in the rear of his shed close to where the fellows had concealed their Buick sedan; that two overhead lights, property of the Terminal R. R. Assn., gave him a good view of their car; that at that time he noted the license plates to be yellow

and black and marked Arkansas 4-43978; that he also noted that the car was a maroon colored, four door Buick sedan.

bK [redacted] stated that the photo shown him of a young blood somewhat resembled the colored fellow who stayed at his shack and that the photo of Dillinger shown him resembled the white man except that the white man appeared to be older than the photo of Dillinger.

[redacted] describes the white man referred to as 45 years of age, 5' 8" or 7" in height, 155 to 160 lbs., dark complexion, smooth shaven, brown eyes, dark brown hair, light soft hat, light overcoat, blue serge suit and tan shoes. He described the colored man referred to as 39 years of age, 5' 8" in height, 160 lbs., brown skin, maroon eyes, black, short, kinky hair, small mustache, soft gray hat, blue overcoat and light suit.

[redacted] concluded by stating that on Tuesday, March 6, 1934, at about 4:00 o'clock he notified [redacted] Terminal R. H. Assn. of the appearance of the white man and the negro at his shack on the two evenings previous and that on that same night [redacted] accompanied by several police officers, kept his shack under surveillance, but the two men did not reappear.

[redacted] upon interview stated that immediately upon receipt of the afore said information from [redacted] he notified the East St. Louis Police Dept. and that during the night of March 6, 1934 and the early morning of March 7, 1934 he, accompanied by several officers of that department, kept the [redacted] shack under surveillance but the two men referred to by [redacted] did not put in an appearance.

On receipt of the information from [redacted] that the Buick four door sedan, maroon color, which was in the possession of the two men referred to, bore Arkansas license plates 4-43978, yellow and black in color, agent telephonically communicated with the Automobile Theft Bureau of the St. Louis Police Dept. and was advised that they have no record of such plates having been stolen and that the 1933 Arkansas license plates are bronze and black in color.

On the evening of March 20, 1934 George Byrnes, Chief of Detectives, East St. Louis, showed this agent that two of his men had just reported to him that one [redacted] East St. Louis, and a friend in a red Buick car were in the vicinity of Granite City, Ill. on March 7, 1934 and got lost; that they made inquiries as to the road back to East St. Louis and possibly they were the men previously referred to by [redacted]

Agent at once proceeded to the East St. Louis Police Dept. and, accompanied by Chief of Detectives Burns, contacted [redacted] who stated he was not in Granite City at any time; that on March 1934 he and [redacted] who conducts a barber shop at [redacted] East St. Louis, went to Venice, Ill. in the latter's green Chevrolet coupe to purchase some fish; that after purchasing the fish they had forgotten the road leading back to East St. Louis; that after inquiring of a man at Venice the way back to East St. Louis they returned there same afternoon.

[redacted] who conducts a barber shop at [redacted] East St. Louis, was contacted and corroborated the information furnished by [redacted]

For the information of the Oklahoma City Division office, there is being enclosed herewith copy of reference report, dated March 9, 1934.

UNDEVELOPED LEAD:

OKLAHOMA CITY OFFICE will ascertain to whom 1933 Arkansas license plates 1-63978 were issued and if there is any record of same having been misplaced or stolen.

PENDING.

JEH:HCB

March 16, 1934.

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. COWLEY

Agent in Charge Purvis at Chicago advised me that he had gotten touch with a Deputy Sheriff at Port Huron, Michigan, this morning, who stated that so far as he knew Dillinger had not been there; that Youngblood has not been positively identified. He stated that the man who is supposed to be Youngblood has made no statement, and the statement supposed to have been made by him to the effect that Dillinger was with him was misinterpreted by the newspapers. He is not expected to live. Mr. Purvis advised that the Detroit Office has sent Agent Murphy to Port Huron to handle this matter.

Very truly yours,

Director.

*John Dillinger
Hearst & King*

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FILES SECTION
MAR 17 1934
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

62-29777-149
19 1934
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FILE

RECEIVED
MAR 21 1934 PM
DEPT. OF JUSTICE
DIVISION ONE

1900 Bankers Building
Chicago Illinois

Special Agent in Charge
Division of Investigation
U.S. Department of Justice
617 Federal Building
Los Angeles, California

Mr. JAMES HILLINGER, with
alleges
Herbert Laughland
National Motor Vehicle
Theft Act

Dear Sir:

In connection with the above mentioned case, it has
been ascertained that one Jerome Love of Tucson, Arizona, an
employee of an Indian Agency, alleged to be located in that
city was a very close friend of one Evelyn Frchette, who is
alleged to be an associate of Hillinger. Evelyn Frchette is
a half-breed Indian, coming originally from Neopit, Wisconsin.
Jerome Love is also a former resident of Neopit.

It has also been reported that when Hillinger was
apprehended in Tucson, Arizona - Wisconsin tags 2001 were found
on his automobile. These tags were issued to Evelyn Frchette
for an Essex coupe which she purchased in Milwaukee, Wisconsin
on January 5, 1934. It is believed possible that Jerome Love
may have contacted Evelyn Frchette if she was apprehended with
Hillinger at Tucson.

It is suggested therefore that appropriate inquiry be
made of Jerome Love to determine if he has any information con-
cerning her whereabouts subsequent to the Tucson incident.
Appropriate inquiry should also be made relative to the tags
referred to above.

Very truly yours,

Special Agent in Charge

JTH:JH
26-2455

cc Division

RECORDED

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MAR 22 1934

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MAR 19 1934
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
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WESTERN UNION

U.S. Division of Investigation

1934 PM



D. M. LIND
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
US DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
501 TITLE GUARANTY BLDG
ST LOUIS MISSOURI

JOHN DILLINGER RE MAN BELIEVED DILLINGER USING NAME FRED DOUGMILLER
TRANSMITTED MONEY ORDERS TO SECRETARY OF STATE ON EIGHTH INSTANT FROM
WILES CENTER ILLINOIS REQUESTING LICENSE PLATES FORWARDED WILES TWO
EIGHT COLLETT DANVILLE ILLINOIS ASCERTAIN IF LICENSE PLATES FORWARDED
TO COLLETT STREET ADDRESS AND CONDUCT APPROPRIATE INVESTIGATION

PURVIS

YCO/ez
CC Division

MAR 22 1934

62-29777-151
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
MAR 19 1934
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
ONE
FILE

Division of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice

Washington, D. C.

EPC:ON

March 17, 1934.

Mr. TOLSON	.....
Mr. CLEGG	.....
Mr. COWLEY	.....
Mr. EDWARDS	.....
Mr. EGAN	.....
Mr. QUINN	.....
Mr. LESTER	.....
CHIEF CLERK	.....
Mr. ROHAN	.....

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. CLEGG.

John

In connection with the Dillinger Case I beg to advise that several photographs of latent fingerprints were received in the Single Fingerprint Section yesterday from Mr. J. M. Robertson, the sheriff at Mason City, Iowa. These fingerprints were found in connection with the bank holdup at Mason City in which Dillinger was supposed to have been identified as the leader. Several of the latent prints appear to be palm prints and only one affords sufficient detail to be of much value. It has been compared with Dillinger's prints with negative results.

The sheriff also mentions an individual by the name of *X*Carpenter supposedly a former associate of Dillinger, who may have participated in the holdup. We have been unsuccessful in identifying Carpenter on this information alone and are wiring the sheriff for further data.

The above information is being submitted for record purposes.

Respectfully,

EPC
E. P. Coffey



RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAR 21 1934

62-29777-152	
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION	
MAR 19 1934 P.M.	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
CLERK <i>One</i>	FILE

IPC:GN

March 17, 1934

Ma
Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
1900 Bankers' Building,
Chicago, Illinois.

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to your letter dated March 9, 1934, in connection with the case entitled John Dillinger, Herbert Youngblood; National Motor Vehicle Theft Act.

No evidence of invisible writing could be developed on the blank correspondence card which you submitted. Several fragmentary latent fingerprints, however, were developed on the card. These do not afford sufficient detail to permit classification for search through the single fingerprint file. One copy of these fingerprints is being transmitted herewith to your office and should you subsequently be in a position to furnish the names of any suspects in connection with this letter whose fingerprints may be of record in the Division comparisons can be made between the fingerprints of such suspects and the latent prints developed.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Enclosure 1689621.

FILES SECTION
MAILED
★ MAR 17 1934 ★
M.
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION,
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

RECORDED

62-29777-153
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 19 1934 P.M.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FILE

JER:BCB

March 15, 1934.

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. COWLEY

Agent in Charge Purvis telephoned from Chicago this afternoon to request authority to tap the wire of Mr. Gilbert Nelson, a lawyer. Mr. Purvis stated he had received information from the Michigan State Police, [redacted]

[redacted] indicating that Billings, "Pretty Boy" Floyd, and Ed and Ted Bents are together. I authorized him to tap the wire.

b7D

Very truly yours,

Director.

*John Dillinger
wire - tapping*

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-12114

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&
INDEXED

62-29777-154	
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION	
20 1934 A.M.	
NOTICE	
FILE	

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

Division of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice

Washington, D. C.

March 15, 1934.

SPC:DSS

Mr. NATHAN	.....
Mr. TOLSON	.....
Mr. CLEGG	.....
Mr. COWLEY	.....
Mr. EDWARDS	.....
Mr. EGAN	.....
Mr. QUINN	.....
Mr. LESTER	.....
CHIEF CLERK	.....
Mr. ROSS	.....
.....

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR.

Replying to your request that I submit a memorandum as to what action was taken toward the apprehension of Dillinger last night when it was flashed that he was in the city of Washington, I beg to advise that I have talked with Supervisors Newby and Stapleton and Assistant Special Agent in Charge Pennington, of the Washington Field Office, all of whom have advised that no action has been taken and that they did not know that such a flash had been made. I did not know myself that Dillinger was reported to be in Washington until about noon when a lady called who refused to give her name, and advised that she had seen Dillinger in Washington but that she was not certain as to his identity until she saw in the papers that he was reported to be here. I have called Mr. Pennington, of the field office, and instructed that he immediately endeavor to determine whether Dillinger is in this city and, if so, cause his apprehension.

Respectfully,

S.P. Cowley
S. P. Cowley.

John D. ...

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MAR 21 1934

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3-17-34
SPC

62-29777-15	
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION	
MAR 19 1934 P.M.	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
one	FILE

MAR 21 1934

RECORDED

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INDEXED

spo-eg

March 17, 1934.

62-29777-155

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Hurley-Wright Building,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to the case entitled JOHN BILLINGER, et al,
NATIONAL MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT ACT. On the evening of March 14, 1934,
it was broadcast over the radio that Billinger, one of the nation's
foremost criminals, was in the city of Washington and had been identified
by certain individuals.

This information was contained in the morning papers of
March 15, 1934. In the afternoon of the same day, Mr. Cowley of the
Division communicated with you by telephone and was advised that no
action had been taken by your office to determine the accuracy of the
above information or to make any effort to cause his apprehension
although it does appear that the local police department had been working
on the case since at least the evening of March 14.

It is obvious that the Washington Field Office did not exhibit
any degree of alertness in this case and it would appear that the proper
relationship does not exist between your office and the local police
department which had been working on the case for a considerable time
before your office even knew that Billinger was reported to be in Washington
although the local police department undoubtedly knew that this Division
was interested in causing Billinger's apprehension for the violation of a
Federal statute over which this Division has primary investigative
jurisdiction.

It also appears that you should have available some reliable
contacts or informants who might be depended upon to obtain information
concerning the presence in the city of Washington or in your territory
of notorious criminals. It is requested that appropriate steps be taken
in order that a recurrence of such delinquencies on the part of the
Washington Field Office may be avoided.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Director.

FILES SECTION
MAILED
★ MAR 17 1934 ★
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION,
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Handwritten notes:
14
Completed
14

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION

From: UNIT #1 Room 418

3/23 1934

To:

- Director
- Mr. Nathan
- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. Edwards
- Unit Two
- Unit Four
- Files Section
- Personnel Files Section
- Equipment Section
- Chief Clerk's Office
- Unit Five
- Identification Unit
- Statistical Section
- Technical Laboratory
- Mr. Baughman
- Mr. Cowley
- Mr. Little
- Mr. Newby
- Mr. Stapleton
- Mr. Stein
- Miss Gandy
- Miss Finnell
- Washington Field Office
- Stenographic Pool
- Secretary
- Correct
- Re-write
- Re-date
- See Me

156

make copies for our files.

Smith

H. H. CLEGG

UNITED STATES BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **CHICAGO.**

FILE NO. **26-2369.**

REPORT MADE AT: El Paso, Tex.	DATE WHEN MADE: 3-17-34	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3-15-34	REPORT MADE BY: J. C. White.
TITLE: JOHN DILLINGER, et al.		CHARACTER OF CASE: NATIONAL MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT ACT.	

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Chas. Spittgarber, owner of National Auto Tourist Camp, Phantom Lake, Toyahvale, Tex., identified photographs seen in newspapers of John Dillinger and Harry Pierpont as being parties who stopped at his tourist camp on June 5, 1931 using names of James and Raymond Glassford of Lexington, Ky. They were accompanied by two other men and two women, also a Mrs. Cornell and Miss Green. Dillinger, Pierpont and Harry Cornell and the two unidentified women left before Mrs. Cornell in Auburn and Cadillac beds. Later Mr. Spittgarber read in the newspapers where Harry Cornell was killed when Dillinger and his gang robbed a bank in Michigan.

INVESTIGATION
 MAR 21 1934 AM
 CHICAGO, ILL.

- RUC -

REFERENCE: Telegram from the Division, 3-7-34 and letter from El Paso office to Los Angeles office dated 3-8-34.

DETAILS:

Mr. Charles Spittgarber who owns and operates the National Auto Tourist Camp at Phantom Lake, near Toyahvale, Texas, was interviewed and stated that on June 5, 1931 several parties stopped at his tourist camp and registered under the names of James Glassford, Raymond Glassford, Neal Cornell, Mrs. Cornell and Miss Green, all of them registering from Lexington, Kentucky, except Mrs. Cornell who registered from Kyoto, Texas; that all of

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i>	RECORDED AND INDEXED: MAR 21 1934
COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Division Chicago-2; Los Angeles-2; El Paso-2.	62-29777-156 MAR 20 1934 A M CHECKED OFF: MAR 26 1934
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION ROUTED TO: One	FILE <i>[Signature]</i>

COPIES DESTROYED
170 AUG 31 1964

Spittgarber stated at his tourist camp for about three or four months; that the two Glassfords, when they first came there, were driving two Auburn sedans and were accompanied by two women the first of whom registered that Mrs. Cornell claimed to have two sons, one, Harry Cornell, approximately 35 years of age, and Neal Cornell, about 23 years of age, and a grandson, Dale Cornell, 15 years of age.

Mrs. Cornell was driving an old Chevrolet car with a pick-up body on it, bearing Texas license 209159. The Auburn sedan driven by James Glassford bore Kentucky 1931 license 218729.

Mr. Spittgarber stated that since the Dillinger gang was arrested in Tucson, Ariz., he recognized the photographs in the newspapers of Dillinger as being James Glassford and Pierpont as Raymond Glassford; that the pictures of the others were not any of the parties accompanying Dillinger and Pierpont while at his tourist camp; that he never saw any of the pictures in the papers of the two women who were apprehended with them at Tucson and is therefore unable to say whether any of the women at the tourist camp were the same ones who were with them at Tucson.

Mr. Spittgarber further stated that the Glassfords, Harry and Neal Cornell, accompanied by the two unidentified women, left his tourist camp before Mrs. Cornell, her grandson and Miss Green left; that he noticed after the Glassfords left that Mrs. Cornell was rather short of funds. Prior to that time all of them apparently had plenty of money and would give large tips to him and his wife for small services rendered them; that they insisted in their travels around over the country that he and his wife should accompany them; that they had plenty of firearms, pistols and rifles and that, what he afterwards learned was a machine gun, was lying in the bottom of one of the Auburn sedans; that they did quite a bit of shooting at targets, tin cans, etc., while at the camp; that they claimed to be race horse men who had recently sold their horses and had come down to Texas on a little pleasure trip.

Mr. Spittgarber stated that Fannie L. Jones, who formerly lived at Phantom Lake and taught school there, was well acquainted with the Cornells and that he had learned that Miss Green is now teaching a small school near Elfron, Ariz.

Mr. Spittgarber said that when this party first came to his tourist camp they had two Auburn sedans and one Chevrolet car with the pick-up body on it which latter car evidently belonged to Mrs. Cornell; that both of the Auburn cars bore Kentucky licenses, one of them being No. 218729 for 1931. The other license number was not placed upon the register. According to Mr. Spittgarber, one of the Auburn sedans had broken down on one of their various trips up in the mountains and they had taken this car to El Paso, Tex., where they traded it off for a practically new second hand Cadillac sedan which bore a Texas license.

Cornell was killed in a bank robbery in Michigan. Mrs. Cornell and her grandson, Dale Cornell, and Miss Green did not leave with the Glassfords but left about four or five days later, sometime late one night. He does not know whether Miss Green left with Mrs. Cornell or not as she was trying to get someone to drive her to El Paso.

Spittgarber described Miss Green as a blonde, about 25 years of age and heavy set; stated that he does not know what description of the other two women as they usually remain in their car.

The register sheet under date of June 11, 1931 was obtained from Mr. Spittgarber and is attached as basis of this report for the Division with the request that it be photostated in order to obtain a handwriting specimen of Dillinger and Pierpont. This sheet should be returned to the El Paso office to be returned to Mr. Spittgarber.

Sheriff Louis Robertson of El Paso, Texas, advised agent that Harry Matthews, Texas State Highway Patrolman, in El Paso had secured all the license numbers from the motor vehicles in El Paso.

Agent interviewed Harry Matthews, State Highway Patrolman, stationed at Van Horn, Texas. He stated that he has these numbers and has either written or sent the Secretary of State of Kentucky and found that the cars were bought and paid for and registered under the names given by Dillinger and Pierpont at the tourist camp at Phantom Lake.

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO OFFICE OF ORIGIN.

DAY 6/5 DATE 3/1 1933

National Auto Tourist Camp Guest Register

WE ARE NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR LOSS BY FIRE OR THEFT—YOU MUST PROTECT YOUR OWN

Cabin Assigned	NAME	No. in Party	RESIDENCE	MAKE OF CAR	License No.	MODEL
✓ 4	James J. [unclear]	3	Leopoldville Ky	Auburn	218729	✓
✓ 3	W. H. [unclear]	3	[unclear]	Chrysler	208-139	✓
✓ 2	Russell [unclear]	2	Leopoldville Ky	✓	✓	✓
✓	James J.			✓	✓	✓
5/24 4	James H. [unclear]	3				
5/24 3	Connell	3				
701	P. H. [unclear]	3		Ford	956757	
			Kerrville Tex	W. J.		Se
			Brazosport Tex	Chrysler		
6/22/33			Leopoldville Ky	Chrysler	208-139	
103 6/22	Fred Corbett	2	Leopoldville Ky			
104 4/22	Miss [unclear]	2	Leopoldville Ky			

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TBS:RLL
62-2777-156

March 23, 1934.

MAR 26 1934

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
1321 First National Bank Building,
El Paso, Texas.

Dear Sir:

There are attached a photostatic copy and the original of the register sheet of the National Auto Tourist Camp, which was obtained from Mr. Charles Splittgarber, Phantom Lake, Texas, and forwarded with the report of Special Agent J. C. White, dated El Paso, March 17, 1934, in the case entitled "John Herbert Billinger, with aliases, Identification Order 1217, et al, National Motor Vehicle Theft Act.

Photostatic copies have been made for the Division's files.

You are advised that future requests of this nature should be made by letter addressed to the Director.

Very truly yours,

Director.

Enclosure 685984



OFFICERS

GILBERT KINNEY, '05, *Chairman*
 420 Lexington Avenue, New York
 VANDERBILT WEBB, '13, *Vice-Chairman*
 15 Broad Street, New York
 GEORGE PARMLY DAY, '97, *Treasurer*
 Yale Station, New Haven
 CURTIS P. FIELDS, '14, *General Secretary*
 Yale Club, New York
 GEORGE E. THOMPSON, '95 S., *Secretary*
 Yale Station, New Haven



DIRECTORS

HENRY S. BROOKS, '85
 JOHN CASSIDY, '90
 GEORGE T. ADER, '95
 HENRY J. FISHER, '96
 THATCHER M. BROWN, '97
 JOHN I. DOWNEY, '97 S.
 FRANK H. SIMMONS, '98
 W. E. S. GRISWOLD, '99
 COURTLANDT D. BARNES, '02
 REEVE SCHLEY, '03
 LANNING P. REED, '04
 HENRY L. FERGUSON, '04 S.
 GILBERT KINNEY, '05
 FREDERICK A. PERSTON, '06 S.
 HENRY A. ALKER, '07 S.
 THEODORE S. WATSON, '09 S.
 ELTON HOYT, 2D, '10
 CLAYTON DUBOSQUE, '11 S.
 VANDERBILT WEBB, '13
 W. J. SCHIEFFELIN, JR., '14
 RONALD H. MACDONALD, JR., '15
 CLEMENT A. GRISCOM, 3D, '22
 FREDERIC A. POTTS, '26

YALE ALUMNI UNIVERSITY FUND ASSOCIATION

*Yale Station
 Lexington
 March 5/34*

*Edgar Hoover Esq.
 Washington D.C.*

*My letter is - I sent it about two
 or to Federal Bureau agent to hold
 an appropriate to look into the
 management of Parsons held in the
 Middle West, particularly after reading of
 the laughable manner by which this
 Alferado. Chelinger made his escape
 from an Indiana prison
 He and the others at last are disgraced
 it was criminally late least one of our
 it need have been seen as it
 of documents to*

RECORDED & INDEXED
 MAR 21 1934
 62-29777-1
 DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
 MAR 19 1934
 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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March 17, 1934.

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
1900 Bankers' Building,
Chicago, Illinois.

ll
al

Dear Sir:

Confirming our telephonic conversation of March 15, 1934, this is to authorize the tapping of the wire of Mr. Gilbert Nelson, an attorney, in an effort to determine the whereabouts of John Dillinger, Charles Arthur Floyd and Edward and Theodore Bents.

It is requested that the Division be advised immediately upon the obtaining of any information of value in connection with these cases and at least twice a week in the event negative results are obtained.

Vary truly yours,

Director.

Mr. Tolson

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-29777-154

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&
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62-29777-154	
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION	
MAR 19 1934 P.M.	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
	FILE

(COPY TELETYPEWRITER MESSAGE)

DIV OF INVEST STPAUL MARCH 14, 1934 PM 7

SAC PURVIS CHICAGO ILLINOIS

DILLINGER EMVTA EDWARD SROUSE NOW MICHIGAN CITY PENITENTIARY ALLEGED MAYOR
EDWARDS MARION INDIANA FUGITIVE HAS CONNECTIONS HERE AND MAY BE HIDING HERE
SUGGEST IMMEDIATE INTERVIEW SROUSE AND EDWARDS

END HARRI

OK HD

CG Division

Re: JOHN DILLINGER, with aliases, I.O. #1217, et al.
K.M.V.T.A. St. Paul File 26-2434

RECEIVED
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
MAR 20 1934 AM

67-29777-158NRI
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 17 1934 A.M.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
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MAR 19 9 24 AM

1900 Bankers Bldg.,
Chicago, Illinois
March 15, 1934

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Post Office Drawer 1207,
Saint Louis, Missouri

Dear Sir:-

RE: JOHN DILLINGER, with aliases,
L. O. FISKY, et al.
KIDNAPING, BURGLARY, ROBBERY,
ETC., ETC., VEHICLE THEFT ACT.

In connection with the above entitled case, it has been ascertained by this office that an Essex Coupe, 1932 model, motor number 16539, bearing Wisconsin tags No. 89001, was traded sometime in January, 1934, to an automobile dealer in Saint Louis, Missouri, named Dehardt. As a result of the trade-in, a new Hudson or Essex was obtained the balance having been paid in cash. The 1932 Essex Coupe was owned by Miss Evelyn Frichette and was originally given to her by one "FRANK KIRKLEY".

It has been developed by this office that Miss Evelyn Frichette is an associate of JOHN DILLINGER and that possibly FRANK KIRKLEY is another alias of Dillinger's. It is requested that a thorough investigation be conducted in connection with the purchase of the automobile in Saint Louis with a view to determining, if possible, whether the purchase was made by Miss Frichette herself and whether any contacts were made by her, or anyone who may have been with her when the car was bought in Saint Louis.

Very truly yours,

J. E. HAYES,
Special Agent in Charge

67-29777-158NR2
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 17 1934 A.M.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

1900 Bankers Bldg.,
Chicago, Illinois
March 15, 1934

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Post Office Box 4807,
Jacksonville, Florida

Dear Sir:

RE: JOHN BILLINGER, with aliases,
I. O. #1217, et al.

NATIONAL MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT ACT

Investigation conducted by this office in connection with the above entitled case has revealed that one FRANK KIRTLAY, on December 26, 1933, transferred an Essex Terraplane Coupe at Daytona Beach, Florida, to one Miss Evelyn Friedman.

The bill of sale transferring the above car, the motor number of which was 81132 and the manufacturer's number 70921, was notarized on December 26, 1933 before D. R. Beach, a notary public at Daytona Beach, Florida. Illinois tags (1933), numbered 1,270,941, had been issued to Kirtley and were on the car at the time of the transfer.

There is reason to believe that "KIRTLAY" may have been identical with BILLINGER and it is requested that a photograph of Billinger be exhibited to the notary public mentioned above to ascertain whether they are identical. If such is the case, a thorough investigation should be made to develop any information possible concerning Kirtley's whereabouts while he was in Florida and what contacts, if any, he made there.

Very truly yours,

J. W. B. [Signature]
Special Agent in Charge

J. W. B. [Signature]
Special Agent in Charge

62-29777-158 NR 3
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 17 1934 A.M.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

P. O. Box 709
Portland, Oregon

March 12, 1934

Special Agent in Charge
Division of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
1900 Bankers' Building
Chicago, Illinois

Dear Sir:

Re: JOHN DILLINGER
HERBERT TOURNELOD
National Motor Vehicle Theft Act

[redacted] a newspaper published in Vancouver, Washington, telephoned the undersigned this date and advised that he has obtained certain rather indefinite information through a local grocer [redacted] which he probably should pass on to this office for appropriate inquiry with reference to the above named John Dillinger. [redacted] stated that [redacted] is a reputable grocer in Vancouver, and informed him that his [redacted] Chicago, was the proprietor of a chain of hotels at that point; that [redacted] was presently on the West Coast, making a survey as to the practicability of going into the hotel business here; that [redacted] had stated that he desired to get away from Chicago and the "gang element" and during his conversation he mentioned the fact that "I know &--- well that Dillinger is at one of my best hotels now". This was the extent of the conversation and according to [redacted] it was undoubtedly purely an expression of his belief and not based upon any actual information in [redacted] possession that Dillinger was in one of his hotels.

According to [redacted] [redacted] has left Vancouver and is alleged to be en route to California, although his intended whereabouts is not known. [redacted] stated that [redacted] be not interviewed as he did not desire [redacted] to know that he had furnished the information stated above.

This is forwarded to you for your information as you may feel it warrants with reference to ascertaining the identity of [redacted]



62-29777-158NR4
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 16 1934 A.M.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FORM NO. 1

Chicago, Ill.

85-5988

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

FILE NO.

REPORT MADE AT: Cincinnati, Ohio	DATE WHEN MADE: 3-19-34	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3/12-13-16/34	REPORT MADE BY: H. B. Klein
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CHARACTER OF CASE: NAT'L MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT ACT

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Leroy and Naomi Hooten are believed to be residing at 1005 S. End St., Hamilton, Ohio. Chevrolet coach registered in Hooten's name sold to Grevey Motor Co., Hamilton, 2-2-34 and same date Mrs. Hooten registered a used Hudson Coach, obtaining 1934 Ohio license #A 90-509 for same, giving address as 1062 S. End St., Hamilton. Hooten now reported with Dewey and George Bacon, Hamilton, engaged in wholesale credit business. Hooten believed to be in Florida at present time with Bacon. Edge officers at Hamilton, Ohio, covering Hootens and their relatives with view of locating Dillinger.

REFERENCE: Reports of Special Agents T. P. Mullen, Chicago, Ill., dated 3-9-34 and 3-12-34, and J. J. Metcalfe, Chicago, Ill., dated 3-15-34.

DETAILS: AT HAMILTON, OHIO

and who has been cooperating with the Cincinnati Division Office, advised that on the night of 3-11-34 the Hamilton Police Department received a "tip" that Dillinger was probably in Hamilton, Ohio. With the Sheriff's force, the police worked all night covering relatives of the Hootens and all suspected rendezvous where Dillinger might hide out. [redacted] was unable to state as to the source of the information received by the Hamilton Police regarding Dillinger.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i>	RECORDED AND INDEXED MAR 20 1934 P.M.
COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: 3 Division 3 Chicago 1 Detroit 3 Cincinnati	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE ROUTED TO: FILE <i>[initials]</i>

UNDEVELOPED LEADS:

CINCINNATI OFFICE at Hamilton, Ohio, will maintain con-
tacts with the Sheriff's Office and Police Department and also with [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] view of definitely es-
tablishing the residence of Leroy Hooten.

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b7D

Gil Grevey, 823 Central Ave., will also be contacted with
view of ascertaining whether he has obtained information as to the location
in Kentucky where the Hooten family visited during the first part of February,
1934. Other contacts will be made to determine whether any suspicious cars
are seen in the vicinity of Hooten's relatives located in and about Hamilton.

At Dayton, Ohio, it will be discreetly ascertained what
connection Margaret Galloway might have with the Wagner family, Hamilton,
Ohio, and also whether or not Dillinger might possibly be in or about Dayton,
Ohio.

PENDING

The Sheriff's Office has also established a connection with a resident living near the farm of Ralph Hart, Seven Mile, Ohio, who is living on Route 22, which is located about one and one-half miles north of Seven Mile. Mrs. Hart is a sister of Mrs. Madal Hootan.

Police at Hamilton, Ohio, have been watching Walter and Edna (Toots) Clark, 1005 S. 2nd St., who are close friends of Harry Campbell, member of the Dillinger Gang, and also the George and Ralph Wagner families, 1052 and 1054 S. 2nd St., Hamilton relatives of Lora Hootan.

Mrs. Edna McDonald, 112 Main St., at the corner of S St., Hamilton, who is related to the Clarks and the Hootans, and Mr. and Mrs. Carl Wagner, 14 S. D St., Hamilton, have also been kept under surveillance by the Hamilton Police and Sheriff's Office.

Various trips have been made by agents to the Stockton Club, at Stockton, Ohio, near Hamilton, Ohio, this Club being operated by Harvey Langdon, an ex-convict and friend of the Hootans. No foreign or suspicious cars have been observed to be stopping there.

Agents have also kept the various addresses under surveillance and have observed nothing suspicious with the exception of on one occasion two men were seen to drive rapidly away from in front of 1052 S. Second St., late one evening. They were driving a cream colored, 1933 Chevrolet Sedan, bearing 1934 Ohio license plates #A 65-073.

It was observed, however, that neither of the persons in the car was identified as Dillinger and under the conditions in which the car was sighted it was impossible to give chase. It has been ascertained that said car is registered in the name of Margaret Calloway, 709 N. Broadway, Dayton, Ohio, and is bearing motor #3870597. This angle of the investigation is being checked further to establish the identity of Margaret Calloway and whether or not there is any connection between this individual and Dillinger.

Attention is invited to the report of Special Agent F. E. Hurley, Cincinnati, Ohio, dated 5-13-34 in the case entitled HARRY PIERPONT, with aliases, et al, NAT'L MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT ACT, NUMBER OF SHERIFF JESSE BARBER, Lima, Ohio, ESCAPE FROM INDIANA STATE PRISON. In this report it will be noted that Captain Pate of the Louisville, Ky., Police Department, had received confidential information to the effect that Dillinger is said to have visited Lebanon, Ky., a few days subsequent to his escape from the County Jail at Crown Point, Ind., it being reported that Dillinger had gone to Chicago, thence to Evansville, Ind., Bowling Green, Ky., and into Lebanon, Ky., and probably contacted Frank Whitehouse, a close friend, who is at the present time in Lebanon, Ky. Investigation, however, at Lebanon, Ky., has failed to elicit any information indicating that Dillinger has been in Lebanon, although he is said to have numerous friends and relatives in this vicinity of Kentucky. This angle of the investigation is being followed up by the Cin-

- 4 -

The Bascum boys were formerly located in business at 214 Main St., Hamilton, but have moved and their present location is unknown.

At 917 Central Avenue, former residence address of the Bascum boys, it was ascertained that they were now living in care of Mrs. Bertha May Mitts, Hanover and Fifth Sts., Hamilton. An inquiry was made of Mrs. Bertha Mitts and it was ascertained that William F. Bascum, father of the boys, was very ill and could not be interviewed. Mrs. Mitts advised that the whereabouts of the Bascum boys was not definitely known to her, but that they had gone to Florida for a few days. She claimed not to know Leroy Hooten. Mrs. Mitts was not pressed for further information in view of the fact that she was given the impression that a casual friend of the Bascum boys was making the inquiry.

It was also ascertained by Chief Deputy Sheriff Walks, that the Hudson Coach bearing Ohio license plates #902509 is now stored in the garage at the rear of 1005 S. Second St., Hamilton, this being the residence of the Clark family, who are reported to be related to the Hootens. It is the opinion of the Sheriff's Office that Hooten is staying at this address and that he has likely accompanied the Bascum boys to Florida for a load of fruit and vegetables, inasmuch as he has not been seen around Hamilton for the past few days.

It has been planned by both the Sheriff's Office and the Police Department that in the event Hooten is seen on the street driving the Hudson Coach, he will be followed with view of finding out just where he is making his residence.

Hooten has previously worked for Tanner and Atherton, 610 S. Second St., Hamilton, who are also in the fruit and vegetable business, and they have not been contacted as yet in view of their absence. This firm, however, is considered to be of good reputation.

In the event the Hootens' residence is not definitely established in the near future, contact will be made at the Tanner and Atherton Company with view of ascertaining whether or not they have information regarding the present address of Hootens.

Deputy Sheriff Walks and Deputy Sheriff Lincolns have established contact in the vicinity of the home of Mrs. Iona Ross, Route #4, Hamilton, which is located on the Middletown, Ohio, Highway near the Fair Grounds. It will be noted here that the Hootens stayed for a time in a small house adjacent to the home of Mrs. Iona Ross during the fall of 1933. It is believed that this is the place where the Dillinger Gang was hiding out at the time the Indiana State Police came into Hamilton, Ohio, to effect the apprehension of the gang soon after the escape of Dillinger from the Lima, Ohio, Jail, and at the time Sheriff Jesse Sarber was murdered. It is believed that the Wagner boy had gone to them at this address and advised them as to the presence of the Indiana State Police in Hamilton.

to be sent to 1052 S. Second St. and upon arriving there he inquired for Hooten. The collector was informed that Hooten's whereabouts was unknown. The collector then presented the unpaid bill and stated he was attempting to collect from Hooten.

Further information was ascertained to the effect that Hooten had sold a Chevrolet car he had previously registered in the State of Arizona to Gil Grevey, who conducted a used car business and is an agent for the Continental Motors. His place of business is located at 825 Central Avenue, Hamilton.

Mr. Gil Grevey was interviewed and advised that Dewey Bassum, who was only known to him in a casual way and resided at 917 Central Avenue and who has lived in Hamilton for about two years, being engaged in the wholesale fruit business, had called on him one day advising that a friend had wanted to sell a 1929 Chevrolet Coach. Grevey told Bassum to bring it around and he would look it over. The same day Bassum, in company with a man and woman whom he introduced as Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Hooten, offered the car for sale and Grevey agreed to purchase same for \$100.00. The Hootens then advised him there was a mortgage on the car in favor of the Capital Loan and Savings Company of Hamilton. Grevey stated he agreed to buy the car on the condition that he would pay off the mortgage of \$50.00 and then give the balance of the selling price to Hooten, only after he had received title to same. This was agreed to and the deal was closed on 2-2-34.

Grevey stated he had never met the Hootens prior to this occasion, but was informed by Bassum that Hooten was working with him in the fruit business. Grevey stated that the Bassum boys, George and Dewey, own and operate a Dodge truck and a Ford V-8 Truck, which they drive to Florida for loads of fruit and vegetables which are disposed of by them in the City of Hamilton. From this information it is quite likely that Hooten used Bassum's Dodge truck in moving his furniture from the Lawn Avenue address. Grevey further stated that on 2-2-34 Bassum had requested him, Grevey, to loan him a set of dealer's tags as the Hootens wanted to make a trip to Kentucky in another car. Grevey stated that this request was denied. As to the name of the town to be visited by the Hootens, Grevey stated it was not mentioned at the time, but it had slipped his recollection. He stated that he would endeavor to ascertain this information and furnish it later.

A search of the motor vehicle registration records of Butler County in cooperation with the Sheriff's Office was made and it was ascertained that on 2-2-34 a 1929 Hudson Coach, blue in color, was registered to Mrs. Naomi Hooten, 1052 S. 2nd St., Hamilton, Ohio, and she obtained 1934 Ohio license plates #AFO-309 for the car. This car had been sold to Hooten, according to the records, by a Col. J. R. Robertson, 214 Market St., Hamilton, and the documents described the car as a Hudson Coach, motor #465747, serial #777292. Col. Robertson is head of the Boy Scouts at Hamilton and at the present time is on vacation in Florida.

Edgar Hoover.
Washington
D.C.

13
Jm

RECORDED
&
INDEXED
MAY 26 1934

Dear Sir:-

62-29777-160
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAY 20 1934
FBI

According to Walter Mitchell
last Sunday evening's Post-
st. Paramount Silvers were
planning to make a picture
featuring the criminal
John Dillinger.

Do you not feel that this
would be an insult to the decent
law abiding citizens of the
United States who do not
have any desire to see
Dillinger or his kind
made heroes or supermen.

Too many stories too
much publicity of them
and their deeds are surely
one of the main reasons

copy to
+75

RECORDED

TS:ps

62-29771-160

March 24, 1934

MAR 26 1934

Mrs. Malcolm K. Duncan,
469 Grand Avenue,
Dayton, Ohio.

Dear Madam:

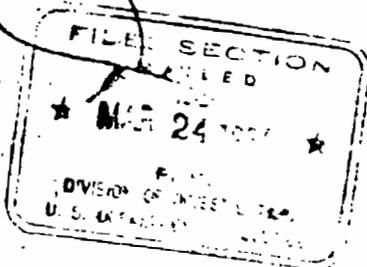
Please accept my thanks for your letter dated March 15, 1934, the contents of which have been noted with much interest.

It is noted that you refer to the recent reports that a motion picture will be made of John Dillinger, who recently escaped from the County Jail, at Crown Point, Indiana. While your comments are appreciated, I regret to advise that it would be impracticable to take any action in this matter in that it does not appear to involve a violation of the Federal Statutes within the investigative jurisdiction of this Division.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Director.



MS

Mr. Duverney, Superintendent of Mails, New Orleans, Louisiana, was interviewed by agent and advised that Eddie Williams did not receive mail at General Delivery, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Investigation was made in the 600 and 700 blocks on North Rampart Street, and no such address as 732 or 733 was found.

Mrs. W. S. Palmer, rooming agency operated at 734 North Rampart Street, could furnish no information concerning Eddie Williams or Mrs. Mary Anderson, reported to be his mother.

Mrs. Irene Brooks, at 736 North Rampart Street, was interviewed by agent and had no information concerning these parties.

Agent made inquiries in the neighborhood of drug stores and Eddie Williams and his mother, Mary Anderson, were unknown. A Mrs. Ruby Anderson, address 1035 St. Peter Street, near the 700 block on North Rampart Street, was interviewed by agent and this was the only Anderson family located in this vicinity. She stated that she had no son by the name of Eddie Williams; that she was formerly a Mrs. George Hines.

Investigation at the Record Room and Identification Division of the New Orleans Police Department failed to develop a record or history on Eddie Williams.

Concerning reference letter, agent conducted investigation at Baton Rouge, Louisiana, in an effort to locate [redacted] a former inmate of Leavenworth Penitentiary, and a friend of Mr. Nelson Spark, at present an inmate of Leavenworth Penitentiary, and husband of Evelyn Franchetti, alias Evelyn Franchette, alias Billy, a partner of Subject John Williams.

AT BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

Agent, accompanied by Assistant Postmaster [redacted] Baton Rouge, Louisiana, met [redacted]

[redacted] at Baton Rouge, who furnished information to the effect that [redacted] occupied Room 773 in the King Hotel between the dates of February 10, and 18, 1934, registering from Cleveland, Ohio. Agent was advised that [redacted] was associating with [redacted] who also registered from Cleveland, Ohio, with a wife and son on February 10, 1934, and departed on February 19, 1934, leaving as a permanent forwarding address the [redacted] Jackson, Mississippi. Agent was advised by [redacted] that [redacted] were interested in a [redacted] and had a truck or an auto with a loud speaker for advertising purposes.

For the purpose of ascertaining the identity of [redacted] Agent interviewed Mr. Ralph Whitman, Superintendent of the Louisiana State Identification Bureau, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, and secured description and history of [redacted]

b7D
b7C

Mr. Whitman forwarded to the New Orleans Division Office two photographs bearing identification numbers [redacted] in the New Orleans Division file.

Investigation was requested by [redacted] of the New Orleans Division Office conducted investigation at the [redacted] Hotel, Jackson, Mississippi, as well as at other hotels, and could find no information relative to [redacted] Special Agent Temple secured information that [redacted] his wife, and son, were registered at the [redacted] Mississippi, on several occasions between January 4, and February 20, 1934, leaving as a forwarding address - General Delivery, Columbus, Mississippi.

[redacted] Mississippi, investigation developed that [redacted] also using the alias of [redacted] at the [redacted] and [redacted] on February 17, 1934, being a [redacted]

Long distance telephone calls were located at either Baton Rouge, Louisiana, or Jackson, Mississippi, as having been placed by [redacted]

Masked as Show Walkathon Dance Hall was opening in New Orleans, Louisiana, with participants from Jackson, Mississippi, agent, accompanied by Detectives Harry Schaefer and John Ricks, of the New Orleans Police Department, conducted investigation at the Walkathon Dance Hall, located on Carondelet and Caliope Streets, and photograph of [redacted] was identified by [redacted] one of the promoters, as an individual who had approached him for a job.

[redacted] was located at the Walkathon Contest subsequently, and brought to the New Orleans Division Office; an interview was taken to [redacted] on the [redacted] of New Orleans, Louisiana, adjoining Industrial Canal at the end of Desire Street and [redacted] where the correspondence of [redacted] was reviewed by agent, accompanied by Detectives Schaefer and Ricks, and a letter from [redacted] dated February 19, 1934, was reviewed, which indicated that he had received divorce papers on February 16, 1934, indicating that Evalyn Frisbette, alias Evalyn Frachetti, was to secure a divorce on February 19, 1934, from Walton Spark.

There were several other letters from a Leavenworth Penitentiary inmate by the name of [redacted] and numerous other

letters to the wife of [redacted], but none indicated any connection relative to John Dillinger, his associate, or the wife of Walton Spark, a paramour of subject John Dillinger.

[redacted] appeared cooperative in furnishing information, and advised that he had never seen the wife of Walton Spark, but had seen her photograph, and from description furnished him by Walton Spark he stated that she was a one-quarter breed Indian, drawing a livelihood or pension from her tribe in Wisconsin, which approximated \$15.00 per month, and from which check she frequently forwarded money to Walton Spark at Leavenworth, Kansas Penitentiary. Relative to her present address, [redacted] advised that Walton Spark advised him that she was in Chicago or in Wisconsin. [redacted] advised that undoubtedly she could be located through Bob Cherrington or his wife who also is a friend of Mrs. Walton Spark and resides in Chicago, Illinois, and who is mentioned in the reference letter.

[redacted] furnished agent with points of his travel since his release from Leavenworth Penitentiary, and advised that he has been following the Walkathon Contest with his wife, whom he married at Jefferson City, Missouri, November 27, 1933, and concerning which marriage [redacted] has a Marriage Certificate. His wife was formerly [redacted] and her mother, [redacted]

Inasmuch as [redacted] alias [redacted] alias [redacted] were at Baton Rouge, Louisiana, and Jackson, Mississippi, while John Dillinger was incarcerated at Crown Point, Indiana, they could not be subject John Dillinger, who escaped March 5, 1934. [redacted] advised that he first met these men at Baton Rouge, Louisiana, and advised that they do not know Mr. or Mrs. Walton Spark or John Dillinger. [redacted] advised that he does not know John Dillinger, or any of his associates.

[redacted] is employed by [redacted] at a shoe shop at [redacted], Louisiana, where he receives his mail.

[redacted] has been requested to report to the New Orleans Division Office periodically relative to information he may secure from Walton Spark with references to the address of the wife of Spark.

UNDEVELOPED LEADS:

THE CHICAGO OFFICE: In the event Mrs. Walton Spark, alias Evelyn Franchetti, alias Evelyn Franchetti, mentioned in reference report has not been located, a [redacted] of or interview with Mrs. A. C. Cherrington, address 1844 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Illinois, should be made, as her husband, Bob Cherrington, an inmate of Leavenworth Penitentiary, was sentenced from Chicago, Illinois, with Walton Spark.

(Continued)

THE CHICAGO OFFICE: Investigation at Shawano, Wisconsin, should likewise be made for history of Mrs. Welton Spark, with aliases, relative to check paid to her under an alias bookright for the purpose of securing her present address.

THE KANSAS CITY OFFICE: Is requested to ascertain through an indirect inquiry of Welton Spark, an inmate at Leavenworth United States Prison where his wife secured a divorce from him on February 19, 1934, and the name and address of the attorney who handled her case for the purpose of her location. This investigation to be developed only in the event that the Chicago or St. Paul Division Offices do not have her present address.

PENDING.

271

DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FORM NO. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.**

FILE NO. **86-3350 DM/av**

REPORT MADE AT: NEW ORLEANS	DATE WHEN MADE: 3-18-34.	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3/18 thru 19/34	REPORT MADE BY: D. W. HAGEN
TITLE: JOHN BILLINGER, with aliases; HERBERT YOUNGBLOOD; ERNEST BLUNK.			CHARACTER OF CASE: NATIONAL MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT ACT.

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Edie Williams does not reside 732 Rampart Street, and is unknown to Postal and Police authorities in New Orleans. Jack Bourland located and interviewed in New Orleans, Louisiana, former knowledge of Dwight Franchetti, alias Mrs. Walton Spark. Bourland recently released from Leavenworth Penitentiary and friend of Walton Spark, advised that Mrs. Walton Spark received an Indian Reservation Roadright in the State of Wisconsin, and that she is at this in Wisconsin at Chicago. Letter of Walton Spark indicates that she secured a divorce from him February 15, 1934.



REFERENCE: Letter of the Kansas City Division Office March 2, 1934, to the Chicago Division Office. Report of Special Agent T. F. Mallon, Chicago, Illinois, 3-2-34.

AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

DETAILS: b7C With reference to Edie Williams, mentioned in reference report of Agent T. F. Mallon, with a residence address 732 Rampart Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, agent made investigation at 732 South Rampart Street, and found this address to be a vacated saloon which had suffered a fire, and rooming house quarters above this address were likewise unoccupied. It is located in a negro section of New Orleans, Louisiana.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	62-29777-161 BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION MAR 21 1934 A M DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE ROUTED TO: FILE	RECORDED AND INDEXED: MAR 21 1934 CHECKED OFF: JACKETED:
COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: 2 - Division 2 - Chicago 2 - Kansas City 1 - Cincinnati 1 - Detroit 1 - St. Paul 2 - New Orleans		

RECEIVED
MAR 10 1934
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

MAR 10 1934

Special Agent in Charge
Division of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
625 Lafayette Building
Detroit, Michigan

JOHN MILLER, with aliases,
et al
NATIONAL MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT ACT

In confirmation of the telephone conversation between your
self and Agent Miller of this office this morning in connection with
the above entitled case, concerning the probability of getting into
custody Evelyn Froehette, please be advised that investigation by
this office has developed that on January 12, 1934, a telegram al-
legedly was forwarded from one Mrs. Ed Miller to Evelyn Froehette
at Shawano, Wisconsin, containing the substance as follows:

That is at 78 East Michigan Street Highland Park
Michigan at date very important.

And Evelyn Froehette contacted with a Chicago in subdivision of Fel-
low:

MAR 23 1934

62-29777-16

MAR 21 1934

FILE

Received your wire of March 10, 1934, and I have
you at 78 East Michigan Street
I have been questioning her. On December 26, 1933, an Essex Coupe,
motor number E1102, 1933 model, was transferred to Miss Froehette
by one Frank Kirtley at Daytona Beach, Florida. The signature
appearing on the Bill of Sale strongly indicates that Frank Kirtley
is identical with Millinger. Thereafter, Miss Froehette demolished
this automobile in a wreck on her way to Shawano, Wisconsin, and
on January 13, 1934, she

MAR 22 1934 AM
DIVISION ONE
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

625 Lafayette Building
Detroit, Michigan
March 19, 1934

Special Agent in Charge
Division of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
1900 Bankers Building
Chicago, Illinois

MAR 23 1934 AM
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Re: HARRY VINCENOT, with aliases,
National Motor Vehicle Theft Act
Murder of Sheriff Jesse Barber, Ill. who
escaped from Indiana State Prison

Dear Sir:

Referring to report of Special Agent F. J. Mallon,
your office, dated March 8, 1934, in the above entitled matter,
it will be noted on Page 11 that an undeveloped lead is set out
for your office to locate Harry Copeland, alias Arthur S. Cherrington,
a member of the so-called Dillinger Gang.

Please be advised that it will be noted in report
of Agent Mallon dated 12/27/33 that this Harry Copeland was arrested
by the Chicago Police Department on November 15, 1933, and on
November 20 was turned over to the Warden of the Indiana State
Penitentiary as a parole violator where he is now incarcerated.

It will be further noted in my letter of October
20, 1933, that Copeland as Arthur S. Cherrington purchased an
Oldsmobile from the Shear Motor Sales Company at Chicago between
the dates of September 8 and 15, 1933, under the name of Arthur S.
Cherrington, giving his address as 2318 Sunnyside Avenue, Chicago.

Very truly yours,

W. L. Larson
Special Agent in Charge

W. L. Larson
Special Agent in Charge

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAR 23 1934

62-29777-162

DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION

MAR 21 1934 A.M.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Division of Investigation
U.S. Department of Justice Washington D.C.

3-19-34

am

Yes John Dillinger

1217

WANTED ✓

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEPT. OF JUSTICE
DIVISION ONE
MAR 22 1934 PM

RECORDED

MAR 24 1934

62-29777-14
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 27 1934 P.M.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FILE

State of Iowa
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
State Capital
DES MOINES, IOWA



Division of Investigation
U.S. Department of Justice
Washington D.C.

ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL KEENE

OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK

<i>The Attorney General</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	MEMORANDUM <i>[Handwritten initials]</i>
<i>The Solicitor General</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Assistant to Attorney General Stanley</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<i>[Large black redaction box]</i>
<i>Assistant Attorney General Williams</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Assistant Attorney General Stephens</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Assistant Attorney General Seawing</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Assistant Solicitor General MacLean</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Mr. Samuel</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Director, Division of Investigation</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Mr. Bates, Director, Bureau of Prisons</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Division of Accounts</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Chief Clerk</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Appointment Clerk</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<i>[Handwritten signature]</i>
<i>Division of Supplies</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Mail and Files</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Mr. Finch, Pardon Attorney</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Mr. Parrot</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Mr. Ky</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Mr. Reigh</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Mr. Wason</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Mr. Fink</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Mr. Baum</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Mr. Andrew Smith</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<div data-bbox="1005 2018 1484 2256" data-label="Text"> <p>62-29707-115 DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION MAR 21 1934 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE</p> </div>
<i>Mr. Morrison</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Mr. [unclear]</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<i>Mr. [unclear]</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

RECORDED
MAR 22 1934

62-29707-115
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 21 1934
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Arizona. This information, however, has not been verified by this Office to this date. For your further information, Miss Froehette is strongly addicted to the indulgence of intoxicants, and when out of funds will go to extremes to obtain liquor.

As stated in the telephonic conversation this morning, she Miss Dury, of Highland Park, visited the Indian Reservation at which Miss Froehette formerly resided in Wisconsin. This visit occurred during the summer of 1933, and at the time Dury was driving an Auburn Sedan. He stayed with close friends of Miss Froehette and in all probability she has or will contact him if she is in the vicinity of Highland Park.

Very truly yours,

M. H. FURVIS
Special Agent in Charge

MFV:LN

22-6585

cc: Division

COPY

GAF

Leipsic, O., Mar 11/34

Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sirs:

I know not where to leave this bit of information nor what it may be worth. But this P.M. while in a Local place I heard a young man from between here and Lima tell of a conversation taking place in his hearing between two other men one of them a Traveling Salesman, who said that an evening or two ago he slept in a Room adjoining the Room occupied by Miss Levy who is Atty from Indianapolis for the Dillinger Gang at a Hotel in Lima, O. The Salesman said that Miss Levy was so busy answering Phone calls that he did not get much sleep.

He overheard one answer in which Miss Levy should have addressed one by the name of John, advising him to stay out of Lima at this Time as it would be suicidal for him to be seen there.

Why could not that room be secured quietly by an U.S. Secret operator and used in an effort to Land John if he happens to be the much wanted John of Dillinger Gang outfit.

This is not done in hope for reward but just simply as an effort to help.

Yours truly,

W. H. McClung JP

Leipsic, Ohio.

*Reply
3/20 37
MS*

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAR 22 1934

62-29777-165	
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION	
MAR 21 1934 P.M.	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
	FILE

TMS:GJW

March 20, 1934.

RECORDED

62-29777-165

Mr. W. H. McClung,
Leipsic, Ohio.

MAR 22 1934

Dear Sir:

Please accept my thanks for your letter dated March 11, 1934, furnishing information concerning John Dillinger, who recently escaped from the County Jail at Crown Point, Indiana.

Your interest in reporting this matter is greatly appreciated and I have instructed

Mr. William Larson,
Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
625 Lafayette Building,
Detroit, Michigan,

MAR 20 1934
P. M.
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

to have an Agent from his office contact you immediately for further details.

Should you receive any further information, it would be appreciated if you will communicate directly with Mr. Larson.

Very truly yours,

Director.

JMS

C
X

IND:GAW

March 20, 1934.

RECORDED

62-29777-165

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
625 Lafayette Building,
Detroit, Michigan.

MAR 22 1934

Dear Sir:

There is attached a copy of a letter received from Mr. W. E. McClung, Leipsic, Ohio, dated March 11, 1934, furnishing information which may be of assistance in locating John Dillinger.

It is desired that this matter be given immediate attention.

Very truly yours,

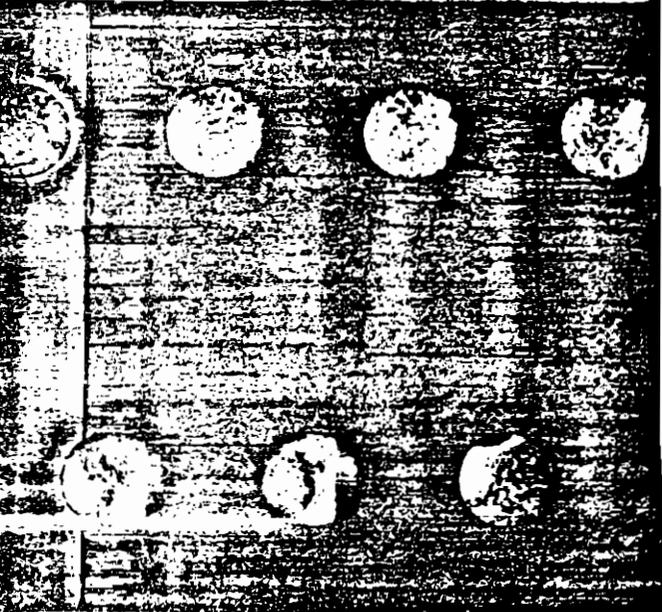
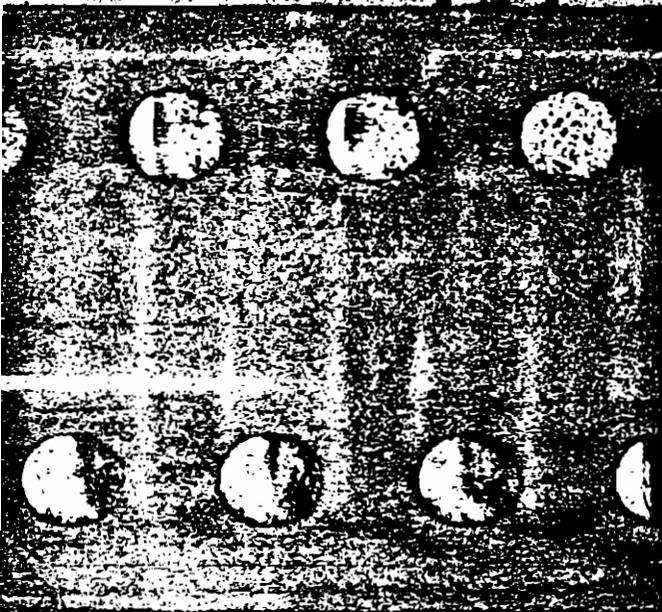
Director.

Encl. 685340.

FILES SECTION
MAILED
★ MAR 20 1934 ★
P. M.
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION,
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

[Handwritten mark]

[Handwritten initials]



Photos of *Evelyn*
Frechette removed
for *Mr. Metzger*
7/29/36 *DD*



T DIV INVEST WASH DC 51

- MR. NATHAN
- MR. TOLSON
- MR. CLEGG
- MR. COWLEY
- MR. EDWARDS
- MR. EGAN
- MR. QUINN
- MR. LESTER
- MR. LOCKE
- MR. RORER

DIV INVEST CHICAGO 3/16/34 AM DR
DIRECTOR

INFORMATION RECEIVED HERBERT YOUNGBLOOD COLORED WHO ESCAPED WITH JOHN DILLINGER IN CUSTODY SHERIFF PORT HURON MICHIGAN INFORMATION IS THAT HE WOUNDED SHERIFF AND TWO DEPUTY SHERIFFS AND WAS SHOT HIMSELF AND IS NOW IN HOSPITAL THAT POINT AM SECURING INFORMATION FROM PORT HURON AUTHORITIES AT ONCE IT IS REPORTED THAT YOUNGBLOOD ADMITTED THAT DILLINGER WAS WITH HIM PORT HURON SEVERAL DAYS AGO POLICE CHICAGO ADVISE THAT DILLINGER IS REPORTED CORNERED IN HOUSE IN SOUTH PORT HURON MICHIGAN AM COMMUNICATING WITH DETROIT AND PORT HURON NOW MORE DETAILS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE

PURVIS END

OK RCV

RECORDED

MAR 21 1934

62-29777-16

DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
 MAR 22 1934 A.M.
 U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

FILE

MR. NATHAN ✓
MR. TOLSON ✓
MR. CLEGG ✓
MR. COWLEY ✓
MR. EDWARDS ✓
MR. EGAN ✓
MR. QUINN ✓
MR. LESTER ✓
MR. LOCKE ✓
MR. ROSEN ✓

US for file

TYFX

THIS IS WASH D C DIVN OF INVEST & I

DIV INVEST CHICAGO 3/19/34 PM DR

DIRECTOR

REFERENCE JOHN BILLINGER ETAL NMVTA CX FORWARD AS SOON AS POSSIBLE
PHOTOGRAPHS EVELYN FRECHETTE TO DETROIT OFFICE

PURVIS END

OK CEKV

RECORDED

62-29777-167

DIVISION	INVESTIGATION
MAR 22 1934	
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE	
CLEGG	

MAR 21 1934

ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL KEELAN

OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK.

The Attorney General _____

The Solicitor General _____

Assistant to Attorney General Stanley _____

Assistant Attorney General Wideman _____

Assistant Attorney General Stephens _____

Assistant Attorney General Tamm _____

Assistant Solicitor General MacLean _____

Mr. Smeal _____

Director, Division of Investigation _____

Mr. Egan, Director, Bureau of Prisons _____

Division of Accounts _____

Chief Clerk _____

Appointment Clerk _____

Division of Supplies _____

Mail and Files _____

Mr. Finch, Parole Attorney _____

Mr. Parrish _____

Mr. Kay _____

Mr. Ridge _____

Mr. Winter _____

Mr. Fisher _____

Mr. Ramsey _____

Mr. Beckett Smith _____

Mr. Morrison _____

Mr. Kifer _____

Mr. Norris _____

Mr. Conshall _____

Miss Brooks _____

Handwritten initials and a box containing a checkmark.

Large handwritten checkmark.

MAR 23 1934

RECORDED

62-1007-168
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 23 1934
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Handwritten scribbles and signatures.

Handwritten initials.

Chicago, Ill.

Mr Homer Cummings

Dear Sir.

Kindly excuse this note, but am sending this to you direct not knowing who to trust. This is sent in all sincerity hoping it will help a little and trusting it will be held confidential, for many reasons, even to the name of the city, should it prove helpful. No doubt more than one life would be sacrificed should it amount to any thing. It could be quite possible that Dillinger is in Evanston, on Main St, upstairs in a hardware store a few doors west of the railroad on the south side of street. Some hard looking men seemed to have moved in there the latter part of last week. A man (an Indian) calls on them in an old Ford truck. This Indian, it has been said, is mixed up with gangsters, peddles "dope", but makes believe he runs some other business, he is located, on McCormick Blvd possibly near Tony Ave near a road-house, it has been said he is a dangerous man, his truck was a dark green, (plain) until recently when a name was painted on it some name such as catch basin, this information has been grasped in a peculiar way, and may not amount to anything, tell your men not to take this information to the Evanston Police, they may not get much assistance, if this proves helpful, more information may be forwarded as time goes on. This is written feeling there are still people who can be trusted. Now please give out no information as to the source of this letter, let your government men work this out and again please keep this confidential.

Very Sincerely

An American Girl.

*Chicago
3/20/34
[Signature]*

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAR 23 1934

12-29777-168
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 21 1934 P.M.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

MAR 23 1934

RECORDED

ENS:GAJ

March 20, 1934.

ay 62-29777-168

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
1900 Bankers' Building,
Chicago, Illinois.

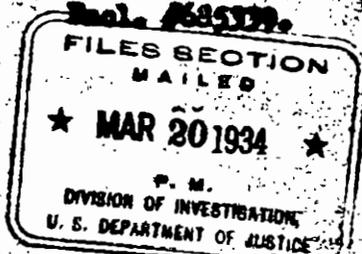
Dear Sirs:

In connection with the case entitled JOHN
DILLINGER, with aliases, et al., National Motor Vehicle
Theft Act, there are attached copies of an anonymous
letter addressed to the Attorney General, and postmarked
10:00 P.M., March 11, 1934, Chicago, Illinois.

It is desired that prompt investigation be made
at Evanston, Illinois, in an effort to effect the appre-
hension of subject Dillinger.

Very truly yours,

Director.



Division of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice

625 Lafayette Building

Detroit, Michigan

March 20, 1934

MAR 22 1934 PM

DIVISION ONE



**Director,
Division of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.**

**Re: JOHN DILLINGER, with aliases, I. O. #1217
National Motor Vehicle Theft Act**

Dear Sir:

There is being transmitted herewith the original and a copy of a memorandum prepared by Special Agent J. L. Murphy of this office showing the result of his investigation at Port Huron, Michigan, on March 16, 1934, concerning Herbert Youngblood, who was killed by Police Officers in that city on the above date while resisting arrest and who, it will be noted, escaped from the County Jail at Crown Point, Indiana, with Subject Billinger on March 3.

In addition to the information furnished in the attached memorandum, please be advised that Under-sheriff Charles Cavanaugh, who took part in the capture of Youngblood at Port Huron, died on March 17, 1934, as the result of the wounds received.

Very truly yours,

**Wm. Larson
Special Agent in Charge**

**WL:MW
26-4755**

**cc - Chicago
Cincinnati
St. Louis**

22
me
by

**RECORDED
&
INDEXED**

MAR 27 1934

62-29777-169
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 22 1934 A.M.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Division of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice

625 Lafayette Building

Detroit, Michigan

March 17, 1934

MEMORANDUM FOR THE SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

Re: JOHN DILLINGER, with aliases, et al
National Motor Vehicle Theft Act
File 26-4755

On Friday, March 16, 1934, information was received from Port Huron, Michigan, to the effect that Herbert Youngblood had been shot at Port Huron, Michigan, that morning and that he was at that time in the hospital and was not expected to live long.

Upon your instructions to proceed to Port Huron immediately, agent departed from Detroit, arriving in Port Huron, Michigan, at 12:20 P.M., proceeding immediately to the Port Huron City Hospital. Agent immediately interviewed Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Arthur M. Mann, who was present at the hospital and he advised that Herbert Youngblood was still living and had been questioned by him. He stated that Youngblood had admitted that he had seen Dillinger and another man in Port Huron on the previous night at about 9:00 P.M. and that they were driving a black Ford V-8 Sedan. Mr. Mann stated that they were unable, however, to obtain any additional information from him, although he had been questioned continually from the time he had been brought to the hospital, which was about 9:30 A.M. until the time of agent's arrival. Mr. Mann advised agent that there could be no doubt that the negro that was in the hospital was identical with Youngblood; that on his way to the hospital in the ambulance he had told Deputy Sheriff Charles Lohrstorfer that his name was Herbert Youngblood and that if he died his body should be sent to 2565 Massachusetts Avenue, Gary, Indiana. Mr. Mann also stated that Trooper P. Hinckley, who is attached to the St. Clair Post of the State Police, had fingerprinted the negro and had definitely determined that he was identical with Herbert Youngblood.

Agent interviewed Herbert Youngblood and attempted to obtain some information from him with regard to the present whereabouts of John Dillinger. However, he was not inclined to talk and it was only after a great deal of questioning that he admitted to agent that he had seen Dillinger in Port Huron, Michigan, the previous evening at 9:00 P.M.; that Dillinger was accompanied by another man whom he did not know and that they were driving a black Ford V-8 Sedan. It is not known, however, how much credence can be placed on Youngblood's story as it is possible that this story may have been suggested by the questioning of the officers earlier in the morning. Youngblood refused to say where he had met Dillinger the previous night or where he was at the present time.

At about 1:20 P.M. Youngblood died as a result of the wounds that he had received. During the questioning of Youngblood, it was noted by agent that he bore a faint scar on his right cheek and that there was also another cut scar on the top of his right hand. His general description conformed to the description set out in the letter from the Cincinnati Office under date of March 13, 1934. It should also be stated here that he was positively identified by Captain Matt Leach of the Indiana State Police, who advised agent that he knew Youngblood; that he was a Police Lieutenant on the Gary, Indiana, Police Department several years ago, Gary, Indiana, being Youngblood's home.

Agent interviewed Sheriff William L. Van Antwerp and he advised that a colored man by the name of Eugene Field had, about five or six weeks ago, informed him that he could furnish information regarding a murder that had been committed north of Port Huron. He stated that Field was evidently sincere in coming to the Sheriff's Office but that, as a result of the information furnished by him, they drove to a number of places in the county where the murderer was supposed to be located but could never get any information concerning him and that at that time they felt that Field was mistaken.

That on Thursday, March 15, 1934, Field advised him that a colored man was living at the home of his mother, Pearl Abraham, who operates a rooming house and small grocery, that is connected to this rooming house, at 2925 Moak Street in the section of Port Huron known as the South Park, which section is known as the colored section of the city. Field advised that this man had arrived at their house the previous day and that he was carrying a gun and appeared to have quite a bit of money with him. He further advised that the man had made some statement or had insinuated in some way that he had escaped from some place but Field was unable to advise from what institution. The Sheriff stated that they did not place much faith in Field's story because of the previous dealings they had had with him nor did they connect the colored man with Youngblood. He advised, however, that on the morning of March 16, 1934, he and Under-sheriff Charles Cavanaugh, and Deputy Sheriffs Howard Lohr and Charles Lohrstorfer went to the home located at 2925 Moak Street to see this suspicious person. That on entering the home they were advised by Pearl Abraham that the man they had reference to had just started out of the house about five minutes prior to their arrival and that he might have gone into the grocery store that adjoined the house.

The Sheriff stated that he, Charles Cavanaugh, Howard Lohr and Eugene Field entered the grocery store and saw the negro, who had been described by Eugene Field, at the back of the store. This store is very small, being approximately 12 feet wide and 20 feet long.

That all three of the men went to the back of the store toward this unknown negro and Charles Cavanaugh asked the man if he wasn't a stranger in town. The negro replied that he wasn't a stranger; that he had lived on the north side of Port Huron several years ago. Cavanaugh then asked the man what his name was and he replied that his name was Jacobs. During this preliminary questioning, Cavanaugh noticed that the man had a gun on his left side in a holster and reached under the man's coat and grabbed the gun; that he turned to hand it to Deputy Sheriff Howard Lohr, who was on his right, and as he did so the negro backed up, drew a gun from his right hip pocket and started to shoot.

There are a number of versions as to just exactly what took place. The Sheriff claimed that he drew his gun and returned the negro's fire and that the Deputies also drew their guns and fired at the negro. He stated that during the shooting Lohr dropped the gun which Cavanaugh had taken from Youngblood, which was a nickle plated Smith & Wesson 38 Police Special, and that this was recovered by Eugene Field, who also started to fire at Youngblood. When the shooting was over, Youngblood was lying on the floor and it appears that he had received about six wounds.

Deputy Sheriff Howard Lohr and Under-sheriff Charles Cavanaugh also received a number of wounds, which are quite serious, and at the time agent departed they were not expected to recover. Sheriff William Van Antwerp and Eugene Field each received a shoulder wound which is not serious.

Agent, while at the Sheriff's Office, examined the guns of Sheriff William Van Antwerp, Under-sheriff Charles Cavanaugh and Howard Lohr, all of which were fully loaded and none of which appeared to have been shot, the barrels being clean. It appears, therefore, that Eugene Field was really the one that killed Youngblood with Youngblood's own gun.

The gun that was taken from Youngblood by Cavanaugh is a nickle plated Smith & Wesson 38 Caliber Special revolver, has a 6-inch barrel and bears #615951 on the butt of the gun, Chamber #33524. The gun that he used in firing at the officers and which he withdrew from his hip pocket is a Black Savage 32 Automatic and bears #258872.

Eugene Field was interviewed at the hospital and he advised that Youngblood came to their house about 4:00 P.M. on Wednesday, March 14, 1934. That he advised that he came to Port Huron from Detroit and was looking for work. He stated that Youngblood gave the name of Jacobs when he came to their house and that it was not until Wednesday evening that he had a talk with him, at which time he happened to see the gun that Youngblood carried and also noticed that Youngblood had what appeared to be a large roll of bills.

- 6 -

Trooper Hinckley advised, however, that a photographic copy of the fingerprints he had taken could be obtained from the Division of Identification at Lansing, Michigan, and he would personally request that this be done and a photographic set be forwarded to the Identification Unit of this Division.

The State Police, as well as the Sheriff's Office at Port Huron and Mount Clemens, Michigan, on the possibility that Dillinger may have been in Port Huron, have all roads leading from that city guarded and are stopping all cars coming from that city.

J. L. MURPHY
Special Agent

JIM:MLW

home he wore dark glasses and appeared to hang around the house all the time, only leaving the house for short periods of time, of only about 10 or 15 minutes duration, and that on these occasions he was usually accompanied by her son or Parks, one of her other roomers, and his trips were just for a short walk in the neighborhood. She advised that on Wednesday evening, the day he arrived, he retired at about 7:30 P.M.; that on Thursday night she attended a Bible class but returned to her home about 9:00 P.M. and that she was positive that he was in bed at that time. She stated that it would have been possible for him to retire early in the evening and get up later but, because of the fact that she is in very poor health and does not sleep soundly, she stated that she would have heard him if he had done this and, for this reason, does not feel that he left her home on Thursday night. This would seem to contradict the story he told while in the hospital to the effect that he had seen Dillinger on Thursday night about 9:00 P.M.

Mr. and Mrs. Parks, a white couple who reside at the Abraham home, were interviewed but could furnish very little information. Parks advised that he took walks with Youngblood but these walks were just around the neighborhood and that at no time did Youngblood ever contact anyone while in his presence. He stated that they never walked over two blocks from the house and were never gone over ten or fifteen minutes. Mr. and Mrs. Parks appear to be rather ignorant and might be classed as "White Trash."

The room in which Youngblood lived while in the Abraham home was searched by agent but nothing could be found in this room, which Pearl Abraham advised had been searched earlier in the day by the Police Department, Sheriff's Office and State Police.

Trooper P. Hinekley of the St. Clair Post of the Michigan State Police was interviewed by agent and advised that he had taken the fingerprints of Youngblood when he was first taken to the hospital; that they were classified by him and the classification was $\frac{15}{28} \frac{21}{W} \frac{100}{101} \frac{15}{15}$.

He stated that he communicated with the Police Department at Gary, Indiana, and also the Crown Point jail and had verified this classification as being correct for Youngblood.

Accompanied by Trooper Hinekley, agent went to the Undertaking Parlors where Youngblood's body was taken and attempted to obtain another set of fingerprints. However, this was impossible because, as the undertaker stated, Youngblood had his fists clenched for some time before death and as rigor mortis had already set in, his fingers could not be straightened out without breaking them.

believe that he had escaped from some jail but that he did not question him in regard to this nor could he really be sure that Youngblood had told him that he escaped. He advised that because of the fact that this man had no baggage with him and had no working clothes, he became suspicious and notified the Sheriff's Office. He stated that during the time Youngblood stayed at their home he never had any visitors, that he very seldom went out of the house and that he at all times wore dark glasses and appeared to have his face darkened with some kind of paint. He advised that at no time to his knowledge was Youngblood ever absent from the home over five or ten minutes and, on these occasions, it was just for a short walk in the neighborhood with himself or with a man by the name of Parks, who also lives at his mother's home. He stated that he never heard Youngblood make any mention of Dillinger nor did he indicate in any way that he might have been connected with Dillinger. Eugene Field was unable to furnish any information which might be helpful in any way.

Pearl Abraham, who operates the rooming house and grocery store at 2925 Moak was interviewed. She advised that between three and four o'clock Wednesday afternoon, Youngblood came to her home looking for a room; that he stated he had been advised she operated a rooming house but could not tell the name of the person who had sent him there. Pearl Abraham said that she suggested that it might be a certain neighbor of hers and Youngblood advised that it probably was the woman she had referred to. She stated that he advised her that his name was Jacobs and that he had just arrived in the city from Detroit, Michigan; that she questioned him regarding his home and he told her that he was born in California but left there when he was a small boy and that his home was in Ohio and that he had lived the greater portion of his life in Ohio; that he was single and that several years ago he had lived in Port Huron. Pearl Abraham asked him where he resided in Port Huron and he said he could not remember the street but it was in a different part of town. She then asked him if he had resided in the north end of town and he replied in the affirmative. She stated that at the time she had no reason to doubt him but she feels positive now that he had never resided in Port Huron before and that he had merely concurred in her suggestion that he possibly lived in the northern end of the town near a certain street. That he knew no one in Port Huron.

She stated, however, that the following day she became suspicious of him because of the fact that he had absolutely no baggage and she thought it strange that a person should be in Port Huron looking for work and not have some kind of working clothes. He appeared to have money with him and paid her \$2.00 in advance. She also advised that on Thursday morning he asked her the directions to Detroit and she thought this quite strange as on the previous day he had told her that he had just recently come from Detroit,

MAR 22 1934 PM
DIVISION ONE
DEPT. OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Division of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice
Post Office Box 515,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

March 17, 1934.

Director,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Reference is had to Director's letter of March 14, 1934, with enclosure #691583.

Please be advised that I am not responsible for any part of the comment made in said article. I had also received a clipping similar to your enclosure and called same to Mr. Rorer's attention here, and at his suggestion, under date of March 9, 1934, I addressed a letter to Chief Anderson at Omaha, copy of which was furnished to the Division with the enclosure, and I quote my letter to Mr. Anderson:

"My attention has just been called to a newspaper item apparently taken from an Omaha newspaper, which is entitled "Anderson Scoffs at Idea Bandits May Be Omahans". I notice in that clipping that I am "credited" as having said, "I do not believe John Dillinger is responsible for the Sioux Falls bank holdup. I think the gang probably was from Sioux City, Iowa or Omaha, Nebraska".

"Just to let the record be straight, please be advised that no such item appeared any where in the Twin City papers and I have not made any statements of that kind to any newspaper representative. Regardless of the source of that article, all I can say is there is no basis to the words quoting me."

RECORDED & INDEXED

Very truly yours,

MAR 23 1934

Werner
WERNER HARTI S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Special Agent in Charge

62-29777-170
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 22 1934 P.M.
DEPT. OF JUSTICE
FILE

WH:IM

Division of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice

**625 Lafayette Building
Detroit, Michigan
March 20, 1934**

**Director,
Division of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.**

**Re: JOHN DILLINGER, with aliases, I.O.#1217
National Motor Vehicle Theft Act**

Dear Sir:

I am transmitting herewith a copy of a letter today sent to Brigadier General Bush at Lima, Ohio, who is in charge of a squad of National Guardsmen guarding the County Jail and officials in connection with the above entitled matter.

While at Lima last week, I was informed by General Bush that a threatening letter had been received by Prosecuting Attorney Ernest M. Botkin; that it had been handled by a number of people and finally sent to the Ohio State Identification Bureau at London, Ohio. General Bush informed me that arrangements had been made at Lima for him to receive questionable letters addressed to the Judge, the Prosecuting Attorney and other officials engaged in the trial of the above three men. Hence, it appears that he will always be the first person to open such letters.

I suggested that the letters be transmitted immediately to the Division at Washington for comparison with the fingerprints of John Dillinger, it being assumed that he might take it upon himself to write such a letter and arrangements were made to forward to General Bush a few cellophane envelopes for the above purpose. I also furnished him with a few manila envelopes in which to transmit the threatening letters to the Division.

Very truly yours,

Wm. Larson
Wm. Larson
Special Agent in Charge

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

62-29777-171	
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION	
MAR 22 1934 A.M.	
RECEIVED	
	FILE

WL:MJW
26-4755

MAR 23 1934

Threatening letters received by off. in charge at Lima in connection with the trial of Dillinger, et al

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UNITED STATES BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.**

FILE NO. **26-5685**

REPORT MADE AT: CHICAGO, ILLINOIS	DATE WHEN MADE: 3/19/34	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE: 3/12-13/34	REPORT MADE BY: A. T. MILLER
TITLE: Changed: JOHN DILLINGER alias JOHN PAUL alias JOHN DONOVAN HELL alias CLARENCE THOMAS alias JOSEPH J. HARRIS alias J. P. DONOVAN alias WALTER HERBERT YOUNGLOOD			CHARACTER OF CASE: NATIONAL MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT ACT

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Arrangements have been made to obtain the whereabouts of subject Dillinger at which he will probably contact from time to time through Deputy Warden Schmidt, Indiana State Penitentiary, Michigan City, Paris, Indiana and act as a contact point in the escape of Pierpont and others from Indiana State Penitentiary September 25, 1933; same subject in a letter at Grand Rapids, Michigan, prior to escape from American Thread Company supposedly by one Charles Brown, alias of Louis Homer, an accomplice of subject Dillinger, who is now in Wisconsin State Penitentiary, Waupun, Wisconsin, obtained in connection with bank robbery at Racine, Wisconsin.

REFERENCES:

Reports of Special Agent T. J. Miller, Chicago, 2/2/34, and J. J. McNeil, Chicago, 3/15/34.

DETAILS:

At the Indiana State Penitentiary, Michigan City, Indiana, Agent interviewed Milton Crouch, who is at the present time incarcerated in that institution for violation of parole, having left the State of Indiana, and is also serving a twenty year sentence in connection with the robbery of the Massachusetts Avenue Bank at Indianapolis, Indiana, on September 4, 1933, during which robbery he was assisted by subject Dillinger and other individuals whose name Crouch refused to mention. Crouch informed Agent that at the time of the arrest in Chicago of

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:  SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	MAR 22 1934 A M BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION ROUTED TO: <i>one</i>	CHECKED OFF: MAR 29 1934 JACKETED:
COPIES OF THIS REPORT FURNISHED TO: Division-2 New Orleans-1 Cincinnati-2 St. Louis-1 Detroit-2 U.S. Atty. Chicago-1 St. Paul-1 Chicago-4		

September 24, 1933, he was residing with his wife, Violet, at 220 Burr Street. Crouch's wife at the present time is residing at the Burns Park Hotel, located at Burns and Broadway, Chicago, Illinois. He further stated that on September 5, 1933, he, together with Dillinger and a third party whose identity Crouch refuses to divulge, held up the Massachusetts Avenue Bank at Indianapolis, Indiana, and received approximately \$20,000. Crouch insisted at all times that he had not the slightest idea as to the whereabouts of subject Dillinger, further claiming that after he and Dillinger separated after the bank robbery at Indianapolis on September 5th, he did not again see or come in contact with him. Crouch stated that with some of the proceeds of this bank robbery he came to Chicago and opened up two booze joints, which he stated turned out to be "white elephants" and he lost practically everything; that efforts have been made several times on his part to get in touch with Dillinger, Pierpont and other members of the Dillinger gang, which efforts were made prior to his arrest at Chicago, but without success. He stated that it later developed that four ex-convicts from the Indiana State Penitentiary at Michigan City had endeavored to learn the whereabouts of Dillinger through him, claiming that these four ex-convicts were called Happy Miles, one Donovan, Jack Rowe, and Marty McGinnis. He stated that according to information he had received, these four were acting as "steal pigeons" for Captain John Stege, Chicago Police Department, and that all of them were endeavoring to ascertain the whereabouts of Dillinger just prior to his arrest at Tucson, Arizona, and were leading him to believe that they expected to receive communications either by telephone or otherwise from Dillinger, Pierpont or some member of that gang; however, that they were using him at the same time to obtain information concerning Dillinger. He stated that the truth of the statement that he did not know where Dillinger was then can be verified through these four informants of Captain John Stege; that he has since made efforts to get in touch with subject Dillinger through his mother; that his mother has left a note with Dillinger's father at Mooresville, Indiana, advising Dillinger to get in touch with John Burns, one of the escapes from Michigan City, Indiana, with Pierpont, Makely and the others, advising him, Burns, that a man by the name of Johns, who is serving a life sentence at Michigan City, will be called as a witness in connection with a murder trial to be held at Jonesboro, Indiana; that he is unable to mention the name of the subject to be tried at Jonesboro, but that the trial was originally set for Indianapolis, and that a change of venue was had to the Jonesboro Court. Crouch stated that in this connection, Burns and Johns are life long friends of subject Dillinger and that Dillinger is the only one who knows where Burns is. He stated that the purpose of this note or arrangement was for Dillinger to get in touch with Burns and if necessary assist Burns in the liberating of Johns when he appears at Jonesboro, Indiana, as a witness.

Crouch stated that whether or not Dillinger got this note he is unable to state at this time and he will not know until he receives a visit from his mother, which should probably be within the next few weeks.

The purpose of Crouch divulging this information to Deputy Warden Schumhl and this Agent is that Crouch is making efforts to be placed in a certain line of work, possibly that of craftsman, assisting or taking part in the construction of various buildings within the prison walls at Michigan City. He promised to divulge any information he receives from his mother concerning this matter to Deputy Warden Schumhl, who in turn advised Agent that he would communicate with him immediately upon receipt of same. Deputy Warden Schumhl further advised Agent that he will keep in constant contact with Crouch and will use this information which Crouch divulges in considering the granting of his request to be placed in the line of work in which he is particularly interested at the Penitentiary. Crouch stated that it is almost a sure bet that he will be able to ascertain where Dillinger makes contact from time to time or visits.

The report of reference sets out that Sam Goldstein who is at the present time incarcerated at the Indiana State Penitentiary at Michigan City for violation of his parole is a man who will under no circumstances divulge any information concerning Dillinger; that on May 9, 1933, Goldstein was received there on a charge of assault and battery in attempt to commit felony, on a sentence of two to eleven years; that on this charge he was paroled on May 29, 1933; that on September 2, 1933, he was returned as a parole violator; that subject Dillinger was paroled from the Michigan City Penitentiary on May 23, 1933, and on September 24, 1933, he was incarcerated in the County Jail at Lima, Ohio; that between the time that both Dillinger and Goldstein were out until the time of the return of Goldstein to the Michigan City Penitentiary, Goldstein and Dillinger were together a good deal; that the pictures of Goldstein and Dillinger, who used the alias of Donovan, were positively identified by a woman who operated a roominghouse in one of the towns in the Northwestern section of Indiana. Mr. Schumhl stated that he did not have the information as to just who this woman was; that regardless of this identification Goldstein insisted that he knew nothing concerning Dillinger or his operations. However, Mr. Schumhl suggested that before Goldstein be interviewed, Agent obtain the facts and familiarize himself thoroughly with them, because he knows that it would be only wasting time and would put Goldstein on his guard if he were to be interviewed without Agent having these facts. Mr. Schumhl stated that all of this information was in possession of Matt Leach, the head of the Indiana State Police at Indianapolis, Indiana. In view of this suggestion on the part of Mr. Schumhl, interview with

In connection with the smuggling of guns into the Indiana State Penitentiary at Michigan City, Indiana, which was reported by the escape of Pierpont, [redacted] Clark and the rest on September 25, 1933, Mr. Schmuhl stated that the true facts as to how the guns were smuggled into the Penitentiary were obtained from Walter Detrick, who has been recaptured and is now in solitary confinement at the Penitentiary. He stated that it occurred in this manner: That the guns smuggled in were .38 calibre automatics; that a large carton of thread was purchased from the American Thread Company in Chicago, which was consigned to the Gordon East Coast Shirt Company in the Indiana State Penitentiary, Michigan City, Indiana; that this purchase of thread was made by one Omar Brown of Muncie or Kokomo, Indiana; that the arrangements for the purchase of this thread and the smuggling of the guns into the prison were made by Omar Brown and Harry Pierpont; that after the purchase of this thread was made the carton was opened and the three guns with slips attached thereto and the extra clip for each of the guns were packed in the middle of this carton of thread; that the package was then relabeled as coming from the East Coast Thread Company, address unknown, and was received at the Penitentiary on Friday afternoon, September 22, 1933; that Omar Brown is suspected of being in constant touch with various hoodlums throughout the State of Indiana, but from outward appearances he has the reputation of being a respectable business man, owning and operating two motion picture theatres in either Muncie or Kokomo, Indiana; that he, Mr. Schmuhl, did not know his exact address, but stated also that Matt Lopez of the Indiana State Police at Indianapolis had this information and also had information as to Omar Brown's address.

The only information on file at the Indiana State Penitentiary at Michigan City with respect to a former convict being in the employ of the Reliance Shirt Company was a man by the name of Hardy, whose present address is 609 West Main Street, Anamosa, Iowa; that this is the address of one of the institutions for the State of Iowa; that he is suspected to be in the employ of the Reliance Shirt Company there, but inasmuch as the guns were shipped in a carton of thread purchased in Chicago, no lead or further investigation in connection with this man Hardy of Anamosa, Iowa, is being set out. Agent might add at this time that the information originally obtained was that the guns were shipped in in packages of zippers used in the manufacture of shirts at the Indiana State Penitentiary, and it was thought at first that information could be obtained from the various ex-convicts who have been released from the Penitentiary and are now in the employ of the Reliance Shirt Company.

In accordance with the lead set out in the report of Special Agent J. J. McFarlane, dated March 15, 1934, Agent at Kenosha, Wisconsin, interviewed Raymond Gleason, whose half-sister is the wife of Elmer Hamilton, brother of John Hamilton, who is one of the escapees from Michigan City, Indiana, and who is thought to be in company with Dillinger at this time. Raymond Gleason is a police officer attached to the Kenosha, Wisconsin, Police Department. He stated that he is not on very friendly terms with his half-sister, Elmer Hamilton's wife, and Elmer Hamilton, giving as his only reason that they are constantly making efforts to borrow money from him and that when they did he always had a good deal of trouble in getting it back. He did state, however, that within the past ten days or two weeks he did run into his half-sister and Elmer Hamilton on the streets of Kenosha, at which time he talked to them for a moment or two; that Elmer Hamilton at that time expressed the opinion that John Hamilton is still alive and he believes he is hiding out some place. Gleason further reiterated the information that John Hamilton's wife, who is now dead, ran away with about \$400.00 of John Hamilton's money; that she disappeared entirely and later found that she left at home two boys, one age 12 or 14 and one about 16 years old; that after this happened John Hamilton created a trust fund for his two children; that the children are living with his wife's mother at Toledo, Ohio; that he did not know the address of her mother, or the name, but from information obtained by Agent at the Indiana State Penitentiary, John Hamilton's mother-in-law's name is Stevenson and she resides at 1908 East Bancroft Street, Toledo, Ohio. He is unable to state just where this trust fund for the two sons of John Hamilton was created, but stated that it was at a bank at Toledo, Ohio, where it had been created through Claude Hamilton, John Hamilton's brother, who is in the real estate business in Cleveland, Ohio, address unknown. He stated that Elmer Hamilton's daughter was very recently released from the hospital at Kenosha, Wisconsin, where she was operated on for a mastoid; that Elmer Hamilton has not been working for the past few years, only now and then, and that he, Gleason, knows that the hospital bill was over \$200, and that Elmer Hamilton and his wife claim that they have paid over \$150.00 of this bill. Gleason stated that he had not the slightest idea where they might have gotten the money to pay the bill, unless it would possibly be through John Hamilton, or through a niece of the Hamiltons who resides at or near Milwaukee. Mr. Gleason stated that he did not know the name of this niece or that of her husband, but that they were supposed to be wealthy. From the mailing list of John Hamilton obtained at the Indiana State Penitentiary at Michigan City, there is listed as a niece a woman named Margaret, last name unknown, who resides at 1752 South 58th Street, West Allis, Wisconsin. West Allis is a suburb of Milwaukee, Wisconsin. He stated

Further that Elmer Hamilton has been making frequent trips to Racine, Wisconsin, but that what his purpose was or whom he contacted was unknown to St. Gleason. However, Agent's opinion that it may be for the purpose of receiving mail there from one of the Post Office at Racine.

During the conversation several days ago at Michigan City, Indiana with Edward Shouse, a convict there and former member of the Dillinger gang before his Shouse's capture, Shouse casually mentioned the name of Homer. Agent thought that he had reference to Homer Van Meter. While at Kenosha, Wisconsin, Agent learned that during the bank robbery by subject Dillinger, Pierpont and the rest of that gang on November 27, 1933, one Leslie Homer was a member of the Dillinger gang who pulled that job. Leslie Homer has been apprehended and is now serving a twenty-nine year sentence in the Wisconsin State Penitentiary at Waupun, Wisconsin. Agent learned that Homer was supposed to have been the contact man on this bank job at Lansing, Wisconsin and to have laid out the plans, view, for the job, and is the only one of the entire mob that is being punished at this time in connection with this robbery. It is Agent's opinion that possibly if Leslie Homer be interviewed some information as to the possible hangouts of Dillinger, Hamilton and that crowd and their contacts might be learned. Lieutenant Schnieberger in charge of the Detective Bureau of the Kenosha Police Department, advised Agent that he will see what additional information can be obtained from St. Gleason from time to time, and suggested that Agent contact him again, possibly within the next ten days or so.

UNDEVELOPED LEADS:

THE CINCINNATI DIVISION OFFICE at Indianapolis, Indiana, will contact Matt Leach of the Indiana State Police, and from him obtain what information he has concerning the connection between Sam Goldstein, now in the prison at Michigan City, Indiana, and Dillinger, forwarding same to the Chicago Division office, so that Sam Goldstein may be interviewed. From Matt Leach will also obtain what information he has concerning Oscar Brown's address. No doubt at this time Matt Leach has caused a further investigation to be made in connection with Oscar Brown, and if this is the case, and he will divulge information obtained as a result of same, obtain all possible information he may have secured through Oscar Brown in connection with the Dillinger escape. Will also find out from Captain Matt Leach what information he has concerning the purchase and shipment of thread to the Indiana State Penitentiary at Michigan City in which shipment were contained three guns and ammunition used by Pierpont and the others in their escape.

THE DETROIT DIVISION OFFICE, at Toledo, Ohio, will conduct investigation for the purpose of obtaining information if possible through John Hamilton's contacts concerning his present whereabouts as it is believed that John Hamilton and subject Billinger are together at this time. If no information is obtained there, it is suggested that similar information be obtained if possible through John Hamilton's brother Claude, who is in the real estate business in Cleveland, Ohio.

THE CHICAGO DIVISION OFFICE, after information is received concerning the shipment referred to purchased from the American Thread Company at Chicago, will contact officials of the American Thread Company if this is necessary.

At Wausau, Wisconsin, will interview Leslie Hays, who is incarcerated there at this time, for any information he may divulge as to the possible whereabouts or contacts of subject Billinger.

ENDING

TO THE ACCOUNT OF

CLASS OF SERVICE DESIRED	
DOMESTIC	FOREIGN
<input type="checkbox"/> TELETYPE	<input type="checkbox"/> FULL RATE CABLE
<input type="checkbox"/> TELEGRAM	<input type="checkbox"/> DEFERRED CABLE
<input type="checkbox"/> NIGHT CABLE	<input type="checkbox"/> NIGHT CABLE
<input type="checkbox"/> DAY CABLE	<input type="checkbox"/> DAY CABLE
<input type="checkbox"/> RADIOGRAM	<input type="checkbox"/> RADIOGRAM

Postal Telegraph

THE INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM

Commercial Cables

Blackout



All America Cables

Radio

which are hereby agreed to

March 19, 1934
9:00 P. M.

Following message, subject to the terms on back hereof:

J. E. P. Dunn,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
817 Federal Building,
Los Angeles, California.

WIRE COMPLETE DESCRIPTION AND MARTIN WHO WAS TAKEN INTO CUSTODY TUBSON ARIZONA
WITH DILLINGER GANG STOP ALSO FORWARD BY AIR MAIL IF AVAILABLE PHOTOGRAPH OF
MARTIN ADVISING IF SHE HAS DILLINGERS SWITZERLAND.

EL/adv
cc: Division

LARSON

RECORDED & INDEXED
APR 11 1934

62-29777-173

DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 22 1934 A.M.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

One *MS*

FILE

To Mr. Hoover

Box 252,
Kissimmee, Florida,
9th March, 1934.

CRIMINAL DIVISION

MAR 14 1934

RECEIVED

MAR 23

Dear Mr. Hoover:

When I arrived in Florida from Arizona, I told Mother of the conversations with "Chick", then she told me that what he had said to me was true, namely: That he used to live where Mother lived. It develops that when Mother, Mrs. M. E. Gannon, was working in Jacksonville, Florida, for the Internal Revenue Department, one of the agents, a Mr. Hubler doublecrossed the Department and was sent to Atlanta for three years. I described the man with Chick to Mother, adding that "he had a peculiar walk which made one think he would start skipping any minute". Mother said, "Yes, that is Hubler for he had a peculiar twitch when he walked. Mother also told me that she was the one who reported Hubler - - this explains one reason why they phoned my mother over long-distance, as well as sent her air mail letters, telling her to send my brother for me as I was "demented - suffering from delusions of persecution". Anyway, they were very anxious to get me out of the Hotel Hassayampa and Prescott.

62-29777-174
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

The enclosed picture of John Dillinger is the ~~brother~~ of Jack Cameron, though it is not Jack. However, he has a brother, M. Clyde, 30 years old who has been in Tucson since last November or December. They claim to be originally from

Regarding the "Mrs. Dillinger" and her chanting mentioned in one of the enclosed clippings: One day, another woman with them, Jane Barrett, brought a "Mrs. Hopkins" to my room to introduce her. Inasmuch as Miss Barrett is a nurse, and not one whom I would choose as an associate, I thought it strange that she should introduce her. I inquired where Mrs. Hopkins was from and she remarked "Indiana". The Mrs. Hopkins was the one who did most of the talking over radio to me - she would talk a while, then start chanting, later going off into incoherent talk. Then Chick would try and stop her. She would make a fine subject for a hypnotist, because she would repeat out loud your thoughts. She was tall, rather slender, wore dark clothes, and a short brown fur jacket. *She was a brunette.*

About the airplane, which one paper stated was seen flying over the prison before Dillinger escaped: Cliff Davis of Prescott, ~~is~~ an unlicensed pilot, owns two. On the 4th and 5th of February, a friend of mine, Jack McDaniel, tried to get Cliff Davis to fly us to Agua Caliente, Mexico, and return for \$90.00 and expenses. He kept putting us off, saying some painting had to be done, and also that he had partly agreed to make another trip in an emergency. He didn't take us, but in the course of conversation, he remarked that his new plane was equipped with both a broadcasting and receiving

COPIES DESTROYED

170 AUG 31 1964

40 Jacksonville 3/21/34
RECORDED

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
MAR 14 1934 A.M.
MAIL AND FILES DIVISION
DIV.

Inasmuch as Dillinger used logic in getting out of Crown Point, why does it sound unreasonable that he would use logic and retrack back to Arizona, feeling that no one would look for the gang there?

From all that I have learned since returning to Florida, and three letters which I have read which were addressed to Mother, I am satisfied that Dillingers gang and the Florida wiretappers are the very gang which is at present in Prescott, Arizona.

Chick's mistake was in forcing me to admit that I recognized him. The first day he got to the Hassayampa - a day or two after the Tucson arrests - he registered and I saw him, but went blank and did not speak. It must have gotten on his nerves, because the night of February 7th, he phoned and asked if I knew who it was. I told him yes, that I recognized his voice and knew he was Chick, but that I purposely did not speak to him because I knew what he had been doing in the past and assumed he was doing the same now. The entire crowd had actually pestered me so long and so persistently, insisting that I was after them, that I finally told Jack Cameron he had talked on the subject so long that I was beginning to get suspicious of them.

Of course, I know women have no business intruding in an affair of this kind, but it has gone so far that I am fed up on it. If it will be possible to see you in Washington, I will be glad to go to the expense of making the trip there in an effort to give you all the information I have acquired from different sources.

One thing that burns me up is some of the vicious lies they told my Mother and Brother in Prescott. I don't care what they say about me but I do resent them talking about my folks.

If you have a picture of John Hamilton, may I have a copy of it? I will keep it strictly confidential.

Mr. Hoover, I would not have written this letter had it not been for the fact that today's paper stated that the Department of Justice had taken the case entirely.

Sincerely and respectfully,

Genevieve Bledsoe
Genevieve Bledsoe

enclosures.

P.S. When you read this letter, and my others, you will notice conflicting parts. However, all this can be cleared by a personal interview.

2/15

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

RECEIVED

March 21, 1934.

62-29777-174

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Post Office Box 4907,
Jacksonville, Florida.

MAR 23 1934

Dear Sir:

Re: JOHN HERBERT DILLINGER, with aliases,
Identification Order #1217,
National Motor Vehicle Theft Act.

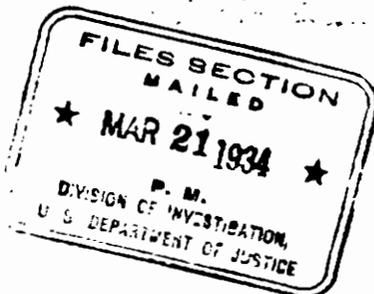
There are enclosed herewith copies of a letter dated March 9, 1934, addressed to the Division by Genevieve Bledsoe, Box 252, Kissimmee, Florida, wherein she sets forth information with respect to the escape of the above named subject.

The Division has received several other letters from Genevieve Bledsoe in the past which have been acknowledged. The letter of March 9, 1934, however, has not been acknowledged, and in lieu thereof you are instructed to have an Agent interview Miss Bledsoe at the earliest practicable date and obtain from her all the information she has to offer and take such action upon the information furnished as it would appear to warrant.

Very truly yours,

Director.

cc Chicago
Enclosure #685346.



[Handwritten signature]
COPIES DESTROYED

170 AUG 31 1964

62

2777-174

MISSOURI



Escapes



JOHN DILLINGER.

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wi

Police Believe Dillinger May Be in Chicago

(Continued from Page 1)

call Blunk and then went down the "hall" to bring the other prisoners into the corridor to be captured.

Blunk Not Knew Layout

Blunk said Dillinger did not know the jail layout or the town and obtained from the captured deputies information as to where the machine guns were kept and what else was needed.

"Thus he broke out of the 'escape proof' jail guarded against every possibility save that the prize prisoner, awaiting trial for the slaying of an East Chicago policeman, would walk out unassisted.

Of the assortment of deputies, vigilantes, and national guardsmen Dillinger took prisoner, only two said they opposed the desperado when he took command of the jail. Calhoun who was first taken prisoner, called the next victim, Deputy Blunk, but refused to call more. Blunk then obliged, at the point of Dillinger's play-pistol.

A trusty whose name was not announced almost became the hero of the day, said Judge Murray. When he was taken prisoner, he grabbed Dillinger's arm, but he released it when the gunman said, "I'll kill you."

The guards who answered Dillinger's invitation to come back through the long corridor thought that Blunk was having trouble with the jail doors, they explained to the authorities as the investigations go under way.

Dillinger Made 'Gun' Look Like Real Weapon

CROWN POINT, Ind., March 4.—(A.P.)—Further details of the way John Dillinger fashioned the wooden gun which brought him freedom from jail here were disclosed today by authorities.

Two blue steel safety razor blades,

pieces of impromptu, the hands of the making their and some think these pieces were the components of the weapon.

The police team leader told the town people to make it realistic, said Judge Murray. He used the other pieces of the case to make the "gun" look like a real one.

The prison layout was sketched and the police to simulate the plan of an automobile.

Authorities believed now were might have given Dillinger the "real" which made his escape possible. A "hooking" meant to enter the hallway and other prisoners had their calls before entering the corridor of the cell block in which they were sleeping yesterday morning.

So with his "gun" Dillinger over-awed some 30 persons and was enabled to seize two real weapons—the jail's only machine guns.

Dillinger Henchmen Hope for Delivery

LIMA, Ohio, March 4.—(A.P.)—Three henchmen of John Dillinger wore their best suits all day today hopefully awaiting the arrival of the fugitive to deliver them from jail. But Dillinger failed to arrive.

Deputies at the jail where Sheriff Barber was shot to death last fall in a previous exhibition of Dillinger's contempt for prisons, were quick to note the changed dispositions of Harry Pierpont, Charles Makley and Russell Clark, held here for the Barber murder.

The prisoners heard a scanty report of the gang leader's fantastic departure from custody over a radio in the sheriff's office. Then came a rumor that Dillinger was near New Stark not far from Lima.

The three immediately discarded the pajamas in which they had been lounging and put on street clothes which they had been allowed to keep in their cells.

With Dillinger on the loose again, his pals' outlook has changed. They dropped the sour, forlorn expression

which they have displayed since being brought here and apparently felt that a chance in the form of a special Dillinger jail delivery was at hand.

Dillinger here was believed to agree that before long Dillinger will make an appearance here.

The jail here has been transformed into something of a fortress and national guardsmen have taken over the corridors while they set train machine guns on anyone who attempts to enter the building from whatever direction.

Handguns equipped with a son have been thrown against the front door of the sheriff's residence on the inside, minimizing the possibility that someone might dash past the range of three machine guns and attempt to rush the door.

POLICE BELIEVE DILLINGER MAY BE HIDING IN CHICAGO AREA

No Trace Found of Depo- sitor Who Escaped From Jail

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—(Associated Press)—Police and prison officers of Illinois today searched for a man who was charged with depositing John Dillinger today as a depositor. Inspectors probed the circumstances of his admission to the prison.

A police inspection of reports of reports appearing in the press which Dillinger and his partner, Herbert Youngblood, were commended for their flight, led to a suspicion that the man who had escaped back to Chicago following the escape.

Agents at the prison were given a search of the records of known and unknown persons held during the day. Details from the depository bureau and the other attorney's office indicated that the names of the persons who had escaped were not under any circumstances known to have had dealings with Dillinger or other members of the gang he headed.

At Crown Point, investigators for Governor Mahut of Indiana headed by Attorney General Lutz started questioning deputies and witnesses on all angles of the escape. Rumors of a possible "fix" engaged the attention of the authorities.

At the same time Prosecutor Estill of Lake county said he would turn over to the grand jury the results of this inquiry he inaugurated after yesterday's escape.

Woman Sought

A sharp eye was being kept by police for a "Mrs. Dillinger," the mysterious woman who was permitted by a Crown Point judge to visit Dillinger in the jail less than two weeks ago. The sheriff's office at Crown Point had protested the outlaw did not have a wife but the woman was finally admitted for a half hour's conversation with Dillinger in his cell.

Some authorities professed to believe the escape—fantastic in its execution by means of a makeshift wooden gun—was planned at that meeting. Police theorized the woman was an associate of John Hamilton, Dillinger's pal, who the outlaw was quick to proclaim dead after his own return from Tucson, Ariz., Jan. 30. Police have consistently refused to believe that Hamilton was slain as Dillinger asserted and declared that Dillinger and the negro accused of a Gary murder, probably made for a junction with Hamilton as soon as they had thrown pursuers off the trail.

Clue Blasted

One promising clue which developed last night when a car answering the description of the one in which Dillinger and Youngblood fled went into the ditch near El Paso, Ill., was blasted today. Sheriff Piser said today the two men who fled into a cornfield after the accident escaped

license and a description of it was forwarded to Ohio authorities for checking there.

Precautions throughout the four-state area in which Dillinger's gang operated before his capture in the southwest were continued everywhere by authorities but Chicago police believed this vicinity offered the best prospects for clues now.

Sheriff Defends Guards

Sheriff Lillian Holley was quick to defend her guards against any imputation of culpability in the escape.

"I'd do the same thing if some one put a gun in my back" said the woman sheriff, still almost in tears over the successful carrying out of the outlaw's boast that he would get free.

"I intended to take good care of Dillinger. I thought it would be a big

DILLINGER'S AUTO FOUND IN CHICAGO

Gang's Old Haunts in City Being Searched

CHICAGO, March 10.—(AP)—Police today announced that they had found the abandoned automobile of the Dillinger gang in a garage in the city.

The discovery was announced today with the announcement that the car, which was found in a garage in the city, had been found near an indication dropped out that he had maintained secret contact with his followers while in prison.

The car, which was found in a garage in the city, was discovered by police last in front of a north side apartment Saturday night, indicating Dillinger and his fellow fugitive, Herbert Youngblood, negro, had entered the city through the elaborate net which police spread to prevent it.

Three squads of officers were keeping a day and night watch at the apartment, with orders to shoot to kill if Dillinger showed up.

Sweeps Into Action

The re-mobilized "Dillinger squad" swept into action to search the northwest section of the city, where the desperado had a chain of hideouts when he was last at liberty from the law.

Police believed Dillinger must have fled the city, after he was last seen at Peotone, Ill., Saturday and entered through the swanky suburbs on the less closely-guarded north.

A mysterious "Mrs. Dillinger" today re-entered the case of the restless desperado and the soft-pine revolver—with which he bluffed his way out of jail. Crown Point officials, in the course of four investigations into Dillinger's break, already had disclosed a brunette who said she was the gunman's wife had been allowed to visit him in his cell.

Gangster's Sweetheart

Jail attaches today looked at pictures and said with surprise that "Mrs. Dillinger" resembled Elaine Burton—sweetheart of another Dillinger gangster, John Hamilton. If they are the same, authorities believed, Dillinger must have been in communication with his gang while in the Crown Point prison.

Sheriffs recalled that Mrs. Dillinger's visit on at least one occasion carried on a strange pant in which she mingled affectionate phrases with what sounded like football signals.

Prosecutor Estill and other investigators said the woman might have



REWARD

WANTED as an ESCAPEE

Escaped from Prison ...

Name Charles Bailey No. 12636
Sentenced 6-23-28 County Adams
Crime Robbery Term 10-00 yrs

Height 5-7 1/2 Eyes Gray slate
Weight 150 Hair Med. Dk. Chest.
Build Med. Bvy. Complexion Med. Dk.
Occupation Salesman

Marks and Scars

Tip of left index finger amputated.
Right leg short, limbs slightly.

Finger Print Classification: (11) 50 8 100 0
21 8 000



Name **Harry Espeland** No. **12231**
 Sentenced **11-19-27** County **Delaware**
 Crime **Burg. 2nd Degree** Term **2 1/4 yrs.**
 Age **31 in 1927** Color **White**
 Height **5'10"** Eyes **Bl. Brown**
 Weight **147** Hair **Dark**
 Build **Med.** Complexion **Dark**
 Occupation **Car**
 Marks and Scars
 Tattoo, Heart back left hand
 Tattoo, clasped hands, sailors head, circus
 girl, letters H. E. O. right forearm

HIST. KUNKEL WARDEN

INDIANA STATE PRISON



MICHIGAN CITY, INDIANA

Report of Major Clement G. Dyer
Michigan City, Indiana

1022-Indiana Refry 12764, 23 to 24, 25
 54-25-Indiana Refry 15082, 24 to 25, 26
 7-30-25 Transferred to Indiana by Indiana State 10

Managed by Marion, Indiana



WARD
WANTED as an ESCAPEE

Escaped from Prison enclosure 9-28-33

Name	Harry Pierpont	No.	11014
Sentenced	8-6-25	County	Howard
Crime	Robbery	Term	10-21 yrs
Age	31	Color	White
Height	64	Eyes	Grey Azure
Weight	152	Hair	Light Chest
Build	Med.	Complexion	Light
Occupation	Engineer		

Marks and Scars

Scar of 1st back of head



Name **Homer VanMeter** No. **115**
Sentenced **3-13-25** County **Lake**
Crime **Robbery** Term **10-21 yrs.**
Age **19 in 1926** Color **Fair**
Height **5-11 1/2** Eyes **Blue**
Weight **153** Hair **Blk. Chest.**
Build **Slender** Complexion **Dark**
Occupation **Waiter**

Marks and Scars

Tattoo, anchor "HOPK" right forearm.
Scar of 1 1/2" middle forehead edge of hair.

Finger Print Classification: (22) 17 5 100 13
3 1 000



REWARD
WANTED as an ESCAPE

Escaped from Prison enclosure 9-28-33

Name	Walter Detrick	No.	14351
Sentenced	1-8-31	County	Vernillion
Crime	Bank Robbery	Term	Life
Age	38	Color	White
Height	5-7 1/2	Eyes	Med. Brown
Weight	161	Hair	Light Brown
Build	Med.	Complexion	Dark
Occupation	Printer		

Marks and Scars

Blue tattoo, shield, right forearm anterior.
Curved scar outer corner left eye.



REWARD \$ 100.00

WANTED as an ESCAPE

Escaped from Prison August 9-26-33

Name	Edward Shouse	No.	13915
Sentenced	6-4-30	County	Vigo
Crime	Auto Banditry	Term	25 yrs
Age	27	Color	Grays
Height	5-7 1/2	Eyes	Red. Blue
Weight	150	Hair	Red. Short
Occupation	labor	Complexion	Red. Dk.

Marks and Scars

Deep seated scar middle forehead
Brown mole right cheek

Finger Prints



JOSEPH FOX
 Age - 29
 Height - 5' 9"
 Weight - 154
 Build - medium
 Eyes - yellow slate
 Hair Dark chestnut
 Complexion - medium
 Police No. - Indiana State Prison No. 13883
 F. P. C. - 29 L 100 19
 R 02 16

EDWARD 13883

WANTED as an ESCAPE

Escaped from Prison enclosure 9-26-33

Name Joseph Fox No. 13883
 Sentenced 3-23-30 County Franklin
 Crime Bank Robbery Term Life
 Age 33 Color White
 Height 5-9 Eyes Blue
 Weight 154 Hair Lt. Chest.
 Build Medium Complexion Red.
 Occupation Glass Worker.

Marks and Scars

Large irregular scar left wrist posterior.
 Diagonal scar of 1 in. above left brow.



REWARD \$100.00

WANTED as an ESCAPE

Escaped from Prison enclosure 9-26-53

Name	John Hamilton	No.	11963
Sentenced	8-10-47	County	St. Joseph
Crime	Auto Sabotage	Term	25 yrs
Age	34	Color	White



REWARD \$ 100.00
WANTED as an ESCAPEE

Escaped from Prison Enclosure, 9-28-33

Name **Joseph Burns** No. **8703**
Sentenced **5-27-21** County **Kosciusko**
Crime **Murder 1st Deg.** Term **Life**
Age **40** Color **White**
Height **5-10-1/2** Eyes **Blue**

Weight **195** Hair **Med. Chest.**
Build **Med. Bvy.** Complexion **Ruddy**
Occupation **Taxi Driver**

Marks and Scars

Scar at 1st base right hand.

Finger Print Classification:



Name **Milton G. Crouch** No. **12347**

Sentenced **8-2-28**

County **Marion**

Crime **Auto Banditry**

Term **5-21 yrs**

Age **24-1928**

Color **white**

Height **5-5-7/8**

Eyes **Gr. Slate**

Weight **150**

Hair **Med Lk. Chest**

Build **Med.**

Complexion **Med.**

Occupation **Car part at**

Marks & Scars

Scar of 1", Right shoulder posterior.
Several brown moles, left shoulder blade.

Finger Print Classification: **(28) 52 W 101 80**
32 W 100

If located, arrest and wire at my expense.

WALTER H. DALY, Warden

Indiana State Prison

1

203282

March 21, 1934

8

Jan

62-29777-97

Special Agent in Charge,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
326 Post Office Building,
New Orleans, Louisiana.

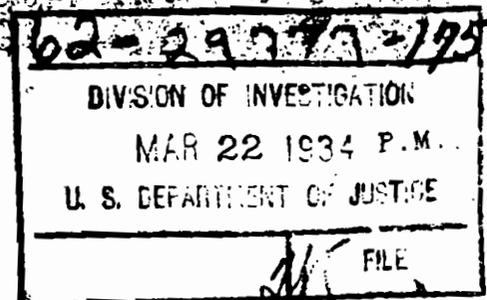
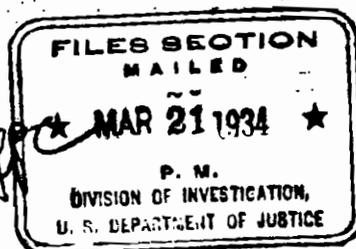
Dear Sir:

Re: John Herbert Billinger, with aliases, et al,
Identification Order Number 1217,
National Motor Vehicle Theft Act.

Please refer to Division telegram dated March 6, 1934,
quoting the telegram received from E. E. Hise, Jr., Chief of
Police, Lake Charles, Louisiana, to the effect that he had in
custody Dwight Rumbaugh, in whose possession the address of John
Billinger was found and conduct an investigation without further
delay.

Very truly yours,

Director.



Port Huron, Mich. March 22, 1934.

Division of Investigation,
U. S. Dept. of Justice,
Washington, D. C.



Gentlemen;—

Re: Herbert Youngblood,
member Dillinger gang.

The above named member of the famous Dillinger gang, of murderers, bank robbers and jail breakers, was shot and killed in this city on March 16th., as a result of a tip I gave to the Sheriff's Department of this city on the night of March 15th.

I understand there is a reward for his capture but I am unable to secure any information locally and wish you would advise me what you know about it.

Thanking you in advance, I remain

Yours very truly,

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

62-29777-176
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 23 1934 P.M.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

William Jury FILE

MAR 28 1934

William Jury,
3621 Moak St.
Port Huron, Mich.

RECORDED

TMS:atr
62-29771-176

March 27, 1934

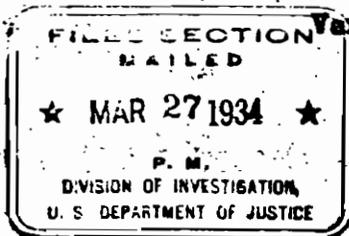
MAR 29 1934

Mr. William Jury,
3621 Hoak Street,
Port Huron, Michigan.

Dear Sir:

This is to acknowledge receipt of your letter dated March 22, 1934, requesting information as to any reward offered for the capture of Herbert Youngblood who recently escaped from the County Jail at Crown Point, Indiana with John Dillinger.

I regret to advise that it will be impossible to advise you in this matter inasmuch as this Division has no information as to any reward offered for the capture of this individual.



Director.

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten initials]

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

2 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- Deleted under exemption(s) b6, b7C with no segregable material available for release to you.
- Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

_____ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); _____ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

For your information: _____

The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
62-29777-177 page 2-3

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Agent Waters ascertained at Shawano, Wisconsin, that Evelyn Frechette, an alleged associate of Dillinger, had moved from the Indian Reservation approximately five years ago and it was expressed that she had gone to Chicago to work as a domestic and had returned to Neopit intermittently during that time. She was at one time married to Melton Sparks, presently incarcerated at Leavenworth for robbing the mail. Rumors at Shawano indicated that at various times during the past suspicious characters, presumably from Chicago, had stayed there and had located particularly at Shawano Lake. Subsequent inquiry at the lake revealed that no suspicious characters, or as a matter of fact, no one known to the local residents had visited the lake this season.

Superintendent Beyer of the Indian Agency at Neopit, in addition to the information contained in the letter quoted above, informed the Agent that according to rumors Evelyn Frechette lived in Neopit. He stated further, that Evelyn has a very bad reputation on the reservation, although he knew of nothing definite to substantiate this allegation. He stated that Vivian Tourtillett Warrington was a close associate of Evelyn's.

The possibility of Dillinger seeking refuge on the reservation was discussed with Beyer and he stated that informants throughout the reservation would immediately communicate to the Agency any suspicious activities or the presence of any strangers unknown to the Indians.

At Neopit, Simon Despric, the Indian Chief of Police stated that in the summer of 1933, while Evelyn was visiting in Neopit, some person in a large automobile called for her and she went away with him. He added, further, that when Evelyn visits in Neopit she resides with Vivian Warrington and rarely visits her mother, who has re-married and whose present name is Sprague. Vivian is married to Joseph Warrington and apparently both of them bear a good reputation on the reservation.

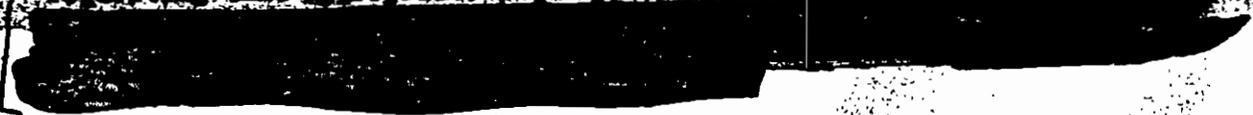
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The Chief of Police had no further information but gave Agent Waters a photograph of Vivian Warrington, which is being retained in the Chicago file.

Vivian Harrington was interviewed on three successive days and during the course of each interview, with the exception of the last day, she was quite reticent in furnishing any information concerning Evelyn. She gave, however, the following facts:

She and Evelyn Franches have been closely associated with each other since the time of their attending school at the Reservation, that Evelyn left for Chicago 5 or 6 years ago, where she has been employed as a waitress since that time. On various occasions she has returned to Hoopit, but on each visit stayed with the Harringtons rather than with her mother. Evelyn's mother has re-married, and the name of her present husband is Sprague. She stated that she has heard from Evelyn regularly, but had not saved any of the letters which were received from her. She at first informed the Agent that she did not recall the address at which Evelyn resided in Chicago, but on being pressed further, she stated she believed it to be either 511 or 507 Addison Street, Chicago. Subsequent inquiry developed that the correct address is 501 Addison Street. She further advised that Evelyn has a sister named Frances, who is employed either as a waitress or a domestic in Chicago. She related that in 1933, she, Vivian, underwent several operations, and in April of that year, her husband sent for Evelyn to come to Hoopit, which the latter did. She remained until July, when she returned, apparently to Chicago. In September of the same year, Evelyn with her sister Frances, came back to Hoopit, but both of them again, after a short time, departed for Chicago.

Mrs. Harrington turned over to the Agent a photograph of Evelyn which she requested to be returned to her, and two snapshots, one of Evelyn alone, and another containing pictures of Evelyn, Vivian and a third party having no connection with this investigation. The photograph and the snapshot containing the pictures of three girls have been forwarded to the Division with the request that copies be made and discharged to Division offices. Mrs. Harrington stated that during the past year or so she has received cards or letters from Evelyn, mailed from Mexico, Florida, Arizona and Kansas. She stated that in the fall of last year Evelyn and some unknown man, she was with her, visited Evelyn's brother, Howard at Haskell Institute, and that on the occasion of this visit she had she was with Evelyn give her mother a sum of money. A letter has been sent to the Kansas City office, requesting that appropriate inquiry be made concerning this visit.

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center of the telegram, the contents of which were not known to Evelyn could be made known to her. She stated she did not remember the contents of the telegram, but believed it to have been sent to Mrs. Ann Jackson, stating that it contained information of importance.

"Wire where I can call you at 8 P.M. Important"

Later investigation at the office of the Western Union Telegraph Company in Shawano showed, however, that a telegram of January 13th had been forwarded to Evelyn Prochaska from Mrs. Ann Jackson, 75 East Windsor Street, Highland Park, Michigan. A copy of the telegram was not available, but the manager at the Western Union office confidentially informed Agent that on the basis of his recollection, it contained the following:

"Meet me at 75 East Windsor Street, Highland Park, Michigan at once. Very important"

that Evelyn wired back:

"Received your wire but cannot understand. Will meet you at 201 Addison Street"

It was learned from Mrs. Harrington that Evelyn departed for Chicago on the following day. She also stated that she had received a wire from Evelyn some time in December from Chicago, requesting her, Vivian, and her husband to meet her in Shawano. The meeting was to take place on New Year's Eve. Evelyn, however, met with an accident at Port Washington, and her car was demolished. She, however, did not sustain serious injury. She proceeded to Shawano, where she remained for about a week, telling Vivian that her "boy friend" had given her the car. On January 7th, Evelyn and Vivian left Neopit for Milwaukee, where Evelyn purchased another car, trading in the wrecked car and paying the bill in cash.

During the course of the investigation, the Agent talked to Evelyn's neighbor, whose name is Edwin Burgess, and later visited his home in the presence of Chief of Police, Neopit, with the consent of Mr. Sprague, the Chief of Police searched the premises and found a

postcard sent to Evelyn's mother, under name Fred, during sometime in December. The date, however, is indistinct. This postcard is being retained in the files of the Chicago office.

On the following day Evelyn's mother called on the Agent and during periodic bursts of hysteria, stated that she feared her daughter would be electrocuted or shot, and that she wanted to do everything in her power to attempt to locate her. It is the Agent's impression that she was sincere in her desires, and she promised to communicate immediately with the Chief of Police of Neopit should she ever get any information from Evelyn. She stated that she did not recall any of the letters forwarded to her by Evelyn, but that she receives money from her occasionally, and that during the Christmas holidays, 1935, Evelyn sent money not only for her, but for other members of the family as well. She said she has another daughter, Frances, who lives at 1115 North Barnhage Avenue, Chicago, and a second daughter in Neopit, whose name is Mrs. Anna Miller and resides at Neopit. An interview with the latter developed nothing further than that she had received a letter from some town in Tennessee in December, which had been mailed by Evelyn, and in which there was enclosed a sum of money as a Christmas present.

Malvin Edgar Fairbanks, a half-breed Indian and reputed childhood sweetheart of Evelyn, was interviewed several times in an attempt to elicit some information of value. He was reluctant, however, to answer questions, and further efforts were not made to obtain any information from him. It was quite obvious that he does not recall Evelyn's conduct in recent months, but at the same time he was unwilling to furnish any damaging information in the event he possessed it, concerning her.

Mrs. E. Bowersdorf, Manager of the Jackson Hotel, North Jackson Street, Milwaukee, on being interviewed, stated that she remembered Evelyn, Fredonia and Evelyn Harrington, having registered there in January, and an examination of the records showed that the above two persons had registered from Neopit, Wisconsin, January 3, 1936, had been assigned to Room 201, and had checked out January 10th. They checked in again January 10th, and left the hotel January 11th. There were no telegrams or telephone calls charged to them, with the exception of one local call, the number of which was not retained, but which, in all probability, was made in connection with the purchase of the automobile hereinafter discussed. On both occasions they occupied room 201, and Mrs. Bowersdorf stated that there was nothing about their conduct during the period of their occupancy to arouse suspicion. She stated that Evelyn appeared on both days to have indulged in intoxicants.

Mr. H. R. Goulard, 220 North Jackson Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, retail sales manager for the Hudson Essex Distributors, after referring to his records, stated that he had sold a 1933 Essex coupe to Evelyn Frechette on January 8th for \$285.00. This transaction was completed under the following circumstances:

A telephone call had been received from Miss Frechette by Goulard, informing him that her car had been wrecked at Fort Washington, and she requested that he give her an estimate on it as a deposit for a new car; after one of the salesman looked at the car, he offered her \$175.00 for it, which was accepted, and she paid a balance of \$220.00 in cash. With her at the time of the purchase was Vivian Harrington, whom Goulard identified from a photograph, which agent exhibited to him. He stated that the car which was wrecked in the car was a Wisconsin coupe, 1933 model, serial number 70021, motor number 6132, which had been purchased by one Frank Kirtley, 2738 Pine Grove Avenue, Chicago, from the Logan Square Hudson Essex Company, 2506 Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago. The salesman was J. H. Cizek, and the purchase price was \$213.95, which, according to Goulard, was a cash transaction. The title to this car had been transferred by Kirtley to Miss Evelyn Frechette, December 26, 1933 at Daytona Beach, Florida, and the bill of sale was notarized before D. R. Beach at that time, which bore Illinois tags number 127221. These tags were also on the car at the time it was wrecked by Miss Frechette. This car had been purchased by Kirtley on November 23, 1933. The 1933 Buickplane coupe which Miss Frechette obtained in Milwaukee on January 8th, bore serial number 20000, motor number 16532, and Goulard informed Agent that he had later ascertained that a man by the name of Denhardt, a salesman representing a distributor in St. Louis, had taken this car on a trade-in approximately one week after it had been purchased at Milwaukee. Miss Frechette, after receiving the title to the car in Milwaukee, obtained 1934 Wisconsin plates number 25001, and Goulard stated that these plates were found on Hillinger's car when he was apprehended in Tucson, Arizona.

On Sunday, March 12, 1934, a telephone call was received at the Chicago office from a person who gave his name as Secretary, 4910 North Rosley Avenue. He stated that he had just been called by Hillinger regarding a house which he was buying on Halsted Street, just north of Fullerton Parkway. He further described the house as being on the East side of Halsted Street and that it was surrounded by the first picket fence on that side of the street.

The telephone company in Chicago was requested to check the toll calls of South Shore 2-0111 for the period of January 1, 1934 to the present time and they reported that the following calls had been made over this phone:

March 2, 1934 to Gary, Indiana, 48388
at 8:32 P.M.

March 3, 1934 to Gary, Indiana, 22127
at 11:05 P.M.

March 4, 1934 to Mobile, Alabama, Belmont
25367, Mrs. Fred Helming, 1:21 A.M.

March 4, 1934 to Mobile, Alabama, Belmont
645, Tom McGinnis, 1:22 P.M.

March 5, 1934 to Gary, Indiana, 9011 at
8:27 P.M.

March 5, 1934 to Gary, Indiana, 9011 at
7:35 P.M.

March 6, 1934 to Gary, Indiana, 9011 at
4:55 P.M.

February 18, 1934 to Gary, Indiana, 44164
at 11:11 A.M.

At Gary, Indiana Special Agent T. E. Mallen ascertained that telephone number 48388 is subscribed to by Earl McNabb, 158 Calum Park Avenue, who is a Superintendent at the Steel Mills and who spent sixteen years in India erecting steel plants at that place. He returned to Gary about two years ago and purchased the home located at 158 Calum Park Avenue and is believed to be a man of good character and reputation.

Telephone number 22153 is assigned to the Postal Telegraph Company at 104 West Fifth Avenue.

Telephone number 9011 belongs to Doctor H. J. Ryan, 504 Broadway, and in connection with this number Agent Mallen is securing information from the police department to determine the identity and character of Doctor Ryan.

Telephone number 44164 is the residence phone number of Doctor H. J. Ryan who lives at 123 West 25th Street.

Regarding telephone number 2249 more fully mentioned in the report of reference, the telephone company advised that this number is listed in the name of Henry H. Krauss, 4545 Sheridan Road, which party has had the phone number in question since October 24, 1934.

Communication with the residence of Mrs. Herman Stern, 5490 South Shore Drive, telephone 2249, determined that James W. Gaskin, the chauffeur for the Stern family, would be reached at either Midway 5000, the number of the garage, or at his residence, telephone Dorchester 2249.

Mr. Gaskin was interviewed by Agent Metcalfe at his residence, 5482 Kimbark Avenue, at which time Mr. Gaskin advised that on the night of March 3, 1934, the Stern automobile which he was driving at the time was forcibly taken from him by two men, and, after driving about 3 or 4 blocks, released the car. He said that he had viewed a number of photographs at police headquarters at the time, but that he was not at all certain that one of the individuals that took this car from him was Dillinger, although he was reported as having identified him in the newspapers the day after the car was taken.

Mr. Gaskin advised that the car in question was a Lincoln Seven Passenger Limousine, Model 136 (1933) having a black body with a white stripe around the moulding. This car had two side sounds and the side walls of the tires were white. The motor number is KA369 and the car had 1934 Illinois License plates number 5B-996. In the rear of the car, on the floor, was a white rubber mat. The metal covering over the lock on the right front door had been broken off. The initials "FVS" appear on the rear door on each side of the car. This car was stolen in front of 2440 Lakeview Avenue by two men driving in a gray automobile. Mr. Gaskin said that it was dark and he was unable to describe either of the individuals. He said that the theft of the car was reported by Mr. Herman Stern at the Detective Bureau of the Chicago Police Department immediately after the loss of the car. He further stated that at the time of this interview, March 12, 1934, the car had not yet been recovered.

Further interview with Mr. E. H. Deason determined that the person referred to by him in the previous interview as being the man who is said to have seen Dillinger in the early part of this year, was Mr. Burton, an insurance salesman, telephone Dorchester 2249.

Mr. Burton was advised that his name is Mr. Burton and he resides at 75th Dan's Avenue, and is employed as an insurance salesman for the Illinois Automobile Club. He stated that at 75th and State, Island on the north side of 75th Street there is about a quarter of a block separated on the west side by an alley, on the east side by State Island, and on both of the east and west corners of this quarter block there are saloons. On the east corner of this quarter block at the saloon at that place, on or about January 1, 1936, he saw an automobile drive up containing three men, two of whom went into the saloon while the third remained in the car. They were all exceptionally well dressed and those that went into the saloon he saw in the saloon were very likewise very well dressed. The car in which they came appeared to be a medium sized car, a little larger than a Chevrolet or Ford and appearing to Mr. Burton as being a special car all the way through. He said he thought it had a sporty look, that the gray paint in white and seemed to have the appearance of a taxi cab, and that it had some name on the side of the car, although he could not remember the name. The car was of heavy steel, plain black fenders and heavy glass that may have been bullet proof. The body had square corners in the rear, a small oval window in the rear, and four doors. It had 1935 license plates of the last series. To Mr. Burton, the car in question had the appearance of possibly being an armoured car. The occupants of the car were all 25 to 30 years of age and Mr. Burton was quite certain that one of the men closely resembled Billinger. He said that he had never seen this car since that time but that if he does he will communicate with this office. He also stated that when he saw this car drive up to the saloon it was followed by another car which was a black Ford sedan containing some more men but he did not pay much attention to this car or its occupants.

At 2535 East 73rd Street, at which place Evelyn Frechette was supposed to have resided in April, 1936, inspection of the mail boxes at this building, which is a large court apartment building, failed to reveal any name of interest to this investigation. The premises is managed by the Higley Realty Company, 1922 East 63rd Street. The manager is Hilmer Carlson, at 2511 East 73rd Street. Mr. Carlson was interviewed by Agent Metcalfe, but he could not recall anyone of the name of Frechette, Sam Harris or Sam Sparks, aliases of Evelyn Frechette, but was in a position to identify the picture of Billinger as members of his mob as being familiar to him.

At the Bank Street Post Office, 2207 East 15th Street, no record of a removal was found as to Evelyn Frochette or any of her aliases.

At 4310 Cleveland Avenue, which is a large court apartment building, Mr. Charles Bryan, the agent for the premises, was interviewed by Agents Guerrero and McCallie and he advised that last November two men and two women occupied an apartment at 4310 Cleveland for about one month. These people aroused his suspicions by the fact that they gave large tips to the janitor and other help on the premises for small services rendered them, which services were included in the rental of the apartment and for which tenants are not expected to pay the employees. These tips would vary from one dollar to five dollars, and on each occasion they would be reported by the janitor to the agent. The apartment was taken in the name of Joseph Harris and the name of the other was also (first name unknown). According to Mr. Bryan, Joseph Harris may have been identical with John Billinger and after viewing a number of pictures he said that Ross might have been identical with Harry Pierpont. He said that the tenants in question were quiet and apparently respectable people.

Mr. Bryan further stated that the Chicago Police came to this apartment sometime within twenty-four hours after the departure of the tenants, and the fact that the tenants in question had left in great haste indicated to Mr. Bryan that possibly someone had tipped them off to the fact that the police were planning to call at this apartment. These people did not file any application at the time they rented the apartment, which was a furnished apartment, and the only information Mr. Bryan obtained was that they said they were from St. Louis.

Mr. Bryan also viewed the picture of Evelyn Frochette and said it looked like one of the women in the apartment but he could not be sure. These people had a Plymouth and Buick automobile which they kept in a garage in the rear of the premises.

At the Grant Hospital, 351 Grant Place, Chicago, at which place according to the history of Evelyn Frochette, she was supposed to have received medical attention in July, 1937. Inquiry by Agents Guerrero and McCallie determined that one, Evelyn Frochette of 1542 Cleveland Avenue, telephone Illinois 3113, an number 74073, was a patient at this hospital on July 12, 1937. She gave her age as 19 years and stated she was born at Neopit, Wisconsin; that she was an American; a Catholic; single and having no occupation. She gave

Her mother's maiden name is [redacted] and her father's name is William Freshett. She was born [redacted] and also stated in this report that she had been in Illinois for [redacted] years. The physician who attended her was Doctor [redacted] Her home is 212 North Albany Street, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204.

The following investigation was conducted by Special Agent P. C. Guerrero:

Previous information disclosed that a Mrs. S. McKee, 1115 North Heritage had employed one, Frances G. Schultz, supposedly a sister of Mary Evelyn Freshette.

Mrs. McKee, on being interviewed in the presence of her husband, stated that she had met Frances Schultz about two years ago at 1515 Flournoy Street, Chicago through her landlord's son, Sam Lonato. Mrs. McKee, by the way, denied knowing the personal history and whereabouts of Mrs. Schultz, saying that the acquaintance was never less casual. Mrs. McKee advised that she did not know Frances's husband. She stated further that Mrs. Schultz used to do house work on the north side; that she did not know the sister of Mrs. Schultz.

This information was confirmed by S. McKee, husband of Mrs. McKee.

At the Salvation Army Maternity Hospital, 504 North Crawford Avenue, it was ascertained that there is no record of Mary Evelyn Freshette, or her known aliases, as having ever been a patient at that hospital. When advised that Miss Freshette is part Indian, [redacted] stated that to the best of her recollection there had been a patient in the institution who was part Indian, who went under the name of [redacted]

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[REDACTED] at [REDACTED] of his records that [REDACTED] because of her nativity as being a French Indian, was identical with Mary Evelyn Frechette. However, when Miss Frechette's photograph was shown to [REDACTED] of the hospital, she stated that the picture was not identical in any way with the [REDACTED] that had been admitted to the hospital.

At 4200-28 Humboldt Avenue, Mrs. Marie Samalson, landlady of the premises, stated that she has no information concerning Mary Evelyn Frechette under her correct name or known aliases, as well as John Billinger or members of his gang. Photographs of Mary Evelyn Frechette and John Billinger were shown to Mrs. Samalson but she failed to identify any of them as being tenants of the premises.

At 1542 Cleveland Avenue, Mrs. Elizabeth Gittman stated that she had lived at the premises for 17 years and stated that Mary Frechette had never lived at this address. Mrs. Gittman stated that she owned the premises and that she had never rented any room to anybody since she had lived at the above address. A photograph of Mary Frechette was shown to Mrs. Gittman but she failed to identify same.

Mrs. John Paulson, 814 Boscoe Avenue, stated that she has lived at this address for the last four years and has no information concerning Mary Evelyn Frechette or any of her known aliases. Mrs. Paulson stated that she could not identify the photograph of Miss Frechette as well as John Billinger and members of his mob when the same were exhibited to her.

Inquiries at the Boston Post Office, 1444 Lawrence Avenue, failed to disclose any information pertaining to a record of Mary Evelyn Frechette or her known aliases.

Pursuant to a memorandum submitted by Special Agent Waters dated March 15, 1935, advising that on November 23, 1933, one, Frank Kirtley of 2738 Pine Grove Avenue, Chicago, bought an Essex Coupe from the Logan Square Hudson Company, 2505 Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago, investigation disclosed that Mr. J. H. Cizek, proprietor of the company, sold a Terraplane Coupe, 8, motor number E1192, serial number 80921, key number 404, to a man who gave his name as Frank Kirtley on November 23, 1933; that the car in question was bought for cash at \$698.00. Mr. Cizek stated that

The Chicago Police were summoned to the police headquarters where they displayed several photographs of Dillinger and his gang but he failed to identify any of them as being identical with the man who bought the car in question and who gave his name as Frank Kirtley. He also stated that he remembered the purchaser of the car as about 6 feet 7 inches in height, of medium complexion, stocky build, and wearing a dark overcoat. He also stated that he has seen several photographs of Dillinger in the newspapers as well as identification cards issued by the police and this Division, but that Dillinger was not identical with the purchaser of the car from his company. He also stated that the purchaser of the car was accompanied by a young woman whom he described as an "attractive blonde" and being shown the photograph of Mary Kay Frechette, Mr. Cisak stated that it was not identical with the woman who accompanied the purchaser of the car.

On March 18, 1934, Special Agent V. W. Peterson of this office advised by memorandum that Evelyn H. Meyer, Clerk of the Post Office at Niles Center, Illinois, told him that a man whom she recognized as Dillinger by photographs which appeared in newspapers and news reels, called at the Niles Center Post Office on March 8, 1934, and purchased a money order. This individual claimed that his arm was hurt and stated that he was unable to fill out the application for a money order. Miss Meyer, thereupon, filled out the application in accordance with his instructions.

The application in question disclosed that the money order was number 64571; that it was purchased on March 8, 1934 by a man who gave his name as Fred Duckmiller of 928 Collet, Danville, Illinois. The money order in question was made payable to the Secretary of State, Springfield, Illinois, and was supposed to be for the payment of automobile license plates. Miss Meyer was not positive as to the identification but advised that there was a very strong similarity and she appeared to believe that the man in question was Dillinger himself.

Pursuant to this information a telegram was dispatched to the Division office at St. Louis on March 19, 1934 advising that office of the above information and requesting them to conduct appropriate investigation for the purpose of effecting the identity of the individual at 928 Collet Street, Danville, Illinois.

Previous information disclosed that one Bill Davis is closely associated with the Dillinger gang. Further, that Bill Davis is presently under indictment in the State Courts for attempted murder.

Inquiries at the office of the Clerk of Court, however, revealed no record of one Bill Davis. It was suggested by the Clerk of the Court that possibly the Detective Bureau of the Chicago Police Department had a record of this individual.

At 2105 Lincoln Parkway, where Bill Davis is supposed to reside, discreet inquiry revealed that no such individual is known at this address.

A review of the files in this office revealed that one Frank Whitehouse of Lebanon, Kentucky, a former convict, was very closely associated with Dillinger, approximately in March 1934. A telegram was sent to the Cincinnati office requesting that office to make appropriate investigation at that point with a view to determining whether Dillinger has been in that vicinity recently.

UNDEVELOPED LEADS

ST. LOUIS OFFICE

At St. Louis:

Will locate the automobile salesman or sales agency named Denhardt and obtain all the facts and circumstances connected with the purchase of a Hudson or Essex automobile on approximately January 21, 1934, on which the Essex Coupe purchased by Evelyn Frechette at Milwaukee on January 15, 1934 was given as part payment.

At Bloomington, Illinois

Special Agent James Abernethy and Sheriff James Reese that Dillinger is reported to have a relative at Bloomington, Illinois. It is requested that this office make appropriate inquiry in connection therewith.

ST. LOUIS OFFICE

At Bloomington, Illinois (Continued)

The relative of Dillinger is reported to be a Polish extraction, a farmer, and married. Sheriff Reder was unable to furnish the name of this relative at the time he was interviewed but he stated that he would make further inquiry.

CHICAGO OFFICE

At Gary, Indiana

Will again communicate with the Gary Police regarding the identity and reputation of [redacted] residence.

[redacted] with office.

At Muncie, Indiana

Will interview Mayor [redacted] regarding the report that he received information from Edward [redacted] to the effect that Dillinger has connections in St. Paul, Minnesota.

At Michigan City, Indiana.

At the Indiana State Penitentiary will interview Edward House for what information he may have regarding such connections as Dillinger is supposed to have in St. Paul, Minnesota.

At Chicago, Illinois

At 4510 Clarendon Avenue in the garage in the rear of this address will develop all information available regarding the automobiles said to have been kept at this garage by one, Joseph Harris who gave his address as 4510 Clarendon Avenue.

At 4125 North Albany Street, will interview Doctor E. D. Carney for any information he may be able to furnish regarding Evelyn Fuchsler. The Doctor's telephone number is Maystone 2194.

At 1212 Broadway Street will interview Sam Conato who is believed to have had an association with Mrs. Francis Schultz, sister of Mary [redacted] in an effort to ascertain information concerning the latter's whereabouts.

PENDING

U. S. Department of Justice

Bureau of Investigation
311 Hurley-Wright Building
Washington, D. C.

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DEPT. OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

March 23, 1934

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Director,
Division of Investigation,
U. S. Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

Re: John Herbert Dillinger with aliases,
I.O. #1217 - Fugitive - Et Al. -
National Motor Vehicle Theft Act.

Dear Sir:

With reference to information furnished this office on March 22, 1934 by Mr. Clegg of the Division to the effect that L. W. Houston, Sports Editor of the Fredericksburg Free Lance Telegraph Newspaper stated that a green Buick Coupe bearing Indiana tags had stopped at a Shell Station at Fredericksburg on the same date at approximately 10:00 a.m. to purchase gas and oil and which car was driven by an individual described as five feet, ten inches tall, weight 165 pounds, wearing smoked glasses, a dark brown fuzzy hat and a small mustache, having a sharp coarse voice, and whom it was believed by the operator of the Shell Filling Station, Mr. Swift, to possibly be John Dillinger, Agent called Mr. Swift by telephone who stated that this individual was wearing tan gloves and a scarf tied in knots about the neck; that he had purchased eleven gallons of gas, one quart of oil; that the car which he was driving was a 1934 model sport coupe with wire wheels and bearing Indiana license plates, the first three numbers of which were either 462 or 426. Subsequent to this, Agents Hirsh and Schoales of this office took a number of pictures, among which were two photographs of Dillinger, one of Balmy Davis, Fred Barker, Alvin Karpis, Arthur R. Barker and Harry Campbell, to Fredericksburg the same date and exhibited them to Mr. P. G. Thrift who operates the Shell Station in Fredericksburg, Virginia, and from these pictures he picked out the one of Arthur R. Barker as being the one which most resembled the individual who stopped at his filling station on the morning of March 22, 1934. However, he was not positive in his identification, he claiming that because of the fact that the individual who stopped at his station wore large dark glasses, he was not able to make a positive identification. He described this individual to Agents Schoales and Hirsh as 33 years of age, five feet, eight inches tall, weight 165 pounds, complexion fair, wearing a small mustache, colored glasses, brown snap-brimmed hat, a blue scarf tied in a knot high about his neck and a gray overcoat.

He advised that he did not notice any marks or scars about this individual's face but did not get an opportunity to see his hands because of the fact that the individual only took his glove 24 1934 A.M.

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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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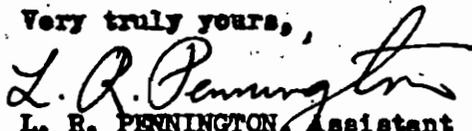
FILE

moment while taking two one dollar bills, a nickel and two pennies out of his pocket to pay for the gasoline and an additional one dollar bill to pay for a quart of oil. He further stated that the 1934 Buick Sport Coupe which this individual was driving was pea green in color, that it bore Indiana license plates, the number of which he could not recall, but started with 4. He was positive that it was an Indiana license plate because of the fact that he cleaned the plate while the car was stopped at the station. He advised that this individual asked no questions to speak of, seemed to be interested in keeping his distance from anyone at the station and when he left the station he headed north towards Washington.

Mr. W. S. Reynolds who was also at the filling station when this unknown individual appeared examined the same photographs as exhibited to Thrift and advised that the side view of the picture of Dillinger appeared to be more like the individual who stopped at this Shell station on the morning of March 22, 1934 than any of the other pictures. However, he frankly admitted that he was not at all sure of his identification. It might be noted that according to the description of Arthur R. Barker furnished by the Division, his hair is described as black while the hair of this individual who stopped at the Shell station at Fredericksburg, Virginia was light brown. A further discrepancy in the description of the two is that Barker according to the description furnished by the Division, weighs 119 pounds, while the unknown individual seen by Thrift and Reynolds was described as weighing 165 pounds. Also the height of Barker as furnished by the Division is five feet, three and three quarter inches, while the description of the unknown individual mentioned herein is that he is five feet, eight inches tall.

On the evening of March 22, 1934, through the Detective Bureau, Metropolitan Police Department, Washington, D. C., arrangements were made whereby the local police would broadcast a lookout for a 1934 Buick Sport Coupe, pea green in color, bearing Indiana license plates, the first three digits being 422 or 426 or 462. Special Agent in Charge Keith also conferred with Major Brown, Superintendent of Police, explained the details of this information and requested that should such a car be located by any of his patrolmen or scout cars, this office be immediately notified.

Very truly yours,


L. R. PENNINGTON, Assistant
Special Agent in Charge.

JES/DT
#26-3377

CLASS OF SERVICE DESIRED	
DOMESTIC	CABLE
TELEGRAM	FULL RATE
DAY LETTER	REBATED
NIGHT MESSAGE	NIGHT CABLE LETTER
NIGHT LETTER	WEEK-END CABLE LETTER

Patrons should check class of service desired, others, in message will be transmitted as a full-rate communication.

Postal Telegraph

(THE MAGKAY SYSTEM)

ALL AMERICA
CABLES



COMMERCIAL
CABLES

Send the following Message, subject to the terms on back hereof, which are hereby agreed to

WILLIAM LARSON
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
625 LAFAYETTE BUILDING
DETROIT, MICHIGAN.

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA
MARCH 19, 1934.
2

RE TELEGRAM EVEN DATE DESCRIPTION ANN MARTIN AS FOLLOWS AGE TWENTY FIVE HEIGHT
FIVE FEET TWO WEIGHT HUNDRED TWENTY HAIR BLACK EYES BROWN BUILD SMALL COMPLEXION
DARK STOP NO PHOTOGRAPH AVAILABLE HERE ENDAVORING SECURE SAME FROM TUCSON POLICE

CHARGE: O.B.O.R.
DIV. INV., DKPT. JUSTICE
62 Division 8:40 PM
JEP:HS

DUNN

(L. A. File 22-2287-)

Postal Telegraph

(THE MACKAY SYSTEM)

CLASS OF SERVICE DESIRED	
DOMESTIC	CABLE
TELEGRAM <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FULL RATE <input type="checkbox"/>
DAY LETTER <input type="checkbox"/>	DEFERRED <input type="checkbox"/>
NIGHT MESSAGE <input type="checkbox"/>	NIGHT CABLE LETTER <input type="checkbox"/>
NIGHT LETTER <input type="checkbox"/>	SPEED-SEND CABLE LETTER <input type="checkbox"/>

Patrons should check class of service desired, otherwise message will be transmitted as a full-rate communication.

ALL AMERICAN CABLES



COMMERCIAL CABLES

②

STANDARD TIME

Send the following Message, subject to the terms on back hereof, which are hereby agreed to

Los Angeles, Calif. March 20, 1934

MAR 26 1934

Mr. Larson
 Division of Investigation
 U. S. Department of Justice
 625 Lafayette Bldg
 Detroit, Mich.

FURTHER REFERENCE AND MARTIN STOP REVIEW OF FILE INDICATES SHE WAS TRAVELING COMPANION OF DILLINGER DURING PERIOD IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING APPREHENSION AT TUCSON ARIZONA AND IT WOULD APPEAR SHE IS HIS WOMAN THOUGH NO SPECIFIC INFORMATION SUCH FACT AVAILABLE HERE OTHER THAN MOTOR TRAVELS TOGETHER DURING SEVERAL MONTHS PERIOD PRIOR TO JANUARY TWENTY FIFTH THIS YEAR

CHARGE GOVT RATE
 DIV. OF INV. 617 Fed. Bldg.
 10:55 A.M.
 JKPD:AB
 CC DIVISION

RECORDED & INDEXED
 MAR 26 1934

62-29777-179

SECTION OF INVESTIGATION
 MAR 24 1934
 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

Division of Investigation

U. S. Department of Justice

Washington, D. C.

March 20, 1934.



*cc
by*

LAH:ECM

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. CLEGG

[Handwritten flourish]

Reference is made to my memorandum of March 17, 1934, concerning the submission, by the Sheriff at Mason City, Iowa, of latent fingerprints found at the scene of a bank hold-up at Mason City, Iowa, for comparison with the fingerprints of John Dillinger and one Carpenter. The Carpenter whose name was furnished by the Sheriff has been identified as Frank Dennis Carpenter, a copy of whose record will be found in Mr. Schilder's memorandum of today's date. Carpenter's fingerprints have been compared with the latent fingerprints, with negative results.

This information is being submitted for record purposes.

Respectfully,

E. P. Coffey
E. P. Coffey.

*de...
7/24/34*

RECORDED
&
INDEXED

MAR 26 1934

62-29777-100	
DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION	
MAR 24 1934	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
<i>CLEGG</i>	FILE