Sniper's Dad, Wife Are Splitting Up

By MONA MORRIS

WEST PALM BEACH — The second wife of Charles A. Whitman Jr., 47, father of Texas sniper Charles Whitman, filed suit for separate maintenance Tuesday in Circuit Court.

Mrs. Whitman, in the complaint, said she was expecting a baby this month.

Mrs. Whitman alleged "extreme cruelty" and "mental anguish," and said Whitman had made "constant threats" of suicide.

Whitman's son, Charles, gunned down 14 persons from the University of Texas tower in Austin before he was shot dead by policeman.

Prior to the tower spree in August, 1966, Charles killed his mother and wife.

At his Lake Worth home, Whitman said Tuesday that he didn't know his wife's complaint was being filed.

"She's just a young girl that I married two months ago — no, it's not two months yet," he said. They were married Nov. 12, 1966 in Georgia.

Whitman said his wife had left their home Jan. 2, and was living with her parents "because she was having all crying and begging for her forgiveness the next day.

In the complaint, Mrs. Whitman said that she and her husband had a "violent quarrel" on that date.

"The defendant then took the plaintiff's wedding rings, a coat he had given her and a watch he had given her as a Christmas gift and told her to leave," the complaint asserted.

The complaint stated that besides the expected baby, Mrs. Whitman has a three-year-old son "neither being the children of the defendant." It stated that Whitman had full knowledge of this when they were married and had agreed to accept them as his own and provide for their support.

The marriage was happy for several weeks, Mrs. Whitman asserted; then Whitman's conduct "became completely erratic, the defendant cursing and harassing the plaintiff at one moment and crying and begging for her forgiveness the next day.

He made constant threats to "end it all," according to the suit.

The complaint said that on one occasion, Whitman entered a room carrying a gun and announced to the people there, including his wife, that he was going to "blow his brains out."

Whitman "talked constantly about his deceased wife and son, who had met their deaths violently, and how he had mistreated them," the suit said.
Tumor Cited In Whitman Case Study

By Nicholas C. Chriss
Los Angeles Times

AUSTIN, Tex., Sept. 8—A blue-ribbon panel of experts that made a medical and psychiatric investigation into the background of Charles J. Whitman reported today it was unable to find any new or conclusive evidence that might have motivated the sniper's murderous rampage.

The only new finding revealed by the study of Whitman was that the 25-year-old college student would have died within a year from a golf-ball-sized, malignant tumor in his brain. Whitman killed 16 persons last month before police shot him to death on the University of Texas observation tower.

The experts were unable to link the tumor directly to his actions and stated merely that he was "strongly impelled by emotional influences beyond his control."

"However, the highly malignant brain tumor conceivably could have contributed to his inability to control his emotions and actions," the report added.

The report also said it found no evidence that Whitman's act could have been triggered by the drugs he was known to have taken for stimulation.

The report described Whitman as an "intelligent, intense and driven young man" living under conditions of "increasing, personal stress from which he felt he could not escape, and which he could not master."

The panel said Whitman had chosen studies at school that he was poorly equipped to handle, was deeply concerned over the separation of his parents, showed particular hostility toward his father and had not consulted a physician within the last four months of his life, concerning severe headaches he suffered.

Among the recommendations made by the panel was a proposed "re-learning" program for combat-trained, military personnel that would "de-emphasize in their minds those hostile acts taught as laudatory in time of war." Whitman was a former Marine and an expert on guns.

The committee also recommended that "communications media" review their role and attitude in obtaining and disseminating news of violent acts, cooperating with educational agencies to determine the best means to serve public welfare. One member added that he thought there was too much violence shown on television programs.
AUSTIN, TEX.--A PANEL OF MEDICAL EXPERTS REPORTED TO GOV. JOHN CONNALLY TODAY THE PECAN-SIZED TUMOR IN MASS KILLER CHARLES WHITMAN'S BRAIN WAS "HIGHLY MALIGNANT" AND COULD HAVE CONTRIBUTED TO HIS MURDEROUS SPREE.

THE PANEL, WHICH HAS CONDUCTED AN EXHAUSTIVE STUDY OF WHITMAN'S BRAIN AND BACKGROUND SAID, HOWEVER, THAT THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE TUMOR AND THE SNIPER'S ACTIONS ON THE LAST DAY OF HIS LIFE "CANNOT BE ESTABLISHED WITH CLARITY."

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9/8--TM429PED
The panel recommended that financial aid be offered to persons whose careers have been interrupted or permanently altered as a result of this tragedy.

"It is recommended that specific responsibility for following the progress of the injured survivors and assisting them in meeting their needs be assigned to an existing group or element of the university of Texas or to a group commissioned for this purpose," the report said.

Among the panel's recommendations was one that military personnel to be retrained to deemphasize any learned inclination to kill.

"It is believed possible for military personnel who have been trained to kill to relearn in such a way as to deemphasize in their minds the hostile acts taught as obligatory in time of war," the report, prepared by 12 experts, said.

It is recommended that appropriate consideration be given programs for relearning among combat-trained military personnel prior to their return to civilian life, and that, if such programs are found to be effective, they be required by all military forces as a prerequisite for separation from the service."
AUSTIN, TEX. -- Gov. John Connally will announce tomorrow the findings of a blue-ribbon study group of pathologists and psychologists who have studied the brain of mass-murderer Charles Whitman.

Whitman, who killed 14 persons and wounded 28 others from a sniper's lair atop the University of Texas tower last Aug. 1, after first killing his wife and mother, Connally appointed the 10-man study group, headed by Dr. Lee Clark of M. D. Anderson Tumor Institute. Their findings will be announced by Connally at a news conference.

The committee began its work Aug. 3. Not only did they study Whitman's brain to find some possible clue to his actions, but thoroughly investigated his background. Doctors discovered that Whitman's brain contained a small tumor.
UPI-171 (SNIPER)

AUSTIN--A noted Texas psychiatrist has written Gov. John Connally claiming sniper Charles Joseph Whitman's Aug. 1 murder spree was caused by a two-centimeter brain tumor.

Whitman, a 25-year-old architectural student, fatally wounded 14 persons and wounded 32 others, shooting from the 29-story University of Texas tower with high-powered rifles. He previously killed his wife and mother and was subsequently killed himself.

Dr. Gary Miller, director of the Harlingen, Tex., state adult mental health clinic, said "the tragic events of Aug. 1 had their origin in a two-centimeter tumor located in a vital area of the brain of Charles Whitman."

The Harlingen psychiatrist, whose letter arrived in Austin today, did not take part in the autopsy of Whitman. He said his information, except for one telephone visit with pathologist Dr. Coleman de Chenar, came from the news media.

His views completely disagree with de Chenar's report that the brain tumor was too small and did not affect any vital organs, therefore could have nothing to do with Whitman's death spree.

De Chenar performed the autopsy on Whitman. Miller told Connally the tumor was located "precisely in the heart of a highly organized and complex system of nerve cells that integrates, coordinates and directs activity of all brain levels--including the centers for emotional expression, memory and thought."

8/10--MJ513 PED
ADD SNIPER, AUSTIN (UPI-171)

A LABORATORY REPORT FROM THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY (APS) TODAY FOUND NO ALCOHOL OR DRUGS IN WHITMAN'S BLOOD.

THE LONG-AWAITED BLOOD TEST REPORT, ISSUED BY JUSTICE OF THE PEACE JERRY DELLANA, PREPARED BY DPS LABORATORY CHIEF J. D. CHASTAIN.

CHASTAIN SAID TESTS WERE CONDUCTED TO SEE IF ANY ALCOHOL, BARBITUATES OR AMPHETAMINE WERE TO BE FOUND IN WHITMAN'S BLOOD.

CHASTAIN SAID IT WOULD HAVE TAKEN A LARGE DOSE OF AMPHETAMINE TO SHOW UP IN THE AMOUNT OF BLOOD HE HAD TO WORK WITH, BUT THAT IF WHITMAN HAD ANY IN HIS BLOOD, IT WOULD HAVE TO BE AN "INSIGNIFICANT AMOUNT."

DELLANA SAID THE LAB REPORT WOULD BE HANDED OVER TO THE TRAVIS COUNTY GRAND JURY THURSDAY AND THAT A COPY WOULD BE SENT TO THE M.D. ANDERSON HOSPITAL IN HOUSTON, WHERE IT WILL BECOME PART OF THE HUGE INVESTIGATION INTO WHITMAN'S BACKGROUND ORDERED BY GOV. JOHN CONNALLY.

DELLANA SAID TODAY'S REPORT WOULD BE HIS FINAL REPORT ON WHITMAN'S AUTOPSY.

8/10--MJ62PED
Some sort of sixth sense warned Robert Heard that the sniper would take a shot at him. In a hospital here, he recalled details of the biggest and most painful story he has yet covered for the Associated Press.

Propped up in bed he dictated his personal account for wire transmission of how he got a bullet through the shoulder as a member of the press corps covering Charles J. Whitman’s mass campus killing of 15 persons last Monday.

"I didn’t get it as bad as some of the others. The bullet went in here and there’s a big hole in my back where it came out," said the 36-year-old former Marine officer who escaped death from the sniper in the University of Texas Tower by inches.

"That guy must be an incredible shot. We got the tip in the office there was a sniper in the tower and I was told to rush out to the campus... when we got to the university campus, we went to the North side of the tower where we could hear a popping noise... then we came to a wide open space about 150 yards where there was no protection... two policemen ran across the open area safely, and I said to myself, ‘That gunman probably saw them and he will be waiting for me.’ So I paused about five seconds before I took off... I was almost across the open space when something hit me..."

The wounding of Heard was one of a chain of fantastic developments to be recorded as news of Whitman’s murderous rampage flashed into Austin news media offices.

The tragic story developed as the Austin American-Statesman was about to go to press at noon.

That first city police radio transmission (at 11:48 a.m.) was heard on monitors in the American-Statesman city room, and in the studios of TV and radio stations.

Almost instantly after the first transmission a police unit in the university area answered back to headquarters that a weapon was being fired from atop the tower, that at least five persons were down. The unit requested—and got—permission to return the sniper fire.

At that minute—11:58 a.m.—the American-Statesman dispatched three reporters and three photographers to the scene. 20 blocks to the north. The front page dummy for the afternoon Statesman had been completed in advance of the 12:15 p.m. copy desk deadline. An indefinite hold was ordered.

Newsmen arriving at the scene found working conditions realistically simulating battlefield combat as Whitman made a no-man’s land of deadly accurate high-powered rifle fire of an area two blocks in every direction from the tower.
For the next 50 minutes radio and TV broadcast from the safety of distant points ringing the campus. The newspaper kept the story running as police units called their shots on the radio. Sporadic reports came to the city room from reporters on the scene, hemmed in and pinned down by Whitman's fire.

Other reports came from the emergency room of Brackenridge Hospital where the first of Whitman's 46 campus victims were taken—many of them having been rescued by an armored car from the no-man's land still strafed by the sniper's fire.

The death toll mounted by the minute, the wounded could hardly be counted or accounted for. About 1:15 p.m. a party of four law officers and one armed civilian gained safe entry to the tower to begin a daring capture killing of Whitman. Ground floor at the tower continued. At 1:24 p.m. the officers on top of the tower confirmed what the entire city wanted to hear: the unknown sniper had been stopped. He lay dead.

Then at 1:24 p.m. the American-Statesman put a lead on the running story of the campus blood bath. Shortly after 1:30 p.m., Al Williams, calling from inside the tower, gave the newspaper the name: Charles J. Whitman.

At 2 p.m. the lead cleared the copy desk. By 2:45 p.m. the afternoon home edition, carrying "extra" ears, was on the streets with a banner proclaiming "Nine Dead, 33 Injured."

Press coverage became well organized. Police Chief Bob Miles held a 2:15 p.m. press conference to confirm Whitman's identification and events up to that time. At 4 p.m. Miles held a press conference to reveal that Whitman's wife and mother had been found dead.

At 4:15 p.m. University Chancellor Harry Ransom held a press conference in the journalism building to discuss Whitman's academic record and distribute a picture of the man. By this time a press center had been set up in the journalism building and more than 60 local and state newsman had been accredited.

By the time the police chief held a 7 p.m. conference members of the nation's press corps had started arriving in Austin. Miles' Tuesday conference at 11 a.m. was packed. The university had accredited 124 newsman, including 36 from outside the state and two foreign correspondents (Epoca, Milan, Italy, and Stern, Germany).

The entire editorial staff of the American-Statesman stayed on the story Monday from the time it broke until just short of the midnight deadline. A shocked city had come to a standstill—it took only perfunctory coverage to cover the rest of Austin's news, if any other happening could even be deemed news on that day.
CHARLES A. Whitman Jr., father of the University of Texas sniper who fatally shot 16, met the Austin policeman who killed his son and embraced him. "I have no animosity," he said. "In fact I have respect for you for doing your job." Mr. Whitman asked to see his son's arsenal of guns. Fingering the 6.1 mm. rifle his son used, Mr. Whitman said: "This is some gun."
A Brooklyn mail order firm has agreed to stop advertising for sale in the state a 6-inch-long "air pistol" that fires 20 slugs in rapid succession, State Attorney General Louis J. Lefkowitz said yesterday.

The agreement came after an investigation by Special Investigator Ralph Resto of Oscar and Jorge Salas, who do business as the Chester Co., of 351 Rogers Ave., Brooklyn. Resto said an ad in a Spanish-language publication contained a drawing of the "pistol for adults" and promised same-day shipment.

Lefkowitz said the Salas brothers agreed to stop advertising the sale of weapons "which may lead to injury of persons or property in violation of any New York State or New York City law."
17th Sniper Victim Dies
Another Still 'Critical'

AUSTIN, Tex. (AP) — Charles Whitman's reign of terror claimed its 17th victim today one week after the sniper raked the University of Texas campus with a barrage of gunfire from the tower of the main building.

Krista Griffith, 17, of Austin died early today at Brackenridge Hospital, a spokesman said. She had been in critical condition since a bullet from Whitman's rifle struck her in the chest last Monday.

Another person, Mrs. Mary Gabour, 41, of Texarkana, is in critical condition at Brackenridge with head wounds.

Authorities expected a report today which may show whether Whitman had taken a drug before the slayings.

Officers found dextroamphetamine, known as goof balls, with Whitman's body after he was slain by Austin policemen.

An earlier autopsy report did not mention any drugs but the report expected today will include tests of blood samples.

It was one week ago today that Whitman killed his mother, Mrs. C. A. Whitman, and his wife, Kathleen, 23, and then barricaded himself on an observation deck above the 27th floor of the university's main building.

Armed with an arsenal of guns and pistols, he fired for 90 minutes at anyone within range, killing 13 persons and wounding 31.

Besides Mrs. Gabour, 13 other persons remain in Austin hospitals with less serious wounds.
By HOLLIE I. WEST
Associated Press Writer

NEW YORK—Most states have no laws against the purchase of rifles or shotguns despite growing pressure for stiffer regulations, an Associated Press survey shows.

Of 40 states checked, only two—New Jersey and Rhode Island—require a prospective purchaser to obtain a rifle permit. New Jersey requires a person to apply to local police for a $2 lifetime identification card. The police then investigate the applicant’s background and fingerprint him before issuing the card.

Maine and West Virginia laws stipulate that gun dealers report to police any person buying a rifle or shotgun.

Virginia, alone of the states reporting, has no gun-control law. Connecticut state police say that the sale and purchase of rifles in their state is “pretty much unregulated.” And in Texas, where Charles J. Whitman shot and killed 15 persons from a 27-story tower with high-powered rifles, there is no law against carrying rifles, carbines and shotguns.

Of the states canvassed, 20 require permits for pistols. New York, which has one of the strictest state laws, requires that a prospective purchaser of a pistol be a resident of or principally employed in the state.

After investigations by the local police and in state mental hygiene files, the person must be photographed and fingerprinted. The fingerprints are checked with the FBI and the State Department of Correction.

If all this is approved, the person must obtain a permit from a judge of any court of record who can turn down an application without appeal.

About 15 states have laws forbidding the carrying of concealable weapons, or hand guns. Ohio makes an exception of persons “engaged in lawful business and circumstances justifying carrying a weapon in defense of person,” such as a businessman carrying a pistol while taking cash to a bank late at night.

The states are virtually unanimous in forbidding the sale of firearms to felons. But in California any felon who has served time for crimes such as assault with a deadly weapon, manslaughter or murder can obtain a weapon with no restrictions as long as it is not concealable.

Some states permit gun collectors...
Ohioans, mostly collectors, own machine guns. The weapons are registered with federal authorities.

To purchase a machine gun in California, a person need only obtain the approval of the chief of the State Bureau of Criminal Identification and Investigation.

Some western states still have laws that carry over from pioneer days when ‘youngsters were expected to bear arms to protect the family. Montana, Oregon and Utah require that a person be only 14 to obtain a gun permit.

A spokesman for the gun industry estimated that there are enough guns in the United States to arm half the population, or more than 100 million firearms.

But Charles Dickey, director of the National Shooting Sports Foundation, Inc., is hopeful that pending legislation in Congress, if passed, will help guard against dangerous persons with guns.

"Generally speaking, we are certainly for legislation if it will help clean up the crime situation," he said. "And we think it can be designed to do just that. There are at least a dozen bills down there that would go a long way toward clearing up the loopholes."
Guns and ammunition used by sniper on University of Texas tower.
Our Fetish of the Gun

By Henry Fairlie

Fairlie is a British journalist now writing from Washington.

ONE OF THE GUNS in Whitman's arsenal was a .12-gauge shotgun bought on credit at Sears, Roebuck & Co. after 9:30 a.m. today, police said.

That one sentence in The Washington Post Tuesday tells where the madness of a society lies. Not that Charles Joseph Whitman needed to make this last-minute purchase, if the first stories are true, he had worked all night assembling his arsenal in his home. He already had hand a 6-mm Remington magnum rifle with a telescopic sight, a .35-caliber Remington pump rifle, a .30-caliber reconditioned Army carbine, a 9-mm Luger pistol and a .357 magnum pistol.

This—not the disturbed mind of one wretched individual—is what is shocking, and the world will look with fear at a country, with the peace of the world in its hands, which makes a private arsenal so accessible to its citizens.

There is no feature of American society that does more damage to its reputation abroad than the ease with which men and women and children can purchase—then carry—then use—firearms, whether rifles or shotguns, pistols or revolvers, or even cannons.

"It is past time that we wipe this stain of violence from our land," Sen. Robert F. Kennedy said last year, testifying before a Senate subcommittee. The stain is larger now, and those who count themselves friends of America can only gasp with dismay at an Administration and a Congress which, year by year, shirk their simplest duty.

World of Grim Fantasy

INCREDULOUS of the facts as he uncovers them, incredulous of what he sees with his own eyes, the outsider goes on searching for an explanation. Help has come to him—at this morbidly appropriate moment—with the publication of "The Right to Bear Arms" by Carl Bakal (McGraw-Hill; $6.95). His book records, with cold but moving contempt, the current gun lore in America and the way in which it is fed and nourished by the manufacturers, the dealers and the crusaders.

Rest of World Asks, Is U.S. Brave Enough To Take Legislative Aim at Uncurbed Purchase of Firearms?

One feels, as one reads the book, in a world of the grimmest fantasy. Rifles and shotguns, revolvers and pistols, of course, can be bought in most states almost without restriction, or by mail order. But cannons can be bought, too, and muzzle-loaders, which leave those who fire them "black with powder and a little deaf," fantasy it may all be, but 17,000 persons die each year in America by firearms.

"Half: You'll speak with authority," "Submachine Gun for Father's Day," the advertisements speak all too clearly. "That deceptively cute little gun known as the perring," says one catalogue, was powerful enough to polish off "two of our country's Presidents, Abraham Lincoln and William McKinley," and one salesman suggested to a woman customer a .22 automatic which "could run a hemstitch right up anybody's gut," or a .25-caliber revolver for "slower but more accurate needlework."

Fetishism and atavism: by quotation after quotation, each so monstrous that it is hard to believe them, Bakal shows how these are the principal motives why the gun still occupies such an obscene scene in American society.

Levele Not Equalizer

THE FOLKLORE of the Revolution—what took the Minutemen from Lexington and Concord to Yorktown—and the experience of the frontier: the craving to prove virility—"the privileges and rights of manhood"—and the belief that the gun is an equalizer (it would be more to the point to call it a leveling—"the final one). In no other country, she world are such lunatic reasons put forward for justifying the personal possession of firearms.

In no other country—it is this that an outsider, educated to love America and learning now how to love it, wants to drum home—in no other country is the gun taken to be a symbol of freedom and an insigne of virility.

But, of course, the question—the practical, immediate, urgent question—is a political one. Again and again, it has been shown in public opinion polls that the great majority of the American people would support legislation restricting the sale of firearms—but, again and again, as Bakal shows in a story which he tells with relentless impact, the gun lobby, "one of the Nation's most powerful yet least-known lobbies," gets its way in Congress.

Out of his story, three points stand out; and if I seem innocently shocked by things which are taken for granted in this country, all I can answer is that none act of real political leadership could break the thrall of the gun in American life.

Related With Conservation

FIRST, I AM shocked at the ramifications of the gun lobby, especially its close connection with, of all bodies, the National Wildlife Federation and the Wildlife Management Institute. Both of these bodies are creations of the arms industry, and the connection between them and the Na-

The Washington Post and
The Washington Daily News
The Washington Evening Star
New York Daily News
New York Herald Tribune
New York Post
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The National Observer
People's World

Date 6/19/1966

Tolson DeLoach Mohr Wick Casper Callahan Conrad Felt Gale Rosen Sullivan Tavel Trotter Tele. Room Holmes Gandy
national Rifle Association is fully explored by Bakal. That the arms industry is allowed to protect itself behind the cover of conservation bodies is surely a proper matter for legislation.

Secondly, Bakal makes a deadly point when he reveals that the gunmen of the country are supported by the Federal Government at the cost of the taxpayer. “This partnership between the Government and the NRA,” writes Bakal, “stems from a Defense Department program run by the Army’s National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, which the NRA was instrumental in setting up back in 1903, admittedly to secure Government aid.”

The Government—the taxpayer—supplies ammunition, guns and other equipment, free to marksmen; and, as The Washington Post once asked, why not then, to “hiking clubs (very good for the infantry), to polo teams (very good for the cavalry),” etc.

Thirdly, as one reads Bakal’s account of how the recent attempts at legislation have been defeated by the gun lobby, one can only wonder at how craven the legislators—the solons, are they not called?—of a free country can be. There is no evidence, as far as I can see, of open corruption. There is evidence only that the Senators and the Representatives falter before the pressure of a “highly vocal and often downright vitriolic” lobby.

Default on Tragic Scale
AGAIN AND AGAIN, as Bakal tells the story, one sees the members of a congressional committee (especially since President Kennedy’s assassination) steeling themselves to the most humane task they could accomplish—and then surrendering.

Last year, Rep. Wilburn Mills told me that, in 1966, legislation to restrict the sale and purchase of guns would possibly be one of the measures to advance the Great Society. No bill has emerged.

This is default on a tragic—a mean—scale. There is an element of violence in American society which the outsider has to learn to comprehend. History and character cannot be reversed and changed overnight. But this is no excuse for allowing violence such an easy access to the weapons which it not only needs, but which actually encourage it, tempt it, incite it. However much I may love and admire America, its gun laws come near to ruling it out of civilized society.

I will offer only one vision, and ask Americans to try to contemplate it. In a situation such as that at Austin, the British police would have made every effort to take Whitman without themselves being armed. Only when such an effort had failed, and perhaps not even then, would they have been allowed to use firearms against him. Six shots into a criminal are no answer to anything. Ramon Martinez was a brave policeman. A society needs to be braver and disarm itself.
This is the Whitman arsenal found in the tower of the University of Texas after he was killed.
Shooting People: American Disease

By Karl E. Meyer

LONDON—Not all the gold in Moscow and Peking could have purchased more wrenched publicity for the United States than Charles Whittman's salvo of bullets in Austin. In Britain, at least, the effect was to confirm popular suspicion that mayhem is part of the American way of death.

All London newspapers carried extensive reports on the day of carnage on the campus, and most mass-circulation papers carried shocked appraisals of America's laws—or rather, lack of laws—concerning the purchase of arms.

"More Americans are shot in peace than in war," ran a headline in the Daily Express. "Mail-order murder," blazoned a streamer in the Evening News. Cassandra, the influential columnist in the Daily Mirror, began his piece: "On Monday, an American citizen, exercising his much vaunted right to bear arms, shot and killed 13 people and wounded 32 others in Austin, state capital of Texas."

A perversely peaceful people, the British simply cannot understand why the Constitution of the United States is invoked to guarantee that every lunatic, would-be assassin and lawbreaker should be able to buy a gun from his friendly neighborhood firearm dealer.

AN ARTICLE about guns in the Economist began on Friday by noting that in July more homicides were recorded in Chicago than in any previous month—75 in all. This can be compared with a total of 36 murders for the entire year of 1865 in London, which has twice as many inhabitants as Chicago.

Figures like this are read with perplexity by Britons, and the total effect is to suggest that America is a country deeply stained by violence. The Austin shootings were seen in the disquieting context of killings past—President Kennedy's assassination, recent violence in Negro slums, the murder of eight nurses in Chicago charged to a suspect who has "born to raise hell" tattooed on his arm.

The New York correspondent of the Daily Express, Henry Lowrie, struck the common mood:

"I have lived here for 20 years and found friendship and neighborliness the like of which would be hard to discover in Britain or any European country. And yet the unease of living in a society where barely concealed violence is always beneath the surface has never left me."

Writing from Washington, Henry Fairlie commented in the Evening News: "In no other country in the world is the gun so widely regarded as a symbol of freedom, and an insignia of
Gov. Tim Babcock said he hopes the shootings on the University of Texas campus will not stampede the U.S. Senate into passing the Dodd bill to control sale of firearms.

"It would be about the same as restricting the sale of automobiles because of our increasing traffic accident rate," he said in a prepared statement. "It makes no more sense to blame the gun than to blame the car."

The governor, a Republican, is campaigning for the Senate seat now held by Sen. Lee Metcalf, D-Mont. The firearms control law is sponsored by Sen. Thomas Dodd, D-Conn.

It is naive to think that the law-breaker will comply.

Babcock said he would prefer other legislative proposals to stiffen penalties where firearms are used to commit a crime.
Letters to the Editor

Tragedy in Austin

How many more “senseless” massacres must we tolerate before we take the guns out of the hands of the sick and demented—and all the rest of us who, through the tensions of life and the frailties of the flesh may someday be lead to perpetrate a senseless act?

Ironic, isn’t it, that the same society which permits idiots and juveniles to buy rifles and pistols won’t let a druggist sell you an effective sleeping pill except on a doctor’s prescription?

The firearms industry—evidently as callous about the lethal effects of its products as the motor industry has shown itself to be—is riding for a fall.

But how many innocent college students, professors, mothers and sons still are fated to fall victims of trigger happy misfits before society stops this senseless traffic in weapons?

GEORGE BRAGAW.

Washington.

The tragedy at the University of Texas again calls attention to the ease with which anyone can buy deadly weapons and accumulate an arsenal. Congress should override the opposition of the National Rifle Association and other such organizations and pass some kind of weapons control law.

GEORGE K. SCHUELLER.

Silver Spring.

The other day I was told I could not purchase a blank starting pistol (which because the barrel is solid cannot be used to shoot a projectile) for use in training, retrieving dogs without a 7-day waiting period. I guess this is reasonable. For it follows that if one is obsessed with an idea no amount of argument, logic, or the U.S. Constitution to the contrary, will change the view of a positive individual, or in the case: The Washington Post

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GUNS 8/6 NX
ADV FOR AM'S MON AUG 8

NEW YORK (UPI)--PUBLIC APATHY HAS BEEN A STRONG CONTRIBUTING FACTOR TO THE FAILURE OF CONGRESS TO PASS A GUN CONTROL LAW, A NEW YORK AUTHOR SAYS.

CARL BAKAL, ALSO A PUBLIC RELATIONS MAN, IS THE AUTHOR OF "THE RIGHT TO BEAR ARMS," A BOOK WHICH CALLS FOR NATIONAL LEGISLATION REQUIRING THE REGISTRATION OF ALL FIREARMS.

HE BELIEVES THAT THE NATIONAL RIFLE ASSOCIATION HAS PLAYED A LEADING ROLE IN THE FAILURE OF CONGRESS TO ACT. THE NRA STAUNCHLY OPPOSES NATIONAL CONTROLS AND HAS BEEN ACTIVE IN WASHINGTON IN CAMPAIGNING AGAINST SUCH PROPOSED LEGISLATION.

BAKAL SAID HE FINDS IT INCONCEIVABLE THAT CONGRESS HAS NOT PASSED A GUN LAW, DESPITE THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEY AND THE DAILY KILLINGS OF LESS PROMINENT AMERICANS WHICH GIVE THIS COUNTRY THE HIGHEST FIREARMS DEATH RATE IN THE WORLD.

"THE PRESIDENT FAVORS FIREARMS CONTROL," HE SAID.


"BUT WHERE DO WE STAND IN CONGRESS? THE BILL THAT IS NEAREST TO GETTING SOMEWHERE (SEN. THOMAS J. DODD'S MAIL ORDER GUN BILL) WAS REPORTED OUT BY THE SENATE'S JUVENILE DELINQUENCY SUBCOMMITTEE IN MARCH AND SINCE THEN IT HAS LANGUISHED IN THE PARENT JUDICIARY COMMITTEE.

"EVEN THAT IS THE CLOSEST WE HAVE COME IN 28 YEARS, SINCE CONGRESS PASSED THE FEDERAL FIREARMS ACT (WHICH REQUIRES THE REGISTRATION OF FIREARMS MANUFACTURERS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS)."

BAKAL BELIEVES CONGRESSIONAL FAILURE TO ACT IS LARGELY DUE TO THE INFLUENCE OF THE NRA, WHICH IS DESCRIBED IN HIS BOOK AS "ONE OF THE NATION'S MOST POWERFUL YET LEAST-KNOWN LOBBIES."

HE ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT PUBLIC APATHY IS A STRONG CONTRIBUTING FACTOR.

"NOBODY SEEMS TO CARE VERY MUCH," HE SAID. "WE HAVE ORGANIZATIONS THAT CONCERN THEMSELVES WITH HIGHWAY SAFETY, BUT NOBODY SEEMS TO WORRY ABOUT GUNS EVEN THOUGH THEY HAVE TAKEN 750,000 AMERICAN LIVES SINCE THE TURN OF THE CENTURY--NEARLY HALF AGAIN THE FATAL CASUALTIES OF ALL OUR WARS, FROM THE REVOLUTION RIGHT DOWN TO VIETNAM.

"THE NRA CLAIMS IT CAN GENERATE HALF A MILLION LETTERS IN 72 HOURS. NOW IF WE COULD GENERATE A MILLION LETTERS, SAY--AND THAT ISN'T A VERY BIG PERCENTAGE OF THE POPULATION--I THINK WE COULD MAKE CONGRESS SIT UP AND TAKE NOTICE," BAKAL SAID.

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE
Sniper and Mother Buried in Florida

LAKE WORTH, Fla., Aug. 5 (AP) - Mass murderer Charles J. Whitman and his mother were buried today in Florida. We trust too that our Nation, with its tradition for fairness and justice, will not judge his actions too harshly.

In Austin, parts of two notes the former Marine wrote just before and after he killed his wife and mother were seen by the Associated Press today.

"I am prepared to die," said one. "After my death, I wish an autopsy on me to be performed to see if there's any mental disorder." Various passages of the two notes were not released by authorities. These portions are said to contain abusive statements about persons still living, including his father.

"I've decided to kill Kathy. I love her very much," read a typewritten note found beside the body of his wife.

The two-page note began, "I don't quite understand what is compelling me to type this note. "I've been to a psychiatrist. I've been having fears and violent impulses. I've had some tremendous headaches in the past."

The other note was found at his mother's plush apartment. Neatly hand-printed it began: "To whom it may concern— "I have just killed my mother. If there's a heaven she is going there. If there's not a heaven, she is out of her misery."

She added "I love my mother all my heart."

Date ___

The Washington Post and ___

Times Herald

The Washington Daily News

The Washington Evening Star

New York Daily News

New York Herald Tribune

New York Post

The New York Times

New York World Journal

New York World Journal

Journal Tribune

The Baltimore Sun

The Worker

The New Leader

The Wall Street Journal

The National Observer

People's World

Date ___
FUNERAL SCENE—Charles A. Whitman, center, father of the sniper, cries after the requiem Mass for his wife and son. His youngest son, John, is at right.
UPI-92 (SNIPER)

AUSTIN--THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS CAMPUS NEWSPAPER CALLED TODAY FOR THE CLOSING OF THE TOWER OBSERVATION DECK "FOR BOTH SAFETY AND PSYCHOLOGICAL CONSIDERATIONS."

IN AN EDITORIAL, THE NEWSPAPER, THE SUMMER TEXAS, SAID THE MASS SLAYINGS BY CHARLES SHITMAN FROM THE TOWER DECK MONDAY LEFT AN IMAGE OF TRAGEDY IN BURNING MINDS.

"THE UNIVERSITY TOWER, FOR MANY, HAS STOOD AS A SYMBOL OF LEARNING. THE TOWER NOW CONJURES UP NEW IMAGES OF DEATH AND HORROR," THE EDITORIAL SAID.

"REGRETTABLELY, THE TOWER TRAGEDY WAS NOT THE FIRST TIME THAT VIOLENT DEATH HAS OCCURRED FROM THE TOWER; THERE HAVE BEEN SEVERAL SUICIDES.

"THE OBSERVATION DECK HAS CONSTITUTED A SAFETY HAZARD AND STILL DOES," THE NEWSPAPER SAID. 8/5--SM/GE128F

WASHINGON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

67 DEC 12 1966
Pathologist Discounts Any Effect Of Brain Tumor on Sniper's Act

AUSTIN, Tex., Aug. 4 (AP) - A pathologist disclosed today that Charles J. Whitman was in virtually perfect health when he killed his wife and mother, then massacred 13 strangers before he himself was slain Monday.

Dr. Coleman De Chenar said a pecan-size, non-malignant tumor found in Whitman's brain "certainly was not" the cause of headaches of which Whitman complained. He said the tumor "could not have had any influence on the psychic behavior.

Appearing with the physician at a news conference, Justice of the Peace Jerry Dellana did not say whether the 25-year-old, architectural engineering student was under the influence of drugs when he went on his rampage.

Dellana said pills, possibly dexedrine or "goof balls," were found in Whitman's clothing after he was shot to death by police on the observation deck above the 21st floor of the University of Texas tower. He said the Texas Department of Public Safety was studying blood samples taken from the body.

Asked the first symptom Whitman might have recognized from the tumor, De Chenar said it would probably have destroyed motor pathways and caused paralysis in the arms and legs. "The tumor was not in that part of the brain that causes explosive reactions," he said.

Dellana had said Tuesday that the pathologist theorized that the tumor may have "caused intense pain - headaches - that could have indirectly caused or contributed to his actions."

De Chenar said he is preparing Whitman's brain to be taken to the M. D. Anderson Hospital and Tumor Institute in Houston for a conference on the brain's role in behavioral problems. The conference is being organized by Gov. John Connally.

"We are going to try to determine how and why a person might act like that," De Chenar said.

Whitman and his mother, Mrs. C. A. Whitman, are to be buried Friday in Lake Worth, Fla.
TEARFUL MOMENT — Ray Leissner, younger brother of Mrs. Charles J. Whitman, wife and first victim of the University of Texas sniper, breaks down during his sister's funeral Tuesday at Needville, Tex. Whitman killed 15 persons.
Autopsy Report Due to Show If Sniper Used 'Goof Balls'

AUSTIN, Tex. (AP)—An autopsy report today is expected to show whether Charles J. Whitman was under the influence of drugs when he killed 16 persons and wounded 31 others before police bullets cut him down.

Justice of the Peace Jerry Dellana said he had instructed pathologists making the autopsy to search for dexedrine in Whitman's blood. Dellana said such pills—goof balls—were found in Whitman's clothing after he was shot by Austin police Monday on the 28th-floor observation tower of the University of Texas main building.

From his lofty sniper's spot, Whitman, 25, killed 16 persons with rifle fire. Earlier he had shot and stabbed his mother to death and fatally knifed his young wife, Kathy, as she slept in bed, police said.

Dellana said Whitman's appearance after the shooting made imperative the autopsy search for possible drug-influenced behavior.

Governor Studies Case

Meanwhile, Gov. John B. Connally, hunting for a deterrent to "heinous crimes," moved forward in his quest for laws that might prevent such slaughter as Whitman perpetrated here.

"I am very disturbed about the whole question of heinous crimes being committed and—through a plea of insanity—puniishment being escaped," Gov. Connally told a news conference yesterday. "We've reached a point in this country where we tend to coddle criminals."

The governor said he was considering seriously a recommendation to the Texas Legislature that "whenever a serious crime where loss of life like this one occurs, and the person is found insane, that the perpetrator be incarcerated for life—and never paroled or released."

He added that he felt his remarks were not particularly applicable to Whitman and his crime.

May Consider New Law

Connally also indicated he would consider a new firearms law for Texas and possibly a law requiring psychiatrists to notify police of patients who express homicidal urges or show possible murderous tendencies. Whitman had expressed such an urge to a university psychiatrist.

But of the firearms law, he said he didn't want to give the public false hope that by passing a firearms law we would prevent this sort of thing. He said Whitman would have been fully qualified to own a gun under a registration law.

Of a law requiring a psychiatrist to make a report of persons with homicidal complexes, he said such a measure might "stop anyone from going to a psychiatrist."

The governor said the Texas Department of Public Safety, headed by veteran Col. Homer Garrison, would act as a central collection agency on all information on Whitman.

Whitman's guns, he said, would be released to the dead man's estate. Connally agreed with Austin police that, because of their defamatory nature, the three notes Whitman left would not be made fully public. He said the notes contained "abusive statements."

Friends, police and acquaintances continued to check into Whitman's actions before Monday's massacre on the usually quiet and peaceful university campus.

Austin police said the killer may have taken a brother and his friend, both from Lake Worth, Fla., to the university tower on a sight-seeing tour. The tower yesterday was closed indefinitely by the University.

Name In Tower Register

Lt. Burt Gerdinger of the Austin police said Whitman apparently visited the tower with the two other youths on July 22. The tower register, he said, carried these signatures:

"John Whitman, L. W., Fla.
Jim Poland, L. W., Fla.
Chas. J. Whitman Austin.
Whitman's body, along with the body of his mother, was flown last night to Lake Worth, Fla., their home town, where Roman Catholic funeral services will be held tomorrow. Yesterday, his wife, 23; was buried near Rosenberg in the Houston vicinity—during a steady rain after funeral services in a small white frame church at Needville, her home town.

Funerals of other victims were being held, too, as the wounded in Austin hospitals expressed sorrow, rather than hatred, for the slain, apparently well-groomed killer and his family.
AUSTIN, Tex., Aug. 4 (UPI) — Charles J. Whitman, the seed of mass murder possibly already planted in his mind, visited what was to be his sniper's lair 19 days before he died, from the University of Texas tower, the tallest building in Austin.

A signature found yesterday in the registration book of the First National Bank in Dallas indicated Whitman also visited the 50-story building's observation tower last Thursday—only four days before he killed 15 persons.

Guest records at the 27-story Texas University tower revealed yesterday that Whitman visited the tower July 22. Whitman's name appears on the registry for that date along with the names "John Whitman and Jim Bland.

BODY TO FLORIDA

At Lake Worth, Fla., to which Whitman's body was flown yesterday for burial, the killer's father confirmed that a younger son, John, 16, had recently gone to Texas with a friend, and that Charles had taken them on a tour of Austin and also to the LBJ Ranch.

The father attached no significance to the tower visit.

"You wouldn't go to New York without going to see the "Statue of Liberty,"" the plumbing contractor said. "They covered the whole university.

"When John left his brother there was no idea of this (the shootings) in his mind," the father said. "There was nothing said about anything like this."

BLAMES PSYCHIATRIST

The father strongly blamed a University of Texas psychiatrist who had examined his son for not stopping him from committing the nation's worst mass murder.

"I blame the psychiatrist that he went to more than anyone else in the world," the elder Whitman said. "More than anyone, even myself."

Texas Gov. John Connally backed up the psychiatrist yesterday, saying, "I think Dr. Healy was absolutely correct in the actions he took."

An autopsy on the former Eagle Scout and honor student revealed a tumor in his brain.

The elder Whitman, 47, in an interview in the sun-filled study of his home, speculated on how his son developed the malignancy.

JEPP ACCIDENT

"He had an accident in Guantanamo when he was a Marine," the father said. "He drove a jeep off a cliff. He had a gash in his leg and he was hit in the head.

"We feel that this was one of the causes that may have started the tumor," he said.

Young Whitman and his mother will be buried side by side tomorrow following a funeral mass at the Sacred Heart Catholic Church where he once served as an altar boy.

The Rev. Eugene Quinlan, the family priest, said the church has absolved Whitman from sin because he was "a mental case."

In Austin, Gov. Connally said he did not think a national gun registration law currently being considered by Congress would help prevent such "heinous crimes."
Gun Laws Can't Stop Killing, Connally Says

From News Dispatches

AUSTIN, Tex.—Gov. John Connally doubted the value of national gun registration legislation but said today that he may propose that mass murderers who are found insane be locked up for life without chance for parole.

Connally, who cut short a Latin American tour, met with top local and state law enforcement officials to discuss the case of Charles J. Whitman, 25, who killed his wife and mother, then shot 13 others from the University of Texas tower Monday.

"I am seriously considering recommending to the legislation that any time there is this type of crime which results in the loss of lives such as this and the person is found to be insane, that he be incarcerated for life and never be eligible for parole or released," Connally said.

"The complexity of the human mind is such that although a man is temporarily insane and regains a certain amount of stability, there is no guarantee the same thing won't happen again . . . he ought not to be living among people again—he ought to be removed from human society."

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Wick
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

The Washington Post and
Times Herald
The Washington Daily News
The Washington Evening Star
New York Daily News
New York Herald Tribune
New York Post
The New York Times
New York World Journal
New York World
Journal Tribune
The Baltimore Sun
The Worker
The New Leader
The Wall Street Journal
The National Observer
People's World

Date 8-4-66
CODDING DEPLIORED

However, Connally emphasized that he was not referring specifically to Whitman, who had no previous record of crime or insanity.

"This man is dead, and my feelings have nothing to do with this particular instance, but we've reached the point where we tend to coddle our criminals," Connally said. "It's getting to the point where a policeman no longer can feel free to pursue his duties without fear of attack.

"We need substantial tightening of our laws dealing with criminals, as far as they concern treatment of crimes in this country."

Connally said he was in favor of constitutional rights for accused persons "but these 15 people who also died had some constitutional rights, too. They had the right not to be killed by some maniac."

BILL NO BAR

Asked if he thought the gun registration bill would have prevented Whitman's rampage, Connally replied:

"No, I do not."

He said he was not opposed to the law being argued in Washington but "I do not want to be a party to anything that might tend to encourage people who believe that law would prevent this type of thing."

The Governor backed up Dr. M. D. Healy, a psychiatrist at the University of Texas, who interviewed Whitman in March but did not report to authorities Whitman's statement that he sometimes felt like "going up on the tower with a deer rifle and start shooting people."

"I think Dr. Healy was absolutely correct in the actions he took," Connally said.

PRIVACY FOR PATIENTS

As far as gun registration is concerned, Connally said, people can be killed by other means. He noted the eight nurses killed earlier this year in Chicago were stabbed and strangled, and Whitman's young wife was stabbed.

Connally, who himself was wounded by Lee Harvey Oswald during the assassination of President Kennedy in 1963, said some of the three notes which Whitman left behind and whose full contents police have refused to release, were "defamatory in nature" and thus raised legal questions.

Some of the statements were very "abusive" toward some people still living.

Meanwhile, it was disclosed that Whitman apparently visited the top of the tallest building in Dallas only last Thursday. An official of the First National Bank of Dallas said a signature was found on visitors' register for last Thursday at the top of the 50-story building. The notation was: "Chas. Whitman, Texas University campus, Austin."

PILLS IN POCKET

And in Austin police Maj. K. R. Herbert said the university tower registry for July 22 showed the names, "John Whitman, Charles Whitman and Jim Bland."

In Lake Worth, Fla., where Whitman's family lives, his brother Patrick, 21, said another brother, John, 18, and a friend named Jim Poland had visited Whitman late in July in Austin.

Justice of the Peace Jerry Delliana said some pills were found in Whitman's clothing and on the basis of his appearance doctors were looking for dextersine—commonly known as goofballs—in his blood. Delliana said yesterday an autopsy revealed a pecan-sized brain tumor capable of producing enough pain to drive Whitman to homicidal madness.

Delliana also said it appeared Whitman's mother apparently knew something was wrong when he confronted her in her apartment Sunday night or Monday morning, and tried to keep him out.

MOTHER'S FINGERS CRUSHED

Delliana said the fingers of Mrs. Whitman's left hand were crushed as though Whitman slammed the door on them with such force that a diamond ring was flattened on the finger and the stone was popped out.

The bodies of Whitman and his mother, Mrs. C. A. Whitman, were flown to Florida today. A joint funeral mass for mother and son was scheduled for 9 a.m. Friday in the Sacred Heart Catholic church at Lake Worth, where Whitman's father lives.

The Roman Catholic Church absolved Whitman from sin because he was "a mental case," the family said.
UPI-127

(SNIPER)

AUSTIN -- Gov. John Connally today called a national conference of experts to try to determine what caused University of Texas Tower sniper Charles Whitman to kill 13 people.

A pathologist said a brain tumor found in Whitman's brain was not the cause.

Dr. Coleman De Chene, who performed the autopsy on the body of the 25-year-old Whitman, said the brain would be taken to the M.D. Anderson Institute and Tumor Center at Houston.

He said Connally had called specialists in medicine and psychiatry from all over the country to study the case and "try to determine how and why a person might act like that." No specific date was set.

7/4--PH-3020

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE
AUSTIN -- GOV. JOHN CONNALLY TODAY CALLED A NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF EXPERTS TO TRY TO DETERMINE WHAT CAUSED UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS TOWER SNIPER CHARLES J. WHITMAN TO KILL 15 PEOPLE.

A PATHOLOGIST SAID A PECAN-SIZED TUMOR FOUND IN WHITMAN'S BRAIN WAS NOT THE CAUSE.

DR. COLEMAN DE CHENAR, WHO PERFORMED THE AUTOPSY ON THE BODY OF THE 25-YEAR-OLD WHITMAN, SAID THE BRAIN WOULD BE TAKEN TO THE M.D. ANDERSON INSTITUTE AND TUMOR CENTER AT HOUSTON.

HE SAID CONNALLY HAD CALLED SPECIALISTS IN MEDICINE AND PSYCHIATRY FROM ALL OVER THE COUNTRY TO STUDY THE CASE AND "TRY TO DETERMINE HOW AND WHY A PERSON MIGHT ACT LIKE THAT." NO SPECIFIC DATE WAS SET.

8/4--RH3 02 PED
Whitman Autopsy Reveals Brain Tumor

Killer Hinted to Doctor of Tower-Sniping Idea

AUSTIN, Tex., Aug. 3 (UPI) — Charles J. Whitman suffered severe headaches and told a psychiatrist four months ago he sometimes felt like climbing to the top of the University of Texas tower and shooting people.

Doctors found the cause of the headaches yesterday in an autopsy on Whitman's body — a 2-cent-sized tumor in his brain. But they disagreed on whether this drove him to translate his casual expression of exasperation into Monday's maddened sniper spree that left 13 persons dead and 31 injured and ended with Whitman's death in a hail of police bullets.

Dr. Maurice Dean Headly, a psychiatrist at the University of Texas Student Health Center, said he talked to Whitman for two hours last March 29.

THINKING ABOUT IT

He said the ex-Marine, 25, told him he was "thinking about going up on the tower with a deer rifle and start shooting at people."
Dr. Healy said he did not report the statement to authorities because such allusions to violence were common among students and because Whitman looked like anything but a psychopath.

"I recall very vividly something about him suggesting the All-American boy," the psychiatrist said.

But he said Whitman was "hostile," obviously was upset because his mother and father had separated a month ago. He said Whitman accused his father of being brutal and domineering and also confessed having beaten his own wife twice.

Dr. Healy said Whitman had told him his father was a contractor who had "achieved considerable wealth." He said he had "lived for the day when he could consider himself capable of excelling his father in high society in general."

asked if he did not consider Whitman a potential menace to the community after his statements, Dr. Healy replied: "I think it's possible anyone in this room could be a threat to the community in the next 24 hours as far as possibilities are concerned."

The autopsy revealed a tumor in a part of the brain which causes pain.

The pathologist, Dr. C. Dechenar, said the pain of the tumor could have had a contributory effect on the outbreak of violence Monday.

Other medical authorities said they did not think a tumor by itself could cause violence, although it could result in personality changes.

**His Father**

The father, C. A. Whitman, said at his home at Lake Worth, Fla., his son was a brilliant student who drove himself over to the brink to madness by overwork.

Romero Martinez, 29, the policeman who killed Whitman, said the killer kept trying to raise his carbine despite six shots from his service revolver.

Mr. Martinez said he and fellow officers made their way to the observation deck, past three dead bodies and two persons wounded and bleeding inside the building.

"I just said a prayer, gave my life to God and plunged out the door," Mr. Martinez said.

"I shot the first time and he jerked up and swung the carbine toward me. And he was swinging — he didn't have it leveled at me — and he was trying to bring it down."

"I just kept firing, and he kept trembling, going up instead of coming down with the carbine."

Then officer Houston McCoy fired two shotgun blasts, Mr. Martinez grabbed away the shotgun and fired once more. The killer was dead.

So ended 50 minutes of death and terror that started when Whitman, with his wife and mother, lying dead in their residences in Austin, dragged a heavy trunk up the last few flights of stairs to the tower.

**In the Trunk**

Into it he loaded tins of food, a vacuum bottle of coffee, six boxes of raisins, spray deodorant, a can of charcoal lighter, a roll of toilet paper, a wild game bag, dark glasses, a lantern — type flashlight, matches, adhesive tape, cigarette lighter, various types of brushes.

Also a clock, screwdriver, binoculars, four flashlight batteries, several hundred feet of nylon rope, a long extension cord, a three-gallon jug of water and a three-gallon jug of gasoline along with other assorted items.

Beneath a blanket on top of the footlocker he put: sawed-off automatic shotgun, a .35 caliber Remington pump rifle, a Remington bolt-action rifle with four-power scope, a 30-caliber M1 carbine, a 25-caliber Calico-Brasela pistol, a large, a .357 Smith and Wesson Magnum pistol, three hunting knives of various sizes, one pocket knife, and about 600 rounds of ammunition.

He also carried a two-handle push-type hand truck to move his cargo.

He methodically got a permit to park in the loading zone of the tower and Shortly after 11 a.m. wheeled the daily and its grim load into the tower halfway. He told a receptionist he was a workman and took the elevator of its 27th floor top. Then his reign of terror began.

At 1:23 p.m. police announced their man had gotten to him. Whitman was dead. He left 13 killed or mortally wounded and 33 others with injuries.

Whitman's notes — those that have been disclosed by police — reveal the workings of his tortured mind. He started writing them early Sunday evening. (A full moon appeared Sunday and there are some who say the moon creates a tide in the affairs of men.)

He said he was going to pick up his wife, Kathleen, 23, from her job at Southwestern Bell Telephone Co. "I love her dearly," he said, but he wanted to "save her the embarrassment" of what he was going to do.

Her nude body was found in their little house, about three miles south of the tower in bed with stab wounds in the chest.

At half-past midnight Monday he started a two-page note. He said he had killed his mother. "If there is a heaven, she is in heaven; but if there is not heaven, she's at least out of her misery," one passage read.

His mother was shot to death in her apartment, a few blocks from the tower. Police were not sure whether he killed his wife or mother first. He picked his wife up from work shortly after 9:30 p.m. Sunday.

At 3 a.m. Monday he wrote that "now both are dead." The note was taped on its face.

The FBI took over a roll of film in one of two cameras found in Whitman's apartment along with the body of his wife. Along with the cameras, Whitman left a note: "Have film developed in these cameras. Thank you, Charles J. Whitman."

The black and white film was developed and showed various poses of Whitman at his house and at a lake with his dog. Police said color film was turned over to the FBI.

Marine Corps records show Whitman, a qualified sharpshooter, was court-martialed in 1963 on a list of charges that included illegal possession of a gun.
Charles A. Whitman Jr., the crazed sniper's father, talked with newsmen about his son's tragic shooting spree. Patrick Whitman, 21, brother of the killer, holds on to his wife at the Whitman home in Lake Worth, Fla.
On Gun Control

After every spectacular shooting comes a public outcry for some kind of Federal anti-gun legislation. But when the lawmakers get around to drafting the legislation about all they come up with are proposals to regulate interstate traffic in firearms, register guns purchased and take fingerprints of the purchasers.

Most rational law-abiding citizens would not object to such minor restraints if a showing could be made that they would actually reduce the number of murders or crimes of violence committed with the use of deadly weapons.

Several states have anti-gun laws. One of the toughest is New York's Sullivan Law, which requires annual registration of firearms in possession of New York residents. This causes more than a little trouble to law-respecting New Yorkers, but it doesn't seem to restrain the lawless who merely ignore it, and there seems little or no evidence that it has diminished the number of murders or armed robberies in New York.

No legislation yet advanced would have prevented young Charles Joseph Whitman from obtaining guns. He had no criminal record. There was nothing in his conduct that marked him as an unsafe person to own firearms, up until Monday when he suddenly went berserk and climbed the University of Texas Tower and started spraying death across the campus.

A law forbidding mail-order sale of guns would have deprived Lee Harvey Oswald of the rifle he used to assassinate President Kennedy — and such a law is eminently reasonable — but it doesn't mean that a man of Oswald’s bent would not have laid hands on another weapon and performed the same crime at the same time and place.

There is a large and vicious traffic in hand guns, cheap foreign guns, submachine guns and hand-made weapons which should be effectively curbed. We would favor any measure which would actually prevent criminals or persons of unsound mind possessing weapons of any kind.

The only likely deterrent we have heard of is a mandatory death penalty to anyone committing or attempting a crime while carrying a deadly weapon. But the anti-gun proponents don't seem to want to go that far. They seem to think that violence can somehow be abolished by the miracle of red tape.
Whitman Autopsy Reveals Brain Tumor

Killer Hinted to Death of Tower-Sniping

AUSTIN, Tex., Aug 3 (UP) — Charles J. Whitman suffered severe headaches and told a psychiatrist four months ago he sometimes felt like climbing to the top of the University of Texas tower and shooting people.

Doctors found the cause of the headaches yesterday in an autopsy on Whitman's body — a pumkin-sized tumor in his brain. But they disagreed on whether this drove him to translate his casual expression of exasperation into Monday's maddened sniper spree that left 15 persons dead and 33 injured and ended with Whitman's death in a hail of police bullets.

Dr. Maurice Dean Healy, a psychiatrist at the University of Texas Student Health Center, said he talked to Whitman for two hours last March 29.

THINKING ABOUT IT

He said the ex-Marine, 25, told him he was "thinking about going up on the tower with a deer rifle and start shooting at people."

Dr. Healy said he did not report the statement to authorities because such allusions to violence were common among students and because Whitman looked like anything but a psychopath.

"I recall very vividly something about him suggested the All-American boy," the psychiatrist said.

But he said Whitman was hours as far as possibilities are concerned."

The autopsy revealed a tumor in a part of the brain which senses pain.

"The pathologist, Dr. C. Dechsener, said the pain of the tumor could have had a contributory effect on the heavy trunk up the last few flights of stairs to the tower."

IN THE TRUNK

Into it he loaded tins of food, a vacuum bottle of coffee, six boxes of raisins, spray deodorant, a can of charcoal lighter, a roll of toilet paper, a helmet and a weighted belt."

Charles A. Whitman Jr., the crazed sniper's father, talked with shooting spree. Patrick Whitman, 21, brother of the killer, told home in Lake Worth, Fla.
THINKING ABOUT IT

He said the ex-Marine, 25, told him he was “thinking about going up on the tower with a .22 rifle and start shooting at people.”

Dr. Healy said he did not report the statement to authorities because such illusions to violence were common among students and because Whitman looked like anything but a psychopath.

“I recall very vividly something about him suggested he was American boy,” the psychiatrist said.

But he said Whitman was “frothing hostility,” obviously upset because his mother and father had separated a month ago. He said Whitman accused his father of being brutal and domineering and also confessed having beaten his own wife twice.

Dr. Healy said Whitman had told him his father was a contractor who had “achieved considerable wealth.” He said he had “lived for the day when he could consider himself capable of excelling his father in high society in general.”

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The pathologist, Dr. C. Decherin, said the pain of the tumor could have had a contributory effect on the outbreak of violence Monday.

Other medical authorities said they did not think a tumor by itself could cause violence, although it could result in personality changes.

HIS FATHER

The father, C. A. Whitman, said at his home at Lake Worth, Fla., his son was a brilliant student who drove himself over the brink to madness by overwork.

Romero Martinez, 29, the policeman who killed Whitman, said the killer kept trying to raise his carbine despite six shots from his service revolver.

Mr. Martinez said he and fellow officers made their way to the observation deck, past three dead bodies and two persons wounded and bleeding inside the building.

“I just said a prayer, gave my life to God and plunged out the door,” Mr. Martinez said.

“I shot the first time and he jerked up and swung the carbine toward me. And he was swinging — he didn’t have it leveled at me — and he was trying to bring it down.

“I just kept firing and he kept trembling, going up instead of coming down with the carbine.”

Then officer Houston McCoy fired two shotgun blasts. Mr. Martinez grabbed away the shotgun and fired once more.

The killer was dead.

So ended 80 minutes of death and terror that started when Whitman, with his wife and mother lying dead in their residences in Austin, dragged a heavy trunk up the last few flights of stairs to the tower.

IN THE TRUNK

Into it he loaded tins of food, a vacuum bottle of coffee, six boxes of raisins, a can of charcoal lighter, a roll of toilet paper, a wild game bag, dark glasses, a lantern, a type flashlight, matches, adhesive tape, cigarettes, lighter, various types of brushes.

Also a clock, screwdriver, binoculars, four flashlight batteries, several hundred feet of nylon rope, a long extension cord, a three-gallon jug of water and a three-gallon jug of gasoline along with other assorted items.

Beneath a blanket on top of the footlocker he put: sawed-off automatic shotgun, a .35 caliber Remington pump rifle, a Remington bolt-action rifle with four-power scope, a 30-caliber M-1 carbine, a .25 caliber Caleso-Brascia pistol, a luger, a .357 Smith and Wesson Magnum pistol, three hunting knives of various sizes, one pocket knife, and about 600 rounds of ammunition.

He also carried a two-handle push type hand truck to move his cargo.

He methodically got a permit to park in the loading zone of the tower and shortly after 11 a.m. wheeled the dolly and its grim load into the tower hallway. He told a receptionist he was a workman and took the elevator to its 27th floor top.

Then his reign of terror began.

At 1:30 p.m. police announced their men had gotten to him. Whitman was dead. He left 13 killed or mortally wounded and 33 others with injuries.

Whitman’s notes — those that have been disclosed by police — reveal the workings of his tortured mind. He started...
Held Up in Committee Since May 18

Gun Bill Up to Eastland

By MARSHALL McNEIL

Byline: Scripps-Howard Staff Writer

Whether Congress, shocked by the Texas mass murder, will enact a strict Federal gun control bill today appeared to depend on Sen. James O. Eastland (D., Miss.) and the Judiciary Committee he heads.

Such a bill has been pending before his Committee since May 18. It was sent there after extensive hearings by the Juvenile Delinquency subcommittee, headed by Sen. Thomas J. Dodd (D., Conn.).

Sen. Dodd today called on Sen. Eastland to schedule a special Judiciary Committee meeting “as soon as possible so that I can bring up the gun bill.”

It is not expected that the House will act until the Senate does.

MORE PRESSURE

While the Texas massacre has increased pressure — from the White House down — for a gun-control law, there has been no hint that the opposition to it has relented.

The National Rifle Association, thru Franklin Orth, its executive vice-president, said a gun-control law would not have prevented the slayings in Austin.

And Sen. Roman Hruska (R., Neb.), another opponent of the Dodd bill, said the Texas killings “won’t lend any comfort” to supporters of bills such as Sen. Dodd’s.

“It would be deplorable if an attempt were made to trade on the emotions generated here,” he said. Sen. Hruska believes controls should be limited to handguns.

RIFLES, SHOTGUNS

The Dodd bill covers rifles and shotguns as well. Its supporters contend the proposal would not prevent sportsmen from having weapons, nor would it infringe on the Constitutional right of citizens to bear arms.

President Johnson yesterday appealed to Congress to restrict the sale of weapons to “the wrong persons.” He first demanded gun-control legislation in a special message in March, 1965.

Mr. Johnson’s call to Congress for urgent action came in a statement in which he termed the sniper killings “senseless,” but not without a lesson.

The lesson, Mr. Johnson said, was the need to “press urgently for legislation now pending . . .”

He called for passage of a bill which is even stronger than Sen. Dodd’s recommendation.

“The bill would not prevent all such tragedies, but it would help reduce the unrestricted sale of firearms to those who cannot be trusted in their use or possession,” he said.

“How many lives might be saved as a consequence!”

KENNEDY APPEAL

The most poignant appeal came from Sen. Edward Kennedy (D., Mass.), brother of President John F. Kennedy who was assassinated in Texas in November, 1963, with a mailorder gun.

Sen. Kennedy said:

“It may be, as some people argue, that if someone wants a gun badly enough he will be able to obtain it one way or another, regardless of the existence of laws regulating the sale of guns. But it seems obvious to me that we have a responsibility to do everything we can to minimize the senseless bloodshed and crime effectuated thru these instruments of destruction. I know of no other civilized country in the world where it is as easy for the dangerous and misguided members of the society to obtain firearms as it is here in the U. S.

“We have heard from the lobby representing the gun manufacturer and the sportsmen and the hunter. Now let us hear from the lobby of the American people. For those of us in Congress who are concerned about the need for effective gun control need their support in the fight which looms ahead.”

(See Editorial on Page 22)
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(See Editorial on Page 22)
CALM BEFORE THE STORM—This is one of the pictures on the film left by Charles Whitman before he rained death from the University of Texas tower. With a dog at his feet and a book leaning against him, he gave no hint of the terror that was to explode on the campus at Austin. (See stories and other pictures on Page 2 and 3.)
The psychiatrist, Dr. Maurice Dean Heatly of the University's Student Health Center, said he did not report the statement about shooting people from the tower because he thought Whitman did not mean it.

'Oozing With Hostility'

Heatly said Whitman was "oozing with hostility" at the two-hour interview, but expressions of violence involving the familiar landmark tower were not unusual among students, and the statement about shooting people seemed a "transient thought" with him.

I recall very vividly something about him suggested the All-American Boy," the psychiatrist said. "He looked every inch the role of professional football player."

Rated A Good Guy

However, the psychiatrist pictured Whitman as a totally different sort of person from the young man known to neighbors, classmates and friends, who universally called him a "good guy."

Dr. Heatly said Whitman 'readily admits having overwhelming periods of hostility with a very minimum of provocation.'

The psychiatrist said his references to voicing on the tower and shooting people were "vivid."

Heatly said there were "no psychosis is symptoms at all and he would not have classified Whitman as a psycho path at that time. He also said students often talked of violent deeds which never came about, and Whitman did not seem to be an exception."

"It was sort of like saying, 'Get so mad that I could do something,'" Heatly said.

But he said the statement about shooting people from the tower was the only direct quote he put in his notes from the interview.

The psychiatrist said Whitman then made an appointment for a subsequent visit, but broke it.

"The real precipitating factor for this initial visit after being on the campus for several years seemed to stem from the separation of his parents some 30 days ago," Heatly said.

He said Whitman was seeking to excel his father and was much concerned that his achievements at the University were not what he would have liked.

Dr. Charles Le Maistre, University Vice Chancellor for Health affairs defended Heatly's judgment.

"Dr. Heatly's conclusion on March 29 that there was no indication at that time that Whitman was a danger to himself or the community was consistent with the impressions of his teachers, his employer and his associates," Le Maistre said.

said Dr. Heatly, "the youth could talk for long periods of time and develop overt hostility while talking, and then during the same narration may show signs of weeping."

Brain Tumor Found

The brain tumor was revealed by Dr. C. De Chenar in an autopsy report. He said it was located near the main brain stem, in a position to affect the part which senses pain.

Justice of the Peace Jerry Dellana said the pecan-sized tumor affected "the sensory passages that you feel pain with. There was pressure there that could have caused intense pain—headaches—that could have indirectly caused or contributed to his suicide."

Dellana said De Chenar

Police Withhold
Three Notes Left
By Slayer of 15

From News Dispatches

AUSTIN, Tex., Aug. 2

A pathologist and a psychiatrist revealed today that sniper Charles J. Whitman suffered from a brain tumor and had said four months ago he was "thinking of going up on the University of Texas tower with a deer rifle and start shooting people."

But the psychiatrist said the 25-year-old killer of 15 persons looked like "the All-American Boy" and betrayed no signs of psychosis in the March 29 interview.

The tumor was found in an autopsy, near the main stem of the brain, and located so that it could have caused the severe headaches that Whitman mentioned in notes he left behind.

Requested Autopsy

It was revealed that Whitman himself, in one of three rambling notes found after his death, requested an autopsy to determine what caused him to kill his wife and mother.

Police released to refuse to release the full contents of the notes.

Experts were divided on whether the tumor contributed to what the FBI said was possibly the greatest mass murder in American history. The deed included, besides Whitman's wife and mother, 13 persons gunned down from the tower before police stormed it and killed Whitman. Another 21 persons were wounded.

The Washington Post and
Times Herald
The Washington Daily News
The Washington Evening Star
New York Daily News
New York Herald Tribune
New York Post
The New York Times
New York World Journal
New York World Journal Tribune
The Baltimore Sun
The Worker
The New Leader
The Wall Street Journal
The National Observer
People's World

Date 8-3-66
stressed that the tumor "did not have anything to do with the part of the brain that affected logical thinking."

(In Washington, medical experts said there was little chance the tumor prompted the murder spree. An expert at the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology (AFIP) said, "violent psychotic behavior is extremely rare in persons with a brain tumor."

(Dr. Daniel Ruge, a Chicago neuro-surgeon, said "there is no question that brain tumors can cause personality changes but I've never heard of them causing violence.")

Police Chief Robert A. Miles said that on advice of attorneys Whitman's notes would not be made public and "may never be released."

Miles said information about the case probably would be presented to the grand jury "but I don't know if there is anything for the grand jury to act on."

Going to Grand Jury

District Attorney Tom Blackwell said the grand jury would hear the information Thursday.

The FBI was reported to have taken over a roll of color film in one of two cameras found in Whitman's apartment along with the body of his wife, Kathleen, 23. His mother, who had separated from his father and was living in Austin, was found shot to death in her apartment in another section of town.

Along with the two cameras, Whitman left a neat note: "Have the film developed in these cameras. Thank you.

Charles J. Whitman."

Police said the black and white film was developed and showed various poses of Whitman at his house, at a lake, and with a pet dog. The color film was turned over to the FBI, police said.
SNIPER'S END—Charles J. Whitman lies dead on the tower's observation platform.
Air view pinpoints key locations in sniper killings at University of Texas. Crosses are where victims were slain.

- Deputized ex-soldier Allen Crum covered this corner.
- Whitman was shot in this corner.
- Police officers Martinez and McCoy shot Whitman from here.
Father Says
He Also Is
'Gun Fanatic'

LAKE WORTH, Fla., Aug. 2 (AP) — Campus sniper Charles Whitman was "always a crack shot," according to his father, who reared him in a house with a gun in every room.

"I'm a fanatic about guns," added the father, C. A. Whitman, 47-year-old plumbing contractor. "I'm a great hunter. My boys knew all about guns. I believe in that."

Whitman, his dark hair showing touches of gray, faced newsmen's questions for the first time since young Whitman killed his mother and his wife in Austin, Tex... then shot 13 others in a shooting rampage yesterday from the observation section atop the library tower at the University of Texas. Whitman was killed by police bullets.

"He was trying to prove a point to himself," Whitman said. "Why, he was an Eagle Scout at the age of 12—the youngest ever around here. He was a concert pianist. He was a brilliant student."

Standing on the lawn in front of his one-story, shingled house in a neighborhood where he has lived for 20 years, Whitman expressed sympathy for the victims and their relatives.

"But right now," he added, "there doesn't seem to be anything I can do. I am worried right now about my own problems."
Shoots 45 Strangers—and

called Amy Jo Long, in a building nearby.

"Somebody's up here shooting in the tower," she gasped.

"There is blood all over the place."

By then, police sealed off the campus and were trying to get the 10,000 students and hundreds of onlookers to stay out of the way. With rifles and pistols, the police shot back, then called for reinforcements.

Highway patrolmen, university and capitol grounds officers, city policemen and others joined the force returning the fire. They aimed mostly at the drain behind which the sniper appeared to be firing most.

One of the city policemen hugging the ground was Ramiro Martinez, 29, who had been cooking a steak at his home a few minutes before and contemplating his duty shift, to begin in three hours.

He heard of the shootings on the radio, got his pistol and hurried to the campus. He got into the main building and worked his way upstairs.

TO THE TOP

With Officer Houston McCoy and Allen Crum, a university employee, Mr. Martinez got to the top, amking his way past four bodies sprawled on the stairs and the landing.

He and Mr. Crum edged around opposite sides of the observation walkway. The sniper saw Mr. Crum and fired. Mr. Martinez emptied his service revolver into the sniper's body. Mr. McCoy burst on the scene and fired a shotgun blast. Mr. Martinez grabbed the shotgun and fired another blast pointblank at the sniper.

Shaking with shock, Mr. Martinez grabbed a green flag and waved it. The siege was over.

In the little town of Needville, Tex., south of Houston, the family of Kathleen Leissner Whitman heard the news with shock. They called the police and asked them to check the Whitman home.

Officers found Mrs. Whitman, 23, stabbed to death. One of the three disordered notes found said of his mother, "If there is a heaven, she is in heaven. But if there is no heaven, she is at least out of her misery."

Whitman's mother was found in her own apartment in another section of Austin, shot to death.

The stunned university was silent as a tomb today. University officials canceled all classes and ordered flags flown at half-staff.

Texas Gov. John Connally cut short a trip to South America and flew back from Rio de Janeiro to Austin, the state capital.

Fellow students characterized Mr. Whitman as "well liked" and "a great guy." An adviser said he "seemed to be more mature than most people his age."

HEADACHES

Police Lt. Meele Wells said a note was found saying Mr. Whitman's wife Kathleen and mother were killed because he had been having severe headaches and had been undergoing psychiatric treatment.

R. W. Leissner, Mr. Whitman's father-in-law, said the last he had heard about his daughter before the deadly tower fusillade started, was that Mr. Whitman called her employer yesterday.

HIS FATHER

In Lake Worth, Fla., a distraught plumbing contractor, Charles A. Whitman Jr., confirmed that he had a son in Austin, Tex.

He refused to talk to reporters.

The bullet holes in the sandstone make it appear as tho a fort had been assailed.

A pile of bloody rags lay in a corner. Workmen scrubbed away at bloody spots with strong antiseptic.

It was the sniper's nest atop the tower.

CLOCK HIT

Above the observation gallery bullets fired by police struck home in the sandstone. The glass face of the university's giant clock was punctured by three bullets.

Soon everything was cleaned by the workmen. The strong antiseptic smell swept away the gunpowder.

A large sign escaped unscathed from the bullets.

It reads: "Welcome, to the Observation Deck."
45 Strangers—and 13 Die

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Many Close Ties to Campus

AUSTIN, Tex., Aug. 2

The list of dead and wounded yesterday's sniper siege at the University of Texas:

- Scott Carpenter, son of Lady Bird Johnson's press secretary, Mrs. Elizabeth Carpenter and Washington newspaperman Leslie Carpenter, narrowly missed being shot and saw two women slain before his eyes.
- The grandson of Paul Bolten, news director of the Johnson-owned KTBC television station at Austin and a personal friend of the Johnsons, was killed.
- Lynda Johnson graduated "like firecrackers." He saw women fall in front of him and immediately fell to the ground. (UP)
The White House was directly affected yesterday by the University of Texas sniper killings at Austin, Tex.

- Scott Carpenter, son of Lady Bird Johnson’s press secretary, Mrs. Elizabeth Carpenter and Washington newspaperman Leslie Carpenter, narrowly missed being shot and saw two women slain before his eyes.

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Lynda Johnson graduated from the University in June and Luci Johnson and her husband-to-be Pat Nugent, plan to enroll on the campus this autumn.

While there was no official comment from the White House, it was known that President Johnson talked with Bolton to express his shock at the death of Mr. Bolton’s grandson, Paul Sonntag.

Young Carpenter, who is taking a summer course at the university talked with his parents by phone and said he was walking on the campus when he heard what sounded "like firecrackers." He saw two women fall in front of him and he immediately fell to the ground. (UPI)

**Victims of Sniper**

AUSTIN, Tex., Aug. 2 (UPI) — The list of dead and wounded in yesterday’s sniper siege at the University of Texas:

**DEAD:**
- Thomas Ashton, 25, Redlands, Calif., a Peace Corps trainee at the University of Texas; Robert H. Boyer, 33, philosophy department, University of Texas; Thomas Eucken, 22, Austin, Tex.; Mark Huber, 15, Texarkana, Tex.; Thomas Kerr, Ft. Worth, Tex.; Margarette Lamond, Austin; Claudia Rutt, Austin; Roy Deii Schmidt, Austin, Tex.;
- Billy Speed, Austin, Tex. (city police); Paul Sonntag, Austin, Tex. (city employee); Harry Waichuk, Austin, Tex.; unborn child of Mrs. Claire Wilson, shot and critically wounded in abdomen; Mrs. Edna Townes; the slayer — Charles Joseph Whitman, 24, Lake Worth, Fla.

Killed by the gunman prior to the shooting attack:
- Mrs. Charles Joseph Whitman, wife, Austin, Tex.; Mrs. C. A. Whitman, mother, Austin, Tex.

**INJURED:**
- John George Allen, Austin, Tex.; Roland C. Bliko, 21, Milwaukee, Wis.; Peace Corps trainees; Velma Esparza, 25, San Antonio, Tex.; Mary Frances Gabour, 41, Texarkana, Tex.; Irma Garcia, 21, Brownsville, Tex.; Karen Griffin, Austin, Tex.; David Gormley, Austin, Tex.; Nancy Harvey, 21, Austin, Tex.; Robert Hebard, 35, Austin, Tex.
- Alec Hernandez, 17, Austin, Tex.; Morris Holman, 20, Austin, Tex.; Dwayne Huffman, Austin, Tex.; Adrian Littlefield, 19, Corpus, Tex.; David A. Mathson, 24, Milwaukee; Peace Corps trainees; Lest Paulus, 24, Austin, Tex.; Lana Phillips, 21, Austin, Tex.
- Oscar Rayuela, 21, Austin, Tex.; Billy Sopden, 30, Austin, Tex.; Miguel Solis, 25, Austin, Tex.; Claire Wilson, 15, Austin, Tex.; Sandra Wilson, Austin, Tex.; Brandi Wilkinson Littlefield, Austin, Tex.; Robert Fredy; Dorotea Ortega, Ft. L. Easton, Austin, Tex.; C. A. Stewart, Raytown, Tex.; and Caralie Wheel, Austin.

**New Gun Law Push**

The University of Texas sniper slayings brought demands from congressmen again today for a major overhaul of Federal gun control laws.
WASHINGTON--The University of Texas sniper slayings brought demands from shocked congressmen today for a major overhaul of federal gun control laws to keep weapons from the hands of the criminal and the deranged.

Chairman Thomas J. Dodd, D-Conn., of the Senate Juvenile Delinquency Subcommittee, who has long fought for approval of a stiff gun control bill, said, "The incident...in Austin is an extreme example of what has been going on for much too long in this country. Rifles are used to murder and wound tens of thousands of people annually."

Sen. Ralph W. Yarborough, D-Tex., whose home is in Austin, said he was "shocked and grieved" at the tragedy. He said the murders "must lead to some thought of the promiscuous handling of dangerous arms and our national handling of homicide in the entertainment media."

Sen. George D. Smathers, D-Fla., said he thought the slayings emphasized the need for a gun control bill. "I hope action will be taken on it soon. If not, some one of us--Dodd or myself or someone else--will bypass the committee by offering it as an amendment (to another bill pending on the floor)."

Sen. Edward W. Long, D-Mo., whose daughter Ann was graduated from the University of Texas last year, said he was not sure the Dodd bill would prevent another mass killing. "All it does is prevent mail order sales. Perhaps this will give impetus to legislation to limit sale to children and criminals, something will have to be done."

UPI-5

GUNS & TV

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AUSTIN--A PATHOLOGIST SAID TODAY CHARLES J. WHITMAN, THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SNIPER, WAS SUFFERING FROM A BRAIN TUMOR.

JERRY DILLANA, AN AUSTIN JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, SAID THE PATHOLOGIST, DR. E. E. FECHNER, TOLD HIM THE TUMOR "ABOUT THE SIZE OF A PECAN" WHEN HE PERFORMED AN AUTOPSY ON WHITMAN'S BODY.

"THE DOCTOR SAID THE TUMOR Caused Damage to the Frontal Lobe and Probably Affected the Sensory Passages Where He Registered Pain," DILLANA SAID.

"HE SAID IT COULD HAVE CAUSED PRESSURE WHICH WOULD HAVE RESULTED IN INTENSE PAIN AND HEADACHE AND COULD HAVE INDIRECTLY CAUSED OR CONTRIBUTED TO WHITMAN'S ACTIONS."

THE JUSTICE OF THE PEACE SAID THE PATHOLOGIST STRESSED, HOWEVER, THAT THE TUMOR WOULD NOT AFFECT THE PART OF THE BRAIN IN WHICH LOGIC THINKING OCCURS.

1/2--SEP2P

FILE 9-12

67 DEC 12 1966
WASHINGTON--MEDICAL EXPERTS TODAY SAID THERE WAS LITTLE CHANCE A PECAN-SIZED TUMOR IN HIS BRAIN PROMPTED THE MURDER SPREE OF AUSTIN SNIPER CHARLES L. WHITMAN.

AN EXPERT AT THE ARMY FORCES INSTITUTE OF PATHOLOGY (AFIP) TODAY SAID "VIOLENT PSYCHOTIC BEHAVIOR IS EXTREMELY RARE IN PERSONS WITH A BRAIN TUMOR."

HIS OPINION WAS SECONDED BY DR. ERIC GOLDBERG, HEAD OF THE NEURO-SURGERY DEPARTMENT AT THE UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS. "I'VE NEVER HEARD OF BRAIN TUMORS CAUSING VIOLENCE."

THE AFIP EXPERT, WHO ASKED THAT HIS NAME BE WITHHELD, SAID OF THE 15,000 TUMOR CASES ON FILE AT THE INSTITUTE, "THERE IS A RARE HISTORY OF VIOLENT PSYCHOPATHIC BEHAVIOR."

"PERSONS WITH VIOLENT PSYCHOPATHIC BEHAVIOR FREQUENTLY SHOW AN ABNORMAL EEG (THE BRAIN WAVE PATTERN DETERMINED BY AN ELECTROENCEPHALOGRAPH), BUT DO NOT SHOW SPECIFIC ANATOMIC LESION (INJURY) OF THE BRAIN," HE SAID.

DR. GOLDBERG SAID THE EFFECT OF A TUMOR THE SIZE OF WHITMAN'S WOULD DEPEND ON ITS EXACT LOCATION IN THE BRAIN.

"ONE THAT SMALL NORMALLY WOULDN'T BE TROUBLESOME UNLESS IT CUT OFF CIRCULATION IN THE BRAIN. IF THE TUMOR CAUSES HEADACHES, IT STILL IS ALMOST INCONCEIVABLE THAT IT WOULD PROMPT VIOLENCE," HE SAID.

"WHAT MIGHT CAUSE VIOLENCE," DR. GOLDBERG THEORIZED, "IS PSYCHOMOTOR EPILEPSY, WHICH WOULD CAUSE THE VICTIM TO FLY INTO AN UNCONTROLLABLE RAGE.

THE BRAIN WOULD STILL LOOK NORMAL UNDER A MICROSCOPE IF THIS OCCURRED," HE SAID.

DR. DANIEL RUGE, A CHICAGO NEURO-SURGEON, SAID "THERE IS NO QUESTION THAT BRAIN TUMORS CAN CAUSE PERSONALITY CHANGES BUT I'VE NEVER HEARD OF THEM CAUSING VIOLENCE."

"I DON'T THINK THEY REALLY COULD, BUT THIS IS VERY INTERESTING," HE ADDED.

2/2 -- WMG04PEP
WASHINGTO--MEDICAL EXPERTS TODAY SAID THERE WAS LITTLE CHANCE A PECAN-SIZED TUMOR IN HIS BRAIN PROMPTED THE MURDER SPREE OF AUSTIN SNIPER CHARLES W. WHITMAN.

AN EXPERT AT THE ARMED FORCES INSTITUTE OF PATHOLOGY (AFIP) TODAY SAID "VIOLENT PSYCHOTIC BEHAVIOR IS EXTREMELY RARE IN PERSONS WITH A BRAIN TUMOR."

HIS OPINION WAS SECONDED BY DR. ERIC GOLDBERG, HEAD OF THE NEURO-SURGERY DEPARTMENT AT THE UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS. "I'VE NEVER HEARD OF BRAIN TUMORS CAUSING VIOLENCE."

THE AFIP EXPERT, WHO ASKED THAT HIS NAME BE WITHHELD, SAID OF THE 15,000 TUMOR CASES ON FILE AT THE INSTITUTE, "THERE IS A RARE HISTORY OF VIOLENT PSYCHOPATHIC BEHAVIOR."

"PERSONS WITH VIOLENT PSYCHOPATHIC BEHAVIOR FREQUENTLY SHOW AN ABNORMAL EEG (THE BRAIN WAVE PATTERN DETERMINED BY AN ELECTROENCEPHALOGRAPH), BUT DO NOT SHOW SPECIFIC ANATOMIC LESION (INJURY) OF THE BRAIN," HE SAID.

DR. GOLDBERG SAID THE EFFECT OF A TUMOR THE SIZE OF WHITMAN'S WOULD DEPEND ON ITS EXACT LOCATION IN THE BRAIN.

"ONE THAT SMALL NORMALLY WOULDN'T BE TROUBLE Some UNLESS IT CUT OFF CIRCULATION IN THE BRAIN. IF THE TUMOR CAUSES HEADACHES, IT STILL IS ALMOST INCONCEIVABLE THAT IT WOULD PROMPT VIOLENCE," HE SAID.

"WHAT MIGHT CAUSE VIOLENCE," DR. GOLDBERG THEORIZED, "IS PSYCHOMOTOR EPILEPSY, WHICH WOULD CAUSE THE VICTIM TO FLY INTO AN UNCONTROLLABLE RAGE."

THE BRAIN WOULD STILL LOOK NORMAL UNDER A MICROSCOPE IF THIS OCCURRED, HE SAID.

DR. DANIEL RUGE, A CHICAGO NEURO-SURGEON, SAID "THERE IS NO QUESTION THAT BRAIN TUMORS CAN CAUSE PERSONALITY CHANGES BUT I'VE NEVER HEARD OF THEM CAUSING VIOLENCE."

"I DON'T THINK THEY REALLY COULD, BUT THIS IS VERY INTERESTING," HE ADDED.

8/2 -- WMGQAPD
ADD SNIPER, AUSTIN

A PATHOLOGIST SAID TODAY HE FOUND A TUMOR IN THE BRAIN OF MASS KILLER MAURICE DEAN WHITMAN, AND A PSYCHIATRIST SAID WHITMAN FOUR MONTHS AND THREATENED TO GO ON JUST SUCH A RAMPAGE AS THE 15-PERSON KILLING IT CARRIED OUT MONDAY.

THE PSIYCHIATRIST, MAURICE DEAN REALTY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS, STUDENT HEALTH CENTER, SAID WHITMAN IN A BRIEF CONVERSATION WITH HIM TOLD HE WAS THINKING ABOUT GOING UP TO THE TOWER WITH A DEEP RIFLE AND START SHOOTING AT PEOPLE.

REALY SAID AFTER THE RANCH 26 MEETING. WHITMAN MADE AN APPOINTMENT TO COME BACK BUT BROKE IT. IT WAS NOT SPECIFICALLY KNOWN TO THE PSYCHIATRIST NOTIFIED AUTHORITIES.

6/12-8M42APED

67 DEC 12 1966

Work Corp news Service
ADD 1 GUNS-TV, WASHINGTON (UPI-9)

SEN. ROMAN L. HRUSKA, R-NEB., SECOND-RANKING REPUBLICAN ON THE
JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, AND AN OPPONENT OF INCLUDING RIFLES IN THE GUN
CONTROL BILL, SAID THE AUSTIN KILLINGS "WON'T LEND ANY COMFORT" TO
ADVOCATES OF A BROAD MEASURE.

"IT WOULD BE DEPLORABLE IF AN ATTEMPT WERE MADE TO TRADE ON THE
EMOTIONS GENERATED HERE," HE TOLD REPORTERS.

HRUSKA SAID THE LEGISLATION "SHOULD BE LIMITED TO HAND GUNS"
BECAUSE 70 PER CENT OF THE USE OF FIREARMS INVOLVES THIS TYPE OF
WEAPON.

8/2--GE1155A
WASHINGTON--CHARLES J. WHITMAN, MASS SLAYER OF 13 PERSONS AT THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS, WAS COURT MARTIALED BY THE MARINE CORPS IN 1963 FOR "FAILURE TO OBEY A LAWFUL ORDER."

HE WAS FOUND GUILTY AT CAMP LEJUENE, N.C., HIS MILITARY RECORD SHOWED TODAY. THE SENTENCE WAS 30 DAYS AT HARD LABOR AND REDUCTION TO THE RANK OF PRIVATE.

WHITMAN HAD BECOME A CORPORAL ON NOV. 2, 1961. HIS RECORD SHOWED THAT HE WAS BORN JUNE 24, 1941; THAT HE ENLISTED JULY 6, 1959, AT JACKSONVILLE, FLA.; THAT HE WAS RELEASED FROM ACTIVE DUTY DEC. 4, 1964, WITH AN HONORABLE DISCHARGE, AND THAT HE WAS DISCHARGED FROM THE MARINE CORPS RESERVE JULY 18, 1965. HIS LAST WEAPONS QUALIFICATION WAS AS A SHARPSHOOTER.
ADD 1 SNIPER, WASHINGTON (UPI-52)

HIS DUTY ASSIGNMENTS INCLUDED BOOT TRAINING AT PARRIS ISLAND, S.C., AND INFANTRY TRAINING AT CAMP LEJUENE.

FROM DEC. 9, 1959 TO MAY 5, 1961 HE WAS AT THE GUANTANAMO NAVAL BASE IN CUBA.

FROM SEPT. 8, 1961 TO FEB. 25, 1963 HIS ASSIGNMENT WAS TO THE "NAVAL ENLISTED SCIENTIFIC EDUCATION PROGRAM" AT THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS.

FROM FEB. 1963 UNTIL HIS DISCHARGE, INCLUDING THE PERIOD OF THE COURT MARTIAL, HE WAS ASSIGNED TO THE 2ND MARINE DIVISION AT CAMP LEJUENE.

THE MARINE CORPS REFUSED TO SAY WHAT "LAWFUL ORDER" HE REFUSED TO OBEY.

HIS RECORD SHOWED THAT HE WON THE GOOD CONDUCT MEDAL AND THE ARMED FORCES EXPEDITIONARY MEDAL, PRESUMABLY FOR SERVICE AT GUANTANAMO, DURING HIS CAREER.

HIS WIFE'S ADDRESS WAS LISTED AS BOX 242, NEEDVILLE, TEX. HIS FATHER'S NAME AND ADDRESS WAS GIVEN ON HIS SERVICE RECORD AS CHARLES A. WHITMAN, BOX 1065 LAKE VORTH, FLA.

8/2--621146A
A tower in the town looks fatally down...

—Edgar Allan Poe

Story of Texas Honor Student Mother—Then, Armed With Periscope from the Observation Deck, Coolly Picked Off 45 Wounding 13 Mortally

(Pages 2 and 3)
In a city of Texas Honor Student Mother—Then, Armed With From the Observation Deck Paper, Coolly Picked Off 45, Wounding 13 Mortally

(Pages 2 and 3)

rifle smoke mark the dreadful window on the 26th an unidentified girl crouches behind the pedestal of a man lies perilously exposed by the hedge, long lower left, Charles Witman, the desperate sniper,

—UPI Photos
in the town
Death looks
gigantically down...

—Edgar Allan Poe

Now a Young University of Texas Honor Student killed His Wife and Mother—Then, Armed With High-Powered Rifles From the Observation Deck of a Campus Skyscraper, Coolly Picked Off 45 Perfect Strangers, Wounding 13 Mortally

(Pages 2 and 3)

Right, the tower. Arrow and rifle smoke mark the dreadful window on the 26th floor. Below it, on the ground, an unidentified girl crouches behind the pedestal of a statue, unable to flee. A wounded man lies perilously exposed by the hedge, long before help could reach him. At lower left, Charles Witman, the desperate sniper, snappier days.

—UPI Photo
While from a proud tower in the town
Death looks gigantically down...

—Edgar Allan Poe
UPI-69

(GUNS)

WASHINGTON--PRESIDENT JOHNSON TODAY URGED PROMPT
CONGRESSIONAL ACTION TO RESTRICT THE SALE OF WEAPONS "TO THE
WRONG PERSONS."

THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE ISSUED A STATEMENT OF DEEP REGRET OVER THE
MASS KILLINGS. HE ALSO SENT A MESSAGE OF SYMPATHY TO CHANCELLOR
HARRY RANSOM OF THE UNIVERSITY.

WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY MOYERS SAID THE PRESIDENT NOT ONLY
WANTED PASSAGE OF PENDING LEGISLATION WHICH WOULD CONTROL
THE MAIL ORDER SALE OF HAND GUNS, BUT WANTED THE PROPOSED LAW
STRENGTHENED TO COVER RIFLES AND SHOTGUNS.

"THE SHOCKING TRAGEDY OF YESTERDAY'S EVENTS IN AUSTIN IS
HEIGHTENED BECAUSE THEY WERE SENSELESS," JOHNSON'S STATEMENT SAID.
"WHILE SENSELESS, HOWEVER, WHAT HAPPENED IS NOT WITHOUT A LESSON;
WE MUST PRESS URGently FOR THE LEGISLATION NOW PENDING IN CONGRESS
TO HELP PREVENT THE WRONG PERSONS FROM OBTAINING FIREARMS.

6/2--TD1217P
ADD 1 GUNS, WASHINGTON (U1-69)

"THE BILL WOULD NOT PREVENT ALL SUCH TRAGEDIES, BUT IT WOULD HELP REDUCE THE UNRESTRICTED SALE OF FIREARMS TO THOSE WHO CANNOT BE TRUSTED IN THEIR USE OR POSSESSION," THE STATEMENT SAID.

"HOW MANY LIVES MIGHT BE SAVED AS A CONSEQUENCE!

"THE GUN CONTROL BILL HAS BEEN UNDER CONSIDERATION IN THE CONGRESS FOR MANY MONTHS. THE TIME HAS COME FOR ACTION BEFORE THE LOSS OF LIFE THAT MIGHT BE PREVENTED BY ITS PASSAGE. I KNOW THERE ARE MANY IN CONGRESS WHO SHARE THIS VIEW. IN SORROW AND HOPE, I URGE THEM TO JOIN IN PASSING THIS LEGISLATION."

THIS WAS BY FAR THE STRONGEST SUPPORT THE PRESIDENT HAS GIVEN GUN CONTROL LEGISLATION, AND CAME AS CONGRESSMEN SHOCKED BY MONDAY'S KILLINGS IN JOHNSON'S HOME TOWN OF AUSTIN DEMANDED PROMPT ACTION ON THE PROPOSALS.

8/2--TD1226PED

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE
TRENTON, N.J.—GOV. RICHARD J. HUGHES TODAY REAFIRMED HIS SUPPORT OF NEW JERSEY'S NEW GUN CONTROL LAW, "ESPECIALLY IN VIEW OF THE TRAGIC EVENTS OF RECENT TIMES."

THE LAW ENDED INTO EFFECT YESTERDAY, SHORTLY AFTER A CRAZED SNIPER ARMED WITH SEVEN FIREARMS INCLUDING A NEWLY-PURCHASED SHOTGUN STARTED A DEADLY RAMPAGE ON THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS CAMPUS AT AUSTIN.

THE NEW JERSEY LAW REQUIRES FIREARMS PURCHASERS TO REGISTER WITH POLICE AND TO SUBMIT TO FINGERPRINTING. PERMITS ARE ISSUED FOR LIFE, BUT ARE DENIED TO NARCOTICS ADDICTS, INCOMPETENTS AND CRIMINALS.

"I DON'T SEE HOW ANY RIGHT-THINKING PERSON IN NEW JERSEY CAN OBJECT TO THIS GOAL," HUGHES SAID.

"I HOPE NEW JERSEY'S GUN CONTROL LAW WILL ALSO SERVE THE BROADER PURPOSES OF GIVING NEW IMPETUS TO FEDERAL EFFORTS TO RESTRAIN THE LOOSE AVAILABILITY OF GUNS," HUGHES SAID, "ESPECIALLY TO PREVENT THEM FROM FALLING INTO THE HANDS OF INCOMPETENT PERSONS WHO USE THEM TO SHOOT DOWN INNOCENT PEOPLE RANGEING FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES TO LITTLE CHILDREN IN THE STREETS."

8/2--6E1138A
(SNIPER)

AUSTIN, TEX. -- CHARLES J. WHITMAN WAS A MATURE AND SERIOUS YOUNG MAN AND EVERYONE LIKED HIM -- HIS CLASSMATES AND HIS PROFESSORS.

WHITMAN'S YOUTH WAS EXEMPLARY. HE WAS AN ALTAR BOY, NEWSBOY AND EAGLE SCOUT.

YESTERDAY, THE CRAZED STUDENT WENT ON AN 80-MINUTE RAMPAGE WITH AN ARMFUL OF WEAPONS IN THE WORST MASS KILLING IN U.S. HISTORY.

HE KILLED 15 PERSONS, INCLUDING HIS MOTHER AND HIS WIFE, AND GUNNED DOWN 30 OTHERS BEFORE A SHAKEN OFF-DUTY POLICEMAN SHOT HIM DEAD ATOP THE 27-STORY UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS TOWER.

ANSWERS TO THE QUESTION WHY WHITMAN ACTED AS HE DID WILL BE MANY AND VARIOUS.

A NOTED PSYCHIATRIST SAID THE MASSACRE ON THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS CAMPUS WAS "DEFINITELY CONNECTED" WITH THE MASS MURDERS OF EIGHT STUDENT NURSES IN CHICAGO LAST MONTH.

AND, THROUGH SOME STRANGE QUIRK IN THE WORKINGS OF THE CRIMINALLY INSANE MIND, MORE MASS KILLINGS CAN BE EXPECTED, ACCORDING TO DR. FREDERICK VERTHAM, ONE OF THE WORLD'S FOREMOST AUTHORITIES ON CRIMINAL VIOLENCE.

"THERE'LL BE SOME MORE LIKE THIS," THE NEW YORK PSYCHIATRIST TOLD UPI IN A TELEPHONE INTERVIEW FROM HIS FARM OUTSIDE OF ALLENTOWN, PA.

WHITMAN ONCE SAW A PSYCHIATRIST FOR TWO HOURS BUT LEFT SAYING HE WOULD WORK OUT HIS PROBLEMS ALONE.

THE STUNNED UNIVERSITY WAS SILENT AS A TOMB TODAY. UNIVERSITY OFFICIALS CANCELED ALL CLASSES AND ORDERED FLAGS FLOWN AT HALF STAFF.

8/2 -- GESA

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

67 DEC 12 1966
Victims of Sniper

AUSTIN, Tex., Aug. 2 (AP) — The list of dead and wounded in yesterday's sniper siege at the University of Texas:

DEAD:
- Thomas Apson, 21, Redlands, Calif. (Peace Corps trainee at the University of Texas; Robert T. Brey, 21, philosophy department, University of Texas; Thomas E. Eddman, 31, Austin, Tex.; Mark Gabour, 16, Terarkan, Tex.; Thomas Karr, 21, Waco, Tex.; Marguerite Lampert, Austin; Claudia Fulk, Austin, Tex.; Ray DeLennard, Austin, Tex.; Billy Smith, Austin, Tex. (city employees); Harry W. Welch, Austin, Tex.; unborn child of Mrs. Charles Wilson; shot and critically wounded in abdomen; Mrs. E. E. Townsley, the younger brother of Mr. Joseph Whitman, 21, Las Vegas, Nev.; John D. Taylor, 21, Austin; and Richard Fink, 21, killed by gunfire: prior to the sniper attack;
- Mrs. Charles Joseph Whitman, wife, Austin, Tex.; Mrs. C. A. Whitman, mother, Austin, Tex.

INJURED:
- John South, 19, Austin, Tex.; Roland C. Elin, 21, Milwaukee, Wis.; Peace Corps trainees, 21, Austin, Tex.; San Antonio, Tex.; Mary Frances Robb, 21, Terarkan, Tex.; Ramon Garcia, 21, Brownsville, Tex.; Karen K. Austin, 21, Austin, Tex.; David Gooday, Austin, Tex.; Nancy Harvey, 21, Austin, Tex.; Robert Heard, 21, Austin, Tex.; Alec Hernández, 19, Austin, Tex.; Morris Harman, 20, Austin, Tex.; Douglas Hoffman, Austin, Tex.; Adolph Lutterbush, 19, Orange, Tex.; David B. Matheney, 21, Minneapolis, Minn.; Peace Corps trainees, 21, Austin, Tex.; Lance Phillips, 21, Austin, Tex.; Oscar Rayovák, 21, Austin, Tex.; Billy Heffron, 21, Austin, Tex.; Miguel Soltes, 19, Austin, Tex.; Claire Wilson, 16, Austin, Tex.; Sandra Wilson, Austin, Tex.; Brenda Wilkinson Littlefield, Austin, Tex.; Robert Freed, Donnies Ortega, 16, Austin, Tex.; C. A. Stewart, Bryan, Tex.; Carla Wheeler, Austin, Tex.
Many Close Ties to Campus

Shock at White House

The White House was directly affected yesterday by the University of Texas sniper killings at Austin, Tex.: "like firecrackers." He saw two women fall in front of him and he immediately fell to the ground. (UP)

- Scott Carpenter, son of Lady Bird Johnson's press secretary, Mrs. Elizabeth Carpenter, and Washington newspaperman Leslie Carpenter, narrowly missed being shot and saw two women slain before his eyes.

- The grandson of Paul Bolton, news director of the Johnson-owned KTBC television station, at Austin and a personal friend of the Johnsons, was killed.

- Lynda Johnson graduated from the University in June and Luci Johnson and her husband-to-be Pat Nugent, plan to enroll on the campus this autumn.

While there was no official comment from the White House, it was known that President Johnson talked with Mr. Bolton to express his shock at the death of Mr. Bolton's grandson, Paul Simms.

Young Carpenter, who is taking a summer course at the university, talked with his parents by phone and said he was walking on the campus when he heard what sounded like firecrackers.

New Gun Law Push

The University of Texas sniper slayings brought demands from congressmen again today for a major overhaul of Federal gun control laws.