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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
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FOI/PA# 1325741-0
Total Deleted Page(s) = 19
Page 48 ~ Referral/Consult;
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HAS BEEN REMOVED AND PLACED IN THE SPECIAL FILE ROOM OF RECORDS BRANCH

SEE FILE 66-2554-7530 FOR AUTHORITY.

SUBJECT JUNE MAIL Lewitz Informants - General

REMOVED BY_____

FILE NUMBER 66-2542-3-104

PERMANENT . SERIAL CHARGEOUT

51 FEB 20 19560

Office Memorandum • United States Government

ro	:	Mr.	A.	н.	Belmont	V
					10	

DATE: January 25, 1957

Mr. F. J. Baumgard

SECURITY INFORMANT PROGRAM

1 - Mr. Boardman Mr. Belmont Mr. Baumgardner

Mr. Donohue

As the result of our conferences on security informants in April and May of this year, SAC Letter 56-34 dated June 18, 1956, set forth changes in policy and procedure which, among other things, permits the SAC in certain instances to approve interviews with individuals to determine whether such persons have any informant potential. This program has saved considerable correspondence between the field and the Bureau and has approved any informant program. has accelerated our informant program. If such individual is cooperative Bureau authority must then be obtained to develop the subject as an informant. This authority in the SAC does not apply, however, to delicate situations or to those individuals employed in the newspaper field, education field and the like.

The following is a tabulation summarizing results of this program for the month of December, the preceding month of November and the grand total from the inception of this program which has been in existence for the past six months.

Α.	Active Communists Number contacted	DECEMBER 136	NOVEMBER 149	TOTAL 980°
"₿•	Other Individuals 1. Cases opened 2. Cases closed 3. Number contacted a. Number cooperative but not potential informant material b. Number cooperative and having informant potential c. Number completely negative	1060 946 742 276 3 98 368	1145 1028 828 270 114 445	7828 5434 4688 1622 711 2355

C. Results 72 Number of sources, PSIs and informants 71 developed

66-2542-3

RECORDED - 24 66-2542

JDD:prh

18 JAN 29 1957

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Tele, Room Holloman Gandy

Boardman

Belmont.

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Mason .

Memorandum for Mr. Belmont RE: SECURITY INFORMANT PROGRAM 66-2542-3

The performance of each office in implementing this program is being followed closely. The program in all offices has now achieved the momentum we feel is necessary to take advantage of the confusion and disillusionment developing in Communist Party ranks. Those offices which have been lagging behind were especially directed to increase their activity under this program. Letters were transmitted during the past month to Cincinnati, Denver, Indianapolis, Dallas, Newark and Savannah.

ACTION:

Next month another memorandum will be prepared showing the progress of the Security Informant Program and it will reflect the figures for the current month, the preceding month and the grand total from the inception of the program.

Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ir. A. H. Brimont

DATE: Jenuary 23, 1957

. R. R. POACH

HEW DEPARTMENT OF ARMY POLICY IN

PERSONNEL SECURITY CASES By letter dated January 22, 1957, in a case involving the subject of a Bureau investigation, David L. Moose, ACSI, edvised that the Secretary of the Army has recently directed but whenever an allegation in a personnel security case is seed on information furnished by a confidential informant who Ba identified only by a code designation, the Department of the Armahould accortain whether the informant's identity might be disclose so that he or she night be invited to testify before a hearing boar in the presence of the subject of the case.

On 1-28-57 This metter was discussed by SA D. J. Sulliven, with Captai Howard W. Harris, Personnel Security Branch, ACSI, and disk Mr. Francia I. Plant, Special Assistant to the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Manpower and Reserve Forces. Both Plant and Marris eduland that this policy had just recently been initiated by Secretary of the Army Brucker, that there was nothing in writing as yet on it, and that they did not know exactly what the Secretary had in mind when he enunciated the policy. Plant stated he did not know whether this policy would apply to regularly constituted Bureau informants solely or whether it was meant to apply to all individuals mentioned

in Bureau reports covered by temporary informant symbols. Plant attack that he realized that if the latter were the proper interpretati this would add quite a burden to the Bureau, since he also realized that in order to determine the desired information it would mean a

recentact with the source. Meither Plant nor Harris were able to position as to the number of cases which would be involved in this policy has wire they able to give an estimate of the number of requests that the Bureau night expect during the course of the coming year.

Plant was requested to attempt to ascertain how far the Secretary intended carrying this policy, whether it would apply to all individuals covered by I symbols in Bureau reports, an estimate of the number of oesee which might be involved during the course of the seming year which would necessitate checking by the Bureau, and also an estimate of the number of individuals which would require recheeking of dither Bureau informants, or other individuals by the Bureau in order to determine their availability and willingness to testify in w eriment of Army hearing. 以为 42

My: Bullin

OT RECORDED

Memo Roach to Belmont

RE: NEW PARTMENT OF ARMY POLICY IN

PERS FEL SECURITY CASES

ACTION:

For information. Lieseon is fellowing.

All de la serie de

, .**-1**

W. C. Sullivan

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA TOPLEY PROGRAM 100-3-99

On January 11, 1957, copies of the enclosed pamphlet were furnished by routing slip to the following offices in which the majority of communist activity is located.

Albany
Baltimore
Boston
Buffalo
Chicago
Cincinnati
Cleveland
Denver
Letroit
Indianapolis
Los Angeles
Milwaukee

Minneapolis
Newark
New Haven
New York
Philadelphia
Pittsburgh
Portland
St. Louis
San Piego
San Francisco

Seattle

Washington Field

This publication was previously approved for use in connection with the captioned program. (100-3-81-7660)

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For your information.

Enclosure

AKH:mfl

(5)

1 - Section tickler

A Comment Line

1 - Mr. J. D. Donohue

1 - Mr. A. H. Belmont

14-66-2542-3

76 July 15 10.

ffice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Tolson FROM

1-9-57

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4128183 BY SPIGSKI ON 237,988

SUBJECT:

INFORMANTS

Approximately a year ago a rabbinical meeting in

Los Angeles took a strong stand against informants. Sokolsky has been doing considerable research on this and has finally come up with the answer and he is now organizing a countercampaign. Under Jewish law dealing with informants, known as Messirah, the rabbinical organization has ruled that it is sinful for one Jew to inform on another. The left wing element

has sought to take this ancient rule out of its context and apply it improperly.

The ancient law was treated exhaustively by Rabbi Meleck Schechter in a booklet issued by Yeshiva University in Hebrew. A photostat copy not translated is attached along with a translation of Rabbi Schechter's discourse on the law. The essence of it is that it is sinful to inform on your neighbor unless a friendly state is involved, in which event it is not sinful because the individual informing is merely doing his duty to the state.

George has interested several Rabbis in endeavoring to put the ancient law on informants in its proper light and the thought occurs that Domestic Intelligence Division might want to review the attached study by Rabbi Schechter and furnish the highlights of it to the offices figuring in the Top Lev Program as this might be used most effectively in interviews with individuals of Jewish background as the law thoroughly supports our general position as we do not ask anyone to furnish information of a personal nature but only for the benefit of the

security of the United States.

ENCLOSUR 70 As an indication 10 As an indication of ancient tradition and its bearing on contemporary If the solution of ancient tradition and its bearing on contemporary in life, Sokolsky told me that in about the 14th century his ancestors lived in Italy at a time when the Jews were being persecuted by the Christians and one of the items sought as evidence in the persecution was the adherence to the Hebrew law on food. One of his ancestors had killed an animal according to Jewish custom. Parts of the body were thrown in the fireplace which if recovered would have provided the evidence that the family was following Hebrew food laws. A group of inquisitors came to the home of George's ancestors seeking evidence and, as they entered the home, a raven flew down the chimney, picked up the discarded portions of the animal and flew away with the evidence. The raven became the family seal of George's ancestors which he later had reproduced. A copy of the seal is attached. The hands upraised are in thanksgiving for the deed of the raven which is depicted below,

RECUILLED - 96 cc - Mr. Belmont LBN:nl (4) Trem

66- 2542

RESEARCH

Tele. Room

2 Z

Holloman

STANDARD FORM NO.

fice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MR. A. H. BELMONT

DATE: February 7, 1957

W. C. Sullivan

SUBJECT:

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

Bureau File 66-2542-3

By memorandum to Mr. Tolson dated January 9, 1957, (66-2542-3-1043), Mr. Nichols suggested that a summary of the views of Holloman Rabbi Melech Schechter regarding the provisions of Jewish law dealing with the problem of furnishing information regarding others be furnished to the field for possible use in developing additional security informants. Rabbi Schechter's views are set forth in an article which was published by Yeshiva University in 1954. The Central Research Section has reviewed an abridged translation of this article obtained by Mr. Nichols, as well as a full translation prepared by Reverend Arbez, translator of the Washington Field Office. This review indicates that Jewish law regarding the morality of furnishing information regarding others is extremely complex. Rabbi Schechter points out that in cases involving the public welfare, Jews, as all other citizens, must accept their responsibilities and obey the laws of the land. In instances of this nature furnishing information regarding other individuals, who are in a position to cause serious harm to the Nation, does not constitute a violation of Jewish law.

However, Schechter also notes that the refusal to furnish information regarding others, if the information furnished would result in these other individuals being dismissed from their jobs, is in accordance with Jewish law. He also points out that if, because of force or threats, an individual furnishes information regarding the communist affiliations of others during the course of a hearing on this question, "the offense of informing no longer applies." Rabbi Schechter, however, also emphasizes that an individual who furnishes information about others merely to save himself is guilty of violating Jewish law.

In concluding, Rabbi Schechter points out that considerable additional research is required on this issue, and that it is necessary to be "careful and cautious" in deciding those cases in which it is permissible to furnish information regarding others.

Since this issue is apparently the subject of different interpretations by students of Jewish law, it is not felt that any advantage would be gained by

JFC:mjh

1 - J. D. Donohue 1 - Mr. Belmont 8 FFR 15 1957 1 - Mr. Nicht

1 - Mr. Nichols

1 - Bufile 100-3-99

3 7 1 14 1357

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont

Re: CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS:

Bureau File 66-2542-3

furnishing a summary of Rabbi Schechter's views to the field as a whole. However, the information obtained by Mr. Nichols will be retained in Bureau files for possible use in the event that a specific question regarding this issue is raised by the field in the future. A Photostat of Rabbi Schechter's article, together with the abridged translation obtained by Mr. Nichols, and the full translation obtained from Washington Field, is being maintained as an enclosure to 66-2542-3-1043.

It is of considerable interest to note that the unabridged translation of Rabbi Schechter's article includes a critical reference to Senator Joseph R. McCarthy which is not incorporated in the abridged version of the translation furnished to Mr. Nichols. This critical reference reads as follows:

"In particular, the case of denunciation applies in our time now as communists are removed, and at times also their relatives, without any trial, in order to please the reactionaries McCarthy and Co., though they do not agree to this in a democratic way in Congress and with the agreement of the Supreme Court in Washington the Capital."

It is felt that this critical reference to Senator McCarthy in Rabbi Schechter's article could possibly lead to misunderstanding and controversy if used in any discussions with potential security informants.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that no further action be taken on this matter at this time.

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DATE OF MAIL 2/25/57

HAS BEEN REMED FOR THE CONFIDENTIAL FILE ROOM OF THE DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION.

HAS BEEN REMOVED AND PLACED IN THE SPECIAL FILE ROOM OF RECORDS BRANCH

SEE FILE 66-2554-7530 FOR AUTHORITY.

SUBJECT JUNE MAIL Security Informants - general

REMOVED BY 51 MAR 27 1957

FILE NUMBER 66-2542-3-1045

PERMANENT SERIAL CHARGEOUT

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ro : Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: February 27, 1957

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

1 - Mr. Boardman Mr. Belmont Mr. Baumgardner

Mr. Baumgard Mr. Donohue

SUBJECT: SECURITY INFORMANTS PROGRAM

-General W

As the result of our conferences on security informants in April and May of this year, SAC Letter 56-34 dated June 18, 1956, set forth changes in policy and procedure which, among other things, permits the SAC in certain instances to approve interviews with individuals to determine whether such persons have any informant potential. This program has saved considerable correspondence between the field and the Bureau and has accelerated our informant program. If such individual is cooperative Bureau authority must then be obtained to develop the subject as an informant. This authority in the SAC does not apply, however, to delicate situations or to those individuals employed in the newspaper field, education field and the like.

The following is a tabulation summarizing results of this program for the month of December, the following month of January and the grand total from the inception of this program which has been in existence for the past seven months.

	a I	JANUARY	DECEMBER	TOTAL
A.	Active Communists			
	Number contacted	147	136	1146
в.	Other Individuals			
	1. Cases opened	1176	1060	9187
9	2. Cases closed	1250	946	6690
	3. Number contacted	854	946 742	5549
1	a. Number cooperative		3.	***
	potential informan			ı l
	2000000000000000000000000000000000000	335	276	1958
	b. Number cooperative		•	4 341 1
	having informant			10.1
	potential	105	98	820
	c. Number completely	,	· · ·	6211
	negative	414	368	2771
^	The contract of the contract o	DED - 43		,

C. Results RECORDED - (
Number of sources, PSIs and informants developed

14 MAR 5 1957

61 MAR (5) PROPERTY

66-2542-3

EX. - 116

505) () Memorandum for Mr. Belmont RE: SECURITY INFORMANT PROGRAM 66-2542-3

The performance of each office in implementing this program is being followed closely. The program in all offices has now achieved the momentum we feel is necessary to take advantage of the confusion and disillusionment developing in Communist Party ranks. Those offices which have been lagging behind were especially directed to increase their activity under this program. Letters were transmitted during the past month to Honolulu and San Antonio.

ACTION:

Next month another memorandum will be prepared showing the progress of the Security Informant Program and it will reflect the figures for the current month, the preceding month and the grand total from the inception of the program.

April July 200

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO r The Director

DATE: 2.20 57

FROM : J. P. Mohr

SUBJECT: The Congressional Record

Security INFORMANIS. GENN

Page A1232 Congressman Becker, (R) New York, extended his remarks to include an editorial from the New York Daily News of February 18, 1957, entitled In and Out of The Communist Party With The FBI. This editorial contains very favorable comments on the use of informants by the FBI. This matter was set forth in a memorandum written earlier today.

ELT. X)

INDEXED .

138, MAIN, 5 1957

In the original of a memorandum captioned and dated as above, the Congressional Record for 2-19 () was reviewed and pertinent items were marked for the Director's attention. This form has been prepared in order that portions of a copy of the original memorandum may be clipped, mounted; and placed in appropriate Burgau case or subject matter files.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO	:	A.	H_{ullet}	Belmont
				101

DATE: 2/15/57

Tolson ...

Boardman

Belmone

FROM : Streamlining Committee

OSECURITY INFORMANTS - GENERAL

SUBJECT: PAYMENT JUSTIFICATION LETTERS ON

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

Suggestion # 401-57

At the present time, there are approximately 900 tele. Room confidential informants who are being paid on an extended basis, justified by the submission of payment letters, averaging six pages each, every three months. In order to reduce correspondence by approximately 1,800 six-page letters per year, it was felt that such justifications could be extended from three months to six months, which was in effect prior to the Matusow case. The Field has been made well aware of the Bureau's desires with regard to confidential informants and it is believed payment letters might be extended to six months without too much relaxation of our controls.

Messrs. Baumgardner, Branigan and Sizoo feel that nothing should be done in this regard if it results in material loss of our control on paid confidential informants.

STREAMLINING COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATIONS:

The Streamlining Committee recommends that consideration be given to extending the period of confidential informant payment justification letters to six months. If approved, this memo should be routed to Mr. J. D. Donohue so that appropriate SAC letter and Manual changes may be prepared.

cc - Belmont
Baumgardner

Branigan
J. D. Donohue
Klemp

Ezell/ OAE:blb (7) I don't think we should change the period but carif we cut down on laughting of letters?

Q 66-25-12-3-104

RECORDED-79

6 MAR 13 1957

EX-127

Bungallall memo to Bilment 2-25-57 FJB/smw

66 MAR 18 1957

Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONE

DATE: February 25, 1957

Tolson

Nichols ... Boardman Belmont ...

Parsons Rosen

Tamm _____ Nease ____ Vincerrowd

FROM : F. J. BAUMGARDNER

SECURITY INFORMANTS.

SUBJECT: PAYMENT JUSTIFICATION LETTERS ON CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANIS

SUGGESTION #401-57

Reference is made to the memorandum to you from the Streamlining Committee dated February 15, 1957, in the captioned matter. This memorandum recommended that the justification letters for payments to confidential informants be extended from three months to six months. You noted on this memorandum, "I don't think we should change the period, but can't we cut down on length of letters?"

I have discussed this matter with Mr. Donohue, Supervisor-in-Charge of the Security Informant Desk. We have spent a number of years arriving at the 14 points on which the field must now report when justifying payments to security informants. We feel it is essential that the field answer each of these items or else indicate no information is available concerning any particular item. There are attached two such letters. one from Los Angeles dated February 13, 1957, concerning

and and one from Chicago dated February 18
1957, captioned These two letters are typical of
the justifications sent in by the field.

On occasion, an office will send in an extremely long letter. Where it appears that the letter is too long and the office is putting in extraneous material, a letter is directed to the office from the Internal Security Section instructing that in future letters, the extraneous material, be left out. We will continue to do this and we feel that this will correct any office which is sending in long letters containing extraneous material.

The Bureau is spending approximately one million dollars annually on security informants. Experience has taught us that one of the best methods to insure that we are receiving value for all payments made is to have the field give us sufficient details regarding the performance of the informant to allow for an intelligent decision at the Seat of Government. Therefore, we recommend against any change in the justification letter that is now being used.

cc - Mr. Belmont

Mr. Baumgardner
Mr. Donohue

INDEXED - 79

6 MAR 13 1957

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63

67 MAR 1-9/1957

Memorandum for Mr. Belmont

Re: PAYMENT JUSTIFICATION LETTERS ON CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

We could shorten the letters by having the field list the items by numbers where no information is being set forth. For example, "No information is available concerning Items 2, 5, 6, 7, and 8." It is not believed, however, that there would be enough savings in changing the form of the letter to warrant the change.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is the recommendation of the Internal Security Section that no change be made in the justification letters on the Security Informant Desk. Training and Inspection Divisionn agrees. (Supetion 401-37)

June 1

god of

H. Belmont

DATE: 2/15/57

PROM :

Streamlining Committee

SUBJECT:

INITIAL PAYMENT LETTER TO CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

OSECURITY intending to - gamerife At the present time we are developing informants at the rate of approximately 20 per month who start receiving payments. Close supervision is afforded to the security informant program and considerable streamlining has been done [by permitting the SAC to authorize interview of potential confidential sources without Bureau authority. This applies to individuals and/or inactive subjects. The results of this program, placed in effect by SAC Letter 56-34 in June of 1956, are now being felt in curtailment of the volume of mail. the present, we dictate a reply to the field office suther lzing the development of a PSI and carefully supervise such development. After all of the hurdles are surmounted and it appears the PSI has been successful in gaining entrance into the Communist Party, etc., we dictate a reply to the Field marked to the personal attention of the SAC, which authorizes the initial payment to the confidential informant. At this point, the initial letter authorizing payment is approximately the tenth ** twentieth serial in file and it was felt we might further curtail paper work by extending the use of the "approved" stamp to such a letter authorizing the initial payment. After discussing this with Mr. Baumgardner, he does not agree, pointing out that by sending personal attention reply to the SAC, it puts him on notice as to his responsibility and indicates the matter has received the Bureau's consideration. Mesers. Branigan and Sizoo feel that we can extend the use of the "approved" stomp to these letters where they contain the necessary information.

STREAMLINING CONDITTEE RECOMMENDATION:

NOT PECOPDED The Committee recommends that the use MAR the Steamt "approved" stamp be extended to the initial letter aud militarios payments to confidential informants as this will eliminate the preparation of approximately 20 letters per month. In order to be certain the BAC is aware of the initial payment, there appears to be no reason why the routing slip returning the Eield office copy cannot be marked personal attention. approved, this memo should be routed to Mr. J. D. Donahue for appropriate action. 66-1934

ADDENDUM BY DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION March 1, 1957

In line with the afore-mentioned approved recommendation of the Streamlining Committee there is attached an appropriate change in Section 107% of the Manual of Instructions on Security Informants. No Handbook changes are necessary.

It is recommended that the Manual be changed accordingly and this memorandum be routed to the Training and Inspection Division for appropriate attention.

JDD:prh

PROPOSED CHANGE IN SECTION 107 MANUAL OF INSTRUCTIONS "ENTITLED" "SECURITY INFORMANTS"

It is suggested that Section 107N, Payments, Subsection 7, which indicates that the initial payment authorization for an informant will be in the form of regular correspondence be deleted. It is also suggested that Subsections 10 and 11 be changed as follows:

- 10. When payments as requested by the field are approved, the duplicate copy of the recommendation for authority to make payments will be stamped "Approved" at the Bureau, initialed with the autographic initials of the Director and returned. To be certain the SAC is aware of the initial payment authorization by the Bureau a routing slip returning the field office copy will be marked "personal attention."
- 11. This will serve as authority to make payments at the requested rate.

NOTE ON YELLOW:

No Handbook changes necessary.

JDD:prh (4)

See memo Mr. A.H. Belmont from Streamlening Committee caption "Initial Payment Letter to Con Informants" dated 2-15-57,0AE

Nichols
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Gandy

100 S42 3-1

STÉNDARO POÈM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT

DATE: March 26, 1957

Boardman

FROM : MR. F. J. BAUMGARDNER

1 - Mr. Boardman 1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Baumgardner 1 - Mr. Donohue

SUBJECT: SECURITY INFORMANT PROGRAM

JENERAL.

As the result of our conferences on security informants in April and May of last year, SAC Letter 56-34 dated June 18, 1956, set forth changes in policy and procedure which, among other things, permits the SAC in certain instances to approve interviews with individuals to determine whether such persons have any informant potential. This program has saved considerable correspondence between with field and the Bureau and has accelerated our informant program. If such individual is cooperative Bureau authority must then be obtained to develop the subject as an informant. This authority in the SAC does not apply, however, to delicate situations or to those individuals employed in the newspaper field, education field and the like.

The following is a tabulation summarizing results of this program for the month of January, the following month of February and the grand total from the inception of this program which has been in existence for the past eight months.

		<u>FEBRUARY</u>	<u>JANUARY</u>	TOTAL	
A.	Active Communists	;	•		
	Number contacted	151	147	1279	
B •	Other Individuals				
	1. Cases opened	1128	1176	10310	
-, 4	2. Cases closed	1150	1250	7837	
1 to 1	3. Number contacted	794	854	6345	
		ative			
	a. Number cooper but not poten	tial			
	o informant man	terial			
	2/1.	282.	<i>335</i>	2239	4.m.
	b. Number cooper and having in potential	rative			DA
11	and having in	formant			030
	potential	80	105	905	
	c. Number comple	telu	,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	negative	432	414	3201	
	J				

C. Results
Number of sources, PSIs and informants developed 666-2542-3 A RECORDED - 97

1 JD 13571 A Potential Security

66-25-92-3-7850

EI MAR 28 1957

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Memorandum for Mr. Belmont RE: SECURITY INFORMANT PROGRAM 66-2542-3

The performance of each office in implementing this program is being followed closely. The program in all offices has now achieved the momentum we feel is necessary to take advantage of the confusion and disillusionment developing in Communist Party ranks. Those offices which have been lagging behind were especially directed to increase their activity under this program. Letters were transmitted during the past month to Anchorage, New Orleans and Oklahoma City.

ACTION:

Next month another memorandum will be prepared showing the progress of the Security Informant Program and it will reflect the figures for the current month, the preceding month and the grand total from the inception of the program.

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DATE OF MAIL 3/25/57

HAS BEEN REMOVED FOR THE SOMFIDENTIAL FILE BOOK OF THE DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION.

HAS BEEN REMOVED AND PLACED IN THE SPECIAL FILE ROOM OF RECORDS BRANCH

SEE FILE 66-2554-7530 FOR AUTHORITY.

SUBJECT JUNE MAIL Security Informants general

REMOVED BY DI AFTE IN 1991

FILE NUMBER 66-2542-3-165

PERMANENT SERIAL CHARGEOUT

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

mary: 3-22 -07

FROM

. In Price 31 of

SUBJECT:

CRIMINAL INFORMANTS
PAYMENT RECEIPTS

This is to recommend Manual and Handbook revisions, with respect to the obtaining of payment receipts from criminal informants.

Background

In SAC Letter 57-14 (paragraph J) dated 3-5-57, the field was furnished instructions concerning receipts from security and confidential informants for payments for information and/or expenses. Instructions related to: (1) requirement of obtaining receipts from informants; (2) data to appear on receipts; and (3) manner of transmitting receipts to Bureau. (Copy of paragraph J of cited SAC Letter is attached).

Data set forth in this SAC Letter calls for revisions to Manual of Instructions (M of I), Section 108 and to Agents Handbook, Part I, paragraph 26. It is noted that field has not previously been bound as to form and content of payment receipts from informants.

RECOMMENDATION:

If you approve, it is recommended that the enclosed be inserted in the Manual of Instructions and the Agents Handbook, respectively, to incorporate the data contained in SAC Letter 57-14 (J). No new policy involved. Memo should be referred to Training and Inspection Division for further handling.

Enclosures

cc - Mr. Tamm

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Receipts obtained for the payments of money should be of such a nature that they will be self-sufficient so that, if it becomes necessary to introduce the receipts in evidence during the course of a trial, the receipts will not relate to other documents or files.

Receipts obtained in the future should clearly show the date on which payment was made, the period for which made when informant is paid on a period basis, the total amount paid broken down into separate amounts for services or expenses where these items are pertinent, the name of the Agent making the payment and the signature of the person receiving the money. It is reiterated that informants who receive money for services rendered must clearly understand that such money must be listed as income for tax purposes.

In transmitting the receipts to the Bureau, they should not be stapled to any other documents but should be enclosed in an envelope with the envelope stapled to the supporting blue slip and voucher. Extreme care must be taken that the receipts are of such a nature that they clearly reflect the payment of money and do not. refer to any other documentary material contained in the Bureau files.

When an itemized statement of expenses is furnished by an informant, it should not be attached to any other document but should be forwarded to the Bureau in the same envelope with the receipt.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

3:

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Director

Attachments for Letters (E) and (G)

170 MAR :6 1957

3/5/57 SAC LETTER NO. 57-14

64 APR 2 /1957

Office Memorandum • United states government

: Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: March 13, 1957

Tol son Nichols

Boardman Belmont .

Parsons

Winterrowd

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

SUBJECT: RECEIPTS FOR SECURITY INFORMANTS Gent

AND SOURCES

Tele. Room SAC Letter #57-14(J) dated 3/5/57 requires Holloman that when receipts for payments to informants and sources are obtained they should clearly set forth date when payment was made, period, total amount paid broken down separately for services and expenses, name of Agent making payment and signature of person receiving the money Receipts are to be transmitted to the Bureau in an envelope attached to the supporting blue slip and voucher and the receipts should not refer to any other documentary material.

ACTION:

There are attached appropriate changes for the Manual of Instructions and FBI Handbook on security informants based upon the above-mentioned SAC Letter. It is suggested this memorandum and the Manual and Handbook changes be routed to the Training and Inspection Division for appropriate action.

Enclosure s

1 - Mr. Belmont Mr. Baumgardner Training and Inspection Division Mr. Donohue

ENCLOSURE RECORDED - 83

SUGGESTED CHANGE IN SECTION 107 MANUAL OF INSTRUCTIONS ENTITLED "SECURITY INFORMANTS"

It is suggested that Subsection N. Payments, of 107 MI be changed as follows. Immediately after 107N, 5, the following new Subsection should be inserted:

- when payments are made to anyone for information or assistance on security matters either on the SAC's authority or on prior Bureau approval receipts must be obtained in every instance where it is possible to do so.
 - a. Receipts should be of such a nature that they will be self-sufficient so that, if it becomes necessary to introduce the receipts in evidence during the course of a trial the receipts will not relate to other documents or files.
 - b. Receipts should clearly show date on which payment was made, period for which made when informant is paid on a period basis, total amount paid broken down into separate amounts for services or expenses where these items are pertinent, name of Agent making payment and signature of person receiving the money.
 - should not be stapled to any other documents but should be enclosed in an envelope with the envelope stapled to the supporting blue slip and moucher. Care must be taken that receipts are of such a nature that they clearly reflect payment of money and do not refer to any other documentary material contained in Bufiles.
 - d. When itemized statement of expenses is furnished by informant or source, it should not be attached to any other document but should be forwarded to the Bureau in the same envelope with the receipt.

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JDD: prb (4) (4)

ENCLOSURE 66-1053

SUGGESTED CHANGE IN FBI HANDBOOK

It is suggested that the following change be made in Part I of the FBI Handbook, page 19 It is recommended that an entirely new Subsection c be added immediately following the present Subsection by The suggested addition is set forth as follows:

B: When payments are made to anyone for information or assistance on security matters either on the SAC's authority or on prior Bureau approval receipts must be obtained in every instance where it is possible to do so.

- 1. Receipts should be of such a nature that they will be self-sufficient so that, if it becomes necessary to introduce the receipts in evidence during the course of a trial the receipts will not relate to other documents or files.
- 2. Receipts should clearly show date on which payment was made, period for which made when informant is paid on a period basis, total amount paid broken down into separate amounts for services or expenses where these items are pertinent, name of Agent making payment and signature of person receiving the money.

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3. When transmitting receipts to the Bureau they should not be stapled to any other documents but should be enclosed in an envelope with the envelope stapled to the supporting blue slip and voucher. Care must be taken that receipts are of such a nature that they clearly reflect payment of money and do not refer to any other documentary material contained in Bufiles.

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Nichols .

Boardman Belmont ___

Holloman ...

4. When itemized statement of expenses is furnished by informant or source. it should not be attached to any other document but should be forwarded to the Bureau in the same envelope with the receipt.

4/2/57

SAC LETTER NO 57-19

osecurity Informants - General

(I) SECURITY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES - ADVISING BUREAU RE AVAILABILITY OF INFORMANT FOR TESTIMONY -- Current instructions require that when an informant becomes available and expresses a general willingness to testify in court or before administrative hearing boards, the Bureau must be immediately advised of the identities of LGE, SGE and LEUN cases in which the informant previously furnished pertinent data but was reported as being unavailable for testimony. Henceforth, furnish this information to Bureau in one letter bearing informant caption with sufficient copies for files of all cases identified. Set out brief background data re informant including comment whether or not any objection to revealing informant including comment whether or not any objection to revealing informant include following re each case identified: Bureau file number; title and case (John Doe, Treasury, SGE); T symbol utilized to conceal informant's identity, and report and page number containing informant's information (T-6, page 1, report of SA James Roe, 4-18-54).

66-2542-3-NOT RECORDED 140 APR 1011957 ORIGINAL COLT FILED IN

67 APR 16 1957

b7C

W. C. Sullivan

PROPOSED PAMPHLET WHERE ARE THEY NOW? (THE FATE OF SOME AMERICAN EXCOMMUNISTS) INTERNAL SECURITY - C

The enclosed study was prepared for one purpose only, expressly for disseminating to select communists anonymously by field office Agents. There is nothing about this enclosed memorandum that is traceable to the Bureau. Disseminating it under anonymous conditions would make it impossible to identify this pamphlet with any Bureau operations.

The purpose of this study is twofold: first, to cause suspicion, confusion, and division within the Communist Party; secondly, to possibly soften up some of these communists for an effective interview by Bureau Agents relative to the development of security informants. —

The preparation of the enclosed memorandum, of course, was previously approved by the Bureau and it was developed in accordance with the original idea. The suggestion was first advanced by field office Agents.

This study shows how unfairly, undemocratically, and brutally the Communist Party, USA, treats its members who have given many of the best years of their lives for it. The specific descriptions given in this enclosed memorandum relate to

Enclosure

LLW:hem

(6)

1 - Section tickler

1 - Mr. Nichols

1 - Mr. Donohue

i - Mr. Belmont

W-66-2542-3

Memorandum to Mr. A. H. Belmont Re: PROPOSED PAMPHLET

WHERE ARE THEY NOW?

(THE FATE OF SOME AMERICAN EXCOMMUNISTS)

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Comments made about these former communists could lead Party members to think that this study was written by a present member of the Party, possibly a follower of

This study should be put in the form of a short concise pamphlet to facilitate the anonymous use of this study by Bureau Agents.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. That the enclosed memorandum be prepared in pamphlet form on unwatermarked paper and with no identifying information to show the source of the pamphlet.

b6 b7C

2. That this memorandum be returned to the Central Research Section where arrangements will be made for the preparation and distribution of sufficient pamphlets to all field offices.

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- Committee of the state of the

1 - Section tickler 1 - J. D. Donohue

1 J. S. Johnson 1 - 66-2542-3

2 - Original and copy

April 2, 1957

SAC, New York

Director, FBI (100-3-99)

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA .
TOPLEY
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

The Bureau supply of literature being utilized in captioned program has been depleted and additional requests have been received for material of this nature. Previously you received gratuitously from your source at The American Jewish Committee, 386 Fourth Avenue, New York City, copies of the following material which have been used in this program:

The Jews Under Stalin's Successor
Communism: Threat to Voluntary Groups
Under the Soviet Heel
Jews Under Soviet Rule
Aspects of Soviet Antisemitism
What Is Behind the Kremlin's Latest March of Crime?

You should recontact your source at The American Jewish Committee and determine if additional copies of the afore-mentioned literature are now available. If so, you should attempt to obtain 100 copies of each or as many copies under that figure as are available to you and forward them to the Bureau marked for the attention of Central Research Section.

In addition, you are authorized to discreetly purchase 100 copies of the pamphlet "Soviet Crimes and Khrushchev's Confessions," which are for sale at the Freedom House, 20 West 40th Street, New York City, at 100 copies for \$12 and forward them to the Bureau marked for the attention of Central Research Section.

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APR 2 1957

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Office Memorandum · united states government

. Mr. F. J. Baumgard

DATE: April 29, 1957

Nichols .

Parsons

Rosen .

Boardman Belmont . Mason . Mohe

FROM: J. D. Donohu

SECURITY INFORMANTS PROGRAM SUBJECT:

General Tamm As the result of our conferences on security informants in April and May of last year, SAC Letter 56-34 dated vincerrowd June 18, 1956, set forth changes in policy and procedure which, Tele Room among other things, permits the SAC in certain instances to Gandy ______ approve interviews with individuals to determine whether such persons have any informant potential. This program has saved considerable correspondence between the field and the Bureau and has accelerated our informant program. If such individual is cooperative Bureau authority must then be obtained to develop the subject as an informant. This authority in the SAC does not apply, however, to delicate situations or to those individuals employed in the newspaper field, education field and the like.

The following is a tabulation summarizing results of this program for the month of March, the previous month of February and the grand total from the inception of this program which has been in existence for the past nine months.

		MARCH	FEBRUARY	TOTAL /	
A.	Active Communists Number contacted	61	151	1,433	
В.	Other Individuals 1. Cases opened 2. Cases closed 3. Number contacted a. Number cooperate	al	1,128 1,150 794	11,140 8,892 7,050	
	informant mater b. Number cooperat and having info	314 Live	282	2,546	
	potential c. Number complete	94	80	985	
	negative	330	432	3,519	

C. Results Number of sources, PSIs and

l informants developed

JDD:jas (3) cc - Mr. Baumgardner Mr. Donohue

66-2542-3

606

67 MAY 6 1= 303 Memorandum for Mr. Baumgardner RE: SECURITY INFORMANT PROGRAM 66-2542-3

The performance of each office in implementing this program is being followed closely. The program in all offices has now achieved the momentum we feel is necessary to take advantage of the confusion and distillusionment developing in Communist Party ranks. It was not necessary during the past month to transmit letters to any offices regarding their activity under this program.

ACTION:

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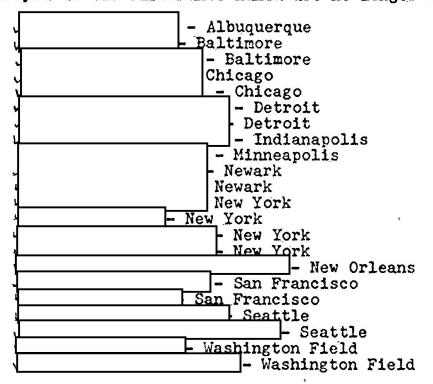
Next month another memorandum will be prepared showing the progress of the Security Informant Program and it will reflect the figures for the current month, the preceding month and the grand total from the inception of the program.

Office Memorandum . United states government DATE: April 9, 1957 MR. A. H. BELMON TO Tole 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Tamm (SAC, Quantico) FROM :MR. F. J. BAUMGARDNER 1 - Mr. Donohue SUBJECT: WAR PLANS - VITAL RECORDS TO QUANTICO Reference is made to the Executives Conference memorandum dated September 14, 1954, concerning the preparation of duplicate records for retention in Quantico for use in the event of an emergency. Photostats of alphabetical 3x5 active security informant index cards have been made and are maintained genoli. in Quantico: There are attached 31 Photostats of additions which should be placed in the index at Quantico alphabetically and by field division as follows: FOR INSTRUCTIONS AS Albany TO DISSEMINATION Albuquerque SEE FILE 66-17 Birmingham Boston Buffalo Chicago Chicago Chicago Chicago Detroit Denver 76 APR 15 1957 Kansas City Los Angeles INITIALS UN UH GINAL 67D Mobile Norfolk New Haven - Newark 4-10.57 Ki - New York - New York - New York Philadelphia Phoenix San Diego San Diego - San Francisco - San Francisco - San Francisco Washington Field Washington Field Washington Field - Washington Field (4)

Memorandum Mr. Baumgardner to Mr. Belmont RE: WAR PLANS - VITAL RECORDS TO QUANTICO

The following Photostats now in Quantico should be destroyed as the informants named are no longer active:

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ACTION:

Is is recommended that this memorandum and attachments be sent to Quantico in order that the necessary action may be taken. When Quantico has taken action, this memorandum should be returned to the Security Informant Desk for filing.



DATE OF MAIL 4-25-57

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HAS BEEN REMOVED AND PLACED IN THE SPECIAL FILE ROOM OF RECORDS BRANCH

SEE FILE 66-2554-7530 FOR AUTHORITY.

2 nformants - General.

57 MAY 6 3967

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FILE NUMBER 66-25-42-3-1055

PERMANENT SERIAL CHARGEOUT

- STĂNDARD FORM NO. GE

Office Memorandum · United States Government

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/		1			
TO	•	Mr.	F.	J.	Baumgardner
					1

DATE: May 24, 1957

Tolson

Nichols _ Boardman Belmont _ Mason _

Parsons

FROM : J. D. Donohue

SUBJECT: SECURITY INFORMANT PROGRAM

- heart

As the result of our conferences on security informants in April and May of last year, SAC Letter 56-34 Nease dated June 18, 1956, set forth changes in policy and procedures which, among other things, permits the SAC in certain Gandy instances to approve interviews with individuals to determine whether such persons have any informant potential. This program has saved considerable correspondence between the field and the Bureau and has accelerated our informant program. If such individual is cooperative Bureau authority must then be obtained to develop the subject as an informant. This authority in the SAC does not apply, however, to delicate situations or to those individuals employed in the newspaper field, education field and the like.

The following is a tabulation summarizing results of this program for the month of April, the previous month of March and the grand total from the inception of this program which has been in existence for the past ten months.

e faf et ji i	APRIL	MARCH	TOTAL	
A. Active Communists Number contacted	179	61	1600	Î N
B. Other Individuals 1. Cases opened 2. Cases closed 3. Number contacted a. Number coopera		970 1,093 738	11,882 9,616 7,619	ع
informant mate b. Number coopera and having inf	erial 295 ative	314	2,801	
potential c. Number complet negative	110 tely 290	94 330	1,098 3,720	
C. Results Number of sources, F informants developed	SIs and	66-25-A	652	\$ 60 /
JDD: jas (3) y The same of the	71 8500	24 MAY 28 195		San Service
53 MAY 31 1957 34	N RECORDED.	15	Thank.	

Memorandum for Mr. Baumgardner RE: SECURITY INFORMANT PROGRAM 66-2542-3

The performance of each office in implementing this program is being followed closely. The program in all offices has now achieved the momentum we feel is necessary to take advantage of the confusion and disillusionment developing in Communist Party ranks. It was not necessary during the past month to transmit letters to any offices regarding their activity under this program.

ACTION:

Next month another memorandum will be prepared showing the progress of the Security Informant Program and it will reflect the figures for the current month, the preceding month and the grand total from the inception of the program.

INITIALS ON ONIGINAL

***** UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT OFFICE MEMORANDUM 5/29/57 TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (97-1028) Date: SAC, SEATTLE (65-852) FROM: FRONTIER BOOK STORE CORPORATION SUBJECT: INTERNAL SECURITY - C Rebulet dated 5/15/576 The Department has inquired as to the availability head of the following informants in connection with the possible designation of the captioned organization pursuant to Executive Order 10450: Report of SA ANDREW J. ZIMMERMAN dated 3/26/43 at Seattle. T-1: Report of SA FREDERICK H. SCHMIDT dated 3/31/43 at Seattle. b7D 66-2542-3-1057 INDEXED - 80 NOT RECORDED 141 JUN 14 1957 26)-Bureau (AM - REG.) 25-Seattle (see Page 1-A for file designation)

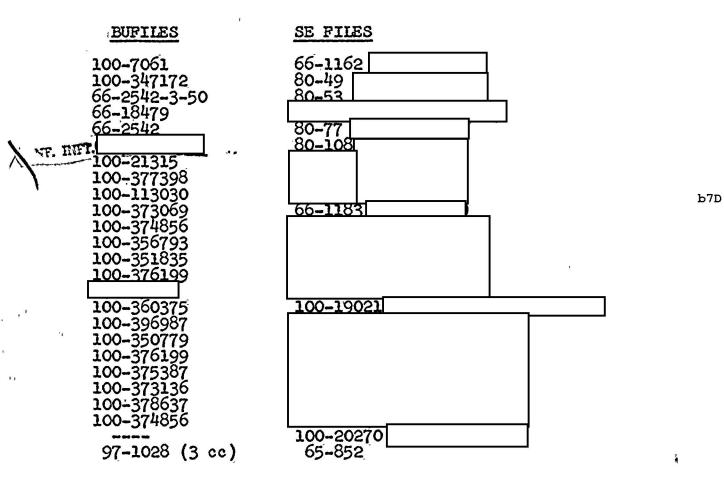
JUL 16 1957

REM: EP

(51)

JUN 25 1957 2

1 copy each to following files:



(3)	Report of	SA FREDERICK H. SCHMIDT dated 11/9/43 at Seattle.	•
		<u> </u>	Ţ
			b 7D
(4)	Report of	SA WILLIAM W. PRICE, JR., dated 4/8/44, Seattle.	
(5)	Report of	SA ARTHUR L. ROBBINS dated 12/4/44 at Seattle.	
(6)	Report of	SA ROBERT V. HARMAN, JR., dated 5/7/46 at Seattle.	
	T-1:		
			1
	T-2:		
(7)	Report of	SA ROBERT V. HARMAN, JR., dated 9/6/46, Seattle.	b 71
	T-1 :		
		a	
(8)	Report of	SA JOHN R. BRECKENRIDGE dated 8/13/47 at Seattle.	
	T-1:		

<i>(-5)</i>	
(9) Report of SA	JOHN R. BRECKENRIDGE dated 1/31/48, Seattle.
T-2:	b7D
T-5:	
т-6:	
T-7:	
T-8:	
(10) Report of SA	JOHN R. BRECKENRIDGE dated 3/3/49 at Seattle.
T-1:	b7D
·	
T-2:	
T-3:	
T-4:	
(11) Report of SA	FREDERICK W. BUOL dated 9/16/49 at Seattle.
T-1:	b7D
T-2:	
T-3:	
T-6:	
T-8:	

- 3 -

(12)	Report of SA	STEVE S.	CARTER date	ed 3/3/50 at	Seattle.	
	T-1:			1		b7D
	T-4:					
	т-6:					
	T-7 :					
(13)	Report of SA	JOHN R. I	BRECKENRIDGE	dated 10/1	7/50, Seattl	e.
	T-1:					b 7D
	T-2:					
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	L					
(14)	Report of SA	STEVE. S.	CARTER date	ed 5/4/51 at	Seattle.	•
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	т-6:					
	T-8:					•
	T-9:					
(15)	Report of SA	STEVE S.	CARTER dat	ed 11/7/51	at Seattle.	1
	T-1:					b7D
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	T-3:		b7D
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	T-7 :		
,	T-8:		•
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	T-10:		
(16)	Report of SA	STEVE S. CARTER dated 5/29/52 at Seattle.	
	T-1:		b7D
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(17)	Report of SA	ROBERT E. MASON dated 1/7/53 at Seattle.	
	T-1:		b 7D
	T-3:		
	T-4:		
	T-13:		
(18)	Report of SA	ROBERT E. MASON dated 9/30/53 at Seattle.	,
	T-1:		b7D
	T-3:		
	T-13:		

- 5 -

(19)	Report of	SA	ROBERT	E.	MASON	dat	ed	6/11/54	at	Seattle.	į.
	T-8:				\neg						
(20)	Report of	SA	ROBERT	E.	MASON	dat	eđ,	2/1/55	at S	Seattle.	
	T-2:										
	T-3:										
	T-11:										
	T-12:										
(21)	Report of	SÁ	ROBERT	E.	MASON	dat	ed	9/30/55	at	Seattle.	
	T-1:										i
	T-6:										
	T-7:										
	T-8:										
	T-12:										
(55)	Report of	SA	ROBERT	E.	MASON	dat	eď	4/16/56	at	Seattle.	ŧ
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	T-2:										
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DATE OF MAIL 3-28-57

INTELLIGENCE DIVISION.

HAS BEEN REMOVED AND PLACED IN THE SPECIAL FILE ROOM OF RECORDS BRANCH

SEE FILE 66-2554-7530 FOR AUTHORITY.

REMOVED BY 57 JUN 10 100

FILE NUMBER 66-25-42-3-1057

PERMANENT SERIAL CHARGEOUT

fice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Tolson

- Leur in 66-2554

DATE: June 5

The Executives Conference

PAYMENT JUSTIFICATION LETTERS

Trotter

CONCERNING CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS

Securify Interments - a Tele. Room On June 4, 1957, the Executives Conference, consisting of Gam Messrs. Tolson, Nichols, Hölloman, Tamm, Rosen, Belmont, D. E. Moore, Nease, Parsons, Trotter and Mohr, considered the question of the considered the substitution of the considered that the substitution of the considered the substitution of the considered that the considered that the considered that the consisting of the consistency of the c of whether payments to confidential informants in the field and in foreign offices should be justified every three months or every six months.

Currently there are 900 confidential informants in the field and a considerable number in foreign offices being paid on an extended basis. The payments are justified by the submission of payment letters averaging four pages every three months. Mr. Belmont advised the Conference that such correspondence could be reduced by an estimated 1,800 to 2,000 letters per year if these \ justifications were extended from three to six months.

Executives Conference Recommendation:

The Executives Conference unanimously voted against justifying payments to these informants every six months instead of every three months on the basis that by so doing necessary controls would be relaxed. Therefore, payments being made to confidential informants in the field and in foreign offices on an extended basis will continue to be justified by the submission of payment letters every three months.

RECORDED-38 1"!DEXED - 38 16 JUN 11 1957 cc: Mr. Tolson Mr. Tamm Mr. Boardman Mr. Belmont Mr. Nease Mr. Baumgardner Mr. Cleveland

WVC:mpp (9)

71 JUN 131957

Continuitial Sources

The Masse Committee of Un-handling Assertites has an inspirated John Coaley to not him to name the sources of information for the book on blacklisting. Mr. Coaley's book, published a year or so ago under the auspices of the Fund for the Republic, dealt with the radio, television and movie industries and gave great displaceure to the chairman of the Committee, Rep. Francis Walter. Haled before the Committee at that time and asked to name his confidential sources, Mr. Cogley demurred politely and was upheld by most to the Committee members present. Representative Doyla declared. I wish to say that I do not think he elect to he required to reveal his confidential sources. And Representations Mostler.

that he desired them and a site them as a life tempt if he refused to do so. But them, is an old and deeply ingrained tradition in American four

nalism which requires a newsman, as a matter of honor, to respect the confidence of those who talk to him confidentially. Mr. Cogley has written

to Representative Walter saying that he will answer any questions which the Committee may want to ask about his own life, actions or affiliations but that he will not name his sources. His

position does him credit and is in accord with the best standards of his calling.

In writing about blacklisting in radio, television and the movies, Mr. Cogley was engaged in a straightforward plece of journalism. Naturally, he had to get much of his information by interviewing individuals. Naturally, too, many of athose whom he interviewed talked to him off, the record because they were fearful of being quoted or otherwise identified. In part, no doubt, they were fearful because of the demonstrated vindictiveness of the Un-American Activities Committee.

The calling of Mr. Cogley in the first place was an instance of this vindictiveness. And the current suppens is an extension of it.

This newspaper said at the time of Mr. Cogley's first hearing and continues to believe that "the Un-American Activities Committee has no business trying to make a writer reveal names which he has undertaken to keep in confidence. Freedom of the press would be seriously abridged if

committees of Congress ignored the obligation of seporters to maintain the confidentiality of sources of information."

The date for Mr. Cogley's new appearance before the Committee has been twice postponed purhaps in deference to Mr. Doyle and other more responsible members. We hope that Mr. Cogley will stand by his principles and the Committee will have enough American to respect them.

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Wash. Star
N. Y. Herald

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N. Y. Daily News _____ N. Y. Times _____

Daily Worker

The Worker ______ New Leader _____

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,	<u>.</u>		June 6, 1957
1	Toi	From: (Suggester's name)	Division of Assignment
	Director, FBI	SA ROBERT L. CHAPMAN &-	// San Juan
1111	meeting or from evidenciary valuating who was the activities this report, in individual and	and then only by position formant could then make a simply state that so-and-so such a date and place and	mation is of potential of the meeting without nose who spoke or conducted in the party. After making separate report on each
10			.h.s
Las Int-toconous ts -	Part I, page 186 reports but method and If informant's only the report the meeting would present. This rother than the other reporting in report that did	nod not reflected. Tennual savings (include basis for estimate) report is required for any on the individual and poss ld be needed, preventing di method could prevent the di one making the report, that	sibly the general report of sclosure of the names of all sclosing of informants, are mentioned therein.
20.1217	It would mean more reports to be co-designa	ore work for the informant onsidered for filing.	and additional volume of
7	emnl's nei	ca sualak	
	concerning FBI remerit. It is su	mis of Division Head In View of the eports, it appears that SA ggested the Bureau furnish suggestion program.	recent Supreme Court decision CHAPMAN's suggestion has some a letten to him for his ecial Agent in Charge
, 3	Reparts Der 5 fa	or Bureau use only) RECORDED - 7866 Vices 1/12/57, on 2 mr Boarling 18 6/14/57 - RIM: 18	Signature and Title 1059

Office Memorandum • UNITED STARS GOVERNMENTS

TO

Mr. L. V. Boardman 🦟

DATE: June 5, 1957

Rosen

Tamm

Wieterfowd

PROM

Mr. A. H. Belmont

Subject:

CALIFORNIA EMERGENCY DEFENSE COMMITTEE

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

Osecurity inft - gen

By SAC Letter January 29, 1957, the field was instructed that whenever a current or previously undisclosed Bureau informant testified for the first time, the informant was to be interviewed by the SAC and Agent who had handled him. The informant was to be advised that he would no longer be operated by the Bureau; that since he had become a public figure he would probably be contacted by representatives of the press, radio and television, and he would probably be sought as a witness by congressional committees, by Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) and by state authorities. The informant was to be warned that he must continue to be factual and truthful and he must not build up or embellish his statements since, if he does so he will eventually windup in serious trouble.

By letter May 21, 1957, Ios Angeles advised that six previously undisclosed informants, who had testified at the California Emergency Defense Committee hearing before the Subversive Activities Control Board (SACB), had been interviewed in accordance with the above instructions. SAC Malone pointed out that he felt the interviews were effective and definitely aided the Bureau's efforts to prevent the informants from becoming involved in situations which might prove embarrassing to them or to the Bureau. SAC Malone felt that the program should definitely be continued and he suggested that it might be extended by having the interview conducted one or two days prior to the informant's actual appearance as a witness rather than waiting until immediately after the informant testifies.

100-383195
Enclosure Sect 6-7-5/
cc Boardman
Belmont
Baumgardner
Reddy
EBR:pat

170 JUN 17 1957

14 JUN 14 1957

60 JUN 20 1957

A BHO

deinal copy filed in

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman
RE: CALIFORNIA EMERGENCY DEFENSE COMMITTEE
100-383195

OBSERVATIONS:

It is felt that the program should be continued as it now exists. If the interview is conducted before the informant appears as a witness and this becomes known to the defense, the Bure au could be charged with intimidating or coaching the witness. The real purpose of this program is to prevent embarrassing situations from arising after the informant testifies for the first time.

142

RECOMMENDATION:

That the attached letter be transmitted to Los Angeles so advising.

- .2 -

lin

6/4/57 SAC LETTER NO. 57-33

(F) SECURITY INFORMANTS - SECTION V, THE FIRST INTERVIEW - SECTION VI, DEVELOPMENT - SECTION VII, HANDLING - CENTRAL RESEARCH MATTER -- The captioned monographs, which are being sent under separate cover, have been prepared for the use of all Special Agents and should not be disseminated outside the Bureau. Section V includes discussions of such basic factors of the first interview as preparation, difficulties, purpose, scope, objectives, and qualifications of the interviewing Agents. Section VI discusses the problems involved in developing a security informant. Section VII treats the questions concerned with the handling of security informants.

The material for these studies was furnished exclusively by field office Agents. It is the quintessence of their experiences in this difficult work. Thus, these studies should be of value to both experienced and new Agents.

These monographs should be added to the field office library and afforded the usual security precautions.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8/31/83 DY SP 8 675 ad

10 JUN 14 1957

ce Memorandum • United States Government

TO Mr. L. V. Boardman

DATE: June 14, 1957

Tele. Room ..

FROM : Mr. A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT: SUGGESTION NUMBER 677,57

SECURITY INFORMANTS = REPORTS

Special Agent Robert L. Chapman, San Juan Office, Holloman suggests that security informants, when reporting on a Communist Party (CP) or front function, submit a detailed report of the function, setting forth only by position the speakers and leaders at the function, thereafter submitting separate reports on each individual involved. Special Agent Chapman points out that if defense attorneys call for the informants' reports at any subsequent court proceeding, only the general report covering the function plus the report naming the one individual being tried would be submitted, thus preventing disclosure of any other informants or the naming of the other individuals involved.

OBSERVATIONS:

Subject of security informants reports has been under extensive study since the United States Supreme Court decision of 6-3-57 concerning Clinton Edward Jencks. One of the possibilities considered was the general idea embodied in Special Agent Chapman's suggestion. It was noted that the suggested method would (1) require a great volume of informant reports, (2) result in inferior reports, and (3) place an intolerable burden on the informant in view of the clandestine conditions under which the informant must operate. Since defense attorneys could and likely would demand all of an informant's reports pertaining to a function and could accuse the Bureau of trickery or deceit in the preparation of such reports, this idea was refused after careful study. Appropriate instructions amending the present method of informant. reporting are now in the process of being sent to the field.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

. INDEXED - 78 66 - 2542 - 1 It is recommended that this suggestion not be adopted for the foregoing reasons and that this matter be referred to the Training and Inspection Division for further action. Training and Inspection Division agrees that the suggestion should not be adopted.

1 - Mr. Boardman No further action recommended on this suggestion

1 - Mr. Tamm Chapman has been thanked by letter.

RECORDED - 78

ZDÓ Some changes have already been 1 - Mr. Belmont l - Mr. Miles

made. Experience under the new system Will be our best quile to surther

.RJM:bam

ice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. F. J. Baumgardne

June 21, 1957 DATE:

Nichols

Rosen Tamm .

Boardman Belmont

Mr. J. D. Dondhue FROM :

SECURITY INFORMANTS PROGRAM

Trotter As the result of our conferences on security informants Nease. in April and May of last year, SAC Letter 56-34 dated June 18, Tele. Room Holloman 1956, set forth changes in policy and procedures which, among Gandy other things, permits the SAC in certain instances to approve interviews with individuals to determine whether such persons have any informant potential. This program has saved considerable correspondence between the field and the Bureau and has accelerated wour informant program. If such individual is cooperative Bureau authority must then be obtained to develop the subject as an This authority in the SAC does not apply, however, to delicate situations or to those individuals employed in the newspaper field, education field and the like.

The following is a tabulation summarizing results of this program for the month of May, the previous month of April and the grand total from the inception of this program which has been in existence for the past eleven months.

	MAY.	APRIL	TOTAL
A. Active Communists Number contacted	164	179	1,763
B. Other Individuals 1. Cases opened 2. Cases closed 3. Number contacted a. Number cooperative but not potential	844 858 657	807 889 695	12,727 10,455 8,263
informant material b. Number cooperative and having informant	262	295	3,066
potential	77	110	1,173
c. Number completely negative	318	290	4,024
C. Results Number of sources, PSIs and informants developed	, <u>3</u> 8	¹ +3	683
66-2542-3 JDD: Jas (3)	OED 438 EX-131	66-254a	<u>-3</u> - 106 f
1 - Mr. Baumgardner Mr. Donohue	• EX-131	12/1/1/261-1	
66 JUL 1 1957		A PO CONTRACTOR	

Memorandum for Mr. Baumgardner RE: SECURITY INFORMANT PROGRAM 66-2542-3

The performance of each office in implementing this program is being followed closely. The program in all offices has now achieved the momentum we feel is necessary to take advantage of the confusion and disillusionment developing in Communist Party ranks. It was necessary during the past month to transmit letters to Norfolk and Louisville regarding their activity under this program.

ACTION:

2 Oralle

Next month another memorandum will be prepared showing the progress of the Security Informant Program and it will reflect the figures for the current month, the preceding month and the grand total from the inception of the program.

fice Memorandum • united states government

THE DIRECTOR

DATE: June 25, 1957

IN FROM :

MR. L. V. BOARDMAN

Security

SUBJECT:

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANTS AND

SIMILAR TYPES OF COVERAGE

JUNE

Hollomon

SYNOPSIS:

This is a monthly memorandum setting forth the total (Kt number of the Bureau's confidential informants and trash and mail covers as set forth in the attached pages.

OBSERVATIONS:

Technical surveillances are only utilized when necessary and are discontinued when they are no longer productive. Their number varies and as of this date we are operating 82 technical surveillances. All are being used on security investigations. Twenty-three microphone surveillances are presently in use and al are concerned with security investigations.

Twenty security informants were added and 23 deleted which makes the total of 953 security informants. Potential security informants have decreased from 483 to 461.

During May, 1957, 42 new criminal informants were added, while 43 former informants were deleted. This net decrease of one informant lowered the total number of criminal informants to 1747. Also during May, 1957, a net decrease of 2 potential criminal informants reflected a new total in that category of 5617.

There are 78 trash covers. The field lists the total of 137 mail covers. Of this number 27 are maintained in criminal fugitive cases and 7 in criminal cases other than fugitive. There are 103 mail covers in security cases.

ACTION:

NCLOSERE This is for your information.

- . 7. V. Boardman : l - Mr. A. Rosen
- Mr. A. H. Belmont
- Mr. F. J. Baumgardner
- Mr. C. L. Green 1 - Mr. A. B. Eddy
- 1 Mr. J. D. Donohue

JDD: Jas Jul 16 1957

554469162317933469952763290882100 127933469952763290882100	66-2542-3-1062
257 46 23 62 149 180 68 42 150	ENCLOSURE

FIELD OFFICES	TS	MS	ISMC	FMC	OMC	TC	SI	PSI	CI	PCI
Albany Albuquerque Anchorage Atlanta Baltimore Birmingham Braton Bralo Ete Charlotte Chicago Cincinnati Cleveland Dallas Denver Detroit El Paso Honolulu Houston Indianapolis Kansas City Knoxville Little Rock Little Rock In Angeles Isville Indiana	000000010040101200000000000000000000000	000000140000100000000000000000000000000	20004011003010010000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	400070000000000000000000000000000000000	1762059751366687035213321185	642186245359824721491403016	33°948418983236063646149953206	55148916237933469567254232908 16237933469567254232908 1501008 15148916237933469567254232908 151008 15148916237933469567254232908 15148916237933469567254232908 15148916237933469567254232908 15148916237933469567254232908 15148916237933469567254232908 15148916237933469567254232908 15148916237933469567254232908 15148916237933469 15148916237933469 15148916237933469 15148916237933469 15148916237933469 1514891623793469 151489162379 151489

Legend

TS - Technical Surveillances MS - Microphone Surveillances
ISMC - Internal Security Mail Covers
FMC - Fugitive Mail Covers
OMC - Other Mail Covers

TC - Trash Covers SI - Security Informants
PSI - Potential Security Informants
CI - Criminal Informants
PCI - Potential Criminal Informants

FIELD OFFICES	TS .	MS.	ISMC -	FMC	OMC.	TC	sī	PSI	CI	PCI
Milwaukee	1	1	1	Õ	0	0	7	15	28	99
Minneapolis	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	20	45	99 89
Mobile	0	0	0	l	0	0	6	5	34	89
Newark	5	2	7	1	0	3	32	19	30 18	216 45
New Haven	Ó	0	Ŏ,	0	0	2	17	17	1 8	45
New Orleans	Ο,	0	O .	0	0	0	6	ì	47	93
N York	40	5	<i>5</i> 3	3	2	14	61	47	66	93 561 -
folk	0	Ŏ	Ō	Ō	0	0	2	2	18	32
Chlahoma City	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	O '	23 18 44	32 65 80
Omaha	0	0	Ο,	0	O.	0	1	3	18	80
Philadelphia	1	1	3	O	0	21	55 14	8	յեյե	134
Phoenix	0	0	1	1	0	0	14	17	11	70
Pittsburgh	ŀ	1	2	1	0	0	13	6	43	73
Portland	· O	0	0	1	0	0	13	10	43 34 28	59
Richmond	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	28	236
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	8	40	70 73 59 36 101
Salt Lake City	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	11.	9	36	72 78
San Antonio	0	0	0	0	0	0	23 25 85 13	16	15 24	78
San Diego	<u>o</u>	Ō	2	0	O	O	25	6		52
San Francisco	5	3	1	1	Q	3	85	33 14	39	221
San Juan	O O	0	0	o o	0	Ō	13	14	13 18	67
Savannah	o	o	0	0	O	Ō	3	_5	18	112
Seettle	1	1	2	2	0	1	25	15	38	155
ingfield	-0	Ō	0	_0	O	0	:5	3	27	63
shington Field	16	<u> </u>	13	10	<u> </u>	16	- 27	_r, <u>_</u> r5	17	103
Total	82	23	103	27	7	78	953	461	1747	5617

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION June 18 Room 5744_ TO: Director Mr. Nichols Mr. BoardmarMr. Mobr. Mr. Belmont Mr. Parsons Mr. Mohr Mr. Rosen. Mr. Tamm Mr. Rosen Mr. Trotter. Mr. Tamm Mr. Nease. Mr. Trotter Tele. Room. Mr. Parsons Mr. Holloman Miss Gandy. Mr. Nease Mr. Holloma Miss Gandy Personnel Files Section Records Section Mrs. Skillman Mrs. Brown See Me For appropriate action Send File Note and Return I would like to suggest that the proposed SAC Letter concerning reports security informants be shown to Assistant Attorneys General Tompkins and White.

Clyde Tolson

N

62 JUL 9 1957

RECORDED - 9 6. 2542 - 3. 1063 EX-117 8 WWW 28 1957

ice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Mr. Belmont affine 28 57 DATE: June 14, 1957 FROM : HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED CLINTON EDWARD JENCKS CASEDATE 5/4/94 BYSPSOLOGI SUBJECT: LMRA, 1947 SECURITY INFORMANTS - REPORTS loman There is attached a proposed letter to all SACs in accordance with the recommendations set out in the attached memorandum dated June 7, 1957, on the preparation and handling of security informant reports. The SAC letter provides that henceforth security informants must prepare two types of reports; an evidentiary report and a separate report containing intelligence information. The evidentiary report must be restricted to factual data concerning which the informant is in a position to testify from his own personal knowledge and must not contain any gossip, hearsay, or lead information. Evidentiary reports will be Ifiled in a separate section or subfile of the informant's file and will be available for production in court if necessary to back up the testimony of the informant. The field is also being instructed to see to it that informants, where feasible, submit separate reports on unrelated meetings or activities in which they participate. The second type report known as the in Italigence report will contain only hearsay, lead information, personal beliefs and opinions of informants and other data not believed of evidentiary character. This reports will constitute intelligence data and under ordinary circumstances should not be required to be produced in court intelligence reports: are to be handled and filed in the same manner as evidentiary reports. The field is also being reminded that during each contact with informant to go over with the informant information furnished æ, by him since the previous contact to be certain we have received all information obtained by him. Further, if informant supplies additional information during this contact, the information 0 should be set out in a written or oral report either factual H or hearsay as the case may be. 66- 2542-3-1064 Enclosures 1 - Training and Inspection Division Mr. Boardman Mr. Belmont Mr. Donohue JDD: jas por 59 JUL 9 1957 指2

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11:45 AM, 6/18/57 In the last paragraph, it is stated that "Specific instructions have been issued on the use of the taterview report form.... These instructions have been prepared and are being sent to Mr. Tolson's office now and will be through as soon as Mr. Tolson reviews them. F.C. Holloman REC'D BELHONT

Memorandum to Mr. Boardman CLINTON EDWARD JENCKS CASE LMRA, 1947 SECURITY INFORMANTS - REPORTS

The field is also being advised that these instructions apply also to reports submitted by potential security informants, panel sources, security confidential sources and security sources of information.

ACTION:

In line with the above, it is recommended that the attached letter to all SACs be approved and transmitted to the Training and Inspection Division for appropriate action. Necessary changes in the Manual of Instructions are being prepared. The preparation of this SAC Letter has been coordinated with the Bureau Bulletin on investigative report writing which has been prepared for transmission to the field.

ice Memorandum • united states government

Mr. F. J. Baumgardner Mr. J. D. Donoh

DATE: July 25, 1957

Tolson Nichols

Tamm

Boardman Belmont Mobr . Parsons.

SECURITY INFORMANTS PROGRAM

Trotter As the result of our conferences on security informants Nease. in April and May of last year, SAC Letter 56-34 dated June 18, Tele. Room Holloman 1956, set forth changes in policy and procedures which, among Gandy other things, permits the SAC in certain instances to approve interviews with individuals to determine whether such persons have any informant potential. This program has saved considerable correspondence between the field and the Bureau and has accelerated our informant program. If such individual is cooperative Bureau authority must then be obtained to develop the subject as an informant. This authority in the SAC does not apply, however, to delicate situations or to those individuals employed in the newspaper field, education field and the like.

The following is a tabulation summarizing the results of this program for the month of June, the previous month of May and the grand total from the inception of this program which has been in existence for the past year.

A	Active Communists	JUNE .	MAY	TOTAL	
.A.	Number contacted	212	164	1,915	
В.	Other Individuals 1. Cases opened 2. Cases closed 3. Number contacted a. Number cooperative	.881 796 589	.8114 858 657	13,608 11,251 8,852	· ja
	but not potential informant material b. Number cooperative and having informations	•	262	· _3,291	E
	potential	72	77	1,2 ¹ + ¹ +	
-	c. Number completely negative	290	318	4,316	1
C.	Results Number of sources, PSIs as informants developed	nd 37	38	728	
JDD		RDID - 64	<u>66 - 25 42</u> 7 JUL 26 1957	=3-1665	
	Mr. Donohue EX	1,105	-	-d	1

71 JUL 31 1957

Memorandum for Mr. Baumgardner RE: SECURITY INFORMANT PROGRAM 66-2542-3

The performance of each office in implementing this program is being followed closely. The program in all offices has now achieved the momentum we feel is necessary to take advantage of the confusion and disillusionment developing in Communist Party ranks. It was necessary during the past month to transmit letters to Dallas and Denver regarding their activity under this program.

ACTION:

Next month another memorandum will be prepared showing the progress of the Security Informant Program and it will reflect the figures for the current month, the preceding month and the grand total from the inception of the program.

Jr.

Section K - Part.

7/2/57 SAC LETTER NO. 57-39 SECURITY INFORMANTS-GENERAL

(K)—VOUCHERS, CONFIDENTIAL - SECURITY INFORMANTS - CRIMINAL INFORMANTS -- Reference is made to SAC Letter Number 57-14, Section J. Effective immediately, instructions regarding the submission of informant receipts to the Bureau are revised as follows: If the future, receipts are not to be placed in envelopes at tached to blue slips, but are to be stapled directly to the blue glips, leaving a margin of at least one inch to one and one-half inches at the top to avoid contact with the Acco fastener punch. The staples should be placed in such a manner that the dates or other data appearing on the receipts will not be mutilated, and all information on the receipts should be easily read without detaching them from the blue slips.

The above revision does not rescind the other provisions of SAC Letter Number 57-14, Section J.

It has been noted that there is an increasing trend on the part of the field to make payments covering periods which do not conform to the periods for which payments were authorized. For example, where payments are authorized on a monthly basis, numerous payments are being made on a weekly basis, sometimes causing the periods to overlap into another month.

It can be readily seen that if an informant was authorized each month of the vear. and payments of payments of per week were made, an overpayment of would result by the In addition, where a period is shown reflecting end of the year. portions of two or more months, as determined by the effective date of the authorization, the Bureau cannot determine the amount applicable to each month under the authorization. If it is desired to make weekly payments, Bureau authority should be requested accordingly. If, after requesting and being granted Bureau authority to make payments on a monthly basis, several payments are made within a single authorized month, the Bureau must insist that the periods for such payments be kept entirely within the month with no overlap into the preceding or succeeding months.

In addition, it has been necessary to suspend numerous blue slip items because the information reflected on the blue slip (that is, amount, date, period, and purpose of payment) did not agree with information reflected on the receipt and other supporting documents. It is requested that all agent personnel be reminded that the information reflected on the blue slip must be in complete agreement with the information reflected on its supporting documents before the item may be processed for payment.

7/2/57
SAC LETTER NO. 57-3ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED NOT RECORDED

62 JUL 19 1957 PATE 8 30 83 BY 3P 8 BY

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Many blue slip items are suspended because payments were made on SAC authority, and neither the information obtained nor the circumstances surrounding the payment are fully explained in accordance with Sections 107N and 108J of the Manual of Instructions.

You are also reminded that no additions or alterations are to be made to an informant's receipt by Bureau personnel after the receipt has been executed and signed by the informant, nor should case titles or symbol numbers appear on the receipt.

Every effort should be made to obtain receipts in all instances. The absence of a receipt in support of a blue slip item should be fully explained. If circumstances are such that it is impractical to obtain a receipt, such circumstances must be fully outlined on the blue slip.

Reference is made to SAC Letter Number 55-15, "Stipulation Re Payments Made to Witnesses." The following instructions supersede those set forth therein, and should be placed in effect immediately.

In trials where informants, former informants, or other persons who were paid sums of money are prospective witnesses, it is necessary for the Bureau to furnish the Department tabulations of payments made to such prospective witnesses. Hereafter it will be the responsibility of the office handling prosecution to determine from the departmental attorneys what individuals are to be used as witnesses. Thereafter the office should furnish and/or cause other appropriate offices to furnish to the Bureau the following information:

- 1. The correct, full name.
- 2. All aliases, code names, and symbol numbers.
- 3. The first date of contact by your office.
- 4. If first contact was prior to September, 1944, the names of all SA's, SAC's, and ASAC's who contacted and may have made payments.
- 5. A tabulation of all payments, broken down as to the amount applicable to services and the amount applicable to expenses.

7/2/57 SAC LETTER NO. 57-39

- 6. A listing of any advances, refunds, and outstanding balances of advances.
 - 7. The date of last contact by your office.
- 8. Whether the individual has been contacted by any other office.

Each individual and each item of information must be accounted for. If no contact was made with a particular individual, the Bureau must be so advised.

The only exception to the above is where an informant has previously been used and a tabulation of payments prepared. In such instances, information for Items 5 through 8 need be given only from the date of the last trial in which the individual was used.

The above information should be submitted separate and apart from correspondence setting forth derogatory information, and should be addressed to the attention of the Administrative Division, Voucher Unit. Also, the original of all interdivisional correspondence should be designated for the Bureau and copies to interested offices.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Director

Enclosures for Letters (A) and (C)

7/2/57 SAC LETTER NO. 57-39

Office Memoundum · UNITED ST ES GOVERNMENT

THE DIRECTOR

June 20, 1957

PROM : L. V. Boardman

SECURITY INFORMANTS - REPORTS

The attached proposed letter to all SACs, captioned SECURITY INFORMANTS - REPORTS, was discussed, pursuant to your instructions, with AAGs White and Tompkins. Both stated that they were in thorough agreement with the content, and Tompkins was particularly enthusiastic about the content because he said it rectified some of his previous problems, particularly the separation in informant reports of evidentiary material from intelligence material which, according to the instructions, will be separately reported.

Irrespective of any legislation that might be passed, it is believed that the instructions contained in the attached proposed SAC letter should go to the field, in view of the fact that under these instructions our informant reports henceforth would be separated as to evidentiary information and lead-hearsay-or in intelligence-type information. This, therefore, would constitute a decided improvement in informant reporting procedures.

At the time the captioned SAC letter was exhibited to White and Tompkins; a proposed Bureau bulletin on REPORT WRITING - USE OF INTERVIEW REPORT FORM was also discussed in detail, as reflected in a separate memorandum concerning the bulletin. Both approved the bulletin.

Both White and Tompkins indicated that they would like to receive copies of the SAC letter and the bulletin, if sent to the field.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1. It is recommended that the attached letter to all SACs, captioned SECURITY INFORMANTS - REPORTS, be approved and immediately disseminated to the field.
- If the SAC letter is approved by you for transmittal to the field, it is recommended that copies be sent to the AG, Rogers, White and Tompkins, with the indication that the SAC letter was discussed with White and Tompkins and they approved same. (If the Bureau bulletin, handled in a separate memorandum, is approved by you for transmittal to the field, it is recommended that thereafter copies of the bulletin be sent to the AG, Rogers, White and Tompking Indicating that White and Tompkins approved same.) CM 746-3757/2-195 Enclosure

LVB:CSH (6)

cc Mr. Nichols Mr. Boardman, Mr. Tamm, Mr. Rosen, Mr.

57 JUL 17 1957

Director, FBI

Security informants - general

Because of the Jencks decision. I have caused to be prepared a bulletin addressed to all investigative employees of the FBI, in which are set out instructions as to the preparation of reports regarding interviews with witnesses, so that these reports will be in such form as to permit their ready production in court should such a judicial determination be made. A copy of the bulletin containing these instructions: is attached for your information.

I have also had prepared instructions to all Special Agents in Charge with reference to the handling and preparation of reports from . security informants. Briefly, these instructions provide that the informants' reports will be prepared in such a manner that those deal Ag with evidentiary data will be furnished separately from those dealing with intelligence-type information. This, again, will facilitate production of the informants' reports in court, if required. Alcopy of

these instructions is also attached for your information.

Mr. L. V. Boardman of the Bureau has discussed these Instructions in complete detail with Assistant Attorney General W. Wilson White and Assistant Attorney General William F. Tompkins, and they th made helpful suggestions which have been incorporated into the tructions to the field. They both also indicated that they felt the structions would be very beneficial in presecutive problems of the partment and the United States Atterneys, arising from the Jencks cision. These communications are being transmitted to the field with the request that these instructions he placed into immediate effect.

Enclosures (2)

cc - Mr. William P. Rogers Deputy Attorney General (1

> Assistant Attorney General, Based on memo Boardman to W. Wilson White (Enclosings -Director, 6/19/57 LVB:csh.

Assistant Attorney General william F. Tompkins (Enclosures: - 2)

rele Room - LVB:CSH: ekd cos Mr. Nichels, Mr. Boardman, Mr. Temm, Mr. Resen, Mr. Belmont

(Cover memo Boardman to Dir., 6 24 57.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO THE DIRECTOR

DATE: June 24, 1957

Parsons

FROM: L. V. Boardman

SUBJECT:

Reference is made to Mr. Nichols' memorandum to Mr. Tolson, Nease dated 6/20/57, captioned REPORT WRITING - USE OF INTERVIEW REPORT Hollomoff FORM, in connection with which you observed: "The Department is moving Gandy for legislation June 24. If we are all in agreement that draft of legislation is not inconsistent with these instructions they may be issued." (A proposed Bureau Bulletin was attached to this memorandum.)

Messrs. Nichols, Boardman, Rosen, Sizoo, Whelan and Fletcher concur that the instructions are not inconsistent with the proposed draft of legislation prepared in the Department.

Reference is also made to my memorandum to the Director dated 6/20/57, captioned SECURITY INFORMANTS - REPORTS, which recommended that the SAC letter concerning "Security Informants - Reports" be immediately transmitted to the field. This was approved by you. It was also recommended that we send copies of this SAC letter, as well as of the Bureau Bulletin captioned 'Report Writing - Use of Interview Report Form" to the Attorney General, Rogers, White and Tompkins, with the indication that White and Tompkins had approved same. This recommendation was also approved by you.

and

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1. There is attached, for your approval, a memorpholin is the AG, with copies for Rogers, White and Tompkins, attaching copies of this SAC letter and Bulletin.
- 2. If you concur with the observation of the above officials to the effect that the proposed Departmental legislation is not inconsistent with the instructions contained in the Bureau Bulletin, same will be immediately issued to the field.

LVB:CSH (6)
Enclosure Lett 6-25-5)

cc Mr. Nichols, Mr. Boardman, Mr. Tamm, Mr. Rosen, Mr. Belmont

2

nt July 28 1957

,61 JUL 2 1957 (3)

THE DIRECTOR

DATE: June 10, 1

raom: L. V. Boardman

Mr. Boardan Mr. Belmon

Mr. Mohr . Mr. Parsons Mr. Rosen. Mr. Tamm.

Mr. Trotter Mr. Nease Tele, Room Mr. Helloman

Miss Gandy.

REPORT WRITING - Use of Interview Report Form SECURITY INFORMANTS - Reports

general Pursuant to your instructions, accompanied by Mr. H. B. Fletcher Gandy and Supervisor J. D. Donohue, I conferred with Assistant Attorney General' W. Wilson White. Office of the Legal Counsel, concerning the proposed Bureau bulletin to all investigative employees captioned REPORT WRITING -USE OF INTERVIEW REPORT FORM, and the proposed letter to all SACs captioned SECURITY INFORMANTS - REPORTS.

Concerning the proposed bulletin concerning report writing, Mr. White read and readily understood the content of the bulletin, and was complimentary of the proposed changes, stating that it was apparent that we had an excellent grasp of the needed changes to be in compliance with the spirit of the Jencks He was particularly impressed with the interview report form procedure and commented that the fact that the original was annexed to the report, instead of being a part of it, was in his opinion an excellent solution to the problem raised by the Jencks decision.

He then commented that he felt that the interview report form ideawas so good that there would be no need for the agent to retain the rough notes of the interview, since his dictation of the interview report material was contemporaneous with the event and much more complete. stated that the rough notes should be destroyed. He indicated, however, after we had discussed the matter with him, that in those instances where precise notes had been taken, for example accounting work papers, crime scene search matters, laboratory examination matters, and fingerprint examination matters, then the original notes should be retained as work papers.

Since this is desirable from our standpoint, and since we were in hopes that, upon explaining what our rough notes were he would change the expression contained in his opinion memorandum of 6/13/57; we are changing the last paragraph on page five to be consistent with his observation.

LVB:CSH (6)

cc Mr. Nichols, Mr. Boardman, Mr. Tamm, Mr. Tamm, Belmont

Enclosure JUL'161957

The Director

Another observation made by Mr. White was with reference to the first paragraph of page 4, which states, "In applicant, Security of Government Employee, and security-type investigations, when it is necessary to conceal the identity of the person interviewed, the results of the interview shall be set forth on the interview report form, utilizing a T symbol but identifying the source only on the bottom of the original or evidentiary copy in the space provided."

Mr. White suggested the inadvisability of the original report containing a T symbol reference, inasmuch as this could occasion inquiry and argument from defense counsel concerning the significance of T symbols and why we were utilizing them. Defense counsel could be expected to impute deceit and concealment. We, therefore, have reworded the paragraph to indicate that the original shall be dictated so as to have no reference to any T symbol.

Mr. White commented during the discussion that he hoped it would not be necessary for the FBI to change any of its excellent and established investigative procedures. I informed Mr. White that we contemplated no change. He stated that was fine, and that the proposed changes in the reporting procedures in his opinion were excellent.

Concerning the proposed SAC letter captioned SECURITY INFORMANTS - REPORTS, Mr. White readily understood the instructions to the field and generally felt that these instructions were entirely acceptable in his opinion.

With reference to the fact that there will be secured from the informant, during the course of one interview, both evidentiary reports and intelligence reports, he expressed the observation that it is possible that, during a vigorous cross-examination of the informant, it will be ascertained that the informant not only furnished information reflected in the evidentiary report, but, in addition, furnished other material, the content of which was contained in a separate report. Such a situation could imply concealment on the part of the FBI.

The Director

After discussing this matter, Mr. White felt that the solution to this situation was that the FBI should, in conferring with the trial attorneys, advise them as to the number and entire scope of all of the informant's reports, thereby placing the trial attorneys on notice of the existence of reports not being used by the trial attorney. Then the trial attorney cannot be taken by surprise and the trial attorney can at the same time reach a decision, if desirable in his opinion, to indicate the existence of other reports, which are collateral and do not touch upon the matter in issue. We are adding a concluding paragraph to cover this point.

Mr. Fletcher, Mr. Donohue and I also conferred with Assistant Attorney General William F. Tompkins and Mr. Harold Kofsky, of his office, and they read the proposed Bureau bulletin relative to the interview report form and both found it very satisfactory and good, and had no suggestions to offer with reference to any changes or additions.

Mr. White's suggestions were pointed out to them and they concurred with Mr. White on the changes suggested by him.

Both Mr. Tompkins and Mr. Kofsky read the proposed SAC letter with reference to security informants' reports. They recommended a change in the last paragraph on page 2, suggesting that "a statement elicited from the informant that he has furnished all information which he has obtained since the last contact" be clarified, and it was agreed that in place of this phrase there would be a comment to the effect that the contacting agent should make certain that the informant has furnished all information obtained since the last contact. Of course, no such comment will appear in the informant report.

Mr. Tompkins expressed concern that many of the informants would not be able to prepare written reports so as to separate substantive-type information from intelligence-type information. He suggested that instructions be issued to take care of this possibility. In accordance with Mr. Tompkins'

The Director

suggestion, a paragraph is being inserted on page 3 of the proposed SAC letter to the effect that if any informant cannot absorb these instructions and is not able to properly prepare written reports of his information, it will be necessary for the contacting agent to obtain the information of ally and reduce it to writing for the informant's verification. This additional paragraph is being incomprated in the SAC letter.

I told both Messrs. White and Tompkins that we contemplated getting these instructions to the field promptly. I also asked Messrs. Tompkins and White whether they were in concurrence with these instructions or had any observations to add, in so far as the legal aspects were concerned. They both indicated that they were in complete concurrence.

Mr. White was particularly enthusiastic about the material on report writing, and Mr. Tompkins was equally enthusiastic about the material on security informants.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1. There is attached an SAC letter captioned SECURITY INFORMANTS REPORTS, incorporating therein the suggestions of Messrs. White and Tompkins. Upon your approval this SAC letter will be immediately disseminated to the field.
- 2. Recommendations concerning the proposed bulletin on report writing have now been incorporated in a memorandum from Mr. Nichols to Mr. Tolson, 6/20/57, which is superimposed on this memorandum.

DATE	OF MAIL	_7-	2	5-	57

HAS DEEN STRICTED FOR THE CONFIDENTIAL FILE DOCK OF THE DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION.

HAS BEEN REMOVED AND PLACED IN THE SPECIAL FILE ROOM OF RECORDS BRANCH

SEE FILE 66-2554-7530 FOR AUTHORITY.

SUBJECT JUNE MAIL Secy. Suft - General

REMOVED BY

FILE NUMBER <u>66 - 2542 - 3 - 1066</u> 175

PERMANENT SERIAL CHARGEOUT

fice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

: Mr. L. V. Boardman DATE: 7-22-57 1 - Mr. Boardman Tolson 1 - Mr. Belmont Nichole : Mr. A. H. Beliont 1 - Training & Inspection Division l - Mr. Bland SUBJECT: SECURITY INFORMANTS 1 - Mr. McNerney

In connection with another matter (Junius Kearsey -SM-C; FAG; Bufile 100-425921), New York Office (NYO) notes there is no requirement in Manual of Instructions that informant index cards maintained in field office set out a discontinued security informant's history and activities chronologically by date, if such informant becomes reactivated. NYO states that upon reactivation a security informant (SI) or confidential source (CS) may give information of a different nature from that furnished by him when used previously. Unless this information is reflected on his card, chronologically and by date, his card cannot be accurately used for ready reference as aid in determining type of material informant has furnished and is now in position to give. Therefore, NYO recommends Manual contain requirement that informant cards set out, with respect to each reactivated informant or source, his complete record of activity, chronologically and by date.

OBSERVATIONS:

RECORDED - 31 EX. 126 INDEXED - 31 nformant's index cards are to be used as a guide only; information re his activities, specific information given during any given period, and similar data should be secured from review of his file. Existing provisions in Manual of Instructions are as follows: Section 107 K instructs that on all active potential security informants (PSIs) and SIs a 3x5 alphabetical name card and a symbol number card must be maintained consistent with maximum security and best administrative practice. Section 107 L. describes these two types of cards in detail, listing items which must appear on them. One of these items is "Type of Information." When a confidential source (CS) is given a symbol number the same rules apply (Section 107 U). Section 107 Q instructs that when services of a symbolized SI or CS are discontinued, his symbol card must be destroyed and his name card marked "cancelled." This cancelled name card is then refiled in numerical order by symbol number in the symbol number index. The Manual specifically states the symbol number of each discontinued informant shall not be recommend subsequently reassigned to another informant. 23 JUL 31 1957 Recommendations

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66-19 34 INDEXED 31

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman Re: SECURITY INFORMANTS

No instructions exist permitting destruction of alphabetical name card on an informant once it has been prepared. Any time a discontinued informant or source is reactivated his cancelled name card is pulled from the symbol number index, where it has reposed since his discontinuance, marked "reactivated" with the appropriate date, and once again filed in the alphabetical section of the index. The Manual of Instructions at present does not describe this procedure to be taken when a source is reactivated. However, it is so elementary, and such an obvious procedure, that common sense dictates it would normally be done without the need to have each physical step delineated in the Manual.

As above noted, the alphabetical name card, when prepared under existing instructions—either originally or upon reactivation—contains a heading for the type of information source can furnish, such as: "Information re communist matters," or "Furnishes trash from Jewish Peoples Fraternal Order (address)." Thus it can be seen that the system now in effect as instructed in the Manual already provides the means of preserving the information concerning an informant or source which NYO states is lacking. However, since confusion appears to exist on part of NYO in this particular respect, it appears advisable to issue supplementary Manual additions to obviate any future misunderstanding of existing instructions. No handbook changes necessary.

ACTION:

In line with the above, there is attached for approval additions to the Manual of Instructions, Section 107, for transmittal to the Training and Inspection Division for appropriate action.

a farrir

Mr. Boardman Mr. Belmont

Training & Inspection Division

1 - Mr. Bland 1 - Mr. McNerney

July 22, 1957

Suggested Additions to Section 107, Manual of Instructions entitled "SECURITY INFORMANTS"

The following additions should be inserted as noted:

- Kld. Where good reason exists for an Agent to obtain information from either of these indices, it should be furnished by the official having custody of the cards. These indices should be used as a guide only; informant's file must be reviewed to determine specific nature of his activities and type of information he furnishes.
- When the services of an informant Q 1. ere discontinued mark the name card cancelled." Destroy the symbol card. Never destroy the name card.
 - 2. Refile the name card in numerical order by symbol number in the symbol number index. The symbol number shall not be subsequently reassigned to another informant. If a discontinued informant or a discontinued potential security informant or confidential source to whom a symbol number was once assigned later is reactivated, remove his name card from the symbol number index, mark it reactivated with appropriate date, note thereon type of information he will now be furnishing, and refile it alphabetically in the name card section of the index.

Tolson Nichols: Boardman Belmont

Holloman -

DJM:ssh (8) Tele. Room

NOTE:

"Security Informants," DJM:ssh.

See memo Belmont to Boardman dated 7-22-57 re No Handbook changes.

Emplaye	Suggestion
FD-252	(11-14-55)



93-58 July 22. 1957

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To: Director, FB1	From: SA F. (CLARE DORWAL	1	Employee assigned		
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ADDENDUM

It is believed that this purging of channelized memoranda should be limited, at first at least to SI subject case files since these cases all have had summary reports prepared. On the other hand, it is believed that channelized memoranda should not be purged from security-type cases of individuals. not now in the Security Index, inasmuch as the possibility exists that these channelized memoranda would be necessary for the preparation of a summary-type report in the future. It is our opinion that once the channelized memoranda have been properly utilized and included in a subsequent report, the channelized memoranda then lose their value to the particular case as compared to the excessive drawer space utilized by these voluminous case files. Purging the case file of these memoranda does not deprive the particular case file of any of the information originally contained therein, inasmuch as each report by cover letter carries the administrative information as to the location of the original informant report in the office files of the informant. Further, the "A" file of the security informant will continue to maintain an identical copy of the purged channelized memo-To illustrate this space problem, suppose six different security informants report information concerning a "People's World" fund-raising function at which fifty S.I. subjects were in attendance. Each channelized memorandum of each informant's report would probably require at least two pages, and therefore each case file would contain twelve pages of channelized memoranda. Once this event and the subject's participation thereat has been reported in a report, these channelized memoranda could be destroyed without depriving the case file of any of the information previously contained therein.

Inasmuch as security-type reports were prepared with the location of the original informant's report in the administrative section at the time of the inauguration of the summary report project on all Security Index subjects in 1954, it is believed that all channelized memoranda which contained information already and subsequently incorporated in a subsequent report could be purged as far back in the S.I. subject's case files as the summary report. Again, this purge should be limited to only those channelized memoranda used in the preparation of a report.

This purging system should not include channelized memoranda based on information from Misur, Tesur, Fisur, or other sources, but should be limited to only live security informants and their reports.

This purging system would not raise any problem with reference to serializing, since at the time of purging a charge-out slip could be placed on the top serial of the volume indicating which serials had been destroyed.

By such a system of purging, it is believed that vast amounts of drawer and cabinet space could be saved throughout the field offices and would improve the efficiency of security-type investigations. Estimates of space savings are set out below.

Channelized memoranda normally are not used for indexing and they are practically never referred to after the information contained therein has been included in a report in the individual case file. If reference to a particular destroyed channelized memorandum is needed, the administrative section of the report immediately indicates the location of the original informant notes. Further, the exhibit envelope containing the informant's notes also contains a notation indicating the serial number of the channelized memorandum in the informant's "A" file.

An examination of some individual case files reveals that by such a purging system the case files could be reduced to one-third their present size.

- 1. A review was made of only the last five volumes of the multi-volume case file entitled was.; IS-C," Seattle file 100-12883, who is carried as a Key Figure in the Seattle S.I. The following observations were noted:
 - A. In its present form, the last five volumes of this case file alone measures δ inches in depth, including file covers.
 - B. If channelized memoranda used in the preparation of reports in this case file were purged, 717 pages of paper would be eliminated. These 717 pages measure approximately 3 3/4 inches, which would amount to a saving of 3 3/4 inches of space in five volumes.
 - C. A cabinet drawer permits 24 inches of usable space and, conservatively estimating, it is believed that a cabinet drawer normally accommodates 21 volumes of security-type case files. Therefore, it is estimated that in a full drawer approximately 15 1/2 inches of space would be saved if such specialized files were purged of channelized memoranda as described above.
- 2. A review was made of only the last 7 volumes of the case entitled was.; SM-SWP,"

 Seattle file 100-22579, and the following observations were noted:

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b6

b7C

- A. In its present form, the last 7 volumes of this case file measure 8 inches in depth, including file covers.
- B. If channelized memoranda used in the preparation of reports in this case file were purged, 1,166 pages of paper would be eliminated. These 1,166 pages measure approximately 5 1/2 inches, which would amount to 5 1/2 inches of space saved in only 7 volumes.
- C. Again, a cabinet drawer permits 24 inches of usable space, and conservatively estimating, it is believed that a full drawer of similar type case files with the same type of purging would eliminate 16 1/2 inches of space now used. Thus, a saving of 16 1/2 inches of space would be saved in each drawer. It is noted that the savings in this review compare most favorably with the estimate made in example No. 1 above.

At the present time, the Seattle Office has 384 S.I. subjects, and it is estimated that each case file would average about four volumes per subject. With 384 S.I. subjects, it is then estimated that S.I. subject's case files number 1,536 volumes. Considering 21 volumes per cabinet drawer, it is estimated that S.I. subject case files take up 73 cabinet drawers, or 14.5 cabinets. If 16 inches or 2/3 of each cabinet drawer space could be saved through this purging system, it is estimated that in the Seattle Office alone 9.5 cabinets could be saved now. Since each cabinet costs about \$66.30, it is believed that \$629.85 could be saved if this purging system were put into effect. Considerable other savings would result as this purging system is put on a continuing basis after the submission of a report on each S.I. subject. On a Bureau-wide basis this savings would be considerable, not only from a monetary standpoint but from a space standpoint.

As time progresses, space allotted for case files becomes more critical when considered with the rapid growth of security-type case files, as compared with other classifications. At the present time in the Seattle Office there are 530 cabinet drawers being used in the closed section for 100-classification only, while 860 cabinet drawers are presently being used in the closed section for all other classifications. The 100-classification files now occupy 38 per cent of the closed file space, and this 38 per cent is the most rapid-growing section of the entire closed file section.

As far as the Seattle Office is concerned, the cost of office space is \$3.10 per square foot per year, and 2,287 square

feet of space is alloted to cabinet space consumption at the cost of \$7,089.70 per year. It is estimated that each cabinet plus sufficient space for opening the drawers consumes nearly usquare feet of space, and therefore each cabinet saved could save about \$12.00 per year. Saving cabinet space does not immediately bring about a savings to the office involved, but it could have a bearing in the long run when an office outgrows its present space and requires an additional floor or rooms. The acquisition of new floor space costs large sums of money, and at the same time increases additional security problems, etc.

Generally speaking, it is estimated that the Seattle Office security file situation ranks about 8th or 9th in size within the Bureau, and therefore there is bound to be more savings in the larger offices in the Bureau.

Other Administrative Matters to be Considered

Channelized memoranda meeting all other purging qualifications should not be purged if one of the following exists:

- A. Containing a notation indicating an 0-1 form has been received, etc.
- B. Containing notation for opening and assigning case, or other administrative notation.
- C. Containing any indexing.

It is believed that purging should be the responsibility of the reporting agent, who could make notations of serials to be purged on the indices search slip which must be filed in the case file when a report is submitted. The CCO could then purge the file as indicated, and make proper notation on a green charge-out slip for each file from which channelized memoranda were purged.

This suggestion is being submitted in the interest of economy to the Bureau and with the thought of possible streamlining of a Bureau procedure.

Recommendations and Comments of Division Head

With the ever-increasing problem of file drawer space and the similarly increasing cost not only for cabinets but also for floor area, I feel that the Bureau should consider the suggestion of these two agents very, very carefully. Both of these agents have been handling in this field for a considerable period of time, and it appears that this is a very sensible, economical, actual money-saving idea. It is recommended that it be adopted. Should there be any problem in connection with this, it is suggested that the Bureau "sample" the situation in the larger-sized security working offices.

#93158

July 29, 1957

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

Variations of the above suggestion have been considered unfavorably on several occasions in the past, notably Suggestions #551-57 and #156-57. In addition, Suggestion #272-53 was considered by the Executives Conference of 7/6/53. That suggestion called for the removal and destruction of channelizing memoranda after the reports had been prepared incorporating pertinent contents thereof. The Conference was unanimously opposed, pointing out that this suggestion, if adopted, would involve considerable additional work on the part of Agents and clerks in removing the channelizing memoranda from the file and then destroying them. The Executives Conference also felt that channelizing memoranda should remain in the file for purposes of future reference. The previous objections to the destruction of channelizing memoranda still exist. Therefore, it is recommended that this suggestion not be adopted.

TDR/pjm (2)

Section.

John All

FROM

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Tolson

SUBJECT:

SUGGESTION #93-58

and SA H. EDWARD MCNULTYDATE 8-4-82

Seattle Division

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

Made by SA F. CLARE DORWART HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

8/14/57

Tolson Nichols Boardman

Belmont -Mohr .

Winterrowd .

Tele. Room

Holloman Gandy

That all channel Ized memoranda emanating from SUGGESTION:) security informants' reports be purged from Security Index subjects' case files following the submission of a summary type or

CAME19

annual type report which contains the necessary information concerning the particular subject and the reported event.

PRESENT PROCEDURE: Section 107G, Manual of Instructions, requires that all information reported by an informant, orally or written, must be made a matter of record, properly indexed, evaluated and channel ized.

ADVANTAGES STATED: Will keep individual case files from becoming bulky, and voluminous and thereby resulting in considerable savings in filing space.

DISADVANTAGES STATED: Information concerning other persons attending a certain function with the particular subject is not readily available in the subject's case file. The suggesters believe that this information is needed only on rare occasions, such as when a subject is interviewed and it is desired to question him about persons he should know.

SAC Auerbach, Seattle, recommends that the Bureau consider suggestion in light of the ever-increasing problem of OBSERVATIONS: this suggestion in light of the ever-increasing problem of filing space and the similarly increasing cost of file cabinets and floor space.

RECORDED 45

66-2542-3-106966

elligence and Training and Inspection Divisions 200

Variations of this suggestion have been considered. Domestic Intelligence and Training and Inspection Divisions recommend unfavorably. unfavorably on several occasions in the past. The Executives Con€erence 5 on 7/6/53 considered Suggestion #272-53 which called for the removal and destruction of channelizing memoranda after the reports had been prepared incorporating pertundada unanimously opposed, pointing out that this suggestion, it auditor, involve considerable additional work on the partuoglassits and clerks the prepared incorporating pertinent contents thereof. The Conference was

Cyceh (4)

1 - Personnel file of SA F. CLARE DORWART (sent separately)
1 - Personnel file of SA H. EDWARD McNULTY

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Memo Q. Tamm to Mr. Tolson 8/14/57 re SUGGESTION #93-58

OBSERVATIONS: (continued)

in removing channelizing memoranda from the file and then destroying them. The Conference also felt that channelizing memoranda should remain in the file for purposes of future reference. The previous objections to the destruction of channelizing memoranda still exist.

RECOMMENDATION: That the suggestion not be adopted. No further action recommended since the suggesters have been thanked for their suggestion.

man.

Non

MR. A. H. BELMONT

July 30, 1957

W. C. Sullivan

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA, TOPLEY INTERNAL SECURITY - C
Buille 100-3-99

SECURITY | JAMES - GOOD

On the above date, the following publications were forwarded to the field by the Central Research Section for possible use in connection with the captioned program;

> "The Jews under Stalin's Successors" Communism -- Threat to Voluntary Groups" Primer on Communism' (Prepared by B'nai B'rith) How You Can Teach about Communism Soviet Crimes and Khrushchev's Confessions"

These publications were transmitted by routing slip to the offices in which Communist Party membership and activity are concentrated. All of these publications have been previously approved for use in connection with the captioned program.

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For your information and record purposes.

JFC:hem

1 - Section tickler

1 - Mr. Belmont

1- Mr. Donohue

-1 - 66-2452-3

PPCORDED 167 AUG 1 1957

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MR.A. H. BELMONT

July 26, 1957

W. C. Sullivan

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA, TOPLEY Internal security - C

Bufile 100-3-99

The Central Research Section regularly furnishes to the field public source material which may be of assistance in connection with the captioned program. The Senate Committee on the Judiciary recently issued a publication entitled Soviet Political Agreements and Results, which, it is felt, could possibly be of assistance in developing additional security informants.

This publication, a copy of which is enclosed, is a brief resume of the numerous treaties and other political agreements which the Soviet Union has made and broken since 1917.

The Central Research Section has obtained a supply of these publication Eufficient for distribution to the offices in which Communist Party membership and activities are concentrated.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that copies of the enclosed publication be forward to the field for possible use in connection with the captioned program. The copies will be forwarded to the field by routing slip in accordance with prepolicy and in varying quantities depending on the Party membership in the to which they will be sent.

Enclosura

JFC:hem

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1 - Zection tickler

1 - Mr. Eelmont

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Security Informants - Gon'l