·	دم ہی	R	JULE IN	BIVEL	
smit th	e following in _		Date: 7/9/65	1	
4	AIRTEL	(Тур	e in plaintext or code)	0	1/3
41/			(Priority)		i G
8/	,		X	J. W.	لاكس رويا
	TO;	DIRECTOR, FBI	(100-428091)	Missis SV	Mary 1
7	FROM:	SAC, NEW YORK	(100-134637) ~		
	01m2mam /	6	\	VI Walt	L By
	SUBJECT: (IS C	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	12 12 10 W. Color	"BELSIN
		0. 7/9/66 NW	foli exturnish	od the followi	m 00 (-3
	informati	On 7/8/65, NY Lon to SA ALEXAND	ER C. BURLINSC	on:	s //
	NIKOLAI Tin Brooklanted the during the summer	On 7/765, at 7 angements, NY 694 ALANOV, in the arlyn, NYC. After at the day was stope summer period the evening hours ertime constitute	-S met his Sove a of Avenue of Avenue of Expension of Sover 111 bright, are it would be welling since meeting	viet contact, I and 16th Str 94-S, TALANOV nd that hencef ell that they g at 7:05 duri	eet NAS
10	3-Bureau 1-Chicago 1-New Yor	(ŘM) > (134446 sub B)(ck (134–91)(TNV)(41)	TALANOV)(343	1 661-3
	J-Mon X		- 1	121 -	
	ACB:bca (8)	(19) model	100 m/00	51/50 P 9 51/60 P 9 20 JUL 20 1965	9900000 17001-3

As reflected in NY teletype, 6/24/65, at ther previous meeting on 6/23/65, TALANOV inadvertently had given to NY 694-S a piece of paper reflecting that it was a reminder for him to buy an air vent valve. TALANOV had intended at the time to give to the informant a paper containing information with respect to telephone numbers used for acknowledging radio signals. At this time, TALANOV gave to the informant the piece of paper which he had intended to have given him on 6/23/65. Written on the paper was the following: "For July and August EL 5-9310. After July and August then use the same again in September and October as in June which is 752-9223. Call to be made at 7:05 p.m.

"Regarding new walkie talkie the best points for signals are as follows: the corner of 65th Street and Third Avenue, or between Third and Fifth Avenues on 65th Street; the corner of 63rd Street and Third Avenue; the corner of 67th Street and Fifth Avenue; 69th Street between Third and Fifth Avenues; 72nd Street between Third and Fifth Avenues.

"The walkie talkie was tested on these corners and turned out that the signal was very strong in these areas.

"Use the old toy - Alvin doll. One squeeze is two dots. Because there are a lot of whistles in atmosphere it is difficult to get your present signal. Therefore for uncle - use two dots and then two dots. For sisters - three times two dots. To repeat a radio message, four times two dots. For the girls such as Goldie and Willie (microtransceiver operations) five series of two dots. The walkie talkie you returned had a severed connection. For best results on the new walkie talkie, the antenna should be over 20 inches. 21 inches for the best."

It should be noted that at their previous meeting NY 694-S gave TALANOV a walkie talkie which had been inoperative and TALANOV gave to NY 694-S a new walkie talkie.

TALANOV then remarked that the Soviets pick the period 7:50 a.m. to 8:00 a.m. for transmission of signals because at that time both the police and the FBI are not yet at work. He noted that the FBI starts. work at 8:00 a.m.

TALANOV then asked whether or not NY 694-S had a report on the FBI surveillance of a Plymouth automobile (see New York airtel, 6/15/65 reflecting that in a message to GUS HALL the Soviets stated that the FBI was thoroughly watching two persons, one of whom has a black Plymouth). NY 694-S replied that GUS HALL had made a complete investigation of this matter and had determined that it in no way affected the CP, USA. TALANOV said that the Soviets were not inclined to agree with GUS HALL in this respect.

NY 694-S* delivered to TALANOV, for transmission to NIKOLAI MOSTOVETS and IGOR MIKHAILOV, a letter prepared by CG 5824-S* at the request of GUS HALL. It will be noted that MOSTOVETS is in charge of the North and South American Sections of the International Department of the Central Committee, CPSU, and MIKHAILOV is his assistant. The letter is as follows:

"Dearest Comrades Nikolai and Igor

"When your last verification regarding quotas of Party people travelling to the USSR came in, the message was written in the following manner:

USSR. Taking into account forthcoming arrival of GUS HALL family and 4 CP members mentioned above, your CP used 16 out of the 23 places.

"Our General Secretary, GUS HALL, was very much disturbed, and, if I may say so, he was even excited, and vigorously objected not only to the contents but also to the tone of the message. Pirst of all, in a very comradely sense, since we can understand each other; I believe it was a mistake to put GUS HALL's family on as a part of the quota figures. You will recall that when we agreed to 20 for rest or treatment, we had Comrade HALL's family separate and apart. Your figures show this but when this distinction was made in the composition of your message, Comrade HALL was very much upset. The following is a brief resume of his thinking at that time:

"I. He is getting tired with the repetition of the word 'quota' and would be happy if he never heard the word again and said, 'Perhaps we should stop travelling altogether.'

American Communists were not able to travel for years and only recently began to visit in numbers (not knowing how long this will last), Comrade HALL and some of the leadership here feel that too much emphasis is being placed on the numbers and quotas, and Americans especially, since any day the passports may be withdrawn.

3. In view of the fact that only 7 more people can be sent within the quota figures, Comrade HALL has decided that his family will not travel. He does not want to be put into a position where his family replaces a number of other deserving comrades who have never made this trip before.

"4. Comrade HALL could not understand why people travelling to other places for other purposes, at their own expense or with their expenses paid in full or in part by some other organization; should be included in the quota. For example, CARL WINTER, PEGGY DENNIS and BEATRICE JOHNSON, who is doing a job in Cuba that is not only limited to the needs of our Party.

"Dear comrades, we are fully aware of the treatment and generosity which has been displayed by the CCCPSU in behalf of our compades over the years. Many times our compades have been spending months instead of weeks in your country receiving treatment and care. We are also aware of your personal interest in these many daily problems. Here, I am only expressing to you thoughts as expressed in even sharper words by Comrade HALL and some others of our leadership. Perhaps it is necessary to understand the feeling and mood of our Party and dealing with these questions a bit more tactfully I am not so sure but that an error in composition may have been made in the formulation of the message. This is what has caused Comrade HALL's irritation. I want to assure you that this thinking has been expressed to our comrades many times and one might say they should have understood this message, and, in fact, they had agreed that these were the figures for the number of people who were to travel and should not have read anything else into it. But this is how it is. We might attribute this mood to circumstances prevailing in our country, the pressures of the war, the mounting high Communist attacks, the jailing of hundreds of people everyday like in San Francisco, Chicago, Jackson, Mississippi, etc.

"I am sure that we will straighten all of these things out since there is no question about our political relation—ship and the fraternal attitudes of our Parties, but since Comrade HALL wanted you to know his feelings, I thought it my duty to convey it to you. Again, I want to emphasize that our summer Party youth project here was a tremendous success, that we were able to mobilize close to 100 youth. After going through weeks of theoretical training they have now been sent to

"the various states to complete their practical training. Everyone in our leadership is highly impressed and see a reserve of important leadership in this new cadre.

"I am sure that you will be happy to hear about this, too. Within some weeks there is going to be a meeting of our leadership in which we will summarize the present political situation in the country, the widening struggle for peace; the struggle for civil rights, etc. I should also inform you that the very first draft of our Party program has now been prepared and being directed among the leadership.

"With warm, comradely greetings and salutations.

"MORRIS CHÎLDS"

With respect to the above letter, NY 694-S and might involve many people in trouble. He told TALANOV that HALL was becoming "sick and tired" of the Word quota. He further stated that in view of the Soviet attitude with respect to quotas, HALL was travelling to the Soviet Union. The informant at the the above letter.

of the World Youth Festival was. He said it was important that the CP, USA know as soon as possible if and when the said festival would be held. He requested regarding this matter to the CP, USA and stated that walting to go to this festival. He further stated further are many youths wandering around Europe that there are many in the USA who are still awaiting noted that the prestige of the CP, USA would be affected attend the festival, were to be disappointed.

TALANOV replied that there had been a series would be held but respect to where the youth festival the series were the held but seem to final decision had been that the Soviets would furnish the possible.

TALANOV replied that there had been a series would be held but respect to where the youth festival been that the Soviets would furnish the possible.

been disappointed in that the last shipment of Alay was only in the amount of \$150,000. He asked latter replied that he did not know and that at the USA.

TALANOV then inquired whether NY 694-S could learn where the Soviets could buy "frequency modulation that is portable and operated by batteries". He said that he knew that the Japanese and British make such sets, but he could not determine where they are sold. TALANOV then inquired what NY 694-S did during the summer months to avoid "static". NY 694-S told him that during the summer he goes out to Long Island where the reception is better.

NY 694-S then told TALANOV that the reason for ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG's going to the Sovet Union was to "get away" from his wife who is suing him for divorce. Informant then mentioned that RUSSELL NIXON had resigned from the "National Guardian" - that actually he had been "voted out" unanimously. TALANOV stated that the Soviets were happy to learn that NIXON had been removed from the "National Guardian" because they were of the opinion that NIXON had been trying to take the paper away from the editor ARONSON so that it might be controlled by the Chinese. TALANOV stated that this constituted a victory for the Marxist-Leninists and that the Soviets were happy to know that the CP, USA were attempting to put a good "party person" in RUSSELL NIXON's position.

NY 694-S then briefed TALANOV with respect to a recent meeting between GUS HALL and TALANOV said that the Soviets were interested in learning whether or not had any information concerning the "apparent fight" between President JOHNSON and Senator ROBERT KENNEDY. He further stated that for sometime the Soviets had been wondering about the best manner of contacting He said that they had come to the conclusion that it would not be a good idea to contact him in the United States. He said that they hoped that possibly he might attend some economic conference, also attended by the Soviets, where contact with him could be made. He also said that the invitation is still open for to go to the Soviet Union where he will be most welcome and will receive "the red carpet treatment".

With respect to the Algerian question, TALANOV told NY 694-S that three days after BEN BELLA was arrested they had received word that this was a military coup and that it was in the hands of fascist forces. He said it had been a very serious blow to the Soviet Union, that the coup had been successful but it was good in that it prevented the Chinese from "getting closer to Algiers". In all however, it was a setback of the revolutionary movement as a whole in the opinion of the Soviets.

Before leaving TALANOV, NY 694-S referred to a list of individuals going to Moscow after the youth festival. He advised TALANOV that the list, which had been submitted to the Soviets through the secondary channel on 7/8/65, had not included the name of the stated that it was important that name be included in the list.

NY 694-S advised that he had no information regarding and that he had been instructed by the party to include her name in the list of World Youth

Festival delegates.

lb6 lb7C

ne Jan

FBI

DATE: 7/19/65 Transmit the following in ____ (Type in plain text or code) VIA AIRTEL ---REGISTERED (Priority) TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-3-81) FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-86624) SUBJECT: CPUSA, INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS IS - Č (00: NY) 4 - BUREAU (100-3-81)(RM) (1)- 100-428091(45010) 1 - BALTIMORE (100-8422)(HAROLD BUCHMAN)(RM) 2 - DETROIT (100-8482)(TOM DENNIS)(RM) (1 - 100-)(ELLEN DENNIS) 1 - 100-)(ELLEN DENNIS)

1 - LOS ANGELES (100-24384)(MAX MILLER)(RM)(AM)
(1 - 100-46663)(BEN DOBBS)
(1 - 100-23111)(MARION MILLER)

1 - SAN FRANCISCO (65-415)(AL RICHMOND)(RM)(AM)
1 - SEATTLE (100-)(MILFORD SUTHERLAND)(RM)
1 - WASHINGTON FIELD (100-)(CPUSA, INTERN)(CPUSA, INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS) (RM) 1 - NY 134-91 Ínv)(41) 1 - NY 100-12481 1 - NY 100-133481 1 - NY 100-68934 1 - NY 100-46469 BERNARD ADES)(41) DORA ADES)(46) JEAN SCHERMER)(41) JOSEPH FELSHIN) (47) 1 - NY 100-52335 (KAY FELSHIN)(47) 1 - NY 100-80532 HERBERT APTHÈKER)(42) 1 - NY 100-134637 1 - NY 100-86624 SOLO)(41) (42) ACB:mfd (#41) CARBUN GUEY (24)Sent ____M Per Approved: Special Agent in Charge 168 JUL 23 1965

EXTREME CAUTION MUST BE EXERCISED WITH RESPECT TO DISSEMINATION OF THE INFORMATION HEREIN SINCE BY ITS NATURE, IT TENDS TO IDENTIFY NY 694-S*, A VALUABLE INFORMANT, AS THE SOURCE THEREOF. UNLESS THIS INFORMATION IS OBTAINED FROM A SOURCE OTHER THAN NY 694-S*, IT SHOULD NOT BE INCORPORATED - EVEN IN PARAPHRASED FORM - IN THE INVESTIGATIVE SECTION OF A REPORT.

ReNYlet 6/30/65, captioned as above, reflecting that a message was being sent to the Soviets by the CPUSA to the effect that/CPUSA delegation would travel to Moscow within a few weeks.

NY 694-S* advised on 7/8/65, that the Soviets had been advised by the CPUSA that the following delegation, referred to as "activists," would go to Moscow: MAX MILLER, MARION MILLER, BERNARD ADES, DORA ADES, JOSEPH FELSHIN, KAY FELSHIN and JEAN SCHERMER. It was called to the attention of the Soviets that JEAN SCHERMER, who is already abroad attending the Helsinki Peace Conference, would obtain a visa to Moscow at the Soviet Embassy in Helsinki.

The Soviets were also advised on 7/8/65, that CP members MILFORD SUTHERLAND, HAROLD BUCHMAN, JOSEPH FORER and FLORA FORER were attempting to join this delegation.

On 7/19/65, NY 694-S* advised that within a few days the CPUSA would send a message to the Soviets advising that MAX MILLER, MARION MILLER, BERNARD & DORA ADES, JOSEPH and KAY FELSHIN would arrive in Moscow on July 24th at 8:50 p.m. via KLM flight 299.

NY 694-S* further advised that others mentioned in the referenced NY letter of 6/30/65, as being scheduled to go to Moscow, will not go at this time, but may go at a later date. He stated that at the present time, visas are available at the Soviet Embassy in Washington, D.C. for MILFORD SUTHERLAND, HAROLD BUCHMAN, JOSEPH FORER and FLORA FORER. NY 694-S* further advised that GUS HALL has been reported as stating that he does not desire that any more CP members go abroad at the present time.

SAC, NEW YORK (65-17696)

TRACING OF AMERICAN MONEY USED BY SOVIETS IN ESPIONAGE OPERATIONS ESP-R (OO: NEW YORK)

EXTREME CAUTION MUST BE EXERCISED WITH RESPECT TO NATION OF THE INFORMATION HEREIN THASMUCH AS BY ITS NATURE SAID INFORMATION TENDS TO IDENTIFY MY 694-S*, A VALUABLE INFORMANT, AS THE SOURCE. UNLESS THIS INFORMATION IS OBTAINED FROM A SOURCE OTHER THAN MY 694-S*, IT SHOULD NOT BE INCLUDED even in paraphrased form in the investigative section of a report

As the Bureau is aware, NY 694-S*, on 5/10/65, received \$350,000.00 from NIKOLAI M. TALANOV, his Soviet principal. This money consisted of 2100 \$100.00 notes, 1400 \$50.00 notes and 3500 \$20.00 notes.

When the above currency; was broken down into Federal Reserve Districts and series, the following was disclosed:

\$100	ě

A	4		, 1	Boston
1934 1950	1 1 4 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	·		<u> </u>
1950A 1950B	e 1	*	1	9
19500			· .	<u>23</u>
Total		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		46

4- Bureau (RM) (1-) 100-428091

(1- 100-3-63) (CP, USA FUNDS) 1- New York (100-134637) (SOLO) 1- New York (100-74560) (CP, USA FUNDS)

1- New York

GAP:mvl

NOT RECORDED 162 JUL 1965

<u>, B</u>	New York
1928A 1934A 1950 1950A 1950B 1950D 1950D 1955D	2 17 51 60 53 266 227 664 1
Total	1342
<u>. C </u>	Philadelphia
1934 19341 1950 1950A 1950B 1950D	7 7 22 26 2
Total	52
D	 Cleveland
1934 1934c 1950 1950A 1950B 1950C	4 1 1 3 10 7 3
Total	 39

e 1		* .
E		Richmond
1934 19348 19340 1950 1950A 1950B 19500		333817 725 5
Total	- -	65
F	·	Atlanta
1928 1934 1950 1950A 1950B 1950C 1950D	P	1371622
Total		42
G		Chicago
1928A 1934A 1934B 1934C 1950 1950A 1950D 1950D		23 13 11 23 6 25 25 27
Total		107

Ħ		St. Louis
1928A 1934B 1934C 1950 1950A 1950B 1950C		1 1 1 1 2 9
Total		30
I		Minneapolis
1934B 1934B 1934C 1950 1950B		111556
Total	4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19
3	in a yang panganan nagarah ang gay a	Kenses City
1934 1934B 1934C 1950 1950A 1950B 1950C		124255
Total		19

NX 65-17696

K		Dollas ·
1934 1934F 1950 1950A 1950B 1950C 1950D		3 1 9 12 46 82 1
Total		154
L		San Francisco
1934 1934K 1950 1950A 1950B 1950D		8 1 23 11 61 72 9
Total	· · · · · · -	125
e de la companya de l	\$50.00	1
À		Boston
1934 1950 1950A 1950B 1950C 1950D		3 2 9 13 24 1

B		New York
1928 1928D 1934A 1934G 1934D 1950A 1950D 1950D		1 24 10 3 77 60 172 390 2
Total		743
Č.	**************************************	Philadelphia
1934 19340 19340 1950 1950A 19500 19500		7 1 16 15 47 7
Total	1 1 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	95
D.	ر مىنىسى ئىرى بى <u>دىن بەر يىن ئىرىنى يىن ئىلىم دىن ئ</u> ىر	Clevelend
1934 19348 19340 19340 1950 19508 19500		92123116 13116
Total		67
1 -	1	

Total 23 C Chicago 1928A 1934 19340 19500 19500 19500 19500 Total Total 1928A 1928A 1928A 1950A 1950B	1950A 12 1950B 23 1950C 21 1950D 11 Total 77 F Atlanta 1934A 2 1950A 15 1950A 1 1950A 1 1950D 5 Total 23 Chicago 1928A 1 1934D 1 1950 11 1950A 1 1950B 49 1950B 49 1950B 15 10 Total 107 H St. Louis 1928A 1 1950A 1 1950B 1 107	B		Richmond
# Atlanta 1934A 2 19500 15 1950A 1 1934 23 G Chicago 1028A 1 1934 11 19340 1 1950 15 1950B 1950C 15 1950D 10 Total 107 H St. Louis 1928A 1 1928A 1 1928A 1 1950B 1 1950B 1 1950B 1 1950B 1 107	# Atlanta 1934A 2 19500 15 1950A 1 10tal 23 Chicago 1028A 1 1934D 11 1950A 9 1950B 1950C 15 1950D 10 Total 107 H St. Touis 1928A 1 1928A 1 1928A 1 1950B 1	1950A 1950A 1950B		11 8 12 23 21 11 8 12 23 21 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
1934A 1950 1950A 1950D Total Chicago 1928A 1934 1934D 1950 1950B 1950B 1950B 1950B 1950B 1950A 1950A 1950A 1950B	1934A 1950 1950A 1950D Total Chicago 1928A 1934 1950 1950B	Total		77
1950A 1950D Total C	1950A 1950D Total 23 Chicago 1928A 1934 1934 1950 1950A 1950B 1950B 1950D Total 1928A 1928A 1928A 1950A 1950A 1950B 1950B 1950B 1950B 1950B 1950B 1950B	<u>k</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Atlanta
Chicago 1928A 1934 19340 1950 1950A 1950B	Chicago 1928A 1934D 1950 1950A 1950B 1950B 1950B 1950B 1950B 1950B 1950B 15 10 Total 107 H St. Touis 1928A 1950B 1950B 1950B 1950B 1950B 1950B 1950B	1950A		2 15 1
1928A 1934 1934D 1950 1950A 1950B 1950B 1950D Total 107 H St. Louis 1928A 1950A 1950B 1950B	1928A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Total	in the state of th	23
1934 19340 1950 1950A 1950B 1950C 1950D Total 107 H St. Louis 1928A 1950A 1950B 1950B 1950B	1934 19340 1950 19500 19508 19500 Total H St. Louis 1928A 1950A 1950B 1950B 1950B	G .		Chicago
1950A 1950B 1950C 5	1950A 1950B 1950C	19340 19340 1950 19508 19500 19500 Total		11 49 15 10 107
		1950A 1950B 1950C		35.5

1	Minneapolis
1934 1934B 1950 1950G	1 1 2
Total	5
j	Kensas City
1934 1950A 1950B 1950C	1 1 10 16
Total	28
K	Dalles
1934 1934B 1934D 1950 1950A 1950B	1 1 8 11 15 41
Total	78
L	San Francisco
1934 1950 1950A 1950B 1950C	13 14 5 37 31 11
Total	111

ny 65-17696

•	\$20.00	
A	Annual residence of the second se	Boston
1950 1950A 1950B 1950C 1950D		19 15 7 45 12
Total	,	98
В		New York
1950 1950A 1950B 1950C 1950D 1950E		148 113 76 598 378
Total		1314
C		Philadelphia
-1950 1950A 1950B 1950C	1	16 6 21 15 58
Ď		Cleveland
1950 1950A 1950B 1950C 1950D		39 34 92 164 33
Total		363

E		Richmond
1950A 1950A 1950B 1950C 1950D		14 18 46 203 111
Total		392
F	il San Artinett Mountain Barrier	Atlanta
1950 1950A 1950B 1950C 1950D		13 7 84 63 5
Total		172
G *		Chicago
1950 1950A 1950B 1950C 1950D		30 20 149 133 84 416
H		St. Louis
1950 1950A 1950B 1950C		7 33 12 68
		<u> </u>
ar dan ar		-10-

<u> I</u>	Minneapolis
1950 1950A 1950B 1950C 1950D	2 3 20 15
Total	41.
7	Kansas City
1950 1950B 1950G 1950D	10 26 34
Total.	71
K	Dallas
1950 1950A 1950B 1950C 1950D	1 6 22 12 3
Total,	44.
L	San Francisco
1950 1950A 1950B 1950C 1950D 1950E	80 44 37 145 156
Total	463

From the total of 2100 \$100.00 notes, the NY FRD was the highest with the number of notes originally issued from that FRD with 1342 (63.9%). NY was also the highest concerning the 1400 \$50.00 notes originating from that FRD with 743 (53%) and also NY was the highest concerning the 3500 \$20.00 originating from that FRD with 1314 (37.5%).

When the above currency was compared against the list of money which was issued to the Soviets in NY and WFO, no identification was effected.

When this money was compared against the index of CP and Soviet bloc espicance money maintained in the captioned case, patterns of adquence were observed with money previously recovered from the Soviets and subsequently furnished to the CP, USA, and also money used by Soviets in other espionage operations.

CP, USA on 5/10/65, by the Soviets.

\$100

Series 1950

Scriel Numb	<u>er</u>	Recovered	By	Date Recovered
B02600178A B02600215A B02600250A B02600255A B02600267A B02600289A		CP CP CP CF CF		6/11/63 3/27/63 6/11/63 3/27/63 6/11/63
B02600297A B02600331A B02600336A B02600346A B02600364A B02600369A B02600393A		CP CP CP CP CP		3/27/63 3/27/63 6/11/63 3/27/63 6/11/63 3/27/63

Séries 1950A

Seral Number	Recovered By	Date Recovered
110482612B 110482804B	CP *	8/28/59
110482888B	North Korean	September, 1962
110483286B	ESP CP No-serial number	UNYNOWN
3	Series 19500	
151839864A 151841366A	CP *	11/18/64
151841388A 151844052A	CP CP	4/7/64 3/17/64

The notations "CP" under the caption "Recovered By" in the above chart denotes other instances where the Soviets have furnished funds to the CP, USA on dates indicated. Other hopations under the caption "Recovered By" are instances where funds have been recovered in Double Agents operations, i.e., R. Russia; RU, Rumanian, etc.

Information concerning comparison against the index is not to be set forth in report form or dissemination memorandum without Bureau authority.

	36 (Rev. 5-22-64)
	O Vanish of the Control of the Contr
4	Date: 7/22/65
- Tro	unsmit the following in
. Vic	A TOMOS NO COMPAND ALA TY
نب ب _ا کارد	(Priority)
, ,	TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
·	FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
	Csolò C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
	On 7/20/65 CG 5824-S* furnished to SA WALTER A. BOYLE a document entitled, "MEMORANDUM Re: SI GERSON" which source had received from GUS HALL while in NYC, 7/16-20/65. By intraoffice airtel 7/21/65 this document was forwarded to NY for delivery to NY 694-S* for trans- mission to the CP of the Soviet Union via the Solo apparatus. Set forth below is the text of this memorandum:
	"Re: SI GERSON
-	
\$	"Is visiting the USSR for the first time since 1927 when he was a member of the American Student Delegation to Russia and chairman of its section studying the national republics.
	"He will be accompanied by his wife, Sophie, and 6
	he is a veteran publicist and a specialist on municipal politics and city administration. He served for 3 years in the administration of the late Mayor LaGuardia of New York.
:	(3) Bukeau (RM)
	2-Chicago (1 - A) 134-46 Sub B-68)
i	(6) MAB: MDW REC- 72 6 JUL 29 1965
- X	Approved: M Per M Per
65	AUG 4. 1965 Special Agent in Charge

CG 134-46 Sub B

"It would be useful to have him meet the head of the foreign department of the WFTU to discuss trade union delegations to the USSR. Also, to meet the editor of Pravda, since Gerson is a veteran journalist. He would like to meet with persons responsible for the municipal administration of a city like Moscow.

"He will arrive in the USSR, together with his wife and daughter, on Monday, August 16, at 4:05 PM on British European Airways Flight 910 from London.

"Round-trip fare is paid.

"If possible, he would like to visit the following:

Moscow - 8 days Leningrad - 3 days Sochi - 3 days Kiev - 2 days"

By separate communication, with appropriate cautionary statement, the above information will be disseminated.

morandum

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

DATE:

SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT:



Enclosed herewith for the Bureau is a Xerox copy of an article which appeared in the July 20, 1965, issue of the "New York Times" reporting the death of ANUSHAVAN A. ARZUMANYAN, Director of the Institute of World Economy and International Relations of the USSR Academy of Sciences.

CG 5824-S* called our attention to this article being of interest to this operation because of the fact that TIMUR TIMOFEEV is Deputy Director of the Institute and was very close to ARZUMANYAN. He in turn was very close to both BREZHNEV and KOSYGIN and before that to KHRUSHCHEV. CG 5824-S* commented that it was because of his relationship with ARZUMANYAN that TIMOFEEV was privy to some of the information of value that CG 5824-S* was able to obtain from him. As a consequence this means that it is possible that TIMOFEEV will not now be as valuable a source of information as he has been in the past; although it is possible that TIMOFEEV is sufficiently adept in maneuvering in the circles of higher power in the USSR that he will develop other contacts on a like level.

The above is merely for the Bureau's information.

- Bureau (Ênc.) Chicago

WAB: mkp

(3)

REC. 18

A. ARZUMANYAN A SOVIET ECONOMIST

MOSCOW, July 19 (AP)it his Anushavan A. Arzumanyan, a is 38 leading economist, died ye- 12- 15 day, Pravda reported. He was ce, of 61 years old.

Mr. Arzumanyan, a member of the Supreme Soviet, had been director of the Institute of World Economy and Interna-tional Relations, in the Acad-

World Economy and International Relations, in the Academy of Science, since 1956. The agency is concerned with economic comparisons between the Soviet Union and the United States.

Mr. Arzumanyan's specialty was the political economy of modern capitalism. In 1959 he visited New York with several other Soviet economists on a tour that included Wall Street and Madison Avenue.

Mr. Arzumanyan started his career in Armenia, where he became rector of the Yerevan ainers and the Communist Party at the 1958 he was head of the expectation of the Yerevan at the Communist Party at the 1958 he was head of the Afro-Asian, Countries, and four chairman of the All-Union Society for the Dissemination of as an open and papers, including "Class and papers, including "Class Nature," "Mr. Arzumanyan was the author of a number of articles and papers, including "Class Nature," "Method and Theory of Value in the English Classianer, suf-

ever Frank Amos, a Co-Founder

leatty pered inged lking,

beast beld

demorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

DATE:

SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT:

On July 23, 1965, CG 5824-S* advised SA WALTER A. BOYLE as follows:

While in Chicago on July 22-23, 1965, ELIZABETH HALL, wife of GUS HALL, General Secretary of the CP, USA, discussed with CG 5824-S* GUS HALL's continued interest in obtaining an Arabian stallion which the Polish United Workers Party had promised as a gift for HALL's brother in Iron, Minnesota. It will be recalled that the original arrangements had been for HALL's brother to go to Poland to pick out the horse that he wanted. ELIZABETH HALL explained why this had not occurred: HALL's brothers are "strictly hometown boys". According to ELIZABETH HALL, neither of these brothers will travel on a plane, a train, or on an ocean liner. As a matter of fact, they will not travel more than 200 miles from home.

CG 5824-S* advised ELIZABETH HALL to tell GUS HALL that he had already taken the first steps to give the Poles a push to hurry up sending the stallion to the United States and had informed them of the CP, USA's willingness to pay the air freight for shipping the horse to the United States.

You will recall that CG 5824-S* had done this by means of a note addressed to the Central Committee, PUWP, which $_{10.6}^{-1}$ was delivered to ADOLF KITA, Polish Consular General in Chicago bic on July 21, 1965.

When ELIZABETH HALL was leaving Chicago to return to New York City via Youngstown, Ohio, CG 5824-S* furnished her a note to deliver to GUS HALL which stated as follows:

"I took care of the matter we talked about the first day of my return here and now we have to wait for an answer. is too bad the lawyer in New York is not too cooperative and reserved some details that would have been helpful to expedite matters.

Bureau (RM) I - New York (100-134637) (Info) (RM) /00-71801 1 - Chicago WAB: mkp

6 JUL 30 1965

65 AUG 4 1965

(4)

CG 134-46 Sub B

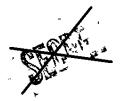
I have taken away the excuse of shipping costs—that should help, I hope. One of their main salesmen was stuck here for lack of money, although he had everything else including ticket. I only mention this to show how tight they are. The women are now out shopping, mainly looking. I hope Elizabeth enjoyed her day here despite the family tragedy in Youngstown. The kids are nice and gave you an enjoyable few hours.

The reference to the lawyer is to the fact that at CG 5824-S*'s request NY 694-S* had contacted ISIDORE NEEDLEMAN to attempt to get every detail of NEEDLEMAN's dealings on this subject which might be of assistance to CG 5824-S* in attempting to hurry this along at HALL's insistence. NY 694-S* had been rebuffed in effect by NEEDLEMAN who said he was handling the matter and refused to divulge any additional details. Since HALL has been cursing" NEEDLEMAN to CG 5824-S* on this matter, CG 5824-S* took this opportunity to cut NEEDLEMAN down a little more with HALL.

The reference to the "main salesman" refers to ADOLF KITA who expects to sail soon for Poland from Canada on the "Batory". He has been waiting for some time to leave but was delayed because he had not been sent enough local currency to get up to Canada to board the ship.

FD-36 (RAV. 10-29-63) REG. APP-2; 4-12	T 1
DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED OROM:	
DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 02-10-2012 ROUTH I III ENVILLOPE	
Date: 7/8/65	
Transmit the following in	
A V/G ATRIEL REGISTERED	٧
(Priority)	Γ
TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)	
FROM SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637))
SUBJECT: SOLO	
HE VOY	
On 7/8/65, NY 694-S* transmitted to the Soviets, through the secondary channel - ISIDORE GIBBY NEEDLEMAN -	<u>_</u> .
a number of partially coded message on microfilm, the KLENNIGHT	ph
1. "To CCCPSU CHASS. I EXT. BY SASCHTAN PHILE 6,	849
"Received \$150,000. DATE OF DEVIEW 7-8-85#HOMBSON)	849
"Signed J. Brooks"	143
The above refers to the Soviets having transmitted	ست رود
to the CPUSA, through NY 694-S*, \$150,000 on 6/23/65 THELISS.	, 94 S
"Please transmit to the CP of Czechoslovakia recording	5
that our National Committee members Carl Winter, Antun Krchmarek and the latter's wife, Jean, will arrive in	' 5
Prague on July 17 on Pan American maiden flight. It is important that Czechoslovakian CP representatives meet them,	141
and help them in every way since they will spend only Full several days in Prague on way to the Rumanian CP Congress	1
(3) BUREAU (100-428091) (RM) REC-43	0
1 - NY 134-91 (INV)(41) L 1990HARCK10,07-6,7	-11
1 - NY 105-14931-Sub B (NIKOLAI TALANOV) (341) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (
ACB: TVS C. HUSPINDOROPRIATE AGENCIES 6 JUL 30 1965	7-11
AND FIELD OVERSTING	
Approved: DATE Sent M Per Sent	
S5 MIC A Special Agent in Charge	
The same of the sa	

NY 100-13463'



"They must also be helped in getting Rumanian visas at time they will be in Prague and floating visas to the USSR. Winter is head of the CPUSA Delegation.

"They will arrive in Prague on Saturday, Destudor 17, 11:20 a.m., Prague time on Pan American Flight #76. Repeat: Carl Winter must get only a floating visa to USSR since he will proceed to Cuba from Moscow."

/"CCCPSU

"Herbert Aptheker is head of Delegation representing CPUSA at Helsinki CP Conference to be held on July 6 to 7. He was able to arrive at Helsinki before this Conference. Thank you for your timely radio message in this, and also acknowledgement of endorsement of CPSU for the need of this International Conference in Helsinki by the Helsinki CP. This is indeed international fraternalism.

/Gus Hall - Morris Child

"These are CPUSA Delegates who will be at the

Peace Conference in Helsinki:

"Peggy Dennis, going as special correspondent for 'People's World' and 'The Worker, L NY.

"Conrad/Komorowski, Assistant Editor of Glos Ludowy Polish' weekly newspaper.

Rose Perry, member of CPUSA Also:

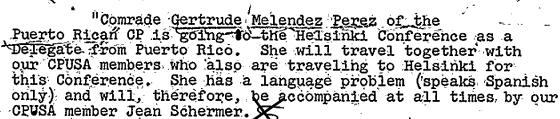
Jean Schermer - member of CPUSA

Gertrude Melendez Perez from Puerto Rico.

"Puerto Rican CP is now known as Workers Liberation Party of Puerto Rico. This is our official notification to you and only them to be recognized as such.

dus Hall

5. ["cccpsu]



by the CCCPSU for medical treatment and rest and talks when the Helsinki Conference is over. We recently have been conducting a series of important talks with the CP of Puerto Rico, which she was a part. This included their party leadership as well as their youth leadership. In near future, details of talks with this Puerto Rican Delegation will be sent to you. We also have undertaken, as in the past, to help them financially. In near future, you will be advised as to the total amounts given them.

"I urge that special attention be given to this loyal and trusted comrade. Please make sure that you will have for her, in her name, visa and transportation available at your Helsinki Embassy where she will apply for same.

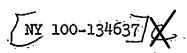
"I believe she can be away from Puerto Rico for four weeks of medical treatment and rest in the USSR.

"Please note: Perhaps by time you get this both Schermer and Perez will already have arrived in Helsinki. So please expedite!"

"Comrade Perez is Chairman of Women's Commission of Workers Liberation Party of Puerto Rico, and member of LPPR Central Committee.

"Fraternally Gus Hall - Morris Childs







of the USA Peace Delegates going to the Helsinki Peace Conference.
who are going to the Helsinki Peace Conference
belongs to Friends Committee on Legislative Action: head of Peace Exchange in Los Angeles, and of Delegation from Los Angeles
workert; R APPROX / /-/
of Los Angeles Women Strike For Peace, 28 years old, very active peace worker.
old, belongs to Congress of Racial Equality (CORE), and is a member of DuBois Club and is CPUSA youth
" Japanese-American youth, school teacher, active in Unitarian Church with Rev. Stephen Fritchman; active in trade unions.
Peace and Freedom; for many years, very active in peace movement.
of Valley Peace Center.
24 years old - Friends Committee on legislative Action; active with college students on peace.
- Unitarian Church - member of National Council of Negro Women, sponsored by Rev. Stephen Fritchman.

"John ---- is a Party youth member from Whittier, California - Women Strike For Peace.

"Rose Perry - CPUSA and wife of Pettis Perry. (Pasadena Women Strike For Peace, active trade unionist from Retail and Wholesale Workers Union and various other organizations.)

"The above is background material on various Delegates to Helsinki Peace Conference. We do this knowing you may be interested.

APPHUX 174

b6 b7C

"Youth Delegates from Northern California going to Peace Conference:

(Members of the DuBois Club)

(Member of the DuBois Club)

(Member of CPUSA Youth

(516 West Johnson, Madison, Wisconsin, Party Youth Co-Chairman of Committee to End War in Viet Nam at University of Wisconsin; 20 years of age, passport

(CPUSA member. Active in German-American Committee, NY; active at Midvale. He organized the Peace Conference Ad Hoc Committee of which Anton Refrigier is Chairman; General Post Office Box 1396, NY. is new in GDR on visit.)

<u>#</u> 5 -

"Rev. William Howard

me+mi

"Ernest Koski and wife

dinerman

"Herbert Aptheker

(Both CPUSA members.) He is business manager of Finnish newspaper in Minnesota.)

(Delegate from <u>NY</u>, member of our party. Herb

(See our previous letter on him.)

"Alexander Trachtenberg

"We are sending you some notes and memoranda for your information concerning other organizations which are goeing to the Helsinki Peace Conference.

"(1) That the National Guardian is expecting to send observers to this Conference.

"(2) That Freedomways will also send observers to this Conference.

"(3) That the National Council for Sane Nuclear Policy (SANE) will-be represented through Delegation which is being sent by International Confederation for Reace and Disarmament - the organization which SANE and Pacifist organizations set up in Oxford, England, in 1962. Rev. Homer Jack is expected to be SANE representative / It is also expected that other US erganizations will use the International Confederation for sending representatives.

"Rev. William Howard Melish has already left for Helsinki Conference."

NY 100-13463' "Where will World Youth Festival be held? Pleas have many Youth Delegates watting the World Youth Festival 7. /"Important: radio - we have many Youth Delegates watting in NYC to depart to the World Youth Festival. Gus Hall .8. "The following seven CPUSA youth members will be coming to Moscow for CPUSA Youth Tour immediately after the World Youth Festival: "(1) the Delegation leader, Bronx. NY, 10456, born 1/5/45. passport # (2) 11432, born 10/28/46, ".(3·) Sambridge 42 Massachusetts, born 10/19/43, # (4) b7C Jamaica NY, 11435, born 3/21 "(5) Bronx 68m NY, born 2/11/45. <u>"(6)</u> Los California, born 8/6/38. "(7) Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. should be dealt with on all political and organizational matters "These are the Delegations of seven youth that CCCPSU invited to USSR as guests.



"To Komsomol-Resheto The US/Festival Committee Delegation of 16 coming to/Moscow after the Festival consists of the following There were invited by Komsomol-Reshetov: people. (1) Lee Alberta Dlugin, 141-97 82nd Drive, Jamaica, NY, 11435. (Member of National Youth Commission, CPUSA and US Festival Committee; Administrative Secretary.) (2) Alvin Simon (Worker, writer and photographer, and member of Negro Commission CPUSA.) (3) Henry Bert Weinstein - CP member, leader of US Festival Committee. "(4) Barbara Rabinowitz, leader of US Festival Committee. "(5) Alfred Rabinowitz, leader of US Festival Committee "(6) Herbert Randall leading photographer of Negro Freedom Movement. "(7) Sanford Leigh San SNCC leader and IIS Festival Committee spokesman.) (Bufile "(8) married name 1b6 Freedom b7C Voices! sil. "(12) one of very top of SNCC leaders "(13) (native Southern white heroine in civil rights struggle - an SNCC field secretary) "(14) Clifford Waghs (an SNCC leader)

NY 100-134637

"(15)

"(16)

"(16)

"(16)

"(17)

"(18)

"(18)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(10)

"(10)

"(10)

"(11)

"(11)

"(12)

"(12)

"(12)

"(13)

"(14)

"(15)

"(15)

"(16)

"(16)

"(16)

"(17)

"(17)

"(18)

"(18)

"(18)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"(19)

"

"Lee Dlugin is the Party person to be worked with in this Delegation - all matters of tickets, money and technical arrangements should be handled through her. The Delegation may elect a spokesman other than Lee Dlugin who should be dealt with on all matters other than travel, tickets and money. Such an elected person may well not be The Delegation is very broad and very a Party person. Some of its nine or ten Negro members may be important. somewhat influenced by leftism a little, but this is superficial and will be positively influenced by the trip. The Freedom Voices are perhaps the top singers to come out of the Southern Civil Rights Movement. They are recording stars and have performed on television. The fullest use of their talents should be offered. The photography of Herb Randall of Alvin Simon is top people's art, and should be exhibited if at all possible. SNe (Atudent Non-Violent Coordinating Committee) is the foremost youth civil rights organization in the country, and especially in the South.

"These 16 invited guests should not be confused with the seven CPUSA youth guests who were invited by CCCPSU.

Will send name later.

10. "Bernie Russell, a former CORE leader, served as Executive Secretary of the US Festival Committee until recently. He does not represent the Committee any longer in any capacity. It is strongly suspected that he works either for the US Government or for Progressive Labor or for both. On June 26, he went on his own without consulting anyone else on the US Festival Committee to Algiers. We are suspicious of what he may be up to."

lb6 lb7C

سنة فعقلا له التامد

THE

MI 100-134031

To cocesul Jan 1501

We wish to call to your attention that among the CPUSA Activists Delegation, which will arrive in Moscow approximately the 22nd or 23rd of July (see list of this Delegation on separate page) is Comrade Jean Schermer. Comrade Jean Schermer is the widow of Victor Barron who was killed while working with Comrade Carlos Prestes of Brazil in 1934. He, Comrade Victor Barron, was the son of Harrison George, one of the founders of the CPUSA. Victor Barron was one of our most talented and trusted workers in the Comintern Apparatus who was stationed in Brazil to work with Carlos Prestes. It was he who blocked the way of the Fascists Folice and Secret Agents so that Carlos Prestes could espape, and in this way Victor was captured for not revealing the whereabouts of Prestes. He was tortured and thrown out of a high window. Victor Barron's gave is in Brazil and to this day is honored by workers on the anniversary of his death.

"Comrade Jean Schermer, throughout these decades from the time when she too worked for the Comintern abroad, has never ceased working in behalf of the National Office of our Party. The years have lain heavily upon her, and today you will see an aged woman, very tired, but undaunted in her spirit. I call this to your attention so that perhaps while she will travel with, and be a member of the Activists, you will give her some additional attention, for she by no means, in her love and loyalty to the USSR would ask for any special attention. I am sure she will be most excited if mention were made of her hushand and her known past activities and loyalty over the years. This, indeed, would be recognition enough.

"Important. It is most ungent that there be made available visa to the USSR when she applies at the Helsinki Embassy. She will apply there at the same time as Gene Dennis' mother and Pettis Perry's wife, and the Puerto Rican National Committee member, Comrade Gertrude Mèlendez Perez.

"Signed Gus Hall"

"To CCCPS

"In answer to yourradio message of June 29 regarding group of our Party members visit to Moscow:

> 11. If a Comrade is to be or go for medical treatment and rest on National Committee quota, we will so designate it. We are awar that there are 8 remaining on this quotal

"The list that we refer to is the local and state comrades who hold the leading positions on a local and state level, whom you have invited for a period of three weeks or so to visit and sée USSR.

Listed below is the Delegation of these Activists

Miller 2) Marion Miller

3) Bernard Ades

Dora Ades
Joseph Relshin
Kay Felshin

Jean Schermer (She is now at the Helsinki Peace Conference and will request her visa at the Helsinki Embassy and transportation to Moscow. She will join with this Activists Delegation.)

"We are sending Lem Harris to your Washington, D.C. Embassy for visas for the above six Comrades who are leaving on July 21. We will send to you the exact departure from NYC and arrival in Moscow in time for you.

"Added to this list there are other Comrades who are trying to join with this Delegation. They are Milford Sutherland, Harold Buchman, Joseph Forer, and Flora Forer.



"This Delegation, in no way, is to be part of the Women's Delegation or Negro Delegation that your CCCPSU invited."

Signed Gus Hal Morris Childs

13. \"Re Max Miller and Marion Miller

"Comrade Max Miller is a veteran trusted CPUSA member, and was involved in most trusted Control Committee functions on west coast during McCarthy and underground period. Marion too is an old trusted Party worker. Both are personal friends of mine

Signed Gus Hall"

14. To CCCPSU

This will tell you that Comrade SimonyGerson and his wife, Sophie, are traveling to USSR as tourists, and are expected to arrive there on August 13.

"Comrade Gerson is paying for his own fares and traveling expenses and is an old-time member of CPUSA, dating back into the early 1930's and prior to that time a leader of CPUSA youth. While he is traveling as an ordinary tourist, we know it would be interesting to you that he is an oldtimer who should be given at least a little attention and acknowledgement as a member of our Party. He, in no way, represents any of our organizations or bodies. This to him is strictly a trip for sightseeing. His wife, Sophilis not a member of our Party but she was in the past

"Unless there will be a change, Uncle Armstrong next; Sister Carol next. I do this since we have not spoken concerning the new drops."

(The above message refers to personal rendezvous of a drop respectively.)

Information concerning individuals mentioned in this airtel will be disseminated to interested offices as soon as the identity and whereabouts of such individuals can be ascertained.

John U.

7/19/65

SAC. NEW YORK (65-17696)

TRACING OF AMERICAN MONEY USED BY SOVIETS IN ESPIONAGE OPERATIONS ESP-R '(00:NY)

As the Bureau is aware, in 1965, the "World Marxist Review", Prague, Czechoslovakia, made a settlement of \$4,542.00 to CPUSA for mailing expenses of "World Marxist Review". This currency consisted of 45 \$100.00 notes, 8 \$5.00 notes and 2 \$1.00 notes.

The analysis will pertain only to the \$100.00 notes since NYO does not maintain an index on currency below \$10.00 denominations.

When the above currency was broken down into Federal Reserve Districts and series, the following was disclosed:

Denomination \$100.00

- A	•		Boston
1934	÷		1
1950 1950B	-		1,
1950C			i
3-4		Total	4

4-Eurequ (RM)
(D-100-428091)(SOLO)
(I-100-3-63)(CPUSA-FUNDS)
3-Chicago (65-4302)(Info)(RM)
(1-100-)(CPUSA FUNDS)
(1-134-46 Sub B)
1-New York (100-134637)(SOLO)
1-New York (100-74560)(CPUSA FUNDS)
1-New York

| 100-42-809/-NOT RECORDED 150 JUL 22 1965

50 AUG(B) 1965

ORIGINAL FILED IN

7/19,55

SAC, NEW YORK (05-17003)

TRACING OF AMERICAN NOTEY
USED BY SOVIETS IN ESPIONAGE
OPERATIONS -- "RECUEST FOR
AUTOMATIC DATA PROCESSING
UNIT SERVICE"
(00:111)

On 5/16/55, NYO exchanged at the Chaudeal Bank New York Trust Company, \$200,000, consisting of \$210,000 in \$100 notes and \$70,000 in \$50 notes for notes of a smaller denomination. This was money received from the Soviets on 5/10/05.

Zerox copies of this money have been furnished to the Eureau y separate communication, dated 7/14/.5, cuption "SOLO; IS-C" (Eufile 100-428091) to be programmed by furnished Data Processing Unit.

The NYO, for this reason, has not included the serial numbers of this money in the index maintained in equipmed case.

It is to be noted that NYO does not make compartsons of the serial numbers of the 'exchange money' with serial numbers of money in the index because the origin of the "exchange money" is known.

3- Eureau (RH) (1 = 100-428031) (SOLO) 1 - New York (100-134337) (SOLO) 1 - New York NOT RECORDED 170 AUG 10 1965

GAP÷£33ª (5)

1 AUG 171365

ORIGINAL FILED IN 7

B 1934 1943A 1950A 1950B 1950C 1950D	Total	New York 3 3 1 5 4 4
c 1934 1950A 1950c	Total	Philadelphia 3 1 5
D 1950A	Total	Cleveland
E 1950 1950A 1950C	Total	Richmond 1 1 1 1 3
0 1934 1934B 1950 1950c	Total	Chicago
1950B	- Total	Minneapolis
1 950	Total	St. Louis
K 1950B 1950C	Ţotal	Dallas 2 1

NY 65-17696

1934

with 20 or 44.43.

San Francisco

Total

The above chart indicates that MY Federal Reserve District was the highest in which \$100.00 notes originate

When the above currency was compared against the list of money which was issued to the Soviets in My and Washington, D.C., no identification was effected.

When this money was compared against the index of CP and Soviet bloc espionage money maintained in the captional ease, pattern of sequence was observed with money previously recovered from the Soviets and subsequently furnished to the CPUSA.

The asterisk denotes the currency furnished to CPUSA in 1965 by the "World Narrint Review".

Denomination \$100.00	Scries 1950c	
Serial Number	Receivered by	Date Recovered
D14484362A B14500284A	CP.	5/10/65
D14500309A	CP	5/10/65

The notation "CP" under the caption "Recovered By" in the above chart denotes other instances where the soyiets have furnished funds to the CPUSA on date indicated.

Information concerning comparison against the index is not to be set forth in report form or dissemination memorandum without Eureau authority.

DIRECTOR, FBI (65-65405) (ATT: VOUCHER STATISTICAL SECTION)

7/19/65

SAC, NEW MORK (65-17696)

TRACING OF AMERICAN MONEY USED
BY SOVIETS IN ESPIONAGE OPERATIONS—
"REQUEST FOR AUTOMATIC DATA PROCESSING UNIT SERVICE"
(00:NY)

EXTREME CAUTION MUST BE EXERCISED WITH RESPECT
TO DISSEMINATION OF THE INFORMATION HEREIN INASMICH AS
BY ITS NATURE SAID INFORMATION TENDS TO IDENTIFY MY 694-S &
A VALUABLE INFORMANT. AS THE SOURCE. MILESS THIS THEORMATION
IS OBTAINED FROM A SOURCE OTHER THAN MY 694-S IT SHOULD
NOT BE INCLUDED EVEN IN PARAPHRASED FORM IN THE INVESTIGATIVE
SECTION OF A REPORT.

On 6/23/65, NV 694-8, received \$150,000 from the Soviets. This currency consisted of 2,400 \$50,00 notes and 1,500 \$20.00 notes.

Zerox reproductions of this money have been furnished to the Eurepu by reparate communication dated 7/14/65 under the caption "SOLO; IS-C" (Bufile 100-423091) to be programmed by Automatic Data Processing Unit.

For this reason, NYO has not included the serial numbers of this money in the index maintained in captioned case. No comparison of the serial numbers of this money has been made with serial numbers of money in the index.

(34 Burgau (RM) (1-100-428091) (SOLO) 1-New York (100-134637) (SOLO) 1-Rew York

100-42809/-NOT RECORDED 170 AUG 10 1965 *j.o.*

日

GAP: jal

65 mm 19 19 19

OSTIONAL FORM NO., 10
MAY 1942 FOILIGN
GSL CEN, ACC. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Mohr DeLoach Casper Callishan Contad Felt Gale Rosen Sullivan Trotter Tela Room		Belmont	
Casper Callahan Contad Felt Gale Rosen Sullivan Trotter		Moht	
Casper Callahan Contad Felt Gale Rosen Sullivan Trotter		DeLoach	
Callahan Contad Felt Gate Rosen Sullivan Mayel Trotter			
Contad Felt Gale Rosen Sullivan Trotter			
Felt Gale Rosen Sullivan Tavel Trotter			
Gale Rosen Sullivan Vavel Trotter			
Rosen Sullivan Vavel Trotter			
Sulltvan Yavel Trotter		Rosen	
Trotter			
Trotter		Sullivan	
		Syllivon -	
	١-	Sullivan	

TO Mr. Conrad

C. F. Downing

SUBJECT:

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Captioned case involves the Bureau's highly valuable confidential informant NY 694-S* who has been receiving communications transmitted to him by radio.

DATE:

July 28, 1965

On 7/28/65, transmissions were heard by the Bureau's radio station at Midland at which time a message, NR 183 GR 217, was intercepted.

The plain text and cipher text are attached.

The New York Office is aware of the contents.

ACTION:

For information.

4

Enclosure

1 _Mr Bolmont

1 - Mr. Conrad

2 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. W. G. Shaw)

1 - Mr. Downing

1 - Mr. Newpher

1 - Mr. Paddock

ST-118 REC MOO -

AUG 2 - 1965

HS: dek (8)

N/ENCLOSUR!

65 AUG 4 1965

TOBIRCH HALE COLOLORINTS WILL BEREADY FORDEL EVE CECO NDPARTAUGUST EXACTIDATEN ILLIBEGIVENTOYOULATER . #2 4 WE MAINTAINOFFICIALWORKINGCONTACTWITHLAMELLAME LAME IDERTHATTHISCONTACTISUSEFUL AND ANY INFORMATION FROM l_{is}^{in} IVENBYSPRINGORALLYATPERSONALMEETINGWILL B EAPPRECIATED BUTHETHINK THAT IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO ARRANG Ó ESPECIALTRANSMISSIONOFHIS INFORMATIONS INCEMENOPETOE O STABLISHCONTACTHITHHIM . # HIM . WE WOU TO IKE TO KNOW YOUROP INIONONVERY IMPORTANT PROBLEMO FOUR RELATION WITH ANY PER SONTOURECOME DESTOUS | WECONS I DERTHATINORDERTO AVOIDP OSSIBILITY OF DOING ANY HARM TOYOUR LANGINFUTURE AND TAKIN GINT CACCOUNTREOU ! REMENTS OF CONSPINACY ! TIS ELECESSARY FORYOUTOAVOIDANYCONTACTHITHTHISPERSONANDHESHOULDING TSEEHCOOVTACTHITHYOU PLEASEADVISE YOUR OPINITAN -

ENCLOSURE

100-428091-4995

NR 183 GR 217

O

 \bigcirc

· 17.

7/28/65

> ENCLOSURE 100-428091-4995

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 MAY 1962 EDITION GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

$Memorandum_{ m \,ROUTE}$ IN ENVELOPE

Mr. Conrad

July 30, 1965 DATE:

Tele. Room Holmes

Tolson

Belmont. DeLoach

Casper Callahan Contad

Downing

SUBJECT:

Internal Security - C

Captioned case involves the Bureau's highly valuable confidential informant NY 694-S* who has been receiving communications transmitted to him by radio.

On 7/30/65, transmissions were heard by the Bureau's radio station at Midland at which time a message, NR 888 GR 385, was intercepted.

The plain text and cipher text are attached.

The New York Office is aware of the contents.

ACTION:

For information.

Enclosure

Mr. Belliont

- Mr. Conrad

2 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. W. G. Shaw)

1 - Mr. Downing

1 - Mr. Newpher

- Mr. Paddock

JLM: dek dif (8)

AUG 3 1965

65 AUG 6

TOBIRCH #1# PLEASEINFORMLASTALAST THATHISNEST FRIEND THE SUBJECT HEARTEDLY CONGRATULATE HIMANDFERN OWENSONOCOA SIONOFTHEIRWEDDINGANDWISHTHEMHAPPYFAMILYLIFENGOODH EALTHANDSUCCESSINPUBLICANDPOLITICALACTIVITY . #2# ON YOURREQUEST INCONNECTION WITHOAKLEY NOAKEN JOHNSON'S LETTERINWHICHHERAISEDQUESTIONOFROYALTIESFORHISBOOK WEINFORMY OUTHAT IN #1962 #JOHNSON RECEIVED IN HOTELADVA NCEPAYMENTON #520 HOOLLARS AND THE RESTORTHE SUM #590 HOOL LARSHASSENTTOZEUSZEUSZEUSZENOVEMBER#1964#ZINACCORDANCE WITHYOURLANDDECISION SOURPUBLISHINGHOUSE PROGRESS S ADEL THE SAME WELL SHOOK LETT A MHELHER ON LANGE 1841 BudhouseshouldinformJAAHNSONTHATTHESECONDPARTOFKTIS groyaltieswassenitdzeuspryouwillinformhim, #3#. |withr EGRETWERECEIVEDYOUR INFORMATION THATBOOK 'S DAUGHTER AN C & DISONINLAWHEREMOTIABLETOVISITHEST JINACCORDANCEWITHYO URREQUESTTOGIVETHENTOURISTVISAS WHICHWAS RECEIVED BY SUSONJUNE #20 | | | WESENTON THE SAMEDAY I NSTRUCT I ONS TOOUR CA S & SHIER IN HAMLET JATTHESAMET IMENE INFORMED INTOURISTAND g hms had ouasked that it is necessary to pay special attent TONTOTHEMDURINGTHEIRSTAYINNEST TOOURREGRETWEWEREND TINFORMED BY OUR HAMLET CASHIER ON FINANCIAL DIFFICULTIES OFBOOK - STAUGHTERANDSONINLAW THIS IS WHYWEWERE NOTABLE PAYTHE I RITRAVELEXPENCES IN NEST PLEASE INFORMBOOK THA O- THEAREVERESORRYTHATHISDAUGHTERANDSONINLAWHADSOMEUN

100-42809/ H996

DESIRABLEDIFFICULTIES THAT DIDNOT LETTHEN VISITNEST

PAPER PATENTED BY

0

O

79632 67624 39887 06129 31854 90604 97737 08119 02885 79923. 47658 76784 66598 55275 33402 93710 32618 80731 43522 52480 40542 18340 89249 72724 52094 57928 13377 18947 41328 76335 14476 12790 70546 50665 21059 62605 66975 65581 81923 79507 0 23347 02266 82782 71653 38480 76304 87623 35541 61170 21098 83869 81372 56332 62303 85217 33000 19058 19273 01617 41009 56405 61401 77264 03440 11122 48115 36817 80839 69222 72038 19387 96754 15509 15246 02189 16521 13428 89716 50859 15468 60976 96236 49259 27822 09510 38856 60579 91658 00656 90587 ··· 09061 02702 04733 79981 75574 10207 55117 47523 19213 23900 g08146 13293 06723 70294 57920 26086 51460 74461 80190 23393. ²75078 87221 61394 52748 27896 15815 28608 89129 19018 58731 g70271 60380 29649 33592 24680 12843 36378 61773 38613 09814 \bigcirc $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ å63233 30440 99669 31223 90935

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 7/28/65

Transmit the following in (Type in plaintext or code) Via AIRTEL TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091) FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637) (41) SUBJECT: SOLO TS-C On 7/27/65, there were received from the Soviets, via radio, four ciphered-partially coded messages, the plain texts of which are as follows: 1. "To GUS HALL "Money will be ready for delivery second part of August. Exact date will be given to you later".
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091) FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637) (41) SUBJECT: SOLO On 7/27/65, there were received from the Soviets, via radio, four ciphered-partially coded messages, the plain texts of which are as follows: 1. "To GUS HALL "Money will be ready for delivery second
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091) FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637) (41) SUBJECT: SOLO On 7/27/65, there were received from the Soviets, via radio, four ciphered-partially coded messages, the plain texts of which are as follows: 1. "To GUS HALL "Money will be ready for delivery second
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637) (41) SUBJECT: SOLO IS-C On 7/27/65, there were received from the Soviets, via radio, four ciphered-partially coded messages, the plain texts of which are as follows: 1. "To GUS HALL, "Money will be ready for delivery second
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637) (41) SUBJECT: SOLO IS-C On 7/27/65, there were received from the Soviets, via radio, four ciphered-partially coded messages, the plain texts of which are as follows: 1. "To GUS HALL, "Money will be ready for delivery second
On 7/27/65, there were received from the Soviets, via radio, four ciphered-partially coded messages, the plain texts of which are as follows: 1. "To GUS HALL. "Money will be ready for delivery second
On 7/27/65, there were received from the Soviets, via radio, four ciphered-partially coded messages, the plain texts of which are as follows: 1. "To GUS HALL "Money will be ready for delivery second
via radio, four ciphered-partially coded messages, the plain texts of which are as follows: 1. "To GUS HALL. "Money will be ready for delivery second
"Money will be ready for delivery second
Re above, see NY airtel, 7/23/65, page 10, reflecting that NY 694-S* had inquired from the Soviets when the next delivery of money would be.
2. "We maintain official working contact with 1 youth Festival. We consider that this contact is useful."
(Bufile given by JACK CHILDS orally at personal meeting will be appreciated, but we think that it is not necessary to arrange special transmission of his information since we hope to establish contact with him."
3-Bureau (100-428091) (RM) 1-Chicago (134-46 Sub B) (AM) (RM) 1-NY 134-91 (INV) (41)
1-NY 105-14931 Sub C (NIKOLAI M. TALANOV) (341)
ACB:eac REC 1/00-428041-41197
5 AUG 3 1965
William
Approved: Special Agent in Charge Sent M Per
65 AUG 6 1965.

المنافق المارية

4. "We would like to know your opinion on very important problem of our relation with any person you recommended to us. We consider that in order to avoid possibility of doing any harm to your Communist Party in future, and taking into account requirements of conspiracy, it is necessary for you to avoid any contact with this person and he should not seek contact with you. Please advise your opinion".

Message four, above, is obviously ambiguous and since NY 694-S* is currently in Washington, D.C., it has not been possible to request him to interpret it. Upon his return to NY, this message will be discussed with him, and his interpretation thereof will be furnished to the Bureau.

CG 134-46 Sub B

to meet some trade inions, trade union factory. The Polish

"They would like very much to meet some trade union leaders and visit some trade unions, trade union cultural facilities and at least one factory. The Polish Embassy has been advised of their trip by Ambassador Bohdan Lewandowski, who has been in correspondence with Brother Davis.

"They are scheduled to arrive on Sunday, August 15, at 3:45 PM /Warsaw time/ on LOT (Polish Airlines) Flight 232.

"They are scheduled to leave August 19.

"Visas have already been issued to them in the United States. Because of lack of time, they purchased regular Orbis tourist vouchers for their stay in Warsaw but have not reserved space in any hotels.

"It is suggested that they be met by representatives of the Polish trade union movement and that arrangements for their stay, sightseeing and meetings with Polish trade union figures be taken care of by the trade union movement. They will be especially interested in visiting a hospital.

"As forward-looking unionists and fighters for peace, they will be particularly interested in discussing future delegations of a more representative character.

"Brother Davis and a group of unionists will be in the USSR between July 26 and August 15. They can be reached there c/o

"Dr. Nadejda Grigorieva President, Medical Workers Union Central Committee Lenin Avenue 42 Moscow V-119, U.S.S.R.

"Davis is already in the USSR. The rest of the group is leaving the United States on July 23. Mrs. Kaplan can be reached before July 23 at the office of the

**Drug and Hospital Employees Union, Local-1199
709 Eighth Avenue
New York, N.Y. 10036. /Telephone is JUdson 2-1890/**

CG 134-46 Sub B

Mill Will

		. !
b) "TRADE UNION GROUP Visiting USSR	July-Aug 1965	
Leon J. Davis President Local 1199 Drug and Hospital Employees Union	Julia Davis (wife) Supervisor Social Workers	
709 8th Avenue, New York City		
Executive Secretary Local 1199 (same as/above)	1 156 1570	
George/Glotzer, Vice President Director Drug Division Local 1199 (same as above)		
Elliott/Godoff, Vice President Director Hospital Division Local 1199 (same as above)) Incompany	`\
Theodore R Mitchell, Vice President Area Director Hospital Division Local 1199 (same as above)		
Edna C. Kaplan	Irving/Kaplan (husband)	
Administrative Secretary to President Davis Local 1199	Salesman Women's Clothing Industry	3
(same as above)	المناس المسائل	
Henry Foner President Joint Board Fur, Leather & Machine Workers Union 109 West 26th St. New York City		,
Fur Workers Union 802 Fanshawe Street Philadelphia, Pa		
101 Princeton Street Roslyn Heights, N. Y.		
Bernard J. Moolis President Coint Council #3		
Fur & Leather Dept- Amalgamated Meat Cutters & Butcher Work	man A	
Williamsport, Pa 3	TO While	

CG 134-46 Sub B

"Bernard Stephens Editor - Trade Union Local 1199 (same as above)

14-166 1670 TO MEGNET

At the same time that he turned these documents over to CG 5824-S*, HALL once again raised the question of obtaining a Polish stallion for his brother, TOIVO HALLBERG, a horse breeder from Iron, Minnesota. Negotiations to obtain this horse have been going on for many months and the last information was obtained by ISADORE NEEDLEMAN in early 1965 who stated that HALL should choose the type horse he wants and the Poles would ship the horse in 9/65. HALL instructed CG 5824-S* to find out what the Poles now intend to do. According to HALL, the Poles should be told that the CP, USA is willing to pay the freight for shipping the horse by air. CG 5824-S* stated that this matter would be taken care of in the near future.

Since this matter cannot be handled through the normal Solo channels as a consequence of HALL's past refusal of the gift of some Soviet horses, CG 5824-S* made the following arrangements that this matter would be handled with the Central Committee, Polish United Workers Party. On the morning of 7/21/65 CG 5824-S* contacted Ave., Chicago, Ill., who is a trusted contact of JACK KLING for setting up appointments at the Polish Consulate - Chicago. At that time, CG 5824-S* delivered to ______in a double sealed envelope, the inner of which was addressed to the Central Committee, Polish United Workers Party, the memo to the Polish Trade Unions accompanied by the following letter:

"Central Committee Polish United Workers Party"

Dear Comrades,

1b6

lb7C

"There is some information we would like to give to you and some we would like to receive from you.

"First, a group of hospital and other trade union leaders led by Leon Davis expect to be in your country on August 15, 1965, and the enclosed document speaks for itself.

"Secondly, an attorney by the name of Isadore Needleman, who carried a credential from our leadership, was in your country in March, 1965, discussing the acquisition of an Arabian stallion in behalf of T. Hallberg, Iron, Minnesota.

是政策

CG 134-46 Sub B.

b6

1b7C



IX XCILL

"These negotiations have been going on now for a year and a half. The authorities in Warsaw promised that they would ship this animal in September and that they would communicate in August when they would have the contracts signed. T. (Toivo) Hallberg is a member of Gus Hall's family. As you can see, some of these things have been discussed in Warsaw in the past. If there is a problem of currency for shipping this steed, we are willing to advance some money for it.

"JK (Jack Kling)
for International Department,
N.C., C.P., U.S.A."

who was not informed as to the contents, advised CG 5824-S* that he would attempt to deliver this envelope to the Polish Consul General ADOLF KITA during the afternoon of 7/21 or 7/22/65. CG 5824-S* would telephone after 9:00 p.m. on 7/22/65 to confirm that the message had been transmitted.

By separate communication, with appropriate cautionary statement, pertinent portions of the above information will be disseminated to interested offices.



F:D:36	(Rev:	5-22-64)

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TO 4 DIRECTO	GISTERED	(Priority)			
TO 4: DIRECTO		(Priority)			
TO 4: DIRECTO				``	·
*	•	,	· ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	- tam	Conti
FROM : SAC, NE SUBJECT: SOLO IS-C	W YORK (100-	-134637)	R.	(100 copper	(pr (11)
, 	ì	,		17/1	Me No
On 8/3/ Soviets through t NEEDLEMANsevers which were in pla	l messages o	, channel- on microfi	tted to -ISIDORE lm, some partial	the GIBBY of code.	Au A
The fol	lowing messe	age was in	plain t	ext:	
	,		•	•	
y for a second of the second o	Ä	•	1 		1. 4 1
	率 —	- - - - -	-		
1-1-15103	RI EX	EC-70 (OC	-425 aug 5	809/- (1965	199 c
3 - Bureau (RM) 1 - Chicago (134- 1 - NY 134-91 (II 1 - NY 105-14931- 1 - NY 100-13463	IV)(41) Sub B (NIKO 7 (41)	LAI M. TAI	LANOV) (34	12/93	EC.
ACB:msb (8)	HELLE	2 03 Mg.		- 	
Approved:Approved:Approved:Approved:Approved:	Sent	7 4 2 7 2 7	М Ре		

To Referee -

In view of the sudden cut off of assistance to the "New World Review," this Journal now faces the crisis of its existence. This magazine has been published now for 33 years (though the name was changed). The circulation is over 6,000 regularly and sometimes more. But most important this Journal gloes to what we call in the US, the "opinion makers." This means it reaches people who influence others, such as editors, writers, lecturers and mainly those who have influence and contact wish masses of people. It goes to 1,200 libraries.

A prolonged collective discussion brought out the fact that this magazine has a greater impact upon Americans than all the similar magazines published abroad (including some now published in the USSR). This publication is geared to the State of the American public and its level of thinking. This magazine has also taken a firm position in clarifying the position of the USSR vs. CPC.

Your views regarding the "New World Review" were discussed with us after Hub's return. But we believed as did the editors that nothing would be done suddenly or hurriedly to adversely affect the Journal - not without more discussion and even some continued help, if not in the same regular manner as before.

To this day no one - repeat no one - from your side has even spoken to the editor about the problem. The comrades whoheve put in decades of work to cement the friendship of the peoples of the US and the USSR feel that they deserve more confidence than mere silence.

The crisis in the magazine is already affecting the council at a time when this organization was spreading and doing some excellent work. You should know that the council is and was helped by the magazine not only in a propaganda sense but maternally.

This situation has placed more burdens <u>upon</u> us directly and upon some of our other institutions such as the print shop. Since bills have not been paid they are suffering financial losses that have put them in dire straits.

The following message was in partial code:

"The enclosed memorandum 'regarding the matter of the 'New World Review'; even if stated briefly is our considered collective opinion. We have more material concerning this subject matter which we will send you later. In the meantime, may we in a comradely manner suggest that someone see the editor and that something be done to alleviate the crisis.

"Comrade HALL asked me to convey his opinions in this communication -

"Fraternally yours

"MORRIS CHILDS"

The following message was in plain text:

"The following is GUS HALL's memorandum on New World Review:"





Regarding the matter of the New World Review:

In spite of its limited circulation, this magazine plays a rather decisive role in a number of very important areas. Even if one takes the question of the debate on the position of the Communist Party of China, this magazine has made a significant contribution in influencing a number of key people in the Left movement who are themselves opinion-making individuals.

It plays a very important role in the sense of popularizing the achievements of the Soviet Union and socialism, again in very key areas. As a matter of fact it is in the very nature of this magazine that it is read by people who are opinion-makers. I venture to say that it has a greater influence on the popularization of the achievements of the Soviet Union and socialism than all of the other magazines published for this purpose by the socialist country put together:

The magazine is geared to the American public. This is its strong point.

That it has a number of articles from other socialist countries besides the Soviet Union adds to the importance of this magazine.

Some-problems-that should be considered:

- 1. No one has-discussed either the contents or the problems with the Editor, for possibly a year and a half. On her trip to the Soviet Union about a year and a half ago, promises were made that no change would take place without proper discussion and proper notification.
- 2. No assistance of any kind has been received for 1965. We have set up a commission to work with the Editor on improving the magazine, on makit even mire of a magazine that young Americans will read, as well as to work on the question of increasing its circulation.

It is our collective opinion that this magazine serves a very important purpose in the overall picture of the struggle for peace and for socialism. Rather than ignoring this magazine or thinking of ending its career, ideas should be forthcoming on how to improve and how to make it even more effective.

The following message was in partial code:

"CC, CPSU

"Important - Please Note:

"Comrade SIMON GERSON, member of CPUSA National Committee, and family will arrive August 16th - Monday - via flight 910 British European Airlines in Moscow at 4:05 P.M.

"GUS HALL"

The following message was in plain text:

"Correction

"Error made in last message to you should have read -

"Saint not Angel who will be on vacation for 3 weeks."

(Re above message, see NY airtell8/2/65, page 4, message #3. In identifying ISIDORE NEEDLEMAN to the Soviets, NY 694-S* inadvertently referred to him as "Angel"rather than "Saint," which is the code word for NEEDLEMAN.)

The following message was in plain text:

"We assume the 'lamb' you referred to in your last tug is EDWARD OLIVER LAMB and not "World Festival, the word for which in referee code is 'lamb.'"

(Re above, see NY airtel 7/28/65, page 1, message #2, which reads, "We maintain official working contact with Youth Festival. We consider that this contact is useful."

FD-36	ÎB	eV:~5-₹2-64j
. 5-50	'n	ev. 3-14-041

ACB:msb

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Via/	AIRTEL	REGISTERED	in plaintext or code)		: ; ; ; ;	-
-	-	ر ب د خود کو کو چو جو د د د د د کو کو	(Priority)		·	. ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
9	FROM: SUBJECT: NY 694- conferred wid Chairman Emen ISIDORE GIBBY NY 694-S* the TIM BUCK, and sent to the (documents were	SAC, NEW YORK (10 SOLO TS-C SOLO TS-C STATE THE MASO THE CARE THE CARE THE CARE THE COLOR OF THE CARE THE COLOR OF THE COL	oo-134637) lvised that on COLO, paramour adian CP, at the COLO do not which we nich was a copy the CP of Ital, ad to GUS HALL	that date he of TIM BUCK, he office of elivered to re letters from of a letter on TIM BUCK	om s	3
V	MASCOLO for the purpo	ostated that she	ž these documei			

Aus 3 | 00 PM '65

Approved: Sent Sent M Per M Pe

6 AUG 5_1965

100-43:20-11-5000

COMMUNIST PARTY OF CANADA



PARTI COMMUNISTE CANADIEN

National Committee

Comite National

24 CECIL STREET

TORONTO 2B, CANADA

TELEPHONE WA. 1-5109

July 29, 1965

Dear Herb:

Inclosed is copy of a letter received from C.P.I. on July Am sending it just in case you have not received one. Primary purpose of this note is to "clear the deck" in 16th.

respect to instructors at the school.

As you know, curriculum is built around three main subjectsPolitical Economy, Philosophy, Strategy and Tactics. The plan
is to have an instructor in charge of each main subject. He will
be responsible along with the Director for fitting in the special

lectures, workshop sessions, selection of topics on which papers are prepared, and etc.

We have the people, but I would like to have word from you as to whether you would like to send a commade to participate in the instruction-either as Instructor in charge of one subject or to participate in a more repearal way as a member of the teaching the instruction-either as instructor in charge of one subject or to participate in a more general way as a member of the teaching staff. Even if you have comrades available it may not be advisable, but you are in the best position to decide. It is not absolutely essential that you give a definitive reply today but it will be good if we can have it within a couple of weeks or.

The second question which necessitated this note refers to students.

students.

The course will start on Sept. 15th and conclude on Dec. 15th. Premises for class work are arranged but housing and etc. can be arranged best when we have information about the students; sex, preferences as to being alone or in couples, etc. In this town it might be good if we know in advance how many of the comrades

will be negros and their sex.

I dont suppose that you are in a position to give this information immediately but it will be good if you arrange with the bearer about how we shall be informed.

With personal regards.

28

Since in the recent contacts we had with leaders of various communist parties, the possibility of an early calling of a world conference of the workers' and communist parties was discussed and since some other communist parties took a position favourable to such an initiative either in public declarations or in private informations, we feel it public declarations or in private informations, we feel it might be useful to inform you as to the conclusions reached with regard to this issue by the C.C. and the C.C.C. of our party in their joint meeting held on the 7th,8th and 9th of July.

of July.

The report delivered by comrade Alicata on behalf of the Bolitical Bureau on (the 2nd point on the agenda of the meeting): The deterioration of the world situation and the communists in the fight for peace and for peoples freedom, in dealing with the possibility of an early calling of a world conference, said: The attention of our movement should now be focused in the development of unity of action lies the key to create in the development of unity of action lies the key to create new forms of solidarity, cooperation and unity in our movement. This strengthens our opposition to concentrating again the workers and communist parties attention on the question of a new world conference. We can understand that the stubborn a new world conference. We can understand that the stubborn a new world conference. We can understand that the stubborn intransigence shown so far by the Chinese comrades may cause negative reactions. We can also understand the impatience of all who realize - as we also do very clearly - the harm cr arr who realize - as we also do very chearry - the harm these positions are causing to the peoples who are more directly subject to imperialist aggression, first among them the Vietnamese people. There is no doubt that this people would gain namediate advantage from the establishment of effective unity immediate advantage from the establishment of effective unity of action and the coordination of the solidarity of all working class and communist forces. Lastly, we do realize that the situation now existing in the world communist movement causes deep concern to some parties and gives rise, as a reaction to such a situation, to regrettable forms of isolationism in their such a situation, to redretable forms of isolationism in their cour position. On the contrary, it strengthens our conviction our position. On the contrary, it strengthens our conviction that to lose time in the effort to restore the unity of our movement by old methods and procedures, will not help to seek and put into practice all those joint initiatives, which it is essential and possible to take. If such initiatives were developed relentlessly and patiently in addition to being greatly beneficial to the cause of the fight for peace and the peoples' beneficial to the cause of the fight for peace and the peoples' beneficial to the cause of the fight for peace and the peoples' beneficial to the cause of the fight for peace and the peoples' beneficial to the cause of the fight for peace and the peoples' beneficial to the cause of the fight for peace and the peoples' beneficial to the cause of the fight for peace and the peoples' beneficial to a cause of the fight for peace and the peoples' beneficial to a cause of the fight for peace and the peoples' beneficial to the cause of the fight for peace and the peoples' beneficial to the cause of the fight for peace and the peoples' beneficial to the cause of the fight for peace and the peoples' beneficial to the cause of the fight for peace and the peoples' beneficial to the cause of the fight for peace and the people state. of action and the coordination of the solidarity of all working

In our views, moreover, a new international unity should be pursued on a broader ground than that on which are moving the parties descending from the 3rd International: new forms the parties descending from the ord international: new forms of international solidarity, cooperation and unity are to be sought also with forces which are not marxist, but consistently sought also with forces which are not marxist, but consistently anti-imperialist and are endeavoring in Asia, Africa and Latin America to find new roads to advance and to build socialism. America to find new roads to advance and to build socialism. We must reject any tendency, which might emerge after recent At the end of their debate, the C.C. and the C.C. C. unanimously approved the report delivered by comrade Alicata on behelf of the Political Eureau and decided then that under the circumstances our Party could neither attend a world conference called at an early date, nor take part in the preparatory meeting taken in consideration by some of the brother parties. This decision was expressed in the concluding resolution, where it is stated:

paratory meeting taken in consideration by some of the brother parties. This decision was expressed in the concluding resolution where it is stated:

".....the C.C. and the C.C.C. once again stress the need that all the working class and communist forces, and more generally all the anti-imperialist forces, find new fresh forms of solidarity, cooperation and unity on international scale. They reconfirm that the line proposed by the Italian Communist Party is the correct one to reach this end, discarding methods and procedures which proved ineffective so far.

With fraternal greetings

The Secretariat of the I.C.F. (Alessandro Natta)

1. 1. 29th 15 Year Friends Rabbi Abraham Finelery is one of the most widely known and most influential cleries in Canadal. He was, for many years, the Parter of the Holy Blossom (Reform) Sympgogue in Torontots probably the most influential Synagogue in Camla. He resigned from his fastotate when some membels of the committee questioned the wisdom of his public committeent to the Peace Movement - specifically firm the role that he was playing as chairman of the thethe "Committee For World Disarmanant" Since resigning from his Partorate Rabbi Fineberg has devoted his time and energy and great takents to the Peace movement. He Thas written a book on the question - being published in M.S. by Maryand. He plans to speak in Washington & Con Aug 6 thank will be one of the group to seek an interview with the President. He has accepted some invitations to betwee for the livil Rights movement as well as for

Reace Organizations in U.S. - Being a U.S. & citizen by birth travelling back land forth does not (as yet) present any problem. Rabbe Fineberg is not a marxist does not profess Jagreement with the Party except perhaps on limited concrete irrhes e. 9. the necessity to prevent world nuclear war. But, being an bonest man motivated by the sincere Ideoire to prevent war, he Thas discarded many prejudices in the course of the stringgle. Today he seeks quidance. He reloginges the fundamental vinity of all those who fight, honestly to Frevent world war and he recognizes the "political" meaning of the struggle, H.B. I used the word "whiteel" to chirtinguish his attitude from a fully Thankist affreciation. Its to participate in the both of thingust demonstration at Washington &. C. Oy this I am not certain. I understand however that he will certainly be in new york

on or about the 19th of August. His grommal busines at that there will be with margani in connection with publication of his book. He will, also, finalize bome arrangements for lectures. (I think he is in communication with the Lead office of CORE concerning this.) They reason for writing this note is to inform you that the Rhabbe wants to have contact with you To put it in his own words, he "needs help to make his public work effective in the proper way." When the Rabbi visits h & chiring August, he will probably be accompanied by comrade max Chicofohy. Than has Talready contacted comrade Paul hovak editor of the Freikeit, and will contact Paul Vagain chiring the coming visit, If you consider it worth while to establish contact with Robbi stent timberg, please inform Paul so that he can contact

you when the Rabbe arrives in I should explain that our direct contacts with Rabbi Finebers has been very himilest until now. His attitude was, until recently, that of the very honest (perhaps formally honest) a champion y organization for fease action. Its I have indicated above he is learning the hard way " But, we are ald learning and I think it is true that commades alone cannot supply precisely everything that is required. for Ames or somebody else to meet the Rabbit or to know about his engagements in U.S, ask Paul to direct him and mase Chick to the proper person when his is in your town around etugust 18th 22 nd freelings Juin

٢						
	FD:36	A).	079	.5-	22-0	641

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE Date: 8/2/65

AIRTEL	(Type in plaintext or code) REGISTERED	
ATKIDL		}
	(Prioritý)	(O , wh
TO :	DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)	Don
FROM :	SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)	only
Subject:	SOLO IS-C	W. W.
via radio text of v	On 7/30/65, there was received from the so, a ciphered-partially coded message, the hich is as follows:	Soviets, plain
"To GUS I	<u>IÀLL</u>	į Ol
occasion	"1. Please inform HENRY WINSTON that his mole-heartedly congratulate him and FERN of their wedding and wish them happy familth and success in public and political act	WENS on y
for his l in Moscov sum 590 o November decision for this inform Jo sent to	"2. On your request in connection with of letter in which he raised question of rowook, we inform you that in 1962 JOHNSON readvance payment of 520 dollars and the resolution of the resolution	relties eccived est of rs in rty ll payment se should es was
S ENELOSURE	(Re above, see NY airtel 7/23/65, pages	,
() 4444 441	accordance with your request to give the	to visit
1 - Chica 1 - NY 1	tu (RM) tgo (134-46=Sub B)(RM) EX-113 6 AUG 5	1965
ACB:msb	05-14931-súb b (NIKOLAI M. TALANO V) (341 <u>)</u> 00-134637 (#1)	
(8) Approved:	Sent M Per	True V
65 SEP 3 TU	LAgent in Charge	

"visas, which was received by us on June 20, we sent on the same day instructions to our Embassy in Paris at the same time we informed Intourist and Komsomol as you asked, that it is necessary to pay special attention to them during their stay in USSR. To our regret we were not informed by our Paris Embassy on financial difficulties of GIL GREEN's daughter and son-in-law. This is why we were not able to pay their travel expenses in USSR. Please inform GIL GREEN that we are very sorry that his daughter and son-in-law had some difficulties that did not let them visit USSR."

ReNYairtel 7/28/65, wherein were reported four messages from the Soviets.

On 8/2/65, NY 694-S* advised that after restudying the referenced Soviet messages together with CG 5824-S*, who is currently in NYC, he realizes that his interpretation of message 2 was erroneous owing to the use by the Soviets of the code word "lamb," which signifies "Youth Festival." From the context of the messages, NY 694-S*aand CG 5824-S* now conclude that the word "lamb" was intended by the Soviets to refer to EDWARD GLIVER LAMB, Toledo, Ohio, industrialist, who was referred to the Soviets by GUS HALL. (There is no code word for EDWARD LAMB.)

Since message 2 refers to EDWARD LAMB, the significance of message 4 is that the Soviets are suggesting that continued contact by HALL with LAMB and others referred to the Soviets by HALL could jeopardize the security of the CPUSA.

NY 604-S* helieves that possibly the Soviets also be have in mind ______ in this regard.

On 7/30/65, NY 694-S* transmitted to the Soviets, via the secondary channel--ISIDORE GIBBY NEEDLEMAN -- a number of coded messages on microfilm, the plain texts of which are as follows:

(E)

"CCCPSU

"KOMSOMOL - RESHETOV

VERY URGENT

"Two Youth CPUSA members and comrades are stranded in Paris --They have applied for visas at Embassy in Paris and were refused visas. Both have been on youth list to Moscow for many weeks, originally would have been with Youth Festival delegates going to Algeria but instead were among those of many Youth Festival group caught while en route. They telephoned their plight to USA and have reached their last resources. I personally urge that: and issued a visa to Moscow and also transportation from Paris to Moscow and return to any port of embarkation in Western Europe (they have their transportation paid from West Coast Paris and return Please I again urge that: be issued visa and transportation and b7C from Paris to Moscow.

When in Moscow that they be joined with other Youth delegates from USA to tour and visit USSR--their backgrounds were sent to you weeks ago--she, is daughter of AL LANNON, old-time leading CPUSA member and founder of NMU who is now on West Coast.

"Please expedite the above request.

"Fraternal thanks

"GUS HALL"

(Re above, see NY airtel 7/23/65, page 10.)

(2)

"CCCPSU

"When SIMON GERSON, member of CPUSA National Committee, arrives in Moscow with his family on August 13th, please put him on as your guest on our National Committee quota. While they have paid their own transportation to Moscow and return it is now important that they be treated as such.

GUS; HALL"

(Re above, see NY airtel 7/23/65, page 8.)

(3)

"PLEASE NOTE

"ISIDORE NEEDLEMAN is leaving for a period of 3 weeks after Wednesday, August 4th. From then on I will contact you by walky-talky - To make sure that you know the next drop NOW I am listing it:

"SISTER MEG.

"White Rose Bar Southwest corner 34th.Street and 3rd Avenue. 166 East 34th is another entrance. The 'MENS' room is in the rear of the place You will find the material under the washbasin LEFT side---repeat washbasin LEFT SIDE.

"It will be left there from 2:30 to 2:45--you pick it up at 3:00 or 3:15 and at 4:00 telephone acknowledgement:

"684-8694 (use this for the month of August only)

"Ring 3 times as usual.

"JACK BROOKS

"ALSO: Your contact to me during that period will be either Wall Street or radio. "

(4)

"The matter that you had agreed of JEAN KARSAVINA and MYRON SHARPE on the sale of that business to her is not complete as of this date--She is waiting daily from your representative to conclude this deal but so far no one has come.

"GUS HALL"

(Re above, see NY airtel 5/14/65, and NYlet 6/22/65, captioned "MYRON SHARPE, SM-C" - Bufile 97-4014)

"ALSO:

"PHIL FRANKFELD of World Books has heard nothing more since seeing the Mezhkniga representative. He too is waiting to hear further from them.

FGUS HALL

(Re above, see report of SA HENRY E. NAEHLE, captioned "PHILIP FRANKFELD, IS-C," at NY, dated 7/28/65.)

(5)

The following message was prepared in plain text and was prepared by CG 5824-S* from a report he has already submitted to the Bureau regarding the recent CPUSA National Committee meeting held in New York between July 16 and 19, 1965:

The National Board of CPUSA had a 4-day session, July 16-19, 1965. Present were all members of the NB plus the heads of the Control & Review Commission as well as a few functionaries who work in the NO:

At each session a few Comrades active in a specific field of work were invited to participate in the discussion on the subject relating to their particular activities.

This also included a few young Compades in charge of youth activity in the Party. Among them was who is now in charge of youth for the NO but he is not a member of the NC. who is now in charge of youth for the

The only member of the NB who was absent was Carl W. who, as you know, 670 is now traveling.

The meeting was held under security conditions.

The enclosed material is not the official record of the meeting but is based upon the notes and summary of Hub. We consider this material strictly confidential.

I am not sending notes on the discussion of various participants, only that of the reports and, of course, Comrade Hall's discussions.

I did include the remarks of Comrade Gil Green. The reason is because he was put on the Program Commission and did some writing; secondly, he represented a point of view along with Comrades Healey, Thompson, Richmond, and to some extent Lima which was at variance with the accepted point of view of the majority. Some of the differences at this stage are on fundamental problems such as the basic role of the working class as against the confused idea that the middle classes play the important role in the US and that the peasantry and middle class nationalists play the most important role in the struggle for liberation in the undeveloped countries.

The other point is a very important difference regarding the role of the CPUSA. These few above-mentioned Comrades still have an idea in their minds about a fusion with the "radical left" in the form of an "all-inclusive party of socialism." Of course, these few Comrades still have confused ideas about the International Movement and the struggle for unity.

The basic leadership is of the opinion that we will, in the process of discussion, change the minds of these few.

I would therefore urge you to especially note Comrade Hall's remarks introducing the outline of the "Rough Draft" which will serve as a basis for the program.

I also want to call to your attention that we are readying our Party for

a National Convention, most likely the end of 1965.

We are, of course, keeping in mind the coming court trials. You will note the dates in my notes on the fight against the McCarran Act. We are not forgetting that the expanding war in Vietnam may affect our plans for the Convention being held this year. However, we intend to utilize the documents in the program as a part of pre-convention discussion. Some of the programmatic documents will serve as a basis for Convention Resolutions. The discussion on the Negro Question or the Negro Freedom Movement, popularly known as the Civil Rights Movement, was postponed but within the next weeks we will have a document ready.

We also want to take note of your message regarding clarification on the

Comrade Birch sends his fraternal greetings.

Comradely yours,

ENCLOSURE 100 - 428:091 - 5001

-1-

Some notes on the meeting of the National Board, July 16-19, inclusive

The following agenda was adopted: 1) Rough outline of the Party program; 2) an outline for a trade union resolution; 3) the Negro struggles; (postponed to future meeting) 4) struggle against poverty; 5) Vietnam developments; 6) Mc Carran Act; 7) youth and the "Summer Project."

Comrade Gus Hall was the first speaker who introduced the discussion of the rough outline of the new Party program which had been previously sent to the districts. Comrade Hall indicated that he would begin by touching upon some questions of approach and manner of discussion of the program outline and then continued as follows:

This is the most difficult task of the Party in recent times and it will take a lot of Marxist intelligence to get this finished. The discussion will constitute a test of our leadership. This can be the process which will show the growth of the Party leadership and establish our leadership on a new plateau, or it can become a block to the development of the Party.

Naturally, as of now, there is no collective, unified position concerning this subject. Naturally, there will be differences—we should not "panic" just because there are some differences. This is not unusual but we must not let it get out of hand. Therefore, we need a responsible type of discussion both for each individual and for the collective. We should avoid subjectivity and unwarranted "inferences." There must be no private campaign for a particular position. This discussion must be in a highly intelligent manner without bickering or invective.

We will be discussing new areas and, therefore, there can be no advanced positions. Basing myself upon my experience within the Secretariat when this matter was discussed, I can say that it is possible that this discussion can get "hot." Let me emphasize that ideas are better than invectives. As of now, we have little experience in regard to this type or style of discussion. When we achieve a new "method of debate" then we can raise our leadership to a new level and achieve an excellent Party program.

By way of background about the program, let me comment as follows: There was a small subcommittee of five persons set up by the Secretariat to work on this project. The entire committee worked on this, but Al Richmond did most of the writing with the help of Gil Green. Some of the rest also participated. This "outline" is not a real draft of a program. It is not even a draft of positions. It is really a list of subjects upon which a program must be developed. It is not a political resolution. We will have and have now some resolutions. It is not a "political commentary of the times" as Lenin once said. The aim is to achieve a programmatic statement of the CPUSA. But this program is not just for our inner use; it is offered to the masses of the people and gives the reasons for the existence of the CPUSA. We should answer the question of a need for the CP in the US to achieve these aims of the people.

This program must reflect the need for the Party and show the new developments in the world and class relations or changes in the US. The program must reflect the basic ideological and political pillars upon which the Party rests. It must also reflect the position of other groups but mainly it must show the unique communist position. The program must reflect our scientific concepts of society. We must show that these are the laws of social development that give a direction to the classes and class relations—this is fundamental and scientific.

From that understanding of the flow of society come our strategic concepts. We must show the inability of capitalism to solve social problems and that the capitalist society should not just be replaced by "another society" but by a "socialist society." This must be no mechanical

----ENCLOSURE



concept of these social laws but rather a dialectical analysis. We take into account human factors in society and we take into account the new times. This separates us from other socialist groups such as the Socialist Labor Party, the Trotskyists, etc. They have a mechanical approach but we take a dialectical approach in regard to these laws and, therefore, we have a flexible tactical approach.

Next, is the consideration of the basic pillars of society and our position regarding classes. The root of the problem in the world movement is related to this problem and is also a challenge in the US. The program therefore cannot be anything but firm regarding class relations and the working class as the pillar of society. We are the champions of the working class, its role, its problems, etc. When we do this we have a framework and can discuss the weaknesses and the strengths of the working class We are not critics from the "outside" like the liberals.

On this fundamental basis we can be critical (not sweeping criticism) of trade union leadership. We must take pride in the achievements of our working class. The program must show the solution of the world situation and the results of automation. We must show the role of the working class as a part of the achievements of this country; that is, as fruits of mass struggles. In this way the working class stands in its proper perspective.

Our anti-monopoly development is a development of "struggle" against monopoly. Our program must give answers to those who are the victims of monopoly capitalism. In the struggle for democracy, economic well-being, Negro rights, etc., all are joined in this struggle even if it is the working class which leads in this fight. Socialism will be served by a multi- or all-class struggle against monopdy capitalism.

In this sense, there is a close relationship between socialism and anti-colonialism. The program should have some assessment of the "Left" and how it has developed in the trade unions, the peace movement, the civil rights movement, etc. The program should reflect the struggle for civil rights with special relation to the classes as an oppressed people and its relationship to the working class in its struggle for jobs, political action, and democracy. In other words, it should picture the total relationship.

In regard to socialism in the US, the program must give some outlook on how socialism will look in the US. We need to be more detailed and concrete in regard to the question of peaceful transition. We will seek the most peaceful path possible, even if we can't give guarantees. This "seeking" applies to all mass struggles such as strikes, etc. We must convince the people that we will not seek violence.

We must find an answer concerning the negative developments or effects of socialist countries in the more industrialized countries. Socialism developed first in backward capitalist countries and also in those with the least democratic backgrounds or traditions. There should be no unnecessary criticism of existing socialist countries. We should place these differences rather in a positive way such as how we can improve our democracy and how socialism can do this in the US.

It must be made clear that the <u>democratic institutions</u> in the US were not developed by capitalism but rather <u>were developed despite capitalism</u>. The fact is that capitalism is reactionary. We must clarify our position on the role of bourgeois democracy. In regard to the role of US imperialism and the right of self-determination, we must remember the reality in today's world that one-third of the world is socialist. We must show that the policy of peaceful coexistence is in the interest of our people.

The program writing commission has made several proposals: 1) that we organize and proceed with the discussion, and 2) that we simultaneously complete writing the draft. If we do not do this, we will be working on it for 20 years. We should write on those things on which we agree.

I would suggest that we set up five commissions (actually eight were set up) to work concretely on some areas and to state a Party position:
1) the working class, its role, status, etc.; 2) the "Left," its nature, etc.; 3) the correlation between socialism and ideology; 4) the nature of the US Gov't.; 5) the perspective in the civil rights struggle.

"Drafting and talking" is the aim. We also recommend that we start publishing articles on the program. Political Affairs should set up a special section in the magazine for this and also set up a pre-convention

bulletin.

Again, how we conduct this discussion is most important -- it can be valuable or harmful. We should bear in mind that this will not be an official programmatic statement of CPUSA policy until it is adopted as such at a CPUSA Convention which we still hope can be held before the end of this year. We hope that the draft of the proposed program can be completed in September and published during the fall.

Discussion followed on Comrade Hall's report. 14 Comrades participated in this part of the discussion. I am including Gil Green's remarks because

he was one of the authors of the outline for the program.

Comrade Gil Green made the following comments: On the whole, while the discussion has been positive, nevertheless, it is "rough" on the rough draft. A lot more discussion is necessary. I recall that back in the 1930's we won the intellectual struggle and "we called the shots." Although many people started out in hostility toward us, since life vindicated the communist outlook, they grudgedly agreed that we were correct. We must keep our eyes on reality and life and our eyes on the masses. We cannot lead by proposing generalities. But, at the same time, unless we want to write an encyclopedia, we cannot include everything. We must unite on the basis of the realities of today and how we are to progress to the next stages. In my view, these stages are liberal reform, radical reform, and still later social reform.

We have to give a lot of thought to the invasions of Vietnam and the Dominican Republic. Were these mistakes of individuals in the ruling class or did we expect this to happen? Where did we miss or make a mistake? I am of the opinion that we will not move out of this stage that we are in and avoid a nuclear war unless we can move labor. I cannot see the present situation as just another "new deal" which had another foreign policy. Today, the United States sees a challenge in the sweep of the anticolonial revolution and its relation to socialism. As more revolutions occur in Latin America, the ruling class will react. But we cannot agreewith the position of the Monthly Review that it is socialism versus reaction and war. We must give thought to how we can prevent new Vietnams.

The anti-monopoly struggle means that the main fire must be directed against the industrial-military complex. We must explain that you can't do anything against poverty or for the Negro people if billions of dollars are being spent for war. We have a problem of how to move ahead and yet we cannot avoid the questions posed by the independents. We should not be put into the position of being the "independents" versus the mainstream. I believe it would be a mistake if we placed the struggle for democracy

outside the struggle for socialism. Comrade Gus Hall made some concluding remarks: I believe that a summary would be out of order in this discussion since this is the first survey and participation of this Board. I am very pleased with this discussion and believe that it could not have been more concrete. I have only a few remarks. On the question of "independence" and the "mainstream," I believe that our position should be both: "Independence within the main-stream." There is one general idea that I would like to put forward concerning concepts. Be on guard against watering down basic concepts and inadvertently watering down such things as the fight for democracy; or narrowing the struggle for peace to a struggle against imperialism; or

narrowing down the struggle against imperialism to the struggle for socialism.

What further is there to do? I think we can set up more committees such as one on the farm question and one on youth. We should ask two or three of the top youth to formulate a position on youth. Before the end of this meeting, we will designate some commissions and I would like "volunteers" for some of these commissions.

XED A

Saturday, July 17, 1965

Outline for Trade Union Resolution

Discussion concerning the "Outline for a Draft Labor-Policy Resolution." Comrade Potash led off this discussion in place of Comrade Winter who is traveling.

While this is only an "outline" on trade unions, nevertheless, there has been a lot of discussion on it. We have also talked to many trade unionists about its contents. Although Carl Winter, who prepared this outline, is absent, I am sure he would not consider it as the "last word." Actually, there should be an accompanying legislative resolution, but I doubt this separate resolution idea will work out.

There are "stirrings" in the trade union movement. We must realize that it takes more to move workers than students. There is a groping to find the expression of the rank and file. There has been an increase in wildcat strikes, deep dissatisfaction with automation, and "settlement" of strikes. The workers want more than attrition agreements—they want future care.

We can note that the recent steel and IUE elections are feflections of dissatisfaction of workers with conditions in the industry and shops and, of course, they blame the leadership. There are voices of dissatisfaction in some of the trade unions in regard to the Vietnam and Dominican Republic policies of the US Gov't. Do not underestimate the speeches of some of the leaders like Meany and others on the peace issue, especially after the Meany and Dubinsky endorsement of gov't. policies. There are deep grumblings in basic industry about hard work, the speed-up, and intensive exploitation. Although the men need the overtime money, they find it hard to keep going physically. Also, the feeling of insecurity is ever present because of the workers' increasing debt.

We should be aware of the significant differentiations between leaders and groups of unions. We can't just classify the CIO as "progressive" and the craft unions as "reactionary" because it just is not so. Even in the unions of skilled workers there are some unskilled. This is true in steel, electrical, auto, etc. We must take note of these differentiations and work out our program accordingly. There are some disagreements. Not everyone agrees about these differentiations or that they can be utilized. Some do not consider these "differences" or as serious enough. I consider these differences as serious and to have inherent possibilities to move workers. Some people see only the positive side and fear that our criticism would negate our influence upon the workers. But we do need to criticize. Meany and Dubinsky, who are tools of CIA, should be criticized. The workers in the ILGWU suffer because of Dubinsky's submission to the big boss and gov't. We must citicize these leaders and show their neglect of the workers' needs. Even some of the left publications treat these people, such as Dubinsky, as "sacred cows."
But the matter of how to criticize is important; there should be no vendetta; it must be serious criticism. We must disagree and criticize without repelling the rank and file or creating obstacles that would divide the Left and progressives.

Another point of disagreement is on "Left" or "rank and file forms." Some say there is no need for these. I say that we need these forms to unite the Left and center on important problems such as automation, trade union democracy, etc. Of course, there is the danger of lapsing into factionalism, but this still does not do away with the need for alliances

Some want a "national center" to give expression to the sentiments of the rank and file and the left. This is not a simple matter. We need to give this more careful thought. As we prepare for our convention, we should give thought to all of these ideas. We should give special ENCLCOLOGICO - 108-41-500

thought to the idea expressed by Reverend Martin Luther King on the repeal of Section 14B of the Taft-Hartley Act and an alliance to organize the South. That is a pivotal question.

The outline of the resolution leaves out the question of socialism. We cannot leave this out. We are appealing to the workers as a CP. This ended Comrade Potash's introduction.

Comrade Green was the next speaker in the discussion. This resolution contains many good things. But, it is like a department store. It has many counters and the reader must find what he wants. There is no line in the resolution. The following points should be made: 1) the working class is basic for a revolution; 2) trade unions are the basic organization of the working class; 3) there can be no political change in the US without the trade unions; 4) the labor movement does not play this role; it is full of contradictions and many workers are still unorganized; 5) communists should not be separated from trade unionism.

To bring about a change in trade unions is the ideological work of the CP but this should be done from the bottom up and not from the top down. The concentration should be upon youth and upon organizing the unorganized.

After comments by several others, Comrade Hall made the following comments: This is in many ways the most important resolution in preparation for the convention. We must give this work the status it requires in the CP. I agree with most of what has been said here but there are a few things that do bother me and that is how some of these problems were placed. The overall posture of the Party on labor has not been good. We must dispel the era of criticism and cynical criticism of the trade union movement in America. The attitude is an "ivory tower" attitude instead of saying this is "our working class." We never did evaluate the "misleaders of labor" approach. George Morris is the chief offender. It is a fact that the liberal and left movement are criticizing the trade unions. What have we done to answer the attack on the working class and its organization? We act as if we are "neutral" instead of using the class approach. It appears that some people think it is 'accime to draw some positive things from the trade union movement.

The struggle against the ultra-right is a glorious page in the struggle of the trade union movement. Should we not take this positive pride and build on it? The ultra-right wants to take over whole cities and states but labor has defeated them. We must get rid of this cynical approach of the liberals and the ultra-left. As to the question of Negro workers only acting like Negroes rather than in accordance with class needs--this is the wrong estimate of Negroes who are a part of a class. They are not mere "nationalists"; they are workers.

On the question of the ideological struggle within the working class—to even state this question is a step forward. But this problem is still often presented with the indication that the outcome is in doubt. The statement has been made that "trade union leadership is betraying the working class." But must we not ask is it notonly a part of the leadership who are betrayers? The trade union leadership is not only Meany. There are tens of thousands of trade union leaders. We must cust out this blanket condemnation of labor leadership and we must see the objective class role of the labor movement.

Too little about the working class appears in our press. When the rest of the paper is measured in the light of George Morris' column, it gives a distorted picture of our views.

About the political role of the trade union movement—it is not enough to say that objective conditions lead to a petty bourgeois ideology of workers.

What about the subjective struggle for ideology? There are objective conditions that make it possible for the working class to play its historic role.

7 --

<u>Monday, July 19, 1965</u>

On the Peace Movement USA

Arnold Johnson delivered a report on the stuggle for peace and the Party's position in regard to Vietnam, Comrade Johnson, in essence, spoke as follows:

The escalation of the war in Vietnam has separated President Johnson from the people of the country and brought him closer to the view of Barry Goldwater and the reactionary Republicans. He has lost the support of the people in his own Party and of world public opinion. The wave of protest is really expressive of US opinion. Peace advocates in this country have also gained from the actions of peace forces in other countries.

President Johnson is now admitting that the US is taking over the war in Vietnam and is committing US troops for ground action. Secretary of State Dean Rusk's "no sanctuary" statement is a trial balloon to test the American people. The attitude of the Administration is "how far can we get by with" as far as the American people are concerned. In point of fact, there is no Saigon Gov't nor South Vietnam Army. Although President Kennedy said that the Vietnamese will fight the war, the fact is that the US is doing it.

There is a struggle going on in the higher circles of US Gov't. Some wanted Governor Harriman to go to the USSR to speak to Soviet officials, and some did not. After his talk with Premier Kosygin, they left it up to a clerk to "analyze" this talk. This is vulgar and is not even diplomacy.

There has been some talk about the fact that Carleton Goodlett has had an "entre" to the White House. Let us not make too much of this. There are others who have entre to the White House and the State Department, like Dr. Spock and the Fellowship of Reconciliation.

The questions of importance are: how to end the war and stop future aggression; how to give expression to the peace sentiments of the American people; how to utilize the anti-imperialist sentiment of the people. We must use every opportunity and keep in mind that there are various groupings, such as the Quakers, SANE, and others, who have their own plans for peace.

When Maxwell Taylor came back from Vietnam the last time, he gave a talk to some Wall Street tycoons and ran into some sharp disagreements. Senator Robert Kennedy's speeches indicate that there are some differences on US policies in Vietnam and the Dominican Republic and on nuclear policies. We must see these things despite the build-up for escalation. There is a continued opposition to Administration policies from the people, the press, radio, and television. We must give credit to Women Strike for Peace and their delegation to Helsinki and Indonesia.

In this country there is a constant activity for peace even though it has its ups and downs. We must record the recent Madison Square Garden meeting as a success despite the efforts to sabotage it.

Now, on the matter of actions ahead. A massive teach-in and a 50,000 mass delegation to Washington by SANE was withdrawn because of some inner struggles. They have substituted smaller demonstrations 8/7 at the White House and 8/9 at the Washington Monument. This involves Students Non-Vilent Coordinating Committee, the Du Bois Clubs, etc. The combination of the peace movement and the civil rights movement is very important. They are still fighting over this because SANE does not want sit-ins. The conflict is continuing and thus it may not materialize as a big mass action of 50,000 people. It may now be a limited action of a few thousand.

SANE will have a meeting in the garment district in NYC on 8/6 and on the week end Women Strike for Peace will have a demonstration at the World's Fair. This is the anniversary of the bombing of Hiroshima. In all

ENTITIES 100-47509 5001

1 6000 mg.

cities there will be some action on that week end.

In regard to our decision in organizing anti-imperialist sentiment, we must admit that this has not been accomplished. But there are such centers being created by others. This is not in contradiction to the broader peace movement. We must take a look at ourselves in this activity. Our literature has been dominant, especially at the Madison Square Garden meeting. There the main distribution was of The Worker, Victor Perlo's pamphlet, Betty Gannett's pamphlet, Gus Hall's pamphlet, and other Party leaflets.

There have been distributed 10,000 copies of Betty Gannett's pamphlet and 13,000 of Victor Perlo's pamphlet. There also is a new pamphlet on the Dominican Republic coming out. We have taken 5,000 copies of a reprint of The Nation article on Lovestone and the CIA which was reprinted at our request.

A mass peace march on Washington is being considered to encompass 50,000 students, Women for Peace, SANE adherents, etc., for late Sept. or in Oct. It is planned that they will have as many people in the picket of the White House and the Pentagon as there are additional US troops sent to Vietnam. The effort will be to combine the peace movement and the civil rights movement in these demonstrations.

In the discussion that followed Comrade Johnson streport, Contrade Johnson streport, Contrade Johnson streport, Contrade Johnson to Johnson the Johnson the Johnson the Johnson telephoned some of the civil rights leaders like Wilkins, Young, etc., to repudiate this fight of the civil rights movement to end the war in Vietnam. Some of the leaders were intimidated, but this movement will spread (The complaint of the Verget Movement with court events)

Following some additional discussion from the floor, Comrade Hall made the following brief comments: I will reemphasize the overall problem of the great danger that prevails in Vietnam. This situation shows that the "world war madmen" still can escalate the war. It is an act of desperation. Defense Secretary Mc Namara's trip to Vietnam is solely to provoke and escalate the situation; but as the 1966 elections approach, the forces in opposition, including the masses as well as some sections of business and finance, will grow and act. The opposition of the Kennedys to the current policy is no accident. President John Kennedy sent John Kenneth. Galbraith to Vietnam, but he was not able to complete his analysis of the situation which actually was contrary to the analysis of the CIA and the Pentagon. This movement is growing as witnessed by the statements of Senators Morse and Church. It reflects a deep split in the ranks of US monopoly-capital, although the problem of the war is still grave.

There has been opposition to this war expressed on various levels. It is shown in the anti-imperialist actions and the militant actions of youth as demonstrated by sit-ins. We should support these militant actions but we must influence them not to oppose the broader actions of others. There will be a Washington Action - Politics for Peace. This will be a 2-day dialogue on peace and civil rights. This may be the beginning of unity of action of these two movements. Russ Nixon is pushing for representation of the "radical left." Dr. King has not yet agreed to speak as he is waiting to see what will be the nature of the actions. In NY they will "exclude" communists but that is a difficult thing to accomplish.

At the moment a letter to President Johnson is being circulated by Democrats opposing his Vietnam policy. We should get behind this and support it. In Aug. there will be a meeting or conference in Santa Barbara with the participation of Congressmen to work out a plan of action to charge US policy.

Following some additional discussion, Comrade Johnson made the following proposals: 1) that every district review its work and organize its participation in the upcoming peace demonstrations; 2) that the Party organize support for the Washington meeting on the scale needed; 3) that constant attention be given to this subject and that the Party establish "anti-imperialist centers;" 4) that the Party give attention to issuing mass literature to publicize the demonstrations and insure Party participation.

YGOD+

War in Vietnam and the International Movement

The next informational report was delivered by Comrade Thompson on the subject of Vietnam based upon his recent travels and discussions abroad. In essence, this report was as follows:

The basis for these remarks is the content of meetings held recently with our Vietnamese comrades from both North and South Vietnam. Meetings were also held with Italian and British CP delegations who had traveled to Vietnam.

It should be understood that there is only one Party in Vietnam although there are distinct political organizations. In North and South Vietnam this is a highly developed Party, which was developed during the war against Japanese and French colonialists and now the war against the US and its puppets, the Saigon regime. This Party has always been a mass Party, a leader of the people. They have developed a wide cadre. This is an independent Party which is dedicated to its own people,

This is an independent Party which is dedicated to its own people, its own country, and to Marxism-Leninism. While there are certain points of similarity of their position with the position of the CPC, the influence of the CPC can be explained by the fact of the reality of the proximity and size of China. Nevertheless, the Vietnamese Party does think independently, a fact which was amply demonstrated at the recent World Peace Congress in Helsinki, Finland.

Now, the obstructionism of the Chinese at the World Peace Congress is not new, but what is new is that the Chinese delegation voted for two resolutions along with the delegation of the SU. The pressure of the world communist movement and the influence of the Vietnamese comrades helped to bring this about and has now opened a new pattern in the relations of the Chinese and the rest of the world communist movement. Therefore, the fight for unity of action of the world movement has become more possible, even if the ideological problems are as yet unsolved. For example, the problem of the transit of supporting materials through China to Vietnam has now been solved to a greater degree than in the past.

Various divergencies can be observed between the positions of the Vietnamese and the Chinese; for example, their different positions on "modern revisionism," but there are also some similarities. An example is their joint adherence to the doctrine that men are superior to military technology, given a revolutionary situation. This grows out of their experience in national liberation movements. The Vietnamese have learned to fight against helicopters and aerial bombing and they believe they will win and are winning the war. But they also realize that the US forces are holding enclaves within South Vietnam and if the US brings in enormous quantities of war material and are backed up by the US fleet, the Vietnamese will not be able to push them into the sea. Nevertheless, they hold to their conviction that they will win. They are aware of the fact that the danger does exist that the war could become a nulear war. So long as the war in Vietnam is considered in light of a "local" war, it makes sense; but as the war is related to world problems and nuclear war, it cannot be pursued in the present manner.

The National Liberation Front operates over four-fifths of the territory of South Vietnam in which area they exercise either complete or partial authority. Even during the midst of this war the National Liberation Front has brought about a rise in agricultural production and living standards. They have also developed a scattered light industry. Through the organization of an educational system, they have even lowered the illiteracy rate. The National Liberation Front is actually a full-fledged national operation in the areas of industry, agriculture, education, etc. This fact constitutes their appeal to the people of Vietnam not reliance upon propaganda leaflets, etc. The people of Vietnam know this.

ENCLUSULE [00-43809] - 500(

August August

In respect to the National Liberation Front Army, it is still essentially a national liberation army. In some instances they do operate on a divisional or regimental level. The Vietnamese comrades do not deny that some South Vietnamese are trained in the North and then go back to the South to fight; but up to now, according to the Vietnamese comrades, there are no armies of North Vietnam fighting in the South. While they do have a high level of strategic planning in areas such as the central regions of South Vietnam, their execution of plans is still similar to that of a partisan army or guerrillas. They now have 4 or 5 support troops for each guerrilla fighter which is like an engineer and service corps. Their intelligence service is also highly sophisticated and they boast that "nothing moves in South Vietnam that we do not know about."

The South Vietnamese comrades' estimate of the military situation is that they are very far advanced in winning this war. The Saigon government is finished and cannot be rebuilt after the loss of four-fifths of the territory and the breakdown of their morale. They realize that the US is sending in more toops but they claim that the French had 700,000 troops and were defeated by inferior guerrilla bands. Now, the Vietnamese have better fighters.

The Vietnamese expect that the US involvement will increase and so will the bombings in North Vietnam. However, beyond the enclaves on the coast, the US cannot revive Saigon. They characterize the bombing attacks on North Vietnam as brutal and savage and although well planned in this sense they have not as yet hurt Vietnam. However, if the City of Hanoi is bombed, this will change the qualitative character of the war. In that event, their response would be expressed in commitment of reserves, new armies, new weapons, etc.

The Vietnamese want aid from all the socialist world including both the SU and China, but they will make the decision as to how the war will be conducted. They want to avoid the use of their country as a testing ground for new weapons and they do not want millions of Chinese or other volunteers in Vietnam. If they have not yet used new weapons against the US, it is because they wish to avoid provocations. They are "not shooting their mouths off" but they have plans for fighting the war in their own way. At this time they are holding back powerful reserves but if necessary they will fight this war on the ground; as yet, they are not accepting the US challenge in the air. If necessary, they can use forces from Laos and other countries and will get aid from North Korea. They realize that the US has resisted escalation of the war because the North Vietnam reserves have not yet been committed.

The maneuverings of the US to bring about a negotiated settlement has created some problems for the Vietnamese, but they are depending upon world forces to show the urgency of the situation, stop the escalation, and then they will be in a better position to create a better basis for negotiations on the basis of the Geneva Agreement. Although the Vietnamese recognize the new changes which have taken place in the SU, it is my estimate that they do not see fully the dangers of the world situation. However, the Vietnamese are not in a hurry and are remaining flexible, watching for opportunities to force the US to the conference table.

The world struggle within the communistmovement is reflected in the war in Vietnam. There have been some basic changes in the approach of the Soviet leadership. The SU has mobilized complete support for Vietnam. In Italy and France there has developed a powerful movement that will influence the actions of their gov'ts. This is taking place in Great Britain also. However, in a number of the socialist countries there is a real doubt that the US truly wants peaceful coexistence.

World Peace Council Report

At the second session a brief informational report was delivered by Comrade Herbert Aptheker who had just returned from Helsinki, Finland.

The Congress was held on July 10-15, 1965, in Helsinki, Finland. I might note that the CP in Finland has 38 members in their parliament.

Prior to the Peace Conference, there was a meeting of delegates from 21 CPs.

At the Peace Congress preparatory meeting the Chinese CP, with the aid of the Albanian CP, did everything possible to destroy the Congress and the Council altogether. When the Chinese lost in their endeavors in the preparatory meeting, they wanted to conduct a filibuster against the holding of the Congress and they fought bitterly. When the South Vietnamese delegation had not as yet arrived during the first day's session of the preparatory meeting, the CP of China charged the Soviet Union with the responsibility for the absence of the South Vietnamese. The North Vietnam delegation defended the SU with the explanation that the Finnish Gov't. rather than the SU was responsible for the temporary absence of the South Vietnam delegation at the first session. According to the North Vietnam delegation, the delay was due to the fact that the South Vietnam delegation was then en route to the meeting and would arrive in time for the second day's session.

The Helsinki Peace Conference was an outstanding success. The proceedings were highlighted by an address by the President of Finland, Urho Kekkonen, and an address by the Premier of Finland. They both stressed peaceful coexistence. The Conference was attended by 1,450 delegates from 98 countries. The only country which did not send a delegation was Ireland. There were representatives from 18 international delegations; delegates from 14 African countries; 23 from Asia; and 20 from Latin America. There were 96 persons from the US. There were 1,200 men and 250 women. 41 of those in attendance were clergy. There were 15 ministers of state.

The speech for the US delegation was delivered by Carleton Goodlett. All 96 US delegates agreed on this speech and there was a tremendous ovation when he was finished. His speech, which was about the peace movement in the US, had a line which the Chinese did not like. The ovation lasted for ten minutes and as a result even the Chinese stood up. In regard to the US delegation, it was the most fully representative delegation since World War II. It included 22 women and representatives from the Quakers, Students for a Democratic Society, the W.E.B. Du Bois Clubs of America, and SANE. There were not many CP members in the US delegation.

There was some struggle on the resolutions of the Peace Conference. With respect to the resolution on Vietnam, the Chinese wanted one that sounded like a call to battle, like a war college plan. They wanted an attack on the US as fascist, etc. However, the Chinese were defeated.

attack on the US as fascist, etc. However, the Chinese were defeated.

The difference between the Chinese and Vietnamese attitudes on the resolution was noteworthy. Whereas the Chinese were stubborn in their insistence on a resolution as suggested by them, the Vietnamese quickly removed from their suggested resolution belligerent language to which objection has been made.

- Q

In regard to the US delegation, the vote for the Vietnamese resolution was 59 for, 9 against, with 15 abstentions. The representatives from the Women Strike for Peace were there only as "observers" but they did vote for the resolution on implementation of the provisions of the Geneva Agreement.

The Helsinki Conference would not have been the success it was had it not been for the US participation. Throughout the Congress feelings toward the US peace movement were very warm. US delegates were sought out by everyone, even by the Chinese. Of course, the role of the communist delegates was indispensible. It was most important that communists be present and honestly represented.

Report on McCarran Law and the CP

The next item was a report by Comrade Green on the McCarran Law and the CP. He stated the following in essence:

The situation on the question of the semi-legal status of the Party and its effect upon recruiting is worse for workers than it is for students. But as Comrade Elizabeth Gurley Flynn used to say, "We must watch that the Party does not accommodate itself to the McCarran Law." We must get rid of the "McCarran shackles." McCarranism has become institutionalized for the last 2 decades. The AFL-CIO at one time indicated its opposition to this law but it has not now re-endorsed its position in favor of its repeal. This country is tired of the witch hunt and this is true especially among the youth. This was amply demonstrated in Chicago during the recent HUAC hearings.

We must also regard the fact that there have been some victories. CP members now can travel. We have the right to receive mail from other countries. There was the victory of Archie Brown. This was tremendously important—a communist can be elected to a trade union office according to the court. There was the decision of the Supreme Court to accept jurisdiction on membership cases of the Party in the case of Proctor and Albertson. We should also keep in mind the decisions of the courts on the "front groups." Also, there have been no new HUAC dontempt cases—not yet. There also has been the action of some youth organizations in refusing to screen communists out of their organizations and the same is true in Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee.

This war in Vietnam presents a different situation than did the Korean War. Today, even those who agree with US policy do not question as to who is the aggressor. They know that the US is on the wrong moralstice. The enemy is clearly seen—the US is the aggressor. Of course, at the time of the Korean War the US had a monopoly of the bomb. Today, people fear a nuclear war because the monopoly has been broken.

We cannot take this new climate for granted—things can be worse. New attacks will begin against the youth organizations like the Du Bois Clubs and others. There is no real fight for freedom on the campus which is tied to the fight against the McCarran Act.

The CPUSA membership case will be heard in Oct and the Party trdal on 2 indictments is also set for Oct. Our objective is to mount a campaign to come to a head at the time of the trial of the Party. An active campaign must be initiated to fight for the Party's right to appear on the ballot and to abolish the HUAC.

The Party must fight for itself and yet there is no danger of it turning into a "defense organization." The experience of the Hall-Davis Defense Committee shows that we are neglecting this organization. That Committee raised \$44,000 in its first year, but only \$22,000 the next year and much less this year. We can also judge this neglect by its leadership—while we gave to Elizabeth Flynn the services of Jim Tormey to work on this and also Bill Patterson, the Party as such has "neglected it." Besides, Patterson was away for sometime and should once again become involved in this work against the McCarran Act and the building of a stronger defense for the Party.

There are 43 membership cases plus the Gus Hall case and yet there are only two local committees, those in Oregon and Los Angeles. Funds are not being raised and the financial situation is critical. Funds are needed for briefs before the Supreme Court and for the legal expenses of the coming trial. Fortunately, the first advertisement in the press brought gratifying results.

100-77 x 0 11 - 2001

Our own press is not dealing with this fight on the Mc Carran Law. This, however, will be adequately corrected. It will begin with personal sketches of the defendants. I would propose the establishment of speaker bureaus in the various states. A mass mailing of material is going to start. Only in Calif. are we reaching the public; the other districts are lagging. For your information, Roscoe Proctor, Bill Patterson, Dorothy Healey, and Gus Hall are available to speak to meetings. A campaign should start immediately to drop the indictment against Gus Hall. There should be a fund-raising affair in all cities where there are people who have been cited. At the time of the trial we must fill the courtroom and mass picket lines, etc.

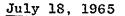
There is going to be a national effort. On 9/17/65 there will be a teach-in and on 9/18/65 a "solve-in," in NYC called by the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee. The Party must help mobilize others to attend and help this project. The National Committee for Protection of Foreign Born will hold a separate conference on the same week end. The Emergency Civil Liberties Committee has allocated \$3,000 for the conference but not one cent for fares or expenses of people to attend the

meeting.

The following proposals were agreed to: 1) a mobilization of Party forces against the McCarran Act; 2) the establishment of a CPUSA speakers bureau; 3) the issuance of mass material; 4) the working up of a movement

in support of the 9/17-18/65 conference.

Comrade Green's report was adopted and before the close of the meeting the nuclei of 8 (eight) commissions to work on the Party program were set up.



War on Poverty

Comrade Mickey Lima then delivered a brief report on the Party role in the "war on poverty." He commented as follows: The poor in the urban area can be brought into political motion against the power structure. It is also a fact that racist practices compound this poverty situation. The CP can be rebuilt on the basis of work among the poor--Negro, Puerto Rican, white, Mexican, etc. -- among the urban poor. We can do in this sphere what we did and are doing among the youth.

The Du Bois Clubs are acting as a service organization among the unemployed. There are now 30 Du Bois people working among these unemployed giving answers and solving problems. There have been other organizations in the fight on poverty. For example, the Labor Committee for Full Employment; the Committee on Housing (Archie Brown's committee); and, the Welfare Rights Organization. The first two have been dissolved because of activities of the ultra-left but the Welfare Rights Organization has 400 members. This can be started any place where they have the same problems. There is also Youth for Jobs which is in need for more adult cadres. The Ad Hoc Committee composed mainly of students was involved in the fight for jobs. As a result of their activities, 1,500 jobs opened up for Negro workers. This organization has now been dismantled as a result of an inner-leadership fight.

The Party must concentrate its attention and efforts on the war on poverty. There must be mass action and the Party cannot afford to take a negative attitude. The setting up of organizations to work in this area is still necessary, but these organizations must produce or they will be without effect. Old age is another arena in which the Party should become active. Demonstrative forms are still needed in trade unions and among the unemployed. There is a crisis in the cities as a result of urban renewal, etc., which can be exploited. Local defense organizations should be formed to bail out those Party people who as a result of their activities in the war on poverty might be jailed. Hundreds are being arrested as a result of such activities.

Despite weaknesses, we can rebuild the Party. There is resistance to rebuilding the Party but this can be done. After all, what are we in business for? The youth are doing the job because they are willing to talk to people, they work with them, and they are not held back by any preconceived idea of "difficulties." These students are getting results. If we do not build the Party, we will wear ourselves out.

After some discussion from the floor, Comrade Hall made the following remarks: Originally, it was planned to invite those who are active in the war on poverty to this meeting, but it was then decided to use Mickey Lima's report instead. We are moving into a new economic phase characterized by a slowing down of the expansion of industry. This will have an explosive economic effect on the US and will give a different meaning to the war on poverty. As the economic situation worsens, we will move from a "consensus" to a class struggle in the war on poverty. That is why the CP should formulate overall general economic demands. I don't believe we should worry too much about organizational forms -- some organizations "go" and some organizations "go on."

We will work in all organizations. Also, we must use the clause in Title II of the war on poverty law in which the Gov't. allows money for the organization of the unemployed or the organization of the poor for jobs. While we did not believe it possible when the law was first enacted, , some authorities are interpreting the law literally. Just remember that if an organization solves problems, people will join it.

Comrade Hall made the following proposals:

1) That CP districts hold conferences on the poverty question made up of people who are in this work or who will join; 2) that a national conference on this be held in Chicago in 10/65. This will include some CP leaders but mainly people involved in this work; i.e., the fight for jobs and the war on poverty; 3) that a popular pamphlet on poverty be prepared by an active person in this organization.

On recruiting into the CP, the youth have shown great boldness. At first I thought they were naive, but the youth have been successful in recruiting. In Ohio they have shown that it can be done and they have

even set a quota to achieve by August.

Comrade Lima then remarked: Recruiting is a big problem. Last year we did not even have students and the few we had were making no headway. Today, the situation is different. A great difference has been made as a result of the Archie Brown case and the new victories for officers in trade unions. We must vigorously tackle the problem of recruiting way of.

Following this discussion, the following proposals were made and carried: 1) in each district a conference on the war on poverty will be held to plan Party participation; 2) a national Party conference on the same subject will be held in Chicago in 10/65; 3) Lima's report at this meeting will be printed and disseminated to all districts; 4) the CPUSA Secretariat will prepare a newsletter to be disseminated to all districts to analyze the Party's work in mass organizations and provide an exchange of opinions and experiences between the districts as to how the Party can operate most successfully in mass organizations, particularly those engaged in the war on poverty; 5) a popular pamphlet should be issued on the war on poverty and this proposal was referred to the Literature Committee; 6) the 9/65 issue of Political Affairs will concentrate on the poverty question; 7) a campaign will be pushed for Comrade limans book on poverty; 8) special attention will be given to the Party's recruitment program in connection with the above-mentioned activities.

LUMARS LUMER July 18, 1965

Youth and Summer Project

Comrade Lumer gave an informational report on the Summer CP Youth Project. The Summer Project was the most important development in the Party in many years. It was a tremendous accomplishment. It was more than a school, it was an unprecedented school even in its size. Never before have we had this number which was 75. Bringing together such a large number also had a qualitative impact, not just because of the number but because these were young people of high caliber and very serious. We can be very proud of this accomplishment. The effect of the school was to create a sense of confidence in the Party and in its future. There is a great contrast between this situation and the situation in 1958 when we first started to gather the youth. The presence of these young people give lie to the press who have been stating that we are a Party of old people. Youth is finding itself on the way into the CP. The New York press is silent on this school and this is significant because the press who lied about the CP is exposed and embarrassed.

This project brought together Party leaders and youth. Those who came to the school feeling cynical about the Party leadership changed their minds. In addition, the "old" learned also. The students got a better understanding of the Party and the theoretical need for a CP. All who participated in the school were inspired. The committee which organized this school worked very hard and the teaching staff involved a good number of other people in Party leadership as teachers. Some of the students acted as teachers.

There were two sections in the school: civil rights and mass policy school. The organization of the school was based upon proposals from the youth commission and though limited served as a guide. In addition to regular classes, there were also lectures such as Comrade James Jackson on socialism; Comrade Hall on socialist morality; Comrade Winter on trade unions; Comrade Jack Stachel on Party history. There were some very important achievements since the school was based upon the students' desire and not upon compulsion.

The Party started somewhat late to organize this project. It was accomplished, but the hurried work showed itself in such areas as the study outlines and the organization of teachers. Another weakness was in the composition of the school: 9 from Southern California; 11 from Northern California; 3 from Oregon; 4 from Washington; 2 from Minnesota; 3 from Illinois; 4 from Michigan; 1 from Western Pennsylvania; 4 from Massachusetts; 2 from New Jersey; 18 from New York; 9 from Philadelphia; 3 from Connecticut.

There was a geographical weakness in that the Middle West should have had the largest representation. New York also should have had more. The districts did not do a serious job of mobilizing for this school. There was also some failures in communication between the districts and the NO; therefore, the NO also is to blame. There were only 6 Negro students and this is a serious weakness. There were too few working youth but were mainly student youth. This reflects a weakness in the composition of the young membership. Some in the districts thought this mammouth operation was not real and, therefore, they did not work too hard in the mobilization.

There were some weaknesses in the school itself. For example, there was not enough theory and there were not enough practical problems. In the future, we should do better. But from this school there are some lessons for the future. We will need more workshops and we should also give some advanced readings to the students before they come to the school. There should be a longer time for preparations and in the future we will allow six months.

XCRO ...

The youth have now been sent out to the various cities and they have been assigned to various Party projects, particularly the formation of Du Bois Clubs. Now, it is up to the Party to follow through with respect to youth leadership training. Teacher training institutions should be set up and some of the lectures should be put in printed form as pamphlets. This will take months. Also, we are preparing an elementary textbook on Marxism-Leninism based in the US.

.

-

.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 19
MAY 1982 EDITION
OSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

DATE: 7/26/65

TO MILES

SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

'SUBJECT:

SOLO IS - C

On July 23, 1965; CG 5824-S* advised that he has learned that the CP of Chile is expected to hold a National Party Congress and he believes that this is to take place sometime in September or October, 1965. He has no further information concerning this. CG 5824-S* stated that if we might be able to get additional information concerning this matter, it is possible that this information can be used to our advantage. Therefore, the Bureau and New York are requested to remain alert for any information concerning a possible impending Congress of the CP of Chile to which information CG 5824-S* could have some logical access, and advise Chicago in the event such information is obtained.

Neally

14138B

2) - Bureau (RM)

1 - New York (100-134637) (Info) (RM)

1 - Chicago

WAB:mkp

- REC 44

100-428091-5002

8 AUG 1965

		geroge ve like e a			
FĎ	-36 (Rev.)0-29-63)	O	· •		
^ ሽ	., 		FBI	ENVELOP	E
Tra	insmit the followi		OUT Rie: IN	26/65	
	A TOMBI		(Type in plain text or cod	le)	1 ! !
Via	1		(Priority);	*, *,	1
			*		(/\
کي آ	TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI ()		$\sim \sqrt{100}$	WEN
	FROM: SUBJECT:	SAC, CHICAGO (13	44-46 Sub B)	9- OK	16
		IS - C		Pa	MUR
	the locat	Re Chicago lette L" Bufile 61-877, tion of GUS HALL's Placid, New York.	enclosing a cop	y of a map depic	cting
	held seven joint CP, conducted of the CP who is du come down HALL indivith the and unless	On 7/22/65, CG 5 ing the time he was ral discussions we use the Canada this fall in Canada this fall in Canada this fall in Canada that the Canada to the United Stated that he is arrangements or less FREED comes down alled off by HALL	is in New York Courth GUS HALL courth GUS HALL courth ada under the darker and a 8/1/65 and ates for a confinct at all sure ack of arrangement to discuss the	tity, 7/16-20/65, oncerning the property is planned will irection of NORM 5824-S* to contain arrange for FRI erence with HY Is that he is pleasents for the Sch	he had posed li be MAN FREED, act FREED ED to LUMER. ased nool,
,	and HALL him and H of Canada 3 - Slop C 3 - Burea 1 - New Y 2 - Chica (1 -	is due to return t instructed CG 582 KASHTAN and some c a. HALL and ARNOL o au (RM) York (100-134637)	o Canada during 4-S* to arrange of the other lead D JOHNSON have REC 44 /00-	for a meeting l	of 8/65 Setween the CP matter
	WAB: mkp (6)		- dum	and a second	فمر
	cc; Sulliv	NP 0 1			

Approved: — M Per ______ Sent ____ M Per _____

CG 134-46 Sub B

and they have decided that this can be accomplished in the following manner:

There is a place where Lake Champlain extends for a short distance up into Canada which is supposed to be a good fishing area. HALL wants CG 5824-S* to come up to his summer place and together they will go up to this fishing place and cross into Canada and camp on a little bay off Lake Champlain in Canadian waters just beyond some bridge over this bay. CG 5824-S* is to make arrangements for KASHTAN and other CP of Canada leaders to come to this location where they will meet with GUS HALL, CG 5824-S*, and perhaps ARNOLD JOHNSON, who will be joining HALL at his summer place sometime in mid August, 1965, CG 5824-S* stated that ARNOLD JOHNSON drew him a map of where this meeting place on Lake Champlain is located, but he has been unable to find it yet among his notes. When more exact information is obtained, the Bureau will be notified.

As a result of these instructions from HALL, CG 5824-S* advised that it appears that he will be forced to take a trip to Canada during the early part of August, 1965, to make these arrangements. At the same time in order to avoid making two trips, CG 5824-S* stated that he would try to go from Chicago to Canada and then down to HALL's place in Upstate New York and also spend some time with HALL as HALL requested, attend the meeting on the lake, and then return to Chicago.

On 7/26/65, CG 5824-S* commented that because of the fact that he may have to go to New York at the end of this week to attend the wedding reception for HENRY WINSTON, he is now considering the possibility of going from New York City to Canada back down to HALL's summer place, and thence to Chicago. When more definite travel plans are completed the Bureau will be apprised at which time Bureau authority will be requested for CG 5824-S* to make this trip and for reimbursement of his travel expenses.

The above is being submitted so the Bureau will be currently apprised of developments in this matter.

Pertinent information appearing above is being disseminated under a separate caption, with appropriate caution statement and paraphrasing.

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Belmont-
Mohr
DeLoach
Caspet
Callahan
Contad
Felt
-Sid 8
-Bosen
Soliva
Fovel
Trotter

: Mr. Conrad

DATE: August 3, 1965

5 C. F. Downing

SOLO SUBJECT!

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Captioned case involves the Bureau's highly valuable confident informant NY 694-S* who has been receiving communications transmitted to him by radio.

On 8/3/65, transmissions were intercepted by the Bureau's radio station at Midland at scheduled times and frequencies but no messages were transmitted.

For information.

Mr. Conrad

2 Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. W. G. Shaw)

1 - Mr. Downing

1 _Mr. Newpher

1 Mr. Paddock

REC 44 100-428091-5004

AUG 5 6 1965

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 7/23/65

ranemit the t	following in	1	17 = 57 (4	· :
· ·		(Ty _t	e in plaintext or code)	7	†՝ ¹	
AIRT	PEL		rp. z		·i - l	
		:	(Priority)	۔ دینے نے ب سامند اور مدین میں اس		 -
# . L		· ·		b. ,		
	TO:	DIRECTOR, I	PBI (100-428091	L).	Jan-	Ven
-	FROM :	SAC, NEW YO	ORK (100-134637	() (i)	Jan-	
	SUBJECT:	SOLO		5		:
3	a -	IS-C	¢	`	HRY	
§	•	7/00/6F	Column i	**		
3	through th	ne secondary d	694-S* transmi	RE GIBBY NEEDI	Γ.ΕΜΔΝ.	
\$\$	a number o	of partially of soft which are	oded messages e as follows:	on microfilm	the (
	1	•	0 00 1011010		- Velso	
	ۇيلىلى . ئايلىلىدىنى ئايلىلىدىنى ئايلىلىدىنى ئايلىلىدىنى ئايلىلىدىنى ئايلىلىدىنى ئايلىلىدىنى ئايلىلىدىنى ئايلىلىدىنى ئا	"CCCPSU Komsomol-F	eshetov	Summer .	11 Jan 11	سألا
4		"Re CPUŠA V	outh Delegatio	on. As vou ka	now, Hada	K _
	they will	arrive in Mos	cow on August weeks ago for	8th. However	C	02
	arrive in	Paris and Lon	weeks ago tor don or wire to	Reshetov foi	r visas. F	TO S
, 8 , 4 4	They are:			12.14	MA	
	ت) سندن	1)_		ρ.	Ph	
, \$	Notice of			100-113E	30.0.0	
:	A Niewer land	9: -		IN SI	NY O.O.	1 9
,	1-4764		. ,		Fretzerg	
\	1, 91700	700 ka20073 (, p. 10 .	= ر	,
· \	I-Chicago	100-428091) ((134-46 Sub E	(RM)	/		
,	1-New York		V) (41) ub 1) (NIKOLAI	' '(γγοκα.ταπ Μ΄	(3/11)	
	1-New York	(100-134637)	(41)			
-	ACB:eac	deg T	100-42	8091-6	Rr. to	
-	(8)	EN ST	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Â Juner		
i		an est	γ	UG 6.4 1985		
	(XAWA	,	**************************************		I
Approved	1:040	W	Sent	M Per		
Bis III	î 19 spêçibi Ag	ent in Charge				-

166 1670

NY 100-134637

(3)

Note: We are sending to Washington, D.C. Embassy in next few days to get visas for the four remaining delegates of this delegation. They are:

(1) (2) (3) (4)

Re above, see NY airtel, 7/8/65, page 7.

2. "CCCPSU
Komsomol-Reshetov

"Because of the World Youth Festival cancellation the delegates that were to go there are scattered in various places around Europe and the USA now. To solve the all important problem of getting the 15 delegates who are invited to USSR (these are the same 15 that were to have gone to USSR after the Algerian Festival), we are sending LEE ALBERTA DLUGIN (Passport # E779455) to Paris, and from there she will set up a gathering post for these people. Please notify your Embassy in Paris that she will request from them the visas of the 15 that will travel to USSR as guests of Reshetov. This also is a notification that LEE ALBERTA DLUGIN is the responsible person for this group, and is the Administrator. She will be at the Paris Embassy on July 27th or 28th with this list for visas. Some of these youth delegates may already be in the USSR, but we are not sure. Also, we wish to notify Reshetov that CUYWELSON, also known as SANFORD R. LEIGH, is the spokesman for these 15.

Nor SI

[. lb]

O-HOIGH - INGI PARE. 2.

295 F - 270 - E

"We regret this complication, but this is all due to the sudden cancellation of the Algerian World Youth Festival.

GUS HALL"

Re above, see NY airtel, 7/8/65, pages 8 and 9.

3. "CCCPSU

"We wish to give you pleasant news regarding the forthcoming marriage of Comrades HENRY/WINSTON and FERN OWENS. This event will take place July 31, 1965. We believe that this marriage will be of great help to Comrade WINSTON personally and to our party. Although WINNIE, as we affectionately call him, continues to work daily his loneliness was affecting his health. He will not be alone now and will have by his side a very fine companion.

"On Saturday, July 17th, during one of our National Board meetings, we held a reception for these two comrades and announced this coming event. Comrade GUS HALL presented to WINNIE and his wife, in our behalf, an appropriate gift. We are sure that WINNIE and FERN would appreciate hearing from old friends and comrades on this occasion.

MORRIS CHILDS"

4. "GUS HALL feels we should ask the CCCPSU if they can do something regarding the following letter of OAKLEY JOHNSON. He is a very good old comrade and CP member and as GUS HALL says, 'deserves it'.

and as GUS HALL SAYS, GESCHALL MORRIS. CHILDS"

The way of the says of the say

140 West 104 Street, Apt. 15-D New York, N.Y., U.S.A. 10025

June 20, 1965

Paul Andreevich Chuvikov Director, Foreign Languages Publishing House lst Rizhkie Per. 2 Moscow, 278, U. S. S. R.

Dear Fr. Chuvikov:

I would like to know if royalties have accumulated on my book, Denb Gryadet, and if I might receive a substantial part of them in dollars.

This book, The Day Is Coming: Life and Work of C. E. Ruthenberg, was translated into Russian and published in the USSR in 1963, with an introduction by Prof. L. I. Zubok.

It would be a great help to me if this could be arranged, as I have several works-in-progress in various stages of completion, and I am trying to complete them all. Unfortunately, I am forced to live on inadequate social security, which in turn compells me to do part-time tutoring in order to have enough income to live. This teaching uses up a large part of my energy and time, so that my writing is slowed down.

If, therefore, I might receive royalties here, I would be better able to complete the projects I am working on.

These include the following:

Marxism in United States History, 1876-1917 (Eight chapters have been written; three more are planned.)

A Book on Robert Owen: His Speeches in 1825 and 1826, with an Introduction by myself. (This work is almost finished.) 2)

A Book on Bertha W. Howe: Biography of a 98-year-old American woman Communist who is still active. (This work is finished, and is awaiting multiple minimum editing and publication.)

A book about my experiences teaching for six years (1946-1952) in Negro colleges in the Deep South. (Two chapters have beer

written; two more must still be done.)

A biographical essay on George H. White, the last Negro congressman of the post-Reconstruction period from the South he was from North Carolina, and served from 1897 to 1901. (I have not started work on this, but I consider it an important undertaking.)

I'm working also on a paper and a bibliography about Daniel De Leon (in cooperation with Carl Reeve, who is a son of

Mother Bloor); I have started my autobiography, which will include historical and political data.

therefore, are: the main writings that I have been working . . 4 -.

on since I talked with you in July, 1962. My conference with you took place a few weeks after I represented the New York Worker at the 50th anniversary celebration of Frayda (May 6, 1962). It was in the following year (1963), that you translated and published my book about Ruthenberg, and it is the royalties from it that I trust will help me carry through the. other undertakings.

I might also remind you that I was a member of the editorial staff of <u>We Charge Genocide</u>, edited by <u>William L. Patterson</u> and published by the Civil Rights Congress in 1951, and translate and published in the USSR; soon afterward. I was also the author of "Appendix B," an important research essay in the Appendix of We Charge Genocide.

Finally, I might remind you that in September, 1919, I was a delegate from Michigan to the Communist Party Organizing Convention in Chicago. As you know, I am a frequent contributor to The Work and Political Affairs.

The question might come up, as to how it happens that I, as a college teacher for a quarter of a century and more, do not now have a pension and other resources for my old age.

The explanation is, briefly, that a left-wing radical teacher does not always prosper in American schools: I was blacklisted for velve years after being fired from City College of New York in 1932, and again blacklisted in 1951 after my teaching in Negro colleges in the Deep South.

May I hear soon from you?

Fraternally,

Oakley C. Johnson, Ph. D.

P.S.: You are aware aren't you, Fr. Chuvikov, that I taught in the Mosc Institute of Foreign Languages in 1955-36, and worked as correspondent on the Moscow News (under M. Borodin) in 1936-37? I also led a Soviet Russ Loday delegation to the USSR in the summer of 1939.

O.C.J.

Oakley C. Johnson 140 W. 104th St., Apt. 15-D New York, N. Y. 10025

5. "CCCPSU

"The Activist Delegation which will arrive in Moscow on KLM Flight 299, July 24th, at 8:50 p.m. Moscow time, are going to the USSR only for medical treatment, rest and travel. They are not to participate or to talk about any inner party matters or problems of that kind. This was told to JOSEPH FELSHIN, who has been designated as Chairman of the Delegation. He will request that some of the CPUSA members be permitted to travel to other places such as Prague, East Germany and Hungary, before their return to the USA. We most respectfully request that he be given help in that direction.

GUS HALL"

Re above, see NY airtel, 7/19/65, captioned "CPUSA - INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS" (copy to Bureau SOLO file) page 2. (The Soviets were furnished biographies of some of the Activists mentioned above as follows:)

JOSEPH/FEISHIN, born in Palestine in 1903, brought to US (New York) at age of four. Joined Young People's Socialist League at age of 15, while in High School; an older brother became Charter Member of the CPUSA. Left college to become merchant marine seaman from 1922 to 1927, joining Marine Workers Industrial Union, before the formation of National Maritime Union. Was book publisher from 1928 to 1935. Joined CP in 1934, active as educational director and section organizer in New York District. Assigned to Party publishing and literature distribution house (Workers Library Publishers, which later became New Century Publishers) in 1936, remaining at that post until 1964, a span of 28 years. Have contributed articles to theoretical organ POLITICAL AFFAIRS, and essays and poetry to cultural magazine MASSES & MAINSTREAM. Member of National Literature Commission, 1937-1964. Visited USSR 1935.

KATHARINE LEWIS PELSHIN, born 1909, Boston, Massachusetts. Received Bachelor of Arts degree, Mt. Holyoke College, 1929. While in college, summer of 1927 worked in factory in Chicago, Illinois, 1928 and 1929 summers spent as a teacher at Bryn Mawr Summer School for Women Workers in Industry. In 1930 employed as statistician for Federal Reserve Board, Division of Research, Washington, D.C. In 1931 and 1932 worked on a teaching fellowship at Tufts College and received a Master of Arts degree in Economics. Employed 1932 -1934 as instructor in economics and sociology at Mt. Holyoke College; at the same time active in socialist movement and struggles of unemployed. Summer of 1933 employed by Farm Research, Inc. in Washington, D.C., a left-wing group, and joined CPUSA. In 1933 associated with Friends of Soviet Union. In 1934 became secretary of Philadelphia League Against War and Fascism; married LEM/HARRIS. From 1934 to 1940 worked with left-wing farmers movement in middle West, South Dakota and Minnesota. Associated with Farmers National Committee for Action, lectured under auspices American League Against War and Fascism, assistant editor of FARM HOLIDAY NEWS, educational work for CP and active in Minnesota Farmer-Labor Party. Since 1943, employed as accountant and auditor in New York City and presently comptroller of furniture workers local Union with large Negro and Puerto Rican membership. Became a painter (fine arts) and member of New York chapter of Artists Equity; have had two one-man shows of paintings and exhibited in many group; shows. Divorced LEM HARRIS in 1961. Married to JOSEPH NELSHIN in 1962. Have three has just completed her b7c children of whom one, second year of study in Moscow University, USSR.

Mit Lit

public accountant. Joined the CP in 1931 and a member continuously since then. In the 1930's worked in the civil

1 -7 - The

1/

1.

rights movement in Maryland and Florida. In 1937 was a company political commissar in the XVth International Brigade. In the 1950's worked for five years professionally with the New Jersey egg farmers. In 1957-58 was chairman of the CP in Bronx County, NY. Since 1959 has been actively organizing independent political action inside the Democratic Party.

DOBA ADES, garment worker. Joined CP in 1933 and a member continuously since then. For more than 20 years was a member of ILCWU and shop chairman in various shops. Since 1959 has been actively organizing independent political action inside the Democratic Party.

6. "CCCPSU - Important

"May I stress to you the following request regarding SIMON GERSON. He will be in USSR as a tourist with his family and is paying the expenses of this trip both ways. I do not request that his fares be paid. I repeat, I do not, but do request that he be extended the honors that are given to members of Central Committees of Communist Parties. He, Comrade SIMON GERSON, is, and has been, a member of our CPUSA National Committee for many years and is one of the most devoted of our CP members, beginning over three decades ago. For him to be in Moscow and to be just another tourist, would not be good with our party or with our National Committee. Recognize him as such and bestow a little attention, at my and our secretariat's request.

GUS HALL"

Re above, see NY airtel, 7/8/65, page 12. It will be noted that GERSON is scheduled to arrive in USSR on 8/13/65.

7. "CCCPSU

"We regret that we have to complain to you as we do of various matters but please understand that at
times I must accept requests that are made to me by members
of our National Committee or Secretariat or National
Board In this I again refer to GIL GREEN's
and You will recall that the request
was that both would have liked to have spent their
in USSR but while willing to pay for that trip
they could only pay the minimum rates. At the same time
they asked if they could enter USSR via Paris etc.

"When they arrived in Paris they went SIX (6) times to the Embassy before they were able to get a visa and then they were told that they could only come in on the basis of being able to pay the rate of \$44.00 per day for their stay in USSR. This they could not afford and there these two young people the GIL GREEN: could not and did not get to USSR. and his I raise this disappointing news to you so to understand my problems even though by no means are they the most important at the moment but to the people involved a Why were they treated that way in Paris heartbreak. Embassy? These are of our leading National Board member and could not understand such treatment.

GUS HALL"

Re above, see NY airtel, 6/17/65, page 4.

8. "CCCPSU

"ANTON KRCHMAREK and wife now at Rumanian Congress. When work there finished, KRCHMAREK will request either USSR Embassy in Rumania or USSR Embassy in Czechoslovakia for visas to USSR. This, of course, is on CCCPSU quota.

KRCHMAREK will be in USSR only for medical treatment, rest and travel."

Re above, see Chicago airtel, 6/28/65.

9. "Also please have visas for two more youth for travel to USSR. These will also be picked up at Washington, D.C. Embassy. They are:

(1) (2)

Re above, see NY airtel, 7/8/65, pages 8 and 9, where in there are listed the names of a US Festival Committee Delegation scheduled to go to Moscow. On page 9 there are listed the names and and On 7/22/65, ARNOLD JOHNSON, CPUSA Director of Public Relations, advised NV 601-5* that instead of the name should have been included on the list. JOHNSON described of and wis from Los Angeles".

10. "Please! Regarding money, when next? Can you answer by radio?

JACK BROOKS"

The above in an inquiry concerning when the Soviets will transmit more money to the CPUSA.

The information above will be disseminated to interested offices.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT ROUTE IN ENVIOPE Memorandum

TO,	1	:
Cmally	/	
- $ -$	′	
ic myrr	1	

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

DATE: 8/3/65

V'V FROM :

SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub F) (P)

SUBJECT:

SOLOIS-C

ReBulet dated May 4, 1960, and CGlet dated June 30, 1965.

ReBulet instructed Chicago to set forth a monthly accounting of all receipts and disbursements of Solo and CP, USA Reserve Funds in possession of CG 5824-S*. Set forth below is such an accounting:

Balance of funds in possession of CG 5824-S* as of June 30, 1965

Solo

Maintained in cash in safe deposit box, Mid-America National Bank, Chicago, Illinois......\$32,000.00

Maintained in cash in safe deposit box, Michigan Avenue National Bank, 3,960.89 Chicago, Illinois.....

CP, USA Reserve Funds

Maintained in cash in safe deposit box, Michigan Avenue National Bank, Chicago, Illinois..... 40.00

> REC 44 Total

Additions

100-428091-

Solo and CP, USA Reserve Funds

None.

AUG - 6 1 1965

1-813 GB (2)Bureau (RM)

que 4

 $\overline{2}$ -New York (RM)

(1 - 100 - 134637) (SOLO)

(1 - 100-128861) (CP, USA - Reserve Funds)

Chicago

(5) -

Disbursements

Solo

	· 교회교육회 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	On 7/1/65 to MAX WEINSTEIN for miscellaneous expenses related to travel abroad for CP, including \$20 to be provided to NORMAN FREED, CP of Canada representative in Prague, Czechoslovakia, for outstanding CP, USA obligations	\$	70,00
	On 7/8/65 to GUS HALL, General Secretary, CP, USA, for personal use and as cash reserve in connection with his current travel	• •	250,00
-	On 7/8/65 for cost of meals, drinks, and miscellaneous items purchased on behalf of GUS HALL during Chicago stopover		35,00
	On 7/13/65 for cost of hotel and meeting room at Conrad Hilton Hotel, Chicago, Illinois, for GUS HALL, 7/12-13/65	· \$.	43.,00
	On 7/22/65 to JAMES WEST, CP of Illinois functionary, to be used for purchase of used auto for CP work	- • •,	500.00
ř.	On 7/22/65 to JAMES WEST for use in rental and furnishing of apartment	·_•	200.00
_	On 7/27/65 to CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT, leading functionary of the CP of Illinois and Chairman of the National Negro Commission, for transportation costs to New York to attend HENRY	-	
- -	WINSTON's wedding and reception Total	• • • \$	1,198.00
		Ψ	400,00

CP, USA Reserve Funds

On 7/13/65 for miscellaneous expenses, including meals, fransportation, etc., for GUS HALL during stopover in Chicago, 7/12-13/65.

40:00

Grand Total \$ 1,238.00

Balance of funds in possession of CG 5824-S* as of July 31, 1965

Solo

Maintained in cash in safe deposit box, Mid-America National Bank, Chicago, Illinois......\$32,000.00

Maintained in cash in safe deposit box, Michigan Avenue National Bank, Chicago, Illinois.

2,762.89

Tota1

\$34,762.89

CP. USA Reserve Funds

None.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT OUTE IN ENVELOPE Memorandum

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

8/4/65 DATE:

SUBJECT

SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637A)

Re Nylet 7/2/65.

The records of the NYO reflect the following transactions regarding SOLO funds during the month of July 1965:

7/1/65

Credits on hand

\$840,533.78

7/14/65

Debits

TO LENA SCHERER for CP USA National Office payroll and foreign travel expenses of

CP people

\$25,000.00

7/19/65 To GUS HALL for CPUSA National Office

expenses...

4,000.00

7/30/65

To ARNOLD JOHNSON for GUS HALLEfor CP youth project (\$10,000) and

for

for special Negro work

(\$5,000)

15,000.00 Balance

b6 lb7C

> 44,000.00 \$796,533.78

-813 RB

Bureau (RM)

1-Chicago (134-46-SUB B) (RM)

1-NY 134-91 (INV) (41)

1-NY 100-138861-SUB B (CPUSA - FUNDS, RESERVE FUNDS) (42)

1-NY 100-134637A (41)

JDO:far (6)

REC 20/00-428091-2

Bil 65. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 MAY-1362 EDITION GSA GEN, REG. NO. 27 5010-106 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum OTTHE IN ENVELOPE

	717	contra and an ROU	LE IN		Collahan
	TO :	Mr. W. C. Sullivan	DATE:	August 6, 1965	Gale Rosen Allivan
اد	FROM : SUBJECT:	Mr. F. J. Baumgardner Solo INTERNAL SECURITY - CO	MMUNIST	1 - Belmont V 1 - Sullivan 1 - Baumgardner 1 - R. Putnam	Tyel The Tyel Tyels Room Holmes Gandy
	shows the	My memorandum of 7/9/6 ments of funds from the t Party, USA, during Ju e present status of thes ursements during July, 1	55 set forth Soviet Unio ne, 1965: e funds tog	n and Red China b The following sch	y the
	SUMMARY:			•	
	Grand tot Total dis Bala	ceived from the Soviet Useived from Red China 2/tal received 9/58 to 7/3 sbursements to 7/31/65 796,533.78 maintained by	60 to 7/31/ 1/65	65	50,000.00 ,957,463.00 ,126,166.33 831,296,67*
	DETAILS:	34,762,89 maintained by	CG 5824=S*	in Chicago.	
	Grand tot Total dis	ceived from Soviet Union ceived from Red China 2/tal received 9/58 to 6/3 sbursements to 6/30/65	60 to 6/30/ 0/65:	65	50 000 00
	Receipts	during July, 1965			* * * •
	DISBURSEM	ENTS DURING JULY, 1965:	and .		•
	2	- To Lena Scherer for ex office and travel of P	arty people	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25,000.00
	7/19/65>	- To Gus Hall for expens	es of Party	s national	
	हिन्न श	office	1.46.46.46.46	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4,000,00

RCP:pah fak
(5)

CONTINUED-OVER

6 AUG 10 1965

Tolson __ Belmont .

DeLoach Casper

65 AUG 11 1965

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan Re: SOLO 100-428091

> lb6 lb7C

7/30/65 - To Arnold Johnson for Gus Hall for Party wouth project (\$10,000) and for for special Negro work (\$.5,000)\$ 15,000.00
7/30/65 - To CG 5824-S* as reimbursement for miscellaneous expenditures made in behalf of the Communist Party, USA, and Gus Hall (itemized in Chicago
letter of 8/3/65)\$ 1,198.00
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS - JULY, 1965\$ 45,198.00
BALANCE OF FUND - JULY 31, 1965\$831,296.67

ACTION:

None. This memorandum is submitted for your information. An up-to-date accounting of Solo funds will be brought to your attention each month. Details of the accounting of these funds are not to be disseminated.

0

allow

Jet J

5.6

SAC, New York (100-134637)
Attention: Supervisor

8/6/65 b6 b7c

Director, FBI (100-428091) -

100-428091-5009

SOLO IS - C

Reference is made to your letter of 7/14/65, captioned as above, forwarding 975 pages of Xerox reproductions of money in the amount of \$150,000. Reference is also made to your letter of 7/19/65 captioned TRACING OF AMERICAN MONEY USED BY SOVIETS IN ESPIONAGE OPERATIONS - "REQUEST FOR AUTOMATIC DATA PROCESSING UNIT SERVICE."

Serial numbers of the money on the 975 pages have been recorded in the Automatic Data Processing Unit. These numbers will be compared and added to the index at such time as this index has been completely converted to the Automatic Data Processing system.

There are being returned under separate cover the 975 pages of Xerox reproductions.

MFR:nls (6) MAILED 6

1 - Mr. Row AUG - 6 1965

COMM-FBI

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
DeLoach
Casper
Callehen
Contad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Travel
Trottef
Tele-Root
Hols: O AUG 1 Mill

1 1965 TELETYPE UNIT TO 17

Molina

Mg

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 MAY 1962 EDITION GSA-GEN, REG, NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

lemorandum

ROUTE IN EN CLOPE

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

(ATT: VOUCHER STATISTICAL

5010-107

7/14/65

SECTION)

SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

SUBJECT:

ReBulet 7/1/65 entitled TRACING OF AMERICAN MONEY USED BY SOVIETS IN ESPIONAGE OPERATIONS - "REQUEST FOR AUTOMATIC DATA PROCESSING UNIT SERVICE." and retelcall of 7/9/65 between SAC D. E. RONEY of the NYO and Mr. MAURICE F. ROW of the Bureau.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 975 pages of Xerox reproductions of money originally received by NY 694-S* from the Soviets on 6/23/65. The total amount received on 6/23/65 was \$150,000 in \$50 and \$20 dollar bills. Records of these bills should contain the reference: NY 65-17696A-1102. Also, it is requested that the record contain the page number of the Xerox copies which page number may be found on the lower right hand corner of each sheet.

It is requested that the enclosed material be returned to the NYO in a communication bearing instant title and marked for the attention of Supervisor

しへろいろんり

(1 - Voucher Statestical Section)

1 - NY 65-17696 (2343)

1 - NY 100-134637 (#41) (3)- Bureau (RM)(Enc-975)

July 200 July

GEJ: IM

(5)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

ROUTE IN ENVILOPE

V	SAC, New York (100-134637) (Attention: Supervisor	7	8/6/65
65	Director, FBI (100-428091)	lb6 lb7C	
	SOLO IS - C		

Reference is made to your letter of 7/14/65, captioned as above, forwarding 3,500 pages of Xerox reproductions of money in the amount of \$280,000. Reference is also made to your letter of 7/19/65 captioned TRACING OF AMERICAN MONEY USED BY SOVIETS IN ESPIONAGE OPERATIONS -- "REQUEST FOR AUTOMATIC DATA PROCESSING UNIT SERVICE."

Serial numbers of the money on the 3,500 pages have been recorded in the Automatic Data Processing Unit. The serial numbers will be consolidated with the index at such time as this index has been completely converted to the Automatic Data Processing system.

There are being returned under separate cover the 3,500 pages of Xerox reproductions.

MFR:nfs

1 - Mr. Row

Tolson Belmont COMM-FBI

Mobir DeLoach Calper Callohan

Conrad Felt Gale Rosen

Sulfivan Tavel Trotter

Tele. Room Holmes

Gango 5 AUG 1 MAIE 965 TELET RE UNIT

MAILED 6

More Marie

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 MAY 1982 EDITION OF GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

lemorandum

ROUTE IN ENVILOPE

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

(ATT: VOUCHER STATISTICAL SECTION)

DATE:

7/14/65

SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

ReBulet 7/1/65 entitled TRACING OF AMERICAN MONEY USED BY SOVIETS IN ESPIONAGE OPERATIONS - "REQUEST FOR AUTOMATIC DATA PROCESSING UNIT SERVICE," and retelcall of 7/9/65 between SAC D. E. RONEY of the NYO and Mr. MAURICE F. ROW of the Bureau. 5/11/15 lentexchangel

Enclosed for the Bureau are 3,500 pages of Xerox reproductions of money in the amount of \$280,000. These Xerox copies represent "exchange money" for \$280,000 which was originally received by NY 694-S* from the Soviets on 6/10/65. Records of these bills should contain the reference: NY 65-17696A-1098. It is also requested that the record contain the page number of the Xerox copies which page number may be found on the lower right hand corner of each sheet, and that the record be marked "exchange money."

The enclosed material should be returned to the NYO in a communication bearing instant title and marked for the attention of Supervisor

b7C

3)- Bureau (Enc-3,500)(RM) REC-35 (1 - Voucher Statistical Section) (00 - 9 1 - NY 65-17696 (#343) 1 - NY 100-134637 (#41)

REC-35

GEJ: IM

(5)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

* *	MAY 1962 EDITION GSA GEN, REG. NO. 27			.	Tolson	
-	UNITED ST	ATES GOVERNMENT	_		Belmont Mohr	
	11 0000	$prandum^{ ext{R0}}$	דאד יםיתיוו	TARTETAL	DeLoach	
	IVIETH	Tanaum-•	OUTE IN	TINART	Contrad Contrad	
				·	ren	二,
TO :	Mr. Con	rad July	DATE:	August 5,	Gale	
				rugust o,	Stavel	
-	\bigcap_{i}		-	*	Trotter Tele, Room	
FROM :	'd./F. D	owning			Holmes	
(~	1			_		
SUBJECT:	(0)			_ (
002,2011	SOLO	L SECURITY - C		6-	(Walter	
	TMTĖVMY	n becoriff - C		0 (
	Ď.	Captioned cas	e involves the	e Bureau's h	ighly valuable	
	confide	ntial informant	NY 694-S* who	has been re	ceiving communi-	_
	cations	transmitted to	him by radio.	aran engi antaran	A TO COMPANY OF THE PROPERTY O	
			• •			
		On 8/5/65, tr				
	radio s	tation at Midlan	d at which ti	me a message	, NR 472 GR 232	,
	was int	ercepted.	t	1		
	•	The plain tex	t and cipher	text añe att	ached	
"	- = , _	THE PLANT CON	t and croner	text are act	ached.	
,		The New York	Office is awa	re of the co	ntents.	
		4	± 1,		fe)	
	ACTION:	Market Control of the			<u> </u>	
,	./1	Don informati				
		For informati	on.	1 •	<u> </u>	
=		TOTAL				
		30,1800	<u> </u>			
2	ENCLOS	- ,				
	4					
	Enclosu	re				الجوائي
*			= - + " <u>"</u>	* _	· /	-
		errant		1	/	
,	1 - Mr.	San Carinetters o	- , st		4	
·		Sullivan (Atten	tion: Mr. J.	A. Sizoo, M	r. W. G. Shaw)	
		Downing				
		Newpher	£ '	* *	#	
			•	•		
	1 - Mr.	Paddock		*		
•	1 - Mr.	n	= 1		Sar .	
a10	1 - Mr.	n	= 1	11111 - 42	TAGI- FAL	<u> </u>
gf)	1 - Mr.	n		100-42	8091-501	Á
gfl	1 - Mr.	n		100/42	8091-501	Á
AL	1 - Mr.	n	REC-21	12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ä
gfl	1 - Mr.	n		6 AUG 10 1965	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Á
AL	1 - Mr.	n		12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Á

65 AUG 18 1965

L--

b6 b7C

~	TOBIRCH 4 4 4 HEXPECTED NOT THE
	OTELONJULY#27#TOGETHENVITHFULLLAND LUGGAGEWAS RECEI
0	vedfor them by Lee & Lee Drug I Ny Drug I N L Butthey Were LATE FO
0	RPLANE THEYSAIDTHATTHEYOVERSLEPT LONJULY #29#THEYAPP
O	EAREDINOUNCASHIENANDWEREGIVENLUGGAGEAGAIN,THEYARRÍ
0	VENTINHOTELONAUGUSTFIRSTANDO I NEDLANDI SONANDWIFEOFA
\sim	RCH 1 HARCH 1 BROWN HEROWN ALSO ARRIVED IN HOTEL HOUTTHEY WER
Ų	ENOTINLISTOFLAND, THEYALSOLOINED LANGBY AGREEMENTWITH
0	DLUGIN HA HAVEGAVEINSTRUCTIONS TO CORRESPONDING BODIES
Ať O	TOSPEEDUPDECISIONOFPROBLEMSINRESPECTOFKARSAVINANKA
O	#RSAVINAANDFRANKFIELDAFRANKFIELD.#3#.PAGEPPAGEPLANS
0	y tdbeback incoveinseptember 4441 (castacastgoes tdoffic
~	# HONAUGUSTHAHANDTHANTOOVEINAFENDAYS HAH OFAYAFAYCAP
<u> </u>	g HOLEMANGALHAHIBNFBABNFBCVHHOLEMANGALHAHISHALVALOVB g HOLEMANGALHAHIMALQCOARTMALEMANARIHAHIMALVAHISHAKLVALOVB g HOMANGASUHAHAMALAKAMACOARTMALEMANARIHAHIMALVAHIMALVANARI
	ST#1##JBULBHAUGUST#3#

ENCLOSURE 100-428091-5011

F BROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Transmit t	he following in	PLAINTEXT	
		(Type in plaintext or code)	
Via	AIRTEL	REGISTERED	
<u>Y</u>		(Priority)	
The Mark	TO! FROM: SUBJECT:	DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091) SAC. NEW YORK (100-134637) SOLO TS - C	Hels.
*	Secretary	On 8/10/65 there was received at the MICHAEL op in NYC a letter from WILLIAM KASHTAN, Gene of the Canadian CP, to GUS HALL, under the HERBERT, the contents of which are as follow "August 4th.65	ral s:
14	course of Haven't y but hope the fall before it establish someone.t there is 1 - Chica 1 - New Y 1 - New Y 1 - New Y 1 - New Y 1 - DO: jaw	"Finally returned after a pleasant trip in twhich I picked up some news here and there. et seen any of my lads because of vacationities everything is going smoothly from your end reproject. There is not too much time left gets going and all details should be firmly ed. With that in mind it would be useful for turn up around the middle of August unless some other way of resolving them. 213 / B 1 (RM) 20 (134-46 Sub B) (AMRM) 20 (134-91) (INV) (#41) 21 (RM) 22 (RM)	s /
Аррго 6 5	(7)	FX Aug 18 1935 Fig. 11 3 113 64 .c. Sent M Per	

"Will be in town fairly constantly for a while and if there is anything which needs chewing over, let me know.

"all the best,

"as ever,

B. II

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 MAY 1942 EDITION GSA'GEN, REG, NO. 27 Tolson UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Moht. DeLoach Temorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE Casper Callaha Felt -Gale TO Mr. Conrad 2 August 10, 1965 DATE: Sullivan J Tovel Trotter Tele. Room FROM F. Downing SUBJECT: INTERNAL SECURITY - C Captioned case involves the Bureau's highly valuable confidential informant NY 694-S* who has been receiving communications transmitted to him by radio. On 8/10/65, transmissions were heard by the Bureau's radio station at Midland at which time a message, NR 567 GR 330, was intercepted. The plain text and cipher text are attached. The New York Office is aware of the contents. ACTION: For information. ENCLOSURE Enclosure La-Wra-Belmont 1 - Mr. Conrad 2 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. R. C. Putnam) 1 - Mr. Downing 1 - Mr. Newpher 1 - Mr. Paddock AUG 13 1965

65 AUG 18 1965

TOBIRCH WEWOULD IKETODISCUSSWITHYOUPROBLEMOFFURTHE RACTIONS IN RESPECT OF GUY SULVENS OWENS, NOW MINISTRY O FHIGHEREDUCATIONRAISESQUESTIONOFEXPULSIONHIMFROMUN I VERSITY BECAUSEDUR INGLASTACADEMICY EARHEATTENDEDUNI VERSITYONLY FOR SHORT PERIOD, DIDNOTTAKE ANY EXAMS AND DI DNOTMASTERCURRICULUM UNIVERSITY STAFFTALKED HITHIMM ANYTIMES BUTHED IDNOT CHANGE HIS ATTITUDE TOWARDS STUDIES HESA I DREPEATEDLY THATHECOULD NOTSTUDY BECAUSE OF HISIL O LNESS RECENTLY HEHAD COMPLETE THECKUPINOURHOSPITALFOR AMONTHANDAHALF DIAGNOSISISTHEFOLLOWING . RESIDUALAP E PEARANCEOFORGANICDISEASEOFCENTRALNERVOUSSYSTEMWITH O g NEARPSYCHOPATOLOGICAL CHANGES OF PERSONALITY AND EPILEP TICSTATE, WHILE INHOSPITAL HEHADNOEPILEPTICATTACKS BU THEHADITWOCASESOFH TSTERICALFITS AFTERGENERALANTIEPI LEPSYTREATMENTHEDOESNOTWEEDTOBELINHOSPITALI, HEISPRES E CRIBED TOUSE AMINASINE AND LUMINAL PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND 8 HIMTOMAKEINTERVALINSTUDIESFORONEYEARANDTORETURNHOM ELEASYMANUALLABOURCOUPLEDWITHRESTANDOUIETNESSISALS goRecommended University MAYGRANTHIM LEAVE FOR ONE YEAR! EPLEASEGIVEUSYOUROPINIONANDALSOTHATOFLAST WEMIGHTSE NDMEDICAL STATEMENT TO YOUW ITH CASTOR SHERNEER IF YOU AGRE E. TOSPRIJG. WEREFEREDTOEDWARDLAMBZEDWARDLAMB. .

0

0

0

0

 58127
 46973
 60892
 04353
 90860
 22036
 91421
 54943
 55847
 16925

 44025
 76260
 97145
 34608
 70243
 06398
 86288
 98945
 62393
 70825

 51324
 83031
 47759
 88935
 23163
 78079
 09926
 31765
 94209
 33266

 87203
 89310
 22279
 49989
 83626
 00455
 35615
 50127
 17428
 93551

 69376
 18244
 33078
 28156
 02079
 99832
 10610
 72685
 73800
 97520

 61577
 84888
 81267
 97033
 93764
 05608
 28851
 11008
 30185
 29469

 47630
 39791
 77259
 78154
 58032
 53560
 52390
 22560
 53619
 62623

 28081
 49843
 31750
 86460
 61792
 31881
 84723
 36744
 50432
 85734

 28081
 49843
 31750
 66681
 79405
 38089
 88981
 55220
 70788

PAPER PATEN

ZIONAL FORM NO. 10 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ROUTE IN ENVELOP

$\it 1emorandum$

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

DATE: 8/6/65

FROM:

CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

56 SUBJECT:

ReBulet dated July 13, 1965.

Set forth below is an accounting of expenses incurred by CG 5824-S* during the course of the 18th Solo Mission, February 19 through April 26, 1965, and subsequent debriefing sessions in New York City, April 27 through May 1, 1965. As the Bureau is aware, CG 5824-S* was accompanied on this Mission by his wife, CG 6653-S, and those expenses are also included in this accounting:

First class air transportation for two from Chicago, Illinois, to New York City, New York......\$109.82

Excess baggage (air freight shipment) to New York, tips, etc., connected with the above...... 7.00

Meals for two and tips, New York, 2/19/65...... 5.00

Transportation costs and tips to and from Kennedy International Airport, New York City..... 3.00

First Class air transportation for two from New York City, New York,

794.00

Excess baggage charges connected REC-34/00 - 42809/with above, luggage handling, and EX-113 tips..... 20.00 6 AUG 13 1965

Meals for two and tips, Paris, France, 2/20/65

Transportation charges, Orly Field, 1.00

from Paris, France, to Prague,

1-813RB (2)-Bureau (RM) (3)

Excess baggage charge connected with above	20.00
Entertainment, meals, gifts, etc., for NORMAN FREED and wife; JOHN VAFIADES and wife; and JOHN GIBBONS and wife, Prague, Czechoslovakia	75.00
Currency conversion loss in exchange of dollars for Crowns, Prague	15,00
Personal loan, non-collectible, to NORMAN FREED, Prague	-100.00
First class air transportation for two from Prague to East Berlin	59.60
Gifts purchased, including liquor, etc., in lieu of tips for service employees at Party hotels, etc., in	
First class air transportation for	20,00
two from Prague to Moscow	
with above	
one from Prague to East Berlin Gifts purchased in Prague for GUS HALL	29.80
Items purchased in Prague and left at	85.00
Party hotel as gifts in lieu of tips to service personnel	35.00
First class air transportation for two from Prague to Paris	158.60
Excess baggage charges connected with above	15.00
4/23-26/65, including service charges,	175.00
Additional meals, Paris	60.00

Transportation costs to and from Orly Field, Paris, and related transportation costs, Paris\$	25, 00
Overseas telephone call from Paris to Chicago	27.00
French embarkation tax, Orly Field, Paris	2,50
First class air transportation for two from Paris to Boston, Massachusetts	776.00
Special consideration paid to ticket agent, Paris, in order to obtain space on desired flight from Paris, baggage handling, and tips	30.00
Hotel, Boston, 4/26/65	21,50
Meals, tips, and service charges, Boston	25.00
Transportation costs, Boston	2.50
Commuter flight for two from Boston to New York	28.00
Hotel accommodations, New York City, including tips and taxes, 4/27-5/1/65	102.00
Food, laundry, service charges, and miscellaneous expenses, New York	8000
Rental of hotel meeting room, meals, tips, etc., connected with debriefing sessions held with GUS HALL, New York	
©City	65.00
Cost of food, entertainment, and related items in connection with official meetings, New York, with HELEN WINTER, CARL WINTER, LENA	
SCHERER, CARL LEICHTMAN	20.00 -
Taxi fares to and from Kennedy Inter- national Airport plus transportation costs in New York City related to	75 00
meeting with Party representatives	T2.00

ű,	Subtotal	\$3,629 . 14
	Panicina	- divional News
- 		
ther	Expenses	-
, _ ,	Attitude Case Can unavalentan	·
	Attorney fees for preparation of wills, powers of attorney,	-
	and letters of direction for	
•	two	\$ 75.00
-		4. 4.4.5.
_	Purchase of new luggage for	*
	exclusive use on Solo Mission,	-
	four bags	92.00
	en la	
	Purchase of additional new	
•	clothing for two for use on Solo Mission not bearing laundry	
	or any other identifying marks	23000
-	of any owner adenoutying marks	2505,00
, ,	Purchase of books, pens, refills,	
*	and similar material to be used	
	as gifts and carried abroad to	
·	be officially presented to	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•	representatives of the CPSU, CP	
- ,	of CZ, SUPG, on behalf of the	
	CP, USA	145.00
•	Dontogo coeff on motorio 2 mai 2 ad	- %-
-	Postage cost on material mailed	5.00
. "	from abroad	0.00
, ,	Communication costs, New York	
-	City . post , ag . is	5.00
	Storage of two automobiles at	
	\$8 per week for nine weeks in	
	Chicago	144.00
_	Oliniana dan manundan Amandana	
	Charges for securing American Express Travelers Cheques, fees for	- · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•	purchase of French Franks, etc	7.,50
	harenase or grenou trains? ecc.	1.,50,
	Purchase of special items needed	
•	exclusively for foreign travel	= "
-	such as AC-DC converter for razor,	_ **
-	iron, and other electrical appliance	es; -
-	staples, band aids, scotch tape,	
	and miscellaneous items	10.00
	- Airo manoo a rairo o an ar a como se e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	TO . CO

* * * *

Total amou by Bureau	nt of funds advanced for 18th Solo Mission	\$3,375.00
	ined from CP, USA for	, <u>1,000.00</u>
	Total funds available	\$4,375.00
Total expe Solo Missi	enses reported for 18th	
- <u>-</u>	Balance of money receiv	ed \$ 32.36

The above-noted surplus of funds available, \$32.36, over total expenses has been returned by the source and is being placed in the Confidential Fund of the Chicago Office.

8

ROUTE IN ELL LOPE

	Date:	7/27/65	ئوسيدور ۷ - ۲ خواننگر 	
Transmit the fallening to	, - 1-	-	į	,
Transmit the following in	(Type in plaintext o	r code)		
Via AIRTEL REGIST	ERED -	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	•	
	_ (Prior	ity)	1	
	÷	والبنواسد يتمايكم بإندانت بندانته		
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)			01	~ 0
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-13463	37)	·		2
SUBJECT (SOLO)		-	1	
IS- C	-	٩	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
On 7/27/65, NY 694-S* tra	nsmitted to	the Soviet	s through t	the
secondary channel, ISIDORE Gi	BBY NEEDLEM	AN, a parti	ally coded	message,
handprinted and sealed in the containing no chemical. The				was
picked up from NEEDLEMAN one	half hour a	fter NY 694	-S* deliver	red
it, by KONSTANTIN P. SEMENOV	or Amtorg.	•	-	
The plain text of the mes	sage is as	follows:		May
"To Central Committee, CF	SU.	· .		,
"Secretariat agrees on Pe	ttis Perry	cremation a	nd while	
feelings are for funeral is left undecided while				•
Advise arrival date via				1 * 4
	G	us Hall'	· -	
100 2002	-, -			
(8(311)	·	•		,
3 - Bureau (RM)	. " 			ļ,
1 - Chicago (134-46-Sub B) (A) 1 - NY 134-91-INV. (#41)	1K7:	•		ļ'
1 - NY 105-14931-Sub 1 (Nikol	tai M. Talan	ov)		
(#341) 1 - NY 100-134637 (#41)	-			4
JDO: IM	-			
(8)	- 4		i i	
	REC- 57 (00	-42809	1-501	5
	100°	0-11		MARIA
		8 -/6 8 -/6	1965 AND	W.
D.D.S.MED	1		W.	
XI	-	· -	INT/SE	jÖi,
Approved:	Sent'		Per Line	
65 AUG 13 Special Agent in Charge		w <u>.</u>		

ROUTE IN ENCOPE

Tra	nsmit the	e following in .		-
Via		AIRTEL	(Type in plaintext or code) REGISTERED	٠
	·		(Priority)	
19		TO :	DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)	لممه
00	Fan J	FROM :	DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091) SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637). ROLO IS-C	/ ~
,			On 8/5/65, there were received from the Soviets, o, five ciphered-partially coded messages, the xts of which are as follows:	がた
,	•	"To GUS I	HALL	IA
d d	6 67C	for them said tha Embassy on on Augus ARCH BRO	"1. We expected and in Moscow on together with youth delegation. Visas were received by LEE DLUGIN but they were late for plane. They they overslept. On July 29 they appeared in our and were given visas again. They arrived in Moscow t first and joined delegation. and was arrived in Moscow but they were not in list ation. They also joined delegation by agreement GIN.	<i>/</i> 4
		-	(Re and in above message, see NY airtel 8/2/65, page 5.)	
		to speed ánd FRAN	"2. We gave instructions to corresponding bodies up decision of problems in respectable KARASAVINA KFELD.	3
	***	1 - Chica 1 - NY 1 1 - NY 1	(Re above, see NY airtel 8/2/65, page 4.) (RM) ago (134-46-sub B)(RM) 34-91 (INV)(41) 05-14931-sub B (NIKOLAEM. TALANOV)(341) 00-134637 (41) (RM) (RM) (RM) (RM) (RM) (RM) (A) (A) (A) (B) (B) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C	, , ,
L	· · · · · ·			
	Approv		Sent M Per 1	
8	がは	. i speci	ial Agent in Charge	-

"3. ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG plans to be back in United States in September.

"4. KRCHMAREK goes to Prague on August 9 and then to United States in a few days.

(Re above, see NY airtel 7/28/65, page 9.)

"5. BEATRICE JOHNSON arrived Moscow August 1; CARL WINTER arrived Moscow August 3."

:FD-36 (Rev		
·	÷ ,	()

FROUTE IN ENUTIOPH

5. Ball fardrer leve

2	2 14 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Ton
	Date: 8/11/65		沙川
Transm Swing in			,-
	(Type in plaintext or code)	,	

ig _____AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement entitled, "TIM BUCK, CHAIRMAN, COMMUNIST PARTY OF CANADA."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished on 8/7 and 9/65 by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, to SA RICHARD W. HANSEN.

3-813 RB utfand

3-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM) 1-New York (490-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)

1-Chicago

RWH: MDW (5)

REC. 52 100 - 428091-5017

15 AUT 17 1965

4 指 2 智報点

Approved: Special Agent in Charge

TIM BUCK, CHAIRMAN, COMMUNIST PARTY OF CANADA

It has been learned that on August 5, 1965, a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), who was then in Toronto, Ontario, Canada, met with Tim Buck, Chairman of the Communist Party of Canada (CPC). This meeting initially took place at approximately noon on East King Street, downtown Toronto, across from the King Edward Hotel. Following the initial meeting, these two individuals were observed to enter a restaurant and barfor lunch. Arrangements for the setting up of this meeting between Euck and the CP, USA representative had been made earlier that day by William Kashtan, General Secretary of the CPC.

The above-noted meeting between Buck and the CP, USA representative was generally social in nature and was primarily arranged in order that these two individuals could re-establish personal relations after a lapse of four years in which they had not seen each other. However, in addition, there was some general exchange of information which took place between these two parties concerning their individual CPs, etc. During the course of this meeting, the following was learned:

According to Buck, he was leaving on the following day, Friday, August 6, 1965, for the Soviet Union and planned to be gone from Canada for approximately one month, although he felt his absence could conceivably run from six weeks to two months. He also noted that he was traveling alone and that his wife, Bess Mascola, would continue to work at her job at Progress Books in Toronto.

Buck noted that the only place, in addition to the Soviet Union, that he intended to visit was the German Democratic Republic (GDR) and that here he was going to see his "old pal," Walter Ulbricht. He stated that on his last trip abroad he had not seen Ulbricht.

In regard to his own Party, Buck remarked that as far as he was concerned the majority of its present Executive Board is, in a sense, pro-Italian and "no good." He made fun of the "youngsters" on the Executive Board getting sick necessitating the need for him during the past six weeks of having to actually run the CPC. Buck also advised that

immediately upon his return from his present trip he would contact this CP, USA representative in order that that individual might come up to Canada for a complete briefing on any current or important information which he, Buck, may have picked up.

The CP, USA representative, prior to the breaking up of this meeting, prepared and gave to Buck a brief note addressed jointly to Nikolai Mostovets, Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), and to Igor Mikhailov, his Chief Deputy, which Buck agreed to deliver to these individuals whom he knew. The note was a restatement of a matter previously communicated to the CPSU and the essence of it was as follows:

Once again I am taking advantage of someone who is traveling to your country. I hope that both of you have had a fine vacation and are in good health.

I am having some problems with Jessica Smith and in this connection I am sure you have already received our previous memorandum. As pointed out, Jessica has raised the possibility of her taking a leave of absence for the purpose of writing a book and there is some possibility that if things are not changed with her magazine, the New World Review, that she may not return. I strongly urge that you have someone talk to her and that it be done in the spirit and in the manner which were previously discussed by us. Silence, as you know, is a horrible thing to a person who has spent the past 33 years in work for the Party.

The above message related to the cutting off of financial aid to Smith for her publication "New World Review" and the apparent refusal of a representative of the Soviet Union to talk to her in New York on this matter or other problems related to the publication.

Before this meeting was concluded, the CP, USA representative presented several gifts to Tim Buck consisting of liquor and cigarettes which he had brought up from the United States. These items were described as going-away tokens from the CP, USA.

TIH BUCK, CHAIRHAN, COMMUNIST PARTY OF CANADA

It has been learned that on August 5, 1965, a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), who was then in Toronto, Ontario, Canada, met with Tim Euck, Chairman of the Communist Party of Canada (CPC). This meeting initially took place at approximately noon-on East King Street, downtown Toronto, across from the King Edward Hotel. Following the initial meeting, these two individuals were observed to enter a restaurant and bar for lunch. Arrangements for the setting up of this meeting between Buck and the CP, USA representative had been made earlier that day by William Kashtan, General Secretary of the CPC.

The above-noted meeting between Buck and the CP, USA representative was generally social in nature and was primarily arranged in order that these two individuals could re-establish personal relations after a lapse of four years in which they had not seen each other. However, in addition, there was some general exchange of information which took place between these two parties concerning their individual CPs, etc. During the course of this meeting, the following was learned:

According to Buck, he was leaving on the following day, Friday, August 6, 1965, for the Soviet Union and planned to be gone from Canada for approximately one month, although he felt his absence could conceivably run from six weeks to two months. He also noted that he was traveling alone and that his wife, Bess Mascola, would continue to work at her Job at Progress Books in Toronto.

Euck noted that the only place, in addition to the Soviet Union, that he intended to visit was the German Democratic Republic (GDR) and that here he was going to see his "old pal," Walter Ulbricht. He stated that on his last trip abroad he had not seen Ulbricht.

In regard to his own Party, Euck remarked that as far as he was concerned the majority of its present Executive Board is, in a sense, pro-Italian and "no good." He made fun of the "youngsters" on the Executive Board getting sick necessitating the need for him during the past six weeks of having to actually run the CPC. Buck also advised that

immediately upon his return from his present trip he would contact this CP, USA representative in order that that individual might come up to Canada for a complete briefing on any current or important information which he, Buck, may have picked up.

The CP, USA representative, prior to the breaking up of this meeting, prepared and gave to Buck a brief note addressed jointly to Nikolai Mostovets, Head of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), and to Igor Mikhailov, his Chief Deputy, which Buck agreed to deliver to these individuals whom he knew. The note was a restatement of a matter previously communicated to the CPSU and the essence of it was as follows:

Once again I am taking advantage of someone who is traveling to your country. I hope that both of you have had a fine vacation and are in good health.

I am having some problems with Jessica Smith and in this connection I am sure you have already received our previous memorandum. As pointed out, Jessica has raised the possibility of her taking a leave of absence for the purpose of writing a book and there is some possibility that if things are not changed with her magazine, the New World Review, that she may not return. I strongly urge that you have someone talk to her and that it be done in the spirit and in the manner which were previously discussed by us. Silence, as you know, is a horrible thing to a person who has spent the past 33 years in work for the Party.

The above message related to the cutting off of financial aid to Smith for her publication "New World Review" and the apparent refusal of a representative of the Soviet Union to talk to her in New York on this matter or other problems related to the publication.

Before this meeting was concluded, the CP, USA representative presented several gifts to Tim Buck consisting of liquor and cigarettes which he had brought up from the United States. These items were described as going-away tokens from the CP, USA.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TOP SECRET

The At

The Attorney General

August 17, 1965

Director, FBI

Osolo

1 - Belmont 1 - DeLoach 1 - Sullivan 1 - Liaison

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS INTERNAL SECURITY - C

1 - Baumgardner

1 - R. Putnam

The enclosed memorandum, captioned "Vietnam Situation," is being brought to your attention as a matter of possible interest.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources; which have supplied reliable information in the past, the enclosed memorandum is classified "Top Secret." This information is being furnished to the President and so other interested officials of the Government.

Upon removal of the classified enclosure, this? letter of transmittal becomes unclassified.

NOTE:

l - The Deputy Attorney General (Enclosure)

MOOR SECTION

HARLE WESSE

Classified "Top Secret" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. CG 5824-S* is referred to as "sources" in order to further protect the security of this valuable informant. See cover memorandum Baumgardner to Sullivan, 8/16/65, captioned "Solo, Internal Security - Communist," prepared by RCP:pah.

Sp

RCP:pah Mohr DeLoach Casper Collahon Conrad Felt Gale Rosen Sullfyan Tavel	MAILED SREC-52/00 - 4 JG 1 6 1965 COMMIFEL 6 AUG 17	28091-5018
Trotter Tele. Room Holmes Gandy TeleType U	nit 🗀	

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

insmit the f		
	following in (Type in plaintext or code)	
	ATRTEL	
. جيٽ	(Priority)	as+ ,÷.
	ء ن کیم سید در در در در در در در در بر در در بین داند بین داند بین در در در در در داندگاها های بین در در در گرد	
-	TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)	Dr.A
1/1/	Q_{\bullet}	1.10
سميا الم	FROM: - SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)	1304
NA.	5	John W
)	SUBJECT: SOLO	C.
	TS-C	
	On 8/10/65, there were received from the	
_	Soviets, via radio, two ciphered-partially coded messa the plain texts of which are as follows:	ges,
ei.	"To Gus Hall	-
· · · · · ·	of further actions in respect of Guy Owens. Now Minis of Higher Education raises question of expulsion him from University because during last academic year he attended University only for short period, did not take any exams and did not master curriculum. University should be acted to the control of the	te /
-	talked with him many times but he did not change his attitude toward studies. He said repeatedly that he cont study because of his illness. Recently he had complete checkup in our hospital for a month and a hal Diagnosis is the following:	·
-	attitude toward studies. He said repeatedly that he of not study because of his illness. Recently he had complete checkup in our hospital for a month and a hal Diagnosis is the following: "Residual appearance of organic disease of central nervous system with near psychopathological checkup."	f.
	attitude toward studies. He said repeatedly that he of not study because of his illness. Recently he had complete checkup in our hospital for a month and a hal Diagnosis is the following: "Residual appearance of organic disease of central nervous system with near psychopathological of presonality and epileptic state. While in hospital	f.
·	attitude toward studies. He said repeatedly that he onot study because of his illness. Recently he had complete checkup in our hospital for a month and a hal Diagnosis is the following: "Residual appearance of organic disease of central nervous system with near psychopathological chof personality and epileptic state. While in hospital	f. ianges he had
\d	attitude toward studies. He said repeatedly that he of not study because of his illness. Recently he had complete checkup in our hospital for a month and a hal Diagnosis is the following: "Residual appearance of organic disease of central nervous system with near psychopathological chof personality and epileptic state. While in hospital leads for the filter of personality and epileptic state. While in hospital leads for the filter of personality and epileptic state. While in hospital leads for the filter of personality and epileptic state.	f. ianges he had
/q	attitude toward studies. He said repeatedly that he of not study because of his illness. Recently he had complete checkup in our hospital for a month and a hal Diagnosis is the following: "Residual appearance of organic disease of central nervous system with near psychopathological chof personality and epileptic state. While in hospital local field (RM) 1-Chicago (134-46 Sub B) (RM) REC 100-428091-100 (134-91) (INV) (41) 1-New York (134-91) (INV) (41) 1-New York (105-14931-Sub B) (TALANOV) (341)	f. ianges he had
Ŋd	attitude toward studies. He said repeatedly that he of not study because of his illness. Recently he had complete checkup in our hospital for a month and a hal Diagnosis is the following: "Residual appearance of organic disease of central nervous system with near psychopathological chof personality and epileptic state. While in hospital leading (RM) 1-Chicago (134-46 Sub B) (RM) REC 50 1-New York (134-91) (INV) (41)	f. ianges he had
Ŋď	attitude toward studies. He said repeatedly that he of not study because of his illness. Recently he had complete checkup in our hospital for a month and a hal Diagnosis is the following: "Residual appearance of organic disease of central nervous system with near psychopathological chof personality and epileptic state. While in hospital deals 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	f. ianges he had
, d	attitude toward studies. He said repeatedly that he of not study because of his illness. Recently he had complete checkup in our hospital for a month and a hal Diagnosis is the following: "Residual appearance of organic disease of central nervous system with near psychopathological chof personality and epileptic state. While in hospital lee a fill had sub B) (RM) REC 100 - 428091-1-New York (134-91) (INV) (41) 1-New York (105-14931-Sub B) (TALANOV) (341) 1-New York (41)	f. ianges he had
<i>b.</i>	attitude toward studies. He said repeatedly that he of not study because of his illness. Recently he had complete checkup in our hospital for a month and a hal Diagnosis is the following: "Residual appearance of organic disease of central nervous system with near psychopathological chof personality and epileptic state. While in hospital deals 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	f. ianges he had
10	attitude toward studies. He said repeatedly that he of not study because of his illness. Recently he had complete checkup in our hospital for a month and a hal Diagnosis is the following: "Residual appearance of organic disease of central nervous system with near psychopathological chof personality and epileptic state. While in hospital deals 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	f. ianges he had

NY 100-134637

"no epileptic attacks but he had two cases of hysterical fits. After general anti-epilepsy treatment he does not need to be in hospital. He is prescribed to use Aminasine and Luminal. Physicians recommend him to make interval in studies for one year and to return home. Easy manual labour coupled with rest and quietness is also recommended. University may grant him leave for one year. Please give us your opinion and also that of Henry Winston. We might send medical statement to you with Krchmarek or Sherneer if you agree."

"To Jack Brooks

"We referred to Edward Lamb repeat Lamb."
(Re above, see NY airtel, 8/3/65, page 5).

SAC, Chicago (134-46)

8-16-65

Director, FBI (61-7665) (100-340711) (100-428091

CG 5824-S* NY 694-S=

RecGlet 8-11-65 pointing out that there are a great number of occasions whon the informants must pay expenses for Communist Party activities on Party direction, which monies are taken from personal funds. Reimburgement is later made by the informants obtaining money from the safe deposit boxes in which the Party money is maintained. Due to the frequency of these occasions, there is a security problem in continually making trips to the bank to obtain this money. According to rolet, CG 5824-S* stated he had suggested to NY 694-S* that possibly from a security and financial standpoint a more practical method of handling this situation would be for them to have a "revolving fund" in their possession of monies withdrawn from CP, USA reserve funds. It was suggested by CG 5824-S* that they could withdraw \$4,000 from Party funds, divided equally between them and draw on this money when expenses must be incurred for Party business.

approval is given for the informants to withdraw \$4,000 from the CP. USA reserve funds under their control and for each to maintain "revolving funds" of \$2,000 which can be used by them to pay expenses incurred by the Party and Party functionaries. It will not be necessary, therefore, for the informants to use personal funds in the future when called upon by Gus Hall or other Party functionaries to make expenditures for the Party. The status of this "revolving fund" of each informant and disbursements therefrom should be included in the monthly accounting of all receipts and disbursements of SOLO and CP. USA reserve funds in their pessession. You should continue to furnish this report to the Bureau by the fifth of the month following the month being reported.

2 - New York (134-91) (100-134637)

NOT RECORDED 170 AUG 19 1965

JDD:klb (9)

NOTE:

Chicago points out that on numerous occasions CG 5824-S* and also NY 694-S* are called upon by Gus Hall and other CP functionaries to pay expenses for them from Party funds which the informants maintain in safe deposit boxes. These expenses on SEE NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

65 AUG 23 1965

ã FILED ORIGINAL

(Z-

Letter to SAC, Chicago RE: CG 5824-S* NY 694-S* 61-7665 100-340711 100-428091

NOTE: CONTINUED:

occasion are considerable and when the informants pay them from their own pockets must necessarily be reimbursed by removing money from the safe deposit boxes. Frequent trips to these boxes creater; a security factor as informants can become too well known to bank officials. This factor, in addition to the constant depletion of personal funds requiring reimbursement, is an undue burden on the informants' financial situation. Chicago suggests, and we agree, that a sum such as the suggested \$4,000 be withdrawn from the Party funds and divided between the informants to be used by them to pay these expenses as they arise. The Bureau now requires a monthly accounting of all CP funds under control of the informants and included therein will be an accounting of this "revolving fund" which the informants will maintain to pay "out of pocket" expenses of the Party.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

August 17, 1965

BY LIAISON

Honorable Marvin Watson Special Assistant to the President The White House Washington, D. C.

- Belmont - DeLoach

- Sullivan

- Liaison

- Baumgardner

1 - R. Putnam

Dear Mr. Watson:

The enclosed memorandum, captioned "Vietnam Situation," is being brought to your attention as a matter of possible interest to the President.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources. which have supplied reliable information in the past, the enclosed memorandum is classified "Top Secret." This infor mation is being furnished to the Attorney General and to other interested officials of the Government.

Upon removal of the classified enclosure, this letter of transmittal becomes unclassified.

Sincerely yours

Enclosure 100-428091

NOTE: Classified "Top seret" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal theirdentity of the source (CG 5824-S*) and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. CG 5824-S* is referred to as "sources" in order to further protest the security of this valuable informant. See cover memorandum Baumgardner to Sullivan, 8/16/65, captioned "Solo, Internal Security - Communist," prepared by RCP:pah.

RCP:pah

TOR SECRET

G MAIORODUL TELETYPE UNIT

DeLocc

Feli .

Sullivan

Tave

l - Belmont 1 - DeLoach 1 - Sullivan August 17, 1965

VIETNAM SITUATION

1 - Liaison 1 - Baumgardner

1 - R. Putnam

An individual prominent in the leadership of a western communist party recently met with leading representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and members of delegations from North and South Vietnam in Moscow, Russia. During various discussions this individual learned the following:

Neither the North Vietnamese nor the South Vietnamese appear entirely against negotiations on South Vietnam, if these negotiations are conducted in what they call "the Geneva spirit." It also appears there is a small but perceptible moving away from the Chinese position on Vietnam by the Vietnamese.

It was evident that the approach of the Communist Party of China to the war in Vietnam irks the Vietnamese. The Chinese foresee the following:

There will be a long war with the United States with 5000000 United States citizens killed and 2,000,000 Vietnamese killed. The war will ruin a good part of both North and South Vietnam and the United States imperialists will lose sympathy in the world because of their barbarous acts during the war. With no victory in sight, the United States will agree to negotiate; but this will nothhappen until after a prolonged bitter war withmassive losses on both sides.

The Vietnamese and the Soviets do not like this approach since there is no certainty that the war could be contained. Some of the other socialist countries do not like this approach because they are more concerned with the frontiers of the western countries which they consider more important from a strategic point of view. The socialist countries feel that they cannot ignore the German problem.

Tolson countries feel	that they cannot ignore the	ie German problem.
Belmont		• 4
Mohr		* -
DeLoach Too 10000		/
Casper 100-428091	TON STORET	
Collahon RCP:pah	Group 1	- V - /
Felt. (12)		(SEE NOTE PAGE 2)
Gale		Company Read Page 21
Rosen	downgrading and	
"Sullivon	declassification	(1/1)
Tavel		V { }
Trotter	ENCLOSURE	V
Holmes		+= a 0 0
Gondy MAIL ROOM TELE	ETYPE UNIT U /// () - // > 80°	7/-5020
, - C WITTS	7 200	110000

VIETNAM SITUATION

NOTE:

Classified "Topsesret" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-5*. See memorandum Baumgardner to Sullivan, 8/16/65, captioned "Solo, Internal Security - Communist," prepared by RCP:pah.Dissemination of this memorandum being made to Honorable Marvin Watson, Special Assistant to the President; Honorable Dean Rusk, Secretary of State; Vice Admiral William F. Raborn, Jr., Director of the Central Intelligence Agency: and the Attorney General Agency; and the Attorney General.



TOP SECRET



ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

August 17, 1965

BY LIAISON



1 - Belmont

1 - DeLoach

1 - Sullivan

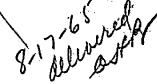
L - Liaison

1 - Baumgardner

1 - R. Putnam

Honorable Dean Rusk The Secretary of State Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rusk:



The enclosed memorandum, captioned "Vietnam Situation," is being brought to your attention as a matter of possible interest.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, which have supplied reliable information in the past, the enclosed memorandum is classified "Top Secret." This information is being furnished to other interested officials of the Government.

Upon removal of the classified enclosure, this letter of transmittal becomes unclassified.



Sincerely yours, REC: 13 /00-42809/

EX-100 ~

AUG 17 1965

Enclosure

W. .

Belmont

Moht ____ DeLoach

Rosen ... Sullivan Tavel ... 100-428091

NOTE: Classified "Top Secret" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. - CG 5824-S* is referred to as "sources" in order to further protegt the security of this valuable informant. See cover memorandum Baumgardner to Sullivan, 8/16/65, captioned "Solo, Internal Security-TOP SECRET Communist," Prepared by RCP:pah.

RCP:pah JOHN TELETYPE UNIT



TOP SHORE



ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

August 17, 1965

BY LIAISON



1 - Belmont 1 - DeLoach

Vice Admiral William F. Raborn, Jr., USN (Ret.) Director 1 - Sullivan 1 - Liaison

Central Intelligence Agency Washington, D. C.

1 - Baumgardner 1 - R. Putnam

Dear Admiral Raborn:

The enclosed memorandum, captioned "Vietnam Situation," is being brought to your attention as a matter of possible interest.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, of which have supplied reliable information in the past, the enclosed memorandum is classified "Top secret." This information is being furnished to other interested officials of the Government.

Upon removal of the classified enclosure, this letter of transmittal becomes unclassified.

REC- 13 /00 - 428 09/-502

EX-100

6 AUG 17 1965

Enclosuré

100-428091

NOTE: Classified "Top Secret" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the societies (CG 5824-S*) and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. CG 5824-S* is referred to as "sources" in order to further protect the security of this valuable informant. See cover memorandum Baumgardner to Sullivan, 8/16/65, captioned "Solo, Internal Security Top SECRET" Communist," prepared by RCP:pah.

RCP:pah ()

outer (8) Figure 1

ele. Room (8) The first 1

outer (8)

. .

Callahan

Contad Felt Gale Rosen Sullivan Tavel Trotter

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 MAY 1962 EDITION GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27 Tolson UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Belmont DeLocch 1emorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE Casper ... Callahan Contad Gale то Mr. Conrad August 17, 1965 DATE: Trotter Tele. Room . F. Downing Holmes SUBJECT: INTERNAL SEC Captioned case involves the Bureau's highly valuable confidential informant NY 694-S* who has been receiving communications transmitted to him by radio. On 8/17/65, transmissions were heard by the Bureau's radio station at Midland at which time three messages, NR 255 GR 38, NR 256 GR 59, and NR 257 GR 75, were intercepted. The plain text and cipher text are attached. The New York Office is aware of the contents. ACTION: For information. Énclosure i-riving Beimont. 1 - Mr. Conrad 2 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. R. C. Putnam) 1 - Mr. Downing 100-428091-50 REC 1 1 - Mr. Newpher 1 - Mr. Paddock A RELORDED EX 105 10 AUG 2) 1965

65 AUG 31 1965

NR 255 GR 38

8/17/65

72908 73157 40644 21605 70371 64689 37207 29118 85072 89662 49251 00961 12065 64882 09496 13381 54341 63679 80908 53633 O 95726 73943 51902 83142 88887 59307 20102 93739 09947 94272

71581 44128 99447 45780 96443 31208 56473 60906

Q.

O

FORCOLOURPRINTSWEAREREADYTOSEEYOUATHIDLAND NIDLAND ONTHURSDAY AUGUST #26 # USUAL TIME IFYOU AGREECONFIRMBYP

O HONETODAY

1

ENCLOSURE

100-428091-5023

NR 256 GR 59

Ö

Ö

8/17/65

- 77625 40562 80396 27091 84632 26263 48704 45616 68110 96171
 - 75215 54554 34224 55126 42081 91909 48752 67229 41020 54426
- O 72580 83437 01006 72131 89824 70597 34859 97621 06032 14703
- 73492 10143 21517 15640 36298 02550 77428 43826 13470 07364
 - 05701 01188 29362 19771 97000 43477 68528 47223 42556 41492
- O 96267 02025 62429 73810 59312 67541 55120 95796 97225
- TOBIRCH #1# | COLOURPRINTS FOR CARP CARP ILL BEGIVENTHR
 OUGHYOU ON #1965 # LEVEL | #2# | BULB EBULB ISWAITING FOR REPL
 OYFROMBAY BAY CASHIER CASHIER WHOM HE INFORMED ON HISTRA
 VELON AUGUST #10# | .

100-428091 5023

NR 257 GR 75

Ŏ

8/17/65

58713 11464 79807 85502 79125 73902 38225 45530 30252 00781 75338 31297 90484 46589 37038 21149 54381 91894 50890 21526

46696 83399 40329 99674 87355 00994 15659 24239 08910 45848

25366 54392 00406 14278 88564 70090 43086 76722 91866 97952

95204 46405 66831 59672 67131 22232 61935 76436 34181 38600

43065 28956 64715 22451 74764 94730 02139 77862 55514 06595

58225 26945 40187 79029 26305 85567 33723 21738 80502 06754

30607 69739 49762 88378 03979

TOBIRCH SILBERST ZEINSSILBERSTEINCLARASCLARASTO #YEA

RSOLD BOXERBIRD FROM #1919 # LIVESNOW INSANFRANCISCO A

CTIVEMEMBER OF AMERICAN RUSSIAN INSTITUTE APPLIED FOR P

ERMANENT LIVING IN KIEV KIEV USSR WHERE HERSISTERS LIVE

NOW ADVISE YOUR OPINION ON WHER AND HER REQUEST

ENCLOSURA 100-428091-5023 DATE 02-17-2012

(IS) 100-428091

BY LIAISON

Date:

August 18, 1965

- Neale

To:

Director

l - Liaison 1 - R. Putnam

Bureau of Intelligence and Research

Department of State

From:

John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: COMMUNIST PARTY OF CHILE

Sources which have supplied reliable information in the past have advised that the Communist Party of Chile will hold a Party Congress in Santingo, Chile, October 11 through October 17, 1965. The Communist Party of Chile has sent letters to various communist parties throughout the world inviting them to send fraternal delegations to this Congress.

1 - Director BY LIAISON Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

NOTE:

Classified "Becret" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) wholis of continuing value and such revelation could result in grave damage to the Nation. 8/10/65, captioned "Solo, IS - C." See CGairtel REC 25

Tolson Belmont,

Moht -DeLoach Casper. Callahan Contad . Felt. Gale Rosen. Sullivan

FBI - JUSTICE REC'U - SHI LIVAN

from automatic

Trotter

downgradin declassification 17-2012

(IS) 100-428091

BY LIAISON

Date:

August 18, 1965

1 - Branigan 1 - Liaison

1 - R. Putnam

To:

Director

Bureau of Intelligence and Research

Department of State

From:

John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject:

FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS - RUSSIA

09010

It has been learned that certain changes are pending and forthcoming within the Soviet Union of problems relating to the Jewish question. These changes have not been publicly reported, but should be coming to general attention in the near future.

These changes include the following: An order has been issued by the Communist Party of the Soviet Union which will establish a new newspaper to be published in Yiddish. This paper will be published in Moscow, Russia, and will report on various facets of the Jewish community.

A series of radio broadcasts in Yiddish will start These broadcasts will be beamed to reach not only the Jews in the Soviet Union but also Jews in Israel, the United States and Europe.

Attempts to set up a Jevish art theater in the Soviet Union are meeting difficulties since some of the leading Jewish artists refuse to participate. These artists feel that since they are now world famous they should not

limit themselves to a nationality grouping. Talson Belmont AUG 20.1965 Casper SEE/NOTE PAGE Callahan Contad . Exclusi omatic downgra Gala Rosen Sullivan TELETYPE UNIT



Director Bureau of Intelligence and Research

A chair in the Hebrew language will be established as part of the Institute of Oriental Studies at Moscow University, Moscow, Russia.

The Communist Party of the Soviet Union has expressed the belief that if these steps are taken it will offset the influence of the Jewish religion because it is only in religious institutions that Yiddish is utilized in Russia.

The above information was furnished by a source which has furnished reliable information in theppast.

1 - Director BY LIAISON Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

b6 b7C

Classified "Selet" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in grave damage to the Nation. See CGairtel 8/10/65, captioned "Solo. Internal Security - C."

ROUTE IN

OPE

	•		Date:	8/17/65		}
Tra	nsmit the following in	PLAIN TEXT				
		4 T	plaintext or	.code),	=	
Via	AIRTEL	REGISTERED				in in
<u> </u>			(Priori	ty) ".		Hy P
٠	TO: DIRECTOR,	FBI (100-428	091)		Paney	ا ر
2		YORK (100-134	637)		SIN X	W
, (Solo IS - C				1/Jul	" U
		- '.'			5 1	
	On 8/16/6 in New York City a 1 of the Canadian CP, contents of which ar	to GUS HALL. 1	LLTAM K	ASHTAN.	General Sec	crétemr .
		- -		"August	11, 1965	
- 1	"Dear Herbert:	-	; *	¥	- (
	"I understand to view of the limited the need for consult to change the opening two weeks later. Less meantime will advise still looking into the still strategy of the strategy of th	time available ation on the g g date. Our i t us know if t our friend th	e befor subject recomme that is nat som	e the pr matters ndation satisfa	oject gets , it may be is that it ctory	going and e advisable take place
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		"All ti	he best,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
		,	, ^{II} As	ever,	· · · /	′ / F
	-	•	•	пВ• п <u>т</u>		
	This lette	er refers to 1	return (of NORMA	M FREED to	Canada.
	Chicago h	as been previo	_		(See Chica	أسهما
H	3/-813 R.O 3/- Bureau (RM)	REC	45	00 = 4	28091-	5020
	1 - Chicago (134-46) 1 - New York (134-91- 1 - New York	Sub B)(AMR) INV)(#41) EX	-101	6 AUG 2	3 1965	
	JDO:IM (7)		- * - *.	Property and		
·	Approved:	Ser	nt	M	Per	
,	65 AUG 3 Photo Agent	in Unarge		4.		·

ROUTE IN ENTIRE

FΒJ

ransmit the f	ollowing in	Týpe in p	laintext or code)			
ia Al	, IRTEL İ	REGISTERED	_ "	4	ţ Y)
<u></u> -		<u> </u>	(Priority)	*		A
TO) : DIRECTOR, FE	3Ĭ (100-428	091)	Q.	TOFF	Port
ル 10	OLO) (134-46	Sub B)	5-P	Monde	
18	Enclosed	herewith fo	or the Bur	eau are th	RAM	
st Ka Re	ad for the New Yor catement entitled, ishtan, General Se epresentative of the -5, 1965."	rk Office of , "Results of ecretary, Co	ne copy of of Meeting ommunist P	an inform s Between Party of Ca	ant's William nada, and	
	The infor tatement was furnt ished reliable int		7-9/65 by	CG 5824-S*	, who has	fur-
de to in	The information of the control of th	24-S* during formant's chas not or	be a total g the cour statement	resume of se of his only incor	informat: recent vis porates the	ion sit nat
	the second	₩. 1	REC- 54 (00-428	29/-	102
1	- F13 R B w/3) (F Bureau (Enc.) 3) (F New York (100-134) Chicago	ruti		-49	24 1885	3
	AH: VIDA	7	[Gu h	설립	λ,	10
	5) 653 ,			-		

RESULTS OF MEETINGS BETWEEN WILLIAM KASHTAN, GENERAL SECRETARY, COMMUNIST PARTY OF CANADA, AND REPRESENTATIVE OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, USA, TORONTO, AUGUST 4-5, 1965

It has been learned that on August 4, 1965, a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) arrived in Toronto, Ontario, for the purpose of meeting with William Kashtan, General Secretary of the Communist Party of Canada (CPC). Kashtan had just returned from a trip abroad. Several meetings were subsequently held by the representative of the CP, USA with Kashtan. One of these meetings occurred during the late p.m. of August 4, 1965, near Kashtan's residence in Toronto, and the second meeting occurred around noon, August 5, 1965, and lasted for several hours. This latter meeting took place in a downtown restaurant and in the area of a downtown Toronto park. In connection with these meetings, the following was learned:

According to Kashtan, he had returned to Toronto around August 1, 1965, but Norman Freed, the returning CPC representative to the "World Marxist Review," was still abroad. Kashtan was of the opinion that Freed would probably be back in Toronto around August 10, 1965. He promised to immediately advise the United States Party when Freed returned and stated he would send a letter in this connection to the United States Party through a mail drop in Brooklyn. In regard to the above, this matter of Freed's return to Canada was of utmost importance to the CP, USA because that Party felt it was absolutely necessary there be some joint discussions between Freed and a representative of the CP, USA on the matter regarding the contemplated joint Marxist training school proposed for Canada in September, 1965. Gus Hall, General Secretary of the CP, USA, has instructed that such discussions be held and has designated Hyman Lumer to carry them out for the United States Party with Freed.

Lumer, in discussing this meeting concerning the joint project of the two Parties, stated he would be available in New York City until August 23, 1965, when he intended to go on vacation. Lumer also noted that he and Hall are against any postponement of the school and that if such is found necessary, they would rather cancel out the school project entirely.

Kashtan was generally informed of this by the CP, USA representative and he was told that Hall had stated the United States Party would not go ahead with the project until the two Parties' representatives sit down and talk and settle all ideological and related matters. It was, therefore,

ENCLOSURD 100-428091- 5027

suggested that Kashtan prepare Freed to come right down to the United States upon his return and that arrangements will be set up for the necessary meeting.

Another purpose of this trip to Canada by the CP. USA representative was to discuss with Kashtan arrangements for a brief "fishing and camping" meeting between Kashtan and Gus Hall. Hall had suggested that perhaps such a meeting could take place in the Canadian waters of Lake Champlain, En route to Toronto for these discussions, the CP, USA representative had surveyed the general area suggested by Hall. and made the proposal for such a meeting to Kashtan. Kashtan was not sure that based on information available regarding the area chosen by Hall for this meeting that it would be, from a security point of view, practical. He noted that the Canadian area of Lake Champlain located in the Rouses Point area was a small area and only had a few miles of shoreline. He stated that he would see to it that a more detailed map of the area was secured and then have Sam Walsh, who heads the Montreal Party area, go down and check the area personally. When this had been done, he would send a note to a Chicago drop address for this CP. USA representative which would set. forth his, Kashtan's, conclusions and recommendations regarding such a meeting. Kashtan insisted that under no circumstances did he want to enter United States waters for such a meeting with Hall.

At these meetings between Kashtan and the CP, USA representative, Kashtan was provided a summary of the recent National Board, CP, USA, meeting and decisions made at this meeting. He indicated considerable interest in the CP, USA effort to write a new Party program and requested that he be provided with a copy of the first "rough draft" of this Party program. Kashtan also expressed interest in the report on trade union work as well as the reports on the CP, USA summer project and work in the peace movement as discussed at the meeting.

Kashtan at the time of these meetings also noted that during his trip he had visited the German Democratic Republic (GDR) and while there had cinched the deal on the printing machinery for his Party. He also noted that he had found out, while in the GDR, that Heinz Birch, who is in charge of United States affairs in the International Department, Central Committee, Socialist Unity Party of Germany (SUPG), had been hospitalized but was now recovering in a sanitarium. He noted he had talked to Birch personally and Birch's current condition was very good.

In regard to the people Kashtan talked to in the Soviet Union, he identified them as (first name unknown) Belikov, Deputy to Boris N. Ponomarev, Secretary of the Central Committee and Head of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU; Vitaly Korianov, Chief Deputy to Ponomarev and whom he saw almost daily while on vacation at Yalta; Gregory Vasinov (phonetic), Head of the British Commonwealth Section, International Department, Central Committee, CPSU; and, Aleksei (last name unknown), Assistant to Vasinov. When asked if he had seen such people as Leonid Brezhnev, First Secretary, CPSU; Ponomarev; or Mikhail Suslov, member of the Secretariat, Central Committee, CPSU, Kashtan was heard to state that he had not and that he had not tried to see these people. The CP, USA representative at this point was heard to inform Kashtan that he felt Kashtan had made a definite mistake in this connection. Lo stated Kashtan should have made an effort to see at least one of the top leadership of the CPSU. If necessary, he should have demanded such a meeting. The CP, USA representative told Kashtan that after all he is the General Secretary of the CPC and it nothing else such meetings would have enhanced his own standing in the CPC, Kashtan thought the CP, USA representative had given him good advice and he acknowledged that he had made a mistake in not requesting such meetings.

Kashtan was also heard to remark that while in the GDR he had talked to a number of leading representatives of the SUPG and at this time raised the question as to why Ulbright had issued the joint statement with Nasser of Egypt following their meetings and in which they condemned Israel. He said that he had told the Germans that this joint statement had caused a storm of protest from numerous CPs. The leaders of the SUPG with whom he talked generally agreed that such a statement may have been a mistake and that Ulbright probably should never have participated in it.

In discussing Freed again, Kashtan noted that Freed had joined him during his vacation at Yalta. Freed also had gone to Rome where he had participated in the symposium sponsored in part by the "World Marxist Review" which was held at the Gromchi (phonetic) Institute.

As to a replacement for Freed as CPC representative to the "World Markist Review," in Prague, Czechoslovakia, Kashtan stated that the Party definitely would send someone there but at this time he did not know whom. He felt that because of Freed's competency, it would be impossible to find

someone capable of playing the same full role as Freed had done while abroad. He also noted that there was a limited number of people available to be sent because a number of those who might be considered qualified were either ill or under doctor's care.

Kashtan also advised that they had sent a delegate to Cuba for the 26th of July celebration and that in speaking to this person he had found out that Beatrice Johnson, "The Worker" correspondent, had not been in Havana. The conclusion of Kashtan was that she was probably in Moscow, although he had not seen her there.

While in Moscow, Kashtan had also raised with a representative of the Rumanian Workers Party the question as to whether that Party was paying the expense of fraternal delegations sent to the current Rumanian Workers Party Congress. He stated the Rumanian advised him that they would definitely be paying the expenses of such delegations to Rumania and this included Canadian as well as United States delegations.

Kashtan then discussed the CP of Israel situation and in this connection noted the following:

When he got to the Soviet Union he found out that the CPSU was also sending a delegation to that country. He raised the possibility of his going with them and had no problems in this connection since they, themselves, alsohad an interest in what was taking place. So, he traveled to Israel with the Soviet and Mongolian delegations to the CP of Israel convention. The Soviet delegation consisted of Eugene Frantzov, Editor-in-Chief of the "World Marxist Review" and a member of the Central Committee, CPSU; and Hitlm, famous Soviet philosopher and former Editor of the "World Marxist Review" when it had been published in Belgrade. When they arrived in Israel, they were met by San Mikunis and a hundred people from the Israell Party. The delegations were prepared to go to Party headquarters and to their hotels but likunis stated he was sorry and please come to my house. So, the Soviet, Mongolian delegates and he went to the Mikunis home and found out that Party headquarters had been captured by the pro-Arab faction and that they were getting ready in Israel to hold two separate Party Congresses. One faction in the Party there is headed by Vilner, a Jev, and Emil Habibi. an Arab, and the other faction, pro-Israel, is headed by Mikunis. The Soviet delegation, after listening to Mikunis and finding out exactly what the situation was, indicated they were going home. The GDR delegation, who arrived for the convention, also indicated they were ready to depart. The point of view of these two Parties was that they had come to attend a Party

convention and since there were going to be two, they should not be there. The differences within the Israeli Party are expressed chiefly through the Arabs and the differences between the Chinese and the Soviets are not openly talked about. There is, however, definite Chinese sympathy among the pro-Arab faction. The basic approach of the pro-Arab faction is that there is no room for a country called Israel as a state. In fact, the Arabs even state that there is not a place for Israel as part of the Arab Federation they say Israel must be liquidated. The dispute there takes on an anti-Jewish character and the Party is divided on this basis. The majority of the Party is still Israeli and this is the Jewish faction. The other faction is 90% Arab and 10% Jewish.

Kashtan went on and noted that the Arab group, through sheer physical force, captured the Party offices and paper and that it was not because they held a majority in the Party. They want parity in representation if one Congress is held and also want acceptance of their program.

Kashtan then added that as a result of the work of the various fraternal delegations, and he played a role in this, the Russians, Bulgarians, Germans, etc., were convinced to wait for a period of time. Finally, they succeeded in getting the factions to postpone their pending convention for the purpose of seeing whether in the meantime they could not get together and iron out some of their differences. Mikunis was against postponement and figured it only gave a greater chance to the pro-Arab faction and pro-Chinese becoming strengthened and the Israeli Party actually losing its influence. However, the fraternal delegations counseled postponement in order to see if they could not have one united congress. After postponement was agreed to, the fraternal delegations left. As noted, while Mikunis was against postponement, he agreed to accept it but placed the blame for postponement on the Soviet Farty.

When Kashtan got back to Moscow, the Russians indicated they had made some mistakes in their dealings with the Israeli Party. He noted that he told them that they had made more than mistakes and now had the task of trying to explain things. They said they were inviting Mikunis to come with a group of his people to Moscow, and at this point Kashtan told them that he did not believe Mikunis would come. The Russians said that they could not understand this as they wanted to treat him as an honored guest. He then went on to explain to them that Mikunis felt the Russians had made things difficult for him and felt that they had insulted

him as well as his Party. Mikunis is angry because the Soviets could not see who their friends and who their enemies are. He also feels that the Soviets had been compromising and not giving him support. According to Kashtan, he suggested that if they do invite Mikunis, they better start thinking immediately as to how they will explain some of the things they had done up to now.

Following the discussions above and after the meeting of August 5, 1965, the CP, USA representative thanked Kashtan for giving him the time and the briefings on the various matters. He also, at this time, presented Kashtan with a number of gifts which he had brought up from the United States consisting of Figuor, cigarettes, etc. When the CP, USA representative left the final discussion, he returned to the King Edward Hotel where he had taken up residence for his two days in Toronto.

COPTIONAL FORM NO. 19 SOLUTION OF THE STATES GOVERNMENT ROUTE IN ENVELOPE Memorandum

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

DATE: 8/18/65

MARTEROM

SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT:

SOLO C

ReCGairtel dated May 7, 1965, and enclosed letter-head memorandum captioned, "Symposium on 'Role of Communist Parties in Highly Developed Capitalist Countries,' Prague, Czechoslovakia, March, 1965."

On August 10, 1965, CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that the current issue of the "World Marxist Review," official theoretical organ of the international communist movement, Prague, Czechoslovakia, Issue #7, July, 1965, contains an article relating to the symposium on "Role of Communist Parties in Highly Developed Capitalist Countries" held in Prague, March, 1965. This article indicates that the United States was represented by HYMAN LUMER and one M. THOMAS. According to the source, M. THOMAS was the name assigned to him and it was utilized in order to protect his actual identity while attending this symposium.

R C Feart)

REC- 5

REC-54 100-428091-5028

EX-101)

6. AUG 24 1965

如识 近欧洲土

②-Bureau (RM) 1-New York (100-134637)(Info)(RM) 1-Chicago

5 AUG 12 1265

ģ

**



		Date: AUG 1 0 1965
Trans	smit the following	in
Via_	AIRTEL	REGISTERED MAIL
-		(Priority)
5	то : 1	ORECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
1	FROM: S	AC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
-	SOLO IS - C	What have broken
		Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original ecopies each and for the New York Office one copy the following captioned letterhead memoranda:
. ė	NR (MI)	"Information Concerning Communist Party of the Soviet Union Plans for XXIII Congress and Related Discussions"
- 	N 5/6/4 2)	"Pending Forthcoming Changes in Soviet Union on Matters Relating to Jewish Question"
	3)	"Position of Communist Party of the Soviet Union and Government of Soviet Union on Relations and Dealings with the Republic of Algeria"
\downarrow	4)	"Communist Party of Chile"
	(of Lyt	"Information on Communist Party of China Outlook on Vietnam and Status of Communist Party of Soviet Union - Communist Party of China Ideological Differences"
	A 3-Bureau	(Enc. 20) (RM) (Enc. 20) (RM) (Enc. 20) (RM) (RM) (RM)
		TO AUG 264 1965
	RWH AIDW (5)	Ar 13 23 All 'E.
	Approved:	Sent M Per
C	5 SEP 2``19	65

CG 134-46 Sub B

The information appearing in the enclosed letter-head memoranda was furnished by CG 5824-S* on 8/7 and 8/65 to SA RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memoranda was received by the source during the course of highly confidential discussions held with WILLIAM KASHTAN, General Secretary, CP of Canada, in Toronto, 8/4 and 5/65. KASHTAN had just returned from a trip abroad which had taken him to the Soviet Union, to Israel, and the German Democratic Republic. In the Soviet Union, KASHTAN met with a number of leading personalities within the CP of the Soviet Union, including VITALY KORIANOV, Chief Deputy to BORIS N. PONOMAREV, a Secretary of the Central Committee and Head of the International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union; (FNU) BELIKOV, another Deputy to PONOMAREV; GREGORY VASINOV (ph), Head of the British Commonwealth Section, International Department; and one ALEKSEI (LNU), an assistant to VASINOV. KASHTAN noted that all information furnished to him had been furnished inconfidence and that none of it was presently being planned for public dissemination. KASHTAN's information was gathered during the course of regularly scheduled meetings with the above-noted individuals and during conversations he had with KORIANOV while the two vacationed together at Yalta.

The enclosed letterhead memoranda are classified "TOP SECRET" since they contain information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. Unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, thereby jeopardizing the security of this source and thus adversely affecting the national interest.

The enclosed letterhead memoranda have been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C., in order to provide additional security to the source.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C. AUG 10 1965

top secret

INFORMATION CONCERNING COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION PLANS FOR XXIII CONGRESS AND RELATED DISCUSSIONS

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early August, 1965, advised as follows:

According to individuals now holding highly placed positions within the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), the CPSU now tentatively plans to hold its XXIII Congress in February, 1966. While the month has been set for this Congress, the actual dates have not been set and there still may be some change in this regard. The CPSU, however, does desire that certain CPs throughout the world be made aware of their plans to hold this Congress and also to be made aware that certain matters will be up for discussion.

These same highly placed representatives of the CPSU, in addition to the above, advised as follows:

The line of the forthcoming XXIII Congress of the CPSU and the current line of the CPSU is unchanged and the CPSU has no intention of changing this line. They will go about carrying through this line in the same way as Khrushchev did. Khrushchev, they say, was not wrong as far as the line was concerned, but he did make a mistake in believing that United States imperialism would almost immediately, within a short period of time, accept the line of peaceful coexistence or the idea of peaceful coexistence. The CPSU will continue to push for peaceful coexistence and this is and will be their policy. They, however, now realize there may be many problems

Group 1
excluded from automatic downgrading and declaration

ENCLOSURE (00-42809/-506

INFORMATION CONCERNING COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION PLANS FOR XXIII CONGRESS AND RELATED DISCUSSIONS TOP SECRET

before the United States accepts this policy. They do not expect it to be accepted in a year or two or even three. They expect a lot of struggle before United States imperialism accepts this. They will create no illusions that United States imperialism will accept the idea of peaceful coexistence simply because nuclear war is dangerous. They say the United States will now have to be convinced that nuclear war is also dangerous for the United States.

In connection with this, the CPSU has the big problem as to how to relate the question of wars of liberation and independence of people and their wars, to the possibility of their spread into a general war which might turn into a nuclear war. This is a big problem and a serious one because of the Chinese. The CPSU now looks at this thing as a long-term proposition.

In order to carry through their policy to the goal of peaceful coexistence, the CPSU now sees the need for some change in the base of the structure of the international peace movement. They are of the opinion that there should be a reconsideration of the current structure of the peace move-Instead of the peace movement being based on intellectuals and professionals, it should be based, according to the CPSU, on trade unions, the social democratic parties, and, of course, on the CPs in those countries where they are influential. For this reason, the communist movements in the Western countries will try to stimulate the drive for unity with the social democrats. They figure now that it is only with the help of the social democrats that they can change the structure of the peace movement and this is the only possible chance to achieve peaceful coexistence. Otherwise, the Chinese will eventually take over. The CPSU will start discussion on this problem and it will last at least six months, and it will undoubtedly be raised at their Congress. They want this information imparted to various CPs involved and desire opinions from such Parties on the question of the reconstruction of the peace movement and on the question of unity with the social democrats. When they discuss this problem, the CPSU will also discuss what should constitute a platform for the peace movement. The Russians feel that the platform has got to be aimed chiefly against nuclear war -- remembering that

INFORMATION CONCERNING COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION PLANS FOR XXIII CONGRESS AND RELATED DISCUSSIONS top secret

the Communist Party of China (CPC) is talking of more than this--anti-imperialism, etc. Regarding discussions of a platform for the peace movement, the Russians expressed the opinion that the CPs in the various countries should be careful not to narrow the peace movement. The socialist countries' Parties must be careful in their own countries so that neither the Party nor government narrows the peace The CPs in the capitalist countries, they say, do not have to reflect the policies of the socialist governments. The peace movements even in the socialist countries will not always just rave or talk against imperialism but will make the chief plank in the peace movement platform one against nuclear war. This does not mean, however, that they or other socialist countries will abandon the liberation movement. They are not going to cease giving aid to the liberation movement but the major problem is how to prevent these wars of liberation from spreading into general wars. They say this danger exists, especially with the Chinese .pushing_for-this.-

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

TOP SECRET



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

August 10, 1965

TOP SECRET

PENDING FORTHCOMING CHANGES IN SOVIET UNION ON MATTERS RELATING TO JEWISH QUESTION

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early August, 1965, advised as follows:

Recently it was learned through an individual in contact with highly placed representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), that certain changes are pending and forthcoming within the Soviet Union on problems related to the Jewish question. None of these changes have, as yet, been publicly reported but will be coming to general attention sometime within the near future.

First of all, the CPSU has issued an order which will establish a new Yiddish language, or as some people call it Jewish language, newspaper which will be published out of Moscow and reflect various facets of the Jewish community. Whether such a paper will be published daily or weekly is yet unknown.

In addition, they will start soon in the Soviet Union a series of radio broadcasts in the Yiddish language, beaming these broadcasts not only to reach the Jews in the Soviet Union but also so that they will reach many parts of the world, including Israel, the United States, Great Britain, France, etc.

They also now are already setting up a Jewish art theatre in the Soviet Union which will attempt to utilize some of the finest Jewish artists in the country. However, in connection with this project, certain problems are being met because some of the leading Jewish artists refuse to participate. These artists feel that since they

TOP SECRET

Group 1
excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

ENCLOSURE 428091-5029

SA K CAN

PENDING FORTHCOMING CHANGES IN SOVIET UNION TOR SECRET ON MATTERS RELATING TO JEWISH QUESTION

are now world famous, they do not desire to limit themselves to a nationality grouping.

Finally, they are going to set up a chair in the Hebrew language as a part of the Institute of Oriental Studies at Moscow University. They now admit that they had Tallen down in this respect and that very few people know the Hebrew language, even from a point of view of culture and a study of past history. They also realize that Hebrew, like Greek, is a very important biblical and historical language.

The CPSU realizes that if they refuse to set up these things for the Jewish people, they are letting, as some have stated, religion take control because it is only in those institutions that they speak the language. They have come to their conclusions that they had to do something in order to offset the influence of religion and that they might as well do some of these things to retain the influence over the Jews and religious people.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

TOP\SECRET



File No.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

AUG 1 0 1965



POSITION OF COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION AND GOVERNMENT OF SOVIET UNION ON RELATIONS AND DEALINGS WITH THE REPUBLIC OF ALGERIA

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early August, 1965, advised as follows:

It has been learned through highly placed representatives within the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) that both the CPSU and the Government of the Soviet Union have now decided to accept the overtures of Colonel Houari Boumedienne, President of Algeria who recently gained power through the overthrow and imprisonment of former President Ahmed Ben Bella, for recognition. They say they will now let him prove whether he merely took power to establish a military dictatorship or is actually going to carry through a socialist policy. He can prove himself by the degree of anti-communism which he undertakes. goes after the communists harder than Ben Bella, this will show he is not what he says he is. For this reason, the CPSU has decided they will go along with him; listen to his overtures; give him the aid he asks for; and try to put the relationship between these two countries on the same level as before. They feel it will not take long before they can judge him. If he goes to the people and depends on organizations, they will know there is very little difference between him and Ben Bella. So, for the present, they will accept this new regime and try to re-establish relations as they existed before the coup.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and

ZSECRET

declassification

100-428091/5029

ENCLOSURE.



File No.

In Reply, Please Refer to





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

AUG 1 0 1965



COMMUNIST PARTY OF CHILE

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early August, 1965, advised as follows:

The Communist Party (CP) of Chile has now set the dates of October 11-17, 1965, for the holding of its Party Congress at Santiago, Chile. Letters are now being sent out by that Party to various CPs throughout the world under the name of one Gonzales, Undersecretary of the CP of Chile, inviting such Parties to send fraternal delegations to this Congress.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgracing and
declassification

100-428091-5029 ENCLOSURE





In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

AUG 1"0 1965



INFORMATION ON COMMUNIST PARTY OF CHINA OUTLOOK ON VIETNAM AND STATUS OF COMMUNIST PARTY OF SOVIET UNION - COMMUNIST PARTY OF CHINA IDEOLOGICAL DIFFERENCES

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early August, 1965, advised as follows:

Recently an individual, prominent in the leadership of a Western Communist Party (CP), visited Moscow, USSR. At this time this individual met with a number of leading representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) as well as with a number of individuals who were members of delegations then in Moscow from North as well as South Vietnam. During the course of this individual's visit to Moscow, he learned the following:

In discussion with the Vietnamese, neither the South Vietnamese nor the North Vietnamese appear entirely against negotiations on South Vietnam if these negotiations are conducted and approached in what they call "the Geneva spirit." Based on such discussion with these Vietnamese, it appeared that there "is a small but perceptible moving away on the part of the Vietnamese from the Chinese."

It was also evident that the Communist Party of China (CPC) approach to the war in Vietnam, as made known both by the Russians and Vietnamese, irks the Vietnamese. The alleged approach of the CPC to the Vietnam war as related by these individuals was as follows: The Chinese foresee a long war with the United States, with the United States suffering 500,000 killed, not just casualties, and with two million Vietnamese being killed. They also foresee

Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
doclassification

100-428091-5029 ENCLOSURE INFORMATION ON COMMUNIST PARTY OF CHINA OUTLOOK ON VIETNAM AND STATUS OF COMMUNIST PARTY OF SOVIET UNION - COMMUNIST PARTY OF CHINA IDEOLOGICAL. DIFFERENCES

TOP SECRET

a good part of North and South Vietnam being ruined. By this time the United States imperialists will have lost a lot of sympathy in the world because of their barbarous acts in Vietnam which show they behaved like the German's in regard to their brutalities, cruelties, etc. Like the Germans, the United States imperialists will, after these casualties come and when there will be no visible victory for the United States, agree to negotiate and sit down at a table and talk. But, according to the CPC view, this will not happen until after a prolonged, bitter war with massive losses on both The Vietnamese and the Russians do not like this CPC outlook because they do not know where it will stop. of the other socialist countries similarly do not like this approach because they are more concerned with the Western frontiers. From a strategic point of view, these socialist countries consider the Western frontiers far more important and they feel they must try to do everything possible to be prepared on the West--they feel they cannot ignore the German problem.

In regard to their own specific ideological differences with the CPC concerning the international communist movement, the representatives of the CPSU, who discussed the problem, noted as follows:

The CPSU is not going to carry on any further open polemics with the CPC and they feel that the Chinese are now actually losing ground as far as the international movement is concerned. However, the Chinese may not be losing ground in regard to influence in the oppressed countries or in those places where they are fighting for independence or where they are carrying on wars of liberation. But generally speaking, the CPSU believes the CPC is losing ground in the international movement and this is now beginning, according to the CPSU representatives, to show in some visible ways.

For example, at the recent World Peace Council meeting in Helsinki, the Chinese behaved in their usual leftist manner and they tried to break up the meeting by shouting against imperialism, etc. But the resolutions which were adopted at the meeting were adopted without dissent and the Chinese did not dare to vote against them. In fact, on the resolution dealing with Vietnam, the Chinese actually voted for it. They voted for it because they did not dare vote against it in view of the inarimity



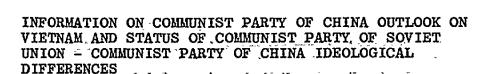
INFORMATION ON COMMUNIST PARTY OF CHINA OUTLOOK ON VIETNAM AND STATUS OF COMMUNIST PARTY OF SOVIET UNION - COMMUNIST PARTY OF CHINA IDEOLOGICAL DIFFERENCES



of views of the representation at this Helsinki meeting. Then, also, the North Koreans did not speak up and this was very important. Instead of the North Koreans getting up and shouting hurrah for the Chinese, they did not speak at all. This shocked the Chinese. Then, also, the Japanese delegation at the Helsinki meeting for the first time was "nice" to the Soviet delegation. They talked to them and did not get up and rave. The Indonesians also to some degree separated themselves, even if in some small way, from the Chinese, particularly on the question of peace and war in Vietnam. The Chinese were caught completely offguard and totally surprised by the support of the Soviet view at Helsinki and by the outright support of the Soviet delegation.

Then, when the British CP delegation was ready to come back from Vietnam, the Vietnamese asked the CPC to put a plane at their disposal because they needed every aircraft available in connection with their war efforts. <u>refused to make a plane available and the North Vietnamese</u> had to use one of their own planes to take the delegation to When this British delegation, a leading one consisting of John Gollan, the General Secretary, and John Mahon, a Politburo member, got to Peking, they found themselves virtually stranded at the Peking Airport. There was no contact with them by even a low-ranking representative of the CPC and they were irritated. So, here, were the British who had refused to vote for the resolutions adopted at Helsinki and who did not go along with the general movement, the CPSU in particular. They were treated this way by the Chinese. The Russians cited these as examples of how the Chinese in a certain sense are losing support in the international movement. The Russians cited these examples to justify their not carrying on open polemics with the CPC as in the past. They said the lack of such polemics does cause some problems for them because sometimes their own people do not understand why they do not respond to the Chinese radio broadcasts and their ravings. However, they feel their policy is bearing fruit. As an example, when the Chinese came to the point of reprinting the resolutions adopted at Helsinki, they left out certain things. In the resolutions adopted there were sentences calling for unity in order to defeat imperialism and for coordination of effort to achieve victory.

TOP SECRET





reference which appeared in the original resolutions has been left out in reprinting by the CPC. The Russians feel that when people see this they will say "what about the Chinese. They voted for the resolution calling for unity but they left it out in their reprinting. Are they sincere?"

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

TOP

- Belmont DeLoach Sullivan

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

R. W. Smith 1 - Baumgardner August 20, 1965 1 - R. C. Putnam

- Liaison

SINO-SOVIET RELATIONS

Sources which have furnished reliable information in the past have advised that an individual prominent in the international communist movement recently learned the following from a leading representative of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union:

The Communist Party of the Soviet Union is going to discontinue open polemics with the Communist Party of China since it is believed the Chinese are losing ground as far as the international communist movement is concerned. The Soviets will cease open polemics, although this action will cause some problems because some Russian people cannot understand why there are no replies to attacks of the Chinese. The Chinese do not, however, appear to be losing influence in those countries where they are assisting the fight for independence or where they are assisting in the carrying on of wars of liberation.

The Soviets cite the following items as evidence of the fact that the Communist Party of China is losing ground with respect to the international communist movement.

At the World Peace Conference held in July, 1965, in Helsinki, Finland, the Chinese "in their usual leftist manner" tried to break up the meeting with shouts against imperialism. They failed and were forced to vote for the resolutions passed by the Conference.

The Chinese delegation at the Conference was shocked by the failure of the delegation from North Korea to support or even speak in favor of the Chinese position.

W	100~428091
ν, , <u>á</u> ,	RCP:pah/spg

Felt Gale Rosen. Sullivan

Trotter

Tolson (13)Belmont. DeLoach Callahan Contad

Group 1 Excluded, from automatic

downgrading and declassification (SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

AUG 261 1965

Tele. Room IL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT



SINO-SOVIET RELATIONS

The Chinese were caught completely off guard by the support given the delegation of the Soviet Union by other delegations at the Conference in Helsinki. The Japanese delegates were "nice" to the Soviet delegation and the delegates from Indonesia, to some degree, separated themselves from the Chinese, particularly on the question of peace and war in Vietnam.

Because of the sensitive nature of the sources which furnished the above information, this communication is classified "To secret."

NOTE:

Classified "Top Secret" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation: CG 5824-S* is referred to as "sources" in order to further protect his identity. See memorandum Baumgardner to Sullivan, 8/19/65, captioned "Solo, Internal Security - Communist," prepared by RCP:pah. Dissemination of this memorandum being pade to Honorable Marvin Watson, Special Assistant to the President; the Honorable Dean Rusk, Secretary of State; Vice Admiral William F. Raborn, Jr., Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, and the Attorney General, by routing slips.

Temorandum

TO : Mr. W. C.

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

DATE: August 19, 1965

1 - Belmont

1 - DeLoach 1 - Sullivan

- R. W. Smith

Trotter

Holmes

1 - Baumgardner

1 - Liaison

1 - R: C: Putnam

SUBJECT(

INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

While in Toronto, Canada, 8/4-5/65, CG 5824-S* obtained the following information from William Kashtan, General Secretary of the Communist Party of Canada who had just returned from a trip to the Soviet Union where he had discussions with representatives of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

The Communist Party of the Soviet Union is going to discontinue open polemics with the Communist Party of China since it is believed the Chinese are losing ground as far as the international communist movement is concerned. The Soviets will cease open polemics, although this action will cause some problems because some Russian people cannot understand why there are no replies to attacks of the Chinese. The Chinese do not, however, appear to be losing influence in those countries where they are assisting the fight for independence or where they are assisting in the carrying on of wars of liberation.

STHE Soviets cite the following tems as evidence of the fact that the Communist Party of China is losing ground with respect to the international communist movement.

At the World Peace Conference held in July, 1965, in Helsinki, Finland, the Chinese "in their usual leftist manner" tried to break up the meeting with shouts against imperialism. They failed and were forced to vote for the resolutions passed by the Conference.

The Chinese delegation at the Conference was shocked by the failure of the delegation from North Korea to support or even speak in favor of the Chinese position.

The Chinese were caught completely off guard by the support given the delegation of the Soviet Union by other delegations at the Conference in Helsinki. The Japanese delegates were "nice" to the Soviet delegation and the delegates, from Indonesia, cto some degree, separated themselves from the Chinese, particularly on degree, separated themselves in Vietnam 5200 - 428091-E

EX 105 TO AUG 261 1985 100-428091 Enclosures & up 8-20-65

CONTINUED--OVER

FLYYRCP: pah /

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan Re: SOLO 100-428091

RECOMMENDATION:

That the attached summaries be sent to the White House, Secretary of State, Director of Central Intelligence Agency and the Attorney General by routing slips, incorporating the information obtained by CG 5824-S*.

18

Jig-

WON

Mayre

ROFEE INT TOPE Date: 8/17/65

		wing in (Type in plaintext or code)
	AIRTEL	REGISTERED
-		Type in plaintext or code) REGISTERED (Priority) DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091) SAC. NEW YORK (100-134637)
T	0:	DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091) SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)
F	ROM:	SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)
-		any keep
: I	S'- C	DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091) SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)
	iphered s follow	On 8/17/65, there were received from the Soviets, via radio, and partially coded messages, the plain texts of which are is: A message to NY 694-S*: We are ready to meet you at the Midland building Thursday 8/26 at the usual time for delivery
		A message to NY 694-S*:
	*	We are ready to meet you at the Midland building Thursday, 8/26, at the usual time for delivery of money. If you agree confirm by phone today. (NY 694-S* advised that confirmation will be made on this date according to the accepted procedure
		(NY 694-S* advised that confirmation will be made on this date according to the accepted procedure to indicate he will be ready on 8/26 for receipt of money.)
		A message to GUS HALL:
•		Money for JESSICA SMITH will be given through you on 1965 level.
}	-813RB	(NY 694-S* advised this message refers to authorization by Soviets for \$15,000 to be given to JESSICA SMITH for the "New World Review." See NYairtel 8/3/65 in SOLO caption)
	- Bures - Chics - NY 13 - NY 10	au (RM) ago (134-46-Sub B)(AMR)REC-76 100 - 428091-50 34-91 (INV)(41) 35-14931-Sub B (NIKOLAI M. TALANOV)(341) EX-100 EX-100
	EJ:IM 8)	13 34 A
Δ	pproved:	Sent M Per Sent M Per

NY 100-134637

To Gus Hall:

CARL WINTER is waiting for reply from Cuban Embassy whom he informed on 8/10 of his desire to travel.

(NY 694-S* advised that CARL WINTER is in Moscow and in accordance with above message is waiting for approval from the Cuban Embassy in Moscow to travel to Cuba.)

To Gus Hall: .

CLARA SILBERSTEIN, 70 years old, CPUSA member from 1919, lives now in San Francisco, active member of American-Russian Institute, applied for "permanent living" in Kiev, USSR, where her sisters now reside. Advise your opinion on her and her request.

(NY 694-S* advised he has no further information on this individual at this time.)

REGISTERED

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-3-81)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-86624)

SUBJECT: CPUBA - INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

IS-C (OD: NY)

EXTREME CAUTION MUST BE EXERCISED WITH RESPECT TO DISSEMINATION OF THE INFORMATION HEREIN IMASMUCH AS, BY ITS NATURE, SAID INFORMATION TENDS TO IDENTIFY MY 65%-5*, A VALUABLE INFORMANT, AS THE SOURCE. UNLESS THIS IMPORMATION IS OBTAINED FROM A SOURCE OTHER THAN MY 69%-5*, IT SHOULD NOT BE INCLUDED-EVEN IN PARAPHRASED FORM-IN THE INVESTIGATIVE SECTION OF A REPORT.

On 8/18/65, NY $694-8^{+}$ made available reports prepared by ROSCOE PROCTOR, Chairman, and WILLIAM ALLAN, in connection with their trip to Moscow as part of the CPUSA delegation to the May Day celebration in Moscow.

Xerox copies of the Allan report (2 pages) and the PROCTOR report (10 pages) were made and are being enclosed herewith.

BUREAU (Enc. 4)(RM)

(1-100-428091)(SOLO)

1 - CHICAGO (100-33779)(Enc. 2)(RM AM)

1 - SAN FRANCISCO (Enc. 2)(RM)

1 - DETROIT (Enc. 2)(RM)

1 - NY 134-91 (INV)(41)

1 - NY 100-134037 (SOLO)(M1)

1 - NY 100-134037 (Aut. 2)(42)

JOURNEO

J00:mst (12)

57 AUG 311965

NOT RECORDED NOT RECORDED NO. 27 1988

29601 19

ENAL PED B

ROUTE IN ENVILOPE

_			
Da	atr	•	

Oate: 8/23/65

AIR	Owing in	(Type in plaintext of co)	
		(Priority		, '
TO: FROM:	, 1	, FBI (100-428091) YORK (100=134637)		
SOLO IS - C	•	, ,	(A)MO	r
receive stated	ne "confidenti ed from ANTON that KRCHMARE	ial documents for the KRCHMAREK who had re EK obtained these doc	that HELEN WINTER had CPUSA" which she had turned from abroad. tuments from her husb transmission to GUS	d just She and
langua	NY 694-S* ge deal with t	advised that these d the Brazilian CP and	ocuments in the Port	uguese
•		ope and letter from I tary-General, CCCP Br		- شر
	2. Mailir SALOMA	ng address for Brazil	ian CP, c/o	
	3. Addres	ss of personal contac R MUJICA;	t for Brazilian CP,	
,		page typewritten repo utions;	rt on Brazilian CP	į
! ÷	5. 13-pag Politi	ge typewritten report ical Resolution.	on Brazilian CP	
HALL ar	iese language	will be delivered by	ginal documents in the him to GUS HALL 8/2; ty from vacation dur	3/65.
3) - Bur 1 - Chi	ne Portuguèse cago immediat eau (RM) cago (134-46-	and translations will tely upon completion. Sub B)(AMR)	ng aforementioned door 100 forwarded to But 100 00-42809/-	cuments reau
	134=91=1NV (# 100-134637)(# (7)	41)	3 AUG-2419	65

Letter to Department of State, dated 8/18/65, same caption retyped and redated to 8/20/65.

.3et, 51 13

(18) 100-428091

050LD)

BY LIAISON

Date:

. August 20, 1965

1 - Mr. Branigen

b6

l - Er. Cotter l - Liaison

To:

Director

1 - Mr. R. Putnam

Bureau of Intelligence and Research

Department of State

From:

John Edgar Roover, Director

3-20376

Subject: PSOVIET RELATIONS WITH ALGERIA

Sources which have furnished reliable information in the past have advised that an individual prominent in the international communist movement recently learned the following from a leading representative of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union:

The Communist Party of the Soviet Union and the Government of the Soviet Union have decided to accept the evertures for recognition of Colonel Houari Bounediams. President of Algeria who recoully gained power through the everthrow and imprisonment of the former President, Ahmed Ben Bolla. The Soviets plan to accept the new regime on a test basis. They will wait to see if Colonel Houardianne took power to establish a military dictatorship or if he is actually going to carry through a socialist policy.

The degree to which Colonel Boumedianno handles the matter of anticommunism will be utilized as a test by the Soviets. If Colonel Boumedianne pursues the communists with more vigor than the former government, this will indicate to the Soviets that he is a "pretender." However, at this time the Soviets intend to listen to his evertures, give Algeria the aid requested and try to establish relations between the tender of the cour.

between the two countries as they were before the coup Mr. Tolson. Mr. Belmont. Mr. Mohr _ Mr. Paleach .. Mr. Casper... RCP: pah/aab Mr. Crlishay. (8) Mr. Coarad Mr. Felt_ 00 Mr. Gale downgrading r Mr. Koson declassification Mr. Sullivan: Mbr. Thevell Mr. Trotter_ Rdlo. Room. diss Holme TO AUG 26 1965 View (Condy



Director Bureau of Intelligence and Research

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, this letter has been classified "Top Seemet."

1 - Director BY LIAISON Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

NOTE:

Classified "Top seret" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the sources (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. CG 5824-S* is referred to as "sources" to further protect his identity. See CGairtel 8/10/65, captioned "Solo, IS - C."

CG 5824-S* obtained this information while in Toronto, Canada, 8/4-5/65 in discussions with William Kashtan, General Secretary, Communist Party of Canada who had just returned from a trip to the Soviet Union. While in the Soviet Union Kashtan met with members of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. Kashtan noted all information had been furnished him in confidence.

OPHIONAL FORM NO. 10

MAY 1943 EDITION

OSA GEN. RC. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Conrad

DATE: August

C. F. Downing

DATE: August 25, 1965

Belmont Mohr DeLouch Casper Callahan Conrod Fell Casper
SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

On 8/25/65, the New York Office furnished the text of a message which the informant desired to send and requested that it be enciphered. The cipher text was furnished to New York on the same day.

The plain text and cipher text are attached.

ACTION:

For information

Enclosure

1 - Mr. Belmont

1' Mr. Conrad

2-Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. R. C. Putnam)

1'- Mr. Downing

1 = Mr. Newpher

1 ∸Mr. Paddock

EX- 10% REC- 50 100- 428091 5.035

My High

6 AUG 30 1965

REFEREE COACHMOST CONFIDENTIAL HEARD THAT PAGE IS ICKAN
DINHOSPITAL IF HIS ICKNESS IS SERIOUS ORTENDS TO BE COMES
OUCH MY OPINION IS THAT PERHAPS IT WOULD BE BEST TO OFFSET ANY
BURDENS ON YOUR PART OR ANY FUTURE ADVERSE PUBLICITY SHOULD
ANY THING SERIOUS HAPPENTO HIM WHILE INHOTEL ITHEREFORE AD
OVISABLE HERETURN TO RECUPERATE OR BETREATED HERE IPLEASED
ONOT DONOT TELL HIMTHIS INCE IT IS A MOST SENSITIVE MATTER
BIRCH.

a.

O

O

53660 71561 00132 85452 18757 43410 37834 94240 42536 91316
89868 02899 65131 47351 97937 20217 08496 66605 38758 07544

67396 89721 36273 96984 68471 32198 88188 28923 34297 35714
27477 93768 66028 69909 03415 03619 06418 58759 78780 92586
38392 70736 65135 12140 38979 13667 35324 85358 01229 91481

77125 71644 01515 07464 84921 64827 96653 50282 34985 36179
77559 21728 79530 68707 75333 30286 86428 38781 76846 92168
29266 45885 05570 70323 65074 27599 93377 35686 60924 02767

2 34804 61468 40938 57960 48641 02310 70705 44343 41062 87908
52072 99313 55788 55759 68145 03242 19428 12672 63900 16781

100-428091 5035 ENCLOSURE

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE Date: 8/25/65

Tra	nsmit the following in				
		(Ty _I	re in plaintext or code	·)	! !
Via	AIRTEL	REGISTERED	MAIL (Priority)		! !
57			·		/
	O TO O DIREC	TOR, FBI (100-	428091)	$\sim \Omega$	(/S ()
7	FROM: SAC.	CHICAGO (134-	46 Sub B)	X X	
	SOLO IS - C	•	-	6-1)C.	SAH
	χ; R∈	CGairtel dated	8/24/65.		
	and three co	pies and for t statement capt	he New York ioned, "Acti	reau are the ori Office one copy vities of and Di nist Party of Ca 1965."	of an iscussions
	🦍 💆 statement wa	ne information is furnished by formation in th	appearing in CG 5824-S*, e past, on 8	the enclosed in who has furnish /24/65 to SA RIC	ied
	that he had and private be additiona again schedu these private by separate	had on 8/24/65 discussions will time for such that to meet FR to conversation communications (A) (RM)	limited opp th FREED but h discussion EED. The in s will be su	•	rsonal ere would en he was oped in
	1-New York 3	(En	c. l)(Info)(RM)	_, ,
	(1 - A)134 RWH: MDW (6)	I-46 Sub B-71)	REC- 34/00	-428091-	5036
	SEP 1 2 0- F3 1	· ·	EX-101	, e AUG38:0-1855	
1_	HE TE DY	Q	1 - 1 - 1	- H 14 13 4 1 1	- XO
ß	Approved: SEP 3 1955	Charge	Sent	M Per	

activities of and discussions participated in DY NORMAN FREED, COMMUNIST PARTY OF CANADA representative, at chicago, august 24, 1965

At approximately 9:00 a.m., August 24, 1905, Norman Freed, Communist Party of Canada (CPC) representative, arrived in Chicago, Illinois, by train from Toronto, Catario, Canada. Upon instructions, he proceeded to the Pick Congress Rotel, Chicago, by taxi, where he picked up reservations made for him and remistered under his true name.

At approximately 11:30 a.m., Freed was joined at the hotol by a Comminist Party, USA (CP, USA) representative. These individuals then proceeded by automobile to the Chicago North Side where they not Claude Lightfoot, leading functionary of the CP of Illinois. Freed and Lightfoot vere previous acquaintances, baying not each other several years ago when Lightfoot was alread. After some informal prectings between Freed and Lightfoot and cocial exchanges, these three individuals had lunch. After lunch the CP, USA representative and Freed returned to the Pick Congress Rotel.

Following their return to the hotel, it was decided that efforts be made immediately to carry out the main purpose of Freed's trip to Chicago -- that is, cottle all those matters regarding the projected joint CP, USA - CPC Largist training school which is scheduled to be held in Toronto, Ontario, this fall. It was, therefore, decided that Hyman Lumer, CD, USA Educational Director, who was then in Chicago and is the person responsible for arranging CP, USA participation in this school, to brought in for irradiate discussions. As a result, the CP, USA representative left Freed and proceeded to the Chicago Couth Side where Luner was staying. Arrangements were made with lumer and he was picked up and returned to the hotel where he arrived at approximately 2:00 p.m.

Lumer and Freed immediately commonced discussion of the joint school project and, as a result of their discussion, the following was nutually decided upon:

The joint school will open in Toronto, Catario, on November 1, 1985, and run approximately three months. It will to held in a nationalities hall, probably the Kacedonian Kall in that city. Eousing has been arranged for the entire student body by the CPC. Since it was agreed that the school would recess for the period December 23, 1995, through January 2 or 3, 1993, the school will have to make up this loss of time and thus close approximately February 5, 1986. Freed, who has since WICE JUST 1-11-503/

left his post as CPC representative to the "World Harrist Review," Prague, Czechoslovakia, has now been designated to head this school and will be in complete charge of ideology. William Sidney, alternate member of the National Committee of the CPC, will act as a full-time assistant to Freed and be at the school on a daily basis.

During discussions between thece two individuals, it was learned that both Parties will attempt to provide ten students from their respective Parties for the school. Had the school been held September 1, 1965, as previously planned, Freed noted they had eight students definitely set to attend; however, he did not know what the situation would be with the delayed opening of November 1, 1965. Luner also noted that the CP, USA had approximately eight students set for the September 1st start of the school, but because of the delays encountered now have only four certain students for the opening of November 1, 1965. From the CP, USA side, the contacting of any potential student will be handled exclusively by either Luner or Helen Winter and only these people will know of arrangements, dates, etc., in connection with the school.

Students to be enrolled in this joint school must be on hand in Toronto by October 29, 1965, and classes will convene November 1, 1965. The opening course, one on philosophy, will last four weeks. Then, on approximately December 1, 1965, another course of about four weeks' duration on the subject of political economy will be conducted. Hyman Lumer of the CP, USA will instruct this class. This course will then be followed by another to be conducted by a CPC representative for a period of two weeks' duration. Following this, there will be a course on strategy and tactics with the CP, USA providing the instructor. As a result, each Party will have instructors participating and teaching for approximately six meeks of the 12-week school.

While Freed indicated he did not favor postponement of the opening session of the school until November 1, 1965, he agreed to it after Lumer indicated the CP, USA would be unable to participate if the school was now scheduled sconer. Lumer gave the reason for this delay as being his own unavailability because of other commitments and because there had been, what he felt, a security slip-up concerning the school. In this latter connection, he remarked that while the plans for this school were to be held close and secretly, several people, including Dorothy Healey of Los Angeles, had learned of the plans regarding it and its scheduled opening September 1st.

Following the above discussion on the courses, instructors, opening dates, etc., Freed and Lumer then spent the following several hours, up to 5:00 p.m., reviewing in detail the written outline submitted by the CPC for this school. Modifications and changes were made in this outline by mutual agreement. By 5:00 p.m., both Lumer and Freed agreed that all problems regarding this school had been settled and that it was now set.

At approximately 5:00 p.m., Lumer and Freed joined the CP, USA representative and together they proceeded to Don The Benchcomber's where they had several drinks. After Lumer departed, the CP, USA representative and Freed had dinner at Don The Leachcomber's following which Freed was taken for a sightseeing trip around Chicago, the Chicago Loop, etc. At this time, Freed remarked that the last time he had been in Chicago was in 1939 when he attended a CP, USA Congress as a guest. He stated he was impressed with the city and hoped to be back soon. Just prior to his returning to the hotel that evening, Freed secured railroad reservations on the Grand Truck Railroad for Toronto, He is now scheduled to return to Toronto at 8:15 p.m. (CST), Wednesday, August 25, 1965. At 10:00 p.m. Freed returned to his hotel room at the Pick Congress Notel.

1 - Mr. Griffith 1 - Mr. Woodcock

September 17, 1965

Airtel

To: SAC, Chicago (134-46) sub B)

From: Director, FBI (100-428091) _ 5

SOLO IS - C

Reurairtel 8-27-65, requesting that the Laboratory prepare a current Illinois automobile operator's license for use in the current cover legend utilized by CG5824-S* for travel in the SOLO operation.

Enclosed herewith is the current operator's license which you requested. The operator's license of SA presently at In-Service from Chicago, was utilized to assist in the preparation of the encrosed license.

Enclosure MAILED ILL SEP 1 8 1965 COMM-EBI Tolson. Belmont -Mohr -DeLocch, Casper. Callahan Contad Felt. Gale Rosen Sullivan iavel Trotter TELETYPE UNIT 🗔

b6 b7C

ROUTE IN ENVILOPE

		in		(Type in p	lain text or	code)			,
	AIRTEL			(-)2,- + 2		· ·		*	
·	*******			, <i>(P</i>	riority or Me	thod of Mail	ing)		!
ļ									
-	TO:	DIRECTOR,	FBI	(100-428	3091)	ATTEN	rion:	FBI	LABORATO
	FROM:	SAC; CHIC	AGO (:	134-46 \$	Sub B)	- ' '	To	D.	1
	SUBJECT:	$(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbf{SMA}})$,- 1	-			K	سردا	The same
	POPTECT:	SOLO IS - C					1,4	S. Oa	r Elle
 <u>-</u>		Re Chicag	o airi	tel to t	he Bur	eau 9/5	/62, w	hich	requeste
		Laboratory							
	by CG 58	's License 324-S* for	IOT 1 trave	use in t I in thá	ne curi	rent co	on Te	gena be li	utilized cense
		cated at t							
		reon was 6			4	•	*	a = .	
ļ	•	Fralogod	, hámám	ith ia a	hlank	Stata	ፈዋ ነገጣ	inčic	Onominito
	License	Enclosed bearing #	nerew. F3113(10 15 2 32. Th	order	otate . Ko unda	te the	. curr	∴operaço: ent
L .	legend h			77.		to Trans			
1	ACECIAN N	y means or	a cui	rrent or	perator	s rice	use, c	ne La	boratory
ų le	is reque	sted to in	sert i	the foll	lowing d	descrip	tive d	ata i	
egle =	is reque	sted to in e proper b	sert i	the foll	lowing d	descrip	tive d	ata i	n or
- -	is reque	sted to in	sert i	the foll	lowing d	descrip	tive d	ata i	n or
g las	is reque	sted to in le proper b Sex Height	sert i	the foll	lowing d	descrip ed blan M 5:07	tive d k lice	ata i	n or
	is reque	sted to in e proper b Sex Height Weight	sert i	the foll	lowing d	descrip ed blan M 5:07	tive d k lice	ata i	n or
-	is reque	sted to in e proper b Sex Height Weight Hair	sert i	the foll	lowing d	descrip ed blan M 5:07 150 BRN	tive d k lice	ata i	n or
=	is reque	sted to in e proper b Sex Height Weight Hair Eyes	sert locks	the foll	lowing d	descrip ed blan M 5:07 150 BRN BLUE	tive d k lice	ata i	n or
-	is reque	sted to in e proper b Sex Height Weight Hair	sert locks	the foll	lowing d	descrip ed blan M 5:07 150 BRN	tive d k lice	ata i	n or
-	is reque	sted to in le proper b Sex Height Weight Hair Eyes Birth Dat Code Date Issu	sert locks e	of the	lowing enclose	descrip ed blan 5:07 150 BRN BLUE 06 10 1 08 20	tive d k lice	ata i	n or
	is reque	sted to in e proper b Sex Height Weight Hair Eyes Birth Dat Code Date Issu Expiratio	sert locks	the foll of the	lowing enclose	M 5:07 150 BRN BLUE 06 10 1 08 20 06 10	tive d k lice 00 64 68	ata i	n or
	is reque	sted to in le proper b Sex Height Weight Hair Eyes Birth Dat Code Date Issu	sert locks	the foll of the	lowing enclose	descrip ed blan M 5:07 150 BRN BLUE 06 10 08 20 06 10 HAROL	tive d k lice 00 64 68 D M JU	ata i	n or
	is reque under th	sted to in le proper b Sex Height Weight Hair Eyes Birth Dat Code Date Issu Expiratio Name and	sert locks	the foll of the	lowing enclose	M 5:07 150 BRN BLUE 06 10 06 10 HARÔL 524 S	tive d k lice 00 64 68 D M JU	ata inse f	n or
-	is reque under th	sted to in le proper b Sex Height Weight Hair Eyes Birth Dat Code Date Issu Expiratio Name and	e ed n Date Addres	of the	lowing enclose	M 5:07 150 BRN BLUE 06 10 06 10 HARÔL 524 S	tive d k lice 00 64 68 D M JU	ata inse f	n or
	is reque under th	sted to in le proper b Sex Height Weight Hair Eyes Birth Dat Code Date Issu Expiratio Name and	e ed n Date Addres	of the	lowing enclose	M 5:07 150 BRN BLUE 06 10 06 10 HARÔL 524 S	tive d k lice 00 64 68 D M JU	ata inse f	n or
X	is reque under the	sted to in le proper b Sex Height Weight Hair Eyes Birth Dat Code Date Issu Expiratio Name and CO au (RM) (E	e ed pare Addres	of the	lowing enclose	M 5:07 150 BRN BLUE 06 10 06 10 HARÔL 524 S	tive d k lice 00 64 68 D M JU	ata inse f	n or
	is reque under the Bure (1 -	sted to in the proper by Sex Height Weight Hair Eyes Birth Dat Code Date Issu Expiration Name and CO (RM) (E) FBI Labor	e ed pares	of the	lowing enclose	M 5:07 150 BRN BLUE 06 10 06 10 HARÔL 524 S	tive d k lice 00 64 68 D M JU	ata inse f	n or
	is reque under the Bure (1 - Chic WAB:mkp	sted to in the proper by Sex Height Weight Hair Eyes Birth Dat Code Date Issu Expiration Name and CO (RM) (E) FBI Labor	e ed pares	of the	lowing enclose	M 5:07 150 BRN BLUE 06 10 06 10 HARÔL 524 S	tive d k lice 00 64 68 D M JU	ata inse f	n or
	is reque under the Bure (1 -	sted to in the proper by Sex Height Weight Hair Eyes Birth Dat Code Date Issu Expiration Name and CO (RM) (E) FBI Labor	e ed pares	of the	lowing enclose	M 5:07 150 BRN BLUE 06 10 1 08 20 06 10 HAROL 524 S DES P	00 64 68 D M JU FIFTH	LESE AVE	n or
	is reque under the Bure (1 - Chic WAB:mkp	sted to in the proper by Sex Height Weight Hair Eyes Birth Dat Code Date Issu Expiration Name and CO (RM) (E) FBI Labor	e ed pares	of the	lowing enclose	M 5:07 150 BRN BLUE 06 10 1 08 20 06 10 HAROL 524 S DES P	tive d k lice 00 64 68 D M JU	LESE AVE	n or
	is reque under the Bure (1 - Chic WAB:mkp	sted to in le proper b Sex Height Weight Hair Eyes Birth Dat Code Date Issu Expiratio Name and CO au (RM) (E	e ed pares	of the	lowing enclose	M 5:07 150 BRN BLUE 06 10 1 08 20 06 10 HAROL 524 S DES P	00 64 68 D M JU FIFTH	LESE AVE	n or

CG 134-46 Sub B

The following should be inserted under the heading License Number:

J420-3530-0165

The following number should be inserted to the right of the second line of the name and address of the license holder:

6813

1b6

for the assistance of the Laboratory, it is noted that Illinois Operator's Licenses are prepared on an IBM

Type 1401 Printer. On the occasion of the previous fabrication, the Laboratory perfectly duplicated the peculiar blue ink used, but for your further assistance, it is noted that SA of the Chicago Office will be attending a special Fugitive School at the Bureau commencing 9/13/65, and is in possession of a valid Illinois Operator's License for comparison purposes in this regard.

Also enclosed herewith for the Bureau is a Xerox copy of the previously fabricated license in the name of the It will be noted that there are several changes besides the dates of issuance and expiration. The new license bears the name of WILLIAM H. CHAMBERLAIN who succeeded CHARLES F. CARPENTIER, whose name appears on the old license as Secretary of State of Illinois. The address on the new license should be 524 S FIFTH AVE instead of 524 FIFTH AVE as on the old license since the Village of Des Plaines has now extended this street and divided the address designations thereon into North and South. The date of issuance is the date on which this particular blank was obtained from the State of Illinois. A more current date was not issued in view of the fact that PAUL POWELL has succeeded CHAMBERLAIN as Secretary of State and therefore a new blank would have to be obtained by the Springfield Office. These blanks are very closely guarded and have been obtainable only through an SAC contact of that office. The Chicago Office is not aware of the relations which have been developed by the Springfield Office with the Secretary of State and therefore deemed it expedient to use the blank we had available rather than to request Springfield to obtain a new one.

CG 134-46 Sub B

While no SOLO mission has been projected for the immediate future, it should be noted that such missions frequently are required with but short notice and as a general rule can normally be anticipated for sometime in October. Therefore, commensurate with the Laboratory's nossible need to utilize the Operator's License of SA which will be available to the Laboratory on 9/13/65, expeditious attention is requested.

100-420011-5037

COPERATOR'S VULINO/S LICENSE

SEX MEIGHT: WINGHT HAIR FYES BRIND HOUSE

M. ST. O.T. 150 BRN BLUE 06 10 00 1

M. ST. O.T. 150 BRN BLUE 06 10 00 1

M. ST. O.T. 150 BRN BLUE 06 10 00 1

M. ST. O.T. 150 BRN BLUE 600 MANN

M. ST. O.T. 10 65

M. J. J. L. E. S. M. B. M

	Date: 8/23/65	
Transmit, t	the following in (Type in plaintext or gode)*	,
Via	AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL	-
المر	(Pziority)	\
1	TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)	2 (lost)
	FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	Muse .	John Out
	FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B) Solo IS - C	
h	Enclosed herewith for the Bureau and New York is one copy each plus two additional copies for New Yor to be furnished to NY 694-S* of an undated letter on th letterhead of the "All-China Federation of Trade Unions Peking, Peoples Republic of China."	k (D)
	The enclosed document was received by CS on 8/19/65 from CG 5824-S* through a mail drop address tained by CG 5824-S* and was furnished to SAS RICHARD W HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE on that same date.	main-
Res. paris	On 8/20/65 CG 5824-S* telephonically advised BOYLE that he had received this document from WILLIAM K General Secretary, CP of Canada, on 8/17/65, in Toronto Canada. KASHTAN had received the document on 8/17/65 f a leading trade unionist in Toronto by the name of (FNU MURPHY. This letter had been mailed to the Internation Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers, 1219 Queens St West, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, and the date "Aug 16 19	ASHTAN, rom) al reet 65"
3	stamped on the document is apparently the date of recei by the Union. The envelope was postmarked at Peking, 5 3-Bureau (Enc. 1) (RM)	pt /10/65.
rd	3-Bureau (Enc. 1) (RM) 2-New York (Enc. 2) (RM) (1 - 100-134637) (SOLO)	
	(1 - 134-91) (1 - 134-91) 1-Chicago	
,	WAB: NOW (6)	
6 58	oked:M Per Specify agent in Charge	

CG 134-46 Sub B

CG 5824-S* advised that he and KASHTAN had discussed the contents of this letter while the informant was in Toronto but that neither could arrive at a definite conclusion as to its significance. Subsequently, on 8/18/65 CG 5824-S* showed this document to GUS HALL, General Secretary, CP, USA, at Lake Placid, NY, but HALL was also unable to assess its significance. The feeling is that while the letter may truly emanate from some seminal underground in China, it may also be an attempted "mousetrap" by the Chinese in an effort to smoke out the true feelings of some trade unionists in Canada. The former possibility is enhanced by the fact that it was addressed to a trade union organization rather than to a Communist Party and still further by discussions which CG 5824-S* held with ANTHONY KRCHMAREK in Cleveland, Ohio, on 8/21/65. The latter possibility remains valid in view of the fact that the Chinese are known to have attempted such misleading provocations in the past.

On 8/23/65 CG 5824-S* advised SA HANSEN that during the course of a discussion he had with KRCHMAREK in Cleveland on 8/21/65, KRCHMAREK was filling him in on the results of his recent trip to the USSR. While there, he had been briefed on the situation in the world communist movement by VITALY. G. KORIANOV, Chief Deputy to the Head of the International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union. During the course of this briefing, KRCHMAREK noted, KORIANOV spoke of indications observed by the USSR that there are stirrings of unrest in China and he specifically noted that there is an underground operating in China which opposes the hard line Maoist interpretation of Marxism-Leninism and is more favorably disposed toward the position of the CP of the Soviet Union.

In light of the above, CG 5824-S* stated that although this document cannot be taken lightly, he is in no position to youch for its authenticity or even to furnish a reliable analysis thereof.

CG 5824-S*, while retaining possession of the document, is furnishing a copy of it to GUS HALL upon his instructions. Therefore, two copies of this document are enclosed herewith to be furnished to NY 694-S*, one of which should be furnished to HALL by NY 694-S*.

CG 134-46 Sub B

ADDENDUM

Late on 8/23/65 CG 5824-S* telephonically advised that he had just been informed that GUS HALL is coming to Chicago either 8/24 or 25/65. Therefore, the copy of the document for HALL is being retained by Chicago and it will be furnished to HALL by CG 5824-S*, himself.

ENCLOSURE TO BUREAU FROM CHICAGO "All-China Federation of Trade Unions, Peking, Peoples Republic of China

RE: SOLO IS-C

Bufile 100-428091 CGfile 134-46 Sub B

Transmitted via CGairtel to Bureau dtd 8/23/65



BCEKUTAŬCKAS ФЕДЕРАЦИЯ ПРОФСОЮЗОВ ALL_CHINA FEDERATION OF TRADE UNIONS FEDERATION DES SYNDICATS DE CHINE

Kaoenb Cable "PFKING 1935 Ad. teles.

Friends,

Our great China is marching on the road to destruction.

Our government is destroying much wealth to make horrible weapons of death for millions. Our communist leaders care not that China becomes the enemy of all peace loving people and countries of the world. They continue to oppose the treaty which was already signed by more than 100 nations in the world to ban testing nuclear weapons in the sky, space and under water. They slander another socialist country leader who was working hard for peace by saying he surrendered to imperialists. They then take credit for his downfall, but are enraged when anyone try to argue with their mad dreams. In the same breath, they condemn the labouring peoples hopes for peace as weakness and submission to the enemies. They deceive us by calling for complete disarmament when they frantically demand great sacrifices to make nuclear bombs for terror and destruction.

The sick mind of these leaders is proved by their writing "Long Live Leninism." Here they preach the theory of the destruction of mankind through nuclear warfare. Even had wrote about "a beautiful distant view" of future of mankind after nuclear war. This warrier did not care that mankind would perish. He says "we believe that half the world population might perish in such a war, but we also believe deeply that human beings will have a bright future." This was not the talk of a fighter for peace and for working class but of a war lover and made man like Hitler and Tung-tiao. He said "imperialism will be razed off the face of the earth and the world world will march toward socialism." Destroyed by this lunatic theory, our party propaganda preaches how victorious peoples "will create most rapidly over the ruinds of destroyed imperialism a civilization a thousand times higher.

NUS 26 1878

What has happened to our Porty loaders so that they are ready to approve destruction of millions of innocent working peoples in the name of socialism. One cause certainly was the total failure of the great leap forward and the economic disaster. This cuase desperation and panic to those who dominate the party. They know that it is necessary to blame others for their own stupidities. We working people of China must suffer under these petty tyrints tyrants.

Hany trade union people have much worry about this because they know problems can be solved by studying the problem itself and not by rigid doctrines. But today workers and true trade unionists in China have no voice and are helpless. Our trade unions do not permit labouring masses to speak out their true feelings. They are tools in the hands of little puppets and careerists who try to find means to protest their own interests. All our trade union leaders do is carry our party programs and issue empty slogans. To the foreigners they issue protests and condemn imperialists with talk. They ignore the welfare of workers in China. Look, what kind of trade union is this, Chinese workers are not comrades of the party. They must do as they are ordered or they will be sent to the countryside if they speak out too much. They cannot make strike for wages and conditions and they must accept all slogans given down without correct discussion like socialists. There fore our trade union under the party is a mockery and it exists only in name.

We contain of Chino must speak to you without name. We consider to trade union leaders and friends of China through— of the wife of the serious varning to the leaders of China. Toll them to give back true trade unionism. Tell them to research true friends with all socialist countries and close a policy of peacoful relationship with countries which have different social systems.

We speak to all who want peace and hate war. Remind our leaders that Lonin said the use of mass destruction is a crime of great magnitude that could "undermine the conditions for the existence of human society."

Friends, time does not permit us to wait and see. For the interest of the labouring people of China, help us to start an unflinching struggle to improve our lot. We hope you will take up these matters at your meetings and at international conferences.

Your support for us will not only help the Chinese workers to struggle for frocden to improve our conditions but it will also help the whole world's people to struggle for peace and happiness.

With fratornal greetings!



International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers 1219 Queen St. West Toronto, Ontario Canada

16 10²³

OFTIONAL FORM NO. 10 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Iemorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPI Mr. Conrad August 24, 1965 DATE; C. F. Downing SOLO SUBJECT: INTERNAL SECURITY - C Captioned case involves the Bureau's highly valuable confidential informant NY 694-S* who has been receiving communications transmitted to him by radio. On 8/24/65, transmissions were heard by the Bureau's radio station at Midland at which time a message, NR 564 GR 23, was intercepted. The plain text and cipher text are attached. The New York Office is aware of the contents. ACTION: For information. 100-428091-NOT RECORDED 10 AUG 27 1965 Enclosure *1 - Mr. Belmont 1- Mr. Conrad 2'- Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. R. C. Putnam) 1.- Mr. Downing 1: - Mr. Newpher Mr. Paddock

DeLoach

Cosper.

Felt.

Sallivan Trotter Tele. Room

Holmes

NR 564 GR 23

8/24/65

58040 74217 34287 99178 71419 65980 10851 73457 28141 42982 - 106406 72365 69141 19004 08211 46560 45900 59059 87254 47145

O 06458 44366 76918

TOBIRCH BULBHENFORBAYON AUGUST#20# HEPLANSTOSTAYTHE
REFSKRITWOWEEKS

MORE TO COME. PLEASE TURN THE PAGE.

PAGE # 003

100 -428091-

ENCLOSURE

MARIONO FORMS, INC. 2001 SO. CALUMIT AVE, CHECAGO, RL. 40446 F

0

0

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

		ROOTE IN CITA A ESTICATION	
		Date: 8/24/65	
Transmit th	AIRTEL	(Type in plaintext or code) REGISTERED (Priority)	
1	TO :	DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091) SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637) SOLO	
	via radio	On 8/24/65 there was received from the Soviets, a ciphered and partially-coded message, the t of which is as follows:	るか
-	<u> </u>	"To GUS HALL "CARL WINTER left for Cuba August 20. He plans to stay there for two weeks." (See NY airtel dated 8/17/65)	
H	7 - NV 13	u (RM) go (134-46-Sub B)(AM RM) 4-91 (INV)(41) 5-14931-Sub B (NIKOLAI M. TALANOV)(341)	ń
	JDO:msb (8)	100-428091-50.39 6 AUG-31 1965	
		NAME OF THE PARTY.	1

Approved Special Agent in Charge

Sent M Per

OUTE IN EIL OPE

			Date: 8/24/65	*
Tro	msmit th	e following in	(Type in plaintext or code).	' <u>-</u>
		AIRTEL	REGISTERED	
Vio	I. <u></u>	viirin	(Priority)	•
	_==-	و سدمونسات بديدات		
15th Stall + CIA	A Ref. gad.	drop in General the contact th	SOLO IS-C On 8/24/65, there was received at the MICHAI New York City a note signed B (WILLIAM KASHTAI Secretary of the Canadian CP) to HERBERT (GUS ents of which are as follows: "August 20th, 1965." "Dear HERBERT: "Enclosed find an item which I am sure you will find of interest. "as ever, "B." The enclosed referred to is a letter dated om the Central Committee, Communist Party of ovakia to the Canadian CP. Zerox copies of to osed herewith for Bureau and Chicago. (CA	July 13,
	Appro	ved; Vy	Sent M. Per M. Per	\$ 7

4 49951

REDAKCE

teoretického a informačního časopisu komunistických a dělnických stran Pralia dna "13" July, 1965

OTÁZKY MÍRU A SOCIALISMU

PRAHA 6, THÁKUROVA 3,

August 20th.1965.

Tel. 325 - 731

Dear Comrades.

The Editorial Board of Problems of Peace and Socialism, jointly with the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia propose holding in Prague on October 21, an exchange of views devoted to the 30th anniversary of the Seventh Congress of the Comintern, which marked the summit of collective Marxist thought in the pre-war period and played an important role in the world Communist movement.

We think it would be relevant to discuss at this exchange the historical lessons of the Seventh Congress, the significance of its decisions in uniting the anti-fascist forces, in the fight for peace, and in furthering the world revolutionary process. We also think it would be extremely interesting to examine how the ideas of the Seventh Congress were subsequently developed and enriched, how, as a result of a Marxist analysis of the concrete conditions of revolutionary activity by the Communist parties in the respective countries, revolutionary theory and policy were promoted.

We propose opening the discussion with an opening address by a representative of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia. We would suggest as the subject of the main report: "The Historical Lessons of the Seventh Congress of the Comintern and the Present Time,", to be followed by a discussion analyzing the concrete experience of the respective parties in realizing the ideas of the Seventh Congress.

We also hope that the new problems of the contemporary revolutionary movement will be discussed, such as:

- the forms and methods of the fight for peace today;

defence of the democratic gains of the people, the struggle to deepen and broaden democracy, to use it in the interests of the working people and social progress;

- present-day issues of working-class unity;

- ways of forming broad working-class alliances, of establishing unity of revolutionary forces on a national and international scale.

It is planned to publish the discussion material in the journal.

We propose inviting to the exchange of views the Parties which directly participate in the journal.

We would appreciate it if you could find it possible to participate in the exchange and let us know at your earliest convenience
the name of the comrade who will represent your Party and the subject of his paper. All expenses will be covered by the sponsers of
the exchange of views.

With Communist greetings,

LNCLOSURE

Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia

Editorial Board Problems of Peace & Socialism

emorandum ROUTE

: Mr. W. C. Sullivan TO

DATE: August 16, 1965

Sullivan Tavel _ Trotter

Mohr

DeLoach

Tele, Room

Holmes -

Gandy

1 - Belmont

1 - DeLoach

1 - Sullivan

l - Liaison

- Baumgardner

1 - R. Putnam

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner SUBJECT: SOLO

INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

CG 5824-S* met with William Kashtan, General Secretary of the Communist Party of Canada in Toronto, Canada, 8/4-5/65. Kashtan had just returned from the Soviet Union. While in Moscow Kashtan had discussions with leading representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and members of delegations from North and South Vietnam on the situation in Vietnam. Kashtan told CG 5824-S* he learned the following:

Neither the North Vietnamese nor the South Vietnamese appear entirely against negotiations on South Vietnam, if these negotiations are conducted in what they call "the Geneva spirit." It also appears there is a small but perceptible moving away from Ithe Chinese position on Vietnam by the Vietnamese.

It was evident that the approach of the Communist Party of China to the war in Vietnam irks the Vietnamese. The Chinese foresee the following:

There will be a long war with the United States with 500,000 United States citizens killed and 2,000,000 Vietnamese killed. The war will ruin a good part of both North and South Vietnam and the United States imperialists will lose sympathy in the world because of their barbarous acts during the war. With no Victory in sight, the United States will agree to negotiate: but this will not happen until after a prolonged bitter war with massive losses on both sides.

The Vietnamese and the Soviets do not like this approach since there is no certainty that the war could be contained. Some of the other socialist countries do not like this approach because they are more concerned with the frontiers of the western countries which they consider more important from a strategic point of view. The socialist countries feel that they cannot ignore the German 10: 201 problem._ 100-428091-SENT DIRE

RECOMMENDATION

10 AUG 26 1965 That the attached letters be sent to the White House, Secretary of State, Director of Central Intelligence-Agency and the Attorney General incorporating the information obtained by **ГИЧЬ ССБ** 5824-5*.

RCP:pah Och (7)

GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Lemorandum

DATE: August 16, 1965

: Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

: Mr. W. C. Sull

SUBJEC'T

TO

INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

1 - Belmont

- DeLoach

- Sullivan

- Liaison

- Baumgardner

- R. Putnam

Callahan

Trotter Tele, Room

While in Toronto, Canada, 8/4-5/65, CG 5824-S* obtained the following information from William Kashtan, General Secretary of the Communist Party of Canada who had just returned from a trip to the Soviet Union, where he met with top leaders of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

Present plans indicate no change will be made in the current line of the Soviet Union. The Soviets will continue to push for peaceful coexistence, although it is believed the United States will not accept this policy in two or three years. No illusion will be created that United States imperialism will accept the idea of peaceful coexistence simply because nuclear war is dangerous: The United States will have to be convinced that nuclear war is dangerous for the United States.

The most serious problem revolves about the relation of wars of liberation and the possibility of these wars spreading into a general war which may become a nuclear war. The Soviets consider this a long-term problem because of the position of the Communist Party of China which favors the spread into a general war:

To carry through the policy of peaceful coexistence the Soviets believe there should be a change in the structure of the peace movement. Instead of being based on intellectuals and professionals, the peace movement should be based on the trade unions, the social democratic parties and the communist parties in countries where they are influential. Therefore, the communists in western countries are to strive for unity with the social democrats. Communist parties in western countries are to submit their opinions on the question of unity with social democrats to the Soviets. The Soviets will start the discussion on this problem and it is expected that the discussion will continue for at least six months.

While the chief plank in the platform for the peace movement must be directed against nuclear war, communist parties in the various countries must be careful not to narrow the peace movement. The peace movement will not just talk against imperialism, but will 100-

100-428091

Enclosures

CONTINUED -- OVER

AUG 3/1 11965

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan

Re: SOLO 100-428091

concentrate on the issue of opposition to nuclear war. This does not mean that the Soviets or other socialist countries will abandon the liberation movement, but they will concentrate on the major problem of trying to prevent the wars of liberation from spreading into general wars.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the attached summaries be sent to the White House, Secretary of State, Director of Central Intelligence Agency and the Attorney General, incorporating the information obtained by CG 5824-S*, by routing slips.

- 2 -

) TOP SECRET

Potagan

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

August 17, 1965

1 - Belmont

1 - DeLoach

1 - Sullivan

1 - Liaison 1 - Baumgardner

1 - R. Putnam

TWENTY-THIRD CONGRESS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION

A source which has furnished reliable information in the past has advised that the Twenty-third Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union is tentatively scheduled for February, 1966. Present plans indicate no change will be made in the current line of the Soviet Union. The Soviets will continue to push for peaceful coexistence, although it is believed the United States will not accept this policy far two or three years. No illusion will be created that United States imperialism will accept the idea of peaceful coexistence simply because nuclear war is dangerous. The United States will have to be convinced that nuclear war is dangerous for the United States.

The most serious problem revolves about the relation of wars of liberation and the possibility of these wars spreading into a general war which may become a nuclear war. The Soviets consider this a long-term problem because of the position of the Communist Party of China which favors the spread into a general war.

To carry through the policy of peaceful coexistence, the Soviets believe there should be a change in the structure of the peace movement. Instead of being based on intellectuals and professionals, the peace movement should be based on the trade unions, the social democratic parties and the communist parties in countries where they are influential. Therefore, the communists in western countries are to strive for unity with the social democrats. Communist parties in western countries are to submit their opinions on the question of unity with social democrats to the Soviets. The Soviets will start the discussion on this problem and it is expected that the discussion will continue for at least six months 100-42809/-1042

	rue	graciasion	Will continue	for at	least si	k) mont	hs/00	1-42	809/-
Tolson	 ,	-	-			REC 2	. 6 5	AUG 3	31 1965
Belmont Moht DeLoach	_100	-428091 ₀		/_	/./	di	1927	/	1/2
Casper	באתם 	man Dadie	TOD	SECRET	1/2-	W)	. Wh		forti
Contad		12)	Excluded		omatic	W	م، الم		/**
Gale	<u> </u>	,	downgraci	and	0mm040				
Sullivan			declassif:	ication	_	(SEE	NOŢE	PAGE	TWO)
Tele. Room		CARIZ				~	•		K . **
Holmes Ganger S	<u> </u>	мандерії те	LÈTYPE UNIT 🔲 –						
₩ ₩₩₩	نہ د ـ		_						



TWENTY-THIRD CONGRESS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION

While the chief plank in the platform for the peace movement must be directed against nuclear war, communist parties in the various countries must be careful not to narrow the peace movement. The peace movement will not just talk against imperialism, but will concentrate on the issue of opposition to nuclear war. This does not mean that the Soviets or other socialist countries will abandon the liberation movement, but they will concentrate on the major problem of trying to prevent the wars of liberation from spreading into general wars.

NOTE:

Classified "Top dearet" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Source is CG 5824-S*. See memorandum Baumgardner to Sullivan 8/16/65, captioned "Solo, Internal Security - Communist," prepared by RCP:pah. Dissemination of this memorandum being made to Honorable Marvin Watson, Special Assistant to the President; the Honorable Dean Rusk, Secretary of State; Vice Admiral William F. Raborn, Jr., Director of the Central Intelligence Agency; and the Attorney "General, By routing slips."



ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

(IS) 100-428091

BY LIAISON

- Vizas - Liaison

1 - R. Putnam

Date:

August 30, 1965

To:

Director

Bureau of Intelligence and Research

Department of State

From:

John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject:

"WORLD MARKIST REVIEW"

A source which has supplied reliable information in the past has furnished the following:

The Communist Party, USA, has been advised that the Editorial Board of the "World Marxist Review" and the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia (CCCPCZ) will jointly sponsor an exchange of views on the 30th anniversary of the Seventh Congress of the Comintern in October, 1965, in Prague, Czechoslovakia. The "World Marxist Review" is the official theoretical organ of the world communist movement and is also known as "Problems of Peace and Socialism." Invitations to this gathering will be sent to communist parties in the world which directly assist in the preparation of the "World Marxist Review." All expenses involved will be assumed by the sponsors of this gathering.

During the gathering, discussions will be directed toward the historical lessons of the Seventh Congress which "marked the summit of collective Marxist thought in the prewar period and played an important role in the world communist movement." The discussions also will include the significance of the decisions of the Seventh Congress in uniting the antifascist forces in the fight for peace and in furthering the world revolutionary process. An attempt will be made to determine how the ideas of the Seventh Congress were subsequently developed and enriched and how revolutionary theory was promoted through a Marxist analysis by the communist parties in various countries.

تنافر

Mohr.

DeLoach

Casper Callchan Control Felt Rosen RCP:pah

Trotes Room
Teles Room
Teles Room
Teles Room
Teles Tel

GROUP 1

declassification

Excluded from automatic downgrading and

atomatic (SEE NOTE PAGE 2)

W688



Director Bureau of Intelligence and Research

The subject of the main report to be given is, "The Historical Lessons of the Seventh Congress of the Comintern and the Present Time." The opening address will be given by a representative of the CCCPCZ.

New problems of the contemporary revolutionary movement will be discussed, including present-day issues of working-class unity, forms and methods of the fight for peace today, the defense of the democratic gains of the people and the struggle to deepen and broaden democracy, and ways of forming broad working-class alliances and of establishing the unity of revolutionary forces on a national and international scale.

Results of the discussions will be published in the "World Marxist Review."

Because of the sensitive nature of our source, this letter has been classified "Top servet."

1 - Director BY LIAISON Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

8/8/08

NOTE:

Classified "Top Secret" since unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of this source (NY 694-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. NY 694-S* received this letter through a confidential mail drop for transmittal to Gus Hall, General Secretary of the CPUSA. Letter was forwarded to Hall by William Kashtan, General Secretary of the CP of Canada. See NYairtel 8/24/65, captioned "Solo, IS - C."

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TO . Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: August 26, 1965

Rosen
Sillivan
Tallia
Tretter
Tele. Room

DeLoach Casper ... Callahan

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

SUBJECT SOLO

INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Special Agent in Charge, Roney, of our New York Office advised late in the afternoon of instant date that the Soviets had delivered the sum of \$300,000 to the Communist Party, USA, at 2:40 p.m. on instant date:

According to Roney this money was delivered to NY 694-S* at an agreed upon location (seventh floor stairwell of the Marine Midland Trust Company of New York Building located at 143 Liberty Street, New York City) by Nikolai Talanov. Talanov is a member of the Soviet delegation to the United Nations who has been identified as a KGB (Soviet Committee for State Security) agent.

This makes a total of \$818,440 which the Communist Party, USA, has received this year from the Soviets. Since 1958 the Soviets have given the Communist Party, USA, \$3,257,463. This money is used to finance the activities of the Party in the United States.

ACTION:

The \$300,000 just received is being processed by our New York Office. Serial numbers of the bills will be noted and a representative number will be checked to determine whether they are counterfeit.

100-428091

1 - Belmont

1 - Sullivan

1 - Branigan

1 - Baumgardner

1 - R. C. Putnam

100-428091-5

100 1 00 M

6 SEP 1 1965

RCP: pah

Legat, Ottawa

8/31/65

Director, FBI (100-428091)

1 - Cotter 1 - R. C. Putnam

COMMUNIST PARTY OF CANADA INTERNAL SECURITY - CANADA



ReBulet 7/23/65, captioned "Communist Party, USA, Internal Security - C," which transmitted a letterhead memorandum (LHM) containing information relating to the proposed joint training school of the Communist Party, USA, and the Communist Party of Canada.

There are enclosed three copies of an LHM classified "Top Secret" and captioned "Communist Party of Canada," which contains additional information relating to the above-mentioned school.

Promptly furnish a conv of the enclosed memorandum to your source in the should be cautioned that it is essential that no distribution or use of our intelligence information is undertaken which would be likely to jeopardize the security of our sources.

Enclosures (3)

1 - Foreigna Liaison Unit (Route through for review)

(e) hm.

NOTE:

Plans for the joint CPUSA and CP of Canada Marxist training school have been underway for some time. We have been furnishing the information relating to this school

heen underway for some time. We have both information relating to this school.

Tolson Belmont COMM

Belmont Common C

lb7D

2



ROUTE IN ELIGIBION 1 - Liaison 1 - Cotter 1 - R. Putnam

August 31, 1965

COLUMIST PARTY OF CANADA

The following information was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past.

The joint Communist Party, USA, - Communist Party of Canada Markist training school is now scheduled to open in Toronto, Canada, on November 1, 1965, and to run for approximately three months. The proposed schedule calls for a recess from December 23, 1965, through January 2, 1966. To make up for this lost time the school will have to continue until about February 5, 1966.

The proposed head of the school will be Norman Freed of the Communist Party of Canada (CPC) and William Sidney, alternate member of the National Committee of the CPC, will be his full-time assistant.

Each Party had planned to have ten students attend the school and, while each Party had eight students set to attend the school when it was originally scheduled to open on Soptember 1, 1965, there is some question as to how many will actually attend the school under the new schedule. Present plans call for each Party to have instructors participating for half of the scheduled twelve weeks of the school.

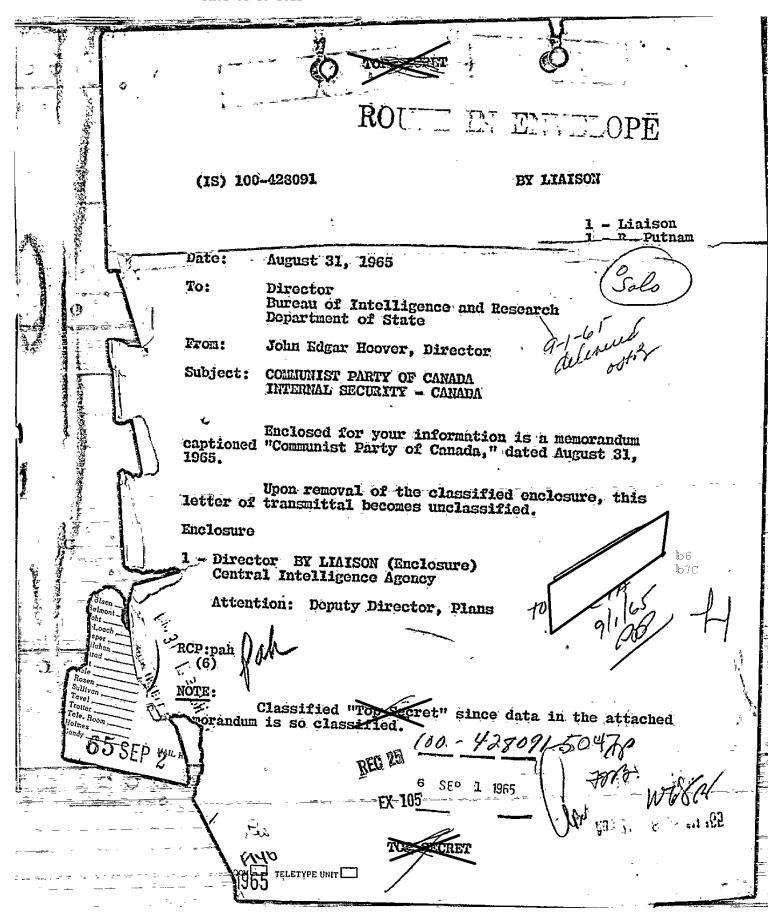
Norman Freed, who had been the representative of the CPC to the "Forld Market Review," the official theoretical organ of the world communist novement published in Prague, Caschoslovakia, has returned to Canada to take over ideological and clucational work for the CPC. Alfred Devhurst, a member of the National Executive Committee of the CPC, has been scheduled to replace Freed as the CPC representative to the "World Larxist Review."

	he "Korld Larxist Revie	W. ¹¹	
Belmont	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DeLooch	- Foreign Liaison Unit	- Consens	· /
Casper	22 3-22- a	102	
Conrad	.00-428091 <u>J</u>	,	. 0
Rosen	CP:pah	=	
Sullivan	CP:pah (10)		(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)
Trotter	,	-	المسادرة الم
Tele, Room		ENCLOSITED	1 5 101 - TAL
Gendy	MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT	HWOTON IN	0-428091-504



COMMUNIST PARTY OF CANADA

Classified "Tex secret" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Information extracted from CGairtels 8/25/65, both captioned "Solo, IS - C." This letterhead memorandum is being disseminated by cover letter dated 8/31/65 to the Department of State and the Central Intelligence Agency. In addition, this Image ing sent to the Legat, Ottawa, for transmittal to the Additional information concerning the joint CPUSA - CPC school has been previously transmitted to recipients of this memorandum. CG 5824-S* obtained this information from Norman Freed who was in Chicago, Illinois, conferring with Hyman Lumer, CPUSA Educational Director, regarding the school.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 15

Page 26 ~ Duplicate

Page 27 ~ Duplicate

Page 28 ~ Duplicate

Page 29 ~ Duplicate

Page 30 ~ Duplicate

Page 31 ~ Duplicate

Page 32 ~ Duplicate

Page 33 ~ Duplicate

Page 34 ~ Duplicate Page 35 ~ Duplicate

Page 36 ~ Duplicate

Page 37 ~ Duplicate

Page 38 ~ Duplicate

Page 39 ~ Duplicate

Page 40 ~ Duplicate