This document is made available through the declassification efforts and research of John Greenewald, Jr., creator of:



The Black Vault is the largest online Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) document clearinghouse in the world. The research efforts here are responsible for the declassification of hundreds of thousands of pages released by the U.S. Government & Military.

Discover the Truth at: http://www.theblackvault.com

Federal Housing Finance Agency Constitution Center 400 7th Street, S.W. 8th Floor Washington, DC 20024

FHFA FOIA Appeals Log

Requested between 9/24/2010 and 10/03/2016

Request ID	Requester Name	Organization	Request Description	Received Date	Closed Date	Final Disposition
2010-APP-00001	Carollo, Russell		see appeal	09/24/2010	10/20/2010	Completely Affirmed
2011-APP-00001	Ertman <i>,</i> John		appeal of actual FHFA case # 2011-19	02/18/2011	03/24/2011	Other Reasons
2011-APP-00002	W., David		appeal of actual FHFA case # 2011-29	02/16/2011	.03/16/2011	Other Reasons - No Records
2011-APP-00003	Ravnitzky, Michael		appeal of actual FHFA case # 2011-43	06/07/2011	.07/08/2011	Other Reasons
2011-APP-00004	Ryan <i>,</i> Ronald		appeal of actual FHFA case # 2011-59	05/16/2011	.06/14/2011	Other Reasons - Not Agency Record
2011-APP-00005	Crossland, Christopher		appeal of actual FHFA case # 2011-69	06/06/2011	.06/29/2011	Other Reasons - Not Agency Record
2011-APP-00006	Corso, Glen		appeal of actual FHFA case # 2011-24	04/27/2011	05/27/2011	Other Reasons
2011-APP-00007	Robert, Ray		appeal of actual FHFA case # 2011-50	04/13/2011	.05/06/2011	Other Reasons - No Records
2011-APP-00008	Olenick, Michael		see appeal	12/04/2010	01/06/2011	Completely Affirmed
2011-APP-00009	Miller, Adam	Mayer Brown LLP	See appeal	10/02/2010	11/01/2010	Partially Affirmed & Partially Reversed/Remanded
2011-APP-00010	Haas, Erik		see appeal	12/08/2010	01/10/2011	Partially Affirmed & Partially Reversed/Remanded

2011-APP-00011	Stephens, Richard		see appeal	11/01/2010	11/29/2010	Completely Affirmed
2012-APP-00002	Horwitz, Jeff	American Banker	appeal of actual FHFA case # 2011-96	12/07/2011	01/06/2012	Partially Affirmed & Partially Reversed/Remanded
2012-APP-00003	Greene, Jenna	The National Law Journal	appeal of actual FHFA case # 2011-98	11/23/2011	12/22/2011	Completely Affirmed
2012-APP-00004	Althen, John	Judicial Watch	appeal of actual FHFA case # 2011-106	11/09/2011	12/19/2011	Completely Affirmed
2012-APP-001	Stotter, Daniel	Stotter & Associates, LLC	See Appeal.	10/18/2011	11/17/2011	Completely Affirmed
2012-APP-002	Field, Rex & Tracy		FHFA as conservator of Fannie Mae succeeded to all rights, titles, powers and privileges of Fannie Mae with respect to its assets, and succeeded to the title to the books, records and assets of any other legal custodian of Fannie Mae. Accordingly, please send the information as requested on May 10, 2012	05/29/2012	06/21/2012	Completely Affirmed
2012-APP-003	Garcia, Lisette		FHFA 's blanket denial falls far short of what FOIA requires in locating and producing all responsive records, as well as justifying a decision to withhold any portion of responsive records. Judicial Watch challenges the adverse determination and ask that the agency reconsider its decision and compel appropriate personnel at once to: 1. craft a search likely to locate all responsive records; 2. promptly execute that search in a reasonable manner; 3. conduct a segregability analysis in order to redact only those portions of responsive documents shown to be exempt from compulsory disclosure; 4. redact responsive records in a manner that indicates the amount of material withheld at the site of the redaction, citing withholding; 5. release	05/29/2012	06/22/2012	Completely Affirmed

			all responsive documents or in narrow instance particularized justification for continuing to withhold whatever specific portions the agency can establish are exempt from the agency's overarching duty to disclose.			
2012-APP-004	Garcia, Lisette		1. the lack of completeness of FHFA's production as violaton of 5 U.S.C. 522 (a)(3)(A); 2. the production's excessive withholding; 3. FHFA''s complete failure to justify virtually any of its withholdings	06/26/2012		Partially Affirmed & Partially Reversed/Remanded
2012-APP-005	Wilcox, Dale	Action	FHFA withheld a PowerPoint Presentation labeled "Mortgage Market Issues: Discussion with Treasury Secretary Geithner," asserting, without any meaningful elucidation, that the withheld document is exempt from production under FOIA exemption 5. FHFA's refusal to disclose the requested document, however, violates FOIA		08/30/2012	Partially Affirmed & Partially Reversed/Remanded
2012-APP-006	Graham	Resolution Partners LLC	Expedited handling should be given because: 1. the information is necessary to prevent the loss of substantial due process of rights. 2. the request relates to a matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the Federal Governments integrity affecting public confidence.	08/27/2012	08/31/2012	Other Reasons
2012-APP-007	Kruger <i>,</i> Christopher	Christopher Kruger	This request should not be denied, as the exemptions are misapplied and concerns articulated by the agency are not present here.	08/30/2012	09/27/2012	Completely Affirmed
2012-APP-008		Shawnee	On September 17, 2012 the following information was requested: 1. Grant application submitted by the Shawnee Rescue Mission; 2. Approved grant	09/21/2012		Other Reasons - No Records

			letter/award and conditions improsed by the FHLBank Topeka; 3. Approved contracts and singed acceptance letter, forms, etc. See previous request for additional background information. It is my understanding that a grant was awarded, so the above-requested information must be available from the FHLBank Topeka or the associated granting agency or department. For reference see the following link (search: "Shawnee Rescue Mission"): http://www.fhfa. gov/webfiles/21554/FHLBank_Top eka_AHAC_annual_report_2010.pd f Additional information has also been emailed.			
2013-APP-001	Faught, Don	Association of	Appeal final decision - FHFA failed to respond specifically to each of the 10 separate questions in the request.	12/14/2012	01/16/2013	Completely Affirmed
2013-APP-002	Avergun, Jodi		Appeal the documents withheld in final	01/07/2013		Partially Affirmed & Partially Reversed/Remanded
2013-APP-003	Springer, Samantha		Appeal final decision - no documents released.	01/15/2013	02/14/2013	Partially Affirmed & Partially Reversed/Remanded
2013-APP-004	McKinley, Vern		On June 25, 2012, I filed a Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA") request with the Federal Housing Finance Agency ("FHFA") seeking copies of: 1. Any and all records concerning, regarding, relating to the implementation of the "Strategic Plan for Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac Conservatorships." 2. Any and all records of contracts between FHFA and Pricewaterhouse Coopers ("PwC") entered between January 1, 2012 and June 25, 2012			Completely Affirmed

concerning, regarding, or relating to Fannie	
Mae and/or Freddie Mac. 3. Any and all	
records created by PwC pursuant to any	
contracts responsive to Item No. 2. The	
time frame for this request is between	
January 1, 2012 and June 25, 2012. On July	
17, 2012, David Lee, Chief FOIA Officer,	
provided an interim response to my	
request. Mr. Lee stated, "A search of FHFA's	
files and records has located 177 pages of	
records that are responsive to your request	
numbers 2 and 3 above. After reviewing	
these records, FHFA has determined that	
these records will be partially released to	
you." In addition, Mr. Lee stated that	
information was being withheld pursuant to	
FOIA Exemptions 4, 5, and 6. Moreover, Mr.	
Lee informed me, "As for request number 1	
above, FHFA continues to search for and	
locate potentially responsive documents."	
Subsequently, on January 24, 2013, Mr. Lee	
provided a final response to my FOIA	
request. Mr. Lee stated, "A search of FHFA	
files and records located 38 documents that	
are responsive to request number 1. These	
38 documents are comprised of 799 pages.	
After reviewing these documents, FHFA has	
determined that 16 documents, comprised	
of 149 pages, will be wholly or partially	
released to you. The remaining 22	
documents, or 650 pages, are being	
withheld in their entirety." Again, Mr. Lee	
informed me that FHFA was withholding	
information pursuant to FOIA Exemptions 4,	
5 and 6. I respectfully appeal FHFA's	
adverse determination to withhold the	

above-referenced records responsive to my	
request. To be clear, this administrative	
appeal addresses all withholdings of	
information as stated in both the July 17,	
2012 interim response as well as the	
January 24, 2013 final response. In	
responding to my FOIA request, FHFA has	
done no more than provide a barren	
assertion that the responsive material is	
being withheld pursuant to FOIA	
Exemptions 4, 5 and 6. Yet such a response	
"cannot suffice to establish the fact."	
Founding Church of Scientology of	
Washington, D.C., Inc. v. National Security	
Agency, 610 F.2d 824, 831 (D.C. Cir. 1979).	
Moreover, it is longstanding precedent that	
"an agency cannot meet its obligation	
simply by quoting the statutory language of	
an exemption." Army Times Pub. Co. v.	
Department of the Air Force, 998 F.2d 1067,	
1070 (D.C. Cir. 1993) (remarking that	
affidavits "[p]arroting the case law" were	
insufficient); Voinche v. Federal Bureau of	
Investigation, 412 F. Supp. 2d 60, 69 (D.D.C.	
2006) (agency failed to satisfy its burden	
where declaration "merely quote[d] the	
statutory language" of an exemption).	
Because FHFA has done nothing more than	
quote the statutory language of the claimed	
exemptions, FHFA clearly has not met its	
burden under FOIA. To satisfy its burden, at	
a minimum, FHFA must provide sufficient	
identifying information with respect to all	
material that it has withheld. Vaughn v.	
Rosen, 484 F.2d 820 (D.C. Cir	

2013-APP-005	Horwitz, Jeff	Banker	Appeal reconsideration decision for expedited processing for 2013-FOIA-038 on two grounds: 1. An urgency to inform the public about an actual or alleged Federal Government activity; and 2. A matter of widespread and exceptional media interest in which there exist possible questions about the Federal Government's integrity, affecting public confidence.	02/27/201303/15/2013	
2013-APP-006	Bennett, Edward	Williams & Connolly LLP	See appeal	06/05/201307/02/2013	3Completely Affirmed
2013-APP-007	Linder, Craig	Dow Jones & Company, Inc.	see appeal	06/06/201307/10/2013	3Partially Affirmed & Partially Reversed/Remanded
2013-APP-008	Elsesser, Charles	Florida Legal Services, Inc.	See appeal	06/10/201307/08/2013	3Partially Affirmed & Partially Reversed/Remanded
2013-APP-009	Spinetto, Jonathan		FHFA did not explain the method that it employed to search for requested documents. The denial letter did not provide me with an adequate description of the three documents.	07/19/201308/16/201	3Completely Affirmed
2013-APP-010	Johnson, Christopher		The letter provided little other information as to the grounds for withholding the documents in their entirety. In reviewing the denial letter, I have two primary concerns with FHFA's search and analysis. Firstly, FHFA failed to search the agency records of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac in its searches for responsive records, and further failed to provide any rationale for such exclusion. Secondly, FHFA inaccurately characterized the 207 responsive records discovered as exempt from disclosure under subparts (b)(4) or (b)(5) of FOIA; i.e., FHFA		³ Partially Affirmed & Partially Reversed/Remanded

		failed to carry its burden of proving that
		these records are in fact exempt.
2014-APP-001	Spinetto,	Preliminarily, FHFA did not explain the 10/04/201311/04/2013Completely Affirmed
	Jonathan	method that it employed to search for
		requested documents. It did not describe
		the searches that were undertaken. The
		denial letter did not provide me with an
		adequate description of the nine
		documents or an adequate explanation of
		the grounds for denial of the FOIA request.
		FHFA has not provided sufficient
		information with which a requesting party
		or a court could evaluate whether the cited
		exemptions apply and, if so, whether the
		documents could have been produced in
		redacted form. FHFA's own regulations
		instruct the agency to produce redacted
		records. See 12 CFR § 1202.4(c). FHFA has
		not complied with that regulation.
2014-APP-002	Spinetto,	Preliminarily, FHFA did not explain the 10/04/201311/13/2013Completely Affirmed
	Jonathan	method that it employed to search for
		requested documents. It did not describe
		the searches that were undertaken. The
		denial letter did not provide me with an
		adequate description of the nine
		documents or an adequate explanation of
		the grounds for denial of the FOIA request.
		FHFA has not provided sufficient
		information with which a requesting party
		or a court could evaluate whether the cited
		exemptions apply and, if so, whether the
		documents could have been produced in
		redacted form. FHFA's own regulations
		instruct the agency to produce redacted
		records. See 12 CFR § 1202.4(c). FHFA has
		not complied with that regulation.

2014-APP-003	Witham, Judson		The 6 standards You site are 100% Vague and Overly Broad. Your 6 criteria are totally subjective and subject to invidious discrimination and exclude anyone's request that is contrary to the Agenda of A White Washing and Cover Up.	12/13/2013	01/10/2014	Completely Affirmed
2014-APP-004	Kelley, Jessica	Kirby Mclnerney	Appeal 2014-FOIA-007 Decision.	12/09/2013		Partially Affirmed & Partially Reversed/Remanded
2014-APP-005	Haas, Cheryl	Sutherland	The documents requested are as follows: 1. All documents obtained from, sent to, or relating to Taylor Bean and Whitaker ("TBW"), Ocala Funding LLC, Colonial Bank, or Platinum Bank from May 1, 2001 to present, including any such documents sent to Deutsche Bank. 2. All documents related to any proposal for Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac") to purchase Ocala Funding notes or otherwise invest in or supply capital to Ocala Funding, particularly in 2008-2009. 3. All documents related to the decision by Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae") to terminate its relationship with TBW in or around April 2002 and the respective decisions of Governmental National Mortgage Association ("Ginnie Mae") and Freddie Mac to continue to do business with TBW. 4. All documents related to or evidencing any fraud or wrongdoing by TBW, Ocala Funding LLC, Colonial Bank or Platinum Bank from May 1, 2001 to present including any communications regarding a tip to the Office of Federal Housing Enterprise Oversight from a reporter associated with ML-Implode or Mortgage		03/28/2014	

2014-APP-008	Seymour, Eric	University of Michigan	I appeal the decision of the FHFA to withhold requested the materials. FHFA	05/20/2014	00/18/2014	Completely Affirmed
2014 ADD 000				05/20/2014		Reversed/Remanded
2014-APP-007	Jindal <i>,</i> Nikesh	-	I appeal FHFA's determination on the ground that it is legally deficient.	03/28/2014		Partially Affirmed & Partially
	Sarah	Cihaan D. J		02/20/2044	04/25/2044	
	Steven and					
2014-APP-006	Waltner,		Reason for denial.	03/07/2014	04/21/2014	Completely Affirmed
			02/14/2014)			
			for Record Search: From 05/01/2001 To			
			mail, and e-mail (if applicable). (Date Range			
			submission, but will do so via facsimile, U.S.			
			mail address. I do not see a way to attach the required response from FHFA to this			
			and e-mail if I can locate the appropriate e-			
			appeal is being sent via facsimile, U.S. mail,			
			of FHFA's response. A list of the issues for			
			investigative reporter. I appeal the entirety			
			any investigation into allegations by an			
			Bank, including all documents concerning			
			Funding LLC, Colonial Bank or Platinum			
			dated June 21, 2011 related to TBW, Ocala			
			report by or for the OIG Audit 2011-001,			
			concerning, related to and including a			
			on July 5, 2011). 6. All documents			
			FOIA #2011-80 (sent to the FHFA FOIA office			
			#2011-11 (sent to the FHFA OIG) and FHFA			
			to TBW, believed to be numbers: OIG FOIA			
			Meter on or around June 11, 2008 related			
			Implode or Mortgage Lender Implode-O-			
			others regarding same. 5. The FOIA requests sent by the reporter associated with ML-			
			responses, to, or communications with			
			by TBW and any and all investigations into,			
			11, 2008 alleging fraudulent sales of loans			
			Lender Implode-O-Meter in or around June			

stated it withheld materials pursuant to	
FOIA exemptions 6 and 8. Under exemption	
6, an agency may withhold "personnel and	
medical files and similar files the disclosure	
of which would constitute a clearly	
unwarranted invasion of personal privacy"	
(5 U.S.C. § 552b(6)). In its decision, FHFA	
stated the disclosure of "individuals [sic]	
homes that went into foreclosurewould	
constitute an unwarranted invasion of	
personal privacy." However, I did not	
request the names of individuals. Rather, I	
requested the addresses of properties that	
entered the REO inventories of Fannie Mae	
and Freddie Mac. Notices of foreclosure	
sales in Michigan are published and	
therefore a matter of public record.	
Foreclosure notices are published pursuant	
to Michigan law, which requires that non-	
judicial foreclosures be advertised in the	
local newspaper once a week for four	
consecutive weeks (MCLA § 600.3208).	
Further, Michigan law requires that these	
notices contain "the names of the	
mortgagor, the original mortagee, and the	
foreclosing assignee," as well as "a detailed	
description of the mortgaged premises"	
(MCLA § 600.3212). This description	
necessarily includes a given property's	
address. Thus, disclosing the requested	
addresses in no way constitutes an invasion	
of personal privacy. The only names	
requested were those of buyers of REOs.	
Buyers' names are also a matter of public	
record, as all such transactions are recorded	
with local governments and available to the	

public. Thus, there is no privacy interest in
public. Thus, there is no privacy interest in the information based on the nature of the
information itself or the attributes of the
person or persons whose privacy may be at
issue. Under FOIA exemption 8 an agency
may withhold from disclosure matters
"contained in or related to examination,
operating, or condition reports prepared by,
on behalf of, or for the use of an agency
responsible for the regulation or supervision
of financial institutions (5 U.S.C. §
552(b)(8)). However, the materials
requested do not involve routine bank
examination, regulation, or inspection, i.e.,
those activities for which this exemption is
intended. Exemption 8 "shields from
discovery only agency opinions and
recommendations," none of which I am
requesting (Lee v. F.D.I.C., 923 F.Supp. 451,
459 (S.D.N.Y. 1996)). I am requesting matter
of a purely factual material, and the
requested materials should 3 therefore be
released. Further, the release of these
records will not result in the harms
exemption 8 is intended to prevent. The
requested records do not contain the "frank
evaluations" of financial institutions that
might "undermine public confidence and
cause unwarranted runs on banks" that led
to the adoption of exemption 8. Neither do
they affect the relationship between the
financial institutions and their supervising
agencies (Consumers Union of U.S., Inc. v.
Heimann, 589 F.2d 531, 534 (D.C. Cir.
1978)).

2014-APP-009	Paris,	Infoline Inc.	In the letter (attached as Exhibit A), FHFA	06/16/201407/24/2014Completely Affirmed
	Franklyn		states that the requested agreement (the	
			"Agreement") was located, but is being	
			withheld pursuant to: (i) FOIA exemption 4,	
			5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4), pertaining to trade	
			secrets and commercial or financial	
			information obtained from a person that is	
			privileged or confidential; and (ii) FOIA	
			exemption 8, 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(8),	
			pertaining to information contained in or	
			related to examination, operating, or	
			condition reports, prepared by, on behalf	
			of, or for the use of the agency responsible	
			for the regulation or supervision of financial	
			institutions. Neither claimed exemption	
			shields the Agreement from disclosure.	
			Exemption 4 is inapplicable to the	
			Agreement between Fannie Mae and	
			JPMorgan Chase, which approved the	
			transfer of Washington Mutual Bank's	
			Pooling and Servicing Agreements ("PSAs")	
			to JPMorgan Chase. The transfer of those	
			PSAs to JPMorgan Chase was effected by	
			the Purchase and Assumption Agreement,	
			dated September 25, 2008, between	
			JPMorgan Chase and the Federal Deposit	
			Insurance Corporation ("FDIC")-an	
			agreement that is publicly available on the	
			FDIC's website.1 The fact that Fannie Mae	
			gave its consent to the transfer of the PSAs	
			to JPMorgan Chase was itself disclosed in	
			Fannie Mae's 2008 Form 10-K filing with the	
			Securities and Exchange Commission.2	
			Because the Purchase and Assumption	
			Agreement (transferring these mortgage	
			servicing rights) is a public document and	

because Fannie Mae's public filings refer to	
the substance of the Agreement, there can	
be no protectable trade secret or	
confidential information in the Agreement	
sought in request number 2014-FOIA-038.	
In this context, the Agreement plainly is also	
not of a kind that would permit a	
competitor to gain knowledge of any	
business strategies or commercially	
sensitive information. Nor does it constitute	
"confidential" information for purposes of	
exemption (b)(4), because disclosure of the	
Agreement is unlikely either to (i) impair the	
government's ability to obtain necessary	
information in the future or (ii) cause	
substantial harm to the competitive	
position of the person from whom the	
information was obtained. See National	
Parks and Conservation Ass'n v. Morton,	
498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C. Cir. 1974). We see	
no conceivable scenarios under which the	
public disclosure of the requested records	
would jeopardize FHFA's ability to obtain	
information in the future or which would	
create a competitive disadvantage to banks	
acquiring assets from FDIC receiverships.	
Accordingly, given the lack of secret or	
commercially sensitive information	
contained in the Agreement as well as the	
publicly available information concerning	
the transfer, withholding of the Agreement	
pursuant to exemption (b)(4) is improper.	
Exemption 8 is likewise inapplicable to the	
Agreement between Fannie Mae and	
JPMorgan Chase, because the Agreement	
does not relate to the supervision or	

			regulation of a financial institution. The Agreement is not a report prepared by, on			
			behalf of, or for the use of an agency			
			responsible for the regulation of a financial			
			institution. It is a commercial contract			
			approving the transfer of certain servicing			
			rights from one party (the FDIC as receiver			
			for Washington Mutual Bank) to another			
			(JPMorgan Chase) pursuant to a publicly			
			available Purchase and Assumption			
			Agreement between JPMorgan Chase and			
			the FDIC. Accordingly, release of the			
			Agreement will not impact the security of			
			any financial institution or impair the			
			relationship between a bank and its			
			supervising agency. See Consumers Union			
			of U.S., Inc. v			
2014-APP-010	Francis,		We request that you "urgently" provide	08/12/2014	09/23/2014	Other Reasons - No
	Michael and		very "specific" information regarding the			Records
	Carmen		following topic/property located in			
			Indianapolis Indiana.			
2014-APP-011	Scott,	Law Office of		09/09/2014	LO/08/2014	Other Reasons - No
	William	Wm. Mark	found is not credible. The cover page for the			Records
		Scott,	Offering Circular Supplement for the			
			referenced securities (Freddie Mac			
			Multifamily Variable Rate Certificates, Class			
			A, Series M030) specifically states			
			"Shearman & Sterling LLP will render an			
			opinion that, for federal income tax			
			purposes, this Series will be treated as a			
			partnership in which the holder of the Class			
			A Certificates are treated as partners, and			
			that interest distributed on the Class A			
			Certificates will be excludable from the			
			gross income of such holders for federal			
			income tax purposes." The same assertion is			

			provided on pp. 47-48 of the offering		
			supplement. The Class A Certificates are still		
			outstanding. If you are not in possession of		
			the opinion, Freddie Mac would be in		
			violation of federal tax laws by failing to		
			retain pertinent records throughout the life		
			of the Certificates. For this reason, I believe		
			you have this record. Please look again.		
			(Date Range for Record Search: From		
			10/01/2013 To 11/30/2013)		
2015-APP-001	Zellmer,	Virtual	Appeal the use of exemption 6 and the fact	04/16/201505/08/2015	Completely Affirmed
		Properties,	that FHFA claims not to be able to segregate		. ,
		Inc.	the information. (Date Range for Record		
		-	Search: From 01/01/2012 To 02/23/2015)		
2015-APP-002	Carollo,		Appeal the final "decision to withhold	09/21/201510/19/2015	Completely Affirmed
	Russell		documents in wholeno reasonably		
			segregable portions were released."		
2016-APP-001	Beauchamp,		Erroneously determined that three	12/04/201501/05/2016	Completely Affirmed
2010/11/001	John		statutory exemptions applied to FOIA		
	Sonn		request (2015-FOIA-028).		
2016-APP-002	Sinners,	CoStar Group	I feel that certain information redacted	01/04/201602/02/2016	Completely Affirmed
2010/11/002	Robert		under 5 USC 552 (b) (4) was redacted		
	Robert		without due cause, and has effectively		
			rendered the obtained information to be		
			useless.		
2016-APP-003	Curry, Rod		I would like to appeal the decision to not	02/04/201603/03/2016	Completely Affirmed
2010-AFF-003	curry, Rou		release the information requested through	02/04/201003/03/2010	completely Ammeu
l			the foia request attached. I am not		
			interested in the loan information		
			pertaining to this request. As stated in my		
			request I wanted information regarding the		
			sale process of this transaction due to the		
			fact that: I was informed by a fannie mae		
			representative that the house would be		
			listed for sale on homepath.com which		
			never occurred. The house sold for less than		

			half of it's appraised value although it needed minimal repairs. The broker who sold the property may have violated policy by selling the property to an investor who is related without disclosing such information to fannie mae. The request asks for basic information including: Where was the property listed for sale? How was the asking price determined? What process was used to determine if fannie mae was insuring they were minimizing their losses by making the property available for all parties interested in purchasing said property? I think this is a reasonable request and if it is not I would also like to be informed as to why this information cannot be released since the seller, purchaser, and sale price are already viewable through my local assessor's office.
2016-APP-004	Coady, E.	MuckRock	assessor's office.02/04/201602/29/2016Other Reasons - NoAppeal final decision on: Seeking all correspondence, sale and/or rental receipts, legal correspondence, email and handwritten correspondence from government and nongovernment email accounts owned by government employees, on the hold, foreclosure, purchase and rental records of 1304-1 W. Waveland, Chicago, from 2012 up through to December 31, 2015. This includes records between Fannie Mae and Rep. Mike Quigley's office regarding said property.02/04/2016 02/29/2016 Other Reasons - No Records
2016-APP-005	Sharma, Dhruv		Appeal the final decision in regards to "FOIA 02/22/201603/10/2016Completely Affirmed does not require agencies to create records to respond to a FOIA request"

2016-APP-006	Leo,	Government	Appeal final decision - Insufficient	02/23/2016	03/31/2016	Partially Affirmed &
	Christopher	Accountability	explanation for withholding under			Partially
		Project	(b)(2)(4)(5)(8); confirm that not documents			Reversed/Remanded
			were found.			
2016-APP-007	Lewis,	CSU Hayward	There is no reason for exemption 4 to apply		06/14/2016	Completely Affirmed
	Sherman		The information is not financial information			
			obtained from a person that is privileged or			
			confidential. The information is not a trade			
			secret. The information is not kept by one			
			corporation in competition with others. It is			
			known to dozens of major banks and			
			probably thousands of individuals. Those			
			banks confer with hundreds of developers			
			and investors to get loan applications to			
			quality for Fannie Mae loans. Public			
			disclosure would not lead to more or fewer			
			loans or result in any unfairness. Public			
			disclosure would serve the public interest			
			by allowing developers to know the			
			standards before going to banks with loan			
			applications. Its purpose is to assure quality			
			in loans. It makes no sense to keep			
			something secret you want people know in			
			order to get loans to increase housing			
			supply. More people are being trained all			
			the time in how to apply the standards. The			
			DUS Program was created to avoid			
			pervasive violations of underwriting			
			standards that led to the de facto			
			bankruptcy of Fannie Mae. In 2008, the			
			taxpayers gave Fannie Mae and Wall Street			
			\$700 billion to bail it out of the crisis it had			
			created, while 1,200,000 Californians were			
			evicted from foreclosed homes. Any portion			
			of Form 4660 which could be misused can			
			be redacted so as to allow the public to			

			know the substance. It was almost predictable that my letter to Fannie Mae would go unanswered because of the isolation and arrogance of people who have had too much power for too long, who claim to be transparent and then keep secrets anyway. If Fannie Mae is serious about reform, it must not simply make Form 4660 available; it should advertise it to improve knowledge about what is needed in DUS loan applications. Given my experience so far, I expect FHFA to find some lame excuse to pretend Form 4660 is some kind of trade secret.			
2016-APP-008	Guhin, Christopher	Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP	FHFA should have the 10/25/2013 agreement.	05/24/2016		Completely Reversed/Remanded
2016-APP-009	Guhin, Christopher	Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP	Appeal the use of FOIA exemption (b)(4).	06/29/2016	07/28/2016	Completely Affirmed