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Subject: Associated Press Complete Story on Ford Edits in Rankin Papers

L'Attacheu is what i tillin is the complete Ar Story on Ford edits. If you have a hard copy, please save a copy for me. I pulled this off of one of the newsgroups, so I can't be sure that it is completely accurate, although it looks real.TTo: Tom Samoluk/ARRBcc: From: Tom Samoluk/ARRB Date: 07/03/97 09:40:25 PMSubject: Associated Press Complete Story on Ford Edits in Rankin PapersWarren Commission Report Altered By MIKE FEINSILBER Associated Press Writer WASHINGTON (AP) -- Thirty-three years ago, Gerald R. Ford took pen in hand and changed --ever so slightly -- the Warren Commission's keysentence on the place where a bullet entered JohnF. Kennedy's body when he was killed in Dallas. The effect of Ford's change was tostrengthen the commission's conclusion that asingle bullet passed through Kennedy and severelywounded Texas Gov. John Connally -- a crucial element in its finding that Lee Harvey Oswald wasthe sole gunman. A small change, said Ford on Wednesdaywhen it came to light, one intended to clarifymeaning, not alter history. "My changes had nothing to do with aconspiracy theory," he said in a telephoneinterview from Beaver Creek, Colo. "My changeswere only an attempt to be more precise." But still, his editing was seized upon bymembers of the conspiracy community, which rejects the commission's conclusion that Oswald actedalone. "This is the most significant lie in thewhole Warren Commission report," said Robert D.Morningstar, a computer systems specialist in NewYork City who said he has studied theassassination since it occurred and written anInternet book about it. The effect of Ford's editing, Morningstarsaid, was to suggest that a bullet struck Kennedyin the neck, "raising the wound two or threeinches. Without that alteration, they could neverhave hoodwinked the public as to the true number of assassins." If the bullet had hit Kennedy in the back, it could not have struck Connolly in the way the commission said it did, he said. The Warren Commission concluded in 1964that a single bullet -- fired by a "discontented" Oswald -- passed through Kennedy's body and wounded his fellow motorcade passenger, Connally, and that a second, fatal bullet, fired from the same place, tore through Kennedy's head. The assassination of the presidentoccurred Nov. 22, 1963, in Dallas; Oswald wasarrested that day but was shot and killed two dayslater as he was being transferred from the cityjail to the county jail. Conspiracy theorists reject the idea thata single bullet could have hit both Kennedy and Connally and done such damage. Thus they arguethat a second gunman must have been involved. Ford's changes tend to support thesingle-bullet theory by making a specific pointthat the bullet entered Kennedy's body "at theback of his neck" rather than in his uppermostback, as the commission staff originally wrote. Ford's handwritten notes were contained in 40,000 pages of records kept by J. Lee Rankin, chief counsel of the Warren Commission. They were made public Wednesday by the Assassination Record Review Board, an agencycreated by Congress to

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