



THE BLACK VAULT

This document was obtained from The Black Vault, an online database of declassified government documents. This particular record is housed in the MKULTRA/Mind Control Collection, a compilation of more than 20,000 pages declassified by the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA).

The entire collection is free to download and online at:

<http://mkultra.theblackvault.com>

A/B 5, 342/4

To: Chief, Technical Branch O/S.O.

FROM: OSI/Medicine

SUBJECT: Report on Special Trip authorized by Memo of 13 Oct. 1954.

As directed, at least 10 professional contacts were made during the time of 18-29 October 1954. Every contact made, by great good fortune, through agency preparation and whole-hearted cooperation of all concerned, had most gratifying results. One of the desired substances collected has a commercial value of over \$100 dollars, the other a production value of over 1000 dollars. Others are rare items, commercially not obtainable, all secured without expense to this agency. In addition, valuable data and files were collected, as well as specimens from outstanding collections for further study and guidance. The personal contacts with field agents, executives, and scientists, old friends and acquaintances, score severely, little promising foundation for further joint action.

Contact with _____ and through him with the officers and staff members of _____

A. - Dolitrome

Dolitrome, a new drug developed by Dr. J. H. Dole, has recently proven the value of dolitrome, giving good results in over 30 cases. He gives dolitrome a definite place in the domain of anesthesiology, designating it as analgesic rather than as an anesthetic, as a border-line agent, since it keeps the patient at least partially conscious. It makes the entire system insensible to pain, in contrast to a local anesthetic, leaving the patient able to obey instructions from the doctor and retaining the ability to use the muscles. While it causes forgetfulness the blood circulation rate is not greatly slowed, oral surgery is possible with less bleeding and depression as well as deep anesthesia are only obtained after very large doses. Dolitrome has been used successfully alone or in combination with other drugs, such as curare, succinyl chlorides, cocaine, nitrous oxide and ether (see detailed data on table attached) in dental, eye, ear, nose and throat surgery, and in bronchoscopy, causing in contrast to pentothal no spasms. It has given extended and prolonged relief from pain in advanced cancer and in hemorrhoid removal. Its use in childbirth is in progress. For detailed clinical results see table I attached.

Methods of Administration:

1. Oral Use: Extended experiments are planned after completion in the laboratories of studies to improve the physical properties of dolitrome such as suspension or solution, removal of odor and adjustment to the desirable pH.

2. Intramuscular Injection; The acute stingish pain, lasting about 2 minutes, may be overcome by the simultaneous or preceding injection of a local anesthetic such as procaine. The raising of the arm above the horizontal level, in case injections are made in the arm, is also recommended to forestall pain and temporary swelling.

3. Intravenous Injection; The use of the greatly improved lyophilized dolitron preparation, white, odorless powder, staying in 2% aqueous solution for about 3-4 hours, at a pH of 4.5, given intermittently by vein, as necessary, is recommended. Fortunately this lyophilized preparation is also now available for the experiments planned by the agency, through the cooperation of Mr. [redacted] and Mr. [redacted]

Pharmacological and Toxicological Studies.

The value of dolitron as an intravenous anesthetic is also indicated in animal experiments. According to staff members of the [redacted] the acute LD₅₀ for the sodium salt of dolitron is approximately 3 times that of thiopental, while minimal hypnotic doses for these 2 anesthetics are similar, the duration of hypnosis is more than doubled, being 53 minutes for dolitron and only 20 minutes for thiopental in single 60% ID₅₀ doses. No cumulation was observed with repeated intravenous dosing at regular frequent intervals in rabbits; using dolitron; and in dogs this cumulation was minimal. In contrast, using thiopental with an identical procedure, the duration of hypnosis in rabbits and dogs becomes longer with each succeeding dose. Signs of toxicity, as measured by hematology, body weight and gross and microscopic pathology, did not occur in dogs which were maintained in deep surgical anesthesia for two 90-minute periods. There was no appreciable change in blood pressure in dogs receiving repeated rapid intravenous injections of dolitron, until doses were given which were large enough to cause respiratory paralysis.

Chemistry

Dolitron is the registered name for the chemical compound:

trans-4-(4-methyl-phenyl)-4-thiazan-2-i-diole

b. Seeing Death Agent: Xanon

For purposes of very fast effects of anesthetization, without too great a risk of fatality resulting from its use, [redacted] suggests the consideration of

the inert gas section. Upon his advice we are contacting him for further information. Of interest in this connection is that according to the Russian R. I. N. Madorskaya, publishing his results in the Soviet Physiological Journal, xenon, even at normal atmospheric pressure, has a narcotic effect 7 times stronger than that of krypton. Xenon is a heavy, colorless gaseous element, and represents one of the inert gases, occurring both in the atmosphere - part in 170 millions by volume - and in gases from hot springs. Originally obtained by fractionated distillation of crude argon from the air, it can be condensed to a liquid, boiling at 109-109.1°C., and to a solid, melting at 111.5 (or at 140° C., according to V. M. Tsvetkov).

C. Stress and Strain Research. Meratran, a company in Moscow, Russia, have also developed a new compound, alpha-(2-piperidyl)benzhydrol hydrochloride, for use in narcolepsy, in emotional fatigue and depression, amphetamine-like in action, but according to claims, not as habit-forming, causing little or no diarrhea, and no rebound effect. Through the cooperation of Dr. G. A. Kostylev, director of the laboratory, this substance is available to the agency in ample amounts (without cost to us) for testing. The company expects to extend its work of stress research to diseases of old age in its new "laboratory of basic medical science".

D. Personnel of the Ministry. Personnel of the Ministry of Health, Moscow, executive and staff members contacted were acceptable to SOA. In Moscow unit doltitrene was developed. I believe, would be glad to cooperate with this agency.

E. Psychotherapist. Dr. S. V. Karpov is a very capable contact for psychotherapeutic and psychiatric problems.

B/3

in the conference with

the section chief of solvent preparations, the following problems were discussed:

(1) The final total synthesis of LS (Lysergic acid) and of Ergonovine. This had not been accomplished and was subsequently published (see attached). The synthesis of LS resulting from years of group research requires such a complex procedure that kilo and larger stockpile quantities cannot be expected for the present. No attempt is now contemplated to undertake synthetic methods for the possible utilization of the process in the laboratory. (2) The synthesis of ergonine, a powerful agent facilitating child birth and treatment of migraine, was also made possible by the conversion of the dl-lysergic acid to dl-di-lysergic acid hydrazide, followed by reconversion to ergonovine, which last step had previously been patented by the Swiss (see attached copy attached). (3) Many Lysergic acid derivatives have been prepared in the bio-chemistry department headed by Dr. J. C. Sheehan, and are available to us for further study.

One of these, D-lysergic acid morphilate, is being studied by Dr. J. C. Sheehan, who offered to inform us when results are available. (4) Corn silk (Urticago Maydis), of the root of corn silk, recognized in Mexico as a medicine, and used to overcome apprehension and fear in paratroopers behind the iron curtain and in China, was discussed with the suggestion that further data concerning its chemistry might be made available to this agency. (5) Further data concerning ergot-like alkaloids has been reported in Chilean literature, and more extensive studies in this field are carried on in the University of Chile. (6) Further studies in this direction are planned, and we hope now further information will be obtained through cooperation with the University of Chile.

(7) Clavate alkaloids: The presence of ergot-like alkaloids in this Floridian mushroom was reported in patent literature and also discussed. (8) This report has been submitted to the Bureau of Narcotics and the State Department through

the Office of Strategic Services, through which it is felt, may have expressed interest in securing specimens for further study and request our help in this cooperative research. (9) A fast acting sedative with analgesic properties. (No such substance, i.e., faster-acting than cocaine with analgesic and hypnotic properties, was suggested.) However, the development of selection of such special substances was discounted, involving possibly barbiturates, which might be volatile and readily volatilized. They might then be dispersed or inhaled through their vapor and effective through their vapor. (There was a definite response to the possible use of drugged cigarettes, suggested by the Chinese and adopted in the use of asthma cigarettes, containing the leaf of *Datura stramonium*, and in the administration of tetraein (tetrahydrocannabinol). This latter use had been reported by

B/3

as a Secret document. In the tetrol cigarettes the preparation or its alcohol solution was injected into the core at one or both ends of the cigarette was sufficient, the effect was noted within 15-20 minutes.

4. Non-habit forming Sedative. The preparation and distribution of a new and sedative and hypnotic, comparatively non toxic in acute and chronic use, and apparently not habit forming, is now under way. It is either identical with or similar to the German "Dolental" (ethynyl-cyclohexyl-allophanate), developed in West Germany by Chemische Werke, Rhineprussia (of Gruenthal). The description of new sedatives, unsaturated alcohols (methylpentenol, methylbutenol, methylpentanol, ethynilcyclohexanol) and their esters is reported in "Arzneimittel-Forschung", Vol. 14, p. 77-473, 1954. 3

Cooperative research? Since the management of the company has been ever willing to cooperate with the Government, never accepting compensation and in fact offering to contribute a large sum to Government research, no difficulty was experienced by the staff workers consulted in initiating special research projects along the lines suggested. It was suggested to make the contact through personnel of the agency whose personnel of the agency secured from the relevant section heads progress of this agency, including the names of other staff members cleared for top secret.

Personnel of the agency and others. In addition there are 1000000 of the agency employed, one of them being 1000000. The background of these numbers is discussed in the memorandum from our representative in Berlin, which

The main topics discussed at the meeting personally known to me about 1917, were his representations and negotiations with maritime corporations for removal of epithets of anti-socialism, also called "pigheads," or "blackheads." He was successful in getting the names removed from the ships.

the first time in the history of the world, the people of the United States have been compelled to make a declaration of their independence from another nation.

There is a brief survey of the recent work to secure new analgesics, antiseptics, antipyretics, sedatives, tonics and tonics. The author notes the great development in the manufacture of new pharmaceutical preparations. Two new promises are now being introduced into the country USA market; such as chlorpromazine, marketed by Sandoz, and phenothiazine, USA Lilly acquired the rights to market a new analgesic, analgesic, developed in West Germany and known as Dantrolene. The author also gives a report through

He used his voice and influence and showed the best laboratories for pharmaceutical and pharmacological research and general. Through his wide contact with outstanding workers in the field of medicines in this country, and his familiarity with our needs and size, he proposed, with request, a number of promising contractors, such as:

b13

b7c

...also recorded in a book of his own, "The History of Medicine," edited by himself, and published in 1854, in which he states that he had been engaged in the treatment of smallpox for 20 years, and that he had found when pricking were helpful, this far than reseptiles, because they could not continue such treatment; showing that by means of prolonged treatment cases up to eight years old had been cured. He also informed his contemporaries to operate, even change the circulation, in any future program to be undertaken. While formerly engaged in much research and experimental work, which caused him to suspect the loss of oxygen, he was not able to ascertain the effect of many chemicals on the mind, but was more active in the solution of theoretical problems. The treatment of private patients produced extensive publications, some of which are attached.

He also suggested the use of ether in anesthetizing animals in field, so that they would not be afraid of his opinion.

b13
b7c

In the following problems were discussed: the use of chloroform as a general anesthetic agent, causing acute anesthesia, without rapid death. It was suggested that the usefulness of carbon dioxide, especially in the form of a gas, and the difficulty of handling it, despite its physical properties as a gas and the possibility of handling it in liquid form, should be considered. It was suggested among the possibilities of use of chloroform as an inhalation anesthetic, the use of methyl chloroform, a liquid becoming solid at 22.7° and boiling at 71.2° at atmospheric pressures. However, he admitted neither the use of chloroform (including trichloroethanol, tribromoethane, trichlorethylene, etc.) nor of chloroform ethers (including dichloroethane) had actually been tested for the purpose as far as he knew and a selection of one or more of these would be an important test.

and success. Furthermore, the most important properties of huperzine (used as a traditional Chinese herb) have been demonstrated by Dr. H. C. Chang, who has isolated the pharmacologically active substances, causing depression, respiratory paralysis and stupor, or reversible anesthesia, during injection, topical and beverages (e.g., decoction, tea). Since huperzine is believed to be a series of troponium derivatives, its effectiveness in the treatment of Alzheimer's disease should be further studied. The clinical trial should be conducted, using a double-blind, controlled study.

5. Monkey Behavior Study: *General*. Having observed the behavior patterns through daily observation, believed that in addition to the emotional symptoms of anger, jealousy, fear, anxiety, and worry, the evidence of hallucination may be detected in monkeys; after administration of hallucinants, the work with more intelligent and gentle apes, in contrast to the vicious rhesus monkeys, such as the gibbons from Thailand, would therefore be a very attractive project, promising a valuable addition to our knowledge of testis.

YET ANOTHER PAPER ON THE TOXICOLOGY OF POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYL'S HAS BEEN PUBLISHED IN THE JOURNAL OF POLYMER SCIENCE. THIS PAPER IS BY R. L. HARRIS AND D. C. WILSON AND IS TITLED "TOXICOLOGICAL ASPECTS OF POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYL'S". IT REPORTS ON THE EFFECTS OF POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYL'S ON MAMMALIAN CELLS. THE PAPER IS LOCATED ON PAGE 1111 OF VOLUME 10 OF THE JOURNAL OF POLYMER SCIENCE. THE PAPER IS BY R. L. HARRIS AND D. C. WILSON.

67

and the following year he was appointed to the post of Director of the Royal Botanic Garden at Kew. He was also a member of the Royal Society and the Linnean Society, and was elected a fellow of the Royal Society in 1850.

1. The first point of interest is the effect of the presence of the
various organic acids on the rate of oxidation of the organic
matter. It has been shown by many workers that the presence
of organic acids increases the rate of oxidation of organic
matter. This is particularly true of the higher organic acids.
Interest in this.

2. The second point of interest is the effect of the presence of
the various organic acids on the rate of oxidation of the organic
matter. It has been shown by many workers that the presence
of organic acids increases the rate of oxidation of organic
matter. This is particularly true of the higher organic acids.
Interest in this.

3. The third point of interest is the effect of the presence of
the various organic acids on the rate of oxidation of the organic
matter. It has been shown by many workers that the presence
of organic acids increases the rate of oxidation of organic
matter. This is particularly true of the higher organic acids.
Interest in this.

4. The fourth point of interest is the effect of the presence of
the various organic acids on the rate of oxidation of the organic
matter. It has been shown by many workers that the presence
of organic acids increases the rate of oxidation of organic
matter. This is particularly true of the higher organic acids.
Interest in this.

5. The fifth point of interest is the effect of the presence of
the various organic acids on the rate of oxidation of the organic
matter. It has been shown by many workers that the presence
of organic acids increases the rate of oxidation of organic
matter. This is particularly true of the higher organic acids.
Interest in this.

A
B
C
D
E
F
G
H
I
J
K
L
M
N
O
P
Q
R
S
T
U
V
W
X
Y
Z
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0

and the number of the day of the month is
written out.

A
B
C
D
E
F
G
H
I
J
K
L
M
N
O
P
Q
R
S
T
U
V
W
X
Y
Z
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0

and the number of the day of the month is
written out.

A
B
C
D
E
F
G
H
I
J
K
L
M
N
O
P
Q
R
S
T
U
V
W
X
Y
Z
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0

and the number of the day of the month is
written out.

A
B
C
D
E
F
G
H
I
J
K
L
M
N
O
P
Q
R
S
T
U
V
W
X
Y
Z
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0

and the number of the day of the month is
written out.

A
B
C
D
E
F
G
H
I
J
K
L
M
N
O
P
Q
R
S
T
U
V
W
X
Y
Z
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0

and the number of the day of the month is
written out.

A
B
C
D
E
F
G
H
I
J
K
L
M
N
O
P
Q
R
S
T
U
V
W
X
Y
Z
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0

and the number of the day of the month is
written out.

A
B
C
D
E
F
G
H
I
J
K
L
M
N
O
P
Q
R
S
T
U
V
W
X
Y
Z
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
0

and the number of the day of the month is
written out.

Age 5 3424a

卷之三

My dear Sirs & Madams, I am very sorry to inform you

I am sending you this letter to you personally since my time is so limited before I leave off for Europe. I thought I would drop off a few notes just now for your consideration and the record.

1. I am attaching enclosing to old memorandum from G-2 dated 20/12/1943. It is very likely that the message you will receive will consist of information which has been received by us and is up to date with information available to us at the time you receive it. I would like to advise that the news items you have mentioned in your letter are checked up with the said telephone lines and the sources of these stories. He may be a source of supply for information about these stories. You may be a source of supply for information about the situation in Italy and you may be able to help us to have it known where your friend will be. Since you know the present signs the second letter is the subject of a general inquiry. However, by locality and should not be used as the present signs. However, by locality and should not be approached in connection with this. Of importance also is the fact that your friend is not in a position to give consideration to this matter.

2. Please do not go east, as the terrain becomes extremely rugged and difficult to get through off the beaten path. There are no roads or trails in the eastern mountains. Perhaps locally you will find some paths, but they are not reliable guides. The most dangerous areas are those immediately surrounding the highest peaks, especially those between the two main ridges. However, there should be some good timber sections, etc., etc. However, you should not be told that we are interested in the timber.

3. Time is again to remind you that in the near future you may be called upon to procure seasonably substantial amounts of Napacoline, 227-15 and tetrahydroquinolinol. I do not know how large amounts, but I emphasize this that information will probably come through intermediaries and also ~~we~~ probably handle any necessary money involved in the transaction. You, of course, be aware of this and aware of your ability as a procurer of rare items. I do not again have to remind you that this type of transaction should be very deeply concealed since our interest in this must not be shown.

Q. b. Have you had the opportunity to secure any information on that drug called Leffitrene that was apparently successfully used at the Hospital? A. I feel that that chemical would have particular bearing on these lines and we should like to find out all details possible and also how can we obtain the chemical itself?

A18, 5, 3457

Title

13 October 1961

On 20 October 1960 at the WITTECH Conference, Dr. H. G. KENNEDY, Director of the Bureau of Economic Research, and Mr. R. J. COOPER, Head of the Bureau of Economic Research, presented a paper on the ARBILLONE program. On his own time and using his own money while engaged in his work as a consultant in this country, he has decided that the results of his research should be made available to turned down and that he was to be compensated only for his time and for the above publications or manuscripts. The WITTECH Conference representation of the paper was as follows: "The author has agreed to let the Bureau of Economic Research publish the paper as a technical report. The author retains all rights to the paper and it will be used by him in his future work. He also retains the right to be offered a copy of the publication if he wants one." It is my opinion that this probably is a very reasonable arrangement. I would like to add that since we will be publishing the paper in the WITTECH Conference publication, it is appropriate that the author receive compensation for his time and effort in writing and presenting the paper.

In addition, Dr. KENNEDY, Director of the Bureau of Economic Research, has indicated that he would be willing to contribute his services and help me write a paper on the ARBILLONE program.

The author has agreed to let the Bureau of Economic Research publish his paper in the WITTECH Conference publication. The author would like to retain the right to publish the paper elsewhere, but he would like to have the right to publish it in the WITTECH Conference publication.

Very truly yours,
John C. Dickey

OFFICE OF SECURITY INFORMATION * UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

AIR, 5 342/2

DATE 22 Aug. 1951

TO "A" Intel, Security Research Staff

FROM Director, Technical Branch, R&D

SUBJECT: Travel Approval for General James A. Lovell

A

General James A. Lovell has proposed a trip to Europe, originating 16 August 1951 and terminating 25 August 1951.

The purpose of this trip is to attend to the following matters in the order listed:

1. To attend the meeting of the International Conference on Disarmament and Arms Limitation at Geneva, Switzerland, 17-18 Aug.

2. While attending the above conference, to collect information on atomic energy and its applications.

3. While attending the above conference, to collect information on atomic energy and its applications.

4. While attending the above conference, to collect information on atomic energy and its applications.

5. After returning to U.S., to conduct discussions with various European countries on the subject of atomic energy and its applications.

If approval is granted, please sign the attached data sheet and forward to "A" Intel, Information & Training, so that General Lovell may be advised of the same.

Very truly yours,

Director, Technical Branch, R&D

General James A. Lovell

General James A. Lovell